RL78/G14

3-Axis MEMS Accelerometer (Pmod ACL2) Device Sample

Introduction
This document describes a Renesas microcontroller RL78/G14 application for 3-Axis MEMS Accelerometer (Pmod ACL2).

Target Device
RL78/G14

When applying the sample program covered in this document to another microcomputer, modify the program according to the specifications for the target microcomputer and conduct an extensive evaluation of the modified program.
1. Description

1.1 Abstract

The 3-Axis MEMS Accelerometer Device Sample is a precision 3-axis MEMS accelerometer using the RL78/G14 Fast Prototyping Board and the 3-Axis MEMS Accelerometer Pmod ACL2. With an OLED screen, it makes the 3-axis MEMS accelerometer information well displayed and shows Accelerometer of Axis when it moves. The backlight makes it possible to view the screen and every detail from every angle, even in the dark night.

The RL78/G14 Fast Prototyping Board comes equipped with a high-performance RL78/G14 microcontroller and is an evaluation board specialized for prototype development for a variety of applications. It has a built-in emulator circuit that is equivalent to an E2 emulator Lite so you can write/debug programs without additional tools. In addition, with Arduino Uno and Pmod™ interfaces included standard and through-hole access to all pins of the microcontroller, and so on, it has high expandability.

The Pmod ACL2 is a 3-axis MEMS accelerometer powered by the Analog Devices ADXL362. By communicating with the chip via the SPI protocol, users may receive up to 12 bits of resolution for each axis of acceleration. Additionally, this module offers freefall detection as well as power saving features through its motion activated sleep and wake modes.

1.2 Specifications and Main Technical Parameters

**Technical Parameters**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Specification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Power Supply</td>
<td>USB power supply (5 V)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating Voltage (MCU)</td>
<td>3.3 V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating Temperature:</td>
<td>Ambient temperature</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OLED Display Pattern</td>
<td>12 cha * 4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Specifications**

Function: Detect 3-axis accelerometer with the Digilent Pmod ACL2. Display 3-axis accelerometer on an OLED screen.
2. RL78/G14 Microcontroller

2.1 RL78/G14 Block Diagram

Figure 2.1 shows the block diagram of RL78/G14 (80-pin products).

![RL78/G14 Block Diagram](image)

Figure 2.1 RL78/G14 Block Diagram
2.2 Key Features

- Minimum instruction execution time: Can be changed from high speed (0.03125 µs @ 32 MHz operation with high-speed on-chip oscillator) to ultra-low speed (30.5 µs @ 32.768 kHz operation with subsystem clock)
- General-purpose registers: (8-bit register × 8) × 4 banks
- ROM: 512 KB, RAM: 48 KB, data flash: 8 KB
- Selectable high-speed on-chip oscillator clock: 64/48/32/24/16/12/8/6/4/3/2/1 MHz (TYP.)
- On-chip debug function
- On-chip selectable power-on-reset (POR) circuit
- On-chip voltage detector (LVD)
- On-chip watchdog timer (operable with the dedicated low-speed on-chip oscillator)
- On-chip key interrupt function
- On-chip clock output/buzzer output controller
- On-chip BCD (binary-coded decimal) correction circuit
- I/O port: 52
- Timer
  - 16-bit timer: 8 channels
  - 12-bit interval timer: 1 channel
- Serial interface
  - CSI: 8 channels
  - UART: 4 channels
  - Simplified I²C communication: 8 channels
  - Multi-master I²C communication: 2 channels
- 8/10-bit resolution A/D converter: 17 channels
- 8-bit resolution D/A converter: 2 channels
- Comparator: 2 channels
- Data transfer controller (DTC)
- Event link controller (ELC)
- Standby function: HALT mode or STOP mode or SNOOZE mode
- Power supply voltage: $V_{DD} = 1.6$ to $5.5$ V
- Operating ambient temperature: $T_A = -40$ to $+85^\circ$C

RL78/G14 microcontrollers balance the industry’s lowest level of consumption current (CPU: 66 µA/MHz, standby (STOP): 240 nA) and a high calculation performance of 51.2 DMIPS (32 MHz). The built-in high-function timer supports three-phase motor control using three-phase complementary PWM output. They have an on-chip oscillator, data flash, A/D and D/A converters, comparator, and more. Built-in safety features (function that detects illegal operation of hardware) enable support for the household appliance safety standard (IEC/UL 60730). With a broad 30 to 100-pin lineup and up to 512 KB on-chip flash memory, these microcontrollers can be used in a wide variety of applications such as motor control and consumer and industrial equipment.
2.3 Pin Configuration

Figure 2.2 shows the pin configuration of RL78/G14 (80-pin products).

