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ISL7202xSEHEVAL1Z

Evaluation Board User Guide

UG051 Rev 0.00 October 26, 2015

Description

The Intersil ISL7202xSEH family of devices are 3.3V radiation tolerant CAN transceivers that are compatible with the ISO11898-2 standard for use in CAN (Controller Area Network) serial communication systems. The transceiver performs transmit and receive functions between the CAN controller and the CAN differential bus. It can transmit and receive at bus speeds of up to 1Mbps. They were specifically designed to operate in harsh environments such as space.

The ISL7202xSEHEVAL1Z boards are designed to provide a quick and easy method for evaluating the <u>ISL72026SEH</u>, <u>ISL72027SEH</u> and <u>ISL72028SEH</u> 3.3V radiation tolerant CAN transceivers. These devices are unique ICs. To use this evaluation board properly requires a thorough knowledge of the operation of the ICs. Refer to the <u>ISL72026SEH</u>, <u>ISL72027SEH</u> and <u>ISL72028SEH</u> datasheets for an understanding of the functions and features of these devices.

The ISL72026SEHEVAL1Z, ISL72027SEHEVAL1Z and ISL72028SEHEVAL1Z evaluation boards are built using the same base board, P/N: ISL7202xSEHEVAL1Z. Throughout this document when we use "ISL7202xSEHEVAL1Z" the information applies to all three evaluation boards. The three boards are exactly the same, except for the CAN transceiver part installed at reference designator U1.

Ordering Information

PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	
ISL72026SEHEVAL1Z	ISL72026SEH Evaluation Board	
ISL72027SEHEVAL1Z	ISL72027SEH Evaluation Board	
ISL72028SEHEVAL1Z	ISL72028SEH Evaluation Board	

Key Features

- D-SUB 9-pin male connector for connection to another CAN evaluation board
- 60Ω resistor across the differential signal lines to evaluate propagation delay, rise/fall time and skew parameters
- · Convenient test points and connections for test equipment
- Jumpers to select between the three rise/fall settings or tie RS high to enter low power listen (ISL72026, ISL72027)/shutdown (ISL72028) modes
- Banana jacks for power, ground and voltage common-mode (VCM) connections

References

ISL72026SEH Datasheet ISL72027SEH Datasheet

ISL72028SEH Datasheet

Specifications

These evaluation boards have been configured and optimized for the following conditions:

- V_{CC} = 3V to 3.6V
- Data rate: ≤1Mbps
- CAN bus termination resistance of 60Ω across the CANH and CANL differential signal lines
- Board temperature: +25°C

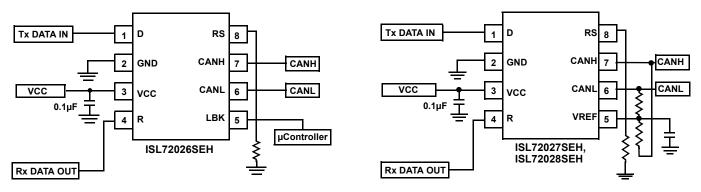


FIGURE 1. ISL7202xSEHEVAL1Z BLOCK DIAGRAM

Introduction

The ISL72026SEHEVAL1Z, ISL72027SEHEVAL1Z and ISL72028SEHEVAL1Z evaluation boards are exactly the same, except for the CAN transceiver part installed at reference designator U1.

- The ISL72026SEHEVAL1Z has an ISL72026SEHF/PROTO IC installed at U1. It will have a paper label indicating it is an ISL72026SEHEVAL1Z board.
- The ISL72027SEHEVAL1Z has an ISL72027SEHF/PROTO IC installed at U1. It will have a paper label indicating it is an ISL72027SEHEVAL1Z board.
- The ISL72028SEHEVAL1Z has an ISL72028SEHF/PROTO IC installed at U1. It will have a paper label indicating it is an ISL72028SEHEVAL1Z board.

The ISL7202xSEHEVAL1Z boards are designed to provide a quick and easy method for evaluating the ISL72026SEH, ISL72027SEH and ISL72028SEH 3.3V radiation tolerant CAN transceivers.

<u>Table 1</u> shows the functional differences between the three part types. <u>Figure 1</u> shows the block diagrams/pinouts for the parts.

