

Description

The 9ZXL15x0D/9ZXL19x0D/9ZXL1951D devices comprise a family of 2nd-generation enhanced performance buffers for PCIe and CPU applications. The family meets all published QPI/UPI, DB2000Q and PCIe Gen1–5 jitter specifications. Devices are either 15 or 19 outputs. The devices function as both fanout (FOB) and zero-delay (ZDB) buffers. All devices meet DB2000Q and DB1900Z jitter and skew requirements.

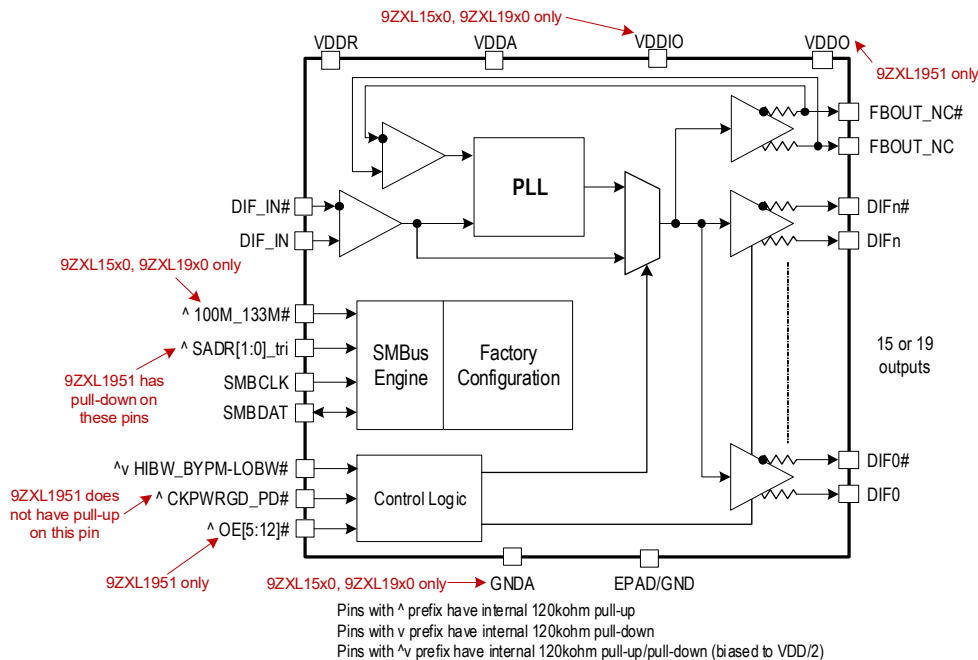
Key Specifications

- ZDB Mode phase jitter:
 - PCIe Gen5 CC < 22fs RMS (Low Bandwidth)
 - QPI/UPI 11.4GB/s < 120fs RMS (Low Bandwidth)
 - IF-UPI additive jitter < 130fs RMS (Low Bandwidth)
- Fanout Buffer Mode additive phase jitter:
 - PCIe Gen5 CC < 24fs RMS
 - DB2000Q additive jitter < 39fs RMS
 - QPI/UPI 11.4GB/s < 40fs RMS
 - IF-UPI additive jitter < 70fs RMS
- Cycle-to-cycle jitter: < 50ps
- Output-to-output skew: < 50ps

Outputs

- 15 or 19 Low-power HCSL (LP-HCSL) output pairs

Block Diagram



Features

- LP-HCSL outputs eliminate up to 4 resistors per output pair
- 9 selectable SMBus addresses
- Selectable PLL bandwidths minimizes jitter peaking in cascaded PLL topologies
- Hardware/SMBus control of ZDB and FOB modes allow change without power cycle
- 8 OE# pins support PCIe CLKREQ# functionality (9ZXL1951)
- Spread spectrum compatible
- 100MHz and 133.33MHz ZDB mode (9ZXL15x0, 9ZXL19x0)
- 100MHz ZDB mode (9ZXL1951)
- 1–400MHz FOB mode (all devices)
- -40°C to +85°C operating temperature range
- Package information: see [Ordering Information](#) table

PCIe Cloning Architectures

- Common Clocked (CC)
- Independent Reference (IR) with and without spread spectrum

Typical Applications

- Servers
- nVME Storage
- Networking
- Accelerators
- Industrial

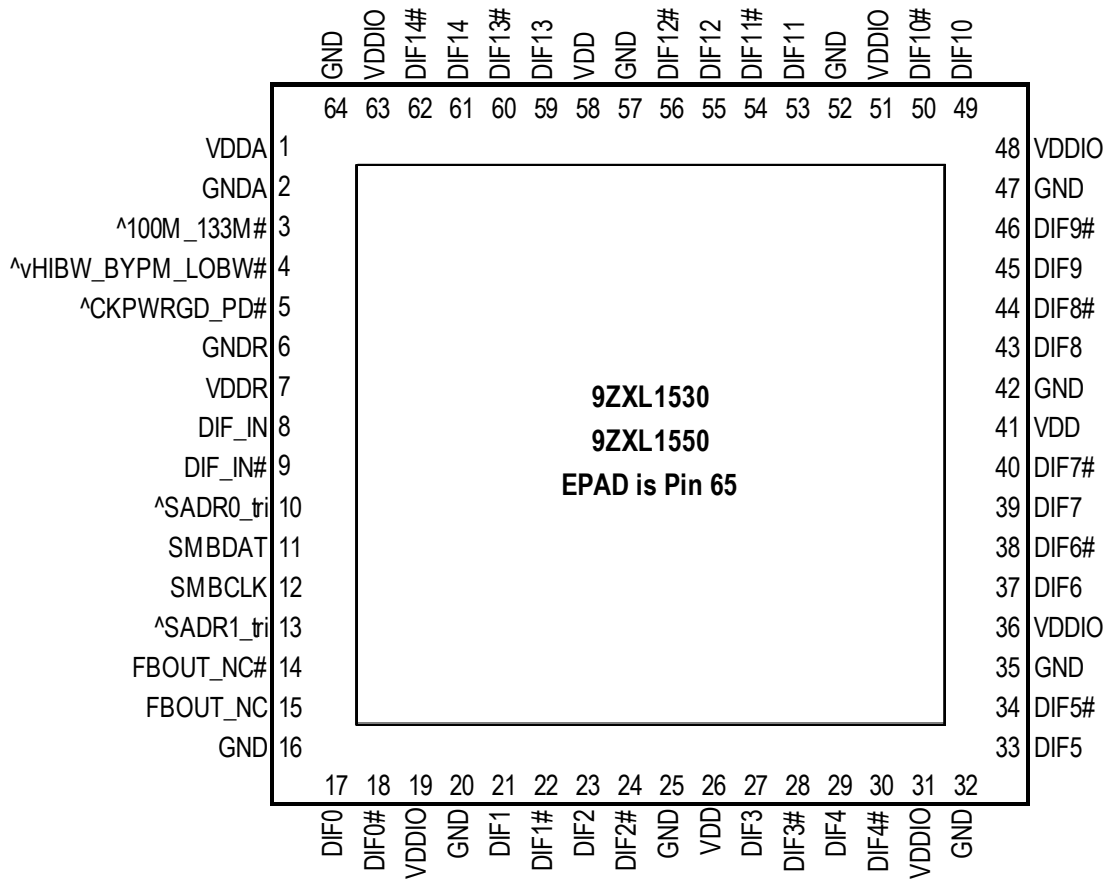
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Pin Assignments

9ZXL15x0D Pin Assignment

Figure 1. Pin Assignment for 9 × 9 mm 64-VFQFPN Package – Top View

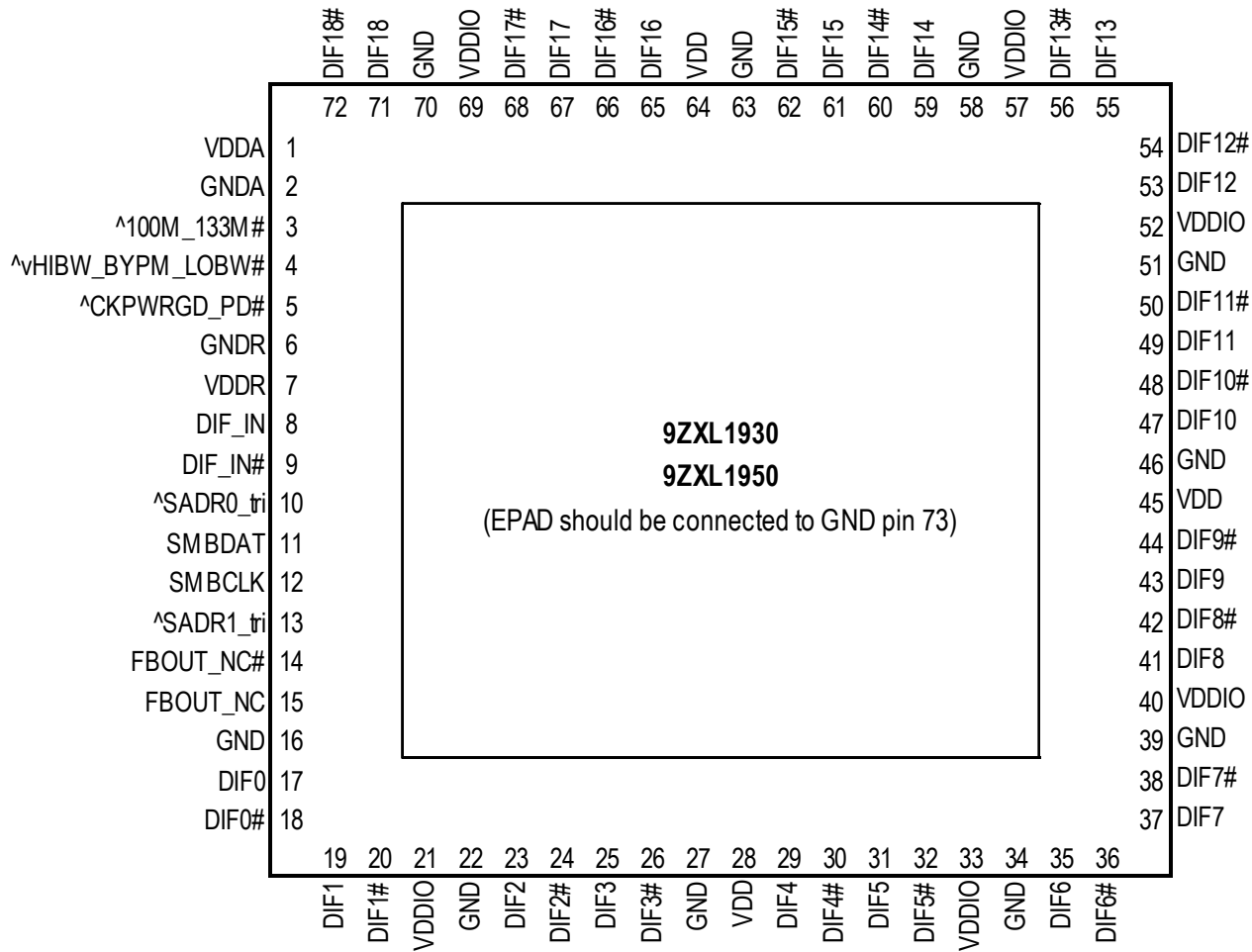


9 x 9 mm 64-VFQFPN

- Notes: Pins with ^ prefix have internal 120kohm pull-up
- Pins with v prefix have internal 120kohm pull-down
- Pins with ^v prefix have internal 120kohm pull-up/pull-down (biased to VDD/2)

