

## RX Family

### CMT Module Using Firmware Integration Technology

---

#### Introduction

This application note describes the Compare Match Timer (CMT) module which uses Firmware Integration Technology (FIT). This module uses CMT to generate repetitive events and fixed time intervals. In this document, this module is referred to as the CMT FIT module.

CMT FIT module can be incorporated into RTOS (FreeRTOS, RI600V4, and RI600PX) projects. In this case, the CMT FIT module uses CMT channels different from the channels used by the time management feature of RTOS.

#### Target Devices

- RX110 Group
- RX111 Group
- RX113 Group
- RX130 Group
- RX13T Group
- RX140 Group
- RX230 Group
- RX231 Group
- RX23T Group
- RX23W Group (Channel 2 and 3 are protected)
- RX23E-A Group
- RX24T Group
- RX24U Group
- RX64M Group (RTOS system timer supported)
- RX65N, RX651 Groups (RTOS system timer supported)
- RX66T Group
- RX66N Group
- RX660 Group
- RX671 Group
- RX71M Group (RTOS system timer supported)
- RX72T Group
- RX72M Group
- RX72N Group

When using this application note with other Renesas MCUs, careful evaluation is recommended after making modifications to comply with the alternate MCU.

#### Target Compilers

- Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family
- GCC for Renesas RX
- IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX

For details of the confirmed operation contents of each compiler, refer to "6.1 Confirmed Operation Environment".

## Contents

1. Overview .....	4
1.1 CMT FIT Module.....	4
1.2 Overview of the CMT FIT Module .....	4
1.3 Using the FIT CMT module .....	4
1.3.1 Using FIT CMT module in C++ project.....	5
1.4 API Overview.....	5
2. API Information.....	6
2.1 Hardware Requirements .....	6
2.2 Software Requirements.....	6
2.3 Limitations .....	6
2.3.1 RAM Location Limitations.....	6
2.3.2 Channel 2 and 3 are protected in RX23W .....	6
2.4 Supported Toolchain .....	6
2.5 Interrupt Vector.....	6
2.6 Header Files .....	7
2.7 Integer Types.....	7
2.8 Configuration Overview .....	7
2.9 Code Size .....	8
2.10 Parameters .....	11
2.11 Return Values.....	11
2.12 Callback Function .....	11
2.13 Adding the FIT Module to Your Project.....	11
2.14 “for”, “while” and “do while” statements.....	12
3. API Functions .....	13
R_CMT_CreatePeriodic() .....	13
R_CMT_CreatePeriodicAssignChannelPriority() .....	15
R_CMT_CreateOneShot() .....	17
R_CMT_CreateOneShotAssignChannelPriority() .....	18
R_CMT_Stop().....	20
R_CMT_Control() .....	21
R_CMT_GetVersion().....	23
4. Pin Setting .....	24
5. Demo Projects .....	25
5.1 cmt_demo_rskrx113, cmt_demo_rskrx113_gcc .....	25
5.2 cmt_demo_rskrx231, cmt_demo_rskrx231_gcc .....	25
5.3 cmt_demo_rskrx64m, cmt_demo_rskrx64m_gcc .....	25
5.4 cmt_demo_rskrx71m, cmt_demo_rskrx71m_gcc .....	25

5.5	cmt_demo_rskrx65n, cmt_demo_rskrx65n_gcc .....	25
5.6	cmt_demo_rskrx65n_2m, cmt_demo_rskrx65n_2m_gcc .....	25
5.7	cmt_demo_rskrx72m, cmt_demo_rskrx72m_gcc .....	25
5.8	cmt_demo_rskrx671, cmt_demo_rskrx671_gcc .....	25
5.9	Adding a Demo to a Workspace.....	26
5.10	Downloading Demo Projects .....	26
6.	Appendices.....	27
6.1	Confirmed Operation Environment.....	27
6.2	Troubleshooting.....	38
7.	Reference Documents .....	39
	Related Technical Updates .....	39
	Revision History .....	40

## 1. Overview

### 1.1 CMT FIT Module

The CMT FIT module can be used by being implemented in a project as an API. See section 2.13, Adding the FIT Module to Your Project for details on methods to implement this FIT module into a project.

### 1.2 Overview of the CMT FIT Module

This software module provides a simple interface to the RX Compare Match Timer (CMT) peripheral. The CMT is a two-channel, 16-bit timer. Each channel contains a free-running counter with a prescaler and a 16-bit compare register. Interrupts can be generated when the free-running counter matches the compare register. The counter is automatically reset and restarted on a compare event making this an ideal timer for pacing repetitive software events like RTOS schedulers. A CMT unit contains two channels; RX MCUs contain either one or two CMT units resulting in either two or four independent CMT channels.

This driver provides functions for creating and starting a CMT channel, pausing and restarting a channel, and shutting down a channel. User application code can be called via a callback function.

### 1.3 Using the FIT CMT module

The primary use of the CMT module is to make it easy to generate repetitive events and fixed time intervals.

After adding the CMT module to your project you will need to modify the *r\_cmt\_rx\_config.h* file to configure the software for your installation.

Use the functions `R_CMT_CreatePeriodic` and `R_CMT_CreateOneShot` to start a timer with unused CMT channels and default interrupt priority level. Use the functions `R_CMT_CreatePeriodicAssignChannelPriority` and `R_CMT_CreateOneShotAssignChannelPriority` to start a timer with desired CMT channels and desired interrupt priority level.

Provide a pointer to your callback function as an argument and your callback will be called when the timer expires. Be aware that during execution of your callback, interrupts will be disabled by default, since it is executing from within the context of the ISR. Therefore it is recommended to keep callback functions small so that they complete quickly.

In theory, the CMT timer maximum clocking speed is limited to  $PCLK/8$ . When using the periodic timer function to generate a clock, be aware that interrupt and callback processing takes some time. So this will limit the maximum frequency that can be generated.

To use a CMT channel as a RTOS system timer, configure `#define BSP_CFG_RTOS_USED` and `#define BSP_CFG_RTOS_SYSTEM_TIMER` in *r\_bsp\_config.h*. These two macros provide protection mechanism to the CMT channel so that it is used exclusively by the RTOS system timer.

To use CMT nested interrupts, enable macro `CMT_CFG_CHn_EN_NESTED_INT` for each related channel.

### 1.3.1 Using FIT CMT module in C++ project

For C++ project, add FIT CMT module interface header file within extern "C":

```
Extern "C"
{
#include "r_smc_entry.h"
#include "r_cmt_rx_if.h"
}
```

## 1.4 API Overview

Table 1.1 lists the API functions included in this module.

**Table 1.1 API Functions**

Function	Description
R_CMT_CreatePeriodic()	Finds an unused CMT channel, configures the timer for the desired periodic frequency by setting the appropriate prescaler, associates a user callback function with the timer's interrupt, and starts the timer. The timer continues to run, generating an interrupt and calling the callback at the desired frequency, until the user shuts it down.
R_CMT_CreateOneShot()	Similar to R_CMT_CreatePeriodic; however, the timer is shut down after the first interrupt and callback.
R_CMT_CreatePeriodicAssignChannelPriority()	Similar to R_CMT_CreatePeriodic; however, the timer is configured with desired CMT channel & interrupt priority
R_CMT_CreateOneShotAssignChannelPriority()	Similar to R_CMT_CreateOneShot; however, the timer is configured with desired CMT channel & interrupt priority level
R_CMT_Control()	Commands the timer to pause, restart, change interrupt priority or report status.
R_CMT_Stop()	Turns off a CMT channel, disables interrupts, and powers down the CMT unit if it is not in use.
R_CMT_GetVersion()	Returns the driver version number at runtime.

---

## 2. API Information

This FIT module has been confirmed to operate under the following conditions.

---

### 2.1 Hardware Requirements

---

The MCU used must support the following functions:

- CMT

---

### 2.2 Software Requirements

---

This driver is dependent upon the following FIT modules:

- Renesas Board Support Package (r\_bsp) v5.20 or higher
- The peripheral clock must be initialized before starting the CMT.

---

### 2.3 Limitations

---

#### 2.3.1 RAM Location Limitations

In FIT, if a value equivalent to NULL is set as the pointer argument of an API function, error might be returned due to parameter check. Therefore, do not pass a NULL equivalent value as pointer argument to an API function.

The NULL value is defined as 0 because of the library function specifications. Therefore, the above phenomenon would occur when the variable or function passed to the API function pointer argument is located at the start address of RAM (address 0x0). In this case, change the section settings or prepare a dummy variable at the top of the RAM so that the variable or function passed to the API function pointer argument is not located at address 0x0.

In the case of the CCRX project (e2 studio V7.5.0), the RAM start address is set as 0x4 to prevent the variable from being located at address 0x0. In the case of the GCC project (e2 studio V7.5.0) and IAR project (EWRX V4.12.1), the start address of RAM is 0x0, so the above measures are necessary.

