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# **APPLICATION NOTE**

# **Two-Phase Excitation Control for a Stepping Motor**

# Introduction

Applies pins P83 to P80 and the timer W compare-match function of the H8/3664 to control a two-phase stepping motor. Control of the stepping motor is through two-phase excitation.

# **Target Device**

H8/300H Tiny Series H8/3664

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# 1. Specifications

1. Applies pins P83 to P80 and the timer W compare-match function of the H8/3664 to control a two-phase stepping motor. Control of the stepping motor is through two-phase excitation.

- 2. This task repeatedly drives a stepping motor in the following sequence: forward rotation → stop → reverse rotation → stop.
- 3. Control of the stepping motor is through two-phase excitation.
- 4. Processing for slue-up and slue-down control is carried out by software.

Figure 1.1 shows the connections for two-phase stepping-motor control.

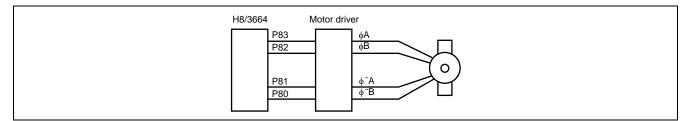


Figure 1.1 Connections for Two-Phase Stepping-Motor Control

# 2. Principles of Motor Control

1. Example of stepping motor operation

Figure 2.1 shows an example of two-phase stepping motor operation through two phase excitation where one step for the motor is 7.5 degrees of rotation. The operation is summarized below:

- 1) When the pulse for excitation of a given phase is high, that phase of the stator is excited, as is shown in figure 2.1.
- 2) Phases \*B and A are excited simultaneously, and the permanent magnets on the rotor are placed in the intermediate position between phase \*B and phase A.
- 3) Next, phases A and B are excited simultaneously. The rotor is then positioned between phases A and B. The successive adjacent pairs of phases (phases ~B and A, phases A and B, phases B and ~A, and phases ~A and ~B) are then excited to rotate the rotor through two-phase excitation.
- 4) For reverse rotation, the phases are excited to rotate the stepping motor in the following sequence: phases <sup>~</sup>A and <sup>~</sup>B → phases B and <sup>~</sup>A → phases A and B → phases <sup>~</sup>B and A.
- 5) The stepping motor is stopped by holding the phase excitation for a specified period at the last phase of forward or reverse rotation.

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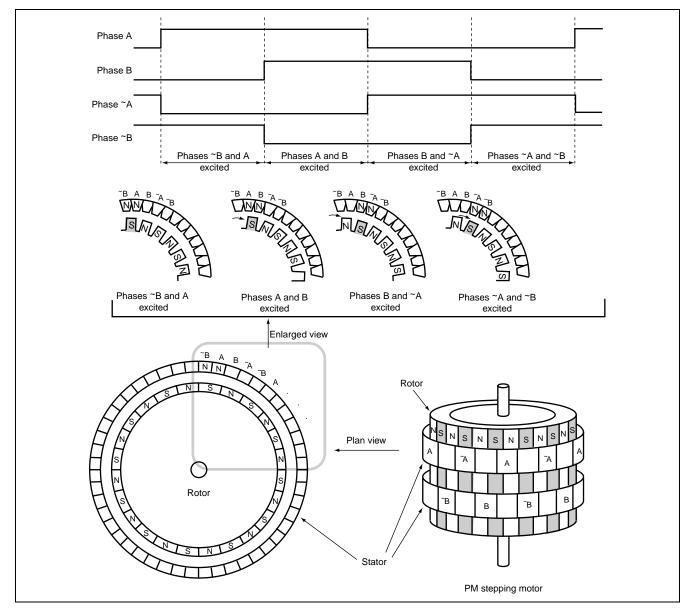


Figure 2.1 Stepping Motor Operation

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#### 2. Non-overlapping period

A number n of through-current prevention periods (non-overlap periods) is inserted every time the output pattern is switched. Specifically, if there is a delay in turning off an excited phase during pattern switching, the motor driver may be damaged. Insertion of non-overlap periods provides a margin and prevents this problem.

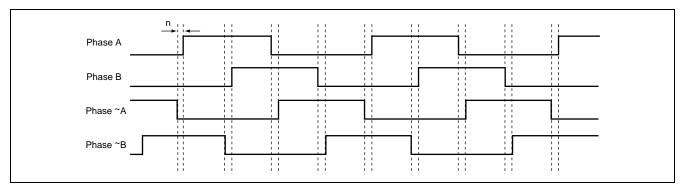


Figure 2.2 Example of Non-Overlap Period Output

#### 3. Slue-up and slue-down operations

Accelerating and decelerating pulses are output during the periods of slue-up and slue-down operation. This form of control keeps the motor in time with the driving signal. In particular, if a train of short-cycle pulses is suddenly output, the motor may not be able to handle the load and does not rotate. Slue-up and slue-down operation control is applied to avoid this problem.

The control sequence is described below.

- 1) The pulse cycle is gradually shortened until the specified number of pulses has been output (slue up).
- 2) The specified number of pulses is output on a regular cycle.
- 3) The pulse cycle is gradually extended until the specified number of pulses has been output (slue down).

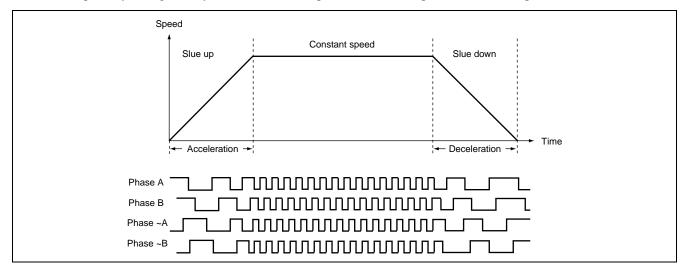


Figure 2.3 Slue-up and Slue-down Operation

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## 3. Functions Used

1. A permanent-magnet-based stepping motor (KP6P8-701 by Japan Servo, Co., Ltd.) is used in this sample task. Table 3.1 gives the standard specifications of the KP6P8-701.

**Table 3.1 KP6P8-701 Standard Specifications** 

Item	Value
Model	KP6P8-701
Number of phases	2
Stepping angle [deg./step]	7.5
Voltage [V]	12
Current [A/phase]	0.33
Resistance of windings [Ω/phase]	36
Inductance [mH/phase]	28
Maximum static torque [mN•m]	78.4
Detent torque [mN•m]	1.3
Rotor inertia [g•cm²]	23.7

2. The H8/3664 functions used to control the stepping motor are described below. Figure 3.1 is a block diagram of the functions used in this task.

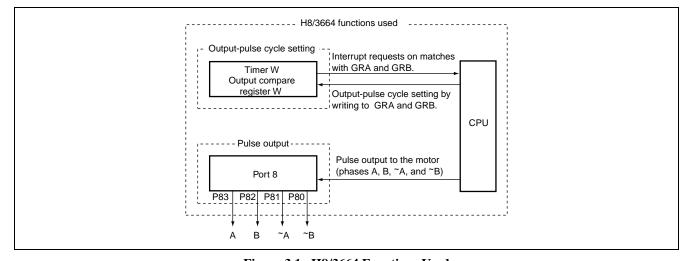


Figure 3.1 H8/3664 Functions Used

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- 3. The timer W functions are described below.
  - 1) Figure 3.2 is a block diagram of timer W.