FEATURE	ISL72026SEH	ISL72027SEH	ISL72028SEH
Loopback	Yes	No	No
VREF Output	No	Yes	Yes
Listen Mode	Yes	Yes	No
Shutdown Mode	No	No	Yes
Supply Current in Listen Mode	2mA (maximum)	2mA (maximum)	N/A
Supply Current in Shutdown Mode	N/A	N/A	50µA (maximum)

TABLE 1. TABLE OF DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE PART TYPES

NOTE: N/A = Not Applicable

A picture of the evaluation board for ISL72028SEHEVAL1Z is shown in <u>Figure 6 on page 8</u>. The ISL72028SEHF/PROTO 8 Ld flatpack IC is soldered onto the evaluation board. It is located in the upper center of the board and is designated as U1.

The Intersil ISL7202xSEH family of devices are 3.3V radiation tolerant CAN transceivers that are compatible with the ISO11898-2 standard for use in CAN (Controller Area Network) serial communication systems. They were specifically designed to operate in harsh environments such as space.

The transceiver performs transmit and receive functions between the CAN controller and the CAN differential bus. It can transmit and receive at bus speeds of up to 1Mbps. It is designed to operate over a common-mode range of -7V to +12V with a maximum of 120 nodes. The device is capable of withstanding \pm 20V on the CANH and CANL bus pins outside of ion beam and \pm 16V under ion beam.

The part has various configurations of operation. The evaluation board contains standard jumpers, BNC connector, banana connectors, cable connector and load resistors to allow the user to easily interface with the IC to evaluate its functions, features and performance.

This user guide will guide the user through the process of configuring and using the evaluation board to evaluate the ISL7202xSEH devices.

Functional Description

The ISL7202xSEHEVAL1Z evaluation board provides a simple platform to demonstrate the features and evaluate the performance of the ISL7202xSEH family of ICs. It provides easy access to the pins of the ISL7202xSEH ICs and convenient connectors/test points for connecting test equipment. The schematic, bill of materials and top silkscreen for the board are available on pages 9 through <u>11</u>.

Figures 11 through 18 show performance data taken using the ISL7202xSEHEVAL1Z evaluation board and basic lab equipment.

<u>Table 1</u> shows the differences between the different parts in the family.

The sections that follow will discuss using the evaluation board.

Basic Layout of Evaluation Board

The basic layout of the evaluation board is as follows: Refer to Figure 10 on page 11 or the actual ISL7202xSEHEVAL1Z evaluation board.

Located in the upper center of the board is the

IS7202xSEHF/PROTO transceiver IC (U1). The evaluation board has a pin 1 dot, to show how the IC should be oriented onto the evaluation board. The IC pin 1 indicator dot needs to be aligned with the evaluation board pin 1 dot indicator. The board comes with the IC soldered onto the board.

Power for the IC is located at the left side of the board through banana jacks labeled VCC and GND. A DC voltage source of 3.3V must be connected between VCC and GND to power the part. Test points TP13 (VCC) and TP2 (GND) are available to measure the VCC voltage to the part.

Access to the D input to the transceiver is at the BNC connector labeled D at the upper right corner of the evaluation board. You would connect the digital source of the CAN digital test pattern at this connector.

Access to R output of the transceiver is at the test point labeled TP4 located at the top center of the evaluation board. There is a through-hole labeled R that could have a wire soldered to it, if you want to feed the digital output into a CAN controller board.

Control of the RS pin is through jumpers J5, J6, J7 and J8 located at middle left side of the evaluation board. Only one of these jumper locations should have a jumper installed at any one time. Putting the jumper at J5 will put the transceiver in the listen mode for the ISL72026, ISL72027 parts and in the low power shutdown mode for the ISL72028 part. Putting the jumper at J6 will put the transceiver driver in the slow speed mode, at J7 in the medium speed mode, and at J6 in the fast speed mode. Note: J4 and R5 are not populated. They can be used to put a mechanical potentiometer at the RS pin. Access to the differential pins (CANH and CANL) are through the test points TP7 and TP8 or through the BNC connectors labeled CANH and CANL (not populated) or through the D-SUB 9 pin male connector J1, located at the bottom of the board. The J1 connector can be used to connect two evaluation boards together, to evaluate the performance of two boards communicating with each other over various length cables. The CANH and CANL BNCs can be used to apply voltages to the differential pins to evaluate the receiver of the transceiver.