The default settings of the section may be changed due to the IDE version upgrade. Please check the section settings when using the latest IDE.

#### 2.3.2 Channel 2 and 3 are protected in RX23W

Channel 2 and 3 are protected in RX23W as they are reserved for BLE FIT module.

---

### 2.4 Supported Toolchain

---

This driver has been confirmed to work with the toolchain listed in 6.1, Confirmed Operation Environment.

---

### 2.5 Interrupt Vector

---

The CMT interrupt is enabled by execution **R\_CMT\_CreatePeriodic** function, **R\_CMT\_CreateOneShot** function, **R\_CMT\_CreatePeriodicAssignChannelPriority** function and **R\_CMT\_CreateOneShotAssignChannelPriority** function.

Table 2.1 lists the interrupt vector used in the CMT FIT Module.

**Table 2.1 Interrupt Vector Used in the CMT FIT Module**

Device	Interrupt Vector
RX110*1	
RX111*1	
RX113	
RX130*1	
RX13T*1	
RX140*1	
RX230	
RX231	CMI0 interrupt[channel 0] (vector no.: 28)
RX23T	CMI1 interrupt[channel 1] (vector no.: 29)
RX23W	CMI2 interrupt[channel 2] (vector no.: 30)
RX23E-A*1	CMI3 interrupt[channel 3] (vector no.: 31)
RX24T	
RX24U	
RX66T	
RX66N	
RX72T	
RX72M*1	
RX72N	
RX64M	CMI0 interrupt[channel 0] (vector no.: 28)
RX651	CMI1 interrupt[channel 1] (vector no.: 29)
RX65N	CMI2 interrupt[channel 2] (vector no.: 128) *2
RX71M	CMI3 interrupt[channel 3] (vector no.: 129) *2
RX671	
RX660	

Note 1. Only have 2 channels (CMT0, CMT1).

Note 2. The interrupt vector numbers for software configurable interrupt show the default values specified in the board support package FIT module (BSP module).

## 2.6 Header Files

All API calls and their supporting interface definitions are located in "r\_cmt\_rx\_if.h".

## 2.7 Integer Types

This project uses ANSI C99. These types are defined in stdint.h.

## 2.8 Configuration Overview

The configuration option settings of this module are located in r\_cmt\_rx\_config.h. The option names and setting values are listed in the table below:

Configuration options in r_cmt_rx_config.h	
CMT_RX_CFG_IPR 5	Interrupt priority level used for CMT interrupts
CMT_CFG_CH0_EN_NESTED_INT 0	Specify whether to include code for nested interrupt for each CMT channel. 0: Not included 1: Included
CMT_CFG_CH1_EN_NESTED_INT 0	
CMT_CFG_CH2_EN_NESTED_INT 0	
CMT_CFG_CH3_EN_NESTED_INT 0	

---

## 2.9 Code Size

---

Typical code sizes associated with this module are listed below.

The ROM (code and constants) and RAM (global data) sizes are determined by the build-time configuration options described in 2.8, Configuration Overview. The table lists reference values when the C compiler's compile options are set to their default values, as described in 2.4, Supported Toolchain. The compile option default values are optimization level: 2, optimization type: for size, and data endianness: little-endian. The code size varies depending on the C compiler version and compile options.



ROM, RAM and Stack Code Sizes								
Device	Category	Memory Used						Remarks
		Renesas Compiler		GCC		IAR Compiler		
		With Parameter Checking	Without Parameter Checking	With Parameter Checking	Without Parameter Checking	With Parameter Checking	Without Parameter Checking	
2 channel parts RX110, RX111, RX130 and RX13T	ROM	1302 bytes	1302 bytes	2416 bytes	2416 bytes	1968 bytes	1968 bytes	
	RAM	16 bytes	16 bytes	16 bytes	16 bytes	10 bytes	10 bytes	
	STACK	188 bytes	188 bytes	-	-	120 bytes	120 bytes	
4 channel parts RX113, RX230, RX231, RX23T, RX24T, RX24U, RX64M, RX651, RX65N, RX66T, RX66N, RX71M, RX72N,	ROM	1834 bytes	1834 bytes	3288 bytes	3288 bytes	2860 bytes	2802 bytes	
	RAM	32 bytes	32 bytes	32 bytes	32 bytes	20 bytes	20 bytes	
	STACK	60 bytes	60 bytes	-	-	108 bytes	108 bytes	
4 channel parts RX23W	ROM	1800 bytes	1800 bytes	-	-	-	-	
	RAM	32 bytes	32 bytes	-	-	-	-	
	STACK	112 bytes	112 bytes	-	-	-	-	
4 channel parts RX72T	ROM	1815 bytes	1815 bytes	3152 bytes	3152 bytes	2918 bytes	2979 bytes	
	RAM	32 bytes	32 bytes	32 bytes	32 bytes	20 bytes	20 bytes	
	STACK	68 bytes	68 bytes	-	-	200 bytes	200 bytes	Maximum interrupt stack
4 channel parts RX72M	ROM	1834 bytes	1834 bytes	3288 bytes	3288 bytes	3018 bytes	3010 bytes	
	RAM	32 bytes	32 bytes	32 bytes	32 bytes	10 bytes	10 bytes	
	STACK	156 bytes	156 bytes	-	-	204 bytes	204 bytes	
2 channel parts RX23E-A	ROM	1348 bytes	1348 bytes	2424 bytes	2424 bytes	2016 bytes	2016 bytes	
	RAM	16 bytes	16 bytes	16 bytes	16 bytes	10 bytes	10 bytes	
	STACK	196 bytes	196 bytes	-	-	204 bytes	204 bytes	

ROM, RAM and Stack Code Sizes								
Device	Category	Memory Used						Remarks
		Renesas Compiler		GCC		IAR Compiler		
		With Parameter Checking	Without Parameter Checking	With Parameter Checking	Without Parameter Checking	With Parameter Checking	Without Parameter Checking	
4 channel parts RX671	ROM	1851 bytes	1851 bytes	3416 bytes	3416 bytes	2863 bytes	2859 bytes	
	RAM	32 bytes	32 bytes	32 bytes	32 bytes	20 bytes	20 bytes	
	STACK	60 bytes	60 bytes	-	-	144 bytes	144 bytes	
2 channel parts RX140	ROM	1326 bytes	1326 bytes	2424 bytes	2424 bytes	2023 bytes	2023 bytes	
	RAM	16 bytes	16 bytes	16 bytes	16 bytes	10 bytes	10 bytes	
	STACK	60 bytes	60 bytes	-	-	128 bytes	128 bytes	
4 channel parts RX660	ROM	1847 bytes	1847 bytes	3408 bytes	3408 bytes	2910 bytes	2910 bytes	
	RAM	32 bytes	32 bytes	0 bytes	0 bytes	20 bytes	20 bytes	
	STACK	60 bytes	60 bytes	-	-	148 bytes	148 bytes	

---

## 2.10 Parameters

---

This section describes the parameter structure used by the API functions in this module. The structure is located in `r_cmt_rx_if.h` as are the prototype declarations of API functions.

---

## 2.11 Return Values

---

This section describes return values of API functions. This enumeration is located in `r_cmt_rx_if.h` as are the prototype declarations of API functions.

All CMT functions return a Boolean value that indicates success or failure of the call.

---

## 2.12 Callback Function

---

In this module, the callback function specified by the user is called when the CMT interrupt occurs.

The callback function is specified by storing the address of the user function in the “void (\* callback)(void \* pdata)” structure member (see 2.10, Parameters). When the callback function is called, the variable which stores the channel number is passed as the argument.

The argument is passed as void type. Thus, the argument of the callback function is cast to a void pointer. See examples below as reference.

When using a value in the callback function, type cast the value.

```
void my_cmt_callback(void * pdata)
{
    uint32_t  cmt_event_channel_number;

    cmt_event_channel_number = *((uint32_t *)pdata); //cast pointer to uint32_t
    ...
}
```

---

## 2.13 Adding the FIT Module to Your Project

---

This module must be added to each project in which it is used. Renesas recommends the method using the Smart Configurator described in (1) or (3) below. However, the Smart Configurator only supports some RX devices. Please use the methods of (2) or (4) for RX devices that are not supported by the Smart Configurator.

- (1) Adding the FIT module to your project using the Smart Configurator in e<sup>2</sup> studio  
By using the Smart Configurator in e<sup>2</sup> studio, the FIT module is automatically added to your project. Refer to “Renesas e<sup>2</sup> studio Smart Configurator User Guide (R20AN0451)” for details.
- (2) Adding the FIT module to your project using the FIT Configurator in e<sup>2</sup> studio  
By using the FIT Configurator in e<sup>2</sup> studio, the FIT module is automatically added to your project. Refer to “Adding Firmware Integration Technology Modules to Projects (R01AN1723)” for details.
- (3) Adding the FIT module to your project using the Smart Configurator in CS+  
By using the Smart Configurator Standalone version in CS+, the FIT module is automatically added to your project. Refer to “Renesas e<sup>2</sup> studio Smart Configurator User Guide (R20AN0451)” for details.
- (4) Adding the FIT module to your project in CS+  
In CS+, please manually add the FIT module to your project. Refer to “Adding Firmware Integration Technology Modules to CS+ Projects (R01AN1826)” for details.

