

## Description

The XP devices are ultra-low phase noise quartz-based PLL oscillators supporting a large range of frequencies and output interface types. These devices are designed to operate at three different power supplies and are available in three package sizes with several pinout configurations, as well as three operational temperature ranges.

The XP devices can be programmed to generate an output frequency from 15MHz to 2100MHz with a resolution as low as 1Hz accuracy. The configuration capability of this family of devices allows for fast delivery times for both sample and large production orders.

Parts are for one time programming (OTP) at the factory for a fixed frequency application, or can be field programmable using I2C, based on system needs (see note 1 under Pin Descriptions).

## Features

- Output types: LVDS, LVPECL, CML
  - Frequency range: 15MHz to 2100MHz
- Output type: HCSSL
  - Frequency range: 15MHz to 725MHz
- Supply voltage options: 1.8V, 2.5V, or 3.3V
- Phase jitter (12kHz to 20MHz): 120fs typical
- Package options:
  - 7.0 × 5.0 × 1.7 mm
  - 5.0 × 3.2 × 1.17 mm
  - 3.2 × 2.5 × 1.07 mm
- Operating temperatures and frequency stability:
  - -40°C to +85°C, ±25ppm
  - -40°C to +105°C, ±50ppm

## Pin Assignments

Figure 1. 7.0 × 5.0 mm, 5.0 × 3.2 mm, and 3.2 × 2.5 mm Packages

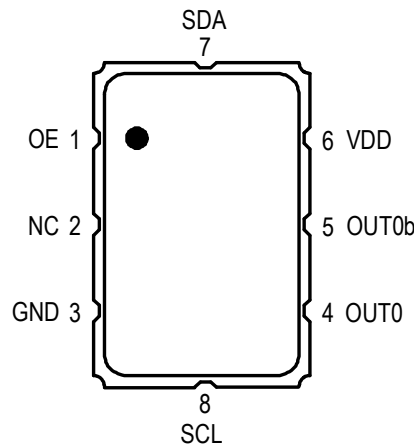


Table 1. Pin Descriptions

Pin #	Pin Name	Description
1	OE	Output Enable (0 = output disabled, pulled high internally)
2	NC	No connect
3	GND	Connect to ground
4	OUT0	Output
5	OUT0b	Complementary output
6	V <sub>DD</sub>	Supply voltage
7	SDA <sup>1</sup>	Serial data
8	SCL <sup>1</sup>	Serial clock

<sup>1</sup> Pins 7 and 8 are no connect for non-I2C applications.

See [Ordering Information](#) for more details.

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## Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses above the ratings listed below can cause permanent damage to the device. These ratings, which are standard values for Renesas commercially rated parts, are stress ratings only. Functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods can affect product reliability. Electrical parameters are guaranteed only over the recommended operating temperature range. Thermal characteristics, in actual applications, should be assessed case by case to guarantee junction temperature does not exceed 125°C.

**Table 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Item	Rating					
V <sub>DD</sub>	-0.5V to +3.8V					
OE	-0.5V to +3.8V					
Storage Temperature	-55°C to 125°C					
Maximum Junction Temperature	125°C					
Theta J <sub>A</sub> <sup>1</sup>	JD8	75.9 °C/W	JX8	89.6 °C/W	JSW8	97.4 °C/W
Theta J <sub>B</sub> <sup>1</sup>		48.6 °C/W		54.3 °C/W		66.8 °C/W

<sup>1</sup> Thermal characteristics are based on simulation in standard condition.

## ESD Compliance

**Table 3. ESD Compliance**

Human Body Model (HBM)	2000V
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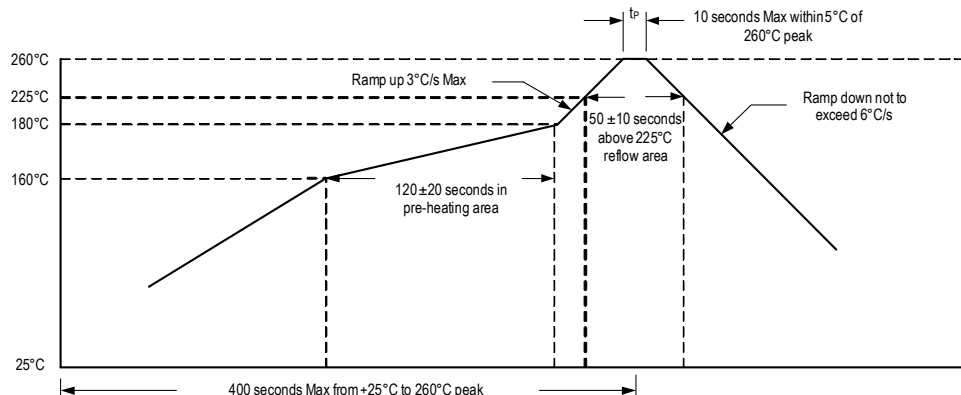
## Mechanical Testing

**Table 4. Mechanical Testing \***

Parameter	Test Method
Mechanical Shock	Half-sine wave with 0.3ms 3000G. X, Y, Z each direction 1 time.
Mechanical Vibration	Frequency: 10 to 55MHz amplitude: 1.5mm. Frequency: 55–2000Hz peak value: 20G. Duration time: 4H for each X,Y,Z axis; total 12hours.
High Temp Operating Life (HTOL)	1000 hours at 125°C (under power).
Hermetic Seal	Gross leak (air leak test). Fine leak (Helium leak test) He-pressure: 6kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> 2 hours.

\* MSL level does not apply.

## Solder Reflow Profile



## DC Electrical Characteristics

Note for all DC Electrical Characteristics tables: A pull-up resistor from  $V_{DD}$  to OE enables output when pin 1 is left open.

**Table 5. 3.3V IDD DC Electrical Characteristics**

$V_{DD} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$ ,  $T_A = -40^\circ C$  to  $+85^\circ C$ ,  $-40^\circ C$  to  $+105^\circ C$ , typical at 156.25MHz.

Symbol	Parameter	Output Type	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
$I_{DD}$	Current Consumption	LVDS	15MHz to 400MHz.	—	59	67	mA
			400MHz to 2.1GHz.	—	—	85	
		LVPECL	15MHz to 212.5MHz.	—	84	94	
			212MHz to 400MHz.	—	—	110	
			400MHz to 2.1GHz.	—	—	110	
		HCSL	15MHz to 725MHz.	—	74	83	
		CML	15MHz to 2.1GHz.	—	45	61	

**Table 6. 2.5V IDD DC Electrical Characteristics**

$V_{DD} = 2.5V \pm 5\%$ ,  $T_A = -40^\circ C$  to  $+85^\circ C$ ,  $-40^\circ C$  to  $+105^\circ C$ , typical at 156.25MHz.

Symbol	Parameter	Output Type	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
$I_{DD}$	Current Consumption	LVDS	15MHz to 400MHz.	—	59	66	mA
			400MHz to 2.1GHz.	—	—	85	
		LVPECL	15MHz to 156.25MHz.	—	84	94	
			156.25MHz to 400MHz.	—	—	110	
			400MHz to 2.1GHz.	—	—	110	
		HCSL	15MHz to 400MHz.	—	—	95	
			400MHz to 725MHz.	—	74	82	
		CML	15MHz to 2.1GHz.	—	54	61	

**Table 7. 1.8V IDD DC Electrical Characteristics**

$V_{DD} = 1.8V \pm 5\%$ ,  $T_A = -40^\circ C$  to  $+85^\circ C$ ,  $-40^\circ C$  to  $+105^\circ C$ , typical at 156.25MHz.