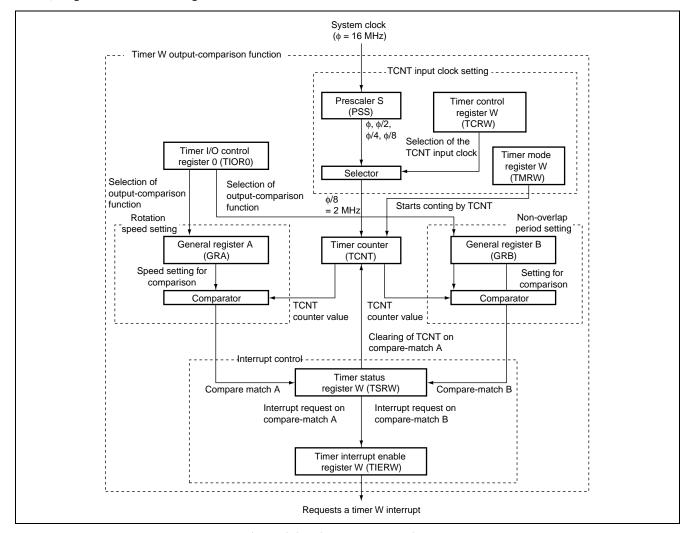


Figure 3.2 Timer W Block Diagram

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2) Timer W is a 16-bit multiple-function timer incorporating output-comparison and input-capture functions. Output-comparison is used in this sample task. A description of the block diagram of timer W is given below.

- System clock (φ)
  - 16-MHz OSC clock; supplied to the CPU and peripheral functions as the reference clock.
- Prescaler S (PSS)
  - 13-bit counter receiving  $\phi$  as input; incremented every cycle.
- Timer mode register W (TMRW)
  - Starts counting by CNT.
- Timer control register W (TCRW)
  - Eight-bit readable/writable register; selects the input clock for TCNT and specifies clearing of TCNT on compare-match A.
- Timer interrupt enable register W (TIERW)
  - Eight-bit readable/writable register; enables and disables timer interrupt requests.
- Timer status register W (TSRW)
  - Eight-bit register; controls the timer interrupt request signals.
- Timer I/O control register 0 (TIOR0)
  - Eight-bit readable/writable register; sets up the timer's output-comparison function.
- Timer counter (TCNT)
  - 16-bit readable/writable up-counter; incremented by the input clock signal. This signal is selected from among five signals:  $\phi$ ,  $\phi/2$ ,  $\phi/4$ ,  $\phi/8$ , and an external clock signal. In this sample task,  $\phi/8$  is selected.
- General register A (GRA)
  - 16-bit readable/writable register. The value in GRA is constantly compared with the value of TCNT; when the values match, IMFA in TSRW is set to 1 and, if IMIEA in TIERW is 1, an interrupt request is issued to the CPU.
- General register B (GRB)
  - 16-bit readable/writable register. The value in GRB is constantly compared with the value of TCNT; when the values match, IMFB in TSRW is set to 1. If IMIEB in TIERW is 1 at that time, an interrupt request is sent to the CPU.

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- 4. The port 8 functions are described below.
  - 1) Figure 3.3 is a block diagram of port 8.

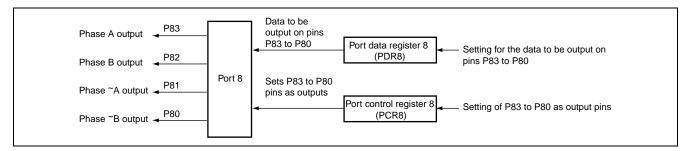


Figure 3.3 Block Diagram of Port 8

- 2) Port 8 is an eight-bit I/O port. Pins P83 to P80 of port 8 are used in this sample task. The following describes the port 8 functions.
- Port data register 8 (PDR8)P83 to P80 are used to excite the phases of the stepping motor.
- Port control register 8 (PCR8)Sets the P83 to P80 pins as outputs.
- 5. The function assignments of this sample task are summarized in table 3.2.

**Table 3.2 Function Assignment** 

Function	Assigned Function
System clock	Reference clock for stepping motor control
PSS	
TCNT	
TMRW	Starts the TCNT counter.
TCRW	Sets up TCNT operation.
TIERW	Enables/disables interrupt requests.
TSRW	Controls the interrupt request signals.
TIOR0	Sets up the output-comparison function.
GRA	Sets the duration of one step for the stepping motor.
GRB	Sets the non-overlap period.
PDR8	Used to output the alternating phase-excitation signals for driving the stepping motor.
PCR8	

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# 4. Operation

1. Figure 4.1 is the flowchart of stepping motor control.

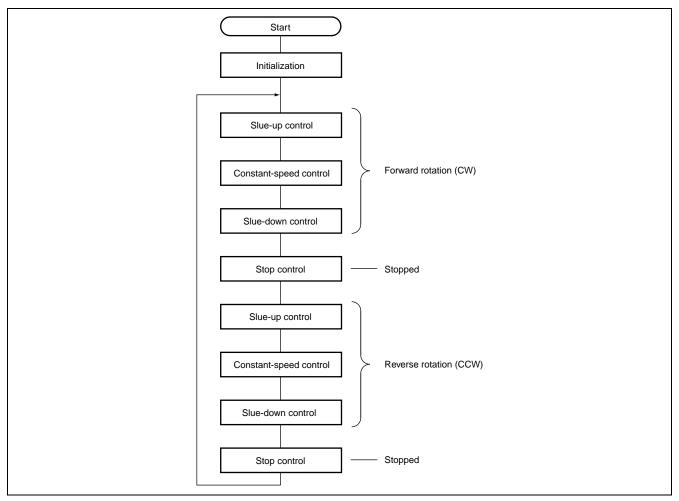


Figure 4.1 Flowchart of Stepping Motor Control

2. Calculation of timer W interrupt timing

The timing of timer W interrupts, which is set by the output-comparison registers GRA and GRB, is calculated as follows:

Timer W interrupt time = GRA or  $GRB/(\phi/8)$ 

- = GRA or GRB/(16 MHz/8)
- = GRA or GRB/2 [ $\mu$ s]

where  $\phi$  is the system-clock frequency.

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3. Figure 4.2 shows the principle of slue-up control during forward rotation.

