

RL78 Family

DALI-2 Input Device Library

User's Manual: Occupancy Sensor (303)

16-bit single chip microprocessor

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General Precautions in the Handling of Microprocessing Unit and Microcontroller Unit Products

The following usage notes are applicable to all Microprocessing unit and Microcontroller unit products from Renesas. For detailed usage notes on the products covered by this document, refer to the relevant sections of the document as well as any technical updates that have been issued for the products.

1. Precaution against Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)

A strong electrical field, when exposed to a CMOS device, can cause destruction of the gate oxide and ultimately degrade the device operation. Steps must be taken to stop the generation of static electricity as much as possible, and quickly dissipate it when it occurs. Environmental control must be adequate. When it is dry, a humidifier should be used. This is recommended to avoid using insulators that can easily build up static electricity. Semiconductor devices must be stored and transported in an anti-static container, static shielding bag or conductive material. All test and measurement tools including work benches and floors must be grounded. The operator must also be grounded using a wrist strap. Semiconductor devices must not be touched with bare hands. Similar precautions must be taken for printed circuit boards with mounted semiconductor devices.

2. Processing at power-on

The state of the product is undefined at the time when power is supplied. The states of internal circuits in the LSI are indeterminate and the states of register settings and pins are undefined at the time when power is supplied. In a finished product where the reset signal is applied to the external reset pin, the states of pins are not guaranteed from the time when power is supplied until the reset process is completed. In a similar way, the states of pins in a product that is reset by an on-chip power-on reset function are not guaranteed from the time when power is supplied until the power reaches the level at which resetting is specified.

3. Input of signal during power-off state

Do not input signals or an I/O pull-up power supply while the device is powered off. The current injection that results from input of such a signal or I/O pull-up power supply may cause malfunction and the abnormal current that passes in the device at this time may cause degradation of internal elements. Follow the guideline for input signal during power-off state as described in your product documentation.

4. Handling of unused pins

Handle unused pins in accordance with the directions given under handling of unused pins in the manual. The input pins of CMOS products are generally in the high-impedance state. In operation with an unused pin in the open-circuit state, extra electromagnetic noise is induced in the vicinity of the LSI, an associated shoot-through current flows internally, and malfunctions occur due to the false recognition of the pin state as an input signal become possible.

5. Clock signals

After applying a reset, only release the reset line after the operating clock signal becomes stable. When switching the clock signal during program execution, wait until the target clock signal is stabilized. When the clock signal is generated with an external resonator or from an external oscillator during a reset, ensure that the reset line is only released after full stabilization of the clock signal. Additionally, when switching to a clock signal produced with an external resonator or by an external oscillator while program execution is in progress, wait until the target clock signal is stable.

6. Voltage application waveform at input pin

Waveform distortion due to input noise or a reflected wave may cause malfunction. If the input of the CMOS device stays in the area between V_{IL} (Max.) and V_{IH} (Min.) due to noise, for example, the device may malfunction. Take care to prevent chattering noise from entering the device when the input level is fixed, and also in the transition period when the input level passes through the area between V_{IL} (Max.) and V_{IH} (Min.).

7. Prohibition of access to reserved addresses

Access to reserved addresses is prohibited. The reserved addresses are provided for possible future expansion of functions. Do not access these addresses as the correct operation of the LSI is not guaranteed.

8. Differences between products

Before changing from one product to another, for example to a product with a different part number, confirm that the change will not lead to problems. The characteristics of a microprocessing unit or microcontroller unit products in the same group but having a different part number might differ in terms of internal memory capacity, layout pattern, and other factors, which can affect the ranges of electrical characteristics, such as characteristic values, operating margins, immunity to noise, and amount of radiated noise. When changing to a product with a different part number, implement a system-evaluation test for the given product.

How to Use This Manual

1. Purpose and Target Readers

This manual is intended for users who want to develop Input Device for DALI systems with RL78 microcontrollers.

Basic knowledge of electrical circuits, logic circuits, and microcomputers is required to use this manual.

This manual is broadly categorized and consists of product overview, specifications, and usage instructions.

Particular attention should be paid to the precautionary notes when using the manual. These notes occur within the body of the text, at the end of each section, and in the Usage Notes section.

The revision history summarizes the locations of revisions and additions. It does not list all revisions. Refer to the text of the manual for details.

The following documents apply to the DALI Library. Make sure to refer to the latest versions of these documents. The newest versions of the documents listed may be obtained from the Renesas Electronics Web site.

Document Type	Description	Document Title	Document No.
User's Manual: Hardware	Hardware specifications (pin layout, memory map, peripheral function specifications, electrical characteristics, timing) and operation description * Refer to the application note for the usage of peripheral functions.	RL78/G23 User's Manual: Hardware	R01UH0896EJ0100
User's Manual: Software	Description of CPU instruction set	RL78 Family User's Manual: Software	R01US0015EJ0220
Application note	How to use peripheral functions, application examples Reference programs How to create programs in C language	The information is available on the Renesas Electronics website.	
Renesas Technical Update	Breaking news on product specifications, documents, etc.		

2.Explanation of abbreviations

Abbreviation	English name	Remarks
DALI	Digital Addressable Lighting Interface	International Standard for Lighting Control
NVM	Non-Volatile Memory	Non-volatile memory

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1.DALI303 Library Overview

1.1 Overview of library features

This library is an extension library exclusively for the DALI103i library, which is provided as a library for Input Device in DALI communication.

Refer to the DALI103i Library User's Manual for the specifications of the DALI103i library.

This library implements the hardware-independent part of the specification defined in IEC62386-303ed1.0 (hereinafter referred to as DALI303). Please use it when you want to implement an Input Device with an Instance Type 3 (Occupancy Sensor) Instance.

Table 1-1 Processing range

User creation processing	Library processing
• Occupancy Sensor Input control • Occupancy Sensor Abnormality detection	• Received 24-bit Forward Frame processing • Transmitted Backward Frame issuance • Transmitted Event Message Frame issuance • Timing control • DALI variable manipulation

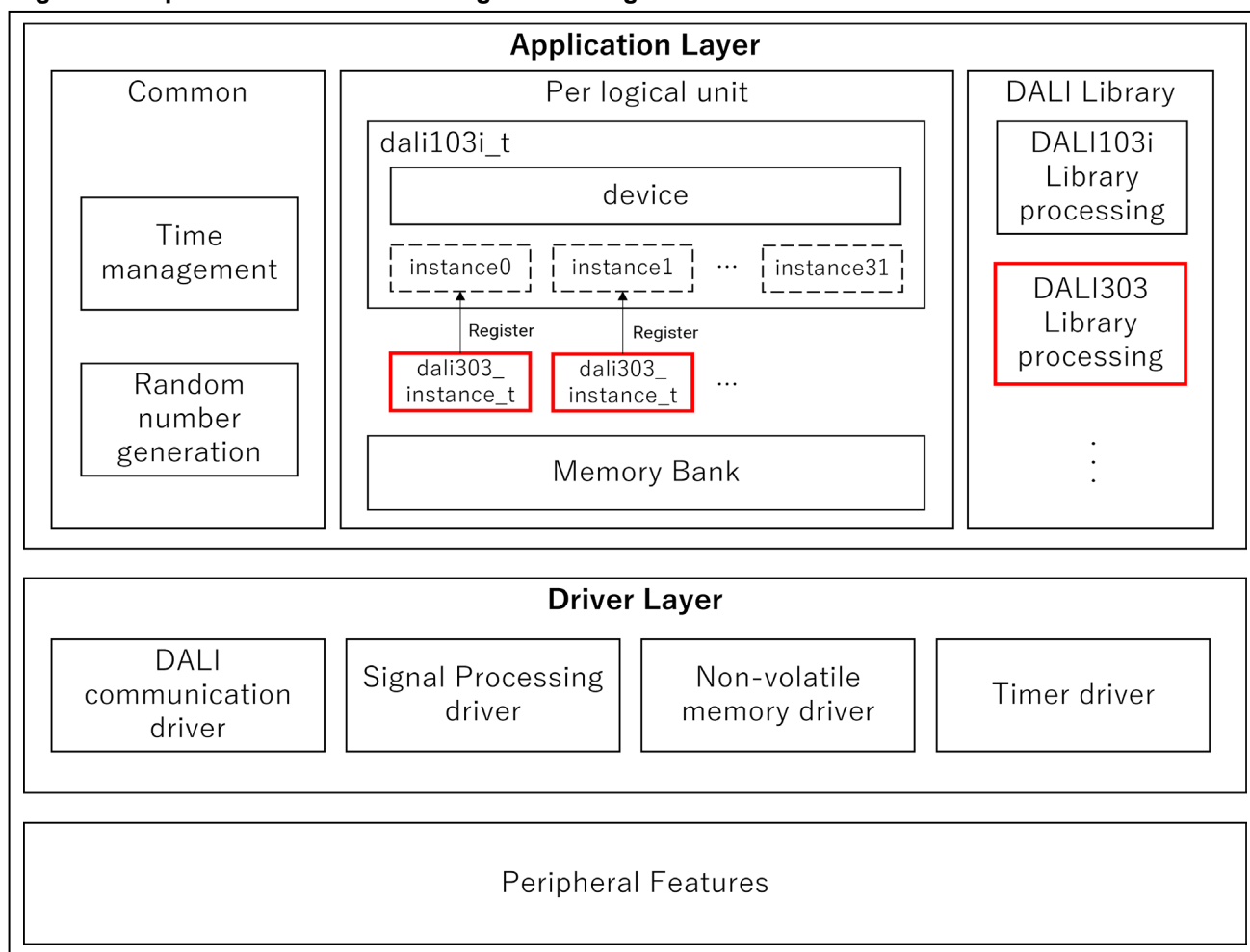
This library provides Instance Type 3 instances that can be registered to logical units defined using the DALI103i library.

