RENESAS

Low Phase-Noise, Low-Power Programmable PhiClock™ Generators

9FGV1001C / 9FGV1005C Datasheet

Description

The 9FGV1001C / 9FGV1005C are members of the Renesas PhiClock $^{\text{M}}$ programmable clock generator family. The devices are optimized for low phase noise in non-spread spectrum applications such as Ethernet or PCI Express. Four user-defined configurations may be selected via two hardware select pins or two I²C bits, allowing easy software selection of the desired configuration.

Typical Applications

- High-performance Computing (HPC)
- Enterprise Storage including eSSDs
- 10G / 25G / 100G Ethernet
- Data Center Accelerators
- Multiple XO replacement

PCIe Clocking Architectures

- Common Clocked (CC)
- Independent Reference without spread spectrum (SRnS)

Output Features

- 9FGV1001: 4 programmable output pairs plus 2 REF outputs
- 9FGV1005: 2 programmable output pairs plus 1 REF output
- 1 integer output frequency per configuration
- 1MHz–325MHz differential outputs
- 1MHz-200MHz single-ended outputs

Features

- 1.8V to 3.3V power supplies
- Individual 1.8V to 3.3V V_{DDO} for each output pair
- Supports HCSL, LVDS and LVCMOS I/O standards
- HCSL utilizes Renesas' LP-HCSL technology for improved performance, lower power and higher integration:
 - Programmable output impedance of 85Ω or 100Ω
- Supports LVPECL and CML logic with easy AC coupling. See application note <u>AN-891</u> for alternate terminations
- On-board OTP supports up to 4 complete configurations
- Configuration selected via strapping pins or I²C
- Internal crystal load capacitors
- < 125mW at 1.8V, LP-HCSL outputs at 100MHz (9FGV1001C)</p>
- < 100mW at 1.8V, LP-HCSL outputs at 100MHz (9FGV1005C)</p>
- 4 programmable I²C addresses: D0, D2, D4, D6
- Easily configured with Renesas <u>Timing Commander</u>™ software or Web Configuration tool
- 4 × 4 mm 24-VFQFPN and 24-LGA packages (9FGV1001)
- 3 × 3 mm 16-LGA package (9FGV1005)
- Integrated crystal option available

Key Specifications

- 261fs RMS 12kHz–20MHz typical phase jitter at 156.25M Hz
- PCIe Gen5 jitter (CC) < 0.08ps RMS
- PCIe Gen5 jitter (SRNS) < 0.07ps RMS



Block Diagram

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9FGV1001 Pin Assignments and Descriptions

Figure 1. Pin Assignments for 9FGV1001C 4 x 4 mm 24-VFQFPN and 24-LGA Packages – Top View



4 × 4 mm 24-VFQFPN, 0.5mm pitch

^ prefix indicates internal pull-up resistor v prefix indicates internal pull-down resistor

Table 1. 9FGV1001C Pin Descriptions^[a]

4 × 4 mm 24-LGA, 0.5mm pitch ^ prefix indicates internal pull-up resistor v prefix indicates internal pull-down resistor

Number	Name	Туре	Description
1 ^[b]	XIN/CLKIN	Input	Crystal input or reference clock input.
2 ^[b]	ХО	Output	Crystal output.
3	REF1	Output	LVCMOS reference output.
4	vSEL0/SCL	Input	Select pin for internal frequency configurations/I ² C clock pin. Function is determined by state of SEL_I2C# upon power-up. This pin has an internal pull-down.
5	vSEL1/SDA	I/O	Select pin for internal frequency configurations/I ² C data pin. Function is determined by state of SEL_I2C# upon power-up. This pin has an internal pull-down.
6	^OEA	Input	Active high input for enabling outputs. This pin has an internal pull-up resistor. 0 = disable outputs, 1 = enable outputs.
7	VDDDp	Power	Digital power. Connect to 1.8V, 2.5V or 3.3V.
8	^OEB	Input	Active high input for enabling outputs. This pin has an internal pull-up resistor. 0 = disable outputs, 1 = enable outputs.
9	OTP_VPP	Power	Voltage for programming OTP. During normal operation, this pin should be connected to the same power rail as V_{DDD} .
10	OUT0#	Output	Complementary output clock 0.
11	OUT0	Output	Output clock 0.
12	VDDO0	Power	Power supply for output 0.
13	OUT1#	Output	Complementary output clock 1.

Table 1. 9FGV1001C Pin Descriptions^[a] (Cont.)

Number	Name	Туре	Description
14	OUT1	Output	Output clock 1.
15	VDDO1	Power	Power supply for output 1.
16	OUT2#	Output	Complementary output clock 2.
17	OUT2	Output	Output clock 2.
18	VDDO2	Power	Power supply for output 2.
19	OUT3	Output	Output clock 3.
20	OUT3#	Output	Complementary output clock 3.
21	VDDO3	Power	Power supply for output 3.
22	VDDAp	Power	Analog power. Connect to same voltage as VDDDp, with proper filtering.
23	vREF0_SEL_I2C#	Latched I/O	Latched input/LVCMOS output. At power-up, the state of this pin is latched to select the state of the I ² C pins. After power-up, the pin acts as an LVCMOS reference output. This pin has an internal pull-down. 1 = SEL0/SEL1. 0 = SCL/SDA.
24	VDDREFp	Power	Power supply for REF outputs and the internal XO. Nominal voltages are 1.8V, 2.5V or 3.3V.
25	EPAD	GND	Connect to ground.