Symbol	Parameter	Output Type	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
$I_{DD}$	Current Consumption	LVDS	15MHz to 400MHz.	—	59	66	mA
			400MHz to 2.1GHz.	—	—	85	
		LVPECL	15MHz to 250MHz.	—	84	93	
			250MHz to 2.1GHz.	—	—	110	
		HCSL	15MHz to 400MHz.	—	—	95	
			400MHz to 725MHz.	—	74	81	
		CML	15MHz to 2.1GHz.	—	54	61	

**Table 8. LVCMOS DC Electrical Characteristics**

$V_{DD} = 3.3V, 2.5V, 1.8V \pm 5\%$ ,  $T_A = -40^\circ C$  to  $+85^\circ C$ ,  $-40^\circ C$  to  $+105^\circ C$ , typical at 156.25MHz.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
$V_{IH}$	Input High Voltage (OE pin only)	$V_{DD} = 3.3V, 2.5V, 1.8V \pm 5\%$	$0.7 \times V_{DD}$	—	$V_{DD} + 0.3$	V
$V_{IL}$	Input Low Voltage (OE pin only)	$V_{DD} = 3.3V, 2.5V, 1.8V \pm 5\%$	$GND - 0.3$	—	$0.3 \times V_{DD}$	V

**Table 9. LVDS DC Electrical Characteristics**

$V_{DD} = 3.3V, 2.5V, 1.8V \pm 5\%$ ,  $T_A = -40^\circ C$  to  $+85^\circ C$ ,  $-40^\circ C$  to  $+105^\circ C$ , typical at 156.25MHz.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
$V_{OD}$	Differential Output Voltage	$V_{DD} = 3.3V, 2.5V, 1.8V \pm 5\%$	0.30	0.44	0.60	V
$V_{OS}$	Output Offset Voltage	$V_{DD} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$	1.11	1.26	1.41	
		$V_{DD} = 2.5V \pm 5\%$	1.08	1.25	1.41	
		$V_{DD} = 1.8V \pm 5\%$	0.75	0.88	1.01	

**Table 10. LVPECL DC Electrical Characteristics**

$V_{DD} = 3.3V, 2.5V, 1.8V \pm 5\%$ ,  $T_A = -40^\circ C$  to  $+85^\circ C$ ,  $-40^\circ C$  to  $+105^\circ C$ , typical at 156.25MHz.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
$V_{OH}$	Output High Voltage	$V_{DD} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$ .	2.28	2.49	2.72	V
		$V_{DD} = 2.5V \pm 5\%$ .	1.52	1.69	1.87	
		$V_{DD} = 1.8V \pm 5\%$ .	0.83	0.96	1.11	
$V_{OL}$	Output Low Voltage	$V_{DD} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$ .	1.68	1.84	2.01	
		$V_{DD} = 2.5V \pm 5\%$ .	0.92	1.04	1.17	
		$V_{DD} = 1.8V \pm 5\%$ .	0.19	0.30	0.42	

**Table 11. HCSL DC Electrical Characteristics**

$V_{DD} = 3.3V, 2.5V, 1.8V \pm 5\%$ ,  $T_A = -40^\circ C$  to  $+85^\circ C$ ,  $-40^\circ C$  to  $+105^\circ C$ , typical at 156.25MHz.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
$V_{OH}$	Output High Voltage	$V_{DD} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$ .	0.78	0.92	1.07	V
		$V_{DD} = 2.5V \pm 5\%$ .	0.74	0.88	1.03	
		$V_{DD} = 1.8V \pm 5\%$ .	0.67	0.81	0.95	
$V_{OL}$	Output Low Voltage	—	-0.06	0.07	0.20	

**Table 12. CML DC Electrical Characteristics**

$V_{DD} = 3.3V, 2.5V, 1.8V \pm 5\%$ ,  $T_A = -40^\circ C$  to  $+85^\circ C$ ,  $-40^\circ C$  to  $+105^\circ C$ , typical at 156.25MHz.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
$V_{OH}$	Output High Voltage	$V_{DD} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$ .	3.09	3.26	3.43	V
		$V_{DD} = 2.5V \pm 5\%$ .	2.33	2.46	2.59	
		$V_{DD} = 1.8V \pm 5\%$ .	1.66	1.76	1.85	
$V_{OL}$	Output Low Voltage	$V_{DD} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$ .	2.70	2.85	3.00	V
		$V_{DD} = 2.5V \pm 5\%$ .	1.95	2.06	2.17	
		$V_{DD} = 1.8V \pm 5\%$ .	1.30	1.37	1.45	

**Table 13. DC Electrical Characteristics – Leakage Current**

$V_{DD} = 3.3V, 2.5V, 1.8V \pm 5\%$ ,  $T_A = -40^\circ C$  to  $+85^\circ C$ ,  $-40^\circ C$  to  $+105^\circ C$ , typical at 156.25MHz.

Symbol	Parameter	Input	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
$I_{IH}$	Input Leakage High	OE	$V_{DD} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$ .	-5	0.81	5	$\mu A$
		SCLK		-5	1.36	5	
		SDATA		-5	1.44	5	
$I_{IL}$	Input Leakage Low	OE	$V_{DD} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$ .	-20	-17.44	-14	$\mu A$
		SCLK		-37	-33.49	-30	
		SDATA		-20	-17.02	-14	

## AC Electrical Characteristics

Notes for all AC Electrical Characteristics tables:

1. A pull-up resistor from  $V_{DD}$  to OE enables output when pin 1 is left open.
2. Installation should include a  $0.01\mu\text{F}$  bypass capacitor placed between  $V_{DD}$  and GND to minimize power supply line noise.

**Table 14. 3.3V AC Electrical Characteristics**

$V_{DD} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$ ,  $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $-40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+105^\circ\text{C}$ .

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition		Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
F	Output Frequency Range	LVDS, LVPECL, CML.		15	—	2100	MHz
		HCSL.		15	—	725	
	Frequency Stability	Temperature = $-40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$ .		—	—	$\pm 25$	ppm
		Temperature = $-40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+105^\circ\text{C}$ .		—	—	$\pm 50$	ppm
	Frequency Tolerance (25°C)	Temperature = $25^\circ\text{C}$ .		-15	$\pm 10$	-15	ppm
	Aging (1st year)	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ .		—	—	$\pm 3$	ppm
	Aging (10 years)	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ .		—	—	$\pm 10$	ppm
	Output Load	LVDS.	Differential.	—	100	—	$\Omega$
		LVPECL.	$V_{DD} - 2.0V$ .	—	50	—	
		HCSL.	To GND.	—	50	—	
$T_{ST}$	Start-up Time	Output valid time after $V_{DD}$ meets minimum specified level.		—	5	—	ms
$t_R$	Output Rise Time	LVDS.	20% – 80%, 156.25MHz	—	299	400	ps
		LVPECL.		—	287	400	
		HCSL.		—	306	400	
		CML		—	301	400	
$t_F$	Output Fall Time	LVDS.	80% – 20%, 156.25MHz	—	279	400	ps
		LVPECL.		—	274	400	
		HCSL.		—	284	400	
		CML		—	279	400	
$O_{DC}$	Output Clock Duty Cycle	LVDS.	156.25MHz	45	—	55	%
		LVPECL.	156.25MHz	45	—	55	
		HCSL.	156.25MHz	45	—	55	
		CML	156.25MHz	45	—	55	
$T_{OE}$	Output Enable/Disable Time	—	—	—	1	—	ms

**Table 15. 2.5V AC Electrical Characteristics**

$V_{DD} = 2.5V \pm 5\%$ ,  $T_A = -40^\circ C$  to  $+85^\circ C$ ,  $-40^\circ C$  to  $+105^\circ C$ .

