RENESAS

RL78/G15 RENESAS MCU

R01DS0420EJ0140 Rev.1.40 Apr 15, 2025

True low-power platform, 54- μ A/MHz operating current, T_A = 125°C operation, from 8 to 20 pins, 4 to 8 KB code flash memory, 1 KB RAM, 2.4 to 5.5 V

1. OUTLINE

1.1 Features

Low power consumption technology

- V_{DD} = single power supply voltage of 2.4 to 5.5 V
- HALT mode
- STOP mode

RL78 CPU core

- CISC architecture with 3-stage pipeline
- Minimum instruction execution time: Can be changed from high speed (0.0625 µs: @ 16 MHz operation with high-speed on-chip oscillator) to low speed (1.0 µs: @ 1 MHz operation)
- Address space: 1 MB
- General-purpose registers: (8-bit register × 8) × 4 banks
- On-chip RAM: 1 KB

Code flash memory

- Code flash memory: 4 to 8 KB
- Block size: 1 KB
- Only write after erase is possible
- On-chip debug function
- Self-programming (with no boot swap function/flash shield window function)

Data flash memory

- Data flash memory: 1 KB
- Block size: 512 B
- Unit of rewrites: 32 bits
- Background operation (BGO) is not supported (instructions cannot be executed from the code flash memory while rewriting the data flash memory)
- Number of rewrites: 1,000,000 times (TYP.)
- Voltage of rewrites: V_{DD} = 2.4 to 5.5 V

High-speed on-chip oscillator

 Select from 16 MHz, 8 MHz, 4 MHz, 2 MHz, and 1 MHz

- Frequency accuracy ±1.0%
 - $(V_{DD} = 2.4 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}, T_A = -20 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C})$
 - (G: Industrial applications, M: Industrial applications)
- Frequency accuracy ±1.5%
 (V_{DD} = 2.4 to 5.5 V, T_A = -40 to -20°C)
 (G: Industrial applications, M: Industrial applications)
- Frequency accuracy ±1.5%
 (V_{DD} = 2.4 to 5.5 V, T_A = +85 to +105°C)
 (G: Industrial applications)
- Frequency accuracy ±1.5%

 $(V_{DD} = 2.4 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{ } T_{A} = +85 \text{ to } +125^{\circ}\text{C})$

(M: Industrial applications)

Frequency accuracy ±2.0%
 (V_{DD} = 2.4 to 5.5 V, T_A = -40 to +85°C)
 (A: Consumer applications)

Operating ambient temperature

- T_A = -40 to +85°C (A: Consumer applications)
- T_A = −40 to +105°C (G: Industrial applications)
- $T_A = -40$ to +125°C (M: Industrial applications)

Power management and reset function

 On-chip selectable power-on-reset (SPOR) circuit (Select reset from 3 levels, stop setting is available)

Serial interface

- Simplified SPI (CSI^{Note 1}): 1 to 2 channels
- UART: 1 channel
- Simplified I²C: 1 to 2 channels
- I²C: 1 channel
- Note 1. Although the CSI function is generally called SPI, it is also called CSI in this product, so it is referred to as such in this manual.



Timer

- 16-bit timer: 8 channels
- 12-bit interval timer: 1 channel
- Watchdog timer: 1 channel (operable with the dedicated low-speed on-chip oscillator)

A/D converter

- 8/10-bit resolution A/D converter (V_{DD} = 2.4 to 5.5 V)
- Analog input: 3 to 11 channels
- Internal reference voltage (0.815 V (TYP.))

Comparator

- 1 to 2 channels
- Operation mode: High-speed mode, low-speed mode
- External reference voltage or internal reference voltage can be selected as the reference voltage.

ROM, RAM capacities

I/O port

- I/O port: 6 to 18 (N-ch open drain output [withstand voltage of V_{DD}]: 2 to 9)
- Can be set to N-ch open drain and on-chip pull-up resistor
- External interrupt function: 8 channels
- On-chip clock output/buzzer output controller

Others

 On-chip BCD (binary-coded decimal) correction circuit

Remark The functions mounted depend on the product. See **1.6 Outline of Functions**.

Flash ROM	Data flash	RAM		RL78	/G15	
			8 pins	10 pins	16 pins	20 pins
8 KB	1 KB	1 KB	R5F12008	R5F12018	R5F12048	R5F12068
4 KB	1 KB	1 KB	R5F12007	R5F12017	R5F12047	R5F12067



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1.2 List of Part Numbers

Figure 1-1. Part Number, Memory Size, and Package of RL78/G15



<R> Note 1. The packaging specification of the 20-pin LSSOP products is Tube.



Pin count	Package	Fields of	Ordering Part Numb	er	RENESAS Code	
		Application Note 1	Product Name	Packaging Specifications		
8 pins	8-pin plastic SOP (SOIC)	А	R5F12008ASN	#50, #90	PRSP0008DV-A	
	(3.9 × 4.9 mm, 1.27-mm pitch)	М	R5F12008MSN	-		
8 pins	8-pin plastic WDFN	А	R5F12008ANS, R5F12007ANS	#10, #30,	PWSN0008JG-A	
	(3 × 3 mm, 0.65-mm pitch)	G	R5F12008GNS, R5F12007GNS	#50, #70		
		М	R5F12008MNS, R5F12007MNS	-		
10 pins	10-pin plastic LSSOP	А	R5F12018ASP, R5F12017ASP	#10, #30,	PLSP0010JA-A	
	(4.4 × 3.6 mm, 0.65-mm pitch)	G	R5F12018GSP, R5F12017GSP	#50, #70		
		М	R5F12018MSP, R5F12017MSP			
16 pins	16-pin plastic SSOP	А	R5F12048ASP, R5F12047ASP	#10, #30,	PRSP0016JC-B	
	(4.4 × 5.0 mm, 0.65-mm pitch)	G	R5F12048GSP, R5F12047GSP	#50, #70		
		М	R5F12048MSP, R5F12047MSP	-		
16 pins	16-pin plastic HWQFN	А	R5F12048ANA, R5F12047ANA	#00, #20,	PWQN0016KD-A	
	(3 × 3 mm, 0.5-mm pitch)	G	R5F12048GNA, R5F12047GNA	#40, #60		
		М	R5F12048MNA, R5F12047MNA	-		
20 pins	20-pin plastic LSSOP	A	R5F12068ASP, R5F12067ASP	#30, #50	PLSP0020JB-A	
	(4.4 × 6.5 mm, 0.65-mm pitch)	G	R5F12068GSP, R5F12067GSP]		
		М	R5F12068MSP, R5F12067MSP			
20 pins	20-pin plastic TSSOP	A	R5F12068ASM	#5F, #9F	PTSP0020JI-A	
	(4.4 × 6.5 mm, 0.65-mm pitch)	М	R5F12068MSM	1		

Table 1-1.	List of	Ordering	Part	Numbers
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Note 1. For the fields of application, refer to Figure 1-1 Part Number, Memory Size, and Package of RL78/G15.

Caution The ordering part numbers represent the numbers at the time of publication. For the latest ordering part numbers, refer to the target product page of the Renesas Electronics website.



1.3 Pin Configuration (Top View)

1.3.1 8-pin products

- 8-pin plastic SOP (3.9 × 4.9 mm, 1.27-mm pitch)
- 8-pin plastic WDFN (3 × 3 mm, 0.65-mm pitch)

P40/TOOL0/PCLBUZ0/VCOUT0/INTP2/(TI01/TO01) P125/RESET/INTP1/(VCOUT0) Vss	1 2 3	RL78/G15 (Top View)	7 6	P137/INTP0/TI00 P04/ANI3/IVREF0/INTP3/TI01/TO01/SCK00/SCL00 P03/TOOLTxD/ANI2/IVCMP0/INTP4/TO00/SO00/TxD0/SCLA0/(TI00)
V _{DD}	4	(I)	\vdash	P01/TOOLRxD/ANI0/INTP5/TI02/TO02/SI00/RxD0/SDA00/SDAA0

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Table 1-2.	Multiplexed	Functions of	of 8-pin	Products
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Pin No.	I/O		Ana	log	HMI	Timer	Communicati	ions Interface
8WDFN/ 8SOP	Digital port	Power supply, system, clock, debug	A/D converter	Comparator	Interrupt function	Timer array unit	Serial array unit	Serial interface IICA
1	P40	TOOL0 PCLBUZ0	_	VCOUT0	INTP2	(TI01/TO01)	_	—
2	P125	RESET		(VCOUT0)	INTP1	_	_	—
3	_	V _{SS}	—	—		—	-	—
4	—	V _{DD}	_	—		_		—
5	P01	TOOLRxD	ANIO	—	INTP5	TI02/TO02	SI00/RxD0/ SDA00	SDAA0
6	P03	TOOLTxD	ANI2	IVCMP0	INTP4	(TI00) TO00	SO00/TxD0	SCLA0
7	P04	_	ANI3	IVREF0	INTP3	TI01/TO01	SCK00/SCL00	—
8	P137		_	_	INTP0	T100	_	—

Remark 1. For pin identification, see 1.4 Pin Identification.

Remark 2. Functions in parentheses can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR). Refer to Figure 4-6 Format of Peripheral I/O Redirection Registers 0 to 3 (PIOR0 to PIOR3) in the RL78/G15 User's Manual.



1.3.2 10-pin products

• 10-pin plastic LSSOP (4.4 × 3.6 mm, 0.65-mm pitch)



Pin No.	I/O		Ana	llog	HMI	Timer	Communicati	ions Interface
10LSSOP	Digital port	Power supply, system, clock, debug	A/D converter	Comparator	Interrupt function	Timer array unit	Serial array unit	Serial interface IICA
1	P40	TOOL0 (PCLBUZ0)	_	_	INTP2	(TI01/TO01)	_	—
2	P125	RESET	_	(VCOUT0)	INTP1	_	_	_
3	P137	_		_	INTP0	T100		—
4	_	Vss		_	_			—
5	_	V _{DD}	_	—	—	_	_	—
6	P00	TOOLTxD			INTP6		SO00/TxD0	—
7	P01	TOOLRxD	ANIO		INTP5	TI02/TO02	SI00/RxD0/ SDA00	SDAA0
8	P02	PCLBUZ0	ANI1	VCOUT0	INTP7	(TI01/TO01)	SCK00/SCL00	—
9	P03	_	ANI2	IVCMP0	INTP4	(TI00) TO00	_	SCLA0
10	P04		ANI3	IVREF0	INTP3	TI01/TO01	_	

Table 1-3.	Multiplexed Functions	of 10-pin Products
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Remark 1. For pin identification, see 1.4 Pin Identification.



Remark 2. Functions in parentheses can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR). Refer to Figure 4-6 Format of Peripheral I/O Redirection Registers 0 to 3 (PIOR0 to PIOR3) in the RL78/G15 User's Manual.

1.3.3 16-pin products

• 16-pin plastic SSOP (4.4 × 5.0 mm, 0.65-mm pitch)





• 16-pin plastic HWQFN (3 × 3 mm, 0.5-mm pitch)





Pin	No.	I/O		Ana	alog	HMI	Timer	Communicati	ons Interface
16SSOP	16HWQFN	Digital port	Power supply, system, clock, debug	A/D converter	Comparator	Interrupt function	Timer array unit	Serial array unit	Serial interface IICA
1	15	P41	_	_	_	(INTP4)	TI03/TO03 (TI02/TO02)	—	—
2	16	P40	TOOL0 (PCLBUZ0)	—	_	INTP2	(TI01/TO01)	_	_
3	1	P125	RESET	—	(VCOUT0)	INTP1		—	_
4	2	P137	_	_		INTP0	T100	—	_
5	3	P122	X2 EXCLK	—	_	(INTP2)	TI05/TO05	_	—
6	4	P121	X1	_	-	(INTP3)	TI07/TO07	—	_
7	5		Vss	_				—	_
8	6		V _{DD}	—				—	—
9	7	P00	TOOLTxD	—	_	INTP6	_	SO00/TxD0 (SCK01/SCL01)	(SCLA0)
10	8	P01	TOOLRxD	ANI0	_	INTP5	(TI02/TO02)	SI00/RxD0/ SDA00 (SI01)/(SDA01)	(SDAA0)
11	9	P02	PCLBUZ0	ANI1	VCOUT0	INTP7	(TI01/TO01)	SCK00/SCL00 (SO01)	—
12	10	P03	—	ANI2	IVCMP0	INTP4	(TI00) TO00	(SO00/TxD0)	_
13	11	P04	_	ANI3	IVREF0	INTP3	TI01/TO01	(SI00/RxD0/ SDA00) (SO00/TxD0)	_
14	12	P05	_	ANI4	—	(INTP6)	TI02/TO02	SO01 (SCK00/SCL00) (SI00/RxD0/ SDA00)	_
15	13	P06	(PCLBUZ0)	ANI5	_	(INTP7)	—	SI01/SDA01 (SCK00/SCL00)	SCLA0
16	14	P07	_	ANI6	_	(INTP5)	(TO03)	SCK01/SCL01	SDAA0

Table 1-4. Multiplexed Functions of 16-pin Products

Remark 1. For pin identification, see 1.4 Pin Identification.

Remark 2. Functions in parentheses can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR). Refer to Figure 4-6 Format of Peripheral I/O Redirection Registers 0 to 3 (PIOR0 to PIOR3) in the RL78/G15 User's Manual.

Remark 3. For the product in a QFN package, solder the exposed die pad onto a plated area of the PCB that has no electrical connections.