9ZXL19x0D Pin Assignment

Figure 2. Pin Assignment for 10 × 10 mm 72-VFQFPN Package – Top View



Notes: Pins with ^ prefix have internal 120kohm pull-up
Pins with v prefix have internal 120kohm pull-down
Pins with ^v prefix have internal 120kohm pull-up/pull-down (biased to VDD/2)

9ZXL1951D Pin Assignment

Figure 3. Pin Assignment for 6 × 6 mm 80-GQFN Package – Top View

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
A	DIF16#	DIF16	DIF15#	DIF15	DIF14#	DIF14	NC	DIF13#	DIF13	DIF12#	DIF12	DIF11#	A
B	DIF17	VDDO3.3	NC	NC	VDDA3.3	NC	vSADR0_tri	vSADR1_tri	[^] vHIBW_BYP M_LOBW#	[^] OE12#	VDDO3.3	DIF11	B
C	DIF17#	NC	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 10px; text-align: center;"> <p>9ZXL1951D 6 x 6 x 0.5 mm 80-GQFN Package Top View EPAD is GND</p> </div>								[^] OE11#	DIF10#	C
D	DIF18	NC									NC	DIF10	D
E	DIF18#	NC									[^] OE10#	NC	E
F	NC	FBOU _T _NC#									NC	DIF9#	F
G	DIF_IN	FBOU _T _NC									[^] OE9#	DIF9	G
H	DIF_IN#	VDDR3.3									CKPWRGD_ PD#	DIF8#	H
J	DIF0	NC									[^] OE8#	DIF8	J
K	DIF0#	NC	[^] OE7#	DIF7#	K								
L	DIF1	VDDO3.3	NC	SMBDAT	SMBCLK	NC	NC	[^] OE5#	NC	[^] OE6#	VDDO3.3	DIF7	L
M	DIF1#	DIF2	DIF2#	DIF3	DIF3#	NC	DIF4	DIF4#	DIF5	DIF5#	DIF6	DIF6#	M
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	

Pin Descriptions

Table 1. Pin Descriptions for 9ZXL15x0D/9ZXL19x0D

Name	Type	Description	9ZXL19x0 Pin No.	9ZXL15x0 Pin No.
^100M_133M#	Latched In	3.3V Input to select operating frequency. This pin has an internal pull-up resistor. See Functionality at Power-Up (ZDB Mode) table for definition.	3	3
^CKPWRGD_PD#	Input	Input notifies device to sample latched inputs and start up on first high assertion. Low enters Power Down Mode, subsequent high assertions exit Power Down Mode. This pin has internal pull-up resistor.	5	5
^SADR0_tri	Input	SMBus address bit. This is a tri-level input that works in conjunction with other SADR pins, if present, to decode SMBus Addresses. It has an internal pull-up resistor. See the SMBus Addressing table.	10	10
^SADR1_tri	Input	SMBus address bit. This is a tri-level input that works in conjunction with other SADR pins, if present, to decode SMBus Addresses. It has an internal pull-up resistor. See the SMBus Addressing table.	13	13
^vHIBW_BYPM_LO BW#	Latched In	Tri-level input to select High BW, Bypass or Low BW mode. This pin is biased to VDD/2 (Bypass mode) with internal pull-up/pull down resistors. See PLL Operating Mode table for details.	4	4
DIF_IN	Input	HCSL true input.	8	8
DIF_IN#	Input	HCSL complementary input.	9	9
DIF0	Output	Differential true clock output.	17	17
DIF0#	Output	Differential complementary clock output.	18	18
DIF1	Output	Differential true clock output.	19	21
DIF1#	Output	Differential complementary clock output.	20	22
DIF10	Output	Differential true clock output.	47	49
DIF10#	Output	Differential complementary clock output.	48	50
DIF11	Output	Differential true clock output.	49	53
DIF11#	Output	Differential complementary clock output.	50	54
DIF12	Output	Differential true clock output.	53	55
DIF12#	Output	Differential complementary clock output.	54	56
DIF13	Output	Differential true clock output.	55	59
DIF13#	Output	Differential complementary clock output.	56	60
DIF14	Output	Differential true clock output.	59	61
DIF14#	Output	Differential complementary clock output.	60	62
DIF15	Output	Differential true clock output.	61	—
DIF15#	Output	Differential complementary clock output.	62	—
DIF16	Output	Differential true clock output.	65	—
DIF16#	Output	Differential complementary clock output.	66	—
DIF17	Output	Differential true clock output.	67	—
DIF17#	Output	Differential complementary clock output.	68	—
DIF18	Output	Differential true clock output.	71	—

Table 1. Pin Descriptions for 9ZXL15x0D/9ZXL19x0D (Cont.)

Name	Type	Description	9ZXL19x0 Pin No.	9ZXL15x0 Pin No.
DIF18#	Output	Differential complementary clock output.	72	—
DIF2	Output	Differential true clock output.	23	23
DIF2#	Output	Differential complementary clock output.	24	24
DIF3	Output	Differential true clock output.	25	27
DIF3#	Output	Differential complementary clock output.	26	28
DIF4	Output	Differential true clock output.	29	29
DIF4#	Output	Differential complementary clock output.	30	30
DIF5	Output	Differential true clock output.	31	33
DIF5#	Output	Differential complementary clock output.	32	34
DIF6	Output	Differential true clock output.	35	37
DIF6#	Output	Differential complementary clock output.	36	38
DIF7	Output	Differential true clock output.	37	39
DIF7#	Output	Differential complementary clock output.	38	40
DIF8	Output	Differential true clock output.	41	43
DIF8#	Output	Differential complementary clock output.	42	44
DIF9	Output	Differential true clock output.	43	45
DIF9#	Output	Differential complementary clock output.	44	46
epad	GND	Connect EPAD to ground.	73	65
FBOUT_NC	Output	True half of differential feedback output. This pin should NOT be connected to anything outside the chip. It exists to provide delay path matching to get 0 propagation delay.	15	15
FBOUT_NC#	Output	Complementary half of differential feedback output. This pin should NOT be connected to anything outside the chip. It exists to provide delay path matching to get 0 propagation delay.	14	14
GND	GND	Ground pin.	16,22,27,34,39,46,51,58,63,70	16,20,25,32,35,42,47,52,57,64
GNDA	GND	Ground pin for the PLL core.	2	2
GNDR	GND	Analog ground pin for the differential input (receiver).	6	6
SMBCLK	Input	Clock pin of SMBUS circuitry.	12	12
SMBDAT	I/O	Data pin of SMBUS circuitry.	11	11
VDD	Power	Power supply, nominally 3.3V.	28,45,64	26,41,58
VDDA	Power	Power supply for PLL core.	1	1
VDDIO	Power	Power supply for differential outputs.	21,33,40,52,57,69	19,31,26,48,51,63
VDDR	Power	Power supply for differential input clock (receiver). This VDD should be treated as an analog power rail and filtered appropriately. Nominally 3.3V.	7	7

Table 2. Pin Descriptions for 9ZXL1951D

Name	Type	Description	Pin Number
^OE10#	Input	Active low input for enabling output 10. This pin has an internal pull-up resistor. 1 = disable output, 0 = enable output.	E11
^OE11#	Input	Active low input for enabling output 11. This pin has an internal pull-up resistor. 1 = disable output, 0 = enable output.	C11
^OE12#	Input	Active low input for enabling output 12. This pin has an internal pull-up resistor. 1 = disable output, 0 = enable output.	B10
^OE5#	Input	Active low input for enabling output 5. This pin has an internal pull-up resistor. 1 = disable output, 0 = enable output.	L8
^OE6#	Input	Active low input for enabling output 6. This pin has an internal pull-up resistor. 1 = disable output, 0 = enable output.	L10
^OE7#	Input	Active low input for enabling output 7. This pin has an internal pull-up resistor. 1 = disable output, 0 = enable output.	K11
^OE8#	Input	Active low input for enabling output 8. This pin has an internal pull-up resistor. 1 = disable output, 0 = enable output.	J11
^OE9#	Input	Active low input for enabling output 9. This pin has an internal pull-up resistor. 1 = disable output, 0 = enable output.	G11
^vHIBW_BYPM_LO BW#	Latched In	Tri-level input to select High BW, Bypass or Low BW mode. This pin is biased to VDD/2 (Bypass Mode) with internal pull-up/pull down resistors. See PLL Operating Mode table for details.	B9
CKPWRGD_PD#	Input	3.3V input notifies device to sample latched inputs and start up on first high assertion, or exit Power Down Mode on subsequent assertions. Low enters Power Down Mode.	H11
DIF_IN	Input	HCSL true input.	G1
DIF_IN#	Input	HCSL complementary input.	H1
DIF0	Output	Differential true clock output.	J1
DIF0#	Output	Differential complementary clock output.	K1
DIF1	Output	Differential true clock output.	L1
DIF1#	Output	Differential complementary clock output.	M1
DIF10	Output	Differential true clock output.	D12
DIF10#	Output	Differential complementary clock output.	C12
DIF11	Output	Differential true clock output.	B12
DIF11#	Output	Differential complementary clock output.	A12
DIF12	Output	Differential true clock output.	A11
DIF12#	Output	Differential complementary clock output.	A10
DIF13	Output	Differential true clock output.	A9
DIF13#	Output	Differential complementary clock output.	A8
DIF14	Output	Differential true clock output.	A6
DIF14#	Output	Differential complementary clock output.	A5
DIF15	Output	Differential true clock output.	A4

Table 2. Pin Descriptions for 9ZXL1951D (Cont.)

Name	Type	Description	Pin Number
DIF15#	Output	Differential complementary clock output.	A3
DIF16	Output	Differential true clock output.	A2
DIF16#	Output	Differential complementary clock output.	A1
DIF17	Output	Differential true clock output.	B1
DIF17#	Output	Differential complementary clock output.	C1
DIF18	Output	Differential true clock output.	D1
DIF18#	Output	Differential complementary clock output.	E1
DIF2	Output	Differential true clock output.	M2
DIF2#	Output	Differential complementary clock output.	M3
DIF3	Output	Differential true clock output.	M4
DIF3#	Output	Differential complementary clock output.	M5
DIF4	Output	Differential true clock output.	M7
DIF4#	Output	Differential complementary clock output.	M8
DIF5	Output	Differential true clock output.	M9
DIF5#	Output	Differential complementary clock output.	M10
DIF6	Output	Differential true clock output.	M11
DIF6#	Output	Differential complementary clock output.	M12
DIF7	Output	Differential true clock output.	L12
DIF7#	Output	Differential complementary clock output.	K12
DIF8	Output	Differential true clock output.	J12
DIF8#	Output	Differential complementary clock output.	H12
DIF9	Output	Differential true clock output.	G12
DIF9#	Output	Differential complementary clock output.	F12
EPAD	GND	Connect epad to ground.	ZZ
FBOUT_NC	Output	True half of differential feedback output. This pin should NOT be connected to anything outside the chip. It exists to provide delay path matching to get 0 propagation delay.	G2
FBOUT_NC#	Output	Complementary half of differential feedback output. This pin should NOT be connected to anything outside the chip. It exists to provide delay path matching to get 0 propagation delay.	F2
NC	—	No connection.	A7
NC	—	No connection.	B3
NC	—	No connection.	B4
NC	—	No connection.	B6
NC	—	No connection.	C2
NC	—	No connection.	D2
NC	—	No connection.	D11
NC	—	No connection.	E2
NC	—	No connection.	E12

Table 2. Pin Descriptions for 9ZXL1951D (Cont.)