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition		Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
F	Output Frequency Range	LVDS, LVPECL, CML.		15	—	2100	MHz
		HCSL.		15	—	725	
	Frequency Stability	Temperature = $-40^\circ C$ to $+85^\circ C$ .		—	—	$\pm 25$	ppm
		Temperature = $-40^\circ C$ to $+105^\circ C$ .		—	—	$\pm 50$	ppm
	Frequency Tolerance ( $25^\circ C$ )	Temperature = $25^\circ C$ .		-15	$\pm 10$	+15	ppm
	Aging (1st year)	$T_A = 25^\circ C$ .		—	—	$\pm 3$	
	Aging (10 years)	$T_A = 25^\circ C$ .		—	—	$\pm 10$	
	Output Load	LVDS.	Differential.	—	100	—	$\Omega$
		LVPECL.	$V_{DD} - 2.0V$ .	—	50	—	
		HCSL.	$T_o$ GND.	—	50	—	
$T_{ST}$	Start-up Time	Output valid time after $V_{DD}$ meets minimum specified level.		—	5	—	ms
$t_R$	Output Rise Time	LVDS.	20% – 80%, 156.25MHz	—	303	400	ps
		LVPECL.		—	292	400	
		HCSL.		—	310	400	
		CML		—	304	400	
$t_F$	Output Fall Time	LVDS.	80% – 20%, 156.25MHz	—	282	400	ps
		LVPECL.		—	278	400	
		HCSL.		—	288	400	
		CML		—	281	400	
$O_{DC}$	Output Clock Duty Cycle	LVDS.	156.25MHz	45	—	55	%
		LVPECL.	156.25MHz	45	—	55	
		HCSL.	156.25MHz	45	—	55	
		CML	156.25MHz	45	—	55	
$T_{OE}$	Output Enable/Disable Time	—	—	—	1	—	ms



**Table 16. 1.8V AC Electrical Characteristics**

$V_{DD} = 1.8V \pm 5\%$ ,  $T_A = -40^\circ C$  to  $+85^\circ C$ ,  $-40^\circ C$  to  $+105^\circ C$ .

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition		Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
F	Output Frequency Range	LVDS, LVPECL, CML.		15	—	2100	MHz
		HCSL.		15	—	725	
	Frequency Stability	Temperature = $-40^\circ C$ to $+85^\circ C$ .		—	—	$\pm 25$	ppm
		Temperature = $-40^\circ C$ to $+105^\circ C$ .		—	—	$\pm 50$	ppm
	Frequency Tolerance (25°C)	Temperature = $25^\circ C$ .		-15	$\pm 10$	+15	ppm
	Aging (1st year)	$T_A = 25^\circ C$ .		—	—	$\pm 3$	
	Aging (10 years)	$T_A = 25^\circ C$ .		—	—	$\pm 10$	
	Output Load	LVDS.	Differential.	—	100	—	$\Omega$
		LVPECL, HCSL.	To GND.	—	50	—	
$T_{ST}$	Start-up Time	Output valid time after $V_{DD}$ meets minimum specified level.		—	5	—	ms
$t_R$	Output Rise Time	LVDS.	20% – 80%, 156.25MHz	—	311	450	ps
		LVPECL.		—	312	450	
		HCSL.		—	316	450	
		CML		—	313	450	
$t_F$	Output Fall Time	LVDS.	80% – 20%, 156.25MHz	—	290	450	ps
		LVPECL.		—	297	450	
		HCSL.		—	294	450	
		CML		—	289	450	
$O_{DC}$	Output Clock Duty Cycle	LVDS.	156.25MHz	45	—	55	%
		LVPECL.	156.25MHz	45	—	55	
		HCSL.	156.25MHz	45	—	55	
		CML	156.25MHz	45	—	55	
$T_{OE}$	Output Enable/Disable Time	—	—	—	1	—	ms

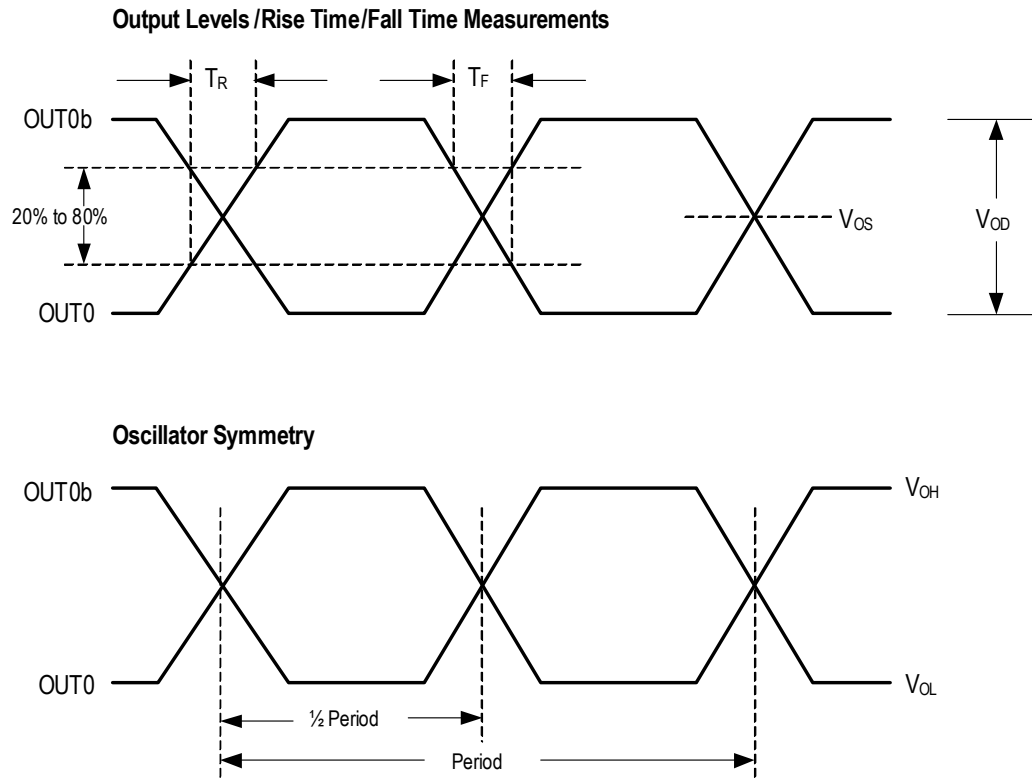
**Table 17. Phase Jitter Characteristics**

$V_{DD} = 3.3V, 2.5V, 1.8V \pm 5\%$ ,  $T_A = -40^\circ C$  to  $+85^\circ C$ ,  $-40^\circ C$  to  $+105^\circ C$ .