1.2 Software configuration

The software configuration of the Input Device when using this library is shown below.

The part surrounded by the red line is this library. This library is assumed to be extended to the DALI103i library.

Figure 1-1 Input Device software configuration diagram



1.3 Supported standard

The standards and compiler environments supported by this library are as follows.

Table 1-2 Supported standard and library name

Supported standard	Compiler	Library name
IEC62386-303 Edition 1.0	Renesas CC-RL V1.11.00	r_dali_303_cc_gen2_v1_00.lib
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RL78 V4.21.4	r_dali_303_iar_gen2_v1_00.a

1.4 File list

The list of files provided by this library is described below.

Table 1-3 File list

File name	Description
r_dali_303_cc_gen2_v1_00.lib	CC-RL version library file
r_dali_303_iar_gen2_v1_00.a	IAR version library file
r_dali303_api.h	Library header file
r_dali303_ivar.h	Definition header file for instance variable module
r_dali303_common.h	Definition header files used in multiple modules

1.5 Resource

The library resources required by this library are listed below.

The resources that do not depend on the implementation of the Input Device are listed in Table 1-4 Library resource (Fixed), and the resources that depend on the implementation of the Input Device are listed in Table 1-5 Library resource (Variable).

Table 1-4 Library resource (Fixed)

Compiler	Item	Size
CC-RL	Library resource	ROM size
		3,038 [byte]
	RAM size	0 [byte]
	Maximum stack size	44 [byte] (R_DALI303_InitInstance)
IAR	Library resource	ROM size
		3,454 [byte]
	RAM size	0 [byte]
	Maximum stack size	56 [byte] (R_DALI303_GetInputNotification)

Table 1-5 Library resource (Variable)

Compiler	Item	RAM Size
CC-RL	dali303_instance_t	136 [byte / instance]
IAR	dali303_instance_t	136 [byte / instance]

1.6 Development environment

The environment when developing this library is described below.

Table 1-6 Library development environment

Compiler	Item	Description
CC-RL	Integrated development environment	e2studio V2022-04
	C compiler	Renesas CC-RL V1.11.00
	CPU core	RL78-S2/S3 core
	Optimization level	Priority to size
	Language standard	GNU ISO C99
IAR	Integrated development environment	IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RL78 V4.21.4
	C compiler	IAR C/C++ Compiler For Renesas RL78 V4.21.4
	CPU core	RL78-S3 core
	Optimization level	Priority to size
	Language standard	GNU ISO C99

1.7 Notes

1. The API functions in this library are prohibited from being called by the interrupt handler in the user application.
2. Ensure that the loop processing of the program containing this library can run for a maximum of less than 1 ms. Under an environment where loop processing runs for more than 1ms, it will not meet the DALI standard specifications.
3. The `dali303_instance_t` type structure is a reference-only structure.
4. In this library, Movement Sensor or Presence Sensor can be selected as the type of Occupancy Sensor, but the test sequence to obtain DALI-2 certification is not supported for the Presence Sensor.

2. Programming environment

This section describes the hardware and software environments required for users to perform Input Device operation using this library.

Note that only the requirements that are necessary in addition to those in the DALI103i library are described.

2.1 Hardware requirement

2.1.1 Occupancy Sensor

An instance of instance type 3 must apply an Occupancy Sensor (an input device that provides occupancy information to the lighting control system by detecting motion or presence) as a signal processor.

Occupancy Sensor has the following two sensor types:

1. Movement Sensor

A sensor only detects motion. The occupied state is determined by motion detection, and the unoccupied state is determined by the absence of motion detection for a certain period of time.
(e.g., a sensor using an infrared detector)

2. Presence Sensor

A sensor that can immediately determine the occupied and unoccupied status based on means other than motion detection. Depending on the sensor, motion detection may also be possible.
(e.g., a sensor using a camera-based system)

2.1.2 Failure detection mechanism

An instance of instance type 3 must detect operational anomalies, store the status in an internally stored variable, and respond to queries from the Application Controller. Therefore, a hardware-based anomaly detection mechanism is required. In addition to physical sensor failure detection, up to four types of manufacturer-specific anomaly detection can be defined. These error detection methods are manufacturer-dependent.

This feature is optional.

2.2 Software requirement

2.2.1 DALI303 Instance module definition

The DALI standard allows for the implementation of 1 to 32 instances (signal processors) per Input Device, depending on the number required. This library provides a structure (`dali303_instance_t`) that contains the parameters necessary to configure an instance of instance type 3. The variables of type `dali303_instance_t` are called DALI303 instance modules.

Define the required number of DALI303 instance modules and register them in the DALI103i module.

2.2.2 Occupancy Sensor Driver

There are two types of Occupancy Sensors that serve as signal processors: Movement Sensors and Presence Sensors. (See 2.1.1 Occupancy Sensor for details.)

Implement a driver that acquires the detection signal according to the characteristics of the sensor to be used.

2.2.3 Failure notification

When a failure occurs or is resolved by the failure detection mechanism described in the hardware requirements, call the following API function.

This feature is optional.

- Occurred failure related to instance of instance type 3
R_DALI303_AddInstanceByteError function
- Resolves failure related to instance of instance type 3
R_DALI303_RemoveInstanceByteError function

3.DALI303 library feature

The features of this library are described below.

3.1 Definition of data types and return values

The data types provided by this library are described below.

Table 3-1 List of data types

Type	Description
dali303_instance_t	DALI303 instance module type

The definition macros provided by this library are described below.

Table 3-2 List of event information

Macro name	Macro value	Description
DALI303_EVENT_BIT_MOVEMENT	0x00000001	movement / no movement event bits
DALI303_EVENT_BIT_OCCUPIED	0x00000002	occupied / vacant event bits
DALI303_EVENT_BIT_REPEAT	0x00000004	still occupied / still vacant event bits
DALI303_EVENT_BIT_SENSOR	0x00000008	movement / presence sensor type bits

Table 3-3 List of instance error

Macro name	Macro value	Description
DALI303_ERRBYTE _PHYSICAL_SENSOR_FAILURE	0x01	physical sensor failure bit
DALI303_ERRBYTE _MANUFACTURER_SPECIFIC_ERROR_1	0x10	manufacturer specific error 1 bit
DALI303_ERRBYTE _MANUFACTURER_SPECIFIC_ERROR_2	0x20	manufacturer specific error 2 bit
DALI303_ERRBYTE _MANUFACTURER_SPECIFIC_ERROR_3	0x40	manufacturer specific error 3 bit
DALI303_ERRBYTE _MANUFACTURER_SPECIFIC_ERROR_4	0x80	manufacturer specific error 4 bit

Table 3-4 List of sensor detection settings

Macro name	Macro value	Description
DALI303_SENSOR_NOT_SUPPORT _DETECTION_RANGE	0xFF	Detection range setting: Not supported
DALI303_SENSOR_NOT_SUPPORT _DETECTION_SENSITIVITY	0xFF	Detection sensitivity setting: Not supported

Table 3-5 List of sensor types (dali303_sensor_type_t)

Macro name	Macro value	Description
DALI303_SENSOR_TYPE_PRESENCE	0	Apply Presence Sensor
DALI303_SENSOR_TYPE_MOVEMENT	1	Apply Movement Sensor

Table 3-6 List of input signals (dali303_input_signal_t)

Macro name	Macro value	Description
DALI303_SIGNAL _PS_DETECT_VACANCY	0	For Presence Sensor: input signal value to signal vacancy
DALI303_SIGNAL _PS_DETECT_OCCUPANCY	1	For Presence Sensor: input signal value to indicate occupancy
DALI303_SIGNAL _PS_DETECT_NO_MOVEMENT	2	For Presence Sensor: input signal value to report no movement
DALI303_SIGNAL _PS_DETECT_MOVEMENT	3	For Presence Sensor: input signal value to indicate presence of motion
DALI303_SIGNAL _MS_DETECT_MOVEMENT	4	For Movement Sensor: input signal value to notify the presence of movement

The return values provided by this library are listed below.