[a] Unused outputs can be programmed off and left floating. Output supplies V_{DDREF} and V_{DDO2} have to be connected. If OUT0 is used, V_{DDO1} must also be connected.

[b] These pins are 'No Connect' on 9FGV1001CQ integrated quartz versions and should have no stubs.

Table 2. 9FGV1001 OE Mapping

OE[B:A]	OUT0	OUT1	OUT2	OUT3	REF0	REF1
00	Running	Stopped	Stopped	Stopped	Running	Running
01	Running	Running	Stopped	Stopped	Running	Running
10	Running	Running	Running	Stopped	Running	Running
11	Running	Running	Running	Running	Running	Running

9FGV1005 Pin Assignments and Descriptions

Figure 2. Pin Assignments for 9FGV1005C 3 x 3 mm 16-LGA Package – Top View



16-LGA 3 x 3 mm, 0.5mm pitch ^ prefix indicates internal pull-up resistor v prefix indicates internal pull-down resistor



16-LGA 3 x 3 mm, 0.5mm pitch ^ prefix indicates internal pull-up resistor v prefix indicates internal pull-down resistor

Number	Name	Туре	Description
1 ^[b]	XIN/CLKIN	Input	Crystal input or reference clock input.
2 ^[b]	XO	Output	Crystal output.
3	vSEL0/SCL	Input	Select pin for internal frequency configurations/I ² C Clock pin. Function is determined by state of SEL_I2C# upon power-up. This pin has an internal pull-down.
4	vSEL1/SDA	I/O	Select pin for internal frequency configurations/I ² C Data pin. Function is determined by state of SEL_I2C# upon power-up. This pin has an internal pull-down.
5	VDDDp	Power	Digital power. Connect to 1.8V, 2.5V or 3.3V.
6	OTP_VPP	Power	Voltage for programming OTP. During normal operation, this pin should be connected to the same power rail as $V_{\mbox{DDD}}.$
7	OUT0#	Output	Complementary output clock 0.
8	OUT0	Output	Output clock 0.
9	VDDO0	Power	Power supply for output 0.
10	NC	N/A	No connection.
11	OUT1#	Output	Complementary output clock 1.
12	OUT1	Output	Output clock 1.
13	VDDO1	Power	Power supply for output 1.
14	VDDAp	Power	Analog power. Connect to same voltage as VDDDp, with proper filtering.

Table 3. 9FGV1005C Pin Descriptions^[a]

 Table 3. 9FGV1005C Pin Descriptions^[a] (Cont.)

Number	Name	Туре	Description
15	vREF0_SEL_I2C#	Latched I/O	Latched input/LVCMOS output. At power-up, the state of this pin is latched to select the state of the I ² C pins. After power-up, the pin acts as an LVCMOS reference output. This pin has an internal pull-down. 1 = SEL0/SEL1. 0 = SCL/SDA.
16	VDDREFp	Power	Power supply for REF outputs and the internal XO. Nominal voltages are 1.8V, 2.5V or 3.3V.
17	EPAD	GND	Connect to ground.

[a] Unused outputs can be programmed off and left floating. Output supplies V_{DDREF} and V_{DDO1} have to be connected. This means that if only one output is to be used, it must be OUT1. If OUT0 is used, pin 10 must be connected. They may share the same power filter.

[b] These pins are 'No Connect' on 9FGV1005CQ integrated quartz version and should have no stubs.

Phase Noise Plots



Figure 3. 9FGV1001C Phase Noise Plot, 3.3V, 25°C

Figure 4. 9FGV1005C Phase Noise Plot, 3.3V, 25°C



Absolute Maximum Ratings

The absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only. Stresses greater than those listed below can cause permanent damage to the device. Functional operation of the 9FGV1001C / 9FGV1005C at absolute maximum ratings is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions may affect device reliability.

Table 4. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Rating
Supply Voltage, V _{DDA} , V _{DDD} , V _{DDO}	3.9V
Storage Temperature, T _{STG}	-65°C to 150°C
ESD Human Body Model	2000V
Junction Temperature	125°C
	Inputs
XIN/CLKIN	0V to 1.2V voltage swing
Other Inputs	-0.5V to V _{DDD}
	Outputs
Outputs, V _{DDO} (LVCMOS)	-0.5V to V _{DDO} + 0.5V
Outputs, IO (SDA)	10mA

Recommended Operating Conditions

Table 5. Recommended Operating Conditions^[a]

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
	Power supply voltage for supporting 1.8V outputs.	1.71	1.8	1.89	V
V _{DDOx}	Power supply voltage for supporting 2.5V outputs.	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
	Power supply voltage for supporting 3.3V outputs.	3.135	3.3	3.465	V
V _{DDD}	Power supply voltage for core logic functions.	1.71	-	3.465	V
V _{DDA}	Analog power supply voltage. Use filtered analog power supply if available.	1.71	_	3.465	V
T _A	Operating temperature, ambient.	-40	_	85	°C
CL	Maximum load capacitance (3.3V LVCMOS only).	-	_	15	pF
t _{PU}	Power-up time for all $V_{\text{DD}}\text{s}$ to reach minimum specified voltage (power ramps must be monotonic).	0.05	_	5	ms

[a] All electrical characteristics are specified over these conditions unless noted.