---

## 2.14 “for”, “while” and “do while” statements

---

In this module, “for”, “while” and “do while” statements (loop processing) are used in processing to wait for register to be reflected and so on. For these loop processing, comments with “WAIT\_LOOP” as a keyword are described. Therefore, if user incorporates fail-safe processing into loop processing, user can search the corresponding processing with “WAIT\_LOOP”.

The following shows example of description.

while statement example :

```
/* WAIT_LOOP */
while(0 == SYSTEM.OSCOVFSR.BIT.PLOVF)
{
    /* The delay period needed is to make sure that the PLL has stabilized. */
}
```

for statement example :

```
/* Initialize reference counters to 0. */
/* WAIT_LOOP */
for (i = 0; i < BSP_REG_PROTECT_TOTAL_ITEMS; i++)
{
    g_protect_counters[i] = 0;
}
```

do while statement example :

```
/* Reset completion waiting */
do
{
    reg = phy_read(ether_channel, PHY_REG_CONTROL);
    count++;
} while ((reg & PHY_CONTROL_RESET) && (count < ETHER_CFG_PHY_DELAY_RESET)); /* WAIT_LOOP */
```

### 3. API Functions

#### R\_CMT\_CreatePeriodic()

This function finds an unused CMT channel, configures it for the requested frequency, associates a user callback function with the timer's interrupt, and powers up and starts the timer.

#### Format

```
bool R_CMT_CreatePeriodic (
    uint32_t          frequency_hz
    void (* callback) (void *pdata),
    uint32_t          *channel
)
```

#### Parameters

*uint32\_t frequency\_hz*

Desired frequency in Hz (1 ~PCLK/8 Hz) <sup>note 1</sup>. The range and resolution of the timer is determined by settings of the peripheral clock. The best pre-scaler for the CMT channel is chosen by the driver.

*callback*

Pointer to the user's callback function. It should receive a single void \* argument.

*uint32\_t \*channel*

The CMT FIT module finds the first CMT channel that is not in use and assigns it to the caller. This allows multiple drivers to use the CMT driver without having to pre-assign all timer channels. This argument provides a way for the driver to indicate back to the caller which channel has been assigned.

#### Return Values

```
[true]          /* Successful; CMT initialized          */
[false]         /* No free CMT channels available, or invalid settings */
```

#### Properties

Prototyped in file "r\_cmt\_rx\_if.h"

#### Description

The R\_CMT\_CreatePeriodic function finds an unused CMT channel, assigns it to the caller, and registers a user callback function to be called upon compare match events. The CMT is configured to generate compare matches at the frequency specified in the call.

#### Example

This example sets up 10 Hz (100 ms) compare match operation with callback.

The example shows a user provided callback function cb that will be called to notify the user each time compare match event occurs.

```
uint32_t ch;
bool ret;

ret = R_CMT_CreatePeriodic(10, &cb, &ch);

if (true != ret)
{
```

```
    /* Handle the error */  
}
```

**Special Notes:**

## 1. Maximum periodic frequency

In hardware, the CMT timer maximum clocking speed is limited to PCLK/8. However, when using the periodic timer function to generate a clock, be aware that interrupt and callback processing takes some time. As requested frequency rises, interrupt and callback processing will take an increasing percentage of the processor's time. At some point, too much time is consumed to leave any time for other useful work. So this will limit the maximum frequency that can be generated. The maximum practical frequency will depend on your system design, but in general, frequencies up to a few kilohertz are reasonable.

## R\_CMT\_CreatePeriodicAssignChannelPriority()

This function configures desired CMT channel for the requested frequency and desired interrupt priority level, associates a user callback function with the timer's interrupt, powers up and starts the timer.

### Format

```
bool R_CMT_CreatePeriodicAssignChannelPriority (
    uint32_t          frequency_hz
    void (* callback) (void *pdata),
    uint32_t          channel,
    cmt_priority_t    priority
)
```

### Parameters

*uint32\_t frequency\_hz*

Desired frequency in Hz (1 ~PCLK/8 Hz) <sup>note 1</sup>. The range and resolution of the timer is determined by settings of the peripheral clock. The best pre-scaler for the CMT channel is chosen by the driver.

*callback*

Pointer to the user's callback function. It should receive a single void \* argument.

*uint32\_t channel*

Desired CMT channel that is used to configure.

*cmt\_priority\_t priority*

Desired priority level of timer's interrupt:

*CMT\_PRIORITY\_0: Interrupt is disabled*

*CMT\_PRIORITY\_1: Lowest interrupt priority*

*CMT\_PRIORITY\_2*

*CMT\_PRIORITY\_3*

*CMT\_PRIORITY\_4*

*CMT\_PRIORITY\_5*

*CMT\_PRIORITY\_6*

*CMT\_PRIORITY\_7*

*CMT\_PRIORITY\_8*

*CMT\_PRIORITY\_9*

*CMT\_PRIORITY\_10*

*CMT\_PRIORITY\_11*

*CMT\_PRIORITY\_12*

*CMT\_PRIORITY\_13*

*CMT\_PRIORITY\_14*

*CMT\_PRIORITY\_15: Highest interrupt priority*

### Return Values

```
[true]          /* Successful; CMT initialized          */
[false]         /* No free CMT channels available, or invalid settings Note 2 */
```

### Properties

Prototyped in file "r\_cmt\_rx\_if.h"

## Description

The R\_CMT\_CreatePeriodicAssignChannelPriority assigns desired CMT channel to the caller with desired interrupt priority level and registers a user callback function to be called upon compare match events. The CMT is configured to generate compare matches at the frequency specified in the call.

## Example

This example sets up 10 Hz (100 ms) compare match operation with CMT channel 0, interrupt priority level 7 and callback.

The example shows a user provided callback function cb that will be called to notify the user each time compare match event occurs.

```
uint32_t   ch = 0;
bool       ret;
cmt_priority_t priority = CMT_PRIORITY_7;

ret = R_CMT_CreatePeriodicAssignChannelPriority(10, &cb, ch, priority);

if (true != ret)
{
    /* Handle the error */
}
```

## Special Notes:

1. Maximum periodic frequency

In hardware, the CMT timer maximum clocking speed is limited to PCLK/8. However, when using the periodic timer function to generate a clock, be aware that interrupt and callback processing takes some time. As requested frequency rises, interrupt and callback processing will take an increasing percentage of the processor's time. At some point, too much time is consumed to leave any time for other useful work. So this will limit the maximum frequency that can be generated. The maximum practical frequency will depend on your system design, but in general, frequencies up to a few kilohertz are reasonable.

2. Invalid settings

The function will return false if one of the following invalid settings occurs: invalid channel, invalid priority, channel was in used, or frequency could not be used.



## R\_CMT\_CreateOneShot()

This function finds an unused CMT channel, configures it for the requested period, associates a user callback function with the timer's interrupt, and powers up and starts the timer.

### Format

```
bool R_CMT_CreateOneShot (
    uint32_t          period_us,
    void (* callback)(void *pdata),
    uint32_t          *channel
)
```

### Parameters

*uint32\_t period\_us*

Desired period in microseconds (1 ~ 1,000,000us). The range and resolution of the timer is determined by settings of the peripheral clock. The best pre-scaler for the CMT channel is chosen by the driver.

*callback*

Pointer to the user's callback function. It should data a single void \* argument.

*uint32\_t channel*

The CMT FIT module finds the first CMT channel that is not in use and assigns it to the caller. This allows multiple drivers to use the CMT driver without having to pre-assign all timer channels. This argument provides a way for the driver to indicate back to the caller which channel has been assigned.

### Return Values

```
[true] /* Successful; CMT initialized */
[false] /* No free CMT channels available, or invalid settings */
```

### Properties

Prototyped in file "r\_cmt\_rx\_if.h"

### Description

The R\_CMT\_CreateOneShot function finds an unused CMT channel, assigns it to the caller, and registers a user callback function to be called upon the compare match event. The CMT is configured to generate a compare match after the period specified in the call. The timer is shut down after a single compare match event.

### Example

This example sets up 100 ms compare match operation with callback.

```
uint32_t ch;
bool ret;

ret = R_CMT_CreateOneShot(100000, &cb, &ch);
if (true != ret)
{
    /* Handle the error */
}
```

### Special Notes:

None.

## R\_CMT\_CreateOneShotAssignChannelPriority()

This function configures the desired CMT channel for the requested period with desired interrupt priority level, associates a user callback function with the timer's interrupt, powers up and starts the timer.