Table 3-7 List of return values (dali303_return_t)

Definition	Return value	Description
DALI303_RETURN_OK	0	Normal end
DALI303_RETURN_ERR	-1	Error end

3.2 List of structures

The structures provided by this library are described below.

Definition of instance NVM type structure (dali303_instance_nvm_t)

```
typedef struct
{
    dali103i_instance_nvm_t base;
    dali303_ivar_nvm_t add;
} dali303_instance_nvm_t;
```

Definition of instance default type structure (dali303_instance_default_t)

```
typedef struct
{
    uint8_t detection_range;
    uint8_t detection_sensitivity;
    dali303_sensor_type_t sensor_type;
    uint32_t movement_hold_time_ms;
} dali303_instance_default_t;
```

3.3 List of API Functions

The API functions of this library are described below.

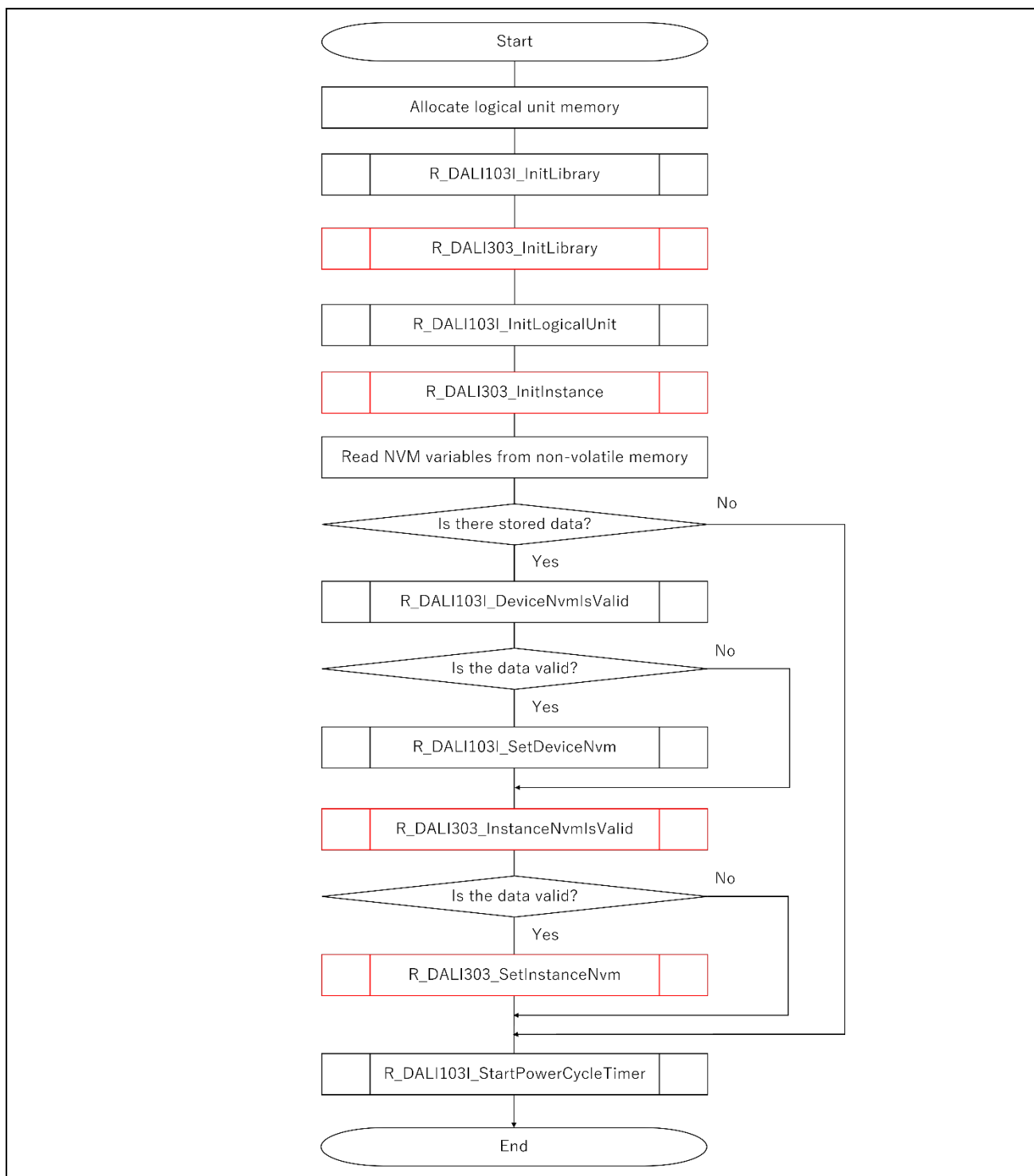
Table 3-8 List of API functions

Function name	Description
R_DALI303_InitLibrary	Initialize the DALI303 library
R_DALI303_InitInstance	initialize instance
R_DALI303_InstanceNvmIsValid	Check within the valid range of instance NVM variable values
R_DALI303_SetInstanceNvm	Set the instance NVM variable value
R_DALI303_GetInstanceNvm	Get instance NVM Variable Value
R_DALI303_InstanceNvmIsChanged	Check for instance NVM variable value change
R_DALI303_InstanceIsActive	Check the status of instanceActive
R_DALI303_SetInputSignal	Set input signal
R_DALI303_GetInputNotification	Get input notification events
R_DALI303_AddInstanceErrorByte	Add instance error
R_DALI303_RemoveInstanceErrorByte	Remove instance error
R_DALI303_GetInstanceErrorByte	Get instanceErrorByte variable value
R_DALI303_GetDetectionRange	Get the value of the detectionRange variable
R_DALI303_GetDetectionSensitivity	Get the value of the detectionSensitivity variable
R_DALI303_GetLibraryVersion	Get library version

3.4 Schematic flowchart

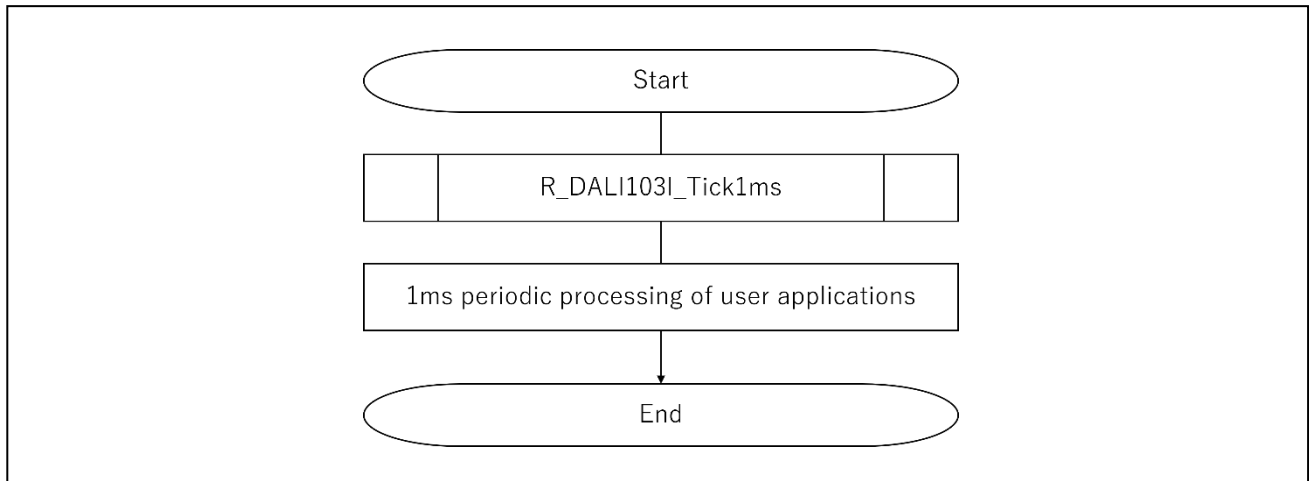
3.4.1 Initialization

The initialization flow is described below. The functions circled in red are those provided by this library.