1.3.4 20-pin products

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• 20-pin plastic LSSOP/TSSOP (4.4 × 6.5 mm, 0.65-mm pitch)



Pin No.	I/O		Analog		HMI	Timer	Communicati	ons Interface
20LSSOP/ 20TSSOP	Digital port	Power supply, system, clock, debug	A/D converter	Comparator	Interrupt function	Timer array unit	Serial array unit	Serial interface IICA
1	P21	_	ANI9	IVCMP1	(INTP7)	(TO00)	_	—
2	P20	_	ANI10	IVREF1	(INTP1)	(TI00) (TI03/TO03)	(SCK01/SCL01)	—
3	P41	_	_	VCOUT1	(INTP4)	TI03/TO03 (TI02/TO02)	(SO01)/(SDA01)	—
4	P40	TOOL0 (PCLBUZ0)			INTP2	(TI01/TO01)	—	—
5	P125	RESET	_	(VCOUT0) (VCOUT1)	INTP1	—	(SI01)	—
6	P137	_		_	INTP0	T100	_	—
7	P122	X2 EXCLK	_	_	(INTP2)	TI05/TO05	-	—
8	P121	X1	_	_	(INTP3)	TI07/TO07	_	—
9		Vss		_	—	—	_	—
10		V _{DD}		_	—	—	_	—
11	P00	TOOLTxD	_		INTP6	_	SO00/TxD0 (SCK01/SCL01)	(SCLA0)
12	P01	TOOLRxD	ANIO		INTP5	(TI02/TO02)	SI00/RxD0/SDA00 (SI01)/(SDA01)	(SDAA0)
13	P02	PCLBUZ0	ANI1	VCOUT0	INTP7	(TI01/TO01)	SCK00/SCL00 (SO01)	—
14	P03	_	ANI2	IVCMP0	INTP4	(TI00) TO00	(SO00/TxD0)	—
15	P04	_	ANI3	IVREF0	INTP3	TI01/TO01	(SI00/RxD0/ SDA00) (SO00/TxD0)	_
16	P05	_	ANI4	—	(INTP6)	TI02/TO02	SO01 (SCK00/SCL00) (SI00/RxD0/ SDA00)	—
17	P06	(PCLBUZ0)	ANI5	_	(INTP7)	_	SI01/SDA01 (SCK00/SCL00)	SCLA0
18	P07	_	ANI6	_	(INTP5)	(TO03)	SCK01/SCL01	SDAA0

Table 1-5. Multiplexed Functions of 20-pin Products (1/2)



Pin No.	I/O		Ana	alog	HMI	Timer	Communicat	ions Interface
20LSSOP/ 20TSSOP	Digital port	Power supply, system, clock, debug	A/D converter	Comparator	Interrupt function	Timer array unit	Serial array unit	Serial interface IICA
19	P23		ANI7	—	(INTP6)	TI04/TO04	(SCL01)	—
20	P22		ANI8	_	(INTP5)	TI06/TO06	(SDA01)	_

Table 1-5. Multiplexed Functions of 20-pin Products (2/2)

Remark 1. For pin identification, see 1.4 Pin Identification.

Remark 2. Functions in parentheses can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR). Refer to Figure 4-6 Format of Peripheral I/O Redirection Registers 0 to 3 (PIOR0 to PIOR3) in the RL78/G15 User's Manual.



1.4 Pin Identification

ANI0 to ANI10	: Analog Input
INTP0 to INTP7	: Interrupt Request From Peripherals
P00 to P07	: Port 0
P20 to P23	: Port 2
P40, P41	: Port 4
P121, P122, P125	: Port 12
P137	: Port 13
PCLBUZ0	: Programmable Clock Output/Buzzer Output
EXCLK	: External Clock Input
X1, X2	: Crystal Oscillator (Main System Clock)
IVCMP0, IVCMP1	: Comparator Input
VCOUT0, VCOUT1	: Comparator Output
IVREF0, IVREF1	: Comparator Reference Input
RESET	: Reset
RxD0	: Receive Data
SCK00, SCK01	: Serial Clock Input/Output
SCL00, SCL01, SCLA0	: Serial Clock Output
SDA00, SDA01, SDAA0	: Serial Data Input/Output
SI00, SI01	: Serial Data Input
SO00, SO01	: Serial Data Output
TI00 to TI07	: Timer Input
TO00 to TO07	: Timer Output
TOOL0	: Data Input/Output for Tool
TOOLRxD, TOOLTxD	: Data Input/Output for External Device
TxD0	: Transmit Data
V _{DD}	: Power Supply
V _{SS}	: Ground



1.5 Block Diagram

1.5.1 8-pin products





1.5.2 10-pin products





1.5.3 16-pin products





1.5.4 20-pin products





1.6 Outline of Functions

This outline describes the functions at the time when Peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR) is set to 00H.

	Item		pin	10	pin	16	pin	20-	(1/2	
	item	R5F12007	R5F12008	R5F12017	R5F12018	R5F12047	R5F12048	R5F12067	R5F12068	
Code flash m	emory	4 KB	8 KB	4 KB	8 KB	4 KB	8 KB	4 KB	8 KB	
Data flash me	-	410	UND	410		<b 4100<="" td=""><td>UND</td><td>410</td><td>0 NB</td>	UND	410	0 NB	
RAM	emory					<b KB</b 				
Main system	High-speed system						al/coramic) occ	illation: 1 to 12	MH	
clock	clock					VDD = 2.4 to External main	5.5 V system clock	input (EXCLK):		
	High-speed on-chip oscillator	VDD = 2.4 to 5.5 V 1 to 16 MHz (VDD = 2.4 to 5.5 V)								
Low-speed or	n-chip oscillator clock				15 kHz	(TYP.)				
General-purp	ose registers				(8-bit register	× 8) × 4 banks				
	truction execution time				0.0625 µs (16 l	MHz operation)			
Instruction se	et	Adder andMultiplicat	sfer (8/16 bits) d subtractor/log tion (8 bits × 8 arrel shift, and l	bits)		est, and Boolea	n operation), e	tc.		
I/O port Total			6				4	1	8	
·	CMOS I/O	Ę	5	7		13		1	7	
	CMOS input					1				
Timer	16-bit timer				8 cha	nnels				
	Watchdog timer	1 channel								
	12-bit interval timer	1 channel								
	Timer output		3 channels (PWM outputs: 2) ^{Note 1}		nnels puts: 2) ^{Note 1}		nnels outs: 4) ^{Note 1}	8 cha (PWM outp		
Clock output/	/buzzer output	1								
		Up to 10 MHz (peripheral hardware clock: f _{MAIN} = 10 MHz operation)								
Comparator		1 cha	annel	1 cha	annel	1 cha	annel	2 cha	nnels	
8/10-bit resol	ution A/D converter	3 cha	nnels	4 cha	nnels	7 cha	nnels	11 cha	annels	
Serial interfac	ce	Simplified SPI (CSI): 1 channel/simplified l ² C: Simplified SPI (CSI ^{Note 2}): 2 channels/simplified l ² C: 1 channel/UART: 1 channel 2 channels/UART: 1 channel								
	I ² C bus				1 cha	annel				
Number of	Internal	8	3	1	0	1	6	1	9	
Vectored interrupt sources	External	6	3	٤	3	٤	3	8	3	
Reset		 Reset by RESET pin Internal reset by watchdog timer Internal reset by selectable power-on-reset Internal reset by illegal instruction execution^{Note 3} Internal reset by data retention lower limit voltage Internal reset by illegal-memory access 								
Selectable po	ower-on-reset circuit	 Detection voltage Rising edge (V_{SPOR}): 2.25 V/2.68 V/3.02 V/4.45 V (MAX.) Falling edge (V_{SPDR}): 2.20 V/2.62 V/2.96 V/4.37 V (MAX.) 								



								(2/2)
Item	8-	8-pin		10-pin		16-pin		-pin
	R5F12007	R5F12008	R5F12017	R5F12018	R5F12047	R5F12048	R5F12067	R5F12068
On-chip debug function	Provided	Provided						
Power supply voltage	V _{DD} = 2.4 to 5	.5 V						
Operating ambient temperature		$_{A}$ = -40 to +85°C (A: Consumer applications), T _A = -40 to +105°C (G: Industrial applications), T _A = -40 to +125°C M : Industrial applications)						

- Note 1. The number of outputs varies, depending on the setting of channels in use and the number of the master (see 6.9.3 Operation as multiple PWM output function in the RL78/G15 User's Manual).
- Note 2. Although the CSI function is generally called SPI, it is also called CSI in this product, so it is referred to as such in this manual.
- Note 3. The illegal instruction is generated when instruction code FFH is executed. Reset by the illegal instruction execution not issued by emulation with the on-chip debug emulator.



2. ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS ($T_A = -40$ to +85°C)

This chapter describes the electrical specifications of A: Consumer applications ($T_A = -40$ to $+85^{\circ}C$), G: Industrial applications ($T_A = -40$ to $+105^{\circ}C$), and M: Industrial applications ($T_A = -40$ to $+125^{\circ}C$) when they are used in the range of $T_A = -40$ to $+85^{\circ}C$.

- Caution 1. The RL78 microcontrollers have an on-chip debug function, which is provided for development and evaluation. Do not use the on-chip debug function in products designated for mass production, because the guaranteed number of rewritable times of the flash memory may be exceeded when this function is used, and product reliability therefore cannot be guaranteed. Renesas Electronics is not liable for problems occurring when the on-chip debug function is used.
- Caution 2. The pins mounted depend on the product. Refer to 2.1 Port Function, for the port functions, and 2.2.1 Functions for each product, for the other functions, in the RL78/G15 User's Manual.
- **Remark** There are differences in the high-speed on-chip oscillator clock accuracy between G: Industrial applications and M: Industrial applications, and A: Consumer applications.

Classification	A: Consumer applications	G: Industrial applications	M: Industrial applications
High-speed on-chip oscillator	$\pm 2.0\%$ when T _A = -40 to +85°C	$\pm 1.5\%$ when T _A = +85 to +105°C	$\pm 1.5\%$ when T _A = +85 to +125°C
clock accuracy		$\pm 1.0\%$ when T _A = -20 to +85°C	$\pm 1.0\%$ when T _A = -20 to +85°C
		$\pm 1.5\%$ when T _A = -40 to -20°C	$\pm 1.5\%$ when T _A = -40 to -20°C



2.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

[T_A = 25°C]

Item	Symbol		Condition	Rating	Unit
Supply voltage	V_{DD}			-0.5 to +6.5	V
Input voltage	V _{I1}			–0.3 to V_{DD} + 0.3 $^{\text{Note 1}}$	V
Output voltage	V ₀₁		-0.3 to V _{DD} + 0.3		
Output current, high	I _{OH1}	Per pin		-40	mA
		Total of all pins	P20 to P23, P40, P41, P121, P122, P125	-70	mA
		-170mA	P00 to P07	-100	mA
Output current, low	I _{OL1}	Per pin		40	mA
		Total of all pins	P20 to P23, P40, P41, P121, P122, P125	100	mA
		170mA	P00 to P07	100	mA
Operating ambient temperature	T _A			-40 to +85	°C
Storage temperature	T _{stg}			−65 to +150	°C

Note 1. This must be no greater than 6.5 V.

- Caution Product quality may suffer if the absolute maximum rating is exceeded even momentarily for any item. That is, the absolute maximum ratings are rated values at which the product is on the verge of suffering physical damage, and therefore the product must be used under conditions that ensure that the absolute maximum ratings are not exceeded.
- **Remark 1.** The characteristics of functions multiplexed on a given pin are the same as those for the port pin unless otherwise specified.
- **Remark 2.** The reference voltage is V_{SS}.



2.2 Oscillator Characteristics

2.2.1 X1 oscillator characteristics

 $[T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{V}_{\text{SS}} = 0 \text{ V}]$

Item	Resonator	Condition	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
X1 clock oscillation frequency (fx) ^{Note 1}	Ceramic resonator/	$2.4 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	1		12	MHz
	crystal resonator					

Note 1. Indicates only permissible oscillator frequency ranges. Refer to **2.4 AC Characteristics** for instruction execution time. For actual applications, request evaluation by the manufacturer of the oscillator circuit mounted on a board so you can use appropriate values.

- Caution Since the CPU is started by the high-speed on-chip oscillator clock after release from the reset state, the user should use the oscillation stabilization time counter status register (OSTC) to check the X1 clock oscillation stabilization time. Specify the values for the oscillation stabilization time in the OSTC register and the oscillation stabilization time select register (OSTS) after having sufficiently evaluated the oscillation stabilization time with the resonator to be used.
- **Remark** When using the X1 oscillator, refer to 5.4 System Clock Oscillator in the RL78/G15 User's Manual.

2.2.2 On-chip oscillator characteristics

$[T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C, 2.4 \text{ V} \le V_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}]$

Item	Symbol	Condition	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
High-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency ^{Note 1, Note 2}	f _{ін}		1		16	MHz
High-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency accuracy		T _A = −40 to +85°C	-2.0		+2.0	%
Low-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency	f _{IL}			15		kHz
Low-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency accuracy			-15		+15	%

Note 1. The high-speed on-chip oscillator frequency is selected by bits 0 to 2 of option byte (00C2H).

Note 2. The listed values only indicate the characteristics of the oscillators. Refer to **2.4 AC Characteristics** for instruction execution time.