### Format

```
bool R_CMT_CreateOneShotAssignChannelPriority (
    uint32_t          period_us,
    void (* callback)(void *pdata),
    uint32_t          channel,
    cmt_priority_t    priority
)
```

### Parameters

*uint32\_t period\_us*

Desired period in microseconds (1 ~ 1,000,000us). The range and resolution of the timer is determined by settings of the peripheral clock. The best pre-scaler for the CMT channel is chosen by the driver.

*callback*

Pointer to the user's callback function. It should data a single void \* argument.

*uint32\_t channel*

Desired CMT channel that is used to configure.

*cmt\_priority\_t priority*

Desired priority level of timer's interrupt:

*CMT\_PRIORITY\_0: Interrupt is disabled*

*CMT\_PRIORITY\_1: Lowest interrupt priority*

*CMT\_PRIORITY\_2*

*CMT\_PRIORITY\_3*

*CMT\_PRIORITY\_4*

*CMT\_PRIORITY\_5*

*CMT\_PRIORITY\_6*

*CMT\_PRIORITY\_7*

*CMT\_PRIORITY\_8*

*CMT\_PRIORITY\_9*

*CMT\_PRIORITY\_10*

*CMT\_PRIORITY\_11*

*CMT\_PRIORITY\_12*

*CMT\_PRIORITY\_13*

*CMT\_PRIORITY\_14*

*CMT\_PRIORITY\_15: Highest interrupt priority*

### Return Values

```
[true]      /* Successful; CMT initialized          */
[false]     /* No free CMT channels available, or invalid settings Note 1 */
```

### Properties

Prototyped in file "r\_cmt\_rx\_if.h"

**Description**

The R\_CMT\_CreateOneShotAssignChannelPriority assigns the desired CMT channel to the caller with desired interrupt priority level, and registers a user callback function to be called upon the compare match event. The CMT is configured to generate a compare match after the period specified in the call. The timer is shut down after a single compare match event.

**Example**

This example sets up 100 ms compare match operation with with CMT channel 0, interrupt priority level 7 & callback.

```
uint32_t    ch = 0;
bool        ret;
cmt_priority_t priority = CMT_PRIORITY_7;

ret = R_CMT_CreateOneShotAssignChannelPriority(100000, &cb, ch, priority);

if (true != ret)
{
    /* Handle the error */
}
```

**Special Notes:**

## 1. Invalid settings

The function will return false if one of the following invalid settings occurs: invalid channel, invalid priority, channel was in used, or frequency could not be used.

---

## R\_CMT\_Stop()

---

Stops a CMT channel and powers down the CMT unit if possible.

### Format

```
bool    R_CMT_Stop (
        uint32_t      channel
)
```

### Parameters

*uint32\_t channel*  
The CMT timer channel to stop

### Return Values

*[true]*            /\* Successful; CMT closed       \*/  
*[false]*           /\* Invalid settings                \*/

### Properties

Prototyped in file "r\_cmt\_rx\_if.h".

### Description

This function frees the CMT channel by clearing its assignment and disabling the associated interrupt. The CMT channel cannot be used again until it has been reopened with either the R\_CMT\_CreatePeriodic or the R\_CMT\_CreateOneShot function.

If the CMT channel is already used as RTOS system timer, a call to this function with this CMT channel as channel, will result in FALSE being returned.

### Example

This example stops CMT timer channel.

```
uint32_t  ch;
bool      ret;

/* Open and start the timer */
ret = R_CMT_CreatePeriodic(10, &cb, &ch);

/* Stop the timer */
ret = R_CMT_Stop(ch);

if (true != ret)
{
    /* Handle the error */
}
```

### Special Notes:

None.

## R\_CMT\_Control()

This function provides various ways to control and monitor a CMT channel.

### Format

```
bool R_CMT_Control (
    uint32_t channel,
    cmt_commands_t command,
    void *pdata
)
```

### Parameters

*uint32\_t channel*

CMT channel number to control.

*cmt\_commands\_t command*

Command to execute:

```
CMT_RX_CMD_IS_CHANNEL_COUNTING
CMT_RX_CMD_PAUSE
CMT_RX_CMD_RESUME
CMT_RX_CMD_RESTART
CMT_RX_CMD_GET_NUM_CHANNELS
CMT_RX_CMD_SET_PRIORITY
CMT_RX_CMD_GET_PRIORITY
```

### Return Values

```
[true] /* The command completed properly. Check pdata */
[false] /* The command did not complete properly */
```

### Properties

Prototyped in file "r\_cmt\_rx\_if.h".

### Description

This function provides a number of commands:

*CMT\_RX\_CMD\_IS\_CHANNEL\_COUNTING* tells if a CMT channel is currently running. Check \*pdata.  
*CMT\_RX\_CMD\_PAUSE* pauses a timer without closing it (without powering it off).  
*CMT\_RX\_CMD\_RESUME* restarts a paused timer without resetting the counter to zero  
*CMT\_RX\_CMD\_RESTART* restarts a paused timer after resetting the counter to zero  
*CMT\_RX\_CMD\_GET\_NUM\_CHANNELS* returns the total number of channels available  
*CMT\_RX\_CMD\_SET\_PRIORITY* sets the interrupt priority of the CMT channel.  
*CMT\_RX\_CMD\_GET\_PRIORITY* gets the interrupt priority of the CMT channel.

If the CMT channel is already used as RTOS system timer, a call to this function with this CMT channel as channel, and any of *CMT\_RX\_CMD\_IS\_CHANNEL\_COUNTING*, *CMT\_RX\_CMD\_PAUSE*, *CMT\_RX\_CMD\_RESUME*, *CMT\_RX\_CMD\_RESTART* as command, will result in FALSE being returned.

### Example 1

This example pauses a timer and restarts a paused timer.

```
uint32_t  ch;
bool      ret;

/* Open and Start the timer */
ret = R_CMT_CreatePeriodic(10, &cb, &ch);

if (true != ret)
{
    /* Handle the error */
}

/* Pause the timer */
ret = R_CMT_Control(ch, CMT_RX_CMD_PAUSE, NULL);

if (true != ret)
{
    /* Handle the error */
}

/* Restart the timer after resetting the counter to zero */
ret = R_CMT_Control(ch_info, CMT_RX_CMD_RESTART, NULL);

if (true != ret)
{
    /* Handle the error */
}
```

## Example 2

This example checks state of channel and get total number of channels available.

```
uint32_t  ch;
uint32_t  ch_num;
bool      ret;
bool      data;

/* Open and Start the timer */
ret = R_CMT_CreatePeriodic(10, &cb, &ch);

if (true != ret)
{
    /* Handle the error */
}

/* Check state of channel */
ret = R_CMT_Control(ch, CMT_RX_CMD_IS_CHANNEL_COUNTING, (void*)&data);

if (true != ret)
{
    /* Handle the error */
}

/* Get available of channel */
ret = R_CMT_Control(ch, CMT_RX_CMD_GET_NUM_CHANNELS, (void*)&ch_num);

if (true != ret)
{
    /* Handle the error */
}
```

## Special Notes:

None.

---

## R\_CMT\_GetVersion()

---

This function returns the driver version number at runtime.

### Format

uint32\_t R\_CMT\_GetVersion (void)

### Parameters

*None.*

### Return Values

*Version number with major and minor version digits packed into a single 32-bit value.*

### Properties

Prototyped in file "r\_cmt\_rx\_if.h"

### Description

The function returns the version of this module. The version number is encoded such that the top 2 bytes are the major version number and the bottom 2 bytes are the minor version number.

### Example

Example showing this function being used.

```
/* Retrieve the version number and convert it to a string. */  
  
uint32_t    version, version_high, version_low;  
char       version_str[9];  
  
version = R_CMT_GetVersion();  
  
version_high = (version >> 16)&0xf;  
version_low  =  version & 0xff;  
  
sprintf(version_str, "CMT v%1.1hu.%2.2hu", version_high, version_low);
```

### Special Notes:

*None.*

#### 4. Pin Setting

CMT FIT module don't use pin setting.



---

## 5. Demo Projects

Demo projects include function main() that utilizes the FIT module and its dependent modules (e.g. r\_bsp). This FIT module includes the following demo projects.

---

### 5.1 cmt\_demo\_rskrx113, cmt\_demo\_rskrx113\_gcc

The cmt\_demo\_rskrx113, cmt\_demo\_rskrx113\_gcc program demonstrates how to create a timer tick using a CMT channel, how to set up a callback function to handle CMT interrupts and how to de-reference the channel information in the callback argument. As the program runs, the CMT callback function toggles LED0 at a 2 Hz rate.

---

### 5.2 cmt\_demo\_rskrx231, cmt\_demo\_rskrx231\_gcc

The cmt\_demo\_rskrx231 program is identical to cmt\_demo\_rskrx113.