Note: Mounted on the 384 KB or more code flash memory products.
3. System Outline

3.1 Principle Introduction

The 3-Axis MEMS Accelerometer Device Sample uses an RL78/G14 microcontroller and the Digilent PMOD ACL2. After detecting the 3-axis accelerometer, the MCU (RL78/G14) sends the sensing data to the Pmod OLEDrgb module and visualizes the corresponding information on the OLED screen. Figure 3.1 shows the system composition. Figure 3.2 shows the system block diagram. Figure 3.3 shows the connection of RL78/G14 FPB, PMOD OLED RGB and the Digilent PMOD ACL2.
Figure 3.3 Connection of RL78/G14 FPB, PMOD OLED RGB and the Digilent PMOD ACL2
3.2 Peripheral Functions to be Used

Table 3.1 lists the peripheral functions to be used and their usage.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Peripheral Function</th>
<th>Usage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TAU0 Channel</td>
<td>Count 1us interval using interval timer mode.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3-wire serial (CSI00)</td>
<td>Control OLED to display 3-axis MEMS accelerometer.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3-wire serial (CSI20)</td>
<td>Get the 3-axis MEMS accelerometer data from the sensor.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3.3 Pins to be Used

Table 3.2 lists the pins to be used and their function.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pin Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>P74</td>
<td>Control CS (Chip Select) pin of PMOD OLED RGB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P51/SO00</td>
<td>Communicate with PMOD OLED RGB through MOSI (Master-Out-Slave-In) pin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P30/SCK00</td>
<td>Communicate with PMOD OLED RGB through SCK (Serial Clock) pin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P140</td>
<td>Control D/C (Data/Command) pin of PMOD OLED RGB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P130</td>
<td>Control RES pin of PMOD OLED RGB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P147</td>
<td>Control VCCEN pin of PMOD OLED RGB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P146</td>
<td>Control PMODEN pin of PMOD OLED RGB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P15/SCK20</td>
<td>Clock signal: Communicate with 3-axis MEMS accelerometer through SCK (Serial Clock) pin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P14/SI20</td>
<td>Data signal: Communicate with 3-axis MEMS accelerometer through SI (Serial Input) pin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P13/SO20</td>
<td>Data signal: Communicate with 3-axis MEMS accelerometer through SO (Serial Output) pin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P16</td>
<td>Control CS (Chip Select) pin of 3-axis MEMS accelerometer sensor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VDD</td>
<td>Power supply voltage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GND</td>
<td>Ground</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3.4 Operating Instructions

(1) Once powered on, the system begins to initialize.

(2) After the MCU (RL78/G14) reset, initialize OLED display and 3-axis MEMS accelerometer sensor.

(3) Every 1 second, the MCU (RL78/G14) starts to get the sensor measurement result, and sends it to the OLED to visualize.

Display pattern: (12char *4 row)
Use different colors to display the sensor data

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>R</th>
<th>E</th>
<th>N</th>
<th>E</th>
<th>S</th>
<th>A</th>
<th>S</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>X</td>
<td>a</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>i</td>
<td>s</td>
<td>:</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Y</td>
<td>a</td>
<td>x</td>
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<td>s</td>
<td>:</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Z</td>
<td>a</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>i</td>
<td>s</td>
<td>:</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
4. Hardware

This section describes how the RL78/G14 Fast Prototyping Board measures the 3-axis MEMS accelerometer via the Digilent PMOD ACL2. And the 3-axis MEMS accelerometer sensing data is displayed on pmod OLED rgb.

About the details of pmod OLED rgb, please refer to the following linkage.


About the details of Digilent pmod ACL2, please refer to the following linkage.

https://store.digilentinc.com/pmod-acl2-3-axis-mems-accelerometer/

Figure 4.1 shows the hardware composition. Figure 4.2 shows the RL78/G14 FPB Board Layout (Top Side).
5. Software