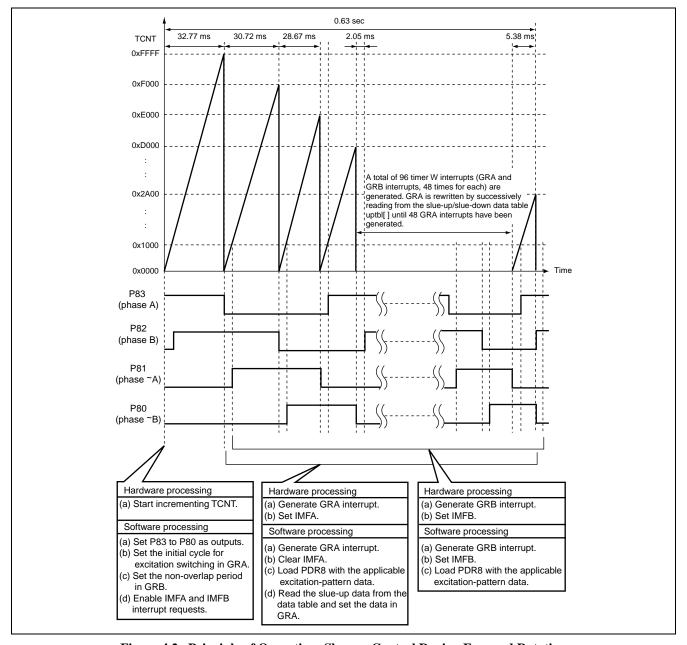


Figure 4.2 Principle of Operation: Slue-up Control During Forward Rotation

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4. Figure 4.3 shows the principle of constant-speed control during forward rotation.

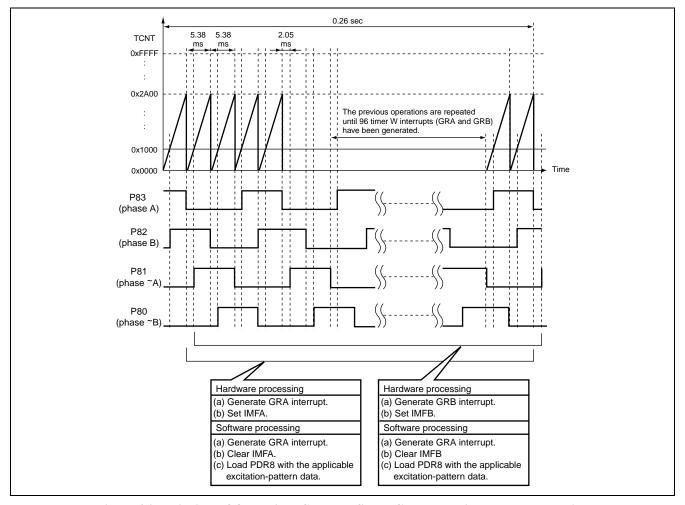


Figure 4.3 Principle of Operation: Constant-Speed Control During Forward Rotation

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5. Figure 4.4 shows the principle of slue-down control during forward rotation.

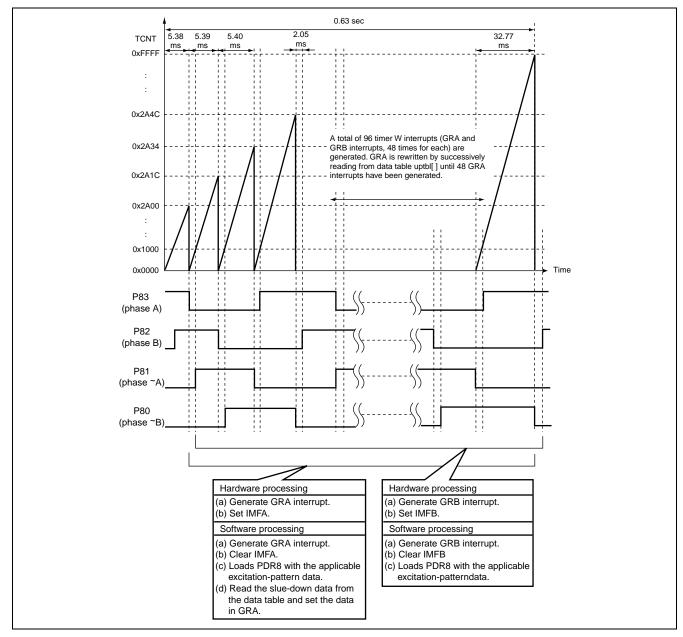


Figure 4.4 Principle of Operation: Slue-down Control During Forward Rotation

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6. Figure 4.5 shows the principle of stop control.

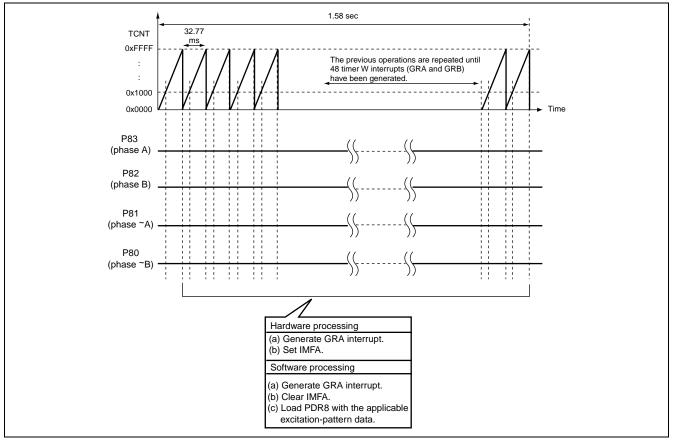


Figure 4.5 Principle of Operation: Stop Control

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7. Figure 4.6 shows the principle of slue-up control during reverse rotation.

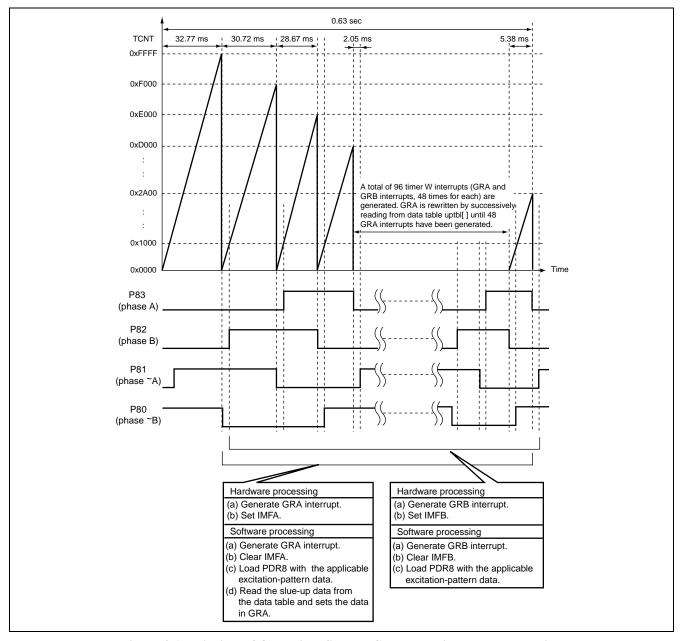


Figure 4.6 Principle of Operation: Slue-up Control During Reverse Rotation

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8. Figure 4.7 shows the principle of constant-speed control during reverse rotation.