Name	Type	Description	Pin Number
NC	—	No connection.	F1
NC	—	No connection.	F11
NC	—	No connection.	J2
NC	—	No connection.	K2
NC	—	No connection.	L3
NC	—	No connection.	L6
NC	—	No connection.	L7
NC	—	No connection.	L9
NC	—	No connection.	M6
SMBCLK	Input	Clock pin of SMBUS circuitry.	L5
SMBDAT	I/O	Data pin of SMBUS circuitry.	L4
VDDA3.3	Power	3.3V power for the PLL core.	B5
VDDO3.3	Power	Power supply for outputs. Nominally 3.3V.	B2
VDDO3.3	Power	Power supply for outputs. Nominally 3.3V.	B11
VDDO3.3	Power	Power supply for outputs. Nominally 3.3V.	L2
VDDO3.3	Power	Power supply for outputs. Nominally 3.3V.	L11
VDDR3.3	Power	Power supply for differential input clock (receiver). This VDD should be treated as an analog power rail and filtered appropriately. Nominally 3.3V.	H2
vSADR0_tri	Input	SMBus address bit. This is a tri-level input that works in conjunction with other SADR pins, if present, to decode SMBus Addresses. It has an internal pull-down resistor. See the SMBus Addressing table.	B7
vSADR1_tri	Input	SMBus address bit. This is a tri-level input that works in conjunction with other SADR pins, if present, to decode SMBus Addresses. It has an internal pull-down resistor. See the SMBus Addressing table.	B8

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses above the ratings listed below can cause permanent damage to the 9ZXL15x0D/9ZXL19x0D/9ZXL1951D. These ratings, which are standard values for Renesas commercially rated parts, are stress ratings only. Functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods can affect product reliability. Electrical parameters are guaranteed only over the recommended operating temperature range.

Table 3. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	Notes
Supply Voltage	V_{DDx}				3.9	V	1,2
Input Low Voltage	V_{IL}		GND - 0.5			V	1
Input High Voltage	V_{IH}	Except for SMBus interface.			$V_{DD} + 0.5$	V	1,3
Input High Voltage, SMBus	V_{IHSMB}	SMBus clock and data pins.			3.9	V	1
Storage Temperature	T_s		-65		150	°C	1
Junction Temperature	T_j				125	°C	1
Input ESD Protection	ESD prot	Human Body Model.	2500			V	1

¹ Guaranteed by design and characterization, not 100% tested in production.

² Operation under these conditions is neither implied nor guaranteed.

³ Not to exceed 3.9V.

Thermal Characteristics

Table 4. Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Package	Typical Values	Units	Notes
9ZXL19x0 Thermal Resistance	θ_{JC}	Junction to case.	NLG72	19	°C/W	1
	θ_{Jb}	Junction to base.		0.5	°C/W	1
	θ_{JA0}	Junction to air, still air.		30	°C/W	1
	θ_{JA1}	Junction to air, 1 m/s air flow.		23	°C/W	1
	θ_{JA3}	Junction to air, 3 m/s air flow.		20	°C/W	1
	θ_{JA5}	Junction to air, 5 m/s air flow.		19	°C/W	1
9ZXL15x0 Thermal Resistance	θ_{JC}	Junction to case.	NLG64	14	°C/W	1
	θ_{Jb}	Junction to base.		1	°C/W	1
	θ_{JA0}	Junction to air, still air.		28	°C/W	1
	θ_{JA1}	Junction to air, 1 m/s air flow.		21	°C/W	1
	θ_{JA3}	Junction to air, 3 m/s air flow.		19	°C/W	1
	θ_{JA5}	Junction to air, 5 m/s air flow.		18	°C/W	1

Table 4. Thermal Characteristics (Cont.)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Package	Typical Values	Units	Notes
9ZXL1951 Thermal Resistance	θ_{JC}	Junction to case.	NHG80	44	°C/W	1
	θ_{Jb}	Junction to base.		2	°C/W	1
	θ_{JA0}	Junction to air, still air.		33	°C/W	1
	θ_{JA1}	Junction to air, 1 m/s air flow.		29	°C/W	1
	θ_{JA3}	Junction to air, 3 m/s air flow.		28	°C/W	1
	θ_{JA5}	Junction to air, 5 m/s air flow.		27	°C/W	1

¹ EPAD soldered to board.

Electrical Characteristics

T_{AMB} = over the specified operating range. Supply voltages per normal operation conditions; see [Test Loads](#) for loading conditions.

Table 5. SMBus Parameters

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	Notes
SMBus Input Low Voltage	V_{ILSMB}				0.8	V	
SMBus Input High Voltage	V_{IHSMB}		2.1		V_{DDSMB}	V	
SMBus Output Low Voltage	V_{OLSMB}	At I_{PULLUP} .			0.4	V	
SMBus Sink Current	I_{PULLUP}	At V_{OL} .	4			mA	
Nominal Bus Voltage	V_{DDSMB}		2.7		3.6	V	1
SCLK/SDATA Rise Time	t_{RSMB}	(Max $V_{IL} - 0.15V$) to (Min $V_{IH} + 0.15V$).			1000	ns	1
SCLK/SDATA Fall Time	t_{FSMB}	(Min $V_{IH} + 0.15V$) to (Max $V_{IL} - 0.15V$).			300	ns	1
SMBus Operating Frequency	f_{SMBMAX}	SMBus operating frequency.			400	kHz	5

¹ Guaranteed by design and characterization, not 100% tested in production.

² Control input must be monotonic from 20% to 80% of input swing.

³ Time from deassertion until outputs are > 200mV.

⁴ DIF_IN input.

⁵ The differential input clock must be running for the SMBus to be active.

Table 6. DIF_IN Clock Input Parameters

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	Notes
Input Crossover Voltage – DIF_IN	V_{CROSS}	Crossover voltage.	150		900	mV	1
Input Swing – DIF_IN	V_{SWING}	Differential value.	300			mV	1
Input Slew Rate – DIF_IN	dv/dt	Measured differentially.	0.4		8	V/ns	1,2
Input Leakage Current	I_{IN}	$V_{IN} = V_{DD}$, $V_{IN} = GND$.	-5		5	μA	
Input Duty Cycle	d_{tin}	Measurement from differential waveform.	45		55	%	1
Input Jitter – Cycle to Cycle	J_{DIFIn}	Differential measurement.	0		125	ps	1

¹ Guaranteed by design and characterization, not 100% tested in production.

² Slew rate measured through ±75mV window centered around differential zero.

Table 7. Input/Supply/Common Parameters

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	Notes
Supply Voltage	V_{DDx}	Supply voltage for core and analog.	3.135	3.3	3.465	V	
Output Supply Voltage	V_{DDIO}	Supply voltage for DIF outputs, if present.	0.95	1.05	3.465	V	5
Ambient Operating Temperature	T_{AMB}	Industrial range (T_{IND}).	-40	25	85	°C	
Input High Voltage	V_{IH}	Single-ended inputs, except SMBus, tri-level inputs.	2		$V_{DD} + 0.3$	V	
Input Low Voltage	V_{IL}	Single-ended inputs, except SMBus, tri-level inputs.	GND - 0.3		0.8	V	
Input High Voltage	V_{IH}	Tri-level inputs.	2.2		$V_{DD} + 0.3$	V	
Input Mid Voltage	V_{IM}	Tri-level inputs.	1.2	$V_{DD}/2$	1.8	V	
Input Low Voltage	V_{IL}	Tri-level inputs.	GND - 0.3		0.8	V	
Input Current	I_{IN}	Single-ended inputs, $V_{IN} = \text{GND}$, $V_{IN} = V_{DD}$.	-5		5	μA	
	I_{INP}	Single-ended inputs. $V_{IN} = 0 \text{ V}$; inputs with internal pull-up resistors. $V_{IN} = V_{DD}$; inputs with internal pull-down resistors.	-50		50	μA	
Input Frequency	F_{ibyp}	$V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V}$, Bypass Mode.	1		400	MHz	
	F_{ipll}	$V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V}$, 100MHz PLL Mode.	98.5	100.00	102.5	MHz	
	F_{ipll}	$V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V}$, 133.33MHz PLL Mode.	132	133.33	135	MHz	6
ppm Error Contribution	ppm	ppm error contributed to input clock.	0			ppm	
Pin Inductance	L_{pin}				7	nH	1
Capacitance	C_{IN}	Logic inputs, except DIF_IN.	1.5		5	pF	1
	C_{INDIF_IN}	DIF_IN differential clock inputs.	1.5		2.7	pF	1,4
	C_{OUT}	Output pin capacitance.			6	pF	1
Clk Stabilization	T_{STAB}	From V_{DD} power-up and after input clock stabilization or deassertion of PD# to 1st clock.		1	1.8	ms	1,2
Input SS Modulation Frequency PCIe	$f_{MODINPCIe}$	Allowable frequency for PCIe applications (Triangular modulation).	30		33	kHz	
OE# Latency	$t_{LATOE\#}$	DIF start after OE# assertion. DIF stop after OE# deassertion.	4	5	10	clocks	1,2,3
Tdrive_PD#	t_{DRVPD}	DIF output enable after PD# deassertion.			300	μs	1,3
Tfall	t_F	Fall time of control inputs.			5	ns	2
Trise	t_R	Rise time of control inputs.			5	ns	2

¹ Guaranteed by design and characterization, not 100% tested in production.

² Control input must be monotonic from 20% to 80% of input swing.

³ Time from deassertion until outputs are > 200mV.

⁴ DIF_IN input.

⁵ Not present on 9ZXL1951D.

⁶ 9ZXL15x0 and 9ZXL19x0 only.

Table 8. Current Consumption – 9ZXL1951D

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	Notes
Operating Supply Current	$I_{DDVDDA/R}$	PLL Mode, all outputs 100MHz, $C_L = 2\text{pF}$; $Z_o = 85\Omega$.		45	55	mA	1
	I_{DDVDD}	All outputs 100MHz, $C_L = 2\text{pF}$; $Z_o = 85\Omega$.		171	200	mA	
Power Down Current	$I_{DDVDDPD}$	All differential pairs low-low.		1	2	mA	
	$I_{DDVDDA/RPD}$	All differential pairs low-low.		4	6	mA	

¹ In Bypass Mode (PLL of) $I_{DDVDDA/R}$ is 12mA.