The board comes populated with a 60 Ω resistor (R₁₀) installed across the CANH and CANL lines. Many performance tests for the transceiver such as propagation delay, rise time, fall time and skew are done with a 60 Ω resistor. In a normal CAN system the bus is terminated at both ends with a 120 Ω resistor, which gives a differential loading of 60 Ω .

See the board schematic (Figure 7 on page 9) for the reference designators of the jumpers, resistors and connectors associated with each I/O.

Power Supply

The ISL7202xSEH ICs require a DC power supply in the range of 3.0V to 3.6V for proper operation.

The power supply is connected at banana jacks VCC and GND. The power supply should be capable of delivering 100mA of current.

Evaluation Board Logic Control

The ISL72026SEH IC has three logic control input pins; the D (pin 1), RS (pin 8) and LBK (pin 5).

The ISL72027SEH and ISL72028SEH ICs have two logic control input pins; the D (pin 1) and RS (pin 8).

D PIN

The D pin is the digital input to the driver of the transceiver. A digital bit pattern is applied at this pin. A logic 1 on the D pin puts the CANH and CANL differential pins in the recessive state. A logic 0 on the D pin puts the CANH and CANL differential pins in the dominant state.

The logic 1 V_{IH} level is from 2.0V to 5.5V with a VCC supply voltage of 3.0V to 3.6V. The logic 0 V_{IL} level is from 0.8V to 0V.

RS PIN

The output driver rise and fall time has three distinct selections that may be chosen by using a resistor from the RS pin to GND. Connecting the RS pin directly to GND results in output switching times that are the fastest, limited only by the drive capability of the output stage. RS = $10k\Omega$ provides for a typical slew rate of $8V/\mu s$ and RS = $50k\Omega$ provides for a typical slew rate of $4V/\mu s$.

Putting a high logic level to the RS pin places the transceiver in a low current listen mode for the ISL72026SEH and ISL72027SEH parts and a low current shutdown mode for the ISL72028SEH part.

LBK PIN (ISL72026SEH)

When a high level is applied to the LBK pin, the device enters the loopback state. The transceiver CANH and CANL pins are disconnected from the bus. The driver and receiver circuitry of the transceiver remains active to allow for diagnostic testing of the node. Installing a jumper at position 1 to 2 on jumper J9 of the evaluation board will connect the LBK pin to VCC putting the part in loopback state. Removing the jumper will put the part back into normal operation. LBK pin of the transceiver has an internal pull-down.

VREF PIN (ISL72027SEH AND ISL72028SEH)

The VREF pin (pin 5) of the ISL72027SEH and ISL72028SEH parts outputs a voltage equal to VCC/2. This voltage is available for applications that want to implement a split termination configuration on the bus. See the application section titled "Split Mode Termination" in the datasheets of the ISL72027SEH or ISL72028SEH for more information. To implement a split termination on the bus pins of the evaluation boardA capacitor can be installed at C7, R₁₁ and R₁₂ can be populated with resistors, and a jumper installed at position 2 and 3 of jumper J9.

Test Points

The board has various test points for ease of connecting probes to make measurements. The test points available are described in <u>Table 2</u>.

DESIGNATOR	DESCRIPTION	
TP1	Ground test point	
TP2	Ground test point	
TP3	D input test point	
TP4	R output test point	
TP5	LBK or VREF test point	
TP6	RS pin test point	
TP7	CANH pin test point	
TP8	CANL pin test point	
TP9	Ground test point	
TP10	Not populated - VCM test point	
TP11	Ground test point	
TP12	Not populated - R output test point	
TP13	VCC test point	

TABLE 2.