(1/2)

2.3 DC Characteristics

2.3.1 Pin characteristics

$[T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le V_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}]$

Item	Symbol	Conditi	on	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Output current, high Note 1	I _{OH1}	Per pin for P00 to P07, P20 P121, P122, P125	to P23, P40, P41,			-10.0 ^{Note 2}	mA
		Total of P20 to P23, P40,	$4.0 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$			-65.0	mA
		P41, P121, P122, P125 (when duty ≤ 70% ^{Note 3})	$2.7~\textrm{V} \leq \textrm{V}_\textrm{DD} < 4.0~\textrm{V}$			-14.0	mA
			$2.4~\textrm{V} \leq \textrm{V}_\textrm{DD} < 2.7~\textrm{V}$			-10.5	mA
		Total of P00 to P07 (when duty ≤ 70% ^{Note 3})	$4.0~\textrm{V} \leq \textrm{V}_\textrm{DD} \leq 5.5~\textrm{V}$			-65.0	mA
			$2.7~\textrm{V} \leq \textrm{V}_\textrm{DD} < 4.0~\textrm{V}$			-12.0	mA
			$2.4~\textrm{V} \leq \textrm{V}_\textrm{DD} < 2.7~\textrm{V}$			-9.0	mA
		Total of all pins (when duty ≤			-105.0	mA	
Output current, low	I _{OL1}	Per pin for P00 to P07, P20 P121, P122, P125			20.0 ^{Note 2}	mA	
		Total of P20 to P23, P40,	$4.0 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$			85.0	mA
		P41, P121, P122, P125	$2.7~\textrm{V} \leq \textrm{V}_\textrm{DD} < 4.0~\textrm{V}$			21.0	mA
		(when duty ≤ 70% ^{Note 3})	$2.4~\textrm{V} \leq \textrm{V}_\textrm{DD} < 2.7~\textrm{V}$			4.2	mA
		Total of P00 to P07	$4.0~\textrm{V} \leq \textrm{V}_\textrm{DD} \leq 5.5~\textrm{V}$			85.0	mA
		(when duty $\leq 70\%^{\text{Note 3}}$)	$2.7~\textrm{V} \leq \textrm{V}_\textrm{DD} < 4.0~\textrm{V}$			18.0	mA
			$2.4~\textrm{V} \leq \textrm{V}_\textrm{DD} < 2.7~\textrm{V}$			3.6	mA
		Total of all pins (when duty s	5 70% ^{Note 3})			145.0	mA

Note 1. Device operation is guaranteed at the listed currents even if current is flowing from the V_{DD} pin to an output pin.

- Note 2. The value for maximum total current must not be exceeded.
- Note 3. The listed currents apply when the duty cycle is no greater than 70%. Use the following formula to calculate the output current when the duty cycle is greater than 70%, where n is the duty cycle.
 - Total output current from the listed pins = $(I_{OH} \times 0.7)/(n \times 0.01)$ Example when n = 80% and I_{OH} = -10.0 mA Total output current from the listed pins = $(-10.0 \times 0.7)/(80 \times 0.01) \cong -8.7$ mA
 - Total output current from the listed pins = (I_{OL} \times 0.7)/(n \times 0.01)

Example when n = 80% and I_{OL} = 10.0 mA

Total output current from the listed pins = (10.0 \times 0.7)/(80 \times 0.01) \cong 8.7 mA

Note that the duty cycle has no effect on the current that is allowed to flow into a single pin. A current higher than the absolute maximum rating must not flow into a single pin.

Note 4. Device operation is guaranteed at the listed currents even if current is flowing from an output pin to the V_{SS} pin.

Caution P00, P01, P03 to P07, P22, and P41 do not output high level in N-ch open-drain mode.

RENESAS

Remark The characteristics of functions multiplexed on a given pin are the same as those for the port pin unless otherwise specified.

Item	Symbol	Condition		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Input voltage, high	V _{IH1}			0.8 V _{DD}		V _{DD}	V
Input voltage, low	V _{IL1}			0		$0.2 V_{\text{DD}}$	V
Output voltage, high	V _{OH1}	$4.0 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	I _{OH} = -10 mA	V _{DD} - 1.5			V
Note 1			I _{он} = -3.0 mA	V _{DD} - 0.7			V
		$2.7 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	I _{OH} = −2.0 mA	V _{DD} - 0.6			V
		$2.4 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	I _{он} = -1.5 mA	V _{DD} - 0.5			V
Output voltage, low	V _{OL1}	$4.0 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	I _{OL} = 20 mA			1.3	V
Note 2			I _{OL} = 8.5 mA			0.7	V
		$2.7 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	I _{OL} = 3.0 mA			0.6	V
			I _{OL} = 1.5 mA			0.4	V
		$2.4 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	I _{OL} = 0.6 mA			0.4	V
Input leakage current, high	I _{LIH1}	P00 to P07, P20 to P23, P40, I V _I = V _{DD}			1	μA	
	I _{LIH2}	P121, P122 (X1, X2, EXCLK) V _I = V _{DD}	In input port or external clock input			1	μA
			In resonator connection			10	μA
Input leakage current, low	I _{LIL1}	P00 to P07, P20 to P23, P40, I V _I = V _{SS}	P41, P125, P137			-1	μA
	I _{LIL2}	P121, P122 (X1, X2, EXCLK) V _I = V _{SS}	In input port or external clock input			-1	μA
			In resonator connection			-10	μA
On-chip pull-up resistance	Ru	$V_1 = V_{SS}$		10	20	100	kΩ

$[T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le V_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}]$

Note 1. The value under the condition which satisfies the high-level output current (I_{OH1}).

Note 2. The value under the condition which satisfies the low-level output current (I_{OL1}).

Caution The maximum value of V_{IH} of P00, P01, P03 to P07, P22, and P41 is V_{DD} even in N-ch open-drain mode. These pins do not output high level in N-ch open-drain mode.

Remark The characteristics of functions multiplexed on a given pin are the same as those for the port pin unless otherwise specified.

2.3.2 Supply current characteristics

 $[T_{\text{A}}$ = -40 to +85°C, 2.4 V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 V, V_{\text{SS}} = 0 V]

Item	Symbol			Condition		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Supply current ^{Note 1}	I _{DD1}	Operating mode	Basic operation	f _{IH} = 16 MHz ^{Note 4}	V _{DD} = 3.0 V, 5.0 V		0.87		mA
			Normal	f _{IH} = 16 MHz ^{Note 4}	V _{DD} = 3.0 V, 5.0 V		1.86	2.47	mA
			operation	f _{IH} = 4 MHz ^{Note 4}	V _{DD} = 3.0 V, 5.0 V		1.17	1.64	mA
				f_{EX} = 16 MHz ^{Note 5, Note 6} V _{DD} = 3.0 V, 5.0 V	Square wave input		1.69	2.30	mA
			$f_X = 12 \text{ MHz}^{\text{Note 5, Note 6}}$ V _{DD} = 3.0 V, 5.0 V	Resonator connection		1.57	2.30	mA	
			f _{MX} = 4 MHz ^{Note 5, Note 6}	Square wave input		1.00	1.46	mA	
			V _{DD} = 3.0 V, 5.0 V	Resonator connection		1.05	1.53	mA	
	IDD2 ^{Note 2}	HALT mode		f _{IH} = 16 MHz ^{Note 4}	V _{DD} = 3.0 V, 5.0 V		371	800	μA
				f _{IH} = 4 MHz ^{Note 4}	V _{DD} = 3.0 V, 5.0 V		334	630	μA
				f_{EX} = 16 MHz ^{Note 5, Note 6} V _{DD} = 3.0 V, 5.0 V	Square wave input		207	636	μA
			$f_X = 12 \text{ MHz}^{\text{Note 5, Note 6}}$ $V_{\text{DD}} = 3.0 \text{ V}, 5.0 \text{ V}$	Resonator connection		309	894	μΑ	
		f _{MX} = 4 MHz ^{Note 5, Note 6}	Square wave input		156	452	μA		
			V _{DD} = 3.0 V, 5.0 V	Resonator connection		207	599	μA	
	I _{DD3} Note 3	STOP mode		V _{DD} = 3.0 V			0.62	2.25	μA

Note 1. The listed currents are the total currents flowing into V_{DD}, including the input leakage currents flowing when the level of the input pin is fixed to V_{DD} or V_{SS}.

Regarding the values for main system clock operation, the TYP. value does not include the peripheral operating current. The MAX. value includes the peripheral operating current, but does not include those flowing into the A/D converter, comparator, I/O port, and on-chip pull-up/pull-down resistors. Regarding the values for subsystem clock operation, the TYP. and MAX. values do not include the peripheral operating current. However, in HALT mode, the current flowing into the RTC is included. Regarding the values in STOP mode, the TYP. and MAX. values do not include the peripheral operating current.

- Note 2. When the HALT instruction is executed from the flash memory.
- Note 3. The listed currents do not include the current flowing into the 12-bit interval timer and watchdog timer.
- Note 4. When the high-speed subsystem clock is stopped.
- Note 5. When the high-speed on-chip oscillator is stopped.
- Note 6. 16-pin and 20-pin products only.
- **Remark 2.** f_{MX}: High-speed system clock frequency (X1 clock oscillation frequency or external main system clock frequency)
- **Remark 3.** The temperature condition of the TYP. value is $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$.



Peripheral Functions

$[T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C, 2.4 \text{ V} \le V_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}]$

Item	Symbol	Conc	lition	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Low-speed on-chip oscillator operating current	I _{FIL} ^{Note 1}				0.30		μA
12-bit interval timer operating current	I _{TMKA} Note 1, Note 2, Note 3				0.02		μA
Watchdog timer operating current	I _{WDT} Note 1, Note 4				0.02		μA
A/D converter operating current	I _{ADC} Note 1, Note 5	In conversion at maximum speed	V _{DD} = 5.0 V		1.30	1.90	mA
			V _{DD} = 3.0 V		0.50		mA
Comparator operating current	I _{CMP} Note 1, Note 6	In high-speed mode	V _{DD} = 5.0 V		6.50		μA
		In low-speed mode	V _{DD} = 5.0 V		1.70		μA
Internal reference voltage operating current	I _{VREG} ^{Note 1}				10		μA
Self-programming operating current	I _{FSP} Note 1, Note 7				2.0	12.20	mA

Note 1. The current flowing into V_{DD} .

- Note 2. When the high-speed on-chip oscillator and high-speed system clock are stopped.
- Note 3. This current only flows into the 12-bit interval timer. It does not include the operating current of the low-speed on-chip oscillator. The supply current of the RL78 microcontrollers is the sum of I_{DD1}, I_{DD2} or I_{DD3} and I_{FIL} and I_{TMKA} when the 12-bit interval timer is in operation.
- Note 4. This current only flows into the watchdog timer. It does not include the operating current of the low-speed onchip oscillator. The supply current of the RL78 microcontrollers is the sum of I_{DD1}, I_{DD2} or I_{DD3} and I_{FIL} and I_{WDT} when the watchdog timer is in operation.
- Note 5. This current only flows into the A/D converter. The supply current of the RL78 microcontrollers is the sum of I_{DD1} or I_{DD2} and I_{ADC} when the A/D converter is operating or in the HALT mode.
- Note 6. This current only flows into a single comparator. The supply current of the RL78 microcontrollers is the sum of I_{DD1}, I_{DD2} or I_{DD3} and I_{CMP} when the comparator is in operation.
- Note 7. This current only flows during self-programming.
- **Remark** The temperature condition of the TYP. value is $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$.



2.4 AC Characteristics

Item	Symbol		Condition		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Instruction cycle (minimum instruction execution time)	T _{CY}	When high-speed on-chip oscillator clock (f _{i⊣}) is selected	$2.4 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	$2.4 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$			1.0	μs
		When high-speed system clock (f_{MX}) is selected	$2.4 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	Square wave input	0.0625		1.0	μs
				Resonator connection	0.0833		1.0	μs
		In the self-programming mode	$2.4 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$		0.0625		1.0	μs
External system clock frequency	f_{EX}	$2.4 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	1.0		16	MHz		
External system clock input high-level width, low-level width	t _{EXH} , t _{EXL}	$2.4 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	30			ns		
TI00 to TI07 input high-level width, low-level width	t⊤ıн, t⊤ı∟	Noise filter is not used			1/f _{мск} + 10			ns
TO00 to TO07 output	f _{TO}	$4.0 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$					8	MHz
frequency		$2.7~\textrm{V} \leq \textrm{V}_\textrm{DD} < 4.0~\textrm{V}$					5	MHz
		$2.4 V \le V_{DD} < 2.7 V$					4	MHz
PCLBUZ0 output frequency	f _{PCL}	$4.0 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$					10	MHz
		$2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} < 4.0 \text{ V}$					5	MHz
		$2.4 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} < 2.7 \text{ V}$					4	MHz
RESET low-level width	t _{RSL}				10			μs

 $[T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C, 2.4 \text{ V} \le V_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}]$

Remark f_{MCK}: Timer array unit operating clock frequency

(Operation clock to be set by timer clock select register 0 (TPS0) and the CKS0n1 bit of timer mode register 0n (TMR0n). n: Channel number (n = 0 to 7).)