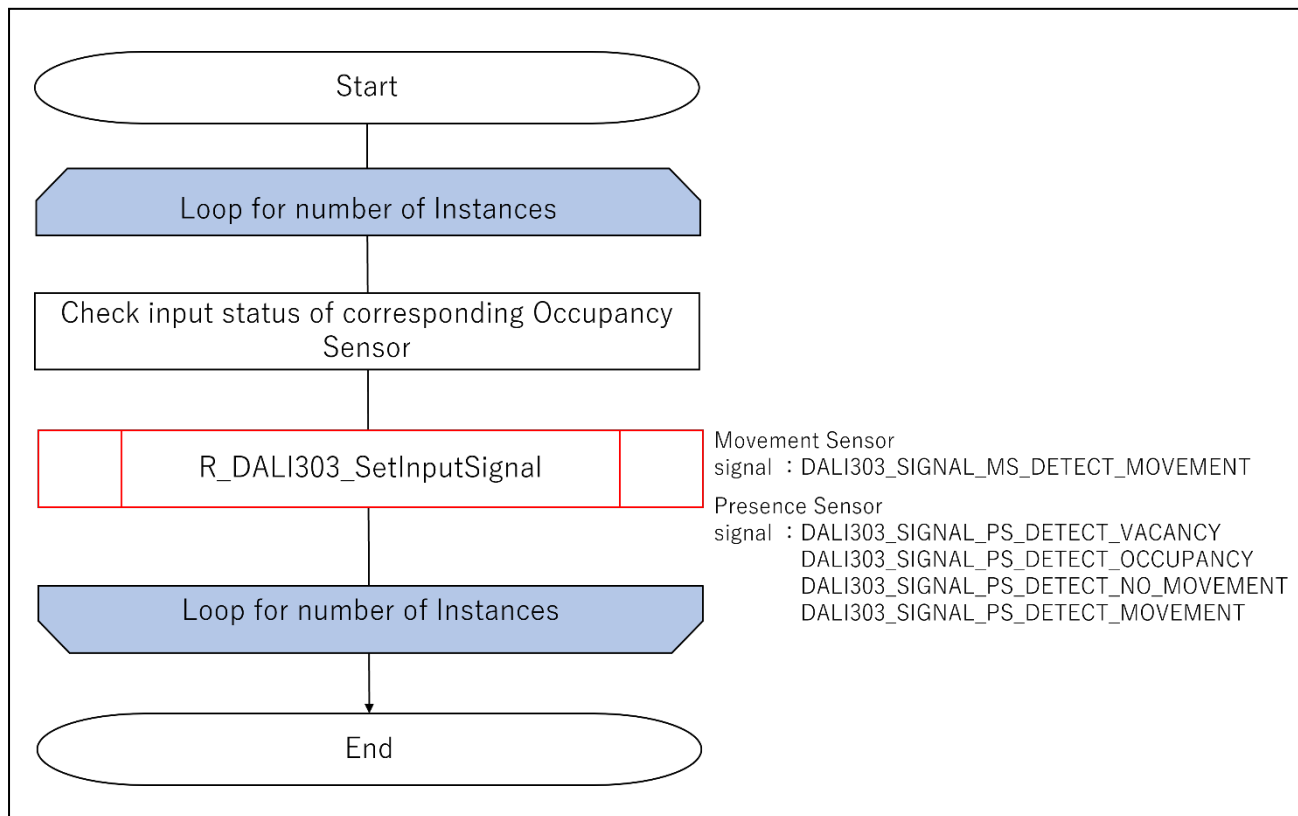
3.4.2 1ms periodic processing

This section describes the flow of 1ms periodic processing. This process should be processed at 1ms intervals.



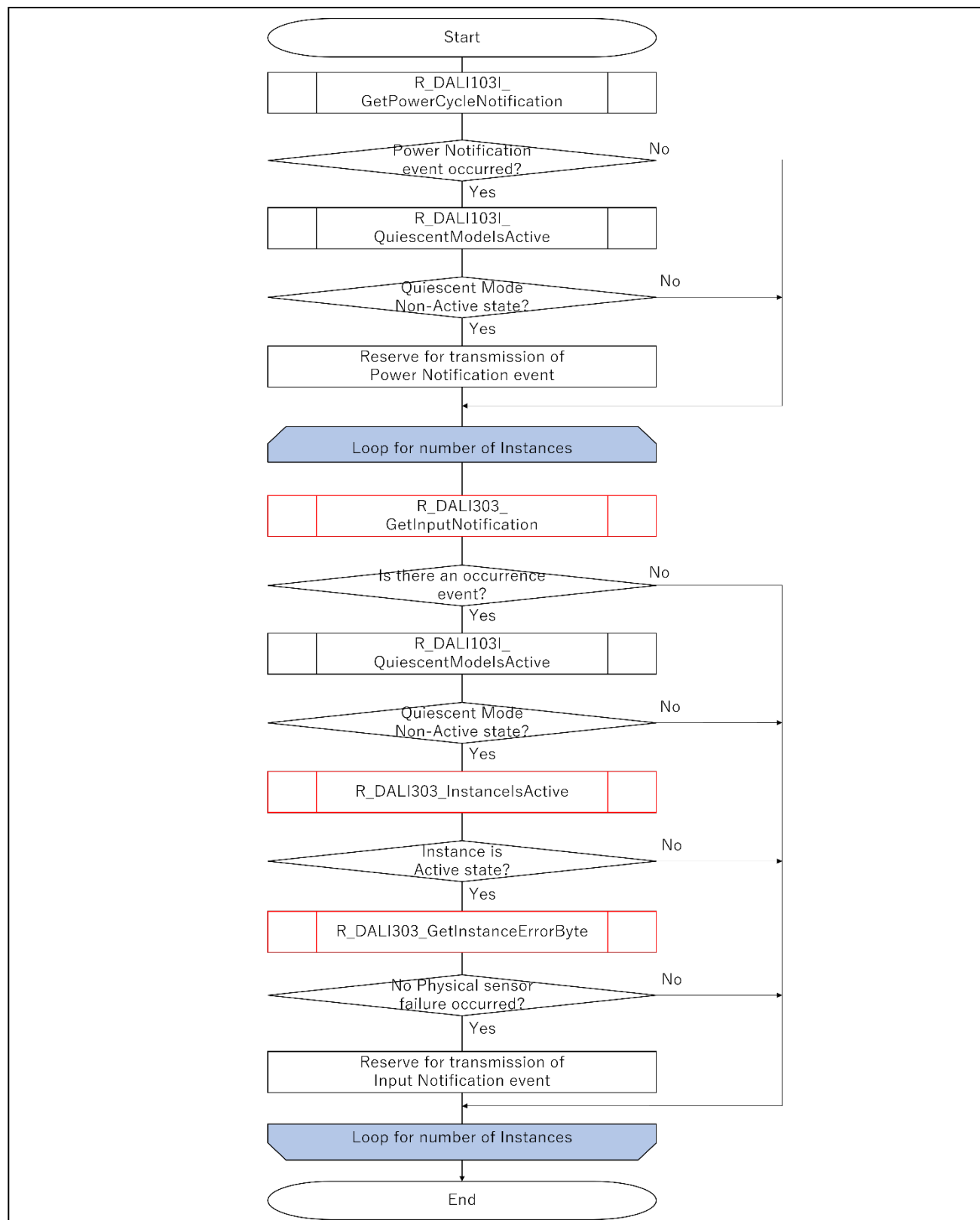
3.4.3 Input Signal update processing

The flow of Input Signal update is described below. The functions circled in red are those provided by this library.



3.4.4 Event Message processing

The flow of Event Message processing is described below. The functions circled in red are those provided by this library.