Board Component Definitions

DESIGNATOR	DESCRIPTION	
U1	ISL7202xSEHF/PROTO flatpack IC	
VCC	VCC power supply connection (3.3V _{DC})	
GND	Ground connection	
J1	9-pin male D-SUB connector (used to connect to another CAN evaluation board)	
J4	Not populated - jumper on RS pin to connect mechanical potentiometer	
J5	Jumper on RS pin to connect it to VCC (jumper installed at this location will put the transceiver in listen mode (ISL72026, ISL72027) or shutdown mode (ISL72028)	
J6	Jumper on RS pin to connect the RS pin to ground through a $50k\Omega$ resistor (jumper installed at this location will put the transceiver in slow speed mode).	
J7	Jumper on RS pin to connect the RS pin to ground through a $10k\Omega$ resistor (jumper installed at this location will put the transceiver in medium speed mode).	
8L	Jumper on RS pin to connect the RS pin to ground (jumper installed at this location will put the transceiver in high speed mode).	
61	Three pin jumper on the LBK pin (ISL72026) or VREF pin (ISL72027SEH, ISL72028SEH). Install jumper in upper position (1 to 2) to put the ISL72026SEH device in loopback mode. Remove jumper for normal operation. Put jumper in lower position (2 to 3) to connect CANH to CANL differential output pins for evaluation of split mode termination for ISL72027SEH and ISL72028SEH.	
J10	Jumper, location is not populated. It needs to be populated if you are going to use BNC connector labeled CANH.	
J11	Jumper, location is not populated. It needs to be populated if you are going to use BNC connector labeled CANL.	
D	BNC connector. Provides access to the D pin of the transceiver.	
CANH	BNC connector, location is not populated. Provides access to the CANH pin for special receiver testing and fault testing.	
CANL	BNC connector, location is not populated. Provides access to the CANL pin for special receiver testing and fault testing.	

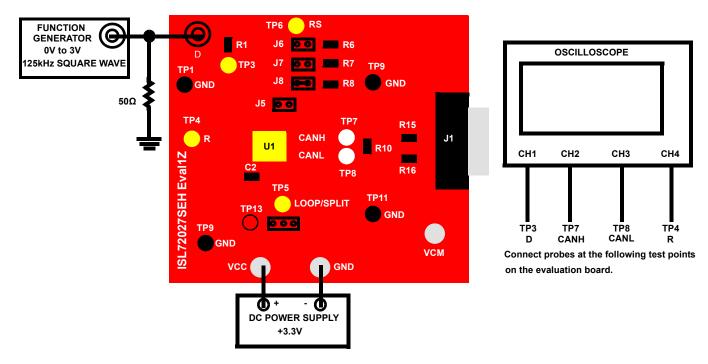


FIGURE 2. BASIC EVALUATION TEST SETUP BLOCK DIAGRAM (MEASURING PROPAGATION DELAY, SKEW AND RISE/FALL TIME)

Using the Board to Measure Propagation Delay, Skew and Rise/Fall Time

Refer to Figure 2 on page 4.

Lab Equipment

The equipment, external supplies and signal sources needed to operate the board:

- 1. 3.3V DC power supply
- 2. Function/signal generator (HP 8112A pulse generator or equivalent)
- 3. Four channel oscilloscope (Tektronix TDS5140 digital oscilloscope or equivalent)

Initial Board Setup Procedure

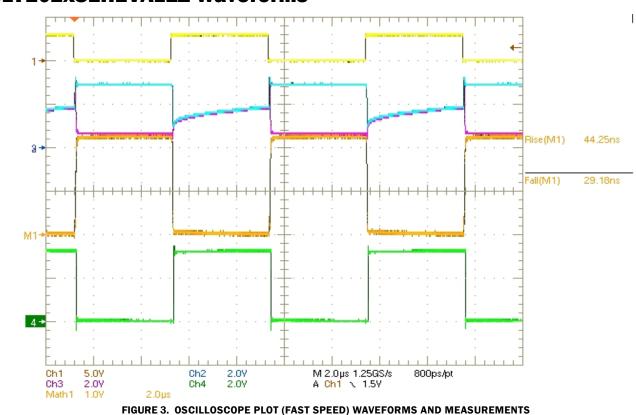
- 1. Attach the main evaluation board to the DC power supply to the banana jacks labeled VCC and GND as shown in Figure 2. Positive terminal at VCC and negative terminal at GND. The supply should be capable of delivering 3.0V to 3.6V and 100mA of current. Set the supply voltage to 3.3V.
- 2. Configure the board for high speed mode by installing a jumper at J8. No jumpers should be installed at J5, J6, J7 and J9.
- 3. Connect the oscilloscope to the evaluation board as indicated in Figure 2.
 - a. Connect the Channel 1 probe to the D pin by connecting the oscilloscope probe at TP3 on the evaluation board and the probe ground at TP1.
 - b. Connect the Channel 2 probe to the CANH differential pin by connecting the oscilloscope probe at TP7 on the evaluation board and the probe ground at TP9.
 - c. Connect the Channel 3 probe to the CANL differential pin by connecting the oscilloscope probe at TP8 on the evaluation board and the probe ground at TP11.
 - d. Connect the Channel 4 probe to the R pin by connecting the oscilloscope probe at TP4 on the evaluation board and the probe ground at TP2.
- 4. Connect the function/signal generator at the BNC connector labeled D on the evaluation board as shown in Figure 2. Set the generator to output a 125kHz square wave, OV to 3.3V amplitude, 50% duty cycle with a $t_{rise} = t_{fall} \le 6ns$. Disable the generator output.
- 5. Verify that a 60Ω resistor is installed at location R_{10} on the evaluation board.