Minimum Instruction Execution Time during Main System Clock Operation



At AC Timing



External System Clock Timing





TI/TO Timing



RESET Input Timing





2.5 Serial Interface Characteristics

AC Timing Test Points



2.5.1 Serial array unit

(1) UART mode

$[T_{\text{A}}$ = -40 to +85°C, 2.4 V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 V, V_{\text{SS}} = 0 V]

Item	Symbol	Condition		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	
Transfer rate							f _{мск} /6	bps
		Theoretical value of the maximum transfer rate $f_{CLK} = f_{MCK} = 16 \text{ MHz}$	naxim	m			2.6	Mbps

UART mode connection diagram



Remarkf_MCK: Serial array unit operation clock frequency
(Operation clock to be set by serial clock select register 0 (SPS0) and the CKS0n bit of serial mode register
0n (SMR0n). n: Channel number (n = 0, 1))

RENESAS

(2) Simplified SPI (CSI) mode (master mode, SCKp... internal clock output)

Item	Symbol	Condition		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
SCKp cycle time	t _{KCY1}	$t_{\rm KCY1} \geq 4/f_{\rm CLK}$	$2.4 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	250			ns
SCKp high-/low-level width	t _{KH1} , t _{KL1}	$2.7~\textrm{V} \leq \textrm{V}_\textrm{DD} \leq 5.5~\textrm{V}$		t _{KCY1} /2 - 18			ns
		$2.4 V \le V_{DD} \le 5.5 V$ t		t _{KCY1} /2 - 38			ns
SIp setup time (to SCKp ↑) ^{Note 1}	t _{SIK1}	$2.7 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$		47			ns
		$2.4~\text{V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5~\text{V}$		75			ns
SIp hold time (from SCKp ↑) ^{Note 1}	t _{KSI1}			19			ns
Delay time from SCKp ↓ to SOp output ^{Note 2}	t _{KSO1}	C = 30 pF ^{Note 3}				25	ns

$[T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C, 2.4 \text{ V} \le V_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}]$

Note 1. When DAP0n = 0 and CKP0n = 0, or DAP0n = 1 and CKP0n = 1. The SIp setup time becomes "to SCKp ↓" and the SIp hold time becomes "from SCKp ↓" when DAP0n = 0 and CKP0n = 1, or DAP0n = 1 and CKP0n = 0.

- Note 2. When DAP0n = 0 and CKP0n = 0, or DAP0n = 1 and CKP0n = 1. The delay time to SOp output becomes "from SCKp ↓" when DAP0n = 0 and CKP0n = 1, or DAP0n = 1 and CKP0n = 0.
- Note 3. C is the load capacitance of the SCKp and SOp output lines.

(3) Simplified SPI (CSI) mode (slave mode, SCKp... external clock input)

$[T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le V_{DD} \le 5.5\text{V}, \text{ V}_{SS} = 0\text{V}]$

Item	Symbol	Con	dition	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
SCKp cycle time	t _{KCY2}	$2.7~\textrm{V} \leq \textrm{V}_\textrm{DD} \leq 5.5~\textrm{V}$	$2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$				ns
		$2.4 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$		6/f _{мск} and also 500			ns
SCKp high-/low-level width	$t_{\rm KH2}, t_{\rm KL2}$	$2.4~\text{V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5~\text{V}$		t _{KCY2} /2 - 18			ns
SIp setup time	t _{sik2}	$2.7~\text{V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5~\text{V}$		1/f _{MCK} + 20			ns
(to SCKp ↑) ^{Note 1}		$2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$		1/f _{MCK} + 30			ns
SIp hold time (from SCKp ↑) ^{Note 1}	t _{KSI2}	$2.4 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$		1/f _{MCK} + 31			ns
Delay time from SCKp ↓ to SOp	t _{KSO2}	C = 30 pF ^{Note 3}	$2.7 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$			2/f _{MCK} + 50	ns
output ^{Note 2}			$2.4 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$			2/f _{MCK} + 75	ns

- Note 1. When DAP0n = 0 and CKP0n = 0, or DAP0n = 1 and CKP0n = 1. The SIp setup time becomes "to SCKp ↓" and the SIp hold time becomes "from SCKp ↓" when DAP0n = 0 and CKP0n = 1, or DAP0n = 1 and CKP0n = 0.
- Note 2. When DAP0n = 0 and CKP0n = 0, or DAP0n = 1 and CKP0n = 1. The delay time to SOp output becomes "from SCKp \downarrow " when DAP0n = 0 and CKP0n = 1, or DAP0n = 1 and CKP0n = 0.
- Note 3. C is the load capacitance of the SOp output lines.

RENESAS

Remark 1. p: CSI number (p = 00, 01), n: Channel number (n = 0, 1)

Remark 2.f_MCK: Serial array unit operation clock frequency
(Operation clock to be set by serial clock select register 0 (SPS0) and the CKS0n bit of serial mode
register 0n (SMR0n). n: Channel number (n = 0, 1))

Simplified SPI (CSI) mode connection diagram



Simplified SPI (CSI) mode serial transfer timing

(When DAP0n = 0 and CKP0n = 0, or DAP0n = 1 and CKP0n = 1)



Remark p: CSI number (p = 00, 01), n: Channel number (n = 0, 1)



(4) Simplified I²C mode

$[T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C, 2.4 \text{ V} \le V_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}]$

Item	Symbol	Condition	MIN.	MAX.	Unit
SCLr clock frequency	f _{SCL}	C_b = 100 pF, R_b = 3 k Ω		400 ^{Note 1}	kHz
Hold time when SCLr = "L"	t _{LOW}	C_{b} = 100 pF, R_{b} = 3 kΩ	1150		ns
Hold time when SCLr = "H"	t _{HIGH}	C_{b} = 100 pF, R_{b} = 3 k Ω	1150		ns
Data setup time (reception)	t _{su:dat}	C_{b} = 100 pF, R_{b} = 3 k Ω	1/f _{MCK} + 145 ^{Note 2}		ns
Data hold time (transmission)	t _{HD:DAT}	C_{b} = 100 pF, R_{b} = 3 kΩ	0	355	ns

Note 1. The value must also be no greater than $f_{MCK}/4$.

Note 2. Set f_{MCK} so that it will not exceed the hold time when SCLr = "L" or SCLr = "H".

Caution Select the N-ch open drain output (V_{DD} tolerance) mode for the SDAr pin by using port output mode register 0, 2, or 4 (POM0, 2, or 4).







Simplified I²C mode serial transfer timing



Remark 1. R_b[Ω]: Communication line (SDAr) pull-up resistance, C_b[F]: Communication line (SCLr, SDAr) load capacitance

Remark 2. r: IIC number (r = 00, 01)

Remark 3.f_{MCK}: Serial array unit operation clock frequency
(Operation clock to be set by serial clock select register 0 (SPS0) and the CKS0n bit of serial mode
register 0n (SMR0n). n: Channel number (n = 0, 1))



2.5.2 Serial interface IICA

 $[T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le V_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}]$

Item	Symbol	Condition	Standard Mode		Fast Mode		Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
SCLA0 clock frequency	f _{SCL}	Fast mode: f _{CLK} ≥ 3.5 MHz			0	400	kHz
		Standard mode: f _{CLK} ≥ 1 MHz	0	100			kHz
Setup time of restart condition	t _{su:sta}		4.7		0.6		μs
Hold time ^{Note 1}	t _{HD:STA}		4.0		0.6		μs
Hold time when SCLA0 = "L"	t _{LOW}		4.7		1.3		μs
Hold time when SCLA0 = "H"	t _{HIGH}		4.0		0.6		μs
Data setup time (reception)	t _{su:dat}		250		100		ns
Data hold time (transmission) ^{Note 2}	t _{HD:DAT}		0	3.45	0	0.9	μs
Setup time of stop condition	t _{su:sto}		4.0		0.6		μs
Bus-free time	t _{BUF}		4.7		1.3		μs

Note 1. The first clock pulse is generated after this period when the start or restart condition is detected.

Note 2. The maximum value (MAX.) of t_{HD:DAT} applies to normal transfer and a wait is inserted at the ACK (acknowledge) timing.

RemarkThe maximum value of C_b (communication line capacitance) and the value of R_b (communication line pull-up
resistance) at that time in each mode are as follows.
Standard mode: C_b = 400 pF, R_b = 2.7 k Ω
Fast mode: C_b = 200 pF, R_b = 1.7 k Ω

IICA serial transfer timing





2.6 Analog Characteristics

2.6.1 A/D converter characteristics

Targets: ANI0 to ANI10, internal reference voltage

$[T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C, 2.4 \text{ V} \le V_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}]$

Item	Symbol	Conditi	ion	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Resolution	RES			8		10	bit
Overall error ^{Note 1, Note 2,}	AINL	10-bit resolution	$V_{DD} = 5 V$		±1.7	±3.1	LSB
Note 3			V _{DD} = 3 V		±2.3	±4.5	LSB
Conversion time	t _{CONV}	10-bit resolution	$2.7~\textrm{V} \leq \textrm{V}_\textrm{DD} \leq 5.5~\textrm{V}$	4.25		17	μs
			$2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$ Note 5	5.75		23	μs
		10-bit resolution Target: Internal reference voltage ^{Note 6}	$2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$	5.75		23	μs
Zero-scale error	E _{zs}	10-bit resolution	V _{DD} = 5 V			±0.19	%FSR
Note 1, Note 2, Note 3, Note 4			V _{DD} = 3 V			±0.39	%FSR
Full-scale error	E _{FS}	10-bit resolution	$V_{DD} = 5 V$			±0.29	%FSR
Note 1, Note 2, Note 3, Note 4			V _{DD} = 3 V			±0.42	%FSR
Integral linearity error	ILE	10-bit resolution	$V_{DD} = 5 V$			±1.8	LSB
Note 1, Note 2, Note 3			V _{DD} = 3 V			±1.7	LSB
Differential linearity	DLE	10-bit resolution	V _{DD} = 5 V			±1.4	LSB
error ^{Note 1, Note 2, Note 3}			V _{DD} = 3 V			±1.5	LSB
Analog input voltage	V _{AIN}	Targets: ANI0 to ANI10		0		V _{DD}	V
		Target: Internal reference vo	Itage ^{Note 6}		V _{REG} ^{Note 7}		V

Note 1. The TYP. value is an average value at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$. The MAX. value is an average value $\pm 3\sigma$ at normal distribution.

- Note 2. These values are the results of characteristic evaluation and are not checked for shipment.
- Note 3. A quantization error (±1/2 LSB) is not included.
- Note 4. Expressed as a ratio (%FSR) relative to the full-scale value.
- Note 5. Be sure to set the LV0 bit in A/D converter mode register 0 (ADM0) to 0 when conversion is done in the operating voltage range of $2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} < 2.7 \text{ V}$.
- Note 6. Be sure to set the LV0 bit in A/D converter mode register 0 (ADM0) to 0 when the internal reference voltage is selected as the target for conversion.
- Note 7. Refer to 2.6.3 Internal reference voltage characteristics.
- Caution 1. Arrange wiring and insert the capacitor so that no noise appears on the power supply/ground line.
- Caution 2. Do not allow any pulses that rapidly change such as digital signals to be input/output to/from the pins adjacent to the conversion pin during A/D conversion.
- Caution 3. Note that the internal reference voltage cannot be used as the reference voltage of the comparator when the internal reference voltage is selected as the target for A/D conversion.

2.6.2 Comparator characteristics

 $[T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C, 2.4 \text{ V} \le V_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}]$

Item	Symbol	Condition		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Input voltage range	I _{VREF}	IVREFn pin input (CnVRF bit = 0)		0		V _{DD} - 1.4	V
		Internal reference voltage (CnVRF bit = 1) Note 1			$V_{\text{REG}}^{\text{Note 2}}$		V
	I _{VCMP}	IVCMPn pin input		-0.3		V _{DD} + 0.3	V
Output delay	t _d	V _{DD} = 3.0 V,	High-speed mode			0.5	μs
		input slew rate > 50 mV/µs	Low-speed mode		2.0		μs
Operation stabilization wait time	t _{CMP}			100			μs

Note 1. When the internal reference voltage is selected as the reference voltage of the comparator, the internal reference voltage cannot be used as the target for A/D conversion.

Note 2. Refer to 2.6.3 Internal reference voltage characteristics.

Remark n: Channel number (n = 0, 1)

2.6.3 Internal reference voltage characteristics

$[T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C, 2.4 \text{ V} \le V_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}]$

Item	Symbol	Condition	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Internal reference voltage	V_{REG}		0.74	0.815	0.89	V
Operation stabilization wait time	t _{AMP}	A/D converter is used (ADS register = 0DH)	5			μs

Caution The internal reference voltage cannot be simultaneously used by the A/D converter and the comparator; only one of them must be selected.


2.6.4 SPOR circuit characteristics

$[T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}]$

Item		Symbol	Condition	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Detection voltage	Power supply	V _{SPOR0}	Power supply rising	4.08	4.28	4.45	V
	voltage level	V _{SPDR0}	Power supply falling	4.00	4.20	4.37	V
		V _{SPOR1}	Power supply rising	2.76	2.90	3.02	V
		V _{SPDR1}	Power supply falling	2.70	2.84	2.96	V
		V _{SPOR2}	Power supply rising	2.44	2.57	2.68	V
		V _{SPDR2}	Power supply falling	2.40	2.52	2.62	V
		V _{SPOR3}	Power supply rising		2.16		V
		V _{SPDR3}	Power supply falling		2.11		V
Minimum pulse width ^{Note 1}		T _{SPW}		300			μs

Note 1. Time required for the reset operation by the SPOR circuit when V_{DD} falls below V_{SPDR}.

Caution Make sure to keep the internal reset state by the SPOR or an external reset until the power supply voltage (V_{DD}) reaches the operating voltage range shown in 2.4 AC Characteristics.

2.6.5 Power supply voltage rising slope characteristics

 $[T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}]$

Item	Symbol	Condition	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Power supply voltage rising slope	S_{VDD}				54	V/ms

Caution Make sure to keep the internal reset state by the SPOR or an external reset until the power supply voltage (V_{DD}) reaches the operating voltage range shown in 2.4 AC Characteristics.



2.7 RAM Data Retention Characteristics

[T_A = -40 to +85°C, V_{SS} = 0 V]

Item	Symbol	Condition	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Data retention power supply voltage	V _{DDDR}		1.9		5.5	V

Caution Data in RAM is retained until the power supply voltage falls below the MIN. value of the data retention power supply voltage (V_{DDDR}). Note that data in the RESF register might not be cleared even if the power supply voltage falls below the MIN. value of the data retention power supply voltage (V_{DDDR}).





