Abstract

The goal of this design guide is to aid in rapidly prototyping a new design on an Intersil evaluation board using an existing reference design provided from an application engineer as a starting point. This procedure will give a solid first pass of a new design with additional fine tuning and output filter modification required once the end application board is laid out and tested. Use this guide for quickly checking the feasibility and performance of key parts (e.g., inductors, FETs, bulk caps, etc.) that may differ from those called out in reference designs against both Intel and Intersil specifications. This is by no means an exhaustive reference to designing with Intersil regulators; it is a stepping stone to getting a new design up and running before additional, more thorough, testing can be done.

Table of Contents

Assumptions .......................................................... 2
Required Equipment .................................................. 2
Optional Equipment .................................................. 2
Design Procedure ..................................................... 2

List of Figures

FIGURE 1. $V_{DROOP}$ Adjustment ........................................... 3
FIGURE 2. Load Response Adjustment ................................... 3
FIGURE 3. Compensation Adjustment ................................... 3
Assumptions
This guide assumes the following:
• An Intersil evaluation board is being used for testing
• The desired inductor, FETs and/or output capacitors have been chosen
• A reference design provided by Applications is being used as a starting point
• DCR sensing

Required Equipment
• Oscilloscope
• Digital multimeter
• Intel Gen 4 VRTT with appropriate interposer
• R-C substitution box
• Vin and +5V power supplies
• Evaluation board documentation
• Part datasheet

Optional Equipment
• Differential oscilloscope probe for VOUT
• Electronic load - more accurate for DC loads than VRTT
• Additional R-C substitution boxes - speed up the process by changing multiple components at once
• List of standard 1% resistor values

Design Procedure
1. Modify the evaluation board to configure it with the desired inductor(s), FETs and number of output bulk and ceramic capacitors.
   • Not all ceramic caps are created equal and capacitors from different vendors do not give the same performance. For quick design checks, leave the MLCCs used by Intersil on the board. For more thorough testing, populate the exact ones to be used in the end application.
2. Leave the compensation components used by the reference design in place. They should provide a good starting point for a reasonable range of output filters.
3. Calculate R_I using the formula below and solder connections from the R-C box to the appropriate resistor on the evaluation board. Dial the box to the 1% resistor value closest to the calculated result.
   \[ R_I = \frac{R_{ntcnet} \cdot DCR \cdot I_{CCmax}}{N \cdot \left( R_{ntcnet} + \frac{R_{sum}}{N} \right) \cdot I_{droopmax}} \] (EQ. 1)
   • For single phase designs, set N = 1
   • If using the Intersil default design parameters:
     - \( R_{sum} = 3.65k\Omega \)
     - \( R_{ntcnet} = 5.875k\Omega \) (see datasheet for formulas if changing NTC network)
     - \( I_{droopmax} = 48\mu A \) (This sets the OCP point 25% higher than I_{CCmax} as OCP trips when I_{droop} = 60\mu A.)
     • For low I_{CCmax} applications I_{droopmax} might need to be decreased to allow for additional current when slewing VOUT.
4. Using the VRTT, or electronic load, apply an appropriate DC load to the part that will not damage any components such as the FETs. Adjust R_I in 1% resistor value increments while monitoring the voltage at the IMON pin until it is as close as possible to the correct value. Use the formula below to find the IMON voltage for a given load current.
   \[ V_{IMON} = 1.2V \left( \frac{I_{LOAD}}{I_{CCmax}} \right) \] (EQ. 2)
   Solder the final resistor value in place for R_I and move the R-C box to the R_droop resistor on the feedback resistor to dial in the DC load line.
5. Calculate R_droop using the following formula and dial the R-C box to the closest 1% value.
   \[ R_{droop} = \frac{I_{CCmax}}{I_{droopmax}} \cdot DC_{LL} \] (EQ. 3)
   • If using the Intersil default design parameters:
     - \( I_{droopmax} = 48\mu A \)
6. Using a VRTT, load the part with a transient from 1A to I_{CCmax} at a 300Hz rep rate, and monitor VOUT on the scope. Set the time base on the scope so that one full cycle is visible. Position the cursors on the scope as shown in Figure 1 on page 3 and adjust R_droop in 1% increments until V_droop is dialed into spec.
   • A duty cycle of 50% or lower is recommended for the load transient.
   \[ V_{droop} = DC_{LL} \cdot (I_{CCmax} - 1) \] (EQ. 4)
7. Solder the final resistor value in place for $R_{\text{droop}}$ and move the R-C box to the $C_n$ capacitor in the DCR network.

8. Calculate $C_n$ and dial the R-C box to the closest standard capacitor value possible. If necessary, assume two capacitors in parallel when setting the substitution box.

$$C_n = \frac{L}{\left(\frac{R_{\text{ntcnet}} \cdot R_{\text{sum}}}{N} + \frac{R_{\text{ntcnet}} + R_{\text{sum}}}{N}\right) \cdot \text{DCR}}$$  \hspace{1cm} (\text{EQ. 5})$$

- For single phase designs, set $N = 1$
- If using the Intersil default design parameters:
  - $R_{\text{sum}} = 3.65k\Omega$
  - $R_{\text{ntcnet}} = 5.875k\Omega$ (see datasheet for formulas if changing NTC network)

9. Using a VRTT, load the part with a transient from $1A$ to $I_{\text{CCmax}}$ at a 300Hz rep rate, and monitor $V_{\text{OUT}}$ on the scope. Set the time base on the scope so that one full cycle is visible. Adjust $C_n$ in standard capacitor increments until $V_{\text{OUT}}$ matches the desired response.
  - A duty cycle of 50% or lower is recommended for the load transient. (See Figure 2)

10. Solder down the final $C_n$ capacitor value(s) and move the R-C box to the compensation components.

11. Using a VRTT, load the part with a transient from $1A$ to $I_{\text{CCmax}}$ at a 300Hz rep rate, and monitor $V_{\text{OUT}}$ on the scope. Trigger on the falling edge of $V_{\text{OUT}}$ and adjust the compensation components as needed to fine tune the transient response. (See Figure 3)
  - A duty cycle of 50% or lower is recommended for the load transient.

12. Sweep the load transient repetition rate up to $1MHz$ with the persistence feature of the scope turned on while checking if over and undershoot on $V_{\text{OUT}}$ meet the required Intel specs. Adjust compensation and $C_{\text{OUT}}$ as needed to pass.
13. Check the following parameters to ensure they are within spec and iterate through the design process as needed until all requirements are met.
   • CCM ripple at no load and full load
   • DCM ripple at 0A and light loads
   • DC load line
   • Transient response

The completed design can then be used as a starting point on the end application board and further modified as more thorough testing is completed. If assistance is required during the design process, contact an Intersil FAE or Applications Engineer.
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