Electrical Characteristics

Table 6. Common Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
		Crystal input frequency ^[a] .	8	-	50	MHz
f _{IN}	Input Frequency	CLKIN input frequency ^[b] .	1	-	240	MHz
f _{оит}	Output Frequency	Differential clock output (LVDS/LP-HCSL).	1	_	325	MHz
001		Single-ended clock output (LVCMOS).	1	-	200	MHz
f _{VCO}	VCO Frequency	VCO operating frequency range.	2400	2500	2600	MHz
f_{BW}	Loop Bandwidth	Input frequency = 25MHz.	0.06	-	0.9	MHz
V _{IH}	Input High Voltage	SEL[1:0].	0.7 x V _{DDD}	-	V _{DDD} + 0.3	V
V _{IL}	Input Low Voltage	SEL[1:0].	GND - 0.3	-	0.8	V
V _{IH}	Input High Voltage	REF/SEL_I2C#.	0.65 x V _{DDREF}	-	V _{DDREF} + 0.3	V
V _{IL}	Input Low Voltage	REF/SEL_I2C#.	-0.3	_	0.4	V
V _{IH}	Input High Voltage	XIN/CLKIN.	0.8	-	1.2	V
V _{IL}	Input Low Voltage	XIN/CLKIN.	-0.3	-	0.4	V
T /T Innut Dia		OEA, OEB (when present).	-	-	10	
T _R /T _F	Input Rise/Fall Time	SEL1/SDA, SEL0/SCL.	-	-	300	ns
CIN	Input Capacitance	SEL[1:0].	-	3	7	pF
R _{UP}	Internal Pull-up Resistor		200	237	300	kΩ
R _{DOWN}	Internal Pull-down Resistor		200	237	300	kΩ
CL	Programmable Capacitance at XIN and XO (XIN in parallel with XO)	XIN/CLKIN, XO.	0		8	pF
t2	Input Duty Cycle	CLKIN, measured at V _{DDREF} /2.	40	50	60	%
		LVCMOS, f _{OUT} > 156.25MHz.	40	50	60	%
t3	Output Duty Cycle	LVCMOS, f _{OUT} ≤ 156.25MHz.	45	50	55	%
		LVDS, LP-HCSL outputs.	45	50.2	55	%
		Cycle-to-cycle jitter (Peak-to-Peak), See Test Frequencies for Jitter Measurements for configurations.	_	28	-	ps
t6	Clock Jitter (9FGV1001) ^[c]	Reference clock RMS phase jitter (12kHz to 20MHz integration range). See Test Frequencies for Jitter Measurements for configurations.	_	338	_	fs rms
		OUTx RMS phase jitter(12kHz to 20MHz integration range) differential output. See Test Frequencies for Jitter Measurements for configurations.	_	261	_	fs rms

Table 6. Common Electrical Characteristics (Cont.)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
t6	Clock Jitter (9FGV1005) ^[c]	Cycle-to-cycle jitter (Peak-to-Peak). See Test Frequencies for Jitter Measurements for configurations.	_	30	-	ps
		Reference clock RMS phase jitter (12kHz to 5MHz integration range). See Test Frequencies for Jitter Measurements for configurations.	_	357	_	fs rms
		OUTx RMS phase jitter(12kHz to 20MHz integration range) differential output. See Test Frequencies for Jitter Measurements for configurations.	_	284	_	fs rms
+7	Output Skow	All outputs using the same driver format and V_{DDO} voltage. (9FGV1001).	_	105	135	
t7	Output Skew	All outputs using the same driver format and V_{DDO} voltage. (9FGV1005).	_	37	50	– ps
t8a	Lock Time ^{[d] [e]}	PLL outputs valid from $V_{DD}s \ge 1.5V$.	-	5	10	ms
t8b		REF outputs valid from $V_{DD}s \ge 1.5V$.	_	5	11	

[a] Practical lower frequency is determined by loop filter settings.

[b] Input doubler off. Maximum input frequency with input doubler on is 160MHz.

[c] Actual jitter is configuration dependent. These values are representative of what the device can achieve.

[d] Includes loading the configuration bits from OTP to registers when the configuration number is changed.

[e] Actual PLL output valid time depends on the loop configuration.

Table 7. Test Frequencies for Jitter Measurements

XIN/CLKIN	OUT0	OUT1	OUT2	OUT3	Unit
50		MHZ			
	100 ^[a] [c] ^[d]				

[a] Outputs configured as LP-HCSL or LVDS with REF output off unless noted.

[b] This configuration used for 12kHz-20MHz OUT phase jitter measurement. REF off, SSC off.

[c] This configuration used for 12kHz-20MHz REF phase jitter measurement, SSC Off.

[d] This configuration used for PCIe RefClk phase jitter measurements.