2.8 Flash Memory Programming Characteristics

[T _A = −40 to +85°C, 2.4	$V \le V_{DD} \le 5.5 V$, $V_{SS} = 0 V$]
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Item	Symbol	Condition		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Number of code flash rewrites	C _{erwr}	Retained for 20 years	T _A = +85°C	1000			Times
Number of data flash rewrites		Retained for 1 year	T _A = +25°C		1,000,000		Times
Note 1, Note 2		Retained for 5 years	T _A = +85°C	100,000			Times
		Retained for 20 years	T _A = +85°C	10,000			Times

Note 1. 1 erase + 1 write after the erase is regarded as 1 rewrite. The retaining years are until next rewrite after the rewrite.

Code flash/data flash self-programming time

$[T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C, 2.4 \text{ V} \le V_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}]$

ltem	Symbol	f _{CLK} = 1 MHz			f	f _{CLK} = 16 MHz		
		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	
Writing (4 bytes)	t _{P4}		104	905		53.8	504.9	μs
Block erasure (1 KB)	t _{E1K}		7.9	262.3		5.5	214.1	ms

Caution The listed values do not include the time until the operations of the flash memory start following execution of an instruction by software.

2.9 Dedicated Flash Memory Programmer Communication (UART)

$[T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}_{\text{DD}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}_{\text{DD}} \le 10^{\circ}\text{C}, 1$	V, Vss = 0 V]
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Item	Symbol	Condition	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Transfer rate				115,200		bps

Remark The transfer rate during flash memory programming is fixed to 115,200 bps.



Note 2. These are the characteristics of the flash memory and the results obtained from reliability testing by Renesas Electronics.

2.10 Timing of Entry to Flash Memory Programming Mode

Item	Symbol	Condition	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Time to complete the communication for the initial setting after the external reset is released	t _{suinit}	The SPOR reset must be released before the external reset is released.			100	ms
Time to release the external reset after the TOOL0 pin is set to the low level	t _{su}	The SPOR reset must be released before the external reset is released.	10			μs
Time to hold the TOOL0 pin at the low level after the external reset is released	t _{HD}	The SPOR reset must be released before the external reset is released.	1			ms

$[T_{\text{A}}$ = -40 to +85°C, 2.4 V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 V, V_{\text{SS}} = 0 V]



- <1> The low level is input to the TOOL0 pin.
- <2> The external reset is released (the SPOR reset must have been released before that).
- <3> The TOOL0 pin is released from the low level.
- <4> Setting of entry to the flash memory programming mode by UART reception is completed.
- **Remark** t_{SUINIT}: During this period, the communications for the initial setting must be completed within 100 ms after release from the reset.
 - t_{SU} : Time to release the external reset after the TOOL0 pin is set to the low level
 - t_{HD} : Time to hold the TOOL0 pin at the low level after the external reset is released



3. ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS ($T_A = -40$ to +105°C, $T_A = -40$ to +125°C)

This chapter describes the electrical specifications of the following target products.

Target product G: Industrial applications T_A = −40 to +105°C

Target product M: Industrial applications $T_A = -40$ to $+125^{\circ}C$

- Caution 1. The RL78 microcontrollers have an on-chip debug function, which is provided for development and evaluation. Do not use the on-chip debug function in products designated for mass production, because the guaranteed number of rewritable times of the flash memory may be exceeded when this function is used, and product reliability therefore cannot be guaranteed. Renesas Electronics is not liable for problems occurring when the on-chip debug function is used.
- Caution 2. The pins mounted depend on the product. Refer to 2.1 Port Function, for the port functions, and 2.2.1 Functions for each product, for the other functions, in the RL78/G15 User's Manual.
- RemarkWhen the products are used in the range of $T_A = -40$ to $+85^{\circ}$ C, refer to 2. ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS
(TA = -40 to +85°C). However, there are differences in the high-speed on-chip oscillator clock accuracy
between G: Industrial applications and M: Industrial applications, and A: Consumer applications.

Classification	A: Consumer applications	G: Industrial applications	M: Industrial applications
High-speed on-chip oscillator	±2.0% when T _A = −40 to +85°C	$\pm 1.5\%$ when T _A = +85 to +105°C	$\pm 1.5\%$ when T _A = +85 to +125°C
clock accuracy		$\pm 1.0\%$ when T _A = -20 to +85°C	$\pm 1.0\%$ when T _A = -20 to +85°C
		$\pm 1.5\%$ when T _A = -40 to -20°C	$\pm 1.5\%$ when T _A = -40 to -20°C



3.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

[T_A = 25°C]

Item	Symbol		Condition	Rating	Unit
Supply voltage	V _{DD}			-0.5 to +6.5	V
Input voltage	V _{I1}			–0.3 to V_{DD} + 0.3 ^{Note 1}	V
Output voltage	V ₀₁			-0.3 to V _{DD} + 0.3	V
Output current, high	I _{OH1}	Per pin		-40	mA
		Total of all pins	P20 to P23, P40, P41, P121, P122, P125	-70	mA
		-170mA	P00 to P07	-100	mA
Output current, low	I _{OL1}	Per pin		40	mA
		Total of all pins	P20 to P23, P40, P41, P121, P122, P125	100	mA
		170mA	P00 to P07	100	mA
Operating ambient	T _A	G products		-40 to +105	°C
temperature		M products		-40 to +125	°C
Storage temperature	T _{stg}			−65 to +150	°C

Note 1. This must be no greater than 6.5 V.

- Caution Product quality may suffer if the absolute maximum rating is exceeded even momentarily for any item. That is, the absolute maximum ratings are rated values at which the product is on the verge of suffering physical damage, and therefore the product must be used under conditions that ensure that the absolute maximum ratings are not exceeded.
- **Remark 1.** The characteristics of functions multiplexed on a given pin are the same as those for the port pin unless otherwise specified.
- **Remark 2.** The reference voltage is V_{SS}.



3.2 Oscillator Characteristics

3.2.1 X1 oscillator characteristics

$[T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}: \text{ G products}, T_A = -40 \text{ to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}: \text{ M products}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le V_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}]$

Item	Resonator	Condition	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
X1 clock oscillation frequency (fx) ^{Note 1}	Ceramic resonator/ crystal resonator	$2.4 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	1		12	MHz

Note 1. Indicates only permissible oscillator frequency ranges. Refer to **3.4 AC Characteristics** for instruction execution time. For actual applications, request evaluation by the manufacturer of the oscillator circuit mounted on a board so you can use appropriate values.

- Caution Since the CPU is started by the high-speed on-chip oscillator clock after release from the reset state, the user should use the oscillation stabilization time counter status register (OSTC) to check the X1 clock oscillation stabilization time. Specify the values for the oscillation stabilization time in the OSTC register and the oscillation stabilization time select register (OSTS) after having sufficiently evaluated the oscillation stabilization time with the resonator to be used.
- **Remark** When using the X1 oscillator, refer to 5.4 System Clock Oscillator in the RL78/G15 User's Manual.

3.2.2 On-chip oscillator characteristics

$[T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}: \text{ G products}, T_A = -40 \text{ to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}: \text{ M products}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le V_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}]$

Item	Symbol	Condition	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
High-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency ^{Note 1, Note 2}	f _{iн}		1		16	MHz
High-speed on-chip oscillator clock		T _A = +85 to +125°C	-1.5		+1.5	%
frequency accuracy		T _A = −20 to +85°C	-1.0		+1.0	%
		$T_{A} = -40$ to $-20^{\circ}C$	-1.5		+1.5	%
Low-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency	f _{IL}			15		kHz
Low-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency accuracy			-15		+15	%

Note 1. The high-speed on-chip oscillator frequency is selected by bits 0 to 2 of option byte (00C2H).

Note 2. The listed values only indicate the characteristics of the oscillators. Refer to **3.4 AC Characteristics** for instruction execution time.



3.3 DC Characteristics

3.3.1 Pin characteristics

$[T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}: \text{ G products}, T_A = -40 \text{ to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}: \text{ M products}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{V}_{\text{SS}} = 0 \text{ V}]$

								(1/2)
Item	Symbol	С	ondition		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Output current,	I _{OH1}	Per pin for P00 to P07, P20 to	P23, P40, P4	1, P121, P122, P125			-3.0 ^{Note 2}	mA
high ^{Note 1}		Total of P20 to P23, P40,	$4.0 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}}$	≤ 5.5 V			-25.0	mA
		P41, P121, P122, P125 (when duty ≤ 70% ^{Note 3})	$2.4 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}}$	< 4.0 V			-7.0	mA
		Total of P00 to P07	4.0 V ≤ V _{DD} :	≤ 5.5 V			-24.0	mA
		(when duty ≤ 70% ^{Note 3})	$2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} < 4.0 \text{ V}$				-6.0	mA
		Total of all pins (when duty ≤ 7	0% ^{Note 3})				-40.0	mA
Output current,	I _{OL1}	Per pin for P00 to P07, P20 to P23, P40, P41, P121, P122, P125					8.5 ^{Note 2}	mA
low Note 4		Total of P20 to P23, P40,	< 5 5 \/	$T_{A} = -40$ to +105°C			50.0	mA
		P41, P121, P122, P125 (when duty ≤ 70% ^{Note 3})		$T_A = -40$ to +125°C			40.0	mA
			2.7 V ≤ V _{DD}	< 4.0 V			10.5	mA
			$2.4 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}}$			4.2	mA	
		Total of P00 to P07	$4.0 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}}$	4.0 V \leq V _{DD} T _A = -40 to +105°C			50.0	mA
		(when duty $\leq 70\%^{\text{Note 3}}$)	≤ 5.5 V	$T_A = -40$ to +125°C			40.0	mA
			$2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} < 4.0 \text{ V}$				9.0	mA
			$2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} < 2.7 \text{ V}$				3.6	mA
		Total of all pins (when duty \leq 7	$T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}$				80.0	mA
				$T_A = -40$ to +125°C			60.0	mA

Note 1. Device operation is guaranteed at the listed currents even if current is flowing from the V_{DD} pin to an output pin.

- Note 2. The value for maximum total current must not be exceeded.
- Note 3. The listed currents apply when the duty cycle is no greater than 70%. Use the following formula to calculate the output current when the duty cycle is greater than 70%, where n is the duty cycle.
 - Total output current from the listed pins = $(I_{OH} \times 0.7)/(n \times 0.01)$ Example when n = 80% and I_{OH} = -10.0 mA Total output current from the listed pins = $(-10.0 \times 0.7)/(80 \times 0.01) \cong -8.7$ mA
 - Total output current from the listed pins = $(I_{OL} \times 0.7)/(n \times 0.01)$ Example when n = 80% and I_{OL} = 10.0 mA

Total output current from the listed pins = $(10.0 \times 0.7)/(80 \times 0.01) \approx 8.7$ mA

Note that the duty cycle has no effect on the current that is allowed to flow into a single pin. A current higher than the absolute maximum rating must not flow into a single pin.

- Note 4. Device operation is guaranteed at the listed currents even if current is flowing from an output pin to the V_{ss} pin.
- Caution P00, P01, P03 to P07, P22, and P41 do not output high level in N-ch open-drain mode.

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(1/2)

Remark The characteristics of functions multiplexed on a given pin are the same as those for the port pin unless otherwise specified.

$[T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}: \text{ G products}, T_A = -40 \text{ to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}: \text{ M products}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{V}_{\text{SS}} = 0 \text{ V}]$

							(2/2)
Item	Symbol	Condition	I	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Input voltage, high	V _{IH1}			0.8 V _{DD}		V _{DD}	V
Input voltage, low	V _{IL1}			0		$0.2 V_{\text{DD}}$	V
Output voltage, high	V _{OH1}	$4.0 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	I _{он} = -3.0 mA	V _{DD} - 0.7			V
Note 1		$2.4 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	I _{OH} = -1.0 mA	V _{DD} - 0.5			V
Output voltage, low	V _{OL1}	$4.0 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	I _{OL} = 8.5 mA			0.7	V
Note 2		$2.7 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	I _{OL} = 1.5 mA			0.5	V
		$2.4 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	I _{OL} = 0.6 mA			0.4	V
Input leakage current, high	I _{LIH1}	P00 to P07, P20 to P23, P40, I V ₁ =V _{DD}			1	μA	
	I _{LIH2}	P121, P122 (X1, X2, EXCLK) V ₁ = V _{DD}	In input port or external clock input			1	μA
			In resonator connection			10	μA
Input leakage current, low	I _{LIL1}	P00 to P07, P20 to P23, P40, I V ₁ = V _{SS}	P41, P125, P137			-1	μA
	I _{LIL2}	P121, P122 (X1, X2, EXCLK) V ₁ = V _{SS}	In input port or external clock input			-1	μA
			In resonator connection			-10	μA
On-chip pull-up resistance	Ru	V _I = V _{SS}		10	20	100	kΩ

Note 1. The value under the condition which satisfies the high-level output current (I_{OH1}).

Note 2. The value under the condition which satisfies the low-level output current (I_{OL1}).

Caution The maximum value of V_{IH} of P00, P01, P03 to P07, P22, and P41 is V_{DD} even in N-ch open-drain mode. These pins do not output high level in N-ch open-drain mode.

Remark The characteristics of functions multiplexed on a given pin are the same as those for the port pin unless otherwise specified.