Calculating $V_{\mbox{DIFF}}$ and taking Measurements

- 1. Set the oscilloscope to $2.0 \mu s/division.$
- 2. Set channel CH1 of the oscilloscope to 5V/division.
- 3. Set CH2, CH3 and CH4 of the oscilloscope to $2V/\mbox{division}$
- 4. Using the math function of the oscilloscope, set the math 1 selection to measure CH2 CH3 and display the M1 trace on the oscilloscope screen.

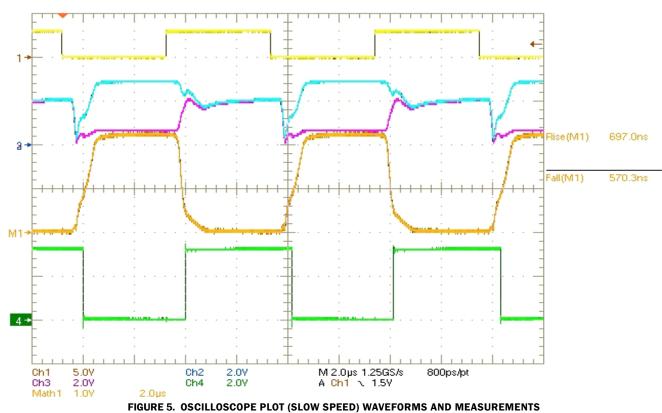
 $M1 = CH2 - CH3 = V_{DIFF} = CANH - CANL.$

- 5. Use the "Measure" menu of the oscilloscope to set up the following four measurements:
 - a. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (t_{PLH}) to measure the time from the 50% point of the falling edge of CH1 (D pin) to the 900mV point on the rising edge of the M1 trace (V_{DIFF}).
 - b. HIGH to LOW propagation delay (t_{PHL}) to measure the time from the 50% point of the rising edge of CH1 (D pin) to the 500mV point on the falling edge of M1 trace (V_{DIFF}) .
 - c. Output rise time (t_r) to measure the 10% to 90% time of the rise edge of the M1 trace (V_{DIFF}).
 - d. Output fall time (t_f) to measure the 90% to 10% time of the falling edge of the M1 trace (V_{DIFF}).
- 6. Ensure that a jumper is installed at J8 (selects fast driver edges by connecting the RS pin to ground) and no jumpers are installed at J5, J6, J7 and J9.
- 7. Enable the function generator. The scope plots should look like the ones shown in Figure 3 on page 6.
- 8. In fast speed mode (RS = 0V):
 - a. $t_{\mbox{PLH}}$ should be around 75ns and no greater than 150ns.
 - b. t_{PHL} should be around 80ns and no greater than 155ns.
 - c. t_{rise} should be around 55ns and no less than 20ns or greater than 100ns.
 - d. t_{fall} should be around 25ns and no less than 10ns or greater than 75ns.
- 9. Move the jumper from J8 to J7 (selects medium driver edges by connecting the RS pin to ground through a $10k\Omega$ resistor). Note: No jumpers should be installed at J5, J6, J8 and J9.
- 10. The scope plot should look like the ones in Figure 4 on page 6.
- 11. In medium speed mode (RS = $10k\Omega$):
 - a. $t_{\mbox{\rm PLH}}$ should be around 520ns and no greater than 850ns.
 - b. $t_{\mbox{\rm PHL}}$ should be around 460ns and no greater than 800ns.
 - c. $t_{\rm r}$ should be around 400ns and no less than 200ns or greater than 780ns.
 - d. $t_{\rm f}$ should be around 300ns and no less than 175ns or greater than 500ns.
- 12. Move the jumper from J7 to J6 (selects slow driver edges by connecting the RS pin to ground through a $50k\Omega$ resistor). Note: No jumpers should be installed at J5, J7, J8 and J9.
- 13. The scope plot should look like the ones in Figure 5 on page 7.
- 14. In slow speed mode (RS = $50k\Omega$):
 - a. $t_{\mbox{\rm PLH}}$ should be around 850ns and no greater than 1400ns.
 - b. t_{PHL} should be around 725ns and no greater than 1300ns.
 - c. $t_{\rm r}$ should be around 700ns and no less than 400ns or greater than 1400ns.
 - d. $t_{\rm f}$ should be around 650ns and no less than 300ns or greater than 1000ns.