5.1 Integrated Development Environment

The sample code described in this chapter has been checked under the conditions listed in the table below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Microcontroller used</td>
<td>RL78/G14 (R5F104ML)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Operating frequency | High-speed on-chip oscillator (HOCO) clock: 32 MHz  
                             CPU/peripheral hardware clock: 32 MHz  
                             Low-speed on-chip oscillator clock: 15 kHz |
| Operating voltage | 3.3 V (can run on a voltage range of 2.7 V to 5.5 V)  
                             LVD: Interrupt & reset mode  
                             Reset generation level (V_LVD): 1.63 V  
                             Interrupt generation level (V_LVDH): 1.73 V |
| Integrated development environment (CS+) | CS+ for CC (RL78, RX, RH850) V8.04.00 from Renesas Electronics Corp. |
| C compiler (CS+) | Renesas CCRL v1.09.00 |
| Integrated development environment (e² studio) | e² studio V7.7.0 from Renesas Electronics Corp. |
| C compiler (e² studio) | Renesas CCRL v1.09.00 |

5.2 Option Byte

Table 5.2 summarizes the settings of the option bytes.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Address</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>000C0H/010C0H</td>
<td>11101111B</td>
<td>Watchdog timer counter operation disabled (counting stopped after reset)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| 000C1H/010C1H | 00011010B | LVD: Interrupt & reset mode  
                             V_LVDH: Rising edge: 1.77 V, Falling edge: 1.73 V  
                             V_LVDL: Falling edge: 1.63 V |
| 000C2H/010C2H | 11110000B | HS mode, f_HOCO: 32 MHz  
                             CPU clock f_CLK: 32 MHz |
| 000C3H/010C3H | 10000100B | Enables on-chip debugging |
5.3 Operation Outline

The tasks of the entire system are listed as below: Reset/Initialization, Measurement and Display mode. Figure 5.1 shows the block diagram for the tasks transition.

![Figure 5.1 Tasks Transition Block Diagram](image)

(1) Reset / Initialization

When the system is powered on, it will enter the initialization operation. The OLED is powered on and cleared. Then it displays Renesas logo and other default characters. The Digilent PMOD ACL2 is initialized. CSI00, CSI20, TAU00, RTC and I/O pins will be initialized.

(2) Measurement and Display mode

Every 1 second, the MCU starts to get the sensor measurement result and sends the information to the OLED to display.
5.4 Flow Chart
5.4.1 Main Processing
Figure 5.2 shows the flowchart for main processing routine.

```
Start

System initialization
PIOR0 = 0x00
PIOR1 = 0x00
CGC_Get_ResetSource()
R_CGC_Create()
R_PORT_Create()
R_SAU0_Create()
R_SAU1_Create()
R_TAU0_Create()
R_LVD_Create()
R_INTC_Create()
IAWCTL = 0x00U

Enable maskable interrupt
IE ← 1

OLED Initialization
oled_SPI_Init()
oled_PowerOn()

ACL2 Initialization
R_CSI20_Start();
ACL2_begin();
ACL2_setZero();

Clear OLED
oled_Clear()

OLED displays Renesas LOGO
and default characters

Data of ACL2 sensor
are ready?
N

Read data from the Digilent
PMOD ACL2

Update OLED display

Wait 1 second

Y

Initialize CSI00
Initialize CSI20
Initialize TAU00

Initialize SPI and power on The OLED

Initialize ACL2
```

Figure 5.2 Main Processing
6. How to Build

6.1 CS+

I. Launch CS+ for CC (RL78, RX, RH850).

II. Right click on the "File" and select "Open" from the displayed menu.

III. The "Open File" window will be displayed, select the MTPJ file in the Project Folder "RL78G14_FPBPmodACL2", and click "Open". Then the "Open File" window is closed.

IV. Right click on the project displayed on the "Project Tree" and select "Build" to start building.

V. A mot file "RL78G14_FPBPIndrSnsrApp_ccrl.mot" is generated in the path shown in the mot File.

6.2 e2studio

I. Launch e2 studio.

II. Right click on the "Project Explorer" and select "Import" from the displayed menu.

III. The "Import" window will be displayed. Select "Existing project to workspace" and click "Next".

IV. In the "Select root directory" form, select the project folder shown in the Project Folder "RL78G14_FPBPmodACL2" of e2 studio. After selection, confirm that the specified project is displayed in "Project" and click "Finish". Then the "Import" window is closed.

V. Right click on the project displayed on the "Project Explorer" and select "Build Project" to start the building.

VI. A mot file "RL78G14_FPBPmodACL2.mot" is generated in the path shown in the mot File of e2 studio.

6.3 Writing mot file using Renesas Flash Programmer

This section describes how to write the pre-built mot file attached to this application note.

To write the pre-built mot file, it is necessary to mount a header component so that the Fast Prototyping Board can operate stand-alone. For details, refer to "5.12 Emulator Reset Header" in "RL78/G14 Fast Prototyping Board User's Manual" (R20UT4573).

