Quick start ADC1410S, ADC1210S, ADC1010S series Demonstration board for ADC1410S, ADC1210S, ADC1010S

series Rev. 06 — 2 July 2012

Quick start

Document information

Info	Content
Keywords	PCB2001-2, demonstration board, ADC, converter, input buffer
Abstract	This document describes how to use the demonstration board for the analog-to-digital converter ADC1410S, ADC1210S and ADC1010S series.

Overview





Revision history

Rev	Date	Description
1	20081001	Initial version.
2	20090518	Update to PCB2001-2.
3	20090610	Add SPI software description.
4	20100519	Add HSDC extension module acquisition system description.
5	20110120	Update with latest software tool.
6	20120702	Rebranded.

1. Overview of the ADC1410S, ADC1210S, ADC1010S demo board

1.1 ADC1410S series

Figure below presents the connections to measure ADC1410S.



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1.2 ADC1210S series

Figure below presents the connections to measure ADC1210S.



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1.3 ADC1010S series

Figure below presents the connections to measure ADC1010S.



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1.4 Power supply

The board is powered with a 3 V_{DC} and 1.8/3 V_{DC} power supplies. A power supply regulator is used to supply all the circuitry on the board.

Table 1.	General power supply	
Name	Function	View
J10	+3V green connector – Power supply 3 V_{DC} / 250 mA.	
1 9	+1.8V green connector – Power supply 1.8 V_{DC} / 100 mA	TP1
TP1	AGND test point – Digital ground	
TP2	DGND test point – Analog ground	
		J 9 RRIJ 10

1.5 Input signals (IN, CLK)

The input clock signal can be either a sine-wave or a LVCMOS signal.

To ensure a good evaluation of the device, the input signal and the input clock must be synchronized together.

Moreover, the input frequency (Fi, MHz) and the clock frequency (Fclk, Msps) should follow the formula:

where M is an odd number of period and N is the number of samples.

Table 2. Input signals

Name	Function	View
J1	IN connector – Analog input signal (50 Ω matching)	
J2	CLKP connector – Single ended clock input signal (50 Ω matching), with a transformer.	
J3	CLKN connector – Grounded on that demoboard	J1 J2 J3

1.6 Output signals (D0 to D13, OTR, DAV)

The digital output signal is available in binary, 2's complement or gray format. A Data Valid Output clock (DAV) is provided by the device for the data acquisition.



1.7 SPI Mode

The ADC1410S can be **controlled** either by a Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) or by PIN.

Table 4 Name	4. SPI Interface Function	View
<u>19</u>	Array connector – SPI daughter board interface	

1.8 SPI program

For more details on how to control device with SPI, refer to section 3.3.

2. HSDC extension module: acquisition board

The figure 4 shows an overview of the extension module HSDC-EXTMOD01/DB acquisition board:



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The HSDC extension module is intended for acquisition/generation and clock generation purpose. When connected to an ADC demo-board it is intended as an acquisition system for digital output bits delivered by ADC, either CMOS (HE14 P1 connector) or LVDS DDR (SAMTEC QTH_060_02 P2 connector).

The board brief specification is shown below:

- 32 MB memory size for acquisition pattern;
- 2 16-bit channels CMOS up to 200 MHz;
- 16-bit LVDS DDR input data stream up to 320 MHz;
- On-board or external reference for signal generation.

In this section the specific requirement for the use with ADC1410S demo-board will be shown.

For more details on the HSDC-EXTMOD01/DB, please visit http://www.idt.com.

2.1 HSDC extension module: hardware initialization

Before using the generation board, make sure that you connect the USB cable **prior to** the supply.

When USB and power cable are connected, the HSDC-EXTMOD will light 3 red LEDs.

The green LED close to the PLL is only when it is locked (see <u>section 3.3</u>).

The red LED close to FPGA reports normal behavior when flashing ¼ on, ¾ off. Any other flashing behavior reports a failure at initialization (see section 3.3).

2.2 HSDC extension module: CMOS connector description

The <u>figure 5</u> shows a brief description of the hardware connection on the HE14 connector.

For proper use of the acquisition board, make sure that resistor R86 (0 Ω) is connected while R84 is removed.



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3. Combo ADC1410S and HSDC extension module

3.1 ADC1410S CMOS outputs

The <u>figure 24</u> below shows an overview of the whole system ADC1410S+HSDC extension module with CMOS outputs configuration for which connection is straightforward, together with a supply extension module (release A) for the ADC1410S demo-board:



Fig 6. Evaluation set-up measurement with ADC1410S CMOS and HSDC extension module

3.2 ADC Software tool

Run the application "SW_ADC_1_r02.exe". This application will allow:

- the user to control features on our high speed ADC through the SPI interface available on any ADC1410S, ADC1210S and ADC1010S series;
- As well as performing any online data acquisition to evaluate the performances of the ADC1410S, ADC1210S and ADC1010S series.