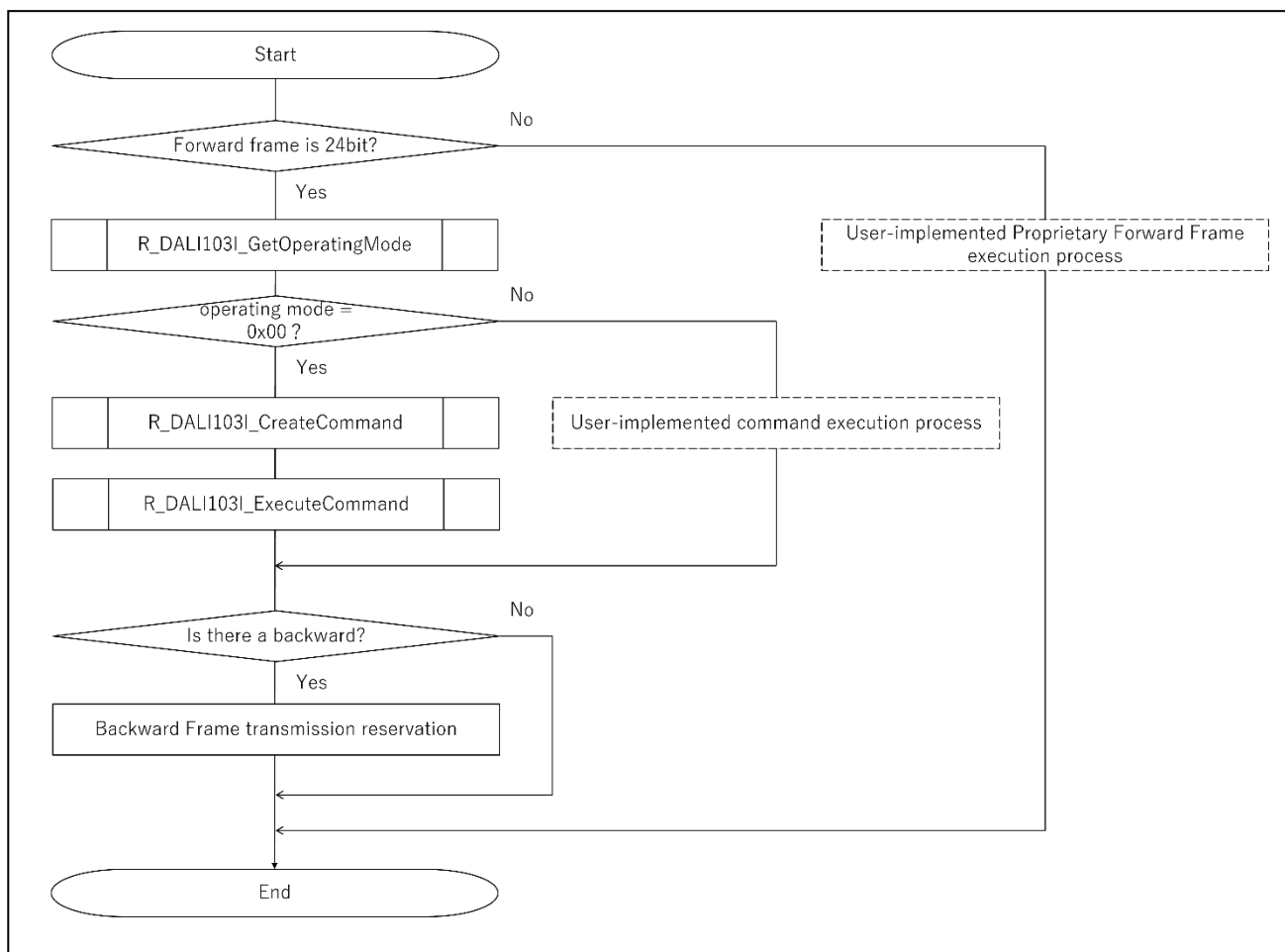


3.4.5 Receiving Forward Frame

The following describes the flow of processing when a Forward Frame is received. The processing should be performed when a forward frame is received by the DALI communication bus.

The processing for Proprietary Forward Frames (more than 16 bits and other than 20-bit, 24-bit, and 32-bit Forward Frames) is an optional feature and should be implemented if the DALI communication driver and the application support it.

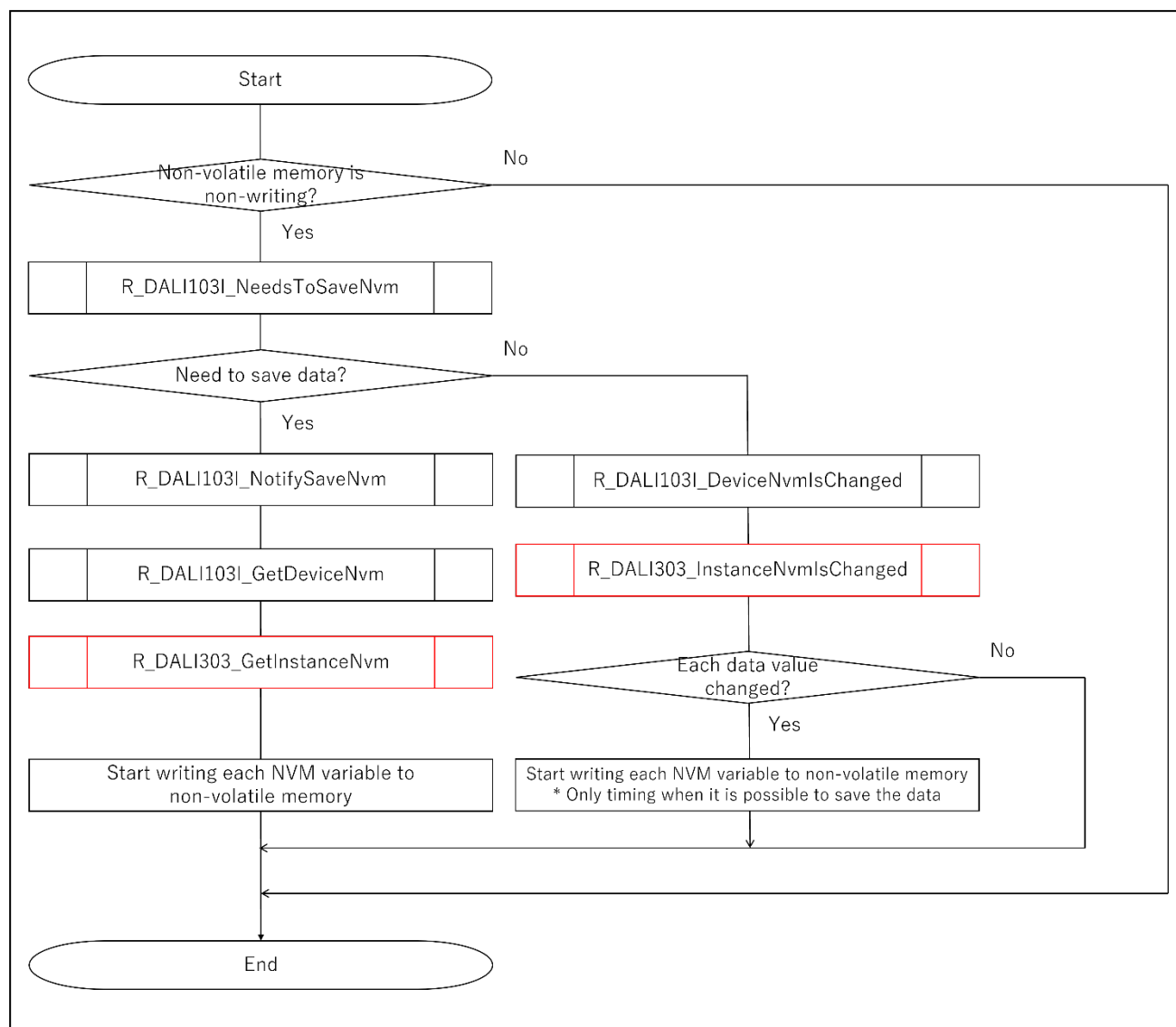
The operating mode other than 0 is also an optional feature. Register the mode number with the R_DALI103I_InitLogicalUnit function after implementation if an original mode is required.



3.4.6 Non-volatile data processing

This section describes the flow of non-volatile data processing.