The cmt\_demo\_rskrx231\_gcc program is identical to cmt\_demo\_rskrx113\_gcc.

---

### 5.3 cmt\_demo\_rskrx64m, cmt\_demo\_rskrx64m\_gcc

The cmt\_demo\_rskrx64m program is identical to cmt\_demo\_rskrx113.

The cmt\_demo\_rskrx64m\_gcc program is identical to cmt\_demo\_rskrx113\_gcc.

---

### 5.4 cmt\_demo\_rskrx71m, cmt\_demo\_rskrx71m\_gcc

The cmt\_demo\_rskrx71m program is identical to cmt\_demo\_rskrx113.

The cmt\_demo\_rskrx71m\_gcc program is identical to cmt\_demo\_rskrx113\_gcc.

---

### 5.5 cmt\_demo\_rskrx65n, cmt\_demo\_rskrx65n\_gcc

The cmt\_demo\_rskrx65n, cmt\_demo\_rskrx65n\_gcc program demonstrates how to create a timer tick using a CMT channel, how to set up a callback function to handle CMT interrupts and how to de-reference the channel information in the callback argument. As the program runs, the CMT callback function toggles LED0 and LED1 at a 2 Hz rate.

---

### 5.6 cmt\_demo\_rskrx65n\_2m, cmt\_demo\_rskrx65n\_2m\_gcc

The cmt\_demo\_rskrx65n\_2m program is identical to cmt\_demo\_rskrx65n.

The cmt\_demo\_rskrx65n\_2m\_gcc program is identical to cmt\_demo\_rskrx65n\_gcc.

---

### 5.7 cmt\_demo\_rskrx72m, cmt\_demo\_rskrx72m\_gcc

The cmt\_demo\_rskrx72m program is identical to cmt\_demo\_rskrx65n\_2m.

The cmt\_demo\_rskrx72m\_gcc program is identical to cmt\_demo\_rskrx65n\_2m\_gcc.

---

### 5.8 cmt\_demo\_rskrx671, cmt\_demo\_rskrx671\_gcc

The cmt\_demo\_rskrx671 program is identical to cmt\_demo\_rskrx72m.

The cmt\_demo\_rskrx671\_gcc program is identical to cmt\_demo\_rskrx72m\_gcc.

## 5.9 Adding a Demo to a Workspace

---

Demo projects are found in the FITDemos subdirectory of the distribution file for this application note. To add a demo project to a workspace, select *File >> Import >> General >> Existing Projects into Workspace*, then click "Next". From the Import Projects dialog, choose the "Select archive file" radio button. "Browse" to the FITDemos subdirectory, select the desired demo zip file, then click "Finish".

## 5.10 Downloading Demo Projects

---

Demo projects are not included in the RX Driver Package. When using the demo project, the FIT module needs to be downloaded. To download the FIT module, right click on this application note and select "Sample Code (download)" from the context menu in the *Smart Browser >> Application Notes* tab.

## 6. Appendices

### 6.1 Confirmed Operation Environment

This section describes confirmed operation environment for the CMT FIT module.

**Table 6.1 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.5.40)**

Item	Contents
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e <sup>2</sup> studio Version 2022-10 IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.20.3
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.04.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -lang = c99
	GCC for Renesas RX 8.03.00.202202 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -std=gnu99 Linker option: The following user defined option should be added to the default settings of the integrated development environment, if "Optimize size (-Os)" is used: -Wl,--no-gc-sections This is to work around a GCC linker issue whereby the linker erroneously discard interrupt functions declared in FIT peripheral module
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.20.3 Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development environment.
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.5.40
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX65N-2MB (product No.: RTK50565N2CxxxxBE)

**Table 6.2 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.5.30)**

Item	Contents
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e <sup>2</sup> studio Version 2022-07 IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.20.3
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.04.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -lang = c99
	GCC for Renesas RX 8.3.0.202104 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -std=gnu99 Linker option: The following user defined option should be added to the default settings of the integrated development environment, if "Optimize size (-Os)" is used: -Wl,--no-gc-sections This is to work around a GCC linker issue whereby the linker erroneously discard interrupt functions declared in FIT peripheral module
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.20.3 Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development environment.
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.5.30
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit for RX64M (product No.: R0K50564MxxxxBE) Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX65N (product No.: RTK5005651CxxxxBE) Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX65N-2MB (product No.: RTK50565N2CxxxxBR)

Renesas Starter Kit for RX71M (product No.: R0K50571MCxxxBE)  
 Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX72M (product No.: RTK5572MNDCxxxxxBJ)  
 Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX671 (product No.: RTK55671xxxxxxx)  
 Renesas Starter Kit for RX113 (product No.: R0K505113CxxxBE)  
 Renesas Starter Kit for RX231 (product No.: R0K505231SxxxBE)

**Table 6.3 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.5.20)**

Item	Contents
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e <sup>2</sup> studio Version 2022-04 IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.20.3
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.04.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -lang = c99
	GCC for Renesas RX 8.3.0.202104 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -std=gnu99 Linker option: The following user defined option should be added to the default settings of the integrated development environment, if "Optimize size (-Os)" is used: -Wl,--no-gc-sections This is to work around a GCC linker issue whereby the linker erroneously discard interrupt functions declared in FIT peripheral module
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.20.3 Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development environment.
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.5.20
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit for RX660 (product No.: RTK556609HCxxxxxBJ)

**Table 6.4 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.5.10)**

Item	Contents
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e <sup>2</sup> studio Version 2021-10 IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.20.3
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.04.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -lang = c99
	GCC for Renesas RX 8.3.0.202104 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -std=gnu99 Linker option: The following user defined option should be added to the default settings of the integrated development environment, if "Optimize size (-Os)" is used: -Wl,--no-gc-sections This is to work around a GCC linker issue whereby the linker erroneously discard interrupt functions declared in FIT peripheral module
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.20.3 Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development environment.
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.5.10
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit for RX66T (product No.: RTK50566T0SxxxxxBE)

**Table 6.5 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.5.00)**

Item	Contents
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e <sup>2</sup> studio Version 2021-07 IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.20.3
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.03.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -lang = c99
	GCC for Renesas RX 8.3.0.202004 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -std=gnu99 Linker option: The following user defined option should be added to the default settings of the integrated development environment, if "Optimize size (-Os)" is used: -Wl,--no-gc-sections This is to work around a GCC linker issue whereby the linker erroneously discard interrupt functions declared in FIT peripheral module
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.20.3 Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development environment.
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.5.00
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX671 (product No.: RTK55671xxxxxxxxx)

**Table 6.6 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.4.90)**

Item	Contents
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e <sup>2</sup> studio Version 2021-07 IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.20.3
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.03.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -lang = c99
	GCC for Renesas RX 8.3.0.202004 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -std=gnu99 Linker option: The following user defined option should be added to the default settings of the integrated development environment, if "Optimize size (-Os)" is used: -Wl,--no-gc-sections This is to work around a GCC linker issue whereby the linker erroneously discard interrupt functions declared in FIT peripheral module
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.20.3 Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development environment.
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.4.90
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX140 (product No.: RTK5RX140xxxxxxxxx)

**Table 6.7 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.4.80)**

Item	Contents
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e <sup>2</sup> studio Version 2021-07 IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.20.3
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.03.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -lang = c99
	GCC for Renesas RX 8.3.0.202004 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -std=gnu99 Linker option: The following user defined option should be added to the default settings of the integrated development environment, if "Optimize size (-Os)" is used: -Wl,--no-gc-sections This is to work around a GCC linker issue whereby the linker erroneously discard interrupt functions declared in FIT peripheral module
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.20.3 Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development environment.
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.4.80
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX671 (product No.: RTK55671xxxxxxxxxx)

**Table 6.8 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.4.70)**

Item	Contents
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e <sup>2</sup> studio Version 7.8.0
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.02.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -lang = c99
	GCC for Renesas RX 8.3.0.201904 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -std=gnu99 Linker option: The following user defined option should be added to the default settings of the integrated development environment, if "Optimize size (-Os)" is used: -Wl,--no-gc-sections This is to work around a GCC linker issue whereby the linker erroneously discard interrupt functions declared in FIT peripheral module
Endian	Little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.4.70
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX72M (product No.: RTK5572Mxxxxxxxxxx)

**Table 6.9 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.4.60)**

Item	Contents
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e <sup>2</sup> studio Version 7.8.0
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.02.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -lang = c99
	GCC for Renesas RX 8.3.0.201904 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -std=gnu99 Linker option: The following user defined option should be added to the default settings of the integrated development environment, if "Optimize size (-Os)" is used: -Wl,--no-gc-sections This is to work around a GCC linker issue whereby the linker erroneously discard interrupt functions declared in FIT peripheral module
Endian	Little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.4.60
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX72M (product No.: RTK5572Mxxxxxxxxxx)