At start-up, the program will detect any board connected to your system and display information as can be seen on following window:



Fig 7. SW_ADC_1_r02: start-up screen

①: "IDT Banner Button" will display your default internet browser to the IDT data converter home page;

②: "REFRESH" allows you to poll your system for any hardware change. It will reset any board connected to your system;

③: "QUIT" allows you quit the application;

(a): "INITIALIZATION" allow you to initialize the HSDC-EXTMOD board prior to any acquisition task.

In the example above, the HSDC-EXTMOD has been detected, as well as ADC1010S125.

At this moment, make sure that 4 LEDs are visible on the HSDC-EXTMOD (2 close to power plug, 1 for USB and 1 close to FPGA).

The "Info" page gives more details on the current hardware configuration for the HSDC-EXTMOD board:



The HSDC-EXTMOD is not yet initialized, so the embedded PLL (LMK03001 in this example) is not locked. Initialization is only required for acquisition purpose.

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3.2.1 ADC SPI programming Functional Registers page

The page displays all SPI registers for ADC1410S, ADC1210S and ADC1010S series:

Depyright IDT 2012	ADC - Functional Registers ADC - Read Registers ADC - Load Registers Tools Acquisition Info
ADC14105125	ADC1410S125 SPI registers access
Resolution	- Reset and Operating Mode
Sampling rate Fs (max. 125 Msps) 122.88	SW_RST OP_MODE
Input frequency Fin (max. 600 MHz)	normal (power-up)
,	Input Clock Internal Reference SE_SEL DIFF/SE CLKDIV DCS_EN INTREF EN INTREF
Number of samples	
65536 Data stream	Input Buffer Output Data Standard
⊙ CMOS	INBURBLAS (ADCIX:15S only) LVDS/CMOS OUTBUF OUTBUS_SWAP DATA_FORMAT high \(\not\) high
OLVDS	Output Clock Offset
	DAVINV DAV PHASE DIG_OFFSET
	output clock shifted (ahead) by 5/16Tck -32 -20 -10 0 20 31 Test Pattern Fast OTR F
INITIALIZATION	TESTPAT_SEL Custom test pattern FASTOTR FASTOTR_DET
Output log HSDC-EXTMOD found! Device ADC14105125 found!	off
HSDC-EXTMOD is initialized!	CMOS Oulput LVDS DDR 0/P 182 DAV DRV DATA_DRV DAVI_X2_EN DAVI DATAL_X2_EN DATAI
	very high
	BIT/BYTE WISE LVDS_INTTER
	BIT WISE
SAVE SETTINGS	Send data to device
RESTORE SETTINGS	

Perform any settings and then click on the "Send data to device" button to update the device registers.

3.2.2 ADC SPI programming Read Registers page

This page can be used to read all registers by clicking on the "Read all registers" button and will display the result in the table below:

copyright IDT 2012	REFRESH	IDT HSDC ADC acquisition se	oftware		QUIT
Device detected: ADC14105125	ADC - Functional Registers ADC - Read Re	gisters ADC - Load Registers Tools Acquisition	Info		
Resolution	ADC1410S125 SPI read registers	3			
14 Sampling rate Fs (max. 125 Msps)			Register name	Address	Value
122.88	Read all r	anistars	Reset and operating mode	×5	
Input frequency Fin (max. 600 MHz)	Kedu di r	egisters	Clock	×6	×1
			Internal reference	8	×0
Number of samples	Save register	read to file	Input buffer	10	3
Data stream			Output data standard	× 11	0
O CMOS	Data saved to file:		Output clock	× 12	×9
0000	B C:\test.txt		Offset	× 13	×0
			Test pattern 1	× 14	×0
			Test pattern 2	× 15	×0
			Test pattern 3	× 16	×0
HSDC-EXTMOD found! Device ADC14105125 found!			Fast OTR	× 17	×0
HSDC-EXTMOD is initialized!			CMOS output	× 20	E
			LVDS DDR O/P 1	×21	×0
			LVDS DDR O/P 2	× 22	×0
SAVE SETTINGS			R,		~
RESTORE SETTINGS					

When all registers have been read, it is possible to save the data to a text file. The settings are saved in a table-like format as shown below:

Table 5. Typical saving on text file

Content of file is shown as table format

Column 1	Column 2
Address	Value
05	00
06	01
08	00
10	03
11	00
12	09
13	00
14	00
15	00
16	00
17	00

Column 1	Column 2
20	0e
21	00
22	00

Note that all data are saved in hexadecimal format.

Click on the "Save registers read to file" button to select the file to store data to. Make sure that you store your file with ".txt" extension, this will allow you to re-use the file on the "ADC - Load Registers" page.