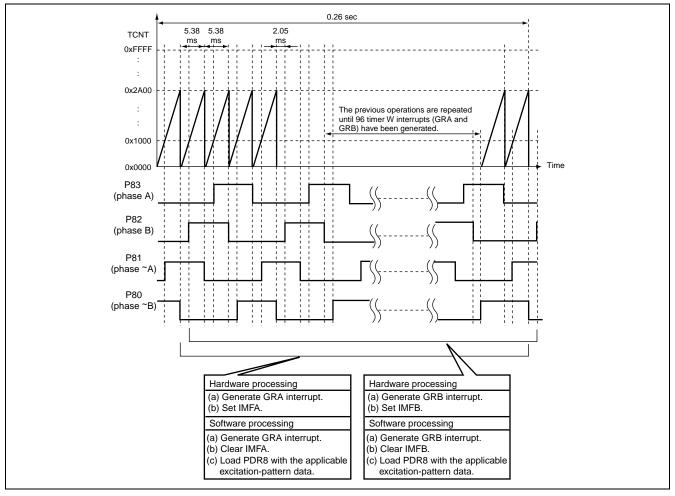


Figure 4.7 Principle of Operation: Constant-Speed Control During Reverse Rotation

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9. Figure 4.8 shows the principle of slue-down control during reverse rotation.

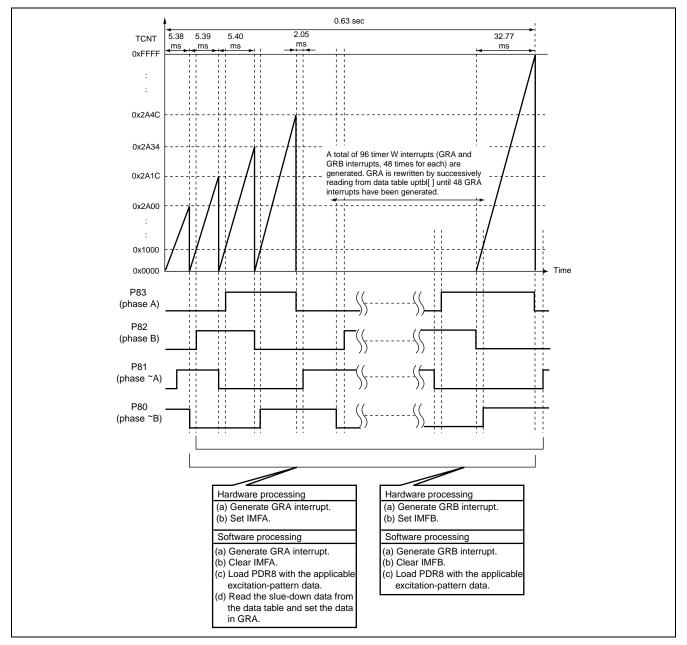


Figure 4.8 Principle of Operation: Slue-down Control During Reverse Rotation

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# 5. Description of the Software

# 5.1 Modules

Table 5.1 specifies the modules used in this task sample.

**Table 5.1 Description of Modules** 

Module Name	Label Name	Function
Main routine	main	Initializes the global variables, I/O ports, and timer W; enables interrupts.
Timer W interrupt processing	twint	Core routine in handling of the stepping motor's operation.
Slue-up control during forward rotation	fslueup	Executes slue-up control during forward rotation
Slue-down control during forward rotation	fsluedwn	Executes slue-down control during forward rotation.
Constant-speed control during forward rotation	fconst	Executes constant-speed control during forward rotation.
Rotation stop	frstop	Stops forward/reverse rotation.
Slue-up control during reverse rotation	rslueup	Executes slue-up control during reverse rotation.
Slue-down control during reverse rotation	rsluedwn	Executes slue-down control during reverse rotation.
Constant-speed control during reverse rotation	rconst	Executes constant-speed control during reverse rotation.

# 5.2 Arguments

No arguments are used in this task example.

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# 5.3 Internal Registers Used

Table 5.2 describes the usage of internal registers in this sample task.

Table 5.2 Description of Internal Registers to be Used

Register Name		Function		Setting
TMRW	CTS	Timer mode register W (timer counter start):	0xFF80	1
		When CTS = 0, TCNT counter is stopped.	Bit7	
		When CTS = 1, TCNT counter is started.		
TCRW	CCLR	Timer control register W (counter clear):	0xFF81	1
		When CCLR = 0, TCNT is not cleared by a match for comparematch A.	Bit 7	
		When CCLR = 1, TCNT is cleared whenever there is a match for compare-match A.		
	CKS2	Timer control register W (clock select 2 to 0):	0xFF81	CKS2 = 0
	CKS1 CKS0	When CKS2 = 0, CKS1 = 1, and CKS0 = 1, system clock $\phi/8$ is set as the input clock signal for TCNT.	Bit 6 Bit 5 Bit 4	CKS1 = 1 CKS0 = 0
TIERW	IMIEB	Timer interrupt enable register W (input capture/compare- match interrupt enable B):	0xFF82 Bit 1	1
		When IMIEB = 0, IMFB interrupt requests are disabled.		
		When IMIEB = 1, IMFB interrupt requests are enabled.		
	IMIEA	Timer interrupt enable register W (input capture/compare- match interrupt enable A):	0xFF82 Bit 0	1
		When IMIEA = 0, IMFA interrupt requests are disabled.		
		When IMIEA = 1, IMFA interrupt requests are enabled.		
TSRW	IMFB	Timer status register W (input capture/compare-match flag B):	0xFF83 Bit 1	0
		IMFB = 0 indicates that TCNT and GRB do not match.		
		IMFB = 1 indicates that TCNT and GRB match.		
	IMFA	Timer status register W (input capture/compare-match flag A):	0xFF83	0
		IMFA = 0 indicates that TCNT and GRA do not match.	Bit 0	
		IMFA = 1 indicates that TCNT and GRA match		
TIOR0	IOB2	Timer I/O control register 0 (I/O control B2):	0xFF84	0
		When IOB2 = 0, GRB is used as an output-comparison register.	Bit 6	
		When IOB2 = 1, GRB is used as an input capture register.		
	IOB1	Timer I/O control register 0 (I/O control B1 and B0):	0xFF84	IOB1 = 0
	IOB0	When $IOB1 = 0$ and $IOB0 = 0$ , output from the pins in the case of a match is disabled.	Bit 5 Bit 4	IOB0 = 0

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**Table 5.2 Internal Registers Used (cont.)** 

Register Name		Function		Setting
TIOR0	IOA2	Timer I/O control register 0 (I/O control A2):	0xFF84	0
(cont)	When IOA2 = 0, GRA is used as an output-comparison register.		Bit 2	
		When IOA2 = 1, GRA is used as an input-capture register.		
	IOA1	Timer I/O control register 0 (I/O control A1 and A0):	0xFF84	IOA1 = 0
	IOA0	When $IOA1 = 0$ and $IOA0 = 0$ , output from pins in the case of a match is disabled.	Bit 1 Bit 0	IOA0 = 0
TCNT		Timer counter:	0xFF86	0x0000
		16-bit counter driven by input system clock φ/8.		
GRA		General register A:	0xFF88	0xFFFF
		When the value set in GRA matches that in the TCNT counter, a compare-match A signal is generated.		
GRB		General register B:	0cFF8A	0x1000
		When the value set in GRB matches that in the TCNT counter, a compare-match B signal is generated.		
PDR8		Port data register 8:	0xFFDB	0x08
		P83 to P80 provide phase excitation signals for driving the stepping motor.		
PCR8		Port control register 8:	0xFFEB	0x0F
		When PCR8 = 0x0F, P83 to P80 are set as output pins.		
	·		•	•

## 5.4 Global Variables

Table 5.3 describes the global variables used in this task example.