**Table 6.10 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.4.50)**

Item	Contents
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e <sup>2</sup> studio Version 7.8.0 IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.12.1
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.02.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -lang = c99
	GCC for Renesas RX 8.3.0.201904 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -std=gnu99 Linker option: The following user defined option should be added to the default settings of the integrated development environment, if "Optimize size (-Os)" is used: -Wl,--no-gc-sections This is to work around a GCC linker issue whereby the linker erroneously discard interrupt functions declared in FIT peripheral module
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.12.1 Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development environment.
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.4.50
Board used	Renesas Solution Starter Kit for RX23W (product No.: RTK5523Wxxxxxxxxxx)

**Table 6.11 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.4.40)**

<b>Item</b>	<b>Contents</b>
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e <sup>2</sup> studio Version 7.7.0 IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.12.1
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.02.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -lang = c99
	GCC for Renesas RX 8.3.0.201904 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -std=gnu99 Linker option: The following user defined option should be added to the default settings of the integrated development environment, if "Optimize size (-Os)" is used: -Wl,--no-gc-sections This is to work around a GCC linker issue whereby the linker erroneously discard interrupt functions declared in FIT peripheral module
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.12.1 Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development environment.
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.4.40
Board used	Renesas Solution Starter Kit+ for RX23E-A (product No.: RTK0ESXBxxxxxxxxxx)



**Table 6.12 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.4.31)**

Item	Contents
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e <sup>2</sup> studio Version 7.7.0 IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.12.1
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.01.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -lang = c99
	GCC for Renesas RX 4.8.4.201902 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -std=gnu99 Linker option: The following user defined option should be added to the default settings of the integrated development environment, if "Optimize size (-Os)" is used: -Wl,--no-gc-sections This is to work around a GCC linker issue whereby the linker erroneously discard interrupt functions declared in FIT peripheral module
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.12.1 Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development environment.
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.4.31
Board used	RX13T CPU Card (product No.: RTK0EMXA10C00000BJ) RX72N (product No.: RTK5572Nxxxxxxxxxx)

**Table 6.13 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.4.30)**

Item	Contents
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e <sup>2</sup> studio Version 7.7.0 IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.12.1
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.01.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -lang = c99
	GCC for Renesas RX 4.8.4.201902 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -std=gnu99 Linker option: The following user defined option should be added to the default settings of the integrated development environment, if "Optimize size (-Os)" is used: -Wl,--no-gc-sections This is to work around a GCC linker issue whereby the linker erroneously discard interrupt functions declared in FIT peripheral module
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.12.1 Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development environment.
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.4.30
Board used	RX13T CPU Card (product No.: RTK0EMXA10C00000BJ) RX72N (product No.: RTK5572Nxxxxxxxxxx)

**Table 6.14 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.4.20)**

Item	Contents
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e <sup>2</sup> studio Version 7.5.0 IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.12.1
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.01.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -lang = c99
	GCC for Renesas RX 4.8.4.201902 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -std=gnu99 Linker option: The following user defined option should be added to the default settings of the integrated development environment, if "Optimize size (-Os)" is used: -Wl,--no-gc-sections This is to work around a GCC linker issue whereby the linker erroneously discard interrupt functions declared in FIT peripheral module
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.12.1 Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development environment.
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.4.20
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX72M (product No.: RTK5572Mxxxxxxxxxx)

**Table 6.15 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.4.10)**

Item	Contents
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e <sup>2</sup> studio Version 7.5.0
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.01.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -lang = c99
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.4.10
Board used	Renesas Solution Starter Kit for RX23W (product No.: RTK5523Wxxxxxxxxxx)

**Table 6.16 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.4.00)**

Item	Contents
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e <sup>2</sup> studio Version 7.4.0 IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.10.1
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.01.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -lang = c99
	GCC for Renesas RX 4.8.4.201803 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -std=gnu99 Linker option: The following user defined option should be added to the default settings of the integrated development environment, if "Optimize size (-Os)" is used: -Wl,--no-gc-sections This is to work around a GCC linker issue whereby the linker erroneously discard interrupt functions declared in FIT peripheral module
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.10.1 Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development environment.
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.4.00
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX65N-2MB (product No.: RTK50565Nxxxxxxxx)

**Table 6.17 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.3.40)**

Item	Contents
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e <sup>2</sup> studio Version 7.3.0
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.01.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -lang = c99
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.3.40
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit for RX72T (product No.: RTK5572Txxxxxxxx)

**Table 6.18 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.3.31)**

Item	Contents
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e <sup>2</sup> studio Version 7.3.0
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.01.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -lang = c99
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.3.31
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit for RX66T (product No.: RTK50566T0SxxxxxBE) Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX65N-2M (product No.: RTK50565N2CxxxxxBR) Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX130-512KB (product No.: RTK5051308CxxxxxBR)

**Table 6.19 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.3.30)**

Item	Contents
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e <sup>2</sup> studio Version 7.0.0
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.00.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -lang = c99
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.3.30
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit for RX66T (product No.: RTK50566T0SxxxxxBE) Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX65N-2M (product No.: RTK50565N2CxxxxxBR) Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX130-512KB (product No.: RTK5051308CxxxxxBR)

**Table 6.20 Operation Confirmation Environment (Rev.3.21)**

Item	Contents
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e <sup>2</sup> studio Version 6.0.0
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V2.07.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -lang = c99
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.3.21
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX65N-2M (product No.: RTK50565N2CxxxxxBR) Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX130-512KB (product No.: RTK5051308CxxxxxBR)

**Table 6.21 Operation Confirmation Environment (Rev.3.20)**

<b>Item</b>	<b>Contents</b>
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e <sup>2</sup> studio Version 6.0.0
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V2.07.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -lang = c99
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.3.20
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX65N-2M (product No.: RTK50565N2CxxxxxBR) Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX130-512KB (product No.: RTK5051308CxxxxxBR)

## 6.2 Troubleshooting

(1) Q: I have added the FIT module to the project and built it. Then I got the error: Could not open source file "platform.h".

A: The FIT module may not be added to the project properly. Check if the method for adding FIT modules is correct with the following documents:

- Using CS+:

Application note "Adding Firmware Integration Technology Modules to CS+ Projects (R01AN1826)"

- Using e<sup>2</sup> studio:

Application note "Adding Firmware Integration Technology Modules to Projects (R01AN1723)"

When using this FIT module, the board support package FIT module (BSP module) must also be added to the project. Refer to the application note "Board Support Package Module Using Firmware Integration Technology (R01AN1685)".

(2) Q: I have added the FIT module to the project and built it. Then I got the error: This MCU is not supported by the current r\_cmt\_rx module.

A: The FIT module you added may not support the target device chosen in your project. Check the supported devices of added FIT modules.

(3) Q: I have added the FIT module to the project and built it. Then I got an error for when the configuration setting is wrong.

A: The setting in the file "r\_cmt\_rx\_config.h" may be wrong. Check the file "r\_cmt\_rx\_config.h". If there is a wrong setting, set the correct value for that. Refer to 2.7, Configuration Overview for details.

## 7. Reference Documents

### User's Manual: Hardware

The latest version can be downloaded from the Renesas Electronics website.

### Technical Update/Technical News

The latest information can be downloaded from the Renesas Electronics website.

### User's Manual: Development Tools

#### RX Family Compiler CC-RX User's Manual (R20UT3248)

The latest versions can be downloaded from the Renesas Electronics website.

## Related Technical Updates

This module reflects the content of the following technical updates.

None

## Revision History

Rev.	Date	Description	
		Page	Summary
2.00	Nov 6, 2013	—	First GSCE Release
2.10	Nov 15, 2013	—	Formula for CMCOR value corrected.
2.30	Apr 12, 2014	1, 2, 7	Updated to indicate support for additional MCUs Added section 1.2 on callback functions Added notes on maximum periodic frequency
2.40	Nov 14, 2014	—	Added support for the RX113 Group.
2.41	Dec 4, 2014	5	Added Code Size section.
2.50	Mar 10, 2015	—	Added support for the RX71M Group.
2.51	Mar 10, 2015	3	Fixed a bug in cmt_isr_common which passed the CMT chnl number instead of a pointer to the CMT chnl number to the callback function. Updated section 1.2.2 regarding pointer cast as uint32_t.
2.60	June 30, 2015	—	Added support for the RX231 Group.
2.70	Sep 30, 2015	— 5	Added support for the RX23T Group. Updated the ROM size for 4 channels in 2.9 Code Size.
2.80	Oct 1, 2015	— 5	Added support for the RX130 Group. Updated the ROM size for 2 channels in 2.9 Code Size.
2.90	Dec 1, 2015	— 1, 5  4 5  11  12	Added support for the RX230 and the RX24T Groups. Changed the document number for the “Board Support Package Firmware Integration Technology Module” application note. Changed the description in section 2. Updated the Code Size table for the RX230 and the RX24T Groups. Changed description for “false” in Return Values. In Description, deleted the description regarding a call for a CMT channel not in operation. Added “4. Demo Projects”.
2.91	June 15, 2016	12 13	Added RSKRX64M to “4. Demo Projects”. Added “Related Technical Updates”.
3.00	Oct 1, 2016	— 5  7, 9, 10, 11,12	Added support for the RX65N Group Changed the tabular format of Code Size. Updated the Code Size table for the RX65N Group. Added a description of API function sample code.
3.10	Feb 28, 2017	—  — 4 Program	Added support for the RX24T (including ROM 512 KB version) and RX24U Groups. Corrected some descriptions. Added RXC v2.06.00 to “2.5 Supported Toolchains”. Modified the timing to stop the timer to fix the following issue: The compare match counter is operating alone even if the CMT is stopped if an interrupt occurs at an unexpected timing during one-shot timer operation Modified the register setting sequence when stopping the timer with the R_CMT_Stop function. Modified the register setting sequence when disabling an interrupt with the R_CMT_Stop function. Fixed the following issue:



			When all channels are used, an error occurs if attempting to respecify the one-shot timer in the callback function for the one-shot timer.
3.20	July 21, 2017	— 4 5 7	Added support for the RX130-512KB and RX65N-2MB. Added RXC v2.07.00 to “2.5 Supported Toolchains”. Added “2.6 Interrupt Vector”. Updated “2.13 Adding the FIT Module to Your Project”.
3.21	Oct 31, 2017	15 16	Added RSKRX65N, RSKRX65N-2M to “4. Demo Projects”. Added 4.8 Downloading Demo Projects Added 5. Appendices
3.30	Sep 28, 2018	1, 3 1, 4 5 12 13 18	Added support for RTOS. Added support for RX66T Added code size corresponding to RX66T R_CMT_Stop(): Modified Description R_CMT_Control(): Modified Description 6.1 Confirmed Operation Environment: Added table for Rev.3.30
3.31	Nov 16, 2018	— 18	Added document number in XML Changed Renesas Starter Kit Product No for RX66T. Added table for Rev.3.31
3.40	Feb 01, 2019	Program 1, 4 5 9-16 18	Added support for RX72T. Added support for RX72T. Added code size corresponding to RX72T Removed ‘Reentrant’ description in each API function. 6.1 Confirmed Operation Environment: Added Table for Rev 3.40
3.50	May 01, 2019	3,4,5, 11, 12,14,15, 18	Added new API: R_CMT_CreatePeriodicAssignChannelPriority(); R_CMT_CreateOneShotAssignChannelPriority() R_CMT_Control(): Added new commands to get/set interrupt priority of CMT channel
4.00	May.20.19	— 1 7 6 22 26 Program	Supported the following compilers: - GCC for Renesas RX - IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX Deleted the RX210, RX631, and RX63N in Target Devices for end of update these devices. Added the section of Target compilers. Deleted related documents. Updated the section of 2.8 Code Size 2.3 Software Requirements Requires r_bsp v5.20 or higher 2.4 Interrupt Vector: Deleted the description of RX210, RX631, RX63N Table 6.1 Confirmed Operation Environment: Added table for Rev.4.00 Deleted the section of Website and Support. Changed bellow for support GCC and IAR compiler: 1. Deleted the inline expansion of the R_CMT_GetVersion function. 2. Replaced evenaccess with the macro definition of BSP. 3. Replaced the declaration of interrupt functions with the macro definition of BSP.
4.10	Jun.28.19	1, 7 8	Added support for RX23W. Added code size corresponding to RX23W

		23	6.1 Confirmed Operation Environment: Added Table for Rev.4.10
		Program	Added support for RX23W.
4.20	Aug.15.19	1, 7	Added support for RX72M
		8	Added code size corresponding to RX72M
		23	6.1 Confirmed Operation Environment: Added Table for Rev.4.20
			Table 6.2: Corrected board name for RX23W
		Program	Added support for RX72M.
4.30	Nov.25.19	1,7	Added support for RX13T, RX66N, RX72N
		6	2.3 Limitations Added limitations.
		9	Added code size corresponding to RX13T, RX66N, RX72N
		24	6.1 Confirmed Operation Environment: Added Table for Rev.4.30
		Program	Added support for RX13T, RX66N, RX72N. Changed the comment of API functions to the doxygen style. Added support for ulTRON.
4.31	Nov.29.19	Program	Fixed issues in power_on() and power_off()
4.40	Mar.31.20	1,7	Added support for RX23E-A
		9	Added code size corresponding to RX23E-A
		23	Updated and added new demo project
		24	6.1 Confirmed Operation Environment: Added Table for Rev.4.40
		Program	Added support for RX23E-A Updated and added new demo project
4.50	May.29.20	1	Added protection for Channel 2 and 3 in RX23W as they are reserved for BLE FIT module
		6	Added 2.3.2 Channel 2 and 3 are protected in RX23W
		24	6.1 Confirmed Operation Environment: Added Table for Rev.4.50
		Program	Added protection for Channel 2 and 3 in RX23W as they are reserved for BLE FIT module
4.60	Jun.30.20	23	Added RSKRX72M to "5. Demo Projects".
		25	6.1 Confirmed Operation Environment: Added Table for Rev.4.60
		Program	Updated and added new demo project
4.70	Aug.31.20	1	Updated description of the "Introduction"
		12,13	Added range value for argument "frequency_hz"
		15,16	Added range value for argument "period_us"
		25	6.1 Confirmed Operation Environment: Added Table for Rev.4.70
		Program	Added condition in r_cmt_rx_config.h corresponding to _RI_TRACE_TIMER macro Fixed warning when using RI600V4 with device has 2 CMT channels
4.80	Mar.31.21	1	Added support for RX671.
		5	Added 1.3.1 Using FIT GPIO module in C++ project.
		10	Added code size corresponding to RX671.
		26	6.1 Confirmed Operation Environment: Added Table for Rev.4.80.
		Program	Added support for RX671.

4.90	Apr.15.21	1,7	Added support for RX140.
		10	Added code size corresponding to RX140.
		26	6.1 Confirmed Operation Environment: Added Table for Rev.4.90.
		Program	Added support for RX140. Added CS+ support for demo project.
5.00	Sep.13.21	24	Added RSKRX671 to "5. Demo Projects".
		26	Table 6.1: Confirm Operation Environment: Added Table for Rev.5.00.
		Program	Updated and added new demo projects
5.10	Mar.14.22	26	Table 6.1: Confirm Operation Environment: Added Table for Rev.5.10.
		Program	Added support for RX66T-48pin.
5.20	Mar.31.22	1,7	Added support for RX660.
		10	Added code size corresponding to RX660.
		26	Table 6.1: Confirm Operation Environment: Added Table for Rev.5.20.
		Program	Added support for RX660.
5.30	Jun.28.22	26	Table 6.1: Confirm Operation Environment: Added Table for Rev.5.30.
		Program	Updated demo projects
5.40	Dec.27.22	4	Added a description of nested interrupt
		7	Added new macros CMT_CFG_CHn_EN_NESTED_INT to support nested interrupt
		27	Table 6.1: Confirm Operation Environment: Added Table for Rev.5.40.
		Program	Added macro definition enable and disable nested interrupt for CMT.

# General Precautions in the Handling of Microprocessing Unit and Microcontroller Unit Products

The following usage notes are applicable to all Microprocessing unit and Microcontroller unit products from Renesas. For detailed usage notes on the products covered by this document, refer to the relevant sections of the document as well as any technical updates that have been issued for the products.

## 1. Precaution against Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)

A strong electrical field, when exposed to a CMOS device, can cause destruction of the gate oxide and ultimately degrade the device operation. Steps must be taken to stop the generation of static electricity as much as possible, and quickly dissipate it when it occurs. Environmental control must be adequate. When it is dry, a humidifier should be used. This is recommended to avoid using insulators that can easily build up static electricity.

Semiconductor devices must be stored and transported in an anti-static container, static shielding bag or conductive material. All test and measurement tools including work benches and floors must be grounded. The operator must also be grounded using a wrist strap. Semiconductor devices must not be touched with bare hands. Similar precautions must be taken for printed circuit boards with mounted semiconductor devices.

## 2. Processing at power-on

The state of the product is undefined at the time when power is supplied. The states of internal circuits in the LSI are indeterminate and the states of register settings and pins are undefined at the time when power is supplied. In a finished product where the reset signal is applied to the external reset pin, the states of pins are not guaranteed from the time when power is supplied until the reset process is completed. In a similar way, the states of pins in a product that is reset by an on-chip power-on reset function are not guaranteed from the time when power is supplied until the power reaches the level at which resetting is specified.

## 3. Input of signal during power-off state

Do not input signals or an I/O pull-up power supply while the device is powered off. The current injection that results from input of such a signal or I/O pull-up power supply may cause malfunction and the abnormal current that passes in the device at this time may cause degradation of internal elements. Follow the guideline for input signal during power-off state as described in your product documentation.