3.2.3 ADC SPI programming Load Registers page

This page allows downloading configuration data to the device registers:

copyright IDT 2012	REFRESH	IDT HSDC AD	C acquisition softwa	re		QUIT
Device detected: ADC1405125 Resolution 14 Supplier rate Fs (max. 125 Migs) 122,88 Tipuli Requency Fin (max. 600 MHz) 5	ADC - Functional Registers ADC - Read Reg ADC14105125 SPI load registers Load data from text file ("Jut"): C ¹ /lest.bd	Johens ADC - Load Registers	Tools Acquisition Inf	Register name Reset and operating mode Clock Tritemal reference	Address 5 6 8	Value 0
Number of samples 65356 C Data stream OLVD5		d data		Input buffer Output date standard Output clock Offset	× 10 × 11 × 12 × 13	×3 ×0 ×9 ×0
INITIALIZATION Outputlog HSDC-EXTMOD Fund Device ADC14(05)25 found				Test pattern 1 Test pattern 2 Test pattern 3 Fast OTR CMOS output LVDS DDR. 0/P 1	× 14 × 15 × 16 × 17 × 20 × 21	
SAVE SETTINGS RESTORE SETTINGS			ļ	LNDS DDR 0/P 2	× 22	

It is not necessary to have a file that has the whole set of registers listed. The only restriction is regarding the formatting of the file as given in <u>section 3.3.2</u>.

Note: this page can not be used to download data saved during the comparison process.

To download settings onto device registers, follow the procedure below:

- Browse to select your file (button ①);
- Click on "Load data" button ②.

A message on field ③ and a progress bar will inform about the status of the operation until message "download done!" is seen. The table ④ is updated with the current values downloaded at the fly as can be seen on <u>figure 13</u>.

3.2.4 Tools page

This page allows the user to calculate the coherent frequencies values involved of the acquisition process. It gives an indication where the 6 first harmonics are located in the Nyquist zone.

Enter your analog and sampling frequencies in field^①. Indicate the number of samples to be acquired^②, as well as the fixed parameter for the coherency calculation (Fs in our example above^③). Press "UPDATE GRAPH" to look at the frequency plan, it gives also the real Fin frequency (Refer to <u>appendix A.1</u> for more details on coherency calculation):



Note: The level of the harmonics shown does not reproduce the behavior of the ADC; they are only given as indication for location.

3.2.5 Acquisition page

This page will acquire data to evaluate the high dynamic performance of the device:



Fig 13. SW_ADC_1_r02: "Acquisition" page

Before proceeding to any acquisition, the user needs to do the following entries:

- the sampling frequency Fs: 80 Msps in our example (field ①);
- the input frequency Fin: 175 MHz in our example for both ADC channels (field ①);
- the number of samples to be acquired 16384 in our example (field 2);
- indicate whether it is CMOS or LVDS DDR (field ③);
- press the "INITIALIZATION" button ④. It will initialized the HSDC-EXTMOD board:
 - FPGA is ready (red LED is flashing ¼ on and ¾ off);
 - PLL embedded is locked (green LED is on);
- indicate whether Fin or Fs are coherent or not (field (5)):
 - if signals are coherent, selected which Fin or Fs are fixed for the calculation (see <u>appendix A.1</u>);
 - if signals are not coherent, select the window for FFT processing to apply (the Blackman window gives better results).
- press the "ACQUIRE" button (a) to display the results from the FFT processing. The results fields (c) will be updated automatically depending on the display choice using the "Display ..." button ("Display ADC0" or "Display ADC1" or "Display ADC0 & ADC1").
- press "STOP" button to stop acquisition;
- field
 Illows to do FFT averaging over up to 255 trials, suitable for small signal analysis;

Table 6. Dynamic results as stored in a text file Content of file is shown as table format Name Fin Fs Vin ENOB SINAD_C SNR_C SNR_FS SFDR_C SFDR_FS THD H2 H3 H4 H5 H6 (dBFS) (dBc) (MHz) (MHz) -(dBc) (dBFS) (dBc) (dBFS) (dBc) (dBc) (dBc) (dBc) (dBc) (dBc) ADC1410S test ADC0 5.00 122.88 -0.96 11.28 69.79 69.67 70.75 84.62 85.58 -85.27 -104.62 -100.12 -103.67 -86.57 -112.78

Note that ADC0 and ADC1 refer to the acquisition path on the HSDC-EXTMOD board. It corresponds respectively to the bottom and top ADC of the ADC1410S, ADC1210S and ADC1010S series.

Note that while acquisition is running, any other action (ADC SPI programming, quit or refresh) is not possible. Stop acquisition first before proceeding to any other task.