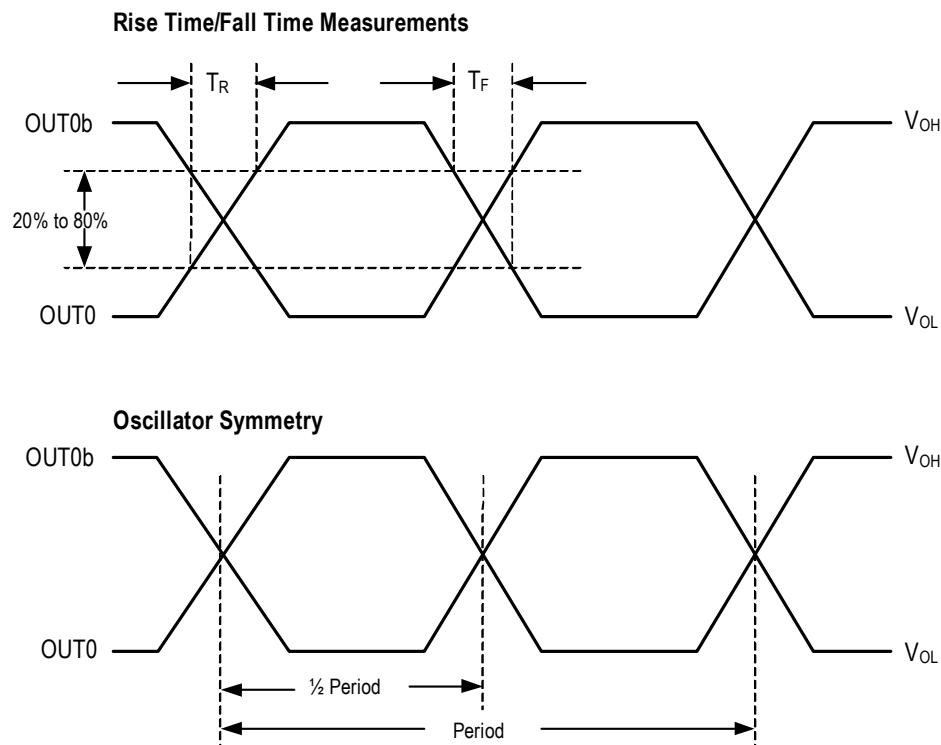
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
$f_{JITTER}$	Phase Jitter (12kHz – 20MHz)	250.00MHz	—	115	—	fsec
		312.50MHz	—	125	—	fsec
		625.00MHz	—	123	—	fsec
		644.53MHz	—	120	—	fsec