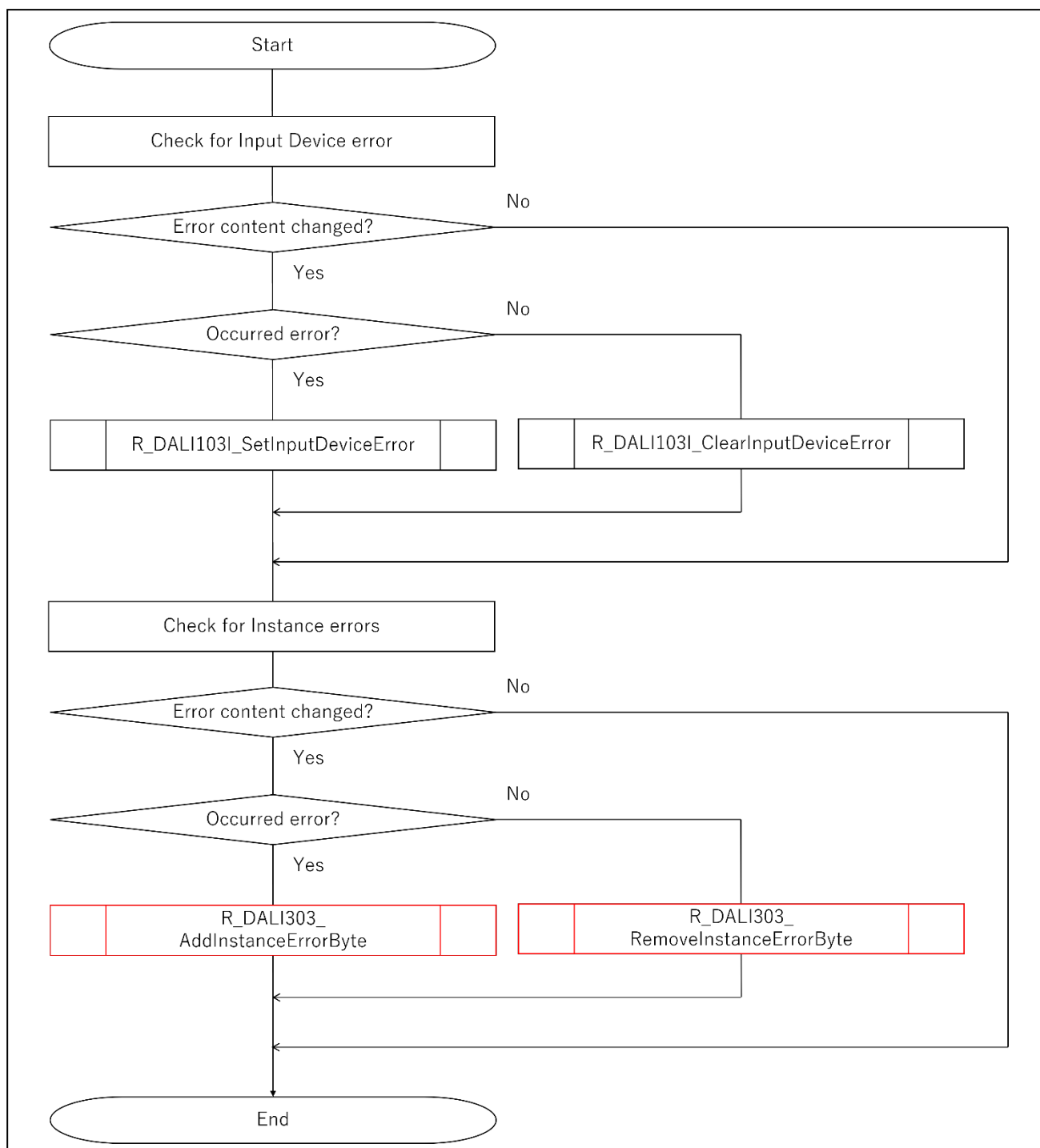
It is specified that saving to non-volatile memory is to be completed within 300 ms after the SAVE PERSISTENT VARIABLES command is received. It is also specified that even if the SAVE PERSISTANT VARIABLES command is not received, if there is a change in the NVM variable value, it must be saved within 30 seconds. Please check periodically and perform processing to ensure that the saving is completed within the specified time. The functions circled in red are those provided by this library.



3.4.7 Error handling

This section describes the flow of the error handling process. Call this function when the error status is updated.

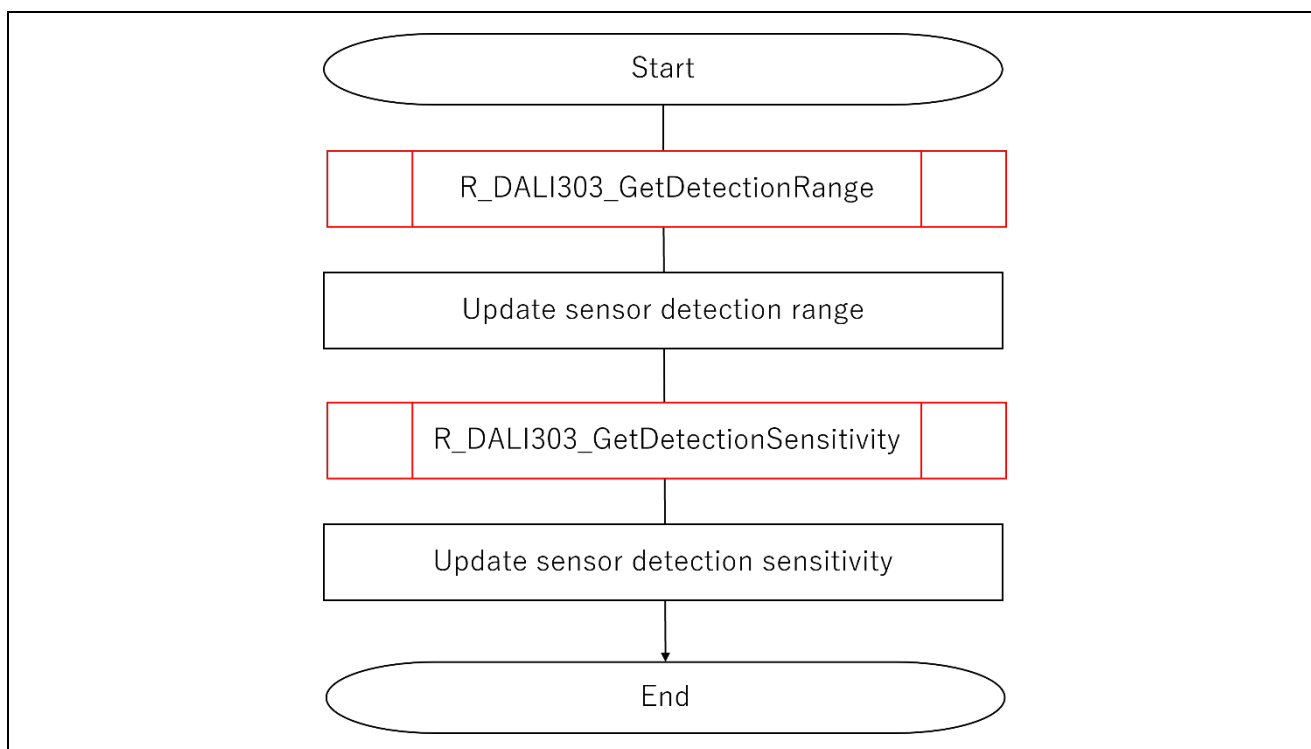
Detailed specifications for Input Device error and Instance error depend on the hardware and software. Please define the specifications and implement them according to the environment. The functions circled in red are the functions provided by this library.



3.4.8 Sensor detection range and sensitivity update process

The following describes the flow of updating sensor detection range and sensor detection sensitivity. The functions circled in red are those provided by this library.

* This function is optional, and it is assumed that the Occupancy Sensor to be used supports the change of detection range or sensitivity.



3.5 API Function Specifications

The API function specifications for this library are listed below.

3.5.1 R_DALI303_InitLibrary

[Overview]

It initializes the DALI303 library.

[Format]

dali303_return_t R_DALI303_InitLibrary(void)
--

[Prerequisite]

1. R_DALI103I_InitLibrary must have ended normally.

[Arguments]

None

[Return values]

Value	Description
DALI303_RETURN_OK	Normal end
DALI303_RETURN_ERR	Parameter error

3.5.2 R_DALI303_InitInstance

[Overview]

It initializes the DALI303 instance module and registers the instance in the DALI103i module (type dali103i_t). Type dali303_instance_t provides an instance of InstanceType 3.

