

A Note on Using C-Compiler Package M3T-NC308WA --On Referencing Array-Type Variables Qualified with "const"--

Please take note of the following problem in using the M3T-NC308WA C-compiler package (this C-compiler package is used for the M32C/90, M32C/80 and M16C/80 series of MCUs):

- On referencing array-type variables qualified with "const"
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1. Versions Concerned

M3T-NC308WA V.5.00 Release 1 through V.5.20 Release 02

2. Description

Referencing an array-type variable declared with "typedef" and qualified with "const" delivers a warning message at linking, and the executable file created will not run properly.

2.1 Conditions

This problem occurs if the following conditions are all satisfied:

- (1) The type of an array-type variable is defined using the "typedef" specifier.
- (2) The array-type variable in (1) is not qualified to be "const", "near", or "far".
- (3) Then the array-type variable in (1) is declared outside a function, or declared inside a function using the "static" storage-class specifier.
- (4) The array-type variable declared in (3) is qualified using the "const" qualifier; not "near", or "far".
- (5) An element of the array-type variable in (3) is directly referenced using the array name.
- (6) None of those compile options, -fconst_not_ROM(-fCNR), -ffar_RAM(-fFRAM), and -fnear_ROM(-fNROM), is selected.

2.2 Example

```
-----  
typedef char  arr_t[2];          /* Conditions (1) and (2) */  
const arr_t  arr = { 0x11, 0x22 }; /* Conditions (3) and (4) */  
char c;  
  
void func(void)  
{  
    c = arr[1];                  /* Condition (5) */  
}  
-----
```

Warning message delivered at linking:

```
-----  
a.c 7 Warning (ln308): a.r30 : 16-bits unsigned value is out of  
    range 0 -- 65535. address='fe0124'  
-----
```

3. Workaround

This problem can be circumvented in any of the following ways:

- (1) Don't declare the array-type variable qualified to be "const" using the "typedef" specifier.

Example

```
-----  
const char  arr = { 0x11, 0x22 };  
-----
```

- (2) Declare the array-type variable qualified to be "const" by explicitly qualifying it as "far".

Example

```
-----  
const arr_t far arr = { 0x11, 0x22 };  
-----
```

- (3) Make the typedef declaration and the const type qualification of the array-type variable at the same time.

Example

```
-----  
typedef const char c_arr_t[2];  
c_arr_t arr = { 0x11, 0x22 };  
-----
```

4. **Schedule of Fixing the Problem**

We plan to fix this problem in the next release of the product.

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