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Table 5.3 Global Variables

Variable Name	Description	Data Type/Size	Used in
Twcnt	An element of array pattbl[], which holds excitation-pattern data for the stepping motor.	Char/1 byte	main, twint, fslueup, fsluedwn, fconst, frstop, rslueup, rsluedwn, rconst
Sluecnt	An element of array uptbl[], which is used for slue-up and slue-down control.	Char/1 byte	main, twint, fslueup, fsluedwn, rslueup, rsluedwn
nextmode	Setting of the stepping motor's operating mode.	Char/1 byte	main, twint
modecnt	Setting of the number of interrupts for the current operating mode	Short/2 bytes	main, twint
pattbl[8]	Excitation-pattern data table for the stepping motor.	Unsigned char/ 8 bytes	main, fslueup, fsluedwn, fconst, frstop, rslueup, rsluedwn, rconst
uptbl[48]	Interrupt time data table for slue-up and slue-down control.	Unsigned short/ 96 bytes	main, fslueup, fsluedwn, rslueup, rsluedwn

#### 5.5 Description of Data Table Variables

Data table for switching the stepping motor excitation patterns

```
pattbl[8]={
   0x08;
             Pattern for output from P8 in response to GRB interrupts: excites phase A (P83).
   0x0C;
            Pattern for output from P8 in response to GRA interrupts: excites phases A and B (P83 and P82).
   0x04;
             Pattern for output from P8 in response to GRB interrupts: excites phase B (P82).
   0x06;
             Pattern for output from P8 in response to GRA interrupts: excites phases B and A (P82 and P81).
   0x02;
             Pattern for output from P8 in response to GRB interrupts: excites phase ~A (P81).
   0x03;
             Pattern for output from P8 in response to GRA interrupts: excites phases A and B (P81 and P80).
   0x01;
             Pattern for output from P8 in response to GRB interrupts: excites phase ~B (P80).
   0x09;
             Pattern for output from P8 in response to GRA interrupts: excites phases "B and A (P80 and P83).
```

Data table for slue-up/slue-down

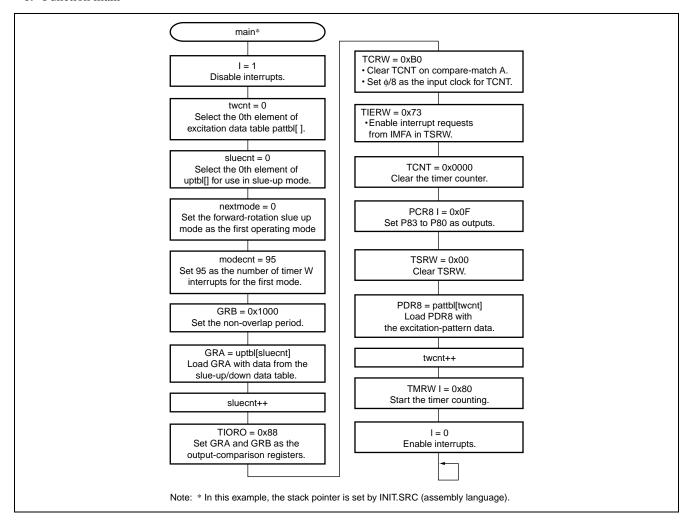
Data in uptbl[] is sequentially written to GRA each time a GRA interrupt is generated during slue-up and slue-down operations until the stepping motor has rotated once (48 steps).

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# 6. Flowchart

#### 1. Function main

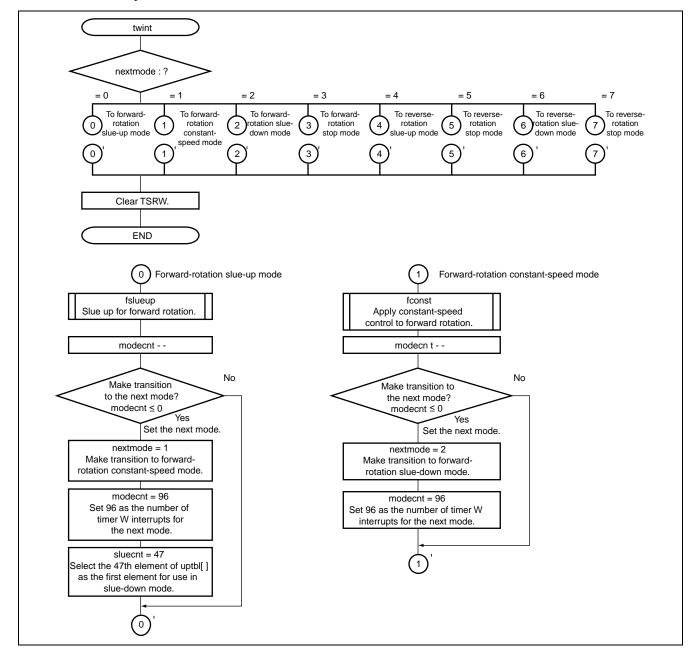


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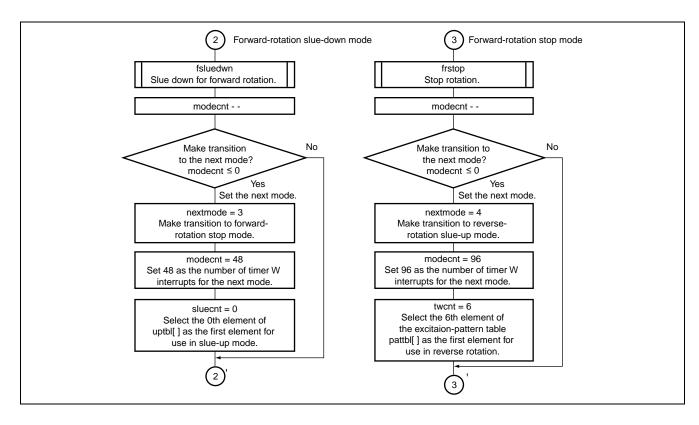
#### 2. Timer W interrupts

