## Outline

When using the C/C++ compiler package for M16C and R8C families, note the following point:

1. Caution regarding division when the dividend is negative
2. Caution regarding division when the dividend is negative

### 1.1 Applicable Product

C/C++ compiler package for M16C and R8C families V.1.00 Release 1 to V.6.00 Release 00

### 1.2 Details

When the dividend is negative, division may result in incorrect operation.

### 1.3 Conditions

Division may result in incorrect operation when both of the following conditions (1) and (2) are met.
(1) One of the following conditions (1-1) to (1-3) applies:
(1-1) The quotient is truncated to a 1-byte integer value when the dividend is a 2-byte signed integertype variable and the divisor is a constant value of 256.
(1-2) The quotient is truncated to a 1-byte integer value when the dividend is a 4-byte signed integertype variable and the divisor is a constant value of 65536.
(1-3) The quotient is truncated to a 2-byte integer value when the dividend is a 4-byte signed integertype variable and the divisor is a constant value of 65536.
(2) In the condition that applies in (1), the dividend is set to a negative value.

### 1.4 Examples

Examples of the problem are shown below. The parts corresponding to the error conditions are shown in red.
[C source]

```
1: #include<stdio.h>
2: signed short temp =-1; // Condition (2)
3: signed long temp2 = -1; // Condition (2)
    void main(void) {
        unsigned char x = (unsigned char)(temp / 256); // Condition (1-1)
        unsigned char x2 = (unsigned char)(temp2 / 65536); // Condition (1-2)
        unsigned short x3 = (unsigned short)(temp2 / 65536); // Condition (1-3)
        printf("%x\not=n", x); /* NG ff (Should be 0) */
        printf("%x\not=n", x2); /* NG ff (Should be 0) */
        printf("%x¥n", x3); /* NG ffff (Should be 0) */
        }
```

Lines 2 and 3 :
Condition (2) is met because the dividend in the division is set to a negative value.
Line 5:
Condition (1-1) is met because the quotient is cast to an unsigned char type and is truncated when the dividend in the division is of signed short type and the divisor is a constant value of 256 .
Line 6 :
Condition (1-2) is met because the quotient is cast to an unsigned char type and is truncated when the dividend in the division is of signed long type and the divisor is a constant value of 65536 .
Line 7:
Condition (1-3) is met because the quotient is cast to an unsigned short type and is truncated when the dividend in the division is of signed long type and the divisor is a constant value of 65536 .

### 1.5 Workaround

Modify the divisor to an external variable that has been initialized to 256 or 65536 .
Example:
[C source]

```
#include<stdio.h>
        signed short constant256 = 256;
    signed long constant65536 = 65536;
    signed short temp = -1;
    signed long temp2 = -1;
    void main(void) {
        unsigned char x = (unsigned char)(temp / constant256);
        unsigned char x2 = (unsigned char)(temp2 / constant65536);
        unsigned short x3 = (unsigned short)(temp2 / constant65536);
    }
```


### 1.6 Schedule for Fixing the Problem

We do not plan to make modifications.

Revision History

|  |  | Description |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| Rev. | Date | Page | Summary |
| 1.00 | Oct.16.20 | - | First edition issued |
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