3.2.5.1 FFT spectrum

The first graph to be displayed is the FFT spectrum of the digital pattern acquired:



Fig 14. SW_ADC_1_r02: "Acquisition" page, FFT graph

Press the "Autoscale" button to display the whole content.

3.2.5.2 Reorganized signal

The reorganized signal displays the reconstructed sine wave from coherency calculation corresponding to 1 period of the input signal:



Press the "Autoscale" button to display the whole content.

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3.2.5.3 Unreconstructed signal

The unreconstructed signal displays the unreconstructed sine wave corresponding to the whole number of period being acquired following the coherency rule:

COULDT.	REFRESH	IDT HSDC ADC	acquisition softwa	are			JUIT
ADC14105125 ADC14105125 ADC14105125 ADC14105125 ADC14105125 ADC14105125 ADC14105125 ADC14105125288 Input frequency Fin (max. 600 MHz) 5	Acquisition Fin and Fs are: Fixed is: Fs	d Registers ADC - Load Registers coherent (Hz) Select window ty 22,866-62E + No window		fo	ax. 255 trial	s)	
Number of samples	ACQUIRE FFT Spectrum Reorganized Signal	Display ADC0 Unreconstructed Signal Histogram	Autoscale				
⊙ CMOS				Item	ADC	Unit	
OLVDS	16000 -			ADC Digitized signal			
101100				Frequency	5.000	MHz	
	14000 -			Amplitude	-0.938	dBFS	
				ADC AC parameters		10	
	12000 -			SNR	70.07	dBc dBFS	
				SNR SINAD	71.01	dBF5 dBc	
INITIALIZATION	10000 -			ENOB	69.83 11.31	bits	
	ğ			SEDR	85.27	dBc	
Output log	9000 -			SFDR	86.21	dBFS	
HSDC-EXTMOD found!	Am			THD	-82.47	dBc	
Device ADC1410S125 found! HSDC-EXTMOD is initialized!	6000 -			ADC Harmonics	06.17	GDC	
				H2	-86.998	dBc	
	4000 -			H3	-98.723	dBc	
				H4	-105.150	dBc	
	2000 -			H5	-86.212	dBc	
				H6	-111.776	dBc	
	0-			ADC Code excursion			
	0 10000 200	00 30000 40000 50000	60000 70000	Min	838	codes	
CAUS CETTING		Code		Max	15554	codes	
SAVE SETTINGS			10 K)	Mean	8195.81	codes	
DECTODE CETTINCE							
RESTORE SETTINGS		Zoom tool					

Press the "Autoscale" button to display the whole content.

Use the zoom tool to observe in more details all the captured data.

3.2.5.4 Histogram

The histogram graph shows the distribution of output codes. This graph shows which code is present and if there is any missing code in the conversion range:



Press the "Autoscale" button to display the whole content.

The table shows the range of output codes.

3.2.6 Info page

This page will give practical information related to software and hardware settings:

OPDIDT.	IDT HSDC ADC acquisition software	QUIT
Device detected: ACUMUSTS CALL Resolution 14 35 35 322.88 322.8	ADC - Functional Registers ADC - Load Registers Tools Acquisition Tofi HSDC-EXIMODD serial number: 222 ()	

The information visible on this page are:

- board serial number ①;
- HSDC software release number 2;
- HSDC-EXTMOD dll version 3;
- HSDC-EXTMOD vhdl version @;
- HSDC-EXTMOD supply status (5);
- HSDC-EXTMOD clock capability and status version 6;
- HSDC-EXTMOD memory capability ⑦.

4. Appendix A.1: coherency calculation

The coherency relies on the fact that clock and analog input signal are synchronized and the first and last samples being captured are adjoining samples: it ensures a continuous digitized time process for the FFT processing.

To achieve this, one has to follow the equation:

where M is an odd integer acquired and N the

 $\frac{F_{in}}{F_s} = \frac{M}{N}$ equal to the number of periods being number of samples acquired.

With Fin, Fs and N known, M has to be chosen such that it follows the equation above. To do this iterative calculation, one has to decide whether Fin or Fs is fixed.

To illustrate this process, let's consider our current example with Fin = 5 MHz, Fs = 122.88Msps and N = 65536 samples acquired:

- if Fin is fixed, this leads to M = 2667 periods of input signal to be acquired and a real sampling frequency to be Fs = 122.864642 MHz;
- If Fs is fixed, this leads to M = 2667 periods of input signal to be acquired and a real input frequency to be Fin = 5.000625 MHz.

Those values needs to be programmed in the signal generator and clock generator before capture is done, otherwise the FFT calculation will lead to a non-coherent result as shown below:



Fig 19. SW_ADC_1_r02: "Acquisition" page, non-coherent capture example

The numbers given for SNR, SFDR are completely wrong if coherency is not respected.

5. Notes

For more information or sales office addresses, please visit: <u>http://www.idt.com</u>.

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