I. Launch Renesas Flash Programmer V3.05.

II. Click "New Project..." in "File". About Microcontroller, select "RL78". About Communication Tool, select "E2 Lite". Customer can customize Project Name and choose Project Folder.

III. Press the "Browse..." in "Program File" to open the mot File " RL78G14_FPBPmodACL2.mot ".

IV. Press "Start" to start writing.

Note: For Flash Programming or Debugging with IDE(CS+/e2studio), EJ1 pin header should be OPEN.

After Flash Programming, standalone operation w/o IDE can be enabled by setting EJ1 to SHORT.
7. Sample Code

The sample code is available on the Renesas Electronics Website.

8. Reference Documents

RL78/G14 Fast Prototyping Board (R20UT4573)
RL78/G14 User's Manual: Hardware (R01UH0186)
RL78 Family User's Manual: Software (R01US0015)

(The latest versions of the documents are available on the Renesas Electronics Website.)

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## Revision History

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rev.</th>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.00</td>
<td>Sep. 30, 2020</td>
<td>First edition issued</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
General Precautions in the Handling of Microprocessing Unit and Microcontroller Unit Products

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1. Precaution against Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)
   A strong electrical field, when exposed to a CMOS device, can cause destruction of the gate oxide and ultimately degrade the device operation. Steps must be taken to stop the generation of static electricity as much as possible, and quickly dissipate it when it occurs. Environmental control must be adequate. When it is dry, a humidifier should be used. This is recommended to avoid using insulators that can easily build up static electricity. Semiconductor devices must be stored and transported in an anti-static container, static shielding bag or conductive material. All test and measurement tools including work benches and floors must be grounded. The operator must also be grounded using a wrist strap. Semiconductor devices must not be touched with bare hands. Similar precautions must be taken for printed circuit boards with mounted semiconductor devices.

2. Processing at power-on
   The state of the product is undefined at the time when power is supplied. The states of internal circuits in the LSI are indeterminate and the states of register settings and pins are undefined at the time when power is supplied. In a finished product where the reset signal is applied to the external reset pin, the states of pins are not guaranteed from the time when power is supplied until the reset process is completed. In a similar way, the states of pins in a product that is reset by an on-chip power-on reset function are not guaranteed from the time when power is supplied until the power reaches the level at which resetting is specified.

3. Input of signal during power-off state
   Do not input signals or an I/O pull-up power supply while the device is powered off. The current injection that results from input of such a signal or I/O pull-up power supply may cause malfunction and the abnormal current that passes in the device at this time may cause degradation of internal elements. Follow the guideline for input signal during power-off state as described in your product documentation.

4. Handling of unused pins
   Handle unused pins in accordance with the directions given under handling of unused pins in the manual. The input pins of CMOS products are generally in the high-impedance state. In operation with an unused pin in the open-circuit state, extra electromagnetic noise is induced in the vicinity of the LSI, an associated shoot-through current flows internally, and malfunctions occur due to the false recognition of the pin state as an input signal become possible.

5. Clock signals
   After applying a reset, only release the reset line after the operating clock signal becomes stable. When switching the clock signal during program execution, wait until the target clock signal is stabilized. When the clock signal is generated with an external resonator or from an external oscillator during a reset, ensure that the reset line is only released after full stabilization of the clock signal. Additionally, when switching to a clock signal produced with an external resonator or by an external oscillator while program execution is in progress, wait until the target clock signal is stable.

6. Voltage application waveform at input pin
   Waveform distortion due to input noise or a reflected wave may cause malfunction. If the input of the CMOS device stays in the area between VIL (Max.) and VIH (Min.) due to noise, for example, the device may malfunction. Take care to prevent chattering noise from entering the device when the input level is fixed, and also in the transition period when the input level passes through the area between VIL (Max.) and VIH (Min.).

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   Access to reserved addresses is prohibited. The reserved addresses are provided for possible future expansion of functions. Do not access these addresses as the correct operation of the LSI is not guaranteed.

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   Before changing from one product to another, for example to a product with a different part number, confirm that the change will not lead to problems. The characteristics of a microprocessing unit or microcontroller unit products in the same group but having a different part number might differ in terms of internal memory capacity, layout pattern, and other factors, which can affect the ranges of electrical characteristics, such as characteristic values, operating margins, immunity to noise, and amount of radiated noise. When changing to a product with a different part number, implement a system-evaluation test for the given product.
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