1 Rise(M1) 375.4ns а Fall(M1) 272.2ns M1-4 + L 1 1 1 1 Ch1 5.0V 2.0V Ch2 Ch4 2.0V 2.0V M 2.0µs 1.25GS/s A Ch1 \ 1.5V 800ps/pt Ch3 Math1 1.0V 2.0µs FIGURE 4. OSCILLOSCOPE PLOT (MEDIUM SPEED) WAVEFORMS AND MEASUREMENTS

ISL7202xSEHEVAL1Z Waveforms



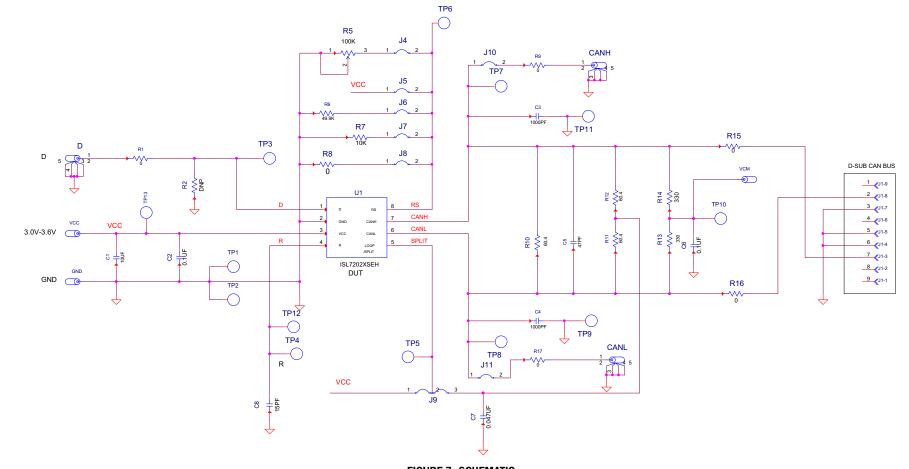
ISL7202xSEHEVAL1Z Waveforms (Continued)

R TP12 ISL72 ISL72028SEH Eval1Z TP1 GND -GND 1111.U1 INN R 8 Đ 57 TP9 G **R**9 GND CANH 11 9908 R12 R R13 10 10 1-888-INTERSIL intersil 110