[Format]

```
dali303_return_t R_DALI303_InitInstance(dali103i_t * p_this,
                                       dali303_instance_t * p_instance,
                                       const dali303_instance_default_t * p_default_value)
```

[Prerequisite]

1. R_DALI103I_InitLibrary function must have ended normally.
2. R_DALI303_InitLibrary function must have ended normally.
3. R_DALI103I_InitLogicalUnit function must have ended normally.

[Arguments]

Argument	Description
dali103i_t * p_this	Pointer to DALI103i module
dali303_instance_t * p_instance	Pointer to DALI303 instance module
const dali303_instance_default_t * p_default_value	User-defined default value Valid range - detection_range: 0 to 100[%] (sensor detection range) If the change of detection range is not supported: DALI303_SENSOR_NOT_SUPPORT_DETECTION_RANGE - detection_sensitivity: 0 to 100[%] (sensor detection sensitivity) If the change of detection sensitivity is not supported: DALI303_SENSOR_NOT_SUPPORT_DETECTION_SENSITIVITY - sensor_type: DALI303_SENSOR_TYPE_MOVEMENT, DALI303_SENSOR_TYPE_PRESENCE - movement_hold_time_ms : 1000 to 4294967295[ms] Movement detection state hold time [ms] * This parameter is only applicable to the Movement Sensor.

[Return values]

Value	Description
DALI303_RETURN_OK	Normal end
DALI303_RETURN_ERR	Parameter error - Review the argument settings.

(1) movement_hold_time_ms parameter setting

The parameter "movement_hold_time_ms" is used to hold the motion detection state for a certain period of time when a motion is detected by the Movement Sensor.

This parameter is used to determine the " 'No movement' trigger" in "Figure 2 - State diagram for movement based sensor" in the IEC62386-303ed1.0 standard. The standard specifies that a time of 1000 ms or longer should be set.

3.5.3 R_DALI303_InstanceNvmlsValid

[Overview]

It returns whether all the values set to the members of the dali303_instance_nvm_t type variable are within the valid range.

Be sure to call and check the R_DALI303_SetInstanceNvm function described below before setting values.

[Format]

```
bool R_DALI303_InstanceNvmlsValid(const dali303_instance_t * p_this,
                                   const dali303_instance_nvm_t * p_nvm)
```

[Prerequisite]

1. R_DALI103I_InitLibrary function must have ended normally.
2. R_DALI303_InitLibrary function must have ended normally.
3. R_DALI103I_InitLogicalUnit function must have ended normally.
4. R_DALI303_InitInstance function must have ended normally.

[Arguments]

Argument	Description
const dali303_instance_t * p_this	Pointer to DALI303 instance module
const dali303_instance_nvm_t * p_nvm	Pointer to DALI303 instance NVM variable Valid range: - base.instance_group0: 0x00 - 0x1F, 0xFF - base.instance_group1: 0x00 - 0x1F, 0xFF - base.instance_group2: 0x00 - 0x1F, 0xFF - base.instance_active: true, false - base.event_filter: 0x00000000 - 0x00000000 - base.event_scheme: 0x00 - 0x04 - base.event_priority: 0x02 - 0x05 - add.t_deadtime: 0x00 - 0xFF - add.t_hold: 0x00 - 0xFE - add.t_report: 0x00 - 0xFF - add.detection_range: 0x00 - 0x64 - add.detection_sensitivity: 0x00 - 0x64

[Return values]

Value	Description
true	All variables are in the valid range
false	At least one variable is outside the valid range

3.5.4 R_DALI303_SetInstanceNvm

[Overview]

It sets the instance NVM variable value in the DALI303 instance module.

Use to set the read data when the data of the instance NVM variable is saved in non-volatile memory at power-on.

[Format]

```
void R_DALI303_SetInstanceNvm(dali303_instance_t * p_this,  
                             const dali303_instance_nvm_t * p_nvm)
```

[Prerequisite]

1. R_DALI103I_InitLibrary function must have ended normally.
2. R_DALI303_InitLibrary function must have ended normally.
3. R_DALI103I_InitLogicalUnit function must have ended normally.
4. R_DALI303_InitInstance function must have ended normally.
5. Be sure that the instance NVM variable is within the valid range with the R_DALI303_InstanceNvmlsValid function.

[Arguments]

Argument	Description
dali303_instance_t * p_this	Pointer to DALI303 instance module
const dali303_instance_nvm_t * p_nvm	Pointer to DALI303 instance NVM variable

[Return values]

None

3.5.5 R_DALI303_GetInstanceNvm

[Overview]

It gets the instance NVM variable setting values from the DALI303 instance module.
Use to save the latest instance NVM variable values to non-volatile memory.

[Format]

```
void R_DALI303_GetInstanceNvm(const dali303_instance_t * p_this,  
                             dali303_instance_nvm_t * p_nvm)
```

[Prerequisite]

1. R_DALI103I_InitLibrary function must have ended normally.
2. R_DALI303_InitLibrary function must have ended normally.
3. R_DALI103I_InitLogicalUnit function must have ended normally.
4. R_DALI303_InitInstance function must have ended normally.
5. The power cycle notification timer must have been started at R_DALI103I_StartPowerCycleTimer function.

[Arguments]

Argument	Description
const dali303_instance_t * p_this	Pointer to DALI303 instance module
dali303_instance_nvm_t * p_nvm	Pointer to DALI303 instance NVM variable

[Return values]

None

3.5.6 R_DALI303_InstanceNvmlsChanged

[Overview]

Get whether at least one instance NVM variable value has changed.

If the return value of this function is true, the instance NVM variable should be saved in non-volatile memory according to the hardware status.

The status that can be obtained by this function is the status from the last time this function was called (at startup for the first call). Note that consecutive calls will return false.

[Format]

```
bool R_DALI303_InstanceNvmlsChanged(dali303_instance_t * p_this)
```

[Prerequisite]

1. R_DALI103I_InitLibrary function must have ended normally.
2. R_DALI303_InitLibrary function must have ended normally.
3. R_DALI103I_InitLogicalUnit function must have ended normally.
4. R_DALI303_InitInstance function must have ended normally.
5. The power cycle notification timer must have been started at R_DALI103I_StartPowerCycleTimer function.

[Arguments]

Argument	Description
dali303_instance_t * p_this	Pointer to DALI303 instance module

[Return values]

Value	Description
true	Value changed
false	Value not changed

3.5.7 R_DALI303_InstanceIsActive

[Overview]

It gets whether the specified DALI303 instance module is "Active" or not.

If the return value of this function is false, the input notification event cannot be sent.

[Format]

```
bool R_DALI303_InstanceIsActive(const dali303_instance_t * p_this)
```

[Prerequisite]

1. R_DALI103I_InitLibrary function must have ended normally.
2. R_DALI303_InitLibrary function must have ended normally.
3. R_DALI103I_InitLogicalUnit function must have ended normally.
4. R_DALI303_InitInstance function must have ended normally.
5. The power cycle notification timer must have been started at R_DALI103I_StartPowerCycleTimer function.

[Arguments]

Argument	Description
const dali303_instance_t	Pointer to DALI303 instance module

[Return values]

Value	Description
true	instance is "Active"
false	instance is not "Active"

3.5.8 R_DALI303_SetInputSignal

[Overview]

It sets the input signal to the specified DALI303 instance module.

Set the detection signal of the Occupancy Sensor corresponding to the instance as needed.

- Movement Sensor input signal value:
DALI303_SIGNAL_MS_DETECT_MOVEMENT
- Presence Sensor input signal value:
DALI303_SIGNAL_PS_DETECT_VACANCY
DALI303_SIGNAL_PS_DETECT_OCCUPANCY
DALI303_SIGNAL_PS_DETECT_NO_MOVEMENT
DALI303_SIGNAL_PS_DETECT_MOVEMENT

[Format]

```
void R_DALI303_SetInputSignal(dali303_instance_t * p_this,  
                             dali303_input_signal_t signal)
```

[Prerequisite]

1. R_DALI103I_InitLibrary function must have ended normally.
2. R_DALI303_InitLibrary function must have ended normally.
3. R_DALI103I_InitLogicalUnit function must have ended normally.
4. R_DALI303_InitInstance function must have ended normally.
5. The power cycle notification timer must have been started at R_DALI103I_StartPowerCycleTimer function.

[Arguments]

Argument	Description
dali303_instance_t * p_this	Pointer to DALI303 module
dali303_input_signal_t signal	Set value of input signal

[Return values]

None

3.5.9 R_DALI303_GetInputNotification

[Overview]

It gets the input notification event for the specified DALI303 instance module.