## Output Waveforms

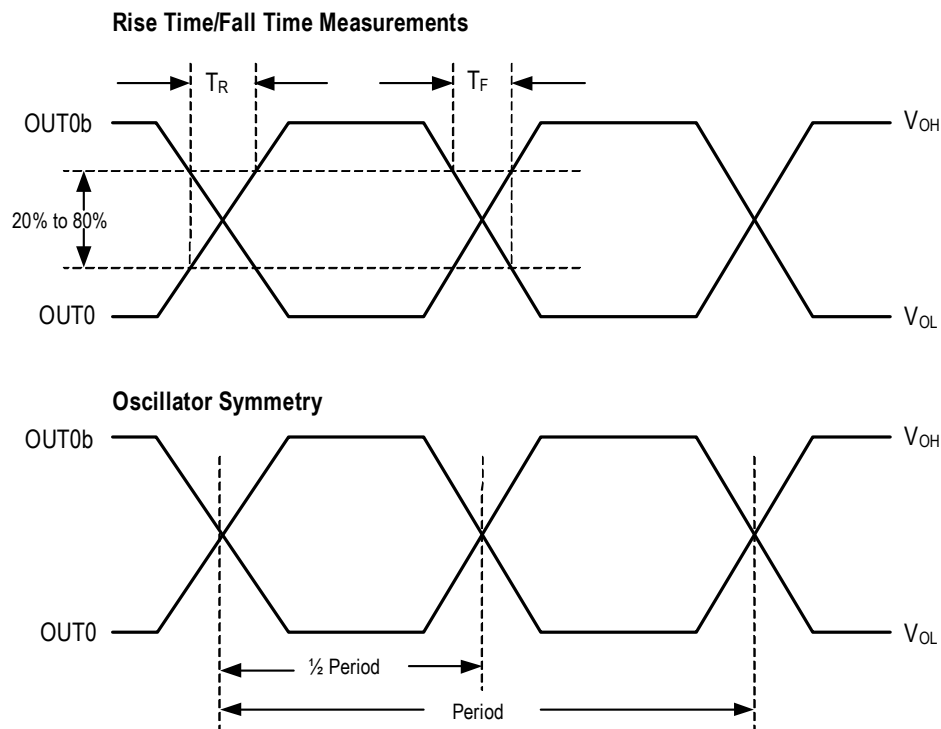
**Figure 2. LVDS Output Waveforms**



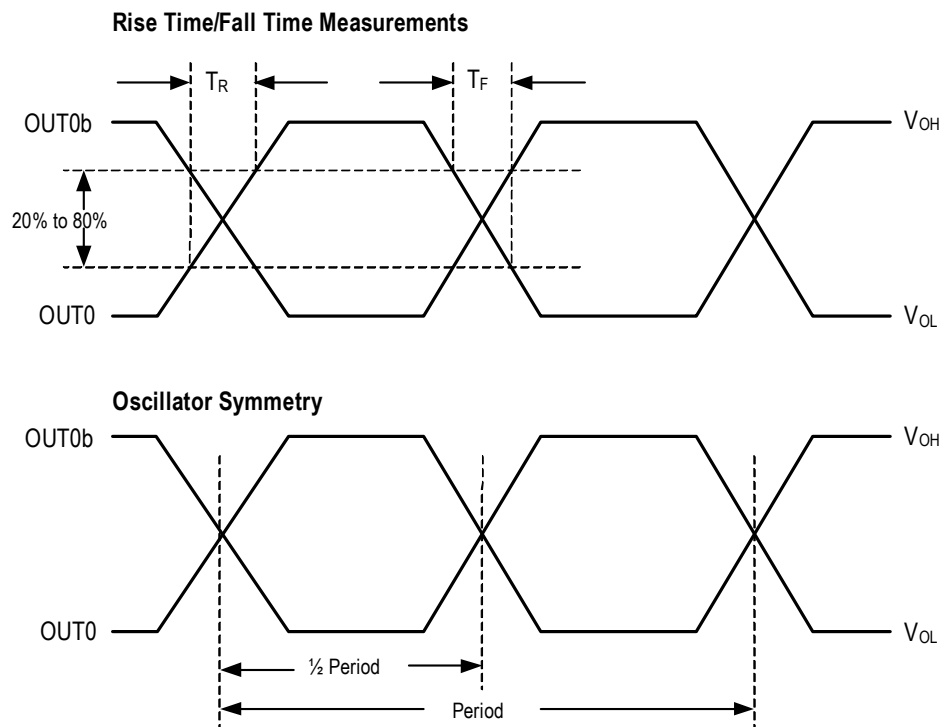
**Figure 3. LVPECL Output Waveforms**



**Figure 4. HCSL Output Waveforms**



**Figure 5. CML Output Waveforms**

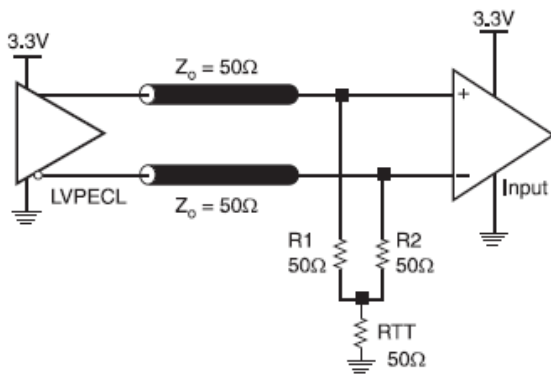


## Termination for 3.3V LVPECL Outputs

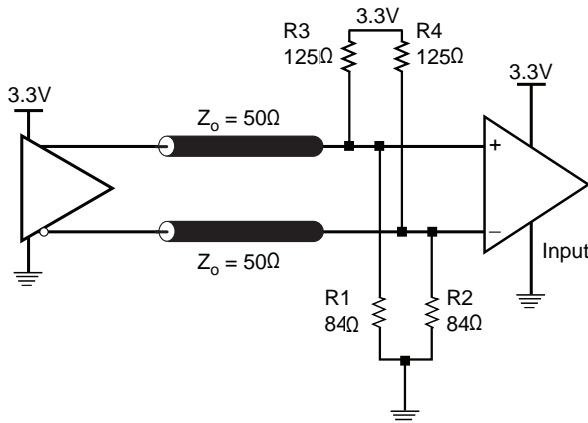
The clock layout topology shown below is a typical termination for LVPECL outputs. The two different layouts mentioned are recommended only as guidelines.

The differential output is a low impedance follower output that generate ECL/LVPECL compatible outputs. Therefore, terminating resistors (DC current path to ground) or current sources must be used for functionality. These outputs are designed to drive 50Ω transmission lines. Matched impedance techniques should be used to maximize operating frequency and minimize signal distortion. [Figure 6](#) and [Figure 7](#) show two different layouts which are recommended only as guidelines. Other suitable clock layouts may exist and it would be recommended that the board designers simulate to guarantee compatibility across all printed circuit and clock component process variations.

**Figure 6. 3.3V LVPECL Output Termination**



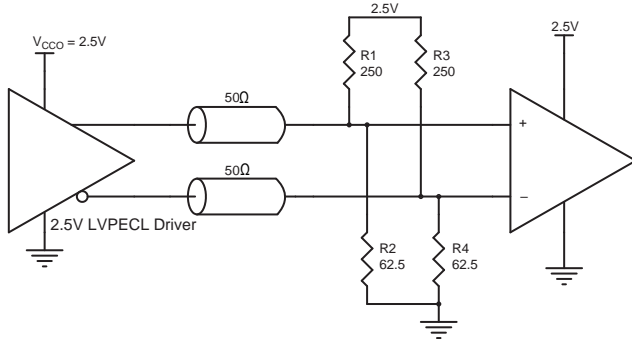
**Figure 7. 3.3V LVPECL Output Termination**



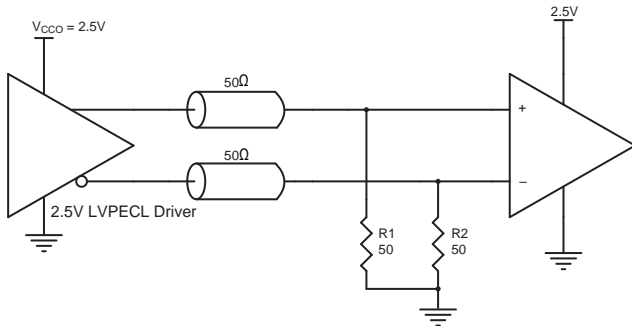
## Termination for 2.5V LVPECL Outputs

Figure 8 and Figure 9 show examples of termination for 2.5V LVPECL driver. These terminations are equivalent to terminating 50Ω to  $V_{CC0} - 2V$ . For  $V_{CC0} = 2.5V$ , the  $V_{CC0} - 2V$  is very close to ground level. The R3 in Figure 9 can be eliminated and the termination is shown in Figure 10.

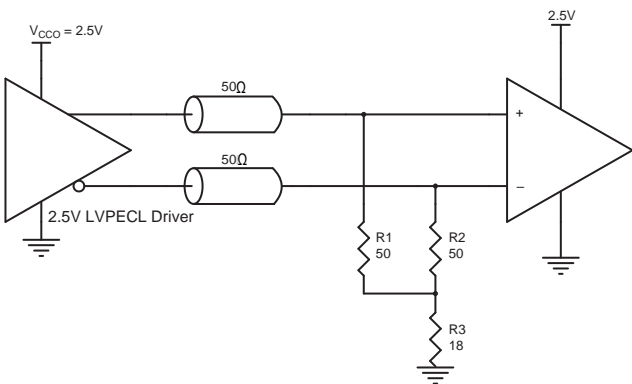
**Figure 8. 2.5V LVPECL Driver Termination Example**



**Figure 9. 2.5V LVPECL Driver Termination Example**



**Figure 10. 2.5V LVPECL Driver Termination Example**

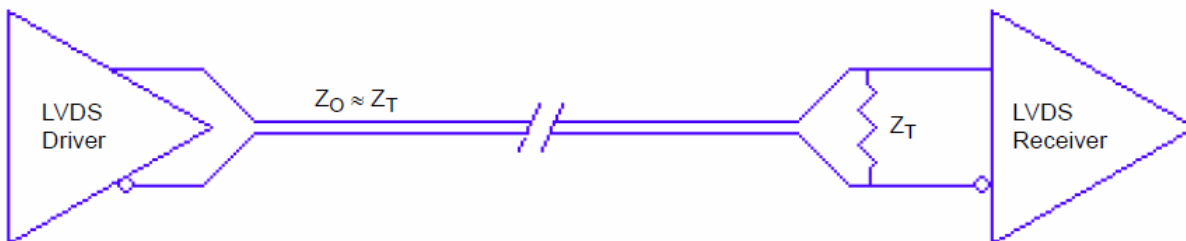


## LVDS Driver Termination

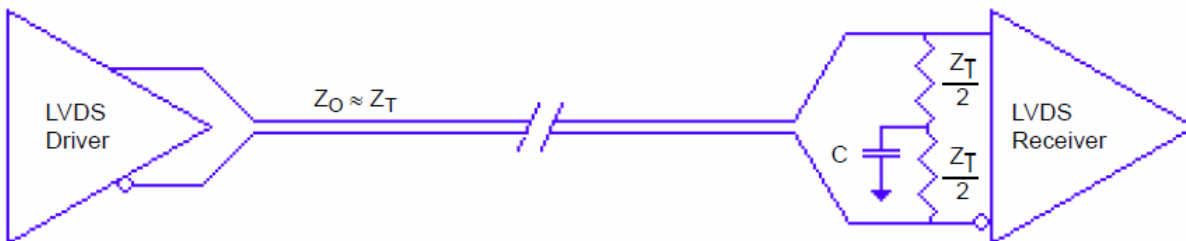
For a general LVDS interface, the recommended value for the termination impedance ( $Z_T$ ) is between  $90\Omega$  and  $132\Omega$ . The actual value should be selected to match the differential impedance ( $Z_0$ ) of your transmission line. A typical point-to-point LVDS design uses a  $100\Omega$  parallel resistor at the receiver and a  $100\Omega$  differential transmission-line environment. In order to avoid any transmission-line reflection issues, the components should be surface mounted and must be placed as close to the receiver as possible. Renesas offers a full line of LVDS compliant devices with two types of output structures: current source and voltage source.