ISL7202xSEHEVAL1Z Evaluation Board

FIGURE 6. ISL72028SEHEVAL1Z EVALUATION BOARD

ISL7202xSEHEVAL1Z Circuit Schematic



ISL7202xSEHEVAL1Z

FIGURE 7. SCHEMATIC

ISL7202XSEHEVAL1Z Bill of Materials

QTY	UNITS	REFERENCE DESIGNATOR	DESCRIPTION	MFR	MANUFACTURER PART NUMBER
1	ea.	SEE LABEL - RENAME BOARD	PWB-PCB, ISL7202XEVAL1Z, Rev A, ROHS	IMAGINEERING INC	ISL7202XEVAL1ZREVAPCB
1	ea.	C2	CAP, SMD, 0805, 0.1µF, 50V, 10%, X7R, ROHS	KEMET	C0805C104K5RACTU
1	ea.	C1	CAP, SMD, 0805, 10µF, 25V, 10%, X5R, ROHS	TDK	C2012X5R1E106K
1	ea.	D	CONN - BNC, RECEPTACLE, TH, 4 POST, 50Ω, GOLDCONTACT, ROHS	AMPHENOL	31-5329-52RFX
1	ea.	TP13	CONN - MINI TEST PT, VERTICAL, RED, ROHS	KEYSTONE	5000
4	ea.	TP1, TP2, TP9, TP11	CONN - MINI TEST PT, VERTICAL, BLK, ROHS	KEYSTONE	5001
2	ea.	TP7, TP8	CONN-MINI TEST PT, VERTICAL, WHITE, ROHS	KEYSTONE	5002
4	ea.	TP3, TP4, TP5, TP6	CONN-MINI TEST PT, VERTICAL, YEL, ROHS	KEYSTONE	5004
1	ea.	J1	9 PIN MALE RIGHT ANGLE D-SUB CONNECTOR	TE CONNECTIVITY / AMP	5788792-1
3	ea.	GND, VCC, VCM	CONN - JACK, MINI BANANA, 0.175 PLUG, NICKEL/BRASS, ROHS	KEYSTONE	575-4
1	ea.	U1	CAN BUS PART, 8P, FLAT-PACK, GOLD, ROHS	INTERSIL	ISL7202XSEHF/PR0T0
1	ea.	et.	CONN - HEADER, 1X3, BREAKAWY 1X36, 2.54mm, ROHS	BERG/FCI	68000-236HLF
4	ea.	J5, J6, J7, J8	CONN - HEADER, 1X2, RETENTIVE, 2.54mm, 0.230X0.120, ROHS	BERG/FCI	69190-202HLF
0	ea.	R2, R9, R11, R12, R13, R14, R17	RESISTOR, SMD, 0805, DNP, TF, ROHS	-	-
4	ea.	R1, R8, R15, R16	RES, SMD, 0805, 0Ω, 1/8W, TF, ROHS	YAGEO	RC0805JR-070RL
1	ea.	R7	RES, SMD, 0805, 10kΩ, 1/8W, 1%, TF, ROHS	VENKEL	CR0805-8W-1002FT (PbFREE)
1	ea.	R6	RES, SMD, 0805, 49.9kΩ, 1/8W, 1%, TF, ROHS	PANASONIC	ERJ-6ENF4992V
1	ea.	R10	RES, SMD, 0805, 60.4Ω, 1/8W, 1%, TF, ROHS	PANASONIC	ERJ-6ENF60R4V
4	ea.	Four Corners	SCREW, 4-40X1/4in, PAN, SS, PHILLIPS	-	-
4	ea.	Four Corners	STANDOFF, 4-40X3/4in, F/F, HEX, ALUMINUM, ROHS	KEYSTONE	2204 (.250 OD)
1	ea.	Place assy in bag	BAG, STATIC, 6X8, ZIP LOC, ROHS	ULINE	S-2262
0	ea.	TP10, TP12	CONN-MINI TEST POINT, VERTICAL, ROHS	KEYSTONE	5004
0	ea.	C3, C4, C5, C6, C7, C8	DO NOT POPULATE OR PURCHASE		
0	ea.	J4, J10, J11	DO NOT POPULATE OR PURCHASE		
0	ea.	R5	DO NOT POPULATE OR PURCHASE		
0	ea.	CANH, CANL	DO NOT POPULATE OR PURCHASE		
1	ea.	AFFIX TO BACK OF PCB	LABEL-DATE CODE_LINE 1: YRWK/REV#, LINE 2: BOM NAME	INTERSIL	LABEL-DATE CODE