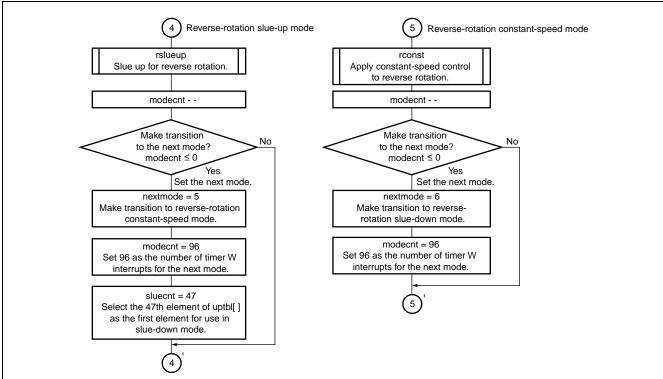


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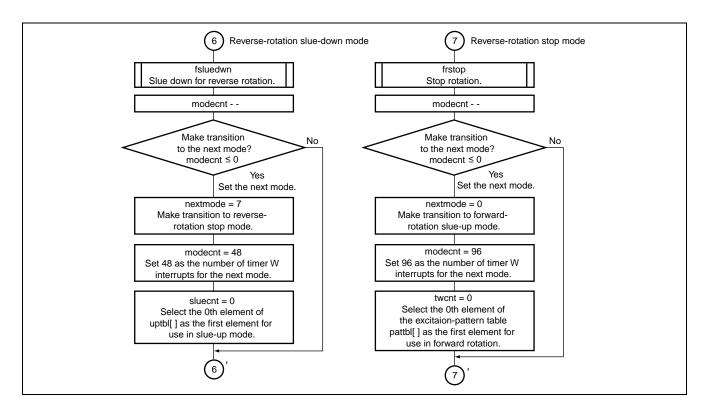




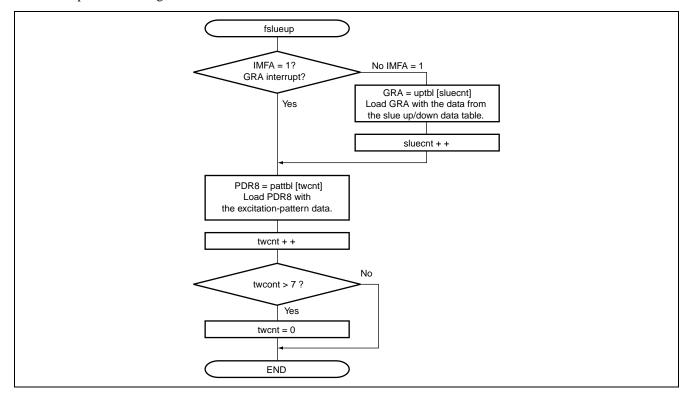
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#### 3. Slue-up control during forward rotation

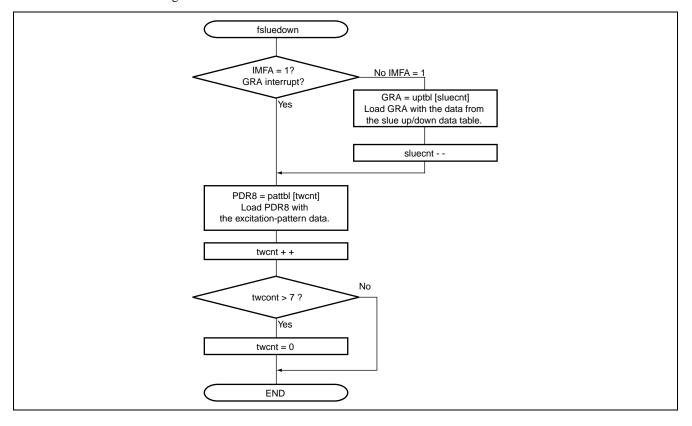


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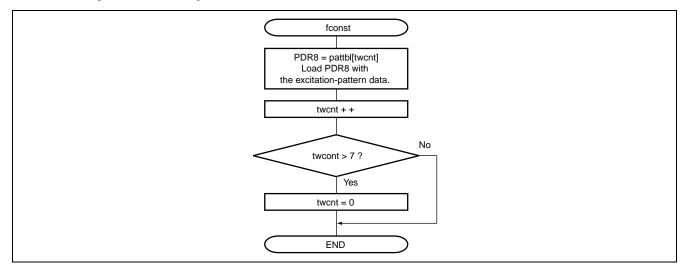
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#### 4. Slue-down control during forward rotation



#### 5. Constant-speed control during forward rotation

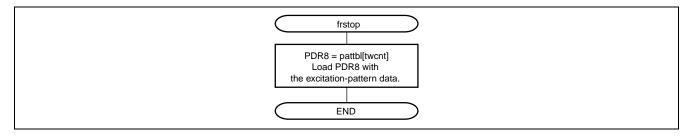


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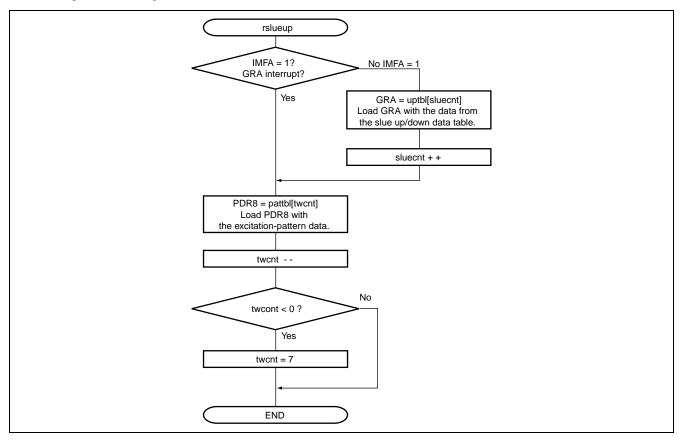
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#### 6. Stop control



# 7. Slue-up control during reverse rotation

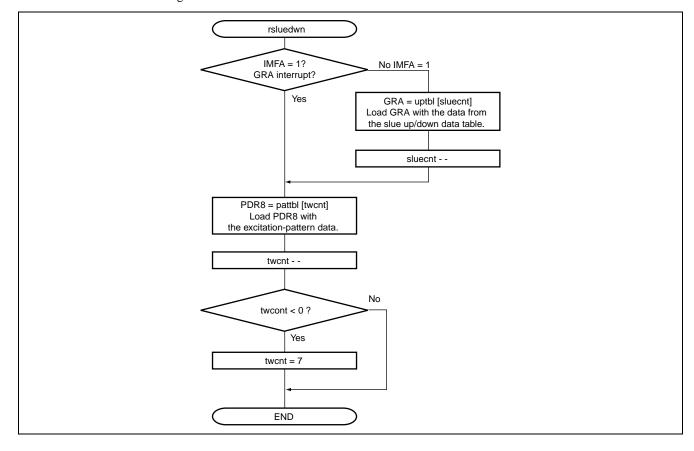


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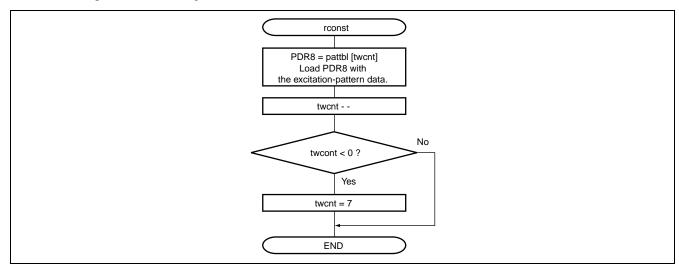
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#### 8. Slue-down control during reverse rotation