The standard termination schematic as shown in Figure 11 can be used with either type of output structure. Figure 12, which can also be used with both output types, is an optional termination with center tap capacitance to help filter common mode noise. The capacitor value should be approximately  $50\text{pF}$ . If using a non-standard termination, it is recommended to contact Renesas and confirm if the output structure is current source or voltage source type. In addition, since these outputs are LVDS compatible, the input receiver's amplitude and common-mode input range should be verified for compatibility with the output.

**Figure 11. Standard LVDS Termination**



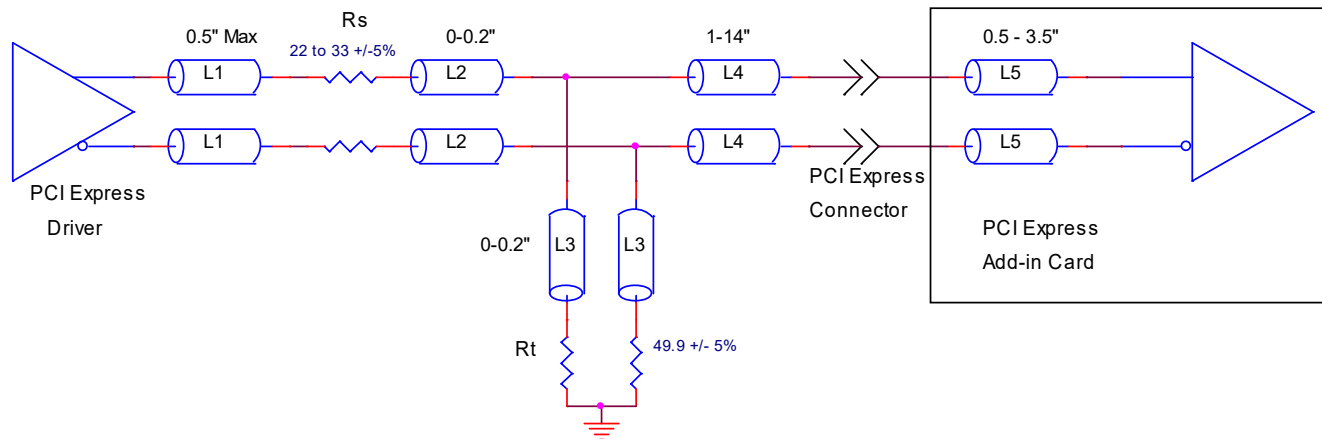
**Figure 12. Optional LVDS Termination**



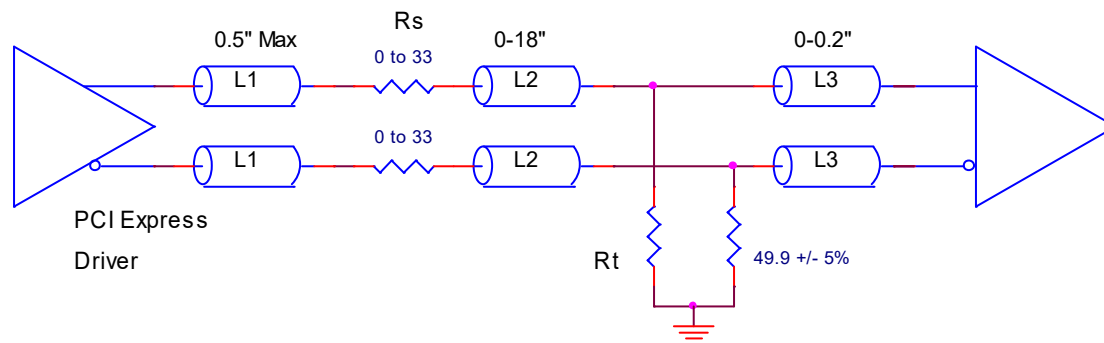
## Recommended Termination for HCSL Outputs

Figure 13 is the recommended source termination for applications where the driver and receiver will be on a separate PCBs. This termination is the standard for PCI Express™ and HCSL output types. All traces should be 50Ω impedance single-ended or 100Ω differential. Figure 14 is the recommended termination for applications where a point-to-point connection can be used. A point-to-point connection contains both the driver and the receiver on the same PCB. With a matched termination at the receiver, transmission-line reflections will be minimized. In addition, a series resistor (Rs) at the driver offers flexibility and can help dampen unwanted reflections. The optional resistor can range from 0Ω to 33Ω. All traces should be 50Ω impedance single-ended or 100Ω differential.

**Figure 13. Recommended Source Termination (where the driver and receiver will be on separate PCBs)**



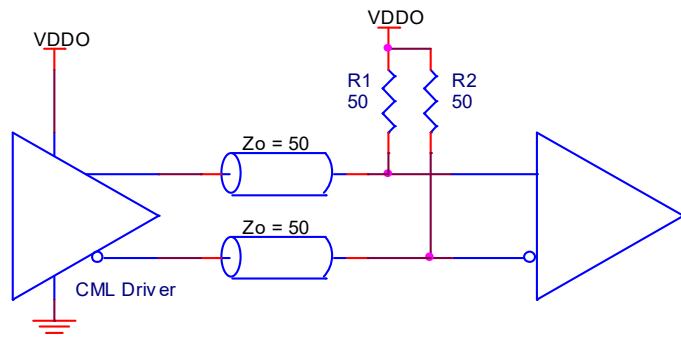
**Figure 14. Recommended Termination (where a point-to-point connection can be used)**



## CML Termination

Figure 15 shows an example of the termination for a CML driver. In this example, the transmission line characteristic impedance is 50Ω. The R1 and R2 50Ω matched load terminations are pulled up to VDDO. The matched loads are located close to the receiver.

**Figure 15. CML Termination Example**



## Package Outline Drawings

The package outline drawings are appended at the end of this document and are accessible from the link below. The package information is the most current data available.

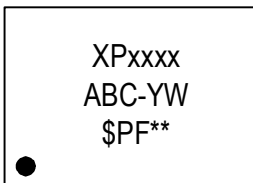
[www.idt.com/document/psc/8-col-package-outline-drawing-70-x-50-x-17-mm-body-254mm-pitch-jd8d1](http://www.idt.com/document/psc/8-col-package-outline-drawing-70-x-50-x-17-mm-body-254mm-pitch-jd8d1)

[www.idt.com/document/psc/clcc-8-package-outline-drawing-50-x-32-x-11-mm-body-127mm-pitch-jx8d1](http://www.idt.com/document/psc/clcc-8-package-outline-drawing-50-x-32-x-11-mm-body-127mm-pitch-jx8d1)

[www.idt.com/document/psc/8-col-package-outline-drawing-32-x-25-x-095-mm-body-jsw8d1](http://www.idt.com/document/psc/8-col-package-outline-drawing-32-x-25-x-095-mm-body-jsw8d1)

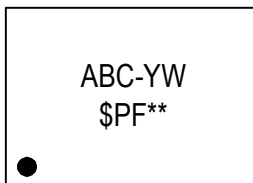
## Marking Diagrams

**Figure 16. Marking Configuration for the 7.0 × 5.0 mm and 5.0 × 3.2 mm Packages**



- Line 1 denotes the truncated part number (e.g., “xxxx” is L726, P516).
- Line 2 indicates the following:
  - “ABC” denotes the truncated first three digits of the frequency code (e.g., 156).
  - “-YW” denotes the last digit of the year and week when the part was assembled.
- Line 3 indicates the following:
  - “\$” denotes the mark location.
  - “PF” is where “P” denotes the package coding number and “F” denotes the frequency coding number.
  - “\*\*” denotes the sequential lot number.