Board Layout

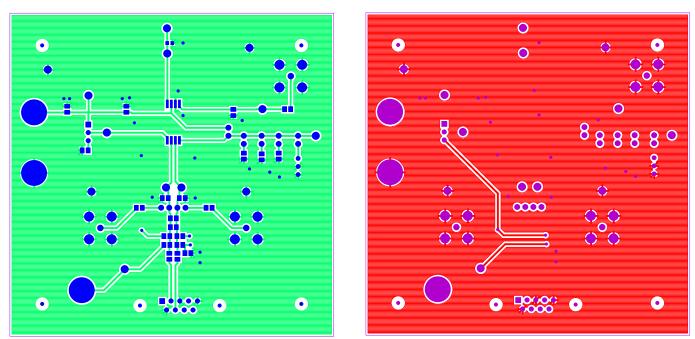


FIGURE 8. TOP LAYER

FIGURE 9. BOTTOM LAYER

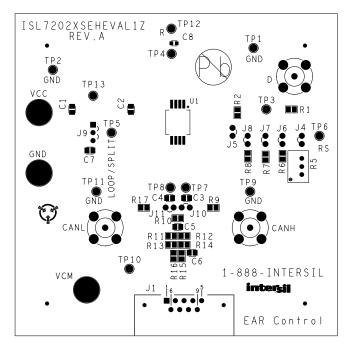
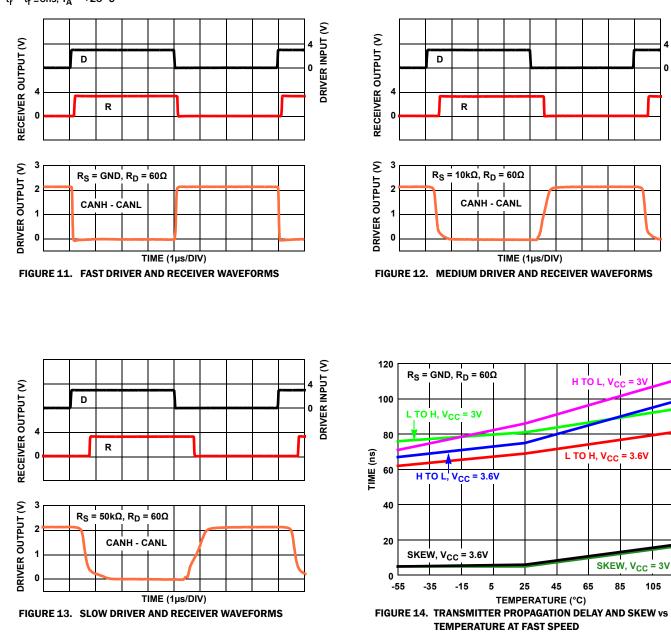


FIGURE 10. TOP LAYER SILK SCREEN

Typical Performance Curves Unless noted: VCC = 3.3V, D = 125kHz, Square Wave, 0 to VCC, 50% Duty Cycle, $t_r = t_f \leq 6ns, T_A = +25 \degree C$



105 125

DRIVER INPUT (V)

4

0

Typical Performance Curves Unless noted: VCC = 3.3V, D = 125kHz, Square Wave, 0 to VCC, 50% Duty Cycle, $t_r = t_f \leq 6ns$, $T_A = +25$ °C (Continued)

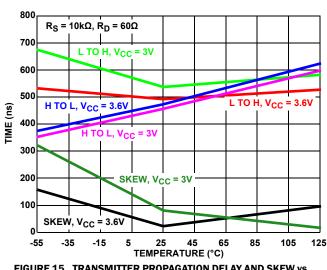


FIGURE 15. TRANSMITTER PROPAGATION DELAY AND SKEW vs TEMPERATURE AT MEDIUM SPEED

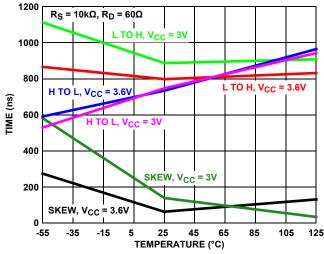


FIGURE 16. TRANSMITTER PROPAGATION DELAY AND SKEW vs TEMPERATURE AT SLOW SPEED

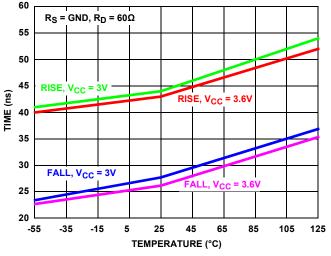


FIGURE 17. TRANSMITTER RISE AND FALL TIMES $\ensuremath{\mathsf{vs}}$ TEMPERATURE AT FAST SPEED

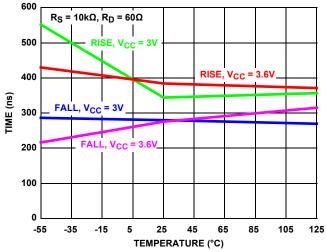


FIGURE 18. TRANSMITTER RISE AND FALL TIMES vs TEMPERATURE AT MEDIUM SPEED

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