Table 8. PCIe Refclk Phase Jitter^{[a] [b] [c]}

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Specification Limits	Unit
t _{jphPCleG1-CC}		PCle Gen1 (2.5 GT/s)	-	2.35	4.84	86	ps (p-p)
+		PCIe Gen2 Hi Band (5.0 GT/s)	-	0.13	0.22	3	ps (RMS)
^t jphPCleG2-CC	PCIe Phase Jitter (Common Clocked Architecture)	PCIe Gen2 Lo Band (5.0 GT/s)	-	0.05	0.08	3.1	ps (RMS)
t _{jphPCleG3-CC}		PCIe Gen3 (8.0 GT/s) ^[d]	-	0.07	0.12	1	ps (RMS)
t _{jphPCleG4-CC}		PCIe Gen4 (16.0 GT/s) ^{[d] [e]}	-	0.07	0.12	0.5	ps (RMS)
t _{jphPCleG5-CC}		PCIe Gen5 (32.0 GT/s) ^{[d] [f]}	-	0.03	0.05	0.15	ps (RMS)
tjph _{PCleG1-IR}		PCle Gen1 (2.5 GT/s)	-	0.24	0.34	N/A	ps (RMS)
tjph _{PCleG2-IR}		PCle Gen2 (5.0 GT/s)	-	0.18	0.28	N/A	ps (RMS)
tjph _{PCleG3-IR}	PCIe Phase Jitter (IR Architecture) ^[g]	PCle Gen3 (8.0 GT/s)	-	0.05	0.08	N/A	ps (RMS)
tjph _{PCleG4-IR}		PCIe Gen4 (16.0 GT/s)	-	0.05	0.08	N/A	ps (RMS)
tjph _{PCleG5-IR}		PCIe Gen5 (32.0 GT/s)	-	0.04	0.07	N/A	ps (RMS)

[a] See Test Loads for details.

[b] The REFCLK jitter is measured after applying the filter functions found in PCI Express Base Specification 5.0, Revision 1.0. See the Test Loads section of the data sheet for the exact measurement setup. The worst case results for each data rate are summarized in this table. Equipment noise is removed from all measurements.

- [c] Jitter measurements shall be made with a capture of at least 100,000 clock cycles captured by a real-time oscilloscope (RTO) with a sample rate of 20GS/s or greater. Broadband oscilloscope noise must be minimized in the measurement. The measured PP jitter is used (no extrapolation) for RTO measurements. Alternately, jitter measurements may be used with a Phase Noise Analyzer (PNA) extending (flat) and integrating and folding the frequency content up to an offset from the carrier frequency of at least 200MHz (at 300MHz absolute frequency) below the Nyquist frequency. For PNA measurements for the 2.5GT/s data rate, the RMS jitter is converted to peak to peak jitter using a multiplication factor of 8.83.
- [d] SSC spurs from the fundamental and harmonics are removed up to a cutoff frequency of 2MHz taking care to minimize removal of any non-SSC content.
- [e] Note that 0.7ps RMS is to be used in channel simulations to account for additional noise in a real system.
- [f] Note that 0.25ps RMS is to be used in channel simulations to account for additional noise in a real system.
- [g] The PCI Express Base Specification 5.0, Revision 1.0 provides the filters necessary to calculate IR jitter values, however, it does not provide specification limits, hence the "N/A" in the Limit column. IR values are informative only. In general, a clock operating in an IR system must be twice as good as a clock operating in a Common Clock system. For RMS values, twice as good is equivalent to dividing the CC value by Ö2. And additional consideration is the value for which to divide by $\sqrt{2}$. The conservative approach is to divide the CC ref clock jitter limits, and the case can be made for dividing the CC channel simulation values by $\sqrt{2}$, if the ref clock is close to the clock input. An example for Gen4 is as follows: A rule-of-thumb IR limit would be either 0.5ps RMS/ $\sqrt{2}$ = 0.35ps RMS, or 0.7ps RMS/ $\sqrt{2}$ = 0.5ps RMS, depending on the distance between the clock generator and the Tx or Rx clock input.

Table 9. Low-Power (LP) HCSL Differential Output Electrical Characteristics^[a]

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
T _{R/F}	Slew Rate	Scope averaging on. ^{[b] [c]}	1.25	2.5	4	V/ns
ΔT _{R/F}	Slew Rate Matching	[d] [e]	-	9	20	%
V _{CROSS}	Crossing Voltage (abs)	Scope averaging off. ^[d] [e] [f]	250	424	550	mV

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
ΔV_{CROSS}	Crossing Voltage (var)	Scope averaging off. ^{[d] [e] [g]}	-	16	140	mV
T _{PERIOD_AVG}	Average Clock Period Accuracy	Outputs set to 100MHz for PCIe applications. SSC off. ^[b] [h] [i] [j]	-100	0	+100	
V _{MAX}	Absolute Maximum Voltage	Includes 300mV of overshoot (Vovs). ^{[d] [k] [l]}	660	808	1150	mV
V _{MIN}	Absolute Minimum Voltage	Includes -300mV of undershoot (Vuds). ^{[d] [l]} ^[m]	-300	-54	150	mV

Table 9. Low-Power (LP) HCSL Differential Output Electrical Characteristics^[a] (Cont.)