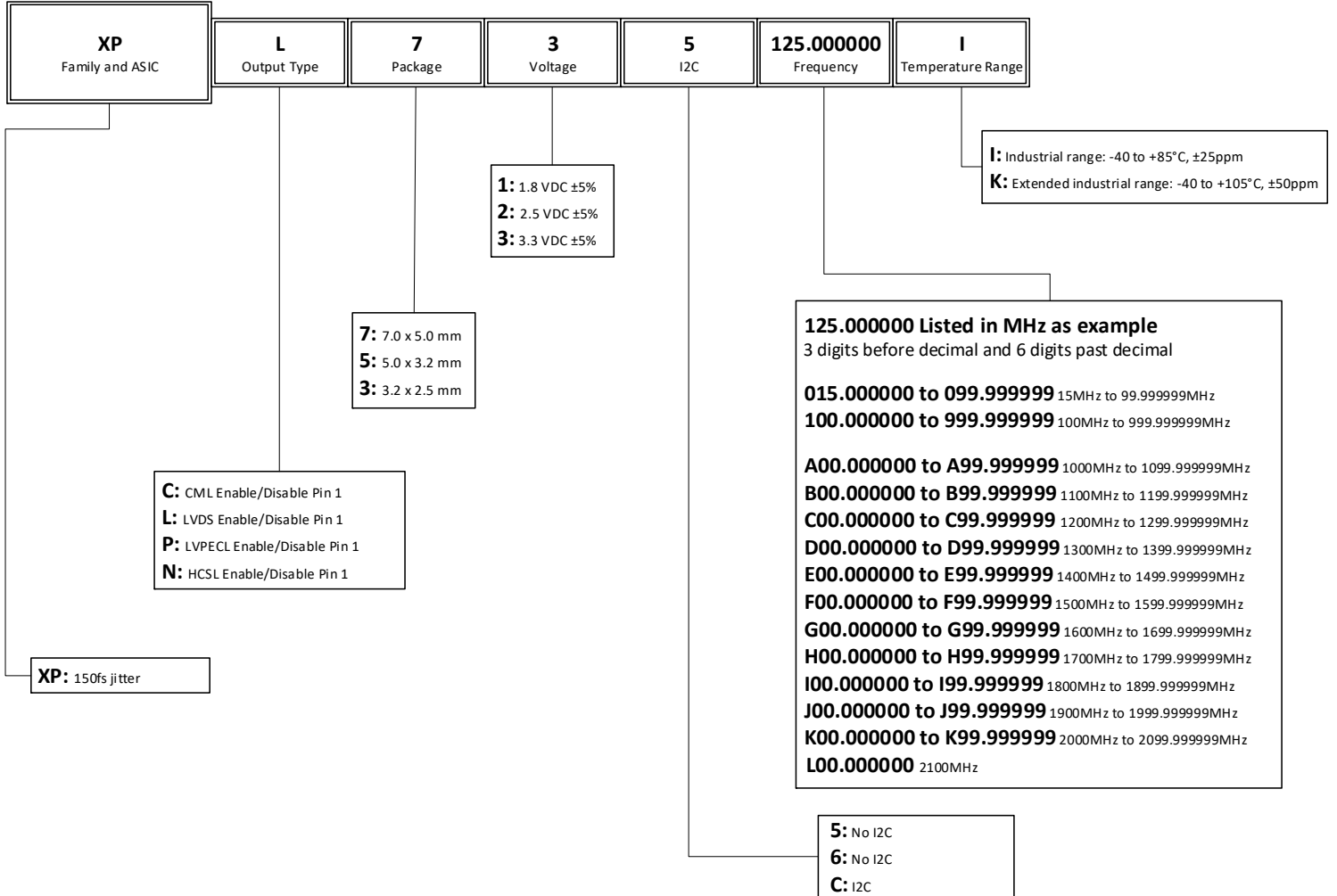
**Figure 17. Marking Configuration for the 3.2 × 2.5 mm Package**



- Line 1 indicates the following:
  - “ABC” denotes the truncated first three digits of the frequency code (e.g., 156).
  - “-YW” denotes the last digit of the year and week when the part was assembled.
- Line 2 indicates the following:
  - “\$” denotes the mark location.
  - “PF” is where “P” denotes the package coding number and “F” denotes the frequency coding number.
  - “\*\*” denotes the sequential lot number.

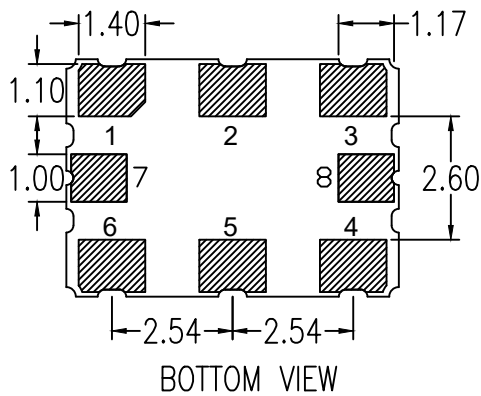
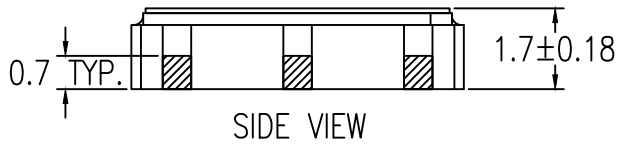
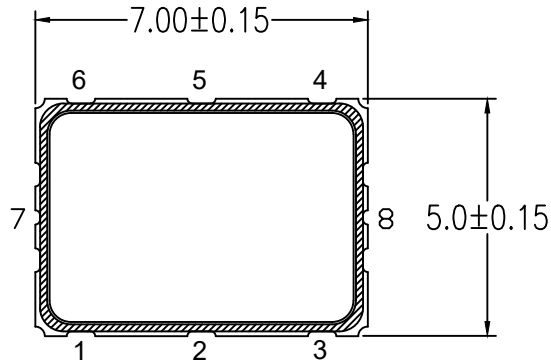


# Ordering Information

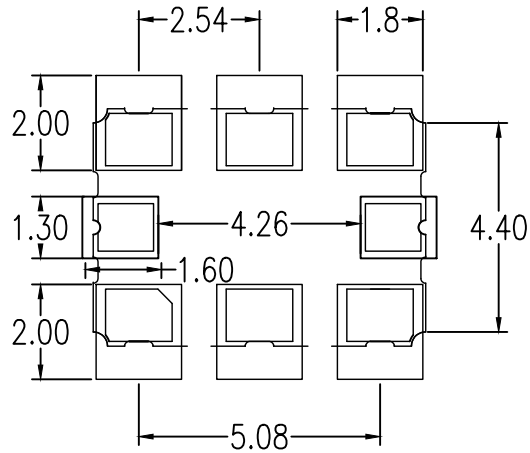


## Revision History

Revision Date	Description of Change
September 21, 2020	Updated ordering code to have I2C (was precision field, which is redundant with temperature field).
July 22, 2019	Updated LVDS Differential Output Voltage minimum from 0.28 to 0.30V.
May 22, 2019	Changed 3.3V, 2.5V, and 1.8V LVPECL current consumption conditions value from 670MHz to 2.1GHz.
April 1, 2019	Initial release.