Table 9. Current Consumption – 9ZXL19x0D

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	Notes
Operating Supply Current	I_{DDA+R}	$V_{DDA} + V_{DDR}$ pins, all outputs at 100MHz, $C_L = 2\text{pF}$; $Z_o = 85\Omega$.		54	65	mA	1
	I_{DDO}	V_{DDIO} pins, all outputs at 100MHz, $C_L = 2\text{pF}$; $Z_o = 85\Omega$.		136	169	mA	
	I_{DDx}	All other V_{DD} pins, all outputs at 100MHz, $C_L = 2\text{pF}$; $Z_o = 85\Omega$.		28	38	mA	
Power Down Current	I_{DDA+R}	$V_{DDA} + V_{DDR}$ pins, all outputs Low/Low.		4	5	mA	
	I_{DDO}	V_{DDIO} pins, all outputs Low/Low.		0.04	0.1	mA	
	I_{DDx}	All other V_{DD} pins, all outputs Low/Low.		0.4	1	mA	

¹ In Bypass Mode (PLL of) $I_{DDVDDA/R}$ is 12mA.

Table 10. Current Consumption – 9ZXL15x0D

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	Notes
Operating Supply Current	I_{DDA+R}	$V_{DDA} + V_{DDR}$ pins, all outputs at 100MHz, $C_L = 2\text{pF}$; $Z_o = 85\Omega$.		54	65	mA	1
	I_{DDO}	V_{DDIO} pins, all outputs at 100MHz, $C_L = 2\text{pF}$; $Z_o = 85\Omega$.		77	92	mA	
	I_{DDx}	All other V_{DD} pins, all outputs at 100MHz, $C_L = 2\text{pF}$; $Z_o = 85\Omega$.		27	34	mA	
Power Down Current	I_{DDA+R}	$V_{DDA} + V_{DDR}$ pins, all outputs Low/Low.		4	5	mA	
	I_{DDO}	V_{DDIO} pins, all outputs Low/Low.		0.04	0.1	mA	
	I_{DDx}	All other V_{DD} pins, all outputs Low/Low.		0.46	0.6	mA	

¹ In Bypass Mode (PLL of) $I_{DDVDDA/R}$ is 12mA.

Table 11. Skew and Differential Jitter Parameters

T_{AMB} = over the specified operating range. Supply voltages per normal operation conditions; see [Test Loads](#) for loading conditions.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	Notes
CLK_IN, DIF[x:0]	t _{SPO_PLL}	Input-to-output skew in PLL Mode at 100MHz, nominal temperature and voltage.	-100	-21.3	100	ps	1,2,4,5,8
CLK_IN, DIF[x:0]	t _{PD_BYP}	Input-to-output skew in Bypass Mode at 100MHz, nominal temperature and voltage.	2.2	2.7	3.5	ns	1,2,3,5,7
CLK_IN, DIF[x:0]	t _{DSPO_PLL}	Input-to-output skew variation in PLL Mode at 100MHz, across voltage and temperature.	-50	0	50	ps	1,2,3,5,7
CLK_IN, DIF[x:0]	t _{DSPO_BYP}	Input-to-output skew variation in Bypass Mode at 100MHz, across voltage and temperature. T _{AMB} = -0°C to +70°C.	-250		250	ps	1,2,3,5,7
		Input-to-output skew variation in Bypass Mode at 100MHz, across voltage and temperature, T _{AMB} = -40°C to +85°C.	-350		350	ps	1,2,3,5,7
CLK_IN, DIF[x:0]	t _{DTE}	Random differential tracking error between two 9ZX devices in High BW Mode.		3	5	ps (RMS)	1,2,3,5,7
CLK_IN, DIF[x:0]	t _{DSSTE}	Random differential spread spectrum tracking error between two 9ZX devices in High BW Mode.		23	50	ps	1,2,3,5,7
DIF[x:0]	t _{SKREW_ALL}	Output-to-output skew across all outputs, common to PLL and Bypass Mode, at 100MHz.			50	ps	1,2,3,7
PLL Jitter Peaking	j _{peak-hibw}	LOBW#_BYPASS_HIBW = 1.	0	1.3	2.5	dB	6,7
PLL Jitter Peaking	j _{peak-lobw}	LOBW#_BYPASS_HIBW = 0.	0	1.3	2	dB	6,7
PLL Bandwidth	p _{llHIBW}	LOBW#_BYPASS_HIBW = 1.	2	2.6	4	MHz	7,8
PLL Bandwidth	p _{llLOBW}	LOBW#_BYPASS_HIBW = 0.	0.7	1.0	1.4	MHz	7,8
Duty Cycle	t _{DC}	Measured differentially, PLL Mode.	45	50.3	55	%	1
Duty Cycle Distortion	t _{DCD}	Measured differentially, Bypass Mode at 100MHz.	-1	0	1	%	1,9
Jitter, Cycle to Cycle	t _{j_{cyc-cyc}}	PLL Mode.		14	50	ps	1,10
		Additive jitter in Bypass Mode.		0.1	5	ps	1,10

¹ Measured into fixed 2pF load cap. Input to output skew is measured at the first output edge following the corresponding input.

² Measured from differential cross-point to differential cross-point. This parameter can be tuned with external feedback path, if present.

³ All Bypass Mode input-to-output specs refer to the timing between an input edge and the specific output edge created by it.

⁴ This parameter is deterministic for a given device.

⁵ Measured with scope averaging on to find mean value.

⁶ “t” is the period of the input clock.

⁶ Measured as maximum pass band gain. At frequencies within the loop BW, highest point of magnification is called PLL jitter peaking.

⁷ Guaranteed by design and characterization, not 100% tested in production.

⁸ Measured at 3db down or half power point.

⁹ Duty cycle distortion is the difference in duty cycle between the output and the input clock when the device is operated in Bypass Mode.

¹⁰ Measured from differential waveform.

Table 12. LP-HCSL Outputs

T_{AMB} = over the specified operating range. Supply voltages per normal operation conditions; see [Test Loads](#) for loading conditions.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Specification Limit	Units	Notes
Slew Rate	dV/dt	Scope averaging on.	2	2.6	4	1–4	V/ns	1,2,3
Slew Rate Matching	ΔdV/dt	Single-ended measurement.		7.1	20	20	%	1,4,7
Maximum Voltage	V _{max}	Measurement on single-ended signal using absolute value (scope averaging off).	700	778	900	660–1150	mV	7,8
Minimum Voltage	V _{min}		-125	-21	50	-300–150		7,8
Crossing Voltage (abs)	V _{cross_abs}	Scope averaging off.	250	389	550	250–550	mV	1,5,7
Crossing Voltage (var)	Δ-V _{cross}	Scope averaging off.		24	75	140	mV	1,6,7

¹ Guaranteed by design and characterization, not 100% tested in production.

² Measured from differential waveform.

³ Slew rate is measured through the V_{swing} voltage range centered around differential 0V. This results in a ±150mV window around differential 0V.

⁴ Matching applies to rising edge rate for Clock and falling edge rate for Clock#. It is measured using a ±75mV window centered on the average cross point where Clock rising meets Clock# falling. The median cross point is used to calculate the voltage thresholds the oscilloscope is to use for the edge rate calculations.

⁵ V_{cross} is defined as voltage where Clock = Clock# measured on a component test board and only applies to the differential rising edge (i.e. Clock rising and Clock# falling).

⁶ The total variation of all V_{cross} measurements in any particular system. Note that this is a subset of V_{cross_min/max} (V_{cross} absolute) allowed. The intent is to limit V_{cross} induced modulation by setting Δ-V_{cross} to be smaller than V_{cross} absolute.

⁷ At default SMBus settings.

⁸ Includes previously separate values of +300mV overshoot and -300mV of undershoot.

Table 13. PCIe Phase Jitter Parameters

T_{AMB} = over the specified operating range. Supply voltages per normal operation conditions; see [Test Loads](#) for loading conditions.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Limits	Units	Notes
PCIe Phase Jitter, Low Bandwidth ZDB Mode (Common Clocked Architecture)	t _{jphPCIeG1-CC}	PCIe Gen 1 (2.5 GT/s)		2.6	6.8	86	ps (p-p)	1,2
	t _{jphPCIeG2-CC}	PCIe Gen 2 Hi Band (5.0 GT/s)		0.09	0.16	3	ps (RMS)	1,2
		PCIe Gen 2 Lo Band (5.0 GT/s)		0.08	0.12	3.1	ps (RMS)	1,2
	t _{jphPCIeG3-CC}	PCIe Gen 3 (8.0 GT/s)		0.05	0.07	1	ps (RMS)	1,2
	t _{jphPCIeG4-CC}	PCIe Gen 4 (16.0 GT/s)		0.05	0.07	0.5	ps (RMS)	1,2,3,4
t _{jphPCIeG5-CC}	PCIe Gen 5 (32.0 GT/s)		0.018	0.022	0.15	ps (RMS)	1,2,3,5	
PCIe Phase Jitter, Low Bandwidth ZDB Mode (SRIS Architecture)	t _{jphPCIeG1-SRIS}	PCIe Gen 1 (2.5 GT/s)		8.71	8.73	N/A	ps (RMS)	1,2,6
	t _{jphPCIeG2-SRIS}	PCIe Gen 2 (5.0 GT/s)		0.81	0.83		ps (RMS)	1,2,6
	t _{jphPCIeG3-SRIS}	PCIe Gen 3 (8.0 GT/s)		0.329	0.335		ps (RMS)	1,2,6
	t _{jphPCIeG4-SRIS}	PCIe Gen 4 (16.0 GT/s)		0.222	0.235		ps (RMS)	1,2,6
	t _{jphPCIeG5-SRIS}	PCIe Gen 5 (32.0 GT/s)		0.084	0.091		ps (RMS)	1,2,6

Table 13. PCIe Phase Jitter Parameters (Cont.)

T_{AMB} = over the specified operating range. Supply voltages per normal operation conditions; see [Test Loads](#) for loading conditions.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Limits	Units	Notes
PCIe Phase Jitter, High Bandwidth ZDB Mode (Common Clocked Architecture)	t _{jphPCIeG1-CC}	PCIe Gen 1 (2.5 GT/s)		5.4	6.9	86	ps (p-p)	1,2
	t _{jphPCIeG2-CC}	PCIe Gen 2 Hi Band (5.0 GT/s)		0.19	0.25	3	ps (RMS)	1,2
		PCIe Gen 2 Lo Band (5.0 GT/s)		0.09	0.13	3.1	ps (RMS)	1,2
	t _{jphPCIeG3-CC}	PCIe Gen 3 (8.0 GT/s)		0.10	0.13	1	ps (RMS)	1,2
	t _{jphPCIeG4-CC}	PCIe Gen 4 (16.0 GT/s)		0.10	0.13	0.5	ps (RMS)	1,2,3,4
t _{jphPCIeG5-CC}	PCIe Gen 5 (32.0 GT/s)		0.032	0.042	0.15	ps (RMS)	1,2,3,5	
PCIe Phase Jitter, High Bandwidth ZDB Mode (SRIS Architecture)	t _{jphPCIeG1-SRIS}	PCIe Gen 1 (2.5 GT/s)		8.61	8.63	N/A	ps (RMS)	1,2,6
	t _{jphPCIeG2-SRIS}	PCIe Gen 2 (5.0 GT/s)		0.88	0.96		ps (RMS)	1,2,6
	t _{jphPCIeG3-SRIS}	PCIe Gen 3 (8.0 GT/s)		0.354	0.375		ps (RMS)	1,2,6
	t _{jphPCIeG4-SRIS}	PCIe Gen 4 (16.0 GT/s)		0.271	0.305		ps (RMS)	1,2,6
	t _{jphPCIeG5-SRIS}	PCIe Gen 5 (32.0 GT/s)		0.097	0.109		ps (RMS)	1,2,6

¹ The Refclk jitter is measured after applying the filter functions found in PCI Express Base Specification 5.0, Revision 1.0. See the [Test Loads](#) section of the data sheet for the exact measurement setup. The worst case results for each data rate are summarized in this table. Equipment noise is removed from all results.