3.3.2 Supply current characteristics

[T _A = −40 to +105°C: G products, T _A = −40 to +125°C: M products, 2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5	.5 V, Vss = 0 V]
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Item	Symbol			Condition		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Supply current ^{Note 1}	I _{DD1}	Operating mode	Basic operation	f _{IH} = 16 MHz ^{Note 4}	V _{DD} = 3.0 V, 5.0 V		0.87		mA
			Normal	f _{IH} = 16 MHz ^{Note 4}	V _{DD} = 3.0 V, 5.0 V		1.86	2.49	mA
			operation	f _{IH} = 4 MHz ^{Note 4}	V _{DD} = 3.0 V, 5.0 V		1.17	1.65	mA
				$f_{EX} = 16 \text{ MHz}^{\text{Note 5, Note 6}}$ V _{DD} = 3.0 V, 5.0 V	Square wave input		1.69	2.32	mA
			$f_X = 12 \text{ MHz}^{\text{Note 5, Note 6}}$ V _{DD} = 3.0 V, 5.0 V	Resonator connection		1.57	2.32	mA	
				f _{MX} = 4 MHz ^{Note 5, Note 6}	Square wave input		1.00	1.47	mA
	I _{DD2} Note 2 HALT mode		V _{DD} = 3.0 V, 5.0 V	Resonator connection		1.05	1.55	mA	
			f_{IH} = 16 MHz ^{Note 4}	V _{DD} = 3.0 V, 5.0 V		371	811	μA	
				f _{IH} = 4 MHz ^{Note 4}	V _{DD} = 3.0 V, 5.0 V		334	637	μA
			f_{EX} = 16 MHz ^{Note 5, Note 6} V _{DD} = 3.0 V, 5.0 V	Square wave input		207	647	μA	
			$f_X = 12 \text{ MHz}^{\text{Note 5, Note 6}}$ $V_{\text{DD}} = 3.0 \text{ V}, 5.0 \text{ V}$	Resonator connection		309	909	μA	
			$f_{MX} = 4 \text{ MHz}^{\text{Note 5, Note 6}}$	Square wave input		156	459	μA	
			V _{DD} = 3.0 V, 5.0 V	Resonator connection		207	609	μA	
	I _{DD3} Note 3	STOP mode		V _{DD} = 3.0 V	T _A = +105°C		0.62	3.71	μA
					T _A = +125°C		0.62	7.44	μA

Note 1. The listed currents are the total currents flowing into V_{DD} , including the input leakage currents flowing when the level of the input pin is fixed to V_{DD} or V_{SS} .

Regarding the values for main system clock operation, the TYP. value does not include the peripheral operating current. The MAX. value includes the peripheral operating current, but does not include those flowing into the A/D converter, comparator, I/O port, and on-chip pull-up/pull-down resistors. Regarding the values for subsystem clock operation, the TYP. and MAX. values do not include the peripheral operating current. However, in HALT mode, the current flowing into the RTC is included. Regarding the values in STOP mode, the TYP. and MAX. values do not include the peripheral operating current.

- Note 2. When the HALT instruction is executed from the flash memory.
- Note 3. The listed currents do not include the current flowing into the 12-bit interval timer and watchdog timer.
- Note 4. When the high-speed subsystem clock is stopped.
- Note 5. When the high-speed on-chip oscillator is stopped.
- Note 6. 16-pin and 20-pin products only.
- **Remark 1.** fil: High-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency
- **Remark 2.** f_{MX}: High-speed system clock frequency (X1 clock oscillation frequency or external main system clock frequency)
- **Remark 3.** The temperature condition of the TYP. value is $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$.

Peripheral Functions

$[T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}: \text{ G products}, T_A = -40 \text{ to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}: \text{ M products}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le V_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}]$

Item	Symbol	Conc	lition	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Low-speed on-chip oscillator operating current	I _{FIL} ^{Note 1}				0.30		μA
12-bit interval timer operating current	I _{TMKA} Note 1, Note 2, Note 3				0.02		μA
Watchdog timer operating current	I _{WDT} Note 1, Note 4				0.02		μA
A/D converter operating current	I _{ADC} Note 1, Note 5	Note 1, Note 5 maximum spood	V _{DD} = 5.0 V		1.30	1.90	mA
			V _{DD} = 3.0 V		0.50		mA
Comparator operating current	I _{CMP} Note 1, Note 6	In high-speed mode	V _{DD} = 5.0 V		6.50		μA
		In low-speed mode	V _{DD} = 5.0 V		1.70		μA
Internal reference voltage operating current	I _{VREG} ^{Note 1}				10		μA
Self-programming operating current	I _{FSP} Note 1, Note 7				2.0	12.20	mA

Note 1. The current flowing into V_{DD}.

- Note 2. When the high-speed on-chip oscillator and high-speed system clock are stopped.
- Note 3. This current only flows into the 12-bit interval timer. It does not include the operating current of the low-speed on-chip oscillator. The supply current of the RL78 microcontrollers is the sum of I_{DD1}, I_{DD2} or I_{DD3} and I_{FIL} and I_{TMKA} when the 12-bit interval timer is in operation.
- Note 4. This current only flows into the watchdog timer. It does not include the operating current of the low-speed onchip oscillator. The supply current of the RL78 microcontrollers is the sum of I_{DD1}, I_{DD2} or I_{DD3} and I_{FIL} and I_{WDT} when the watchdog timer is in operation.
- Note 5. This current only flows into the A/D converter. The supply current of the RL78 microcontrollers is the sum of I_{DD1} or I_{DD2} and I_{ADC} when the A/D converter is operating or in the HALT mode.
- Note 6. This current only flows into a single comparator. The supply current of the RL78 microcontrollers is the sum of I_{DD1}, I_{DD2} or I_{DD3} and I_{CMP} when the comparator is in operation.
- Note 7. This current only flows during self-programming.
- **Remark** The temperature condition of the TYP. value is $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$.



3.4 AC Characteristics

Item	Symbol	Condition		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	
Instruction cycle (minimum instruction execution time)	T _{CY}	When high-speed on-chip oscillator clock (fi⊣) is selected			0.0625		1.0	μs
		When high-speed system clock (f_{MX}) is selected	$2.4 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	Square wave input	0.0625		1.0	μs
				Resonator connection	0.0833		1.0	μs
		In the self-programming mode	$2.4 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$		0.0625		1.0	μs
External system clock frequency	f_{EX}	$2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$			1.0		16	MHz
External system clock input high-level width, low-level width	t _{EXH} , t _{EXL}	$2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$			30			ns
TI00 to TI07 input high-level width, low-level width	t⊤ıн, t⊤ı∟	Noise filter is not used	Noise filter is not used					ns
TO00 to TO07 output	f _{TO}	$4.0 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$					8	MHz
frequency		$2.7 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} < 4.0 \text{ V}$					5	MHz
		$2.4 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} < 2.7 \text{ V}$			4	MHz		
PCLBUZ0 output frequency f_{PCL} 4.0 V \leq V _{DD} \leq 5.5 V						10	MHz	
		$2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 4.0 \text{ V}$					5	MHz
		$2.4 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} < 2.7 \text{ V}$			4	MHz		
RESET low-level width	t _{RSL}				10			μs

Remark f_{MCK}: Timer array unit operating clock frequency

(Operation clock to be set by timer clock select register 0 (TPS0) and the CKS0n1 bit of timer mode register 0n (TMR0n). n: Channel number (n = 0 to 7).)



Minimum Instruction Execution Time during Main System Clock Operation



At AC Timing



External System Clock Timing





TI/TO Timing



RESET Input Timing





3.5 Serial Interface Characteristics

AC Timing Test Points



3.5.1 Serial array unit

(1) UART mode

$[T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}: \text{ G products}, T_A = -40 \text{ to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}: \text{ M products}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{\text{SS}} = 0 \text{ V}]$

Item	Symbol	Condition		TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Transfer rate					f _{мск} /12	bps
		Theoretical value of the maximum transfer rate $f_{CLK} = f_{MCK} = 16 \text{ MHz}$			1.3	Mbps

UART mode connection diagram



Remarkf_MCK: Serial array unit operation clock frequency
(Operation clock to be set by serial clock select register 0 (SPS0) and the CKS0n bit of serial mode register
0n (SMR0n). n: Channel number (n = 0, 1))

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(2)	Simplified SPI (CSI) mode (master mode, SCKp internal clock output)	
-----	---	--

Item	Symbol	Con	dition	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
SCKp cycle time	t _{KCY1}	$t_{\rm KCY1} \geq 4/f_{\rm CLK}$	$2.7~\textrm{V} \leq \textrm{V}_\textrm{DD} \leq 5.5~\textrm{V}$	250			ns
			$2.4 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	500			ns
SCKp high-/low-level width	t _{KH1} , t _{KL1}	$2.7 V \le V_{DD} \le 5.5 V$		t _{KCY1} /2 - 36			ns
		$2.4 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$		t _{KCY1} /2 - 76			ns
SIp setup time	t _{sik1}	$2.7~\textrm{V} \leq \textrm{V}_\textrm{DD} \leq 5.5~\textrm{V}$	$2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$				ns
(to SCKp ↑) ^{Note 1}		$2.4 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$		113			ns
SIp hold time (from SCKp ↑) ^{Note 1}	t _{KSI1}			38			ns
Delay time from SCKp ↓ to SOp output ^{Note 2}	t _{KSO1}	C = 30 pF ^{Note 3}				66	ns

[T _A = −40 to +105°C: G products, T _A = −40 to +125°C: M products, 2.4	$V \le V_{DD} \le 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V$

Note 1. When DAP0n = 0 and CKP0n = 0, or DAP0n = 1 and CKP0n = 1. The SIp setup time becomes "to SCKp ↓" and the SIp hold time becomes "from SCKp ↓" when DAP0n = 0 and CKP0n = 1, or DAP0n = 1 and CKP0n = 0.

Note 2. When DAP0n = 0 and CKP0n = 0, or DAP0n = 1 and CKP0n = 1. The delay time to SOp output becomes "from SCKp \downarrow " when DAP0n = 0 and CKP0n = 1, or DAP0n = 1 and CKP0n = 0.

Note 3. C is the load capacitance of the SCKp and SOp output lines.

(3) Simplified SPI (CSI) mode (slave mode, SCKp... external clock input)

Item	Symbol	Con	Condition		TYP.	MAX.	Unit
SCKp cycle time	t _{KCY2}	$2.7 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$		12/f _{MCK}			ns
		$2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$		12/f _{MCK} and also 1000			ns
SCKp high-/low-level width	t _{KH2} ,t _{KL2}	$2.7~\text{V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5~\text{V}$	$2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$				ns
		$2.4 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	$2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$				ns
SIp setup time	t _{SIK2}	$2.7~\text{V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5~\text{V}$		1/f _{MCK} + 40			ns
(to SCKp ↑) ^{Note 1}		$2.4 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$		1/f _{MCK} + 60			ns
SIp hold time (from SCKp ↑) ^{Note 1}	t _{KSI2}	$2.4 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$		1/f _{MCK} + 62			ns
Delay time from SCKp ↓ to SOp	t _{KSO2}	C = 30 pF ^{Note 3}	$2.7 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$			2/f _{MCK} + 66	ns
output Note 2			$2.4V \le V_{DD} \le 5.5V$			2/f _{мск} + 113	ns

Note 1. When DAP0n = 0 and CKP0n = 0, or DAP0n = 1 and CKP0n = 1. The SIp setup time becomes "to SCKp ↓" and the SIp hold time becomes "from SCKp ↓" when DAP0n = 0 and CKP0n = 1, or DAP0n = 1 and CKP0n = 0.

Note 2. When DAP0n = 0 and CKP0n = 0, or DAP0n = 1 and CKP0n = 1. The delay time to SOp output becomes "from SCKp \downarrow " when DAP0n = 0 and CKP0n = 1, or DAP0n = 1 and CKP0n = 0.

Note 3. C is the load capacitance of the SOp output lines.

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Remark 1. p: CSI number (p = 00, 01), n: Channel number (n = 0, 1)

Remark 2.f_{MCK}: Serial array unit operation clock frequency
(Operation clock to be set by serial clock select register 0 (SPS0) and the CKS0n bit of serial mode
register 0n (SMR0n). n: Channel number (n = 0, 1))

Simplified SPI (CSI) mode connection diagram



Simplified SPI (CSI) mode serial transfer timing

(When DAP0n = 0 and CKP0n = 0, or DAP0n = 1 and CKP0n = 1)



Remark p: CSI number (p = 00, 01), n: Channel number (n = 0, 1)

(4) Simplified I²C mode

$[T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}: \text{ G products}, T_A = -40 \text{ to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}: \text{ M products}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le V_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}]$

Item	Symbol	Condition	MIN.	MAX.	Unit
SCLr clock frequency	f _{SCL}	$2.7~\textrm{V} \leq \textrm{V}_\textrm{DD} \leq 5.5~\textrm{V}$		400 ^{Note 1}	kHz
		C_b = 100 pF, R_b = 3 k Ω			
		$2.4 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$		100 ^{Note 1}	kHz
		C_b = 100 pF, R_b = 3 k Ω			
Hold time when SCLr = "L"	t _{LOW}	$2.7~\textrm{V} \leq \textrm{V}_\textrm{DD} \leq 5.5~\textrm{V}$	1200		ns
		C_b = 100 pF, R_b = 3 k Ω			
		$2.4 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	4600		ns
		C_b = 100 pF, R_b = 3 k Ω			
Hold time when SCLr = "H"	t _{HIGH}	$2.7 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	1200		ns
		C_b = 100 pF, R_b = 3 k Ω			
		$2.4 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	4600		ns
		C_b = 100 pF, R_b = 3 k Ω			
Data setup time (reception)	t _{su:dat}	$2.7 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	1/f _{MCK} + 220 ^{Note 2}		ns
		C_b = 100 pF, R_b = 3 k Ω			
		$2.4 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	1/f _{MCK} + 580 ^{Note 2}		ns
		C_b = 100 pF, R_b = 3 k Ω			
Data hold time (transmission)	t _{HD:DAT}	$2.7~\textrm{V} \leq \textrm{V}_\textrm{DD} \leq 5.5~\textrm{V}$	0	770	ns
		C_b = 100 pF, R_b = 3 k Ω			
		$2.4 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	0	1420	ns
		C_b = 100 pF, R_b = 3 k Ω			

Note 1. The value must also be no greater than $f_{MCK}/4$.