## 4. Handling of unused pins

Handle unused pins in accordance with the directions given under handling of unused pins in the manual. The input pins of CMOS products are generally in the high-impedance state. In operation with an unused pin in the open-circuit state, extra electromagnetic noise is induced in the vicinity of the LSI, an associated shoot-through current flows internally, and malfunctions occur due to the false recognition of the pin state as an input signal become possible.

## 5. Clock signals

After applying a reset, only release the reset line after the operating clock signal becomes stable. When switching the clock signal during program execution, wait until the target clock signal is stabilized. When the clock signal is generated with an external resonator or from an external oscillator during a reset, ensure that the reset line is only released after full stabilization of the clock signal. Additionally, when switching to a clock signal produced with an external resonator or by an external oscillator while program execution is in progress, wait until the target clock signal is stable.

## 6. Voltage application waveform at input pin

Waveform distortion due to input noise or a reflected wave may cause malfunction. If the input of the CMOS device stays in the area between  $V_{IL}$  (Max.) and  $V_{IH}$  (Min.) due to noise, for example, the device may malfunction. Take care to prevent chattering noise from entering the device when the input level is fixed, and also in the transition period when the input level passes through the area between  $V_{IL}$  (Max.) and  $V_{IH}$  (Min.).

## 7. Prohibition of access to reserved addresses

Access to reserved addresses is prohibited. The reserved addresses are provided for possible future expansion of functions. Do not access these addresses as the correct operation of the LSI is not guaranteed.

## 8. Differences between products

Before changing from one product to another, for example to a product with a different part number, confirm that the change will not lead to problems. The characteristics of a microprocessing unit or microcontroller unit products in the same group but having a different part number might differ in terms of internal memory capacity, layout pattern, and other factors, which can affect the ranges of electrical characteristics, such as characteristic values, operating margins, immunity to noise, and amount of radiated noise. When changing to a product with a different part number, implement a system-evaluation test for the given product.

## Notice

1. Descriptions of circuits, software and other related information in this document are provided only to illustrate the operation of semiconductor products and application examples. You are fully responsible for the incorporation or any other use of the circuits, software, and information in the design of your product or system. Renesas Electronics disclaims any and all liability for any losses and damages incurred by you or third parties arising from the use of these circuits, software, or information.
  2. Renesas Electronics hereby expressly disclaims any warranties against and liability for infringement or any other claims involving patents, copyrights, or other intellectual property rights of third parties, by or arising from the use of Renesas Electronics products or technical information described in this document, including but not limited to, the product data, drawings, charts, programs, algorithms, and application examples.
  3. No license, express, implied or otherwise, is granted hereby under any patents, copyrights or other intellectual property rights of Renesas Electronics or others.
  4. You shall be responsible for determining what licenses are required from any third parties, and obtaining such licenses for the lawful import, export, manufacture, sales, utilization, distribution or other disposal of any products incorporating Renesas Electronics products, if required.
  5. You shall not alter, modify, copy, or reverse engineer any Renesas Electronics product, whether in whole or in part. Renesas Electronics disclaims any and all liability for any losses or damages incurred by you or third parties arising from such alteration, modification, copying or reverse engineering.
  6. Renesas Electronics products are classified according to the following two quality grades: "Standard" and "High Quality". The intended applications for each Renesas Electronics product depends on the product's quality grade, as indicated below.
    - "Standard": Computers; office equipment; communications equipment; test and measurement equipment; audio and visual equipment; home electronic appliances; machine tools; personal electronic equipment; industrial robots; etc.
    - "High Quality": Transportation equipment (automobiles, trains, ships, etc.); traffic control (traffic lights); large-scale communication equipment; key financial terminal systems; safety control equipment; etc.
- Unless expressly designated as a high reliability product or a product for harsh environments in a Renesas Electronics data sheet or other Renesas Electronics document, Renesas Electronics products are not intended or authorized for use in products or systems that may pose a direct threat to human life or bodily injury (artificial life support devices or systems; surgical implantations; etc.), or may cause serious property damage (space system; undersea repeaters; nuclear power control systems; aircraft control systems; key plant systems; military equipment; etc.). Renesas Electronics disclaims any and all liability for any damages or losses incurred by you or any third parties arising from the use of any Renesas Electronics product that is inconsistent with any Renesas Electronics data sheet, user's manual or other Renesas Electronics document.
7. No semiconductor product is absolutely secure. Notwithstanding any security measures or features that may be implemented in Renesas Electronics hardware or software products, Renesas Electronics shall have absolutely no liability arising out of any vulnerability or security breach, including but not limited to any unauthorized access to or use of a Renesas Electronics product or a system that uses a Renesas Electronics product. RENESAS ELECTRONICS DOES NOT WARRANT OR GUARANTEE THAT RENESAS ELECTRONICS PRODUCTS, OR ANY SYSTEMS CREATED USING RENESAS ELECTRONICS PRODUCTS WILL BE INVULNERABLE OR FREE FROM CORRUPTION, ATTACK, VIRUSES, INTERFERENCE, HACKING, DATA LOSS OR THEFT, OR OTHER SECURITY INTRUSION ("Vulnerability Issues"). RENESAS ELECTRONICS DISCLAIMS ANY AND ALL RESPONSIBILITY OR LIABILITY ARISING FROM OR RELATED TO ANY VULNERABILITY ISSUES. FURTHERMORE, TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, RENESAS ELECTRONICS DISCLAIMS ANY AND ALL WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, WITH RESPECT TO THIS DOCUMENT AND ANY RELATED OR ACCOMPANYING SOFTWARE OR HARDWARE, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.
  8. When using Renesas Electronics products, refer to the latest product information (data sheets, user's manuals, application notes, "General Notes for Handling and Using Semiconductor Devices" in the reliability handbook, etc.), and ensure that usage conditions are within the ranges specified by Renesas Electronics with respect to maximum ratings, operating power supply voltage range, heat dissipation characteristics, installation, etc. Renesas Electronics disclaims any and all liability for any malfunctions, failure or accident arising out of the use of Renesas Electronics products outside of such specified ranges.
  9. Although Renesas Electronics endeavors to improve the quality and reliability of Renesas Electronics products, semiconductor products have specific characteristics, such as the occurrence of failure at a certain rate and malfunctions under certain use conditions. Unless designated as a high reliability product or a product for harsh environments in a Renesas Electronics data sheet or other Renesas Electronics document, Renesas Electronics products are not subject to radiation resistance design. You are responsible for implementing safety measures to guard against the possibility of bodily injury, injury or damage caused by fire, and/or danger to the public in the event of a failure or malfunction of Renesas Electronics products, such as safety design for hardware and software, including but not limited to redundancy, fire control and malfunction prevention, appropriate treatment for aging degradation or any other appropriate measures. Because the evaluation of microcomputer software alone is very difficult and impractical, you are responsible for evaluating the safety of the final products or systems manufactured by you.
  10. Please contact a Renesas Electronics sales office for details as to environmental matters such as the environmental compatibility of each Renesas Electronics product. You are responsible for carefully and sufficiently investigating applicable laws and regulations that regulate the inclusion or use of controlled substances, including without limitation, the EU RoHS Directive, and using Renesas Electronics products in compliance with all these applicable laws and regulations. Renesas Electronics disclaims any and all liability for damages or losses occurring as a result of your noncompliance with applicable laws and regulations.
  11. Renesas Electronics products and technologies shall not be used for or incorporated into any products or systems whose manufacture, use, or sale is prohibited under any applicable domestic or foreign laws or regulations. You shall comply with any applicable export control laws and regulations promulgated and administered by the governments of any countries asserting jurisdiction over the parties or transactions.
  12. It is the responsibility of the buyer or distributor of Renesas Electronics products, or any other party who distributes, disposes of, or otherwise sells or transfers the product to a third party, to notify such third party in advance of the contents and conditions set forth in this document.
  13. This document shall not be reprinted, reproduced or duplicated in any form, in whole or in part, without prior written consent of Renesas Electronics.
  14. Please contact a Renesas Electronics sales office if you have any questions regarding the information contained in this document or Renesas Electronics products.

(Note1) "Renesas Electronics" as used in this document means Renesas Electronics Corporation and also includes its directly or indirectly controlled subsidiaries.

(Note2) "Renesas Electronics product(s)" means any product developed or manufactured by or for Renesas Electronics.

(Rev.5.0-1 October 2020)

## Corporate Headquarters

TOYOSU FORESIA, 3-2-24 Toyosu,  
Koto-ku, Tokyo 135-0061, Japan  
[www.renesas.com](http://www.renesas.com)

## Trademarks

Renesas and the Renesas logo are trademarks of Renesas Electronics Corporation. All trademarks and registered trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

## Contact information

For further information on a product, technology, the most up-to-date version of a document, or your nearest sales office, please visit:  
[www.renesas.com/contact/](http://www.renesas.com/contact/).