#### 9. Constant-speed control during reverse rotation



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# 7. Program Listing

INIT.SRC (program listing)

```
.EXPORT _INIT
.IMPORT _main
;
.SECTION P,CODE
_INIT:
    MOV.W #H'FF80,R7
    LDC.B #B'10000000,CCR
    JMP @_main
;
.END
```

```
/* H8/300HN Series -H8/3664-
                                        */
  Application Note
  'Stepping Motor
/*
/* Function
/* : Timer W Output Compare
/* External Clock : 16MHz
/* Internal Clock: 16MHz
/* Sub-Clock : 32.768kHz
#include <machine.h>
/* Symbol Definition
struct BIT {
  unsigned char b7:1; /* bit7 */
  unsigned char b6:1;
                   /* bit6 */
  unsigned char b5:1;
                   /* bit5 */
  unsigned char b4:1;
                   /* bit4 */
  unsigned char b3:1;
                   /* bit3 */
  unsigned char b2:1;
                    /* bit2 */
  unsigned char b1:1;
                    /* bit1 */
                    /* bit0 */
  unsigned char b0:1;
};
```

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```
#define
           TMRW
                       *(volatile unsigned char *)0xFF80
                                                         /* Timer Mode Register W
                                                                                              * /
#define
           TCRW
                       *(volatile unsigned char *)0xFF81 /* Timer Control Register W
                       (*(struct BIT *)0xFF81)
                                                          /* Timer Control Register W
#define
           TCRW BIT
                                                                                              * /
#define
           CCLR
                       TCRW_BIT.b7
                                                           /* Counter Clear
                                                                                              * /
                       TCRW_BIT.b6
                                                           /* Clock Select 2
#define
           CKS2
                       TCRW_BIT.b5
                                                           /* Clock Select 1
                                                                                              * /
#define
           CKS1
#define
           CKS0
                       TCRW_BIT.b4
                                                           /* Clock Select 0
                                                                                              * /
#define
           TIERW
                       *(volatile unsigned char *)0xFF82 /* Timer Interrupt Enable Register */
#define
           TIERW BIT
                       (*(struct BIT *)0xFF82)
                                                           /* Timer Interrupt Enable Register */
                       TIERW_BIT.b1
#define
           TMTER
                                                           /* Output Compare Interrupt B Enable*/
#define
           IMIEA
                       TIERW_BIT.b0
                                                           /* Output Compare Interrupt A Enable*/
#define
           TSRW
                       *(volatile unsigned char *)0xFF83
                                                          /* Timer Status Register W
                       (*(struct BIT *)0xFF83)
                                                                                              * /
#define
           TSRW BIT
                                                           /* Timer Status Register W
#define
           IMFB
                       TSRW_BIT.b1
                                                           /* Output Compare Flag B
                                                                                              * /
#define
           IMFA
                       TSRW_BIT.b0
                                                           /* Output Compare Flag A
           TIOR0
                       *(volatile unsigned char *)0xFF84
                                                                                              * /
#define
                                                          /* Timer I/O Control Register 0
#define
           TIORO_BIT
                       (*(struct BIT *)0xFF84)
                                                           /* Timer I/O Control Register 0
                                                                                              * /
#define
                       TIOR0_BIT.b6
                                                           /* I/O Control Register B2
                                                                                              * /
           IOB2
#define
           IOB1
                       TIORO_BIT.b5
                                                           /* I/O Control Register B1
                                                                                              * /
#define
           IOB0
                       TIOR0_BIT.b4
                                                           /* I/O Control Register B0
                                                                                              * /
#define
           TCNT
                       *(volatile unsigned int *)0xFF86
                                                          /* Time Counter
                                                                                              * /
#define
           GRA
                       *(volatile unsigned int *)0xFF88
                                                          /* General Register A
                                                                                              * /
#define
                       *(volatile unsigned int *)0xFF8A
                                                          /* General Register B
                                                                                              * /
           GRB
#define
           PDR8
                       *(volatile unsigned int *)0xFFDB
                                                           /* Port Data Register 8
                                                                                              * /
                       *(volatile unsigned int *)0xFFEB
                                                           /* Port Control Register 8
#define
           PCR8
                                                                                              * /
#pragma interrupt (twint)
/**********************
/* Function define
extern void INIT ( void );
                                                            /* SP Set
           main ( void );
void
biov
           twint ( void );
void
           fslueup ( void );
           fsluedwn ( void );
biov
           fconst ( void );
void
void
           frstop ( void );
           rslueup ( void );
biov
           rsluedwn ( void );
void
           rconst ( void );
void
```

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```
char twcnt, sluecnt, nextmode;
short modecnt;
#pragma section OUTDT
unsigned char pattbl[8] = {
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     /* Stepping Motor Output Pattern Table */
               0x08,0x0C,0x04,0x06,0x02,0x03,0x01,0x09,
};
unsigned short uptbl[48] = {
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       /* Stepping Motor Output Pattern Table */
               OxFFFF, 0xF000, 0xE09C, 0xD034, 0xC670, 0xBC48, 0xB1BC, 0xAA50, 0xA21C, 0x98BC,
               0x9218,0x8D68,0x88B8,0x8408,0x7F58,0x7AA8,0x75F8,0x7148,0x6C98,0x6720,
               0x6338,0x5E24,0x5B04,0x56B8,0x5398,0x5140,0x4D58,0x4970,0x4650,0x4330,
               0x4010,0x3CF0,0x3AFC,0x3908,0x3714,0x3520,0x332C,0x3138,0x2F44,0x2DB4,
               0x2C24,0x2A94,0x2A7C,0x2A64,0x2A4C,0x2A34,0x2A1C,0x2A00,
};
                       0xFFFF,0xE000,0xD000,0xD000,0xC000,0xC000,0xB000,0xB000,0xA000,0xA000,
                      0x9000,0x9000,0x9000,0x8000,0x8000,0x8000,0x8000,0x8000,0x7000,0x7000,
                       0 \\ x \\ 7000 \\ , 0 \\ x \\ 7000 \\ , 0 \\ x \\ 6000 \\ , 0 \\ x \\ 6000 \\ , 0 \\ x \\ 6000 \\ , 0 \\ x \\ 5000 \\ , 0 \\ 
                       0 x 5000, 0 x 4000, 0 x 3000, 0 x 3000, 0 x 3000, 0 x 4000, 0 x 
                       0x3000,0x3000,0x3000,0x3000,0x3000,0x2A00,0x2A00,0x2A00,
 /* Vector Address
 /* VECTOR SECTION SET
#pragma section
void (*const VEC_TBL1[])(void) = {
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     /* 0x00 - 0x0f
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 * /
               TNTT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     /* 00 Reset
};
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       /* VECTOR SECTION SET
#pragma section
void (*const VEC_TBL2[])(void) = {
               twint
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       /* 2A Timer W Interrupt
};
#pragma section
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       /* P
```