- Note 2. Set f_{MCK} so that it will not exceed the hold time when SCLr = "L" or SCLr = "H".
- Caution Select the N-ch open drain output (V_{DD} tolerance) mode for the SDAr pin by using port output mode register 0, 2, or 4 (POM0, 2, or 4).







Simplified I²C mode serial transfer timing



- Remark 1.
 R_b[Ω]: Communication line (SDAr) pull-up resistance, C_b[F]: Communication line (SCLr, SDAr) load capacitance
- **Remark 2.** r: IIC number (r = 00, 01)
- Remark 3. f_{MCK}: Serial array unit operation clock frequency (Operation clock to be set by serial clock select register 0 (SPS0) and the CKS0n bit of serial mode register 0n (SMR0n). n: Channel number (n = 0, 1))



3.5.2 Serial interface IICA

$[T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}: \text{ G products}, T_A = -40 \text{ to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}: \text{ M products}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le V_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}]$

Item	Symbol	Condition	Standard Mode		Fast	Mode	Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
SCLA0 clock frequency	f _{SCL}	Fast mode: f _{CLK} ≥ 3.5 MHz			0	400	kHz
		Standard mode: f _{CLK} ≥ 1 MHz	0	100			kHz
Setup time of restart condition	t _{su:sta}		4.7		0.6		μs
Hold time ^{Note 1}	t _{HD:STA}		4.0		0.6		μs
Hold time when SCLA0 = "L"	t _{LOW}		4.7		1.3		μs
Hold time when SCLA0 = "H"	t _{HIGH}		4.0		0.6		μs
Data setup time (reception)	t _{su:dat}		250		100		ns
Data hold time (transmission) ^{Note 2}	t _{HD:DAT}		0	3.45	0	0.9	μs
Setup time of stop condition	t _{su:sto}		4.0		0.6		μs
Bus-free time	t _{BUF}		4.7		1.3		μs

Note 1. The first clock pulse is generated after this period when the start or restart condition is detected.

Note 2. The maximum value (MAX.) of t_{HD:DAT} applies to normal transfer and a wait is inserted at the ACK (acknowledge) timing.

RemarkThe maximum value of C_b (communication line capacitance) and the value of R_b (communication line pull-up
resistance) at that time in each mode are as follows.Standard mode: C_b = 400 pF, R_b = 2.7 k Ω Fast mode: C_b = 200 pF, R_b = 1.7 k Ω

IICA serial transfer timing



3.6 Analog Characteristics

3.6.1 A/D converter characteristics

Targets: ANI0 to ANI10, internal reference voltage

$[T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}: \text{ G products}, T_A = -40 \text{ to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}: \text{ M products}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{V}_{\text{SS}} = 0 \text{ V}]$

Item	Symbol	Conditi	on	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Resolution	RES			8		10	bit
Overall error ^{Note 1, Note 2,}	AINL	10-bit resolution	$V_{DD} = 5 V$		±1.7	±3.1	LSB
Note 3			V _{DD} = 3 V		±2.3	±4.5	LSB
Conversion time	t _{CONV}	10-bit resolution	$2.7~\textrm{V} \leq \textrm{V}_\textrm{DD} \leq 5.5~\textrm{V}$	4.25		17	μs
		Targets: ANI0 to ANI10	$2.4 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$ Note 5	5.75		23	μs
		10-bit resolution Target: Internal reference voltage ^{Note 6}	2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	5.75		23	μs
Zero-scale error	Ezs	10-bit resolution	V _{DD} = 5 V			±0.19	%FSR
Note 1, Note 2, Note 3, Note 4			V _{DD} = 3 V			±0.39	%FSR
Full-scale error	E _{FS}	10-bit resolution	$V_{DD} = 5 V$			±0.29	%FSR
Note 1, Note 2, Note 3, Note 4			V _{DD} = 3 V			±0.42	%FSR
Integral linearity error	ILE	10-bit resolution	$V_{DD} = 5 V$			±1.8	LSB
Note 1, Note 2, Note 3			V _{DD} = 3 V			±1.7	LSB
Differential linearity	DLE	10-bit resolution	$V_{DD} = 5 V$			±1.4	LSB
EITOT Note 1, Note 2, Note 3			V _{DD} = 3 V			±1.5	LSB
Analog input voltage	V _{AIN}	Targets: ANI0 to ANI10		0		V _{DD}	V
		Target: Internal reference voltage ^{Note 6}			V _{REG} ^{Note 7}		V

Note 1. The TYP. value is an average value at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$. The MAX. value is an average value $\pm 3\sigma$ at normal distribution.

- Note 2. These values are the results of characteristic evaluation and are not checked for shipment.
- Note 3. A quantization error (±1/2 LSB) is not included.
- Note 4. Expressed as a ratio (%FSR) relative to the full-scale value.
- Note 5. Be sure to set the LV0 bit in A/D converter mode register 0 (ADM0) to 0 when conversion is done in the operating voltage range of 2.4 V ≤ V_{DD} < 2.7 V.
- Note 6. Be sure to set the LV0 bit in A/D converter mode register 0 (ADM0) to 0 when the internal reference voltage is selected as the target for conversion.
- Note 7. Refer to 3.6.3 Internal reference voltage characteristics.
- Caution 1. Arrange wiring and insert the capacitor so that no noise appears on the power supply/ground line.
- Caution 2. Do not allow any pulses that rapidly change such as digital signals to be input/output to/from the pins adjacent to the conversion pin during A/D conversion.
- Caution 3. Note that the internal reference voltage cannot be used as the reference voltage of the comparator when the internal reference voltage is selected as the target for A/D conversion.

3.6.2 Comparator characteristics

 $[T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}: \text{ G products}, T_A = -40 \text{ to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}: \text{ M products}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{\text{SS}} = 0 \text{ V}]$

ltem	Symbol	Condition	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	
Input voltage range	I _{VREF}	IVREFn pin input (CnVRF bit = 0	0		V _{DD} - 1.4	V	
		Internal reference voltage (CnVF		$V_{\text{REG}}^{\text{Note 2}}$		V	
	I _{VCMP}	IVCMPn pin input	-0.3		V _{DD} + 0.3	V	
Output delay	t _d	V _{DD} = 3.0 V,	High-speed mode			0.5	μs
		input slew rate > 50 mV/µs	Low-speed mode		2.0		μs
Operation stabilization wait time	t _{CMP}			100			μs

Note 1. When the internal reference voltage is selected as the reference voltage of the comparator, the internal reference voltage cannot be used as the target for A/D conversion.

Note 2. Refer to 3.6.3 Internal reference voltage characteristics.

Remark n: Channel number (n = 0, 1)

3.6.3 Internal reference voltage characteristics

$[T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}: \text{ G products}, T_A = -40 \text{ to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}: \text{ M products}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le V_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}]$

Item	Symbol	Condition	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Internal reference voltage	V_{REG}		0.74	0.815	0.89	V
Operation stabilization wait time	t _{AMP}	A/D converter is used (ADS register = 0DH)	5			μs

Caution The internal reference voltage cannot be simultaneously used by the A/D converter and the comparator; only one of them must be selected.



3.6.4 SPOR circuit characteristics

-	• •		• • •			
Item		Symbol	Condition	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.
Detection voltage	Power supply	V _{SPOR0}	Power supply rising	4.08	4.28	4.45
	voltage level	V _{SPDR0}	Power supply falling	4.00	4.20	4.37
		V _{SPOR1}	Power supply rising	2.76	2.90	3.02
		V _{SPDR1}	Power supply falling	2.70	2.84	2.96
		V _{SPOR2}	Power supply rising	2.44	2.57	2.68
		V _{SPDR2}	Power supply falling	2.40	2.52	2.62
		V _{SPOR3}	Power supply rising		2.16	
		V _{SPDR3}	Power supply falling		2.11	
Minimum pulse wid	dth ^{Note 1}	T _{SPW}		300		

 $[T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}: \text{ G products}, T_A = -40 \text{ to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}: \text{ M products}, V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}]$

Note 1. Time required for the reset operation by the SPOR circuit when V_{DD} falls below V_{SPDR} .

Caution Make sure to keep the internal reset state by the SPOR or an external reset until the power supply voltage (V_{DD}) reaches the operating voltage range shown in 3.4 AC Characteristics.

3.6.5 Power supply voltage rising slope characteristics

 $[T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}: \text{ G products}, T_A = -40 \text{ to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}: \text{ M products}, V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}]$

Item	Symbol	Condition	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Power supply voltage rising slope	S _{VDD}				54	V/ms

Caution Make sure to keep the internal reset state by the SPOR or an external reset until the power supply voltage (V_{DD}) reaches the operating voltage range shown in 3.4 AC Characteristics.



Unit V V V V V V V V V V V

3.7 RAM Data Retention Characteristics

$[T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}: \text{ G products}, T_A = -40 \text{ to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}: \text{ M products}]$	ucts, Vss = 0 V]
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Item	Symbol	Condition	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Data retention power supply voltage	V _{DDDR}		1.9		5.5	V

Caution Data in RAM is retained until the power supply voltage falls below the MIN. value of the data retention power supply voltage (V_{DDDR}). Note that data in the RESF register might not be cleared even if the power supply voltage falls below the MIN. value of the data retention power supply voltage (V_{DDDR}).





3.8 Flash Memory Programming Characteristics

$[T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}: \text{ G products}, T_A = -40 \text{ to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}: \text{ M products}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{\text{SS}} = 0 \text{ V}]$

Item	Symbol	Condition		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Number of code flash rewrites	C _{erwr}	Retained for 20 years	$T_A = +85^{\circ}C^{Note 3}$	1000			Times
Number of data flash rewrites		Retained for 1 year	T _A = +25°C		1,000,000		Times
Note 1, Note 2		Retained for 5 years	T _A = +85°C ^{Note 3}	100,000			Times
		Retained for 20 years	T_A = +85°C ^{Note 3}	10,000			Times

- Note 1. 1 erase + 1 write after the erase is regarded as 1 rewrite. The retaining years are until next rewrite after the rewrite.
- Note 2. These are the characteristics of the flash memory and the results obtained from reliability testing by Renesas Electronics.
- Note 3. This temperature is the average value at which data are retained.

Code flash/data flash self-programming time

$[T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}: \text{ G products}, T_A = -40 \text{ to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}: \text{ M products}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{\text{SS}} = 0 \text{ V}]$

Item	Symbol	f _{CLK} = 1 MHz		f _{CLK} = 1 MHz f _{CLK} = 16 MHz		Z	Unit	
		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	
Writing (4 bytes)	t _{₽4}		104	905		53.8	504.9	μs
Block erasure (1 KB)	t _{E1K}		7.9	262.3		5.5	214.1	ms

Caution The listed values do not include the time until the operations of the flash memory start following execution of an instruction by software.

3.9 Dedicated Flash Memory Programmer Communication (UART)

$[T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}: \text{ G products}, T_A = -40 \text{ to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}: \text{ M products}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{V}_{\text{SS}} = 0 \text{ V}]$

Item	Symbol	Condition	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Transfer rate				115,200		bps

Remark The transfer rate during flash memory programming is fixed to 115,200 bps.



3.10 Timing of Entry to Flash Memory Programming Mode

Item	Symbol	Condition	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Time to complete the communication for the initial setting after the external reset is released	t _{suinit}	The SPOR reset must be released before the external reset is released.			100	ms
Time to release the external reset after the TOOL0 pin is set to the low level	t _{su}	The SPOR reset must be released before the external reset is released.	10			μs
Time to hold the TOOL0 pin at the low level after the external reset is released	t _{HD}	The SPOR reset must be released before the external reset is released.	1			ms

I	[T _A = −40 to +105°C: G	products $T_{A} = -40$ to	+125°C: M products	$2 4 V \le V_{PP} \le 5 5 V$	$V_{ee} = 0 V_1$
	[1A40 10 + 105 C. G]	$products, r_A = -40 to -$	τ 125 C. W products,	$, \mathbf{Z}.4 \mathbf{V} \geq \mathbf{V} \mathbf{D} \mathbf{D} \geq 5.5 \mathbf{V},$	vss – u vj



- <1> The low level is input to the TOOL0 pin.
- <2> The external reset is released (the SPOR reset must have been released before that).
- <3> The TOOL0 pin is released from the low level.
- <4> Setting of entry to the flash memory programming mode by UART reception is completed.
- **Remark** t_{SUINIT}: During this period, the communications for the initial setting must be completed within 100 ms after release from the reset.
 - t_{SU} : Time to release the external reset after the TOOL0 pin is set to the low level
 - t_{HD} : Time to hold the TOOL0 pin at the low level after the external reset is released

PACKAGE DRAWINGS 4.

