A Note on Using the C-Compiler Package
M3T-NC30WA V.5.30 Release 02

Please take note of the following problem in using the C-compiler package M3T-NC30WA V.5.30 Release 02 (this compiler package is used for the M16C/60, M16C/30, M16C/20, M16C/10, M16C/Tiny, and R8C/Tiny series of MCUs):

- On assigning a near-qualified variable of 64-bit data type to a far-qualified variable of the same type

1. **Description**
   If a near-qualified variable of 64-bit data type* is assigned to a far-qualified variable of the same type, the values in the lower 3rd and 4th bytes of an 8-byte data piece cannot be done.

   * Omission of the qualifier is interpreted as qualified to be near.

   Example:
   
   ```c
   far long long l2;
   long long l1;
   
   void func(void)
   {
     l2 = l1;
   }
   ```

2. **Workaround**
   When assigning a near-qualified variable of 64-bit data type to a far-qualified variable of the same type, transfer the former variable 2 bytes at a time using asm functions as follows:
   - If the variables to reference are auto variables or arguments, use format "$$," and if they are external variables, use format "$$" or "$@."
far long long l2;

void func(long long l1)
{
    asm(" ste.w $$[FB],\$@",l1,l2);
    asm(" ste.w $$+2[FB],\$@+2",l1,l2);
    asm(" ste.w $$+4[FB],\$@+4",l1,l2);
    asm(" ste.w $$+6[FB],\$@+6",l1,l2);
}

3. **Schedule of Fixing the Problem**

   We plan to fix this problem in the next release of the product.

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