[a] System board compliance measurements must use the test load. REFCLK+ and REFCLK- are to be measured at the load capacitors CL. Single ended probes must be used for measurements requiring single ended measurements. Either single ended probes with math or differential probe can be used for differential measurements. See <u>Test Loads</u> for details.

- [b] Measured from differential waveform.
- [c] Measured from -150mV to +150mV on the differential waveform (derived from REFCLK+ minus REFCLK-). The signal must be monotonic through the measurement region for rise and fall time. The 300mV measurement window is centered on the differential zero crossing.
- [d] Measured from single-ended waveform.
- [e] Matching applies to rising edge rate for REFCLK+ and falling edge rate for REFCLK-. It is measured using a ±75mV window centered on the median cross point where REFCLK+ rising meets REFCLK- falling. The median cross point is used to calculate the voltage thresholds the oscilloscope is to use for the edge rate calculations. The rise edge rate of REFCLK+ should be compared to the fall edge rate of REFCLK-; the maximum allowed difference should not exceed 20% of the slowest edge rate.
- [f] Measured at crossing point where the instantaneous voltage value of the rising edge of REFCLK+ equals the falling edge of REFCLK-.
- [g] Defined as the total variation of all crossing voltages of rising REFCLK+ and falling REFCLK-. This is the maximum allowed variance in V_{CROSS} for any particular system.
- [h] Refer to Section 8.6 of the PCI Express Base Specification, Revision 5.0 for information regarding PPM considerations.
- [i] PCle Gen1 through Gen4 specify ±300ppm frequency tolerances. PCle Gen5 specifies ±100ppm frequency tolerances and the 9FGV100x devices already meet this.
- [j] "ppm" refers to parts per million and is a DC absolute period accuracy specification. 1ppm is 1/1,000,000th of 100.000000MHz exactly or 100Hz. For 100ppm, then we have an error budget of 100Hz/ppm × 100ppm = 10kHz. The period is to be measured with a frequency counter with measurement window set to 100ms or greater. The ±100ppm applies to systems that do not employ Spread Spectrum clocking, or that use common clock source. For systems employing Spread Spectrum Clocking, there is an additional 2,500ppm nominal shift in maximum period resulting from the 0.5% down spread resulting in a maximum average period specification of +2,600ppm for Common Clock architectures. Separate Reference Clock architectures may have a lower allowed spread percentage.
- [k] Defined as the maximum instantaneous voltage including overshoot.
- [I] At default amplitude settings.
- [m] Defined as the minimum instantaneous voltage including undershoot.

Table 10.	9FGV1001C	Current	Consumption ^[a]
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Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
IDDREF	VDDREF Supply Current	50MHz REFCLK.	-	4	6	
IDDCORE	Core Supply Current ^[b]	2500MHz VCO, 50MHz REFCLK.	_	23	29	
		LVDS, 325MHz.	-	19	24	
	Output Buffer Supply Current	LP-HCSL, 100MHz.	-	16	20	
	V _{DDO2} (includes output divider)	LVCMOS, 50MHz ^[c] .	_	15	19	
		LVCMOS, 200MHz ^[c] .	_	24	37	
IDDOx		LVDS, 325MHz.	_	7	10	
	Output Buffer Supply Current	LP-HCSL, 100MHz.	_	6	8	mA
	(V _{DDO0} , V _{DDO1} , V _{DDO3} – per output)	LVCMOS, 50MHz ^[c] .	-	4	7	
		LVCMOS, 200MHz ^[c] .	-	13	24	
		Programmable outputs, HCSL mode, B37[0] = 0.	-	9	12	
I _{DDPD}	Total Power Down Current ^[b]	Programmable outputs in LVDS mode, B37[0] = 0.	-	24	30	
		Programmable outputs in LVCMOS1 mode, B37[0] = 0.	-	4	7	

[a] See Test Loads for details.

[b] $I_{DDCORE} = I_{DDA} + I_{DDDIG}$.

[c] Single CMOS driver active for each output pair.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
IDDREF	VDDREF Supply Current	50MHz REFCLK.	_	5	8	
IDDCORE	Core Supply Current ^[b]	2500MHz VCO, 50MHz REFCLK.	-	24	30	
	Output Buffer Supply Current V _{DDO1} (includes output divider)	LVDS, 325MHz.	-	22	27	
		LP-HCSL, 100MHz.	-	17	23	
		LVCMOS, 50MHz ^[c] .	-	15	19	
		LVCMOS, 200MHz ^[c] .	-	25	39	
IDDOx	I _{DDOx}	LVDS, 325MHz.	-	8	11	
	Output Duffer Quarks Quarter M	LP-HCSL.	_	6	9	mA
	Output Buffer Supply Current – V _{DDO0}	LVCMOS, 50MHz ^[c] .	-	4	7	
		LVCMOS, 200MHz ^[c] .	-	13	25	
		Programmable outputs in HCSL mode, B37[0] = 0.	_	7	10	
I _{DDPD}	Total Power Down Current ^[b]	Programmable outputs in LVDS mode, B37[0] = 0.	-	16	20	
		Programmable outputs in LVCMOS1 mode, B37[0] = 0.	_	5	7	

Table 11. 9FGV1005C Current Consumption [a]

[a] See Test Loads for details.