² Jitter measurements shall be made with a capture of at least 100,000 clock cycles captured by a real-time oscilloscope (RTO) with a sample rate of 20 GS/s or greater. Broadband oscilloscope noise must be minimized in the measurement. The measured PP jitter is used (no extrapolation) for RTO measurements. Alternately, jitter measurements may be used with a Phase Noise Analyzer (PNA) extending (flat) and integrating and folding the frequency content up to an offset from the carrier frequency of at least 200MHz (at 300MHz absolute frequency) below the Nyquist frequency. For PNA measurements for the 2.5 GT/s data rate, the RMS jitter is converted to peak-to-peak jitter using a multiplication factor of 8.83. In the case where real-time oscilloscope and PNA measurements have both been done and produce different results, the RTO result must be used.

³ SSC spurs from the fundamental and harmonics are removed up to a cutoff frequency of 2 MHz taking care to minimize removal of any non-SSC content.

⁴ Note that 0.7ps RMS is to be used in channel simulations to account for additional noise in a real system.

⁵ Note that 0.25ps RMS is to be used in channel simulations to account for additional noise in a real system.

⁶ The PCI Express Base Specification 5.0, Revision 1.0 provides the filters necessary to calculate SRIS jitter values, however, it does not provide specification limits, hence the n/a in the Limit column. SRIS values are informative only. In general, a clock operating in an SRIS system must be twice as good as a clock operating in a Common Clock system. For RMS values, twice as good is equivalent to dividing the CC value by $\sqrt{2}$. An additional consideration is the value for which to divide by $\sqrt{2}$. The conservative approach is to divide the ref clock jitter limit, and the case can be made for dividing the channel simulation values by $\sqrt{2}$, if the ref clock is close to the Tx clock input. An example for Gen4 is as follows. A “rule-of-thumb” SRIS limit would be either $0.5\text{ps RMS}/\sqrt{2} = 0.35\text{ps RMS}$ if the clock chip is far from the clock input, or $0.7\text{ps RMS}/\sqrt{2} = 0.5\text{ps RMS}$ if the clock chip is near the clock input.

Table 14. Additive PCIe Phase Jitter for Fanout Buffer Mode

T_{AMB} = over the specified operating range. Supply voltages per normal operation conditions; see [Test Loads](#) for loading conditions.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Limits	Units	Notes
Additive PCIe Phase Jitter, Fanout Buffer Mode ⁷ (Common Clocked Architecture)	t _{jphPCIeG1-CC}	PCIe Gen 1 (2.5 GT/s)		1.3	1.9	86	ps (p-p)	1,2
	t _{jphPCIeG2-CC}	PCIe Gen 2 Hi Band (5.0 GT/s)		0.089	0.126	3	ps (RMS)	1,2
		PCIe Gen 2 Lo Band (5.0 GT/s)		0.023	0.034	3.1	ps (RMS)	1,2
	t _{jphPCIeG3-CC}	PCIe Gen 3 (8.0 GT/s)		0.044	0.062	1	ps (RMS)	1,2
	t _{jphPCIeG4-CC}	PCIe Gen 4 (16.0 GT/s)		0.044	0.062	0.5	ps (RMS)	1,2,3,4
t _{jphPCIeG5-CC}	PCIe Gen 5 (32.0 GT/s)		0.017	0.024	0.15	ps (RMS)	1,2,3,5	
Additive PCIe Phase Jitter, Fanout Buffer Mode ⁷ (SRIS Architecture)	t _{jphPCIeG1-SRIS}	PCIe Gen 1 (2.5 GT/s)		0.127	0.181	N/A	ps (RMS)	1,2,6
	t _{jphPCIeG2-SRIS}	PCIe Gen 2 (5.0 GT/s)		0.112	0.159		ps (RMS)	1,2,6
	t _{jphPCIeG3-SRIS}	PCIe Gen 3 (8.0 GT/s)		0.029	0.042		ps (RMS)	1,2,6
	t _{jphPCIeG4-SRIS}	PCIe Gen 4 (16.0 GT/s)		0.031	0.043		ps (RMS)	1,2,6
	t _{jphPCIeG5-SRIS}	PCIe Gen 5 (32.0 GT/s)		0.027	0.038		ps (RMS)	1,2,6

¹ The Refclk jitter is measured after applying the filter functions found in PCI Express Base Specification 5.0, Revision 1.0. See the [Test Loads](#) section of the data sheet for the exact measurement setup. The total Ref Clk jitter limits for each data rate are listed for convenience. The worst case results for each data rate are summarized in this table. Equipment noise is removed from all results.

² Jitter measurements shall be made with a capture of at least 100,000 clock cycles captured by a real-time oscilloscope (RTO) with a sample rate of 20 GS/s or greater. Broadband oscilloscope noise must be minimized in the measurement. The measured PP jitter is used (no extrapolation) for RTO measurements. Alternately, jitter measurements may be used with a Phase Noise Analyzer (PNA) extending (flat) and integrating and folding the frequency content up to an offset from the carrier frequency of at least 200MHz (at 300MHz absolute frequency) below the Nyquist frequency. For PNA measurements for the 2.5 GT/s data rate, the RMS jitter is converted to peak-to-peak jitter using a multiplication factor of 8.83. In the case where real-time oscilloscope and PNA measurements have both been done and produce different results, the RTO result must be used.

³ SSC spurs from the fundamental and harmonics are removed up to a cutoff frequency of 2 MHz taking care to minimize removal of any non-SSC content.

⁴ Note that 0.7ps RMS is to be used in channel simulations to account for additional noise in a real system.

⁵ Note that 0.25ps RMS is to be used in channel simulations to account for additional noise in a real system.

⁶ The PCI Express Base Specification 5.0, Revision 1.0 provides the filters necessary to calculate SRIS jitter values, however, it does not provide specification limits, hence the n/a in the Limit column. SRIS values are informative only. In general, a clock operating in an SRIS system must be twice as good as a clock operating in a Common Clock system. For RMS values, twice as good is equivalent to dividing the CC value by $\sqrt{2}$. An additional consideration is the value for which to divide by $\sqrt{2}$. The conservative approach is to divide the ref clock jitter limit, and the case can be made for dividing the channel simulation values by $\sqrt{2}$, if the ref clock is close to the Tx clock input. An example for Gen4 is as follows. A “rule-of-thumb” SRIS limit would be either $0.5\text{ps RMS}/\sqrt{2} = 0.35\text{ps RMS}$ if the clock chip is far from the clock input, or $0.7\text{ps RMS}/\sqrt{2} = 0.5\text{ps RMS}$ if the clock chip is near the clock input.

⁷ Additive jitter for RMS values is calculated by solving for “b” where $b = \sqrt{c^2 - a^2}$ and “a” is rms input jitter and “c” is rms output jitter.

Table 15. Filtered Phase Jitter Parameters – QPI/UPI, IF-UPI and DB2000Q

T_{AMB} = over the specified operating range. Supply voltages per normal operation conditions; see [Test Loads](#) for loading conditions.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Specification Limits	Units	Notes
Phase Jitter, ZDB Mode	t _{jphQPI_UPI}	QPI and UPI (100MHz or 133MHz, 4.8Gb/s, 6.4Gb/s 12UI)		0.16	0.37	0.5	ps (RMS)	1,2
		QPI and UPI (100MHz, 8.0Gb/s, 12UI)		0.10	0.15	0.3	ps (RMS)	1,2
		QPI and UPI (100MHz, ≤11.4Gb/s, 12UI)		0.08	0.12	0.2	ps (RMS)	1,2
Additive Phase Jitter, Fanout Mode	t _{jphQPI_UPI}	QPI and UPI (100MHz or 133MHz, 4.8Gb/s, 6.4Gb/s 12UI)		0.03	0.05	N/A	ps (RMS)	1,2,3
		QPI and UPI (100MHz, 8.0Gb/s, 12UI)		0.03	0.05		ps (RMS)	1,2,3
		QPI and UPI (100MHz, ≤11.4Gb/s, 12UI)		0.02	0.04		ps (RMS)	1,2,3
	t _{jphIF-UPI}	IF-UPI, Lo-BW ZDB Mode		0.10	0.13	1	ps (RMS)	1,4,5
		IF-UPI, Hi-BW ZDB Mode		0.17	0.20	1	ps (RMS)	1,4,5
		IF-UPI, Fanout Mode		0.06	0.07	1	ps (RMS)	1,4
	t _{jphDB2000Q}	DB2000Q, Fanout Mode		28	39	80	fs (RMS)	1,4,5

¹ Applies to all differential outputs, guaranteed by design and characterization. See [Test Loads](#) for measurement setup details.

² Calculated from Intel-supplied clock jitter tool.

³ For RMS values, additive jitter is calculated by solving for “b” where $b = \sqrt{c^2 - a^2}$, “a” is rms input jitter and “c” is rms total jitter.

⁴ Calculated from phase noise analyzer with Intel-specified brick-wall filter applied. This is an additive jitter specification regardless of buffer operating mode.

⁵ The IF-UPI specification is an additive specification, regardless of the buffer operating mode. The enhanced 9ZXL devices meet this specification in all operating modes.

Table 16. Phase Jitter Parameters – 12kHz to 20MHz

T_{AMB} = over the specified operating range. Supply voltages per normal operation conditions; see [Test Loads](#) for loading conditions.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Specification Limits	Units	Notes
12kHz–20MHz Additive Phase Jitter, Fanout Buffer Mode	t _{jph12k-20MFOB}	Fanout Buffer Mode, SSC OFF, 100MHz		98	125	N/A	fs (RMS)	1,2,3

¹ Applies to all differential outputs, guaranteed by design and characterization. See [Test Loads](#) for measurement setup details.

² 12kHz to 20MHz brick wall filter.

³ For RMS values, additive jitter is calculated by solving for “b” where $b = \sqrt{c^2 - a^2}$, “a” is rms input jitter and “c” is rms total jitter.

Power Management

Table 17. Power Management

CKPWRGD_PD#	DIF_IN	SMBus EN bit	OE[5:12]# Pin (9ZXL1951D only)	DIF[x]	PLL State (in ZDB Mode)
0	X	X	X	Low/Low	Off
1	Running	0	0	Low/Low	On
		0	1	Low/Low	On
		1	0	Running	On
		1	1	Low/Low	On

Table 18. Functionality at Power-Up (ZDB Mode)

100M_133M#	DIF_IN (MHz)	DIF[x]
1	100.00	DIF_IN
0	133.33	DIF_IN

Note: 9ZXL1951D is 100MHz only.