Send the input notification event acquired by this function in the time according to the priority setting.

[Format]

```
dali103i_event_t R_DALI303_GetInputNotification(dali103i_t * p_this,  
                                                dali303_instance_t * p_instance)
```

[Prerequisite]

1. R_DALI103I_InitLibrary function must have ended normally.
2. R_DALI303_InitLibrary function must have ended normally.
3. R_DALI103I_InitLogicalUnit function must have ended normally.
4. R_DALI303_InitInstance function must have ended normally.
5. The power cycle notification timer must have been started at R_DALI103I_StartPowerCycleTimer function.

[Arguments]

Argument	Description
dali103i_t * p_this	Pointer to DALI103i module
dali303_instance_t * p_instance	Pointer to DALI303 instance module

[Return values]

Member	Description
bool is_exist	Whether or not an event exists
dali103i_forward_frame_t frame	Stores input notification events when is_exist=true

(1) How to check the contents of generated events

The contents of generated events can be confirmed by judging the value of each event bit in the generated event message. The following is the procedure for checking the event content.

1. The value of each event bit is confirmed by the logical product of the frame.data member variable of the return value of this function and the definition macro provided in Table 3-2 List of event information. The table below shows the relationship between each event bit definition and the corresponding event information macro.

Table 3-9 List of event bits

Event bit	Corresponding event information definition macro
movement bit	DALI303_EVENT_BIT_MOVEMENT
occupied bit	DALI303_EVENT_BIT_OCCUPIED
repeat bit	DALI303_EVENT_BIT_REPEAT
sensor bit	DALI303_EVENT_BIT_SENSOR

2. Determine the content of the generated event from the combination of each event bit value.

Table 3-10 List of event bits

Event Name	Description	Event bit value			
		sensor bit	repeat bit	occupied bit	movement bit
No movement	No movement	-	-	-	0
Movement	With movement	-	-	-	1
Vacant	Vacancy	-	0	0	-
Still Vacant	Continued Vacancy	-	1	0	-
Occupied	Occupied state	-	0	1	-
Still Occupied	Continued in occupied state	-	1	1	-
Presence Sensor	Is a Presence Sensor	0	-	-	-
Movement Sensor	Is a Movement Sensor	1	-	-	-

Example of issued event message and event content

- When Movement Sensor is used
Vacant/No movement: 0x00000008
Occupied/No movement: 0x0000000A
Still Vacant/ No movement: 0x0000000C
- When Presence sensor is used
Vacant/No movement: 0x00000000
Occupied/Movement: 0x00000003
Still Occupied/Movement: 0x00000007

3.5.10 R_DALI303_AddInstanceErrorByte

[Overview]

It sets the specified error for the specified DALI303 instance module additionally to the instanceErrorByte.
When a specific error occurs, call it using the corresponding macro.

[Format]

```
void R_DALI303_AddInstanceErrorByte(dali303_instance_t * p_this,  
                                     uint8_t error)
```

[Prerequisite]

1. R_DALI103I_InitLibrary function must have ended normally.
2. R_DALI303_InitLibrary function must have ended normally.
3. R_DALI103I_InitLogicalUnit function must have ended normally.
4. R_DALI303_InitInstance function must have ended normally.
5. The power cycle notification timer must have been started by the R_DALI103I_StartPowerCycleTimer function.

[Arguments]

Argument	Description
dali303_instance_t * p_this	Pointer to DALI303 instance module
uint8_t error	Additional setting values for instance error Valid range - DALI303_ERRBYTE_PHYSICAL_SENSOR_FAILURE - DALI303_ERRBYTE_MANUFACTURER_SPECIFIC_ERROR_1 - DALI303_ERRBYTE_MANUFACTURER_SPECIFIC_ERROR_2 - DALI303_ERRBYTE_MANUFACTURER_SPECIFIC_ERROR_3 - DALI303_ERRBYTE_MANUFACTURER_SPECIFIC_ERROR_4 * Multiple specifications are possible by specifying OR for the above macros

[Return values]

None

3.5.11 R_DALI303_RemoveInstanceErrorByte

[Overview]

It sets the specified error for the specified DALI303 instance module to be removed from the instanceErrorByte.

When the specified error is resolved, call this function using the corresponding macro.

[Format]

```
void R_DALI303_RemoveInstanceErrorByte(dali303_instance_t * p_this,  
                                       uint8_t error)
```

[Prerequisite]

1. R_DALI103I_InitLibrary function must have ended normally.
2. R_DALI303_InitLibrary function must have ended normally.
3. R_DALI103I_InitLogicalUnit function must have ended normally.
4. R_DALI303_InitInstance function must have ended normally.
5. The power cycle notification timer must have been started by the R_DALI103I_StartPowerCycleTimer function.

[Arguments]

Argument	Description
dali303_instance_t * p_this	Pointer to DALI303 instance module
uint8_t error	Setting value for removal of instance error Valid range - DALI303_ERRBYTE_PHYSICAL_SENSOR_FAILURE - DALI303_ERRBYTE_MANUFACTURER_SPECIFIC_ERROR_1 - DALI303_ERRBYTE_MANUFACTURER_SPECIFIC_ERROR_2 - DALI303_ERRBYTE_MANUFACTURER_SPECIFIC_ERROR_3 - DALI303_ERRBYTE_MANUFACTURER_SPECIFIC_ERROR_4 * Multiple specifications are possible by specifying OR for the above macros

[Return values]

None

3.5.12 R_DALI303_GetInstanceErrorByte

[Overview]

It gets the instanceErrorByte setting value.

[Format]

```
uint8_t R_DALI303_GetInstanceErrorByte(const dali303_instance_t * p_this)
```

[Prerequisite]

1. R_DALI103I_InitLibrary function must have ended normally.
2. R_DALI303_InitLibrary function must have ended normally.
3. R_DALI103I_InitLogicalUnit function must have ended normally.
4. R_DALI303_InitInstance function must have ended normally.
5. The power cycle notification timer must have been started by the R_DALI103I_StartPowerCycleTimer function.

[Arguments]

Argument	Description
const dali303_instance_t * p_this	Pointer to DALI303 module

[Return values]

Value	Description
uint8_t	instanceErrorByte setting value

3.5.13 R_DALI303_GetDetectionRange

[Overview]

It gets the current detectionRange setting value.

[Format]

```
uint8_t R_DALI303_GetDetectionRange(const dali303_instance_t * p_this)
```

[Prerequisite]

1. R_DALI103I_InitLibrary function must have ended normally.
2. R_DALI303_InitLibrary function must have ended normally.
3. R_DALI103I_InitLogicalUnit function must have ended normally.
4. R_DALI303_InitInstance function must have ended normally.
5. The power cycle notification timer must have been started by the R_DALI103I_StartPowerCycleTimer function.

[Arguments]

Argument	Description
const dali303_instance_t * p_this	Pointer to DALI303 module

[Return values]

Value	Description
uint8_t	detectionRange set value *If the detection range cannot be changed, DALI303_SENSOR_NOT_SUPPORT_DETECTION_RANGE is returned.

3.5.14 R_DALI303_GetDetectionSensitivity

[Overview]

It gets the current detectionSensitivity setting value.

[Format]

```
uint8_t R_DALI303_GetDetectionSensitivity(const dali303_instance_t * p_this)
```

[Prerequisite]

1. R_DALI103I_InitLibrary function must have ended normally.
2. R_DALI303_InitLibrary function must have ended normally.
3. R_DALI103I_InitLogicalUnit function must have ended normally.
4. R_DALI303_InitInstance function must have ended normally.
5. The power cycle notification timer must have been started by the R_DALI103I_StartPowerCycleTimer function.

[Arguments]

Argument	Description
const dali303_instance_t * p_this	Pointer to DALI303 module

[Return values]

Value	Description
uint8_t	detectionSensitivity set value *If the detection range cannot be changed, DALI303_SENSOR_NOT_SUPPORT_DETECTION_ SENSITIVITY is returned.

3.5.15 R_DALI303_GetLibraryVersion

[Overview]

It gets the version number of this library.

[Format]

```
uint16_t R_DALI303_GetLibraryVersion(void)
```

[Prerequisite]

None

[Arguments]

None

[Return values]

Value	Description
uint16_t	Version number (format: 0xXXYY) XX: Major version YY: Minor version

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