[b] $I_{DDCORE} = I_{DDA} + I_{DDD} + I_{DDAO}$.

[c] Single CMOS driver active for each output pair.

Table 12. LVCMOS Output Electrical Characteristics^[a]

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
		3.3V ±5%, 20% to 80% of V _{DDO} (output load = 4.7pF).		3.7	4.7	
S _R	Slew Rate	2.5V ±5%, 20% to 80% of V _{DDO} (output load = 4.7pF).	1.5	2.4	4.7	V/ns
		1.8V ±5%, 20% to 80% of V _{DDO} (output load = 4.7pF).	1.0	1.7	3.2	
	I _{OH} = -15mA at 3.3V.					
V _{OH}	Output High Voltage	I _{OH} = -12mA at 2.5V.	0.8 x V _{DDO}	-	V _{DDO}	V
		I _{OH} = -8mA at 1.8V.				
		I _{OL} = 15mA at 3.3V.	-			
V _{OL}	Output Low Voltage	I _{OL} = 12mA at 2.5V.	_	0.22	0.4	V
		I _{OL} = 8mA at 1.8V.	_			
I _{OZDD}	Output Leakage Current	Outputs, tri-stated, V _{DDO} , V _{DDREF} = 3.465V.	-	0	5	μA
R _{OUT}	CMOS Output Driver Impedance	T _A = 25°C.	_	17	-	Ω

[a] See Test Loads for details.

Symbol	Parameter		Typical	Maximum	Unit
V _{OT} (+)	Differential Output Voltage for the TRUE Binary State	247	328	454	mV
V _{OT} (-)	Differential Output Voltage for the FALSE Binary State	-454	-332	-247	mV
ΔV _{OT}	Change in V _{OT} between Complementary Output States	-	-	50	mV
V _{OS}	Output Common Mode Voltage (Offset Voltage) at 3.3V +5% and 2.5V +5%	1.125	1.19	1.55	V
V _{OS}	Output Common Mode Voltage (Offset Voltage) at 1.8V +5%		0.86	0.95	V
ΔV_{OS}	Change in V _{OS} between Complementary Output States	-	0	50	mV
I _{OS}	Outputs Short Circuit Current, V_{OUT} + or V_{OUT} - = 0V or V_{DD}	-	6	12	mA
I _{OSD}	Differential Outputs Short Circuit Current, V _{OUT} + = V _{OUT} -		3	12	mA
T _R	Rise Times Tested at 20%–80%		257	375	ps
Τ _F	Fall Times Tested at 80%–20%		287	375	ps

Table 13. LVDS Output Electrical Characteristics^[a]

[a] See Test Loads for details.

I²C Bus Characteristics

Table 14. I²C Bus DC Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
V _{IH}	Input High Level	-	0.7 x V _{DDD}	-	-	V
V _{IL}	Input Low Level	-	-	-	0.3 x V _{DDD}	V
V _{HYS}	Hysteresis of Inputs	-	$0.05 \times V_{DDD}$	-	-	V
I _{IN}	Input Leakage Current	-	-1	-	30	μA
V _{OL}	Output Low Voltage	I _{OL} = 3mA.	-	-	0.4	V

Table 15. I²C Bus AC Characteristics^[a]

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
F _{SCLK}	Serial Clock Frequency (SCL)	_	10	_	400	kHz
t _{BUF}	Bus Free Time between STOP and START	-	1.3	-		μs
t _{SU:START}	Setup Time, START	-	0.6	-		μs
t _{HD:START}	Hold Time, START	-	0.6	-		μs
t _{SU:DATA}	Setup Time, Data Input (SDA)	-	0.1	-		μs
t _{HD:DATA}	Hold Time, Data Input (SDA)	-	0	-		μs
t _{OVD}	Output Data Valid from Clock	-	-	-	0.9	μs
CB	Capacitive Load for Each Bus Line	-	-	-	400	pF
t _R	Rise Time, Data and Clock (SDA, SCL)	-	20 + 0.1 x C _B	-	300	ns
t _F	Fall Time, Data and Clock (SDA, SCL)	-	20 + 0.1 x C _B	-	300	ns

Table 15.	I ² C Bus	AC	Characteristics ^[a]	(Cont.)
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Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
t _{HIGH}	HIGH Time, Clock (SCL)	-	0.6	-	-	μs
t _{LOW}	LOW Time, Clock (SCL)	-	1.3	-	-	μs
t _{SU:STOP}	Setup Time, STOP	-	0.6	-	-	μs

[a] A device must internally provide a hold time of at least 300ns for the SDA signal (referred to the V_{IH(MIN)} of the SCL signal) to bridge the undefined region of the falling edge of SCL.