Table 19. PLL Operating Mode

HIBW_BYPM_LOBW#	Mode	PLL
Low	ZDB Lo BW	Running
Mid	Bypass	Off
High	ZDB Hi BW	Running

Note: See SMBus Byte 0, bits 7 and 6 for additional information.

Test Loads

Figure 4. Test Load for AC/DC Measurements

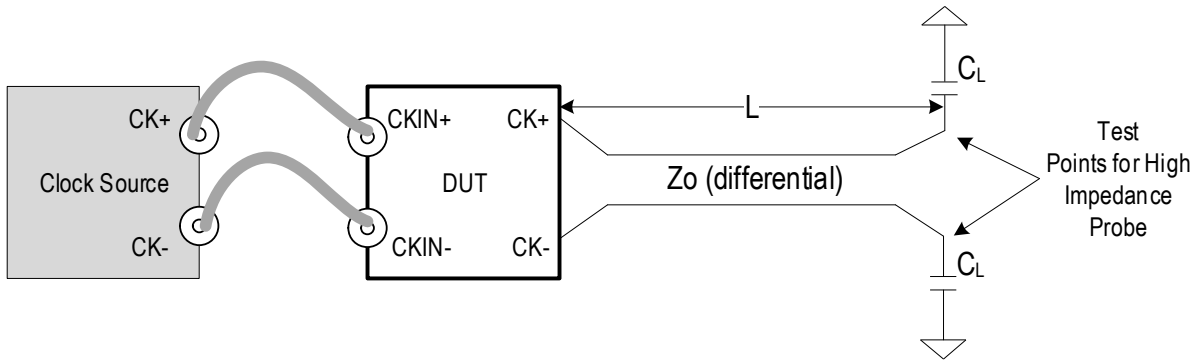


Table 20. Parameters for AC/DC Measurements

Clock Source	Device Under Test (DUT)	Rs (Ω)	Differential Zo (Ω)	L (cm)	CL (pF)	Parameters Measured
SMA100B	9ZXLxx3x	27 External	85	25.4	2	AC/DC parameters
SMA100B	9ZXLxx5x	Internal	85	25.4	2	

Figure 5. Test Load for Phase Jitter Measurements using Phase Noise Analyzer

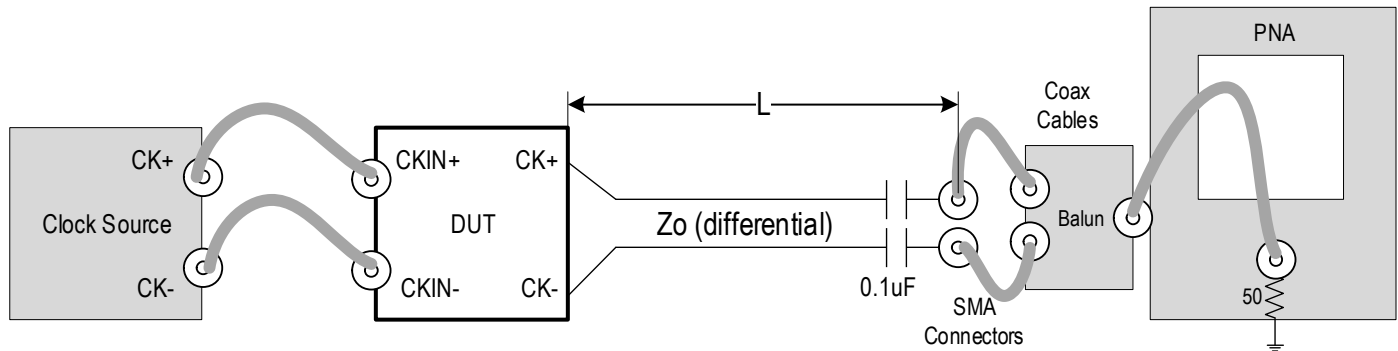


Table 21. Parameters for Phase Jitter Measurements using Phase Noise Analyzer

Clock Source	Device Under Test (DUT)	Rs (Ω)	Differential Zo (Ω)	L (cm)	CL (pF)	Notes	Parameters Measured
SMA100B	9ZXLxx3x	27 External	85	25.4	N/A	Fanout Mode	PCIe, IF-UPI, DB2000Q
9FGV1006	9ZXLxx3x	27 External	85	25.4		ZDB Mode	
SMA100B	9ZXLxx5x	Internal	85	25.4		Fanout Mode	
9FGV1006	9ZXLxx5x	Internal	85	25.4		ZDB Mode	

Figure 6. Test Load for Phase Jitter Measurements using Oscilloscope

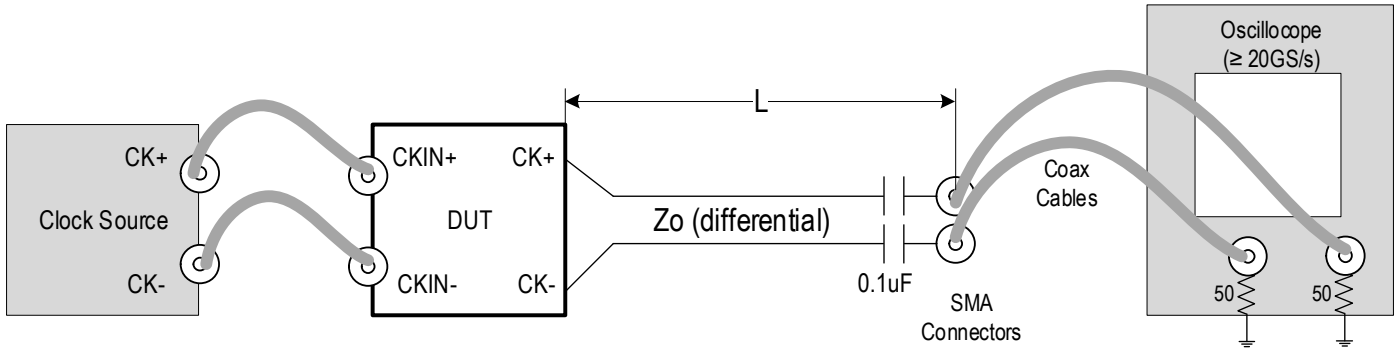


Table 22. Parameters for Phase Jitter Measurements using Oscilloscope

Clock Source	Device Under Test (DUT)	Rs (Ω)	Differential Zo (Ω)	L (cm)	CL (pF)	Notes	Parameters Measured
SMA100B	9ZXLxx3x	27 External	85	25.4	N/A	Fanout Mode	QPI/UPI
9FGV1006	9ZXLxx3x	27 External	85	25.4		ZDB Mode	
SMA100B	9ZXLxx5x	Internal	85	25.4		Fanout Mode	
9FGV1006	9ZXLxx5x	Internal	85	25.4		ZDB Mode	

General SMBus Serial Interface Information

How to Write

- Controller (host) sends a start bit
- Controller (host) sends the write address
- Renesas clock will **acknowledge**
- Controller (host) sends the beginning byte location = N
- Renesas clock will **acknowledge**
- Controller (host) sends the byte count = X
- Renesas clock will **acknowledge**
- Controller (host) starts sending **Byte N–Byte N+X-1**
- Renesas clock will **acknowledge** each byte **one at a time**
- Controller (host) sends a stop bit

Index Block Write Operation		
Controller (Host)		Renesas (Slave/Receiver)
T	starT bit	
Slave Address		
WR	WRite	
		ACK
Beginning Byte = N		
		ACK
Data Byte Count = X		
		ACK
Beginning Byte N		
		ACK
O	X Byte	O
O		O
O		O
		O
Byte N + X - 1		
		ACK
P	stoP bit	

How to Read

- Controller (host) will send a start bit
- Controller (host) sends the write address
- Renesas clock will **acknowledge**
- Controller (host) sends the beginning byte location = N
- Renesas clock will **acknowledge**
- Controller (host) will send a separate start bit
- Controller (host) sends the read address
- Renesas clock will **acknowledge**
- Renesas clock will send the data byte count = X
- Renesas clock sends **Byte N+X-1**
- Renesas clock sends **Byte 0–Byte X (if X_(H) was written to Byte 8)**
- Controller (host) will need to acknowledge each byte
- Controller (host) will send a not acknowledge bit
- Controller (host) will send a stop bit

Index Block Read Operation		
Controller (Host)		Renesas (Slave/Receiver)
T	starT bit	
Slave Address		
WR	WRite	
		ACK
Beginning Byte = N		
		ACK
RT	Repeat starT	
Slave Address		
RD	ReaD	
		ACK
		Data Byte Count=X
ACK		
ACK		Beginning Byte N
O		O
O		O
O		O
		Byte N + X - 1
N	Not	
P	stoP bit	

Table 23. SMBus Addressing

SADR[1:0]_tri	SMBus Address (Read/Write bit = 0)
00	D8
0M	DA
01	DE
M0	C2
MM	C4
M1	C6
10	CA
1M	CC
11	CE

Table 24. Byte 0: PLL Mode, Frequency Select and Output Enable Register 0

Byte 0	Bit7	Bit6	Bit5	Bit4	Bit3	Bit2	Bit1	Bit0
Control Function	PLL Operating Mode Readback 1	PLL Operating Mode Readback 0	Output Enable			Reserved	Reserved	Frequency Select Readback
Type	R	R	RW	RW	RW			R
0	00 = Low BW ZDB Mode	01 = Bypass (Fanout Buffer)	Output is Disabled (Low/Low)	Output is Disabled (Low/Low)	Output is Disabled (Low/Low)			133MHz
1	10 = Reserved	11 = High BW ZDB Mode	Output is Enabled	Output is Enabled	Output is Enabled	100MHz		
9ZXL19x0 Name	PLL_Mode[1]	PLL_Mode[0]	DIF18_En	DIF17_En	DIF16_En	Reserved	Reserved	100M_133M#
9ZXL19x0 Default	Latch	Latch	1	1	1	0	0	Latch
9ZXL15x0 Name	PLL_Mode[1]	PLL_Mode[0]	Reserved	DIF14_En	DIF13_En	Reserved	Reserved	100M_133M#
9ZXL15x0 Default	Latch	Latch	0	1	1	0	0	Latch
9ZXL1951 Name	PLL_Mode[1]	PLL_Mode[0]	DIF18_En	DIF17_En	DIF16_En	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved
9ZXL1951 Default	Latch	Latch	1	1	1	0	0	0

Table 25. Byte 1: Output Control Register 1

Byte 1	Bit7	Bit6	Bit5	Bit4	Bit3	Bit2	Bit1	Bit0
Control Function	Output Enable							
Type	RW							
0	Disabled (Low/Low)							
1	Output Enabled or Output controlled by OE# pin (DIF[5:12] on 9ZXL1951 only)							
9ZXL19x0 Name	DIF7_en	DIF6_en	DIF5_en	DIF4_en	DIF3_en	DIF2_en	DIF1_en	DIF0_en
9ZXL19x0 Default	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
9ZXL15x0 Name	DIF5_En	Reserved	DIF4_En	DIF3_En	DIF2_En	DIF1_En	DIF0_En	Reserved
9ZXL15x0 Default	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
9ZXL1951 Name	DIF7_En	DIF6_En	DIF5_En	DIF4_En	DIF3_En	DIF2_En	DIF1_En	DIF0_En
9ZXL1951 Default	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0