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```
/* Main Program
void main ( void )
   unsigned char tmp;
                                                                                        * /
   set_imask_ccr(1);
                                                   /* Disable interrupts
   twcnt = 0;
                                                    /* Output Pattern table counter set
   sluecnt = 0;
                                                    /* Slue Up/Down table counter set
                                                                                        * /
   nextmode = 0;
   modecnt = 95;
                                                    /* Motor Slue mode countset "96"
   GRB = 0x1000;
                                                    /* Initialize GRB
   GRA = uptbl[sluecnt];
                                                    /* Initialize GRA
   sluecnt++;
   TIOR0 = 0x88;
                                                   /* Initialize Output Compare Function
   TCRW = 0xB0;
                                                   /* Initialize TCNT Input Clock Period
   TIERW = 0x73;
                                                   /* Initialize IMIEA/IMIEB Interrupt Enable */
   TCNT = 0x0000;
                                                   /* Initialize TCNT
   PCR8 \mid = 0x0F;
                                                   /* Port8 Output
   tmp = TSRW;
                                                    /* TSRW Clear
   TSRW = 0x00;
   PDR8 = pattbl[twcnt];
                                                   /* PDR8 Set Output Pattern
                                                                                        * /
   twcnt++;
   TMRW = 0x80;
                                                    /* Initialize timer Mode Register
                                                                                        */
   set_imask_ccr(0);
                                                    /* Interrupt Enable
   while(1);
```

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```
/* Timer W Interrupt
void twint ( void )
   unsigned char tmp;
   switch(nextmode){
       case 0:
          fslueup();
                                                     /* Forward Slue Up
                                                                                     * /
          modecnt--;
          if(modecnt <= 0){
                                                      /* Next mode?
             nextmode = 1;
                                                      /* nextmode = 1 Constant Speed
             modecnt = 96;
                                                     /* Next mode countset "96"
                                                                                     * /
              sluecnt = 47;
                                                      /* Slue Up/Down table counter set */
          }
          break;
       case 1:
          fconst();
                                                      /* Constant Speed
                                                                                     * /
          modecnt--;
          if(modecnt <= 0){
                                                      /* Nextmode?
             nextmode = 2;
                                                      /* nextmode = 2 Forward Slue Down */
              modecnt = 96;
                                                      /* Nextmode countset "96"
                                                                                     * /
          break;
       case 2:
          fsluedwn();
                                                      /* Forward Slue Down
          modecnt--;
          if(modecnt <= 0){
                                                      /* Next mode?
             nextmode = 3;
                                                      /* nextmode = 3 Slue Stop
                                                                                     * /
              modecnt = 48;
                                                     /* Next mode countset "48"
                                                                                     * /
             sluecnt = 0;
                                                      /* Slue Up/Down table counter set */
          }
          break;
       case 3:
          frstop();
                                                     /* Slue Stop
                                                                                     * /
          modecnt--;
          if(modecnt <= 0){
                                                                                     * /
                                                      /* Next mode?
              nextmode = 4;
                                                      /* nextmode = 4 Reverse Slue Up
                                                                                     * /
                                                                                     * /
             modecnt = 96;
                                                     /* Next mode countset "96"
```

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```
/* Output Pattern table counter set */
twcnt = 6;
           }
           break;
       case 4:
           rslueup();
                                                            /* Reverse Slue Up
           modecnt--;
                                                                                                * /
           if(modecnt <= 0){
                                                            /* Next mode?
               nextmode = 5;
                                                            /* nextmode = 5 Constant Speed
               modecnt = 96;
                                                            /* Next mode countset "96"
               sluecnt = 47;
                                                            /* Slue Up/Down table counter set  */
            }
           break;
        case 5:
           rconst();
                                                            /* Constant Speed
                                                                                                * /
           modecnt--;
           if(modecnt <= 0){}
                                                            /* Next mode?
                                                                                                * /
               nextmode = 6;
                                                            /* nextmode = 6 Reverse Slue Down */
               modecnt = 96;
                                                            /* Next mode countset "96"
                                                                                                * /
            }
           break;
       case 6:
           rsluedwn();
                                                            /* Reverse Slue Down
           modecnt--;
           if(modecnt <= 0){
                                                            /* Next mode?
                                                                                                * /
               nextmode = 7;
                                                            /* nextmode = 7 Slue Stop
                                                                                                * /
               modecnt = 48;
                                                            /* Next mode countset "48"
                                                                                                * /
               sluecnt = 0;
                                                            /* Slue Up/Down table counter set
                                                                                               * /
            }
           break;
       case 7:
           frstop();
                                                            /* Slue Stop
                                                                                                * /
           modecnt--;
           if(modecnt <= 0){
                                                            /* Next mode?
               nextmode = 0;
                                                            /* nextmode = 0 Forward Slue Up
                                                                                                * /
                                                            /* Next mode countset "96"
               modecnt = 96;
               twent = 0;
                                                            /* Output Pattern table counter set */
           }
           break;
   }
```

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```
tmp = TSRW;
  TSRW = 0x00;
}
/* Forward Slue Up
void fslueup ( void )
  if(IMFA == 1){
     GRA = uptbl[sluecnt];
                                         /* GRA Set Slue Up/Down table
     sluecnt++;
  }
  PDR8 = pattbl[twcnt];
                                         /* PDR8 Set Output Pattern
  twcnt++;
  if(twcnt>7)
    twcnt = 0;
}
/* Forward Slue Down
void fsluedwn ( void )
{
  if(IMFA == 1){
    GRA = uptbl[sluecnt];
                                         /* GRA Set Slue Up/Down table
                                                                 * /
     sluecnt--;
  PDR8 = pattbl[twcnt];
                                                                  * /
                                         /* PDR8 Set Output Pattern
  twcnt++;
  if(twcnt>7)
    twent = 0;
}
```

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```
/* Forward Constant Speed
void fconst ( void )
 PDR8 = pattbl[twcnt];
                              /* PDR8 Set Output Pattern
 twcnt++;
 if(twcnt>7)
   twcnt = 0;
}
/* Slue/Reverse Stop
void frstop ( void )
 PDR8 = pattbl[twcnt];
                              /* PDR8 Set Output Pattern
                                                * /
/* Reverse Slue Up
void rslueup ( void )
 if(IMFA == 1){
   GRA = uptbl[sluecnt];
                              /* GRA Set Slue Up/Down table */
   sluecnt++;
 PDR8 = pattbl[twcnt];
                               /* PDR8 Set Output Pattern
  twcnt--;
 if(twcnt < 0)
   twent = 7;
}
```

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```
/* Reverse Slue Down
void rsluedwn ( void )
  if(IMFA == 1){
    GRA = uptbl[sluecnt];
                                      /* GRA Set Slue Up/Down table
                                                            */
     sluecnt--;
                                                             * /
  PDR8 = pattbl[twcnt];
                                      /* PDR8 Set Output Pattern
  twcnt--;
  if(twcnt < 0)
    twent = 7;
/* Reverse Constant Speed
void rconst ( void )
  PDR8 = pattbl[twcnt];
                                      /* PDR8 Set Output Pattern
                                                            * /
  twcnt--;
  if(twcnt < 0)
    twent = 7;
```

#### Link address specification

# Section Name Address CV1 0x0000 CV2 0x002A P 0x0100 C 0x0500 DOUTDT 0x0510 B 0xFB80

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