Test Loads

Figure 5. LVCMOS AC/DC Test Load



Rs	Zo	L	CL	
33Ω	50Ω	5 inches	4.7pF	

Figure 6. LP-HCSL AC/DC Test Load

(Standard PCIe source-terminated test load)



Rs	Zo	L	CL
Internal	100Ω	5 inches	2pF
Internal	85Ω	5 inches	2pF

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Figure 7. LVDS AC/DC Test Load



Rs	Zo	L	CL
N/A	100Ω	5 inches	N/A

Figure 8. Test Setup for PCIe Measurement Using a Phase Noise Analyzer



Rs	Zo	L	CL
Internal	100Ω	5 inches	N/A

Crystal Characteristics

Table 16.	Recommended	Crystal	Characteristics
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Parameter	Value	Unit
Frequency	8–50	MHz
Resonance Mode	Fundamental	_
Frequency Tolerance at 25°C	±20	ppm maximum
Frequency Stability, REF at 25°C Over Operating Temperature Range	±20	ppm maximum
Temperature Range (commercial)	0–70	٥°
Temperature Range (industrial)	-40 to 85	°C
Equivalent Series Resistance (ESR)	50	Ω maximum
Shunt Capacitance (C _O)	7	pF maximum
Load Capacitance (C _L)	8	pF maximum
Drive Level	0.1	mW maximum
Aging Per Year	±5	ppm maximum

Package Outline Drawings

The package outline drawings are located at the end of this document and are accessible from the Renesas website (see Ordering Information for POD links). The package information is the most current data available and is subject to change without revision of this document.

Thermal Characteristics

Table 17. Thermal Resistance [a]

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Package	Typical Values	Unit
	θ _{JC}	Junction to case.		52	
	θ _{Jb}	Junction to base.		2.3	
	θ _{JA0}	Junction to air, still air.	NBG24	44	
	θ _{JA1}	Junction to air, 1 m/s air flow.	INDG24	37	
	θ _{JA3}	Junction to air, 3 m/s air flow.		33	
Thermal Resistance	θ _{JA5}	Junction to air, 5 m/s air flow.		32	
(devices with external crystal)	θ _{JC}	Junction to case.		66	
	θ _{Jb}	Junction to base.		5.1	
	θ _{JA0}	Junction to air, still air.	LTG16	63	-
	θ _{JA1}	Junction to air, 1 m/s air flow.		56	
	θ _{JA3}	Junction to air, 3 m/s air flow.		51	
	θ _{JA5}	Junction to air, 5 m/s air flow.		49	°C/W
	θ _{JC}	Junction to case.		57.3	-
	θ _{Jb}	Junction to base.		24.3	
	θ _{JA0}	Junction to air, still air.	LTG24	79.8	
	θ _{JA1}	Junction to air, 1 m/s air flow.		73.9	
	θ _{JA3}	Junction to air, 3 m/s air flow.		69.9	
Thermal Resistance Q-series (devices with internal crystal)	θ _{JA5}	Junction to air, 5 m/s air flow.		67.3	
	θ _{JC}	Junction to case.		82.1	
	θ _{Jb}	Junction to base.		42.3	
	θ _{JA0}	Junction to air, still air.	LTG16	93.6	
	θ _{JA1}	Junction to air, 1 m/s air flow.		87.1	
	θ _{JA3}	Junction to air, 3 m/s air flow.		83.3	

[a] EPAD soldered to board.

Marking Diagrams

Figure 9. 9FGV1001C Marking Diagrams

9FGV100 1CnnnGI #YWW**\$	1001C Q5aal YWW**\$	 Lines 1 and 2: truncated part number: "nnn" denotes the decimal digits indicating a specific configuration. "aa" denotes the alphanumeric digits indicating a specific Q5 configuration. Line 3:
•	•	 <i>"#"</i> denotes the stepping number. <i>"YWW"</i> denotes the last digits of the year and week the part was assembled.

• "**" denotes the lot sequence; "\$" denotes the mark code.

Figure 10. 9FGV1005C Marking Diagrams

5Cnnn YWW\$ XXX	5CQ5aa YWW\$ XXX	 Line 1: truncated part number "nnn" denotes the decimal digits indicating a specific configuration. "aa" denotes the alphanumeric digits indicating a specific Q5 configuration. Line 2: "YWW" denotes the last digits of the year and week the part was assembled; "\$" denotes mark code. Line 3: "XXX" denotes the last three characters of the lot number.
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Standard Configurations

Table 18. 9FGV1001C / 9FGV1005C Standard Configurations

Supply Voltage–all pins (V)	Output Impedance (ohms)	Number of PCIe Clock Outputs	XTAL Frequency (MHz)	Orderable Part Number (Bulk)	Orderable Part Number (Tape and Reel)
		4	25 – external	9FGV1001C001NBGI	9FGV1001C001NBGI8
3.3	100	4	50 – internal	9FGV1001CQ505LTGI	9FGV1001CQ505LTGI8
5.5	100	2	25 – external	9FGV1005C001LTGI	9FGV1005C001LTGI8
		2	50 – internal	9FGV1005CQ505LTGI	9FGV1005CQ505LTGI8
		4	25 – external	9FGV1001C002NBGI	9FGV1001C002NBGI8
1.8	100	4	50 – internal	9FGV1001CQ506LTGI	9FGV1001CQ506LTGI8
1.0	100	2	25 – external	9FGV1005C002LTGI	9FGV1005C002LTGI8
		2	50 – internal	9FGV1005CQ506LTGI	9FGV1005CQ506LTGI8

Table 19. Common Features of 9FGV1001C / 9FGV1005C Standard Configurations

These common features are collaborative with Table 18.