Table 26. Byte 2: Output Control Register 2

Byte 2	Bit7	Bit6	Bit5	Bit4	Bit3	Bit2	Bit1	Bit0
Control Function	Output_enable							
Type	RW							
0	Low/Low							
1	Output Enabled or Output controlled by OE# pin (DIF[5:12] on 9ZXL1951 only)							
9ZXL19x0 Name	DIF15_En	DIF14_En	DIF13_En	DIF12_En	DIF11_En	DIF10_En	DIF9_En	DIF8_En
9ZXL19x0 Default	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
9ZXL15x0 Name	DIF5_En	Reserved	DIF4_En	DIF3_En	DIF2_En	DIF1_En	DIF0_En	Reserved
9ZXL15x0 Default	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
9ZXL1951 Name	DIF12_En	DIF11_En	DIF10_En	Reserved	DIF9_En	DIF8_En	DIF7_En	DIF6_En
9ZXL1951 Default	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1

Table 27. Byte 3: Output Amplitude and PLL Software Control Register

Byte 3	Bit7	Bit6	Bit5	Bit4	Bit3	Bit2	Bit1	Bit0
Control Function	Global Differential Amplitude Control			Reserved	Enable S/W control of PLL BW	PLL Operating Mode 1	PLL Operating Mode 0	Reserved
Type	RW	RW	RW		RW	RW	RW	
0	0.3V–1V 100mV/step Default = 0.8V (101)				Hardware Latch	See definition of Byte 0, bits[7:6]		
1					SMBus Control			
9ZXL19x0 Name	amp[2]	amp[1]	amp[0]	Reserved	PLL_SW_EN	PLL_Mode[1]	PLL_Mode[0]	Reserved
9ZXL19x0 Default	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	0
9ZXL15x0 Name	amp[2]	amp[1]	amp[0]	Reserved	PLL_SW_EN	PLL_Mode[1]	PLL_Mode[0]	Reserved
9ZXL15x0 Default	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	0
9ZXL1951 Name	Reserved			Reserved	PLL_SW_EN	PLL_Mode[1]	PLL_Mode[0]	Reserved
9ZXL1951 Default	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0

Note: Setting bit 3 to '1' allows the user to override the Latch value from pin 4 via use of bits 2 and 1. Use the values from the PLL Operating Mode Table. Note that Byte 0, Bits 7:6 will keep the value originally latched. A warm reset of the system will have to be accomplished if the user changes these bits.

Table 28. Byte 4: OE Pin Configuration Register A

Byte 4	Bit7	Bit6	Bit5	Bit4	Bit3	Bit2	Bit1	Bit0
Control Function	OE12# Controls DIF12	OE11# Controls DIF11	OE10# Controls DIF10	OE9# Controls DIF9	OE8# Controls DIF8	OE7# Controls DIF7	OE6# Controls DIF6	OE5# Controls DIF5
Type	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW
0	OE# pin does not control the output							
1	OE# pin controls the output							
9ZXL19x0 Name	Reserved							
9ZXL19x0 Default	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9ZXL15x0 Name	Reserved							
9ZXL15x0 Default	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9ZXL1951 Name	OE12#_CFG	OE11#_CFG	OE10#_CFG	OE9#_CFG	OE8#_CFG	OE7#_CFG	OE6#_CFG	OE5#_CFG
9ZXL1951 Default	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Table 29. Byte 5: Revision and Vendor ID Register

Byte 5	Bit7	Bit6	Bit5	Bit4	Bit3	Bit2	Bit1	Bit0
Control Function	Revision ID				Vendor ID			
Type	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
0	Revision ID				IDT/Renesas = 0001			
1	Revision ID				IDT/Renesas = 0001			
Name	RID 3	RID 2	RID 1	RID 0	VID 3	VID 2	VID 1	VID 0
9ZXL19x0 Default	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
9ZXL15x0 Default	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
9ZXL1951 Default	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1

Table 30. Byte 6: Device ID Register

Byte 6	Bit7	Bit6	Bit5	Bit4	Bit3	Bit2	Bit1	Bit0
Control Function	N/A							
Type	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
0	Device ID							
1	Device ID							
Name	DevID 7 (MSB)	DevID 6	DevID 5	DevID 4	DevID 3	DevID 2	DevID 1	DevID 0
9ZXL19x0	0hC3							
9ZXL15x0	0h9B							
9ZXL1951	0hC4							

Table 31. Byte 7: Byte Count Register

Byte 7	Bit7	Bit6	Bit5	Bit4	Bit3	Bit2	Bit1	Bit0
Control Function	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Writing to this register configures how many bytes will be read back on a block read.				
Type				RW	RW	RW	RW	RW
0				Default value is 8.				
1				Default value is 8.				
Name				BC4	BC3	BC2	BC1	BC0
Default	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0

Table 32. Byte 8: OE Pin Configuration Register B (9ZXL1951 only)

Byte 8	Bit7	Bit6	Bit5	Bit4	Bit3	Bit2	Bit1	Bit0
Control Function	OE12# Controls DIF13	OE11# Controls DIF14	OE10# Controls DIF15	OE9# Controls DIF0	OE8# Controls DIF1	OE7# Controls DIF2	OE6# Controls DIF3	OE5# Controls DIF4
Type	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW
0	OE# pin does not control the output							
1	OE# pin controls the output							
9ZXL1951 Name	OE12#_CFGB	OE11#_CFGB	OE10#_CFGB	OE09#_CFGB	OE08#_CFGB	OE07#_CFGB	OE06#_CFGB	OE05#_CFGB
9ZXL1951 Default	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Package Outline Drawings

The package outline drawings are appended at the end of this document and are accessible from the link below. The package information is the most current data available.

9ZXL15x0D:

www.idt.com/document/psc/64-vfqfpn-package-outline-drawing-90-x-90-x-09-mm-body-05mm-pitch-epad-615-x-615-mm-nlg64p2

9ZXL19x0D:

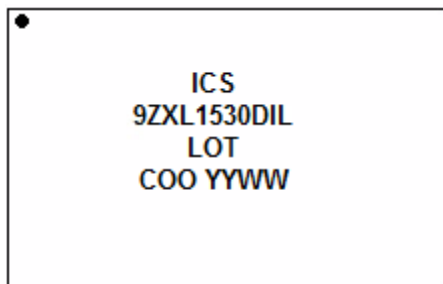
www.idt.com/document/psc/72-vfqfpn-package-outline-drawing-100-x-100-x-090-mm-body-epad-595-x-595-mm-050mm-pitch-nlg72p1

9ZXL1951D:

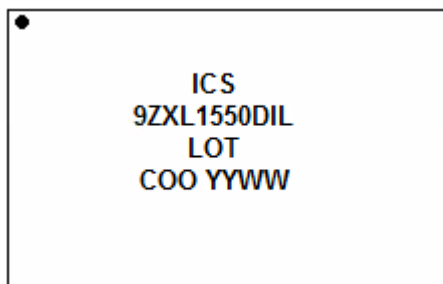
www.idt.com/document/psc/nhg80-package-outline-600x600mm-body-050mm050mm-pitch-gqfn

Marking Diagrams

9ZXL15x0D



- Lines 1 and 2: truncated part number.
- Line 3: "LOT" denotes the lot number.
- Line 4: "COO" denotes country of origin; "YYWW" is the last two digits of the year and the work week the part was assembled.



9ZXL19x0D

•
 ICS
 9ZXL1930DKIL
 LOT
 COO YYWW

- Lines 1 and 2: truncated part number.
- Line 3: "LOT" denotes the lot number.
- Line 4: "COO" denotes country of origin; "YYWW" is the last two digits of the year and the work week the part was assembled.

•
 ICS
 9ZXL1950DKIL
 LOT
 COO YYWW

9ZXL1951D

IDT9ZXL1
 951DNHGI
 YYWW\$
 • LOT

- Lines 1 and 2: part number.
- Line 3:
 - "YYWW" is the last two digits of the year and the work week the part was assembled.
 - "\$" denotes the mark code.
- "LOT" denotes the lot number.

Ordering Information

Table 33. Ordering Information

Number of Clock Outputs	Output Impedance	Orderable Part Number	Package	Temperature	Part Number Suffix and Shipping Method
15	33	9ZXL1530DKILF	9 × 9 × 0.5 mm 64-VFQFPN	-40°C to +85°C	None = Trays “T” or “8” = Tape and Reel, Pin 1 Orientation: EIA-481C (see Table 34 for more details)
		9ZXL1530DKILFT			
	85	9ZXL1550DKILF			
		9ZXL1550DKILFT			
19	33	9ZXL1930DKILF	10 × 10 × 0.5 mm 72-VFQFPN	-40°C to +85°C	
		9ZXL1930DKILFT			
	85	9ZXL1950DKILF			
		9ZXL1950DKILFT			
19	85	9ZXL1951DNHGI	6 × 6 × 0.5 mm 80-GQFN	-40°C to +85°C	
		9ZXL1951DNHGI8			

“D” is the device revision designator (will not correlate with the datasheet revision).

“LF” or “G” denotes Pb-free configuration, RoHS compliant.

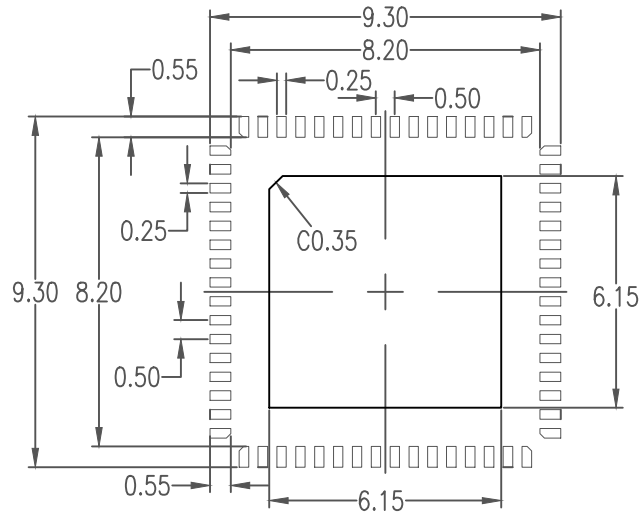
“T” or “8” is the orderable suffix for Tape and Reel packaging.

Table 34. Pin 1 Orientation in Tape and Reel Packaging

Part Number Suffix	Pin 1 Orientation	Illustration
T or 8	Quadrant 1 (EIA-481-C)	<p>Correct Pin 1 ORIENTATION</p> <p>CARRIER TAPE TOPSIDE (Round Sprocket Holes)</p> <p>USER DIRECTION OF FEED</p>

Revision History

Revision Date	Description of Change
August 25, 2020	Updated PCIe Gen5 CC, DB2000Q, and QPI/UPI specifications in <i>Key Specifications</i> section on front page.
October 30, 2019	Updated default values of Byte 3, bits 1 and 2.
October 22, 2019	Combined 9ZXL1530D_1550D, 9ZXL1930D_1950D, and 9ZXL1951D datasheets into one single document.
February 14, 2019	Last revision date of the 9ZXL1530D_1550D datasheet.
April 24, 2019	Last revision date of the 9ZXL1930D_1950D datasheet.
February 26, 2019	Last revision date of the 9ZXL1951D datasheet.