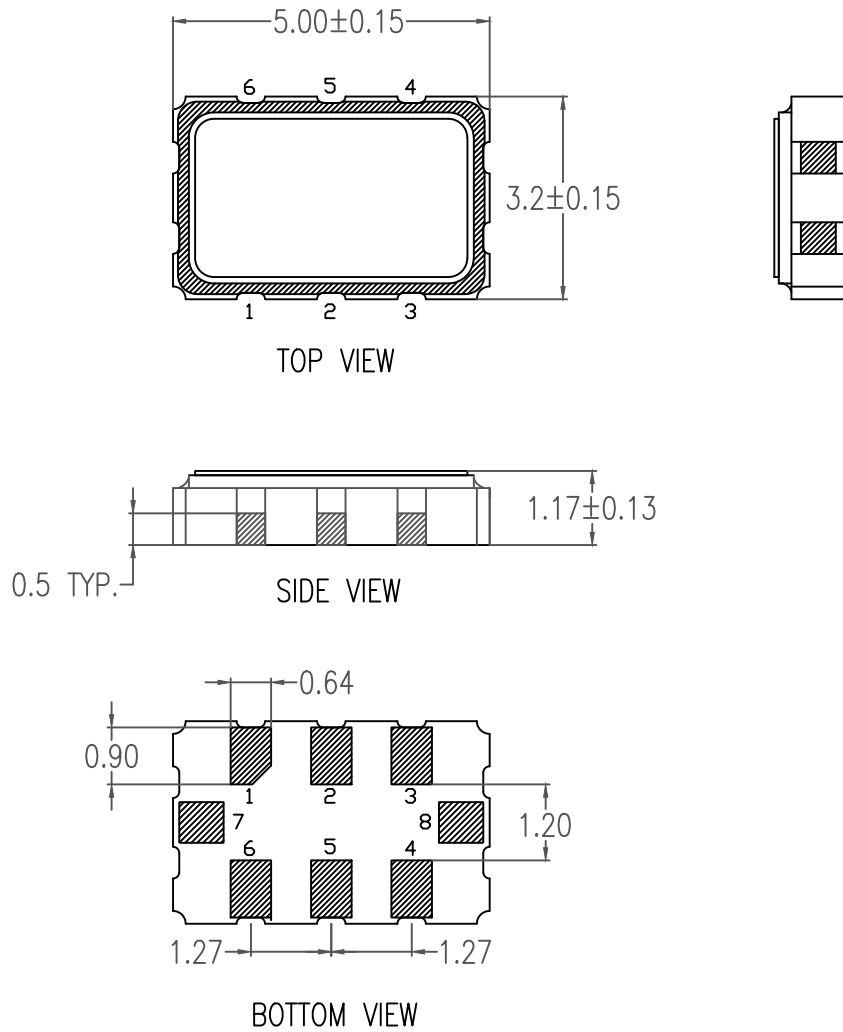
NOTES:  
1. ALL DIMENSIONS IN MM.



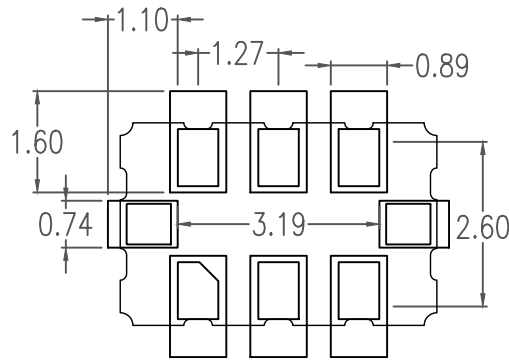
RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN DIMENSION

NOTES: ALL DIMENSION ARE IN MM. ANGLES IN DEGREES.

Package Revision History		
Date Created	Rev No.	Description
March 6, 2019	Rev 01	Update Drawing and Dimensions
Aug. 9, 2018	Rev 00	Initial Release



NOTES:  
1.ALL DIMENSIONS IN MM.

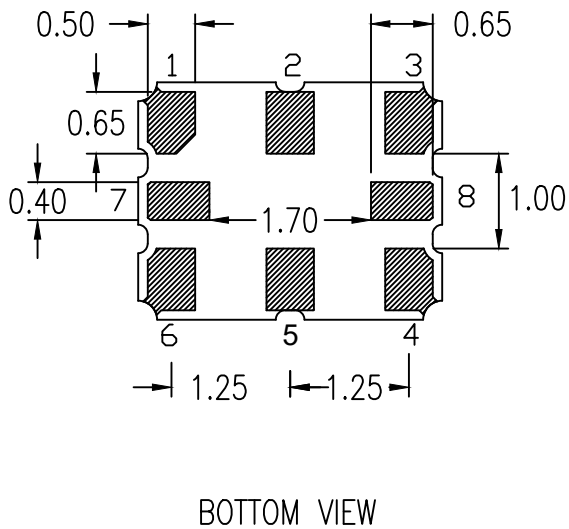
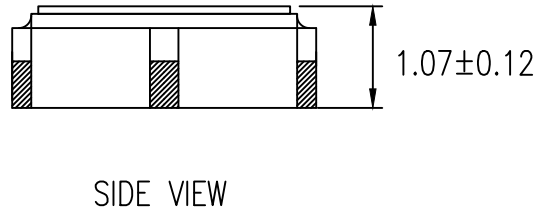
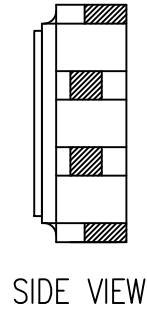
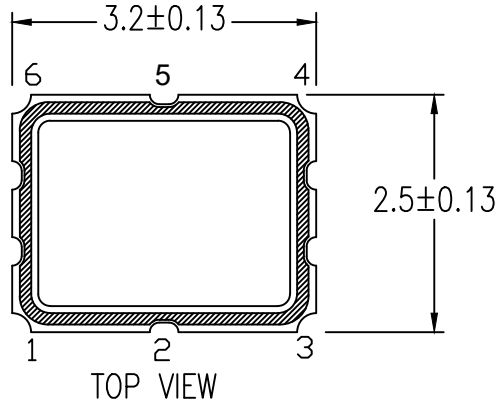


RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN DIMENSIONS

NOTE:

1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MM. ANGLES IN DEGREES
2. LAND PATTERN RECOMMENDATION PER IPC-7351B GENERIC REQUIREMENT FOR SURFACE MOUNT DESIGN AND LAND PATTERN.

Package Revision History		
Date Created	Rev No.	Description
March 6, 2019	Rev 01	Update Drawing and Dimensions
July 13, 2018	Rev 00	Initial Release



NOTES:

1. ALL DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING CONFORM TO ANSI Y14.5M-1982
2. ALL DIMENSION ARE IN MM.