8-pin products 4.1

R5F12008MSN, R5F12008ASN

JEITA Package code	RENESAS code	MASS(TYP.)[g]
P-SOP08-3.90×4.90-1.27	PRSP0008DV-A	0.08





	Reference	Dimen	sion in Milli	imeters
	Symbol	Min.	Nom.	Max.
	А	—	-	1.75
	A1	0.10	-	0.25
	A2	1.25	-	_
	b	0.31	-	0.51
	с	0.10	-	0.25
	D	-	4.90	_
	E	-	6.00	-
	E1	-	3.90	_
	е	-	1.27	-
	L	0.40	-	1.27
	θ	0	-	8
	aaa	-	-	0.10
	bbb	—	—	0.20
	ccc	_	_	0.10
	ddd	—	—	0.25
-	eee	—	_	0.10

NOTES:

1.JEDEC OUTLINE : MS-012 AA 2.DIMENSIONS "D" DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS. MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS AND GATE BURRS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.15mm. PER SIDE. 3.DIMENSIONS "E1" DOES NOT INCLUDE INTER-LEAD FLASH, OR PROTRUSIONS. INTER-LEAD FLASH AND PROTRUSIONS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.25mm PER SIDE.



R5F12008MNS, R5F12008GNS, R5F12008ANS

R5F12007MNS, R5F12007GNS, R5F12007ANS





Reference	Dimen	sion in Milli	meters
Symbol	Min.	Nom.	Max.
A	_	_	0.80
A ₁	0.00	-	0.05
A ₃		0.203 REF	
b	0.25	0.30	0.35
D		3.00	
E	3.00		
е	0.65		
N		8	
L	0.35	0.40	0.45
К	0.20	—	-
D ₂	1.95	2.00	2.05
E2	1.60	1.65	1.70
aaa	-	—	0.15
bbb	_	_	0.10
ссс	-	—	0.10
ddd	_	-	0.05
eee	_	-	0.08



4.2 10-pin products

R5F12018MSP, R5F12018GSP, R5F12018ASP

R5F12017MSP, R5F12017GSP, R5F12017ASP

JEITA Package Code	RENESAS Code	Previous Code	MASS (TYP.) [g]
P-LSSOP10-4.4x3.6-0.65	PLSP0010JA-A	P10MA-65-CAC-2	0.05







 ITEM
 DIMENSIONS

 A
 3.60±0.10

 B
 0.50

 C
 0.65 (T.P.)

 D
 0.24±0.08

 E
 0.10±0.05

1.45 MAX.

F

NOTE

Each lead centerline is located within 0.13 mm of its true position (T.P.) at maximum material condition.

G	1.20±0.10
Н	6.40±0.20
1	4.40±0.10
J	1.00±0.20
К	$0.17^{+0.08}_{-0.07}$
L	0.50
М	0.13
Ν	0.10
Р	$3^{\circ} + \frac{5^{\circ}}{-3^{\circ}}$
Т	0.25 (T.P.)
U	0.60±0.15
V	0.25 MAX.
W	0.15 MAX.



4.3 16-pin products

R5F12048MSP, R5F12048GSP, R5F12048ASP

R5F12047MSP, R5F12047GSP, R5F12047ASP

JEITA Package Code	RENESAS Code	Previous Code	MASS (Typ) [g]
P-SSOP16-4.4x5-0.65	PRSP0016JC-B	P16MA-65-FAB-1	0.08

Unit: mm







Terminal cross section



Reference	Dimensions in millimeters			
Symbol	Min	Nom	Max	
D	4.85	5.00	5.15	
D ₁	5.05	5.20	5.35	
E	4.20	4.40	4.60	
A ₂	—	1.50	—	
A ₁	0.075	0.125	0.175	
Α	—	—	1.725	
bp	0.17	0.24	0.32	
b ₁	—	0.22		
с	0.14	0.17	0.20	
C1	—	0.15	—	
θ	0°	—	8 °	
HE	6.20	6.40	6.60	
е		0.65		
x	_		0.13	
У	_		0.10	
ZD		0.225	_	
L	0.35	0.50	0.65	
L ₁	_	1.00	_	



R5F12048MNA, R5F12048GNA, R5F12048ANA

R5F12047MNA, R5F12047GNA, R5F12047ANA

JEITA Package code	RENESAS code	MASS(TYP.)[g]
P-HWQFN016-3x3-0.50	PWQN0016KD-A	0.02



4.40	2-1
1.40	RENESAS

9

8

K(16X)

Reference	Dimension in Millimeters		
Symbol	Min.	Nom.	Max.
А	_	_	0.80
A1	0.00	0.02	0.05
A3	0.203 REF.		
b	0.20	0.25	0.30
D	3.00 BSC		
E	3.00 BSC		
е	0.50 BSC		
L	0.30	0.35	0.40
К	0.20	-	-
D2	1.65	1.70	1.75
E2	1.65	1.70	1.75
aaa	0.15		
bbb	0.10		
ccc	0.10		
ddd	0.05		
eee	0.08		
fff	0.10		

13

12

L(16X)

1



4.4 20-pin products

R5F12068MSP, R5F12068GSP, R5F12068ASP

R5F12067MSP, R5F12067GSP, R5F12067ASP

JEITA Package Code	RENESAS Code	Previous Code	MASS (TYP.) [g]
P-LSSOP20-4.4x6.5-0.65	PLSP0020JB-A	P20MA-65-NAA-1	0.1



NOTE

1.Dimensions "%1" and "%2" do not include mold flash.

2.Dimension "%3" does not include trim offset.

detail of lead end





	(UNIT:mm)
ITEM	DIMENSIONS
D	6.50±0.10
E	4.40±0.10
HE	6.40±0.20
А	1.45 MAX.
A1	0.10±0.10
A2	1.15
е	0.65±0.12
bp	$0.22^{+0.10}_{-0.05}$
С	$0.15 \substack{+ \ 0.05 \\ - \ 0.02}$
L	0.50±0.20
У	0.10
θ	0° to 10°



<R> R5F12068MSM, R5F12068ASM

JEITA Package code	RENESAS code	MASS(TYP.)[g]
P-TSSOP20-4.40x6.50-0.65	PTSP0020JI-A	0.08







Detail of Lead End



Reference Symbol	Dimension in Millimeters		
	Min.	Nom.	Max.
А	_	-	1.20
A1	0.05	-	0.15
A2	0.80	1.00	1.05
b	0.19	-	0.30
С	0.09	0.127	0.20
D	6.40	6.50	6.60
E1	4.30	4.40	4.50
E	6.40 BSC		
е	0.65 BSC		
L1	1.00 REF		
L	0.50	0.60	0.75
S	0.20	_	—
θ	0°	-	8°
aaa	0.10		
bbb	0.10		
ccc	0.05		
ddd		0.20	

NOTES:

1.DIMENSION 'D' AND 'E1' DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. 2.DIMENSION 'b' DOES NOT INCLUDE TRIM OFFSET. 3.DIMENSION 'D' AND 'E1' TO BE DETERMINED AT DATUM PLANE [].





REVISION HISTORY

RL78/G15 Datasheet

		Description		
Rev.	Date	Page Summary		
1.00	Oct 17, 2022		First edition issued	
1.10 Apr 28, 2023		p.19	2. ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS (T _A = -40 to $+85^{\circ}$ C): The section title, modified. Caution 3, deleted.	
		p.21	2.2.2 On-chip oscillator characteristics: Note 3, deleted	
		p.24	2.3.2 Supply current characteristics: Note 1, modified	
		p.39	2.8 Flash Memory Programming Characteristics: The condition was added to the code flash/data flash self-programming time	
		p.40	2.10 Timing of Entry to Flash Memory Programming Mode: The condition, added	
		p.41	3. ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS (T _A = -40 to $+105^{\circ}$ C, T _A = -40 to $+125^{\circ}$ C): The section title, modified. Caution 3, deleted.	
	p.43		3.2.2 On-chip oscillator characteristics: The MIN. and MAX. values of high-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency accuracy (T_A = +85 to +125°C), modified. Note 3, deleted.	
		p.46	3.3.2 Supply current characteristics: Note 1, modified	
p.613.8 Flash Memory Programming Characteristics 3, added. The condition was added to the code fp.623.10 Timing of Entry to Flash Memory Programmer		p.61	3.8 Flash Memory Programming Characteristics: The condition in the table, modified. Note3, added. The condition was added to the code flash/data flash self-programming time.	
		p.62	3.10 Timing of Entry to Flash Memory Programming Mode: The condition, added	
		p.63	4.1 8-pin products: The description, deleted. The package drawing, added.	
1.20 Jan 31, 2024		1. OUTLINE		
		p.1	1.1 Features: Features of the high-speed on-chip oscillator, modified	
		p.3	Figure 1-1. Part Number, Memory Size, and Package of RL78/G15: ROM number, added. Packaging Specifications, modified	
		p.4	Table 1-1. List of Ordering Part Numbers: Packaging Specifications, modified	
		p.9	1.3.3 16-pin products: Remark 3, added	
		2. ELECTRICAL	SPECIFICATIONS ($T_A = -40$ to $+85^{\circ}$ C)	
		p.19	2. ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS (T _A = -40 to $+85^{\circ}$ C): The description, modified. Remark, added	
		3. ELECTRICAL	SPECIFICATIONS ($T_A = -40$ to $+105^{\circ}$ C, $T_A = -40$ to $+125^{\circ}$ C)	
		p.41	3. ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS (T _A = -40 to +105°C, T _A = -40 to +125°C): Remark, added	
1.30 Aug 9, 2024		1. OUTLINE		
		p.3	Figure 1-1. Part Number, Memory Size, and Package of RL78/G15 added. Note 1. Added.	
		p.4	Table 1-1. List of Ordering Part Numbers added.	
		p.5	1.3.1 8-pin products added.	
		4. PACKAGE DR	RAWINGS	
		p.63	4.1 8-pin products added.	
1.40	Apr 15, 2025	1. OUTLINE		
		p.3	Figure 1-1. Part Number, Memory Size, and Package of RL78/G15: Part No., packaging specifications, package type, and Note 1, modified	
		p.4	Table 1-1. List of Ordering Part Numbers: TSSOP package, added	



		Description		
Rev.	Date	Page	Summary	
1.40	Apr 15, 2025	p.5 Table 1-2. Multiplexed Functions of 8-pin Products: The table title, modified		
		p.10, p.11	1.3.4 20-pin products: TSSOP, added	
		4. PACKAGE DRAWINGS		
		p.69	4.4 20-pin products: PTSP0020JI-A package drawing, added	



General Precautions in the Handling of Microprocessing Unit and Microcontroller Unit Products

The following usage notes are applicable to all Microprocessing unit and Microcontroller unit products from Renesas. For detailed usage notes on the products covered by this document, refer to the relevant sections of the document as well as any technical updates that have been issued for the products.

1. Precaution against Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)

A strong electrical field, when exposed to a CMOS device, can cause destruction of the gate oxide and ultimately degrade the device operation. Steps must be taken to stop the generation of static electricity as much as possible, and quickly dissipate it when it occurs. Environmental control must be adequate. When it is dry, a humidifier should be used. This is recommended to avoid using insulators that can easily build up static electricity. Semiconductor devices must be stored and transported in an anti-static container, static shielding bag or conductive material. All test and measurement tools including work benches and floors must be grounded. The operator must also be grounded using a wrist strap. Semiconductor devices must not be touched with bare hands. Similar precautions must be taken for printed circuit boards with mounted semiconductor devices.

The state of the product is undefined at the time when power is supplied. The states of internal circuits in the LSI are indeterminate and the states of register settings and pins are undefined at the time when power is supplied. In a finished product where the reset signal is applied to the external reset pin, the states of pins are not guaranteed from the time when power is supplied until the reset process is completed. In a similar way, the states of pins in a product that is reset by an on-chip power-on reset function are not guaranteed from the time when power is supplied until the power is supplied until the power is supplied until the power reaches the level at which resetting is specified.

3. Input of signal during power-off state

Do not input signals or an I/O pull-up power supply while the device is powered off. The current injection that results from input of such a signal or I/O pull-up power supply may cause malfunction and the abnormal current that passes in the device at this time may cause degradation of internal elements. Follow the guideline for input signal during power-off state as described in your product documentation.

4. Handling of unused pins

Handle unused pins in accordance with the directions given under handling of unused pins in the manual. The input pins of CMOS products are generally in the high-impedance state. In operation with an unused pin in the open-circuit state, extra electromagnetic noise is induced in the vicinity of the LSI, an associated shoot-through current flows internally, and malfunctions occur due to the false recognition of the pin state as an input signal become possible.

5. Clock signals

After applying a reset, only release the reset line after the operating clock signal becomes stable. When switching the clock signal during program execution, wait until the target clock signal is stabilized. When the clock signal is generated with an external resonator or from an external oscillator during a reset, ensure that the reset line is only released after full stabilization of the clock signal. Additionally, when switching to a clock signal produced with an external resonator or by an external oscillator while program execution is in progress, wait until the target clock signal is stable.

6. Voltage application waveform at input pin

Waveform distortion due to input noise or a reflected wave may cause malfunction. If the input of the CMOS device stays in the area between V_{IL} (Max.) and V_{IH} (Min.) due to noise, for example, the device may malfunction. Take care to prevent chattering noise from entering the device when the input level is fixed, and also in the transition period when the input level passes through the area between V_{IL} (Max.) and V_{IH} (Min.).

- Prohibition of access to reserved addresses
 Access to reserved addresses is prohibited. The reserved addresses are provided for possible future expansion of functions. Do not access these
 addresses as the correct operation of the LSI is not guaranteed.
- 8. Differences between products

Before changing from one product to another, for example to a product with a different part number, confirm that the change will not lead to problems. The characteristics of a microprocessing unit or microcontroller unit products in the same group but having a different part number might differ in terms of internal memory capacity, layout pattern, and other factors, which can affect the ranges of electrical characteristics, such as characteristic values, operating margins, immunity to noise, and amount of radiated noise. When changing to a product with a different part number, implement a systemevaluation test for the given product.

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