Configuration	Output Frequency (MHz)	Output Type	Ref Outputs
0	50		
1	100	LP-HCSL	OFF
2	125		UFF
3	156.25		

Supply Voltage–all pins (V)	Output Impedance (ohms)	Number of PCle Clock Outputs	XTAL Frequency (MHz)	Orderable Part Number (Bulk)	Orderable Part Number (Tape and Reel)
3.3	100	4	39.0625 – external	9FGV1001C011NBGI	9FGV1001C011NBGI8
5.5	100	2	39.0625 – external	9FGV1005C011LTGI	9FGV1005C011LTGI8
1.8	100	4	39.0625 – external	9FGV1001C012NBGI	9FGV1001C012NBGI8
1.0	100	2	39.0625 – external	9FGV1005C012LTGI	9FGV1005C012LTGI8

Table 20. 9FGV1001C / 9FGV1005C Standard Configurations (with 39.0625MHz crystal frequency)

Table 21. Common Features of 9FGV1001C / 9FGV1005C Standard Configurations (with 39.0625MHz crystal frequency)

These common features are collaborative with Table 20.

Configuration	Output Frequency (MHz)	Output Type	Ref Outputs	
0	156.25			
1	161.1328125		OFF	
2	312.5	LP-HCSL		
3	322.265625			

Ordering Information

Orderable Part Number	Package	Carrier Type	Temperature	Crystal
9FGV1001CnnnNBGI		Tray		External
9FGV1001CnnnNBGI8	4 × 4 mm, 0.5mm pitch 24-VFQFPN	Tape and Reel		
9FGV1001CQ5aaLTGI	4 × 4 mm 0 5mm nitch 24 I CA	Tray		50MHz Internal
9FGV1001CQ5aaLTGI8	- 4 × 4 mm, 0.5mm pitch 24-LGA	Tape and Reel		
9FGV1005CnnnLTGI		Tray		External
9FGV1005CnnnLTGI8		Tape and Reel		
9FGV1005CQ5aaLTGI	- 3 × 3 mm, 0.5mm pitch 16-LGA	Tray		50MHz Internal
9FGV1005CQ5aaLTGI8		Tape and Reel		

"G" indicates RoHS 6.6 compliance.

"nnn" are decimal digits indicating a specific configuration.

"aa" are alphanumeric digits indicating a specific configuration.

"Q5" indicates internal 50MHz crystal.

Revision History

Revision Date	Description of Change		
March 29, 2023	Updated footnote "d" in Table 6.		
October 29, 2020	Updated pin descriptions for VDDAp and VDDDp.		
September 28, 2020	Added Standard Configurations section and tables.		
September 18, 2020	Corrected typo in Features section from 3 x 3 mm 16-LGA (9FGV1006) to 3 x 3 mm 16-LGA (9FGV1005).		
August 18, 2020	Updated 9FGV1005CQ marking diagram.		
August 14, 2020	Updated Slew Rate 1.8V minimum value from 0.8 to 1.0V/ns.		
August 13, 2020	Updated Carrier Type in Ordering Information table from "Cut-Tape" to "Tray".		
July 21, 2020	 Merge 9FGV1001 and 9FGV1005 into single data sheet. Update to device Rev C, SEL0 and SEL1 lines now have internal pull-down resistors. Add PCIe Gen5 performance specifications. Updated electrical tables to latest format. 		



Package Outline Drawing

PSC-4313-02 NBG24P2 24-VFQFPN 4.0 x 4.0 x 0.75 mm Body, 0.50 mm Pitch Rev.04, May 21, 2025



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24-LGA Package Outline Drawing

4.0 x 4.0 x 1.40 mm Body, 0.5mm Pitch LTG24T2, PSC-4481-02, Rev 00, Page 1



RENESAS

24-LGA Package Outline Drawing

4.0 x 4.0 x 1.40 mm Body, 0.5mm Pitch LTG24T2, PSC-4481-02, Rev 00, Page 2





NOTES:

- 1. ALL DIMENSION ARE IN mm. ANGLES IN DEGREES. 2. TOP DOWN VIEW. AS VIEWED ON PCB.
- 3. LAND PATTERN RECOMMENDATION PER IPC-7351B GENERIC REQUIREMENT FOR SURFACE MOUNT DESIGN AND LAND PATTERN.

[Package Revision History					
	Date Created	Rev No.	Description			
	Sept 15, 2017	Rev 00	Initial Release			



Package Outline Drawing

Package Code: LTG16P1 16-LGA 3.0 x 3.0 x 1.1 mm Body, 0.5mm Pitch PSC-4651-01, Revision: 03, Date Created: April 28, 2022





Package Outline Drawing

Package Code: LTG16P1 16-LGA 3.0 x 3.0 x 1.10 mm Body, 0.5mm Pitch PSC-4651-01, Revision: 03, Date Created: April 28, 2022



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN DIMENSION

NOTES:

- 1. ALL DIMENSION ARE IN mm. ANGLES IN DEGREES.
- 2. TOP DOWN VIEW. AS VIEWED ON PCB.
- 3. LAND PATTERN RECOMMENDATION PER IPC-7351B GENERIC REQUIREMENT FOR SURFACE MOUNT DESIGN AND LAND PATTERN.

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