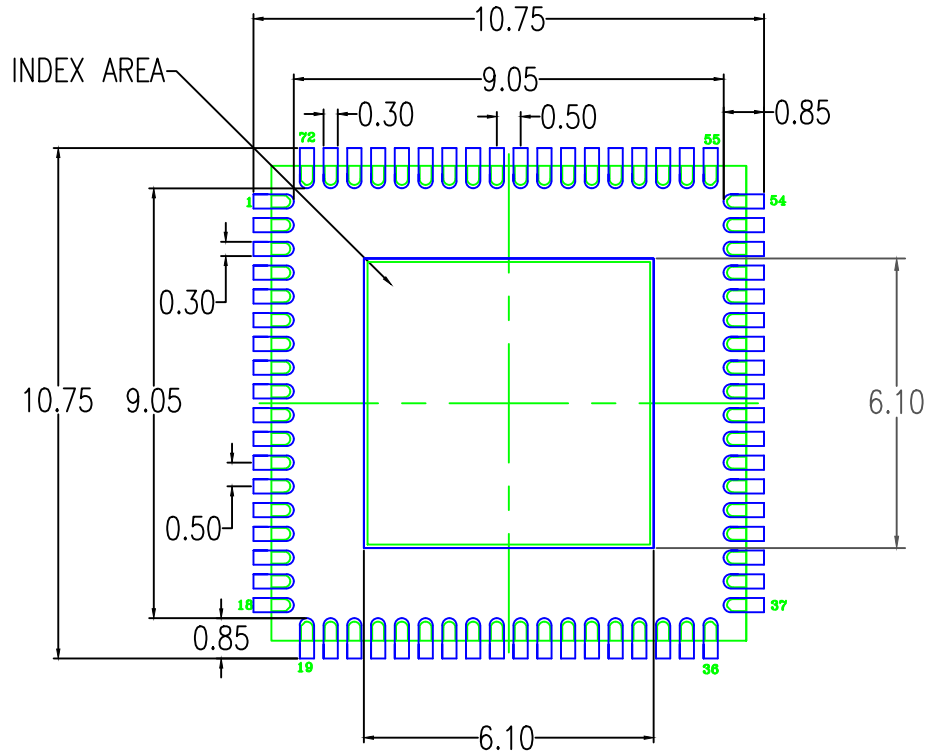


RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN DIMENSION

NOTES:

1. ALL DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING CONFORM TO ANSI Y14.5M-1982
2. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS
3. LAND PATTERN RECOMMENDATION PER IPC-7351B GENERIC REQUIREMENT FOR SURFACE MOUNT DESIGN AND LAND PATTERN

Package Revision History		
Date Created	Rev No.	Description
Feb 21, 2018	Rev 01	New Format, Change QFN to VFQFPN, Added P2
Nov 3, 2015	Rev 00	Initial Release



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN DIMENSION

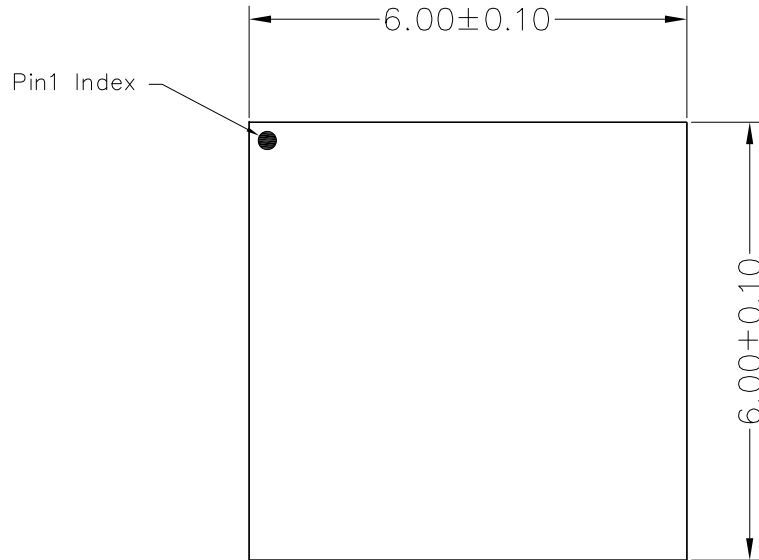
NOTES:

1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MM. ANGLES IN DEGREES.
2. TOP DOWN VIEW. AS VIEWED ON PCB.
3. COMPONENT OUTLINE SHOWS FOR REFERENCE IN GREEN.
4. LAND PATTERN IN BLUE. NSMD PATTERN ASSUMED.
5. LAND PATTERN RECOMMENDATION PER IPC-7351B GENERIC REQUIREMENT FOR SURFACE MOUNT DESIGN AND LAND PATTERN.

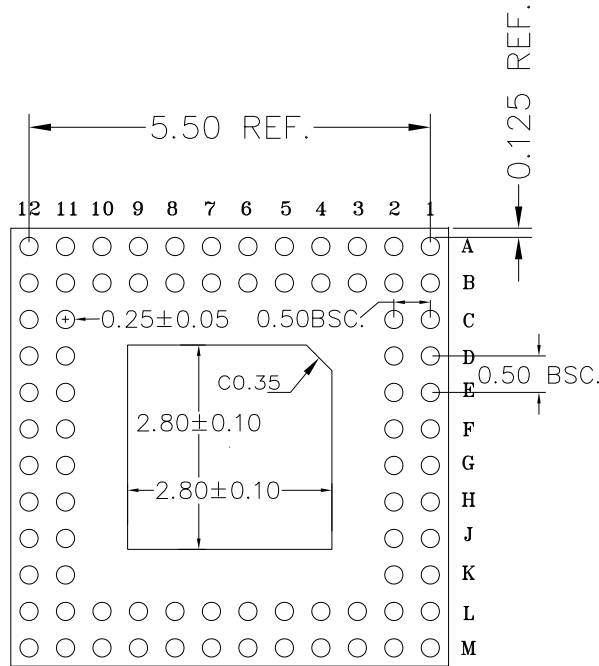
Package Revision History		
Date Created	Rev No.	Description
Sept 3, 2019	Rev 03	Update P1 Dimension from 5. 8 to 5.95 mm SQ
May 8, 2017	Rev 02	Change Package Code QFN to VFQFPN

DATE		REVISIONS	
CREATED	REV	DESCRIPTION	AUTHOR
05/26/15	00	INITIAL RELEASE	JH
05/26/16	01	UPDATE LAND PATTERN DIMENSION	JH
03/29/17	02	UPDATE PACKAGE THICKNESS	JH
04/01/17	03	UPDATE PACKAGE THICKNESS WITH TOLERANCE RANGE	JH

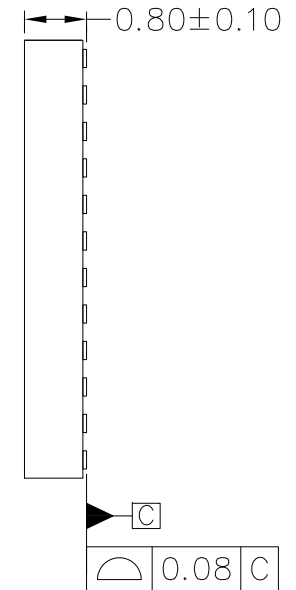
NOTE: REFER TO DCP FOR OFFICIAL RELEASE DATE



TOP VIEW




BOTTOM VIEW



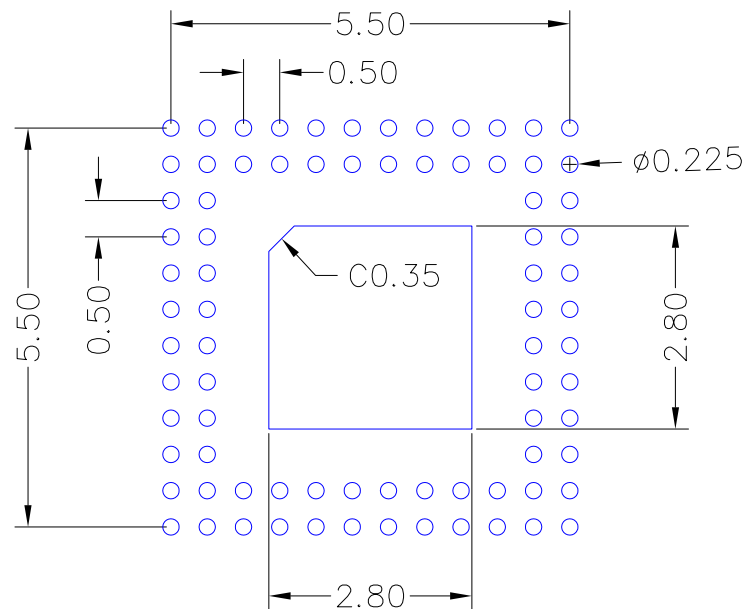
SIDE VIEW

NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M-1994.
2. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.

TOLERANCES UNLESS SPECIFIED		 www.IDT.com	6024 SILVER CREEK VALLEY ROAD. SAN JOSE, CA 95138	
DECIMAL	ANGULAR		PHONE: (408) 284-8200	
XX± 0.05 ±	±		FAX: (408) 284-3572	
XXX± 0.012		TITLE NHG80 PACKAGE OUTLINE		
XXXX±		6.00x6.00mm BODY		
		0.50mm/0.50mm PITCH GQFN		
SIZE	DRAWING No.	REV		
C	PSC-4496	03		
DO NOT SCALE DRAWING			SHEET	1 OF 2


DATE CREATED	REVISIONS		
	REV	DESCRIPTION	AUTHOR
05/26/15	00	INITIAL RELEASE	JH
05/26/16	01	UPDATE LAND PATTERN DIMENSION	JH
03/29/17	02	UPDATE PACKAGE THICKNESS	JH
04/01/17	03	UPDATE PACKAGE THICKNESS WITH TOLERANCE RANGE	JH
NOTE: REFER TO DCP FOR OFFICIAL RELEASE DATE			



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

NOTE:

- 1) ALL dimensions are in mm, Angles in degrees.
- 2) Top down view, as view on PCB.
- 3) NSMD Land Pattern Assumed.
- 4) Land Pattern Recommendation as per IPC-7351B generic requirement for surface mount design and Land Pattern.

TOLERANCES UNLESS SPECIFIED DECIMAL ANGULAR XX± 0.05 ± XXX± 0.012 XXXX±	 www.IDT.com	6024 SILVER CREEK VALLEY ROAD. SAN JOSE, CA 95138 PHONE: (408) 284-8200 FAX: (408) 284-3572	
		TITLE NHG80 PACKAGE OUTLINE 6.00x6.00mm BODY 0.50mm/0.50mm PITCH GQFN	
SIZE	DRAWING No.	REV	
C	PSC-4496	03	
DO NOT SCALE DRAWING		SHEET	2 OF 2

