

# **RA4W1 Group**

# **BLE** sample application

## Introduction

This document describes the accompanying sample application which controls the Bluetooth<sup>®</sup> Low Energy communication module. In this document, the module which performs Bluetooth<sup>®</sup> Low Energy communication is referred to as the BLE module.

## **Target Device**

RA4W1 Group

#### **Related Documents**

Bluetooth Core Specification (https://www.bluetooth.com) RA4W1 Group User's Manual: Hardware (R01UH0883) Renesas Flexible Software Package User's Manual e<sup>2</sup> studio Getting Started Guide (R20UT4204) Renesas Flash Programmer User's manual (R01UT5757) Tuning procedure of Bluetooth dedicated clock frequency (R01AN4887) RA4W1 Group Bluetooth LE Profile API Document User's Manual (R11UM0154) Bluetooth Low Energy Profile Developer's Guide (R01AN5428) Host Controller Interface Firmware(R01AN5429) Public BD Address writing tool(R01AN5439) EK-RA4W1 Quick Start Guide (R20QS0015) QE for BLE [RA, RE, RX] V1.5.0 Release Note (R20UT5145EJ)

## **Related Environments**

Refer to section 2.1 Operating environment.

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## 1. Overview

Demo projects accompanying this document are shown in Table 1. These projects are provided as BLE sample application using BLE module.

Demo Project	Description
ble_baremetal_ek_ra4w1	GATT Server demo project for EK-RA4W1 without RTOS.
ble_freertos_ek_ra4w1	GATT Server demo project for EK-RA4W1 using FreeRTOS and event group technique has been used for task synchronization. This project provides for backward compatibility with versions prior to FSP3.8.
ble_freertos_ek_ra4w1_semaphore	GATT Server demo project for EK-RA4W1 using FreeRTOS and semaphore give / take method has been used for task synchronization.
ble_azurertos_ek_ra4w1	GATT Server demo project for EK-RA4W1 using Azure RTOS.
ble_bearmetal_ek_ra4w1_client	GATT Client demo project for EK-RA4W1 without RTOS
ble_freertos_ek_ra4w1_client	GATT Client demo project for EK-RA4W1 using FreeRTOS and event group technique has been used for task synchronization. This project provides for backward compatibility with versions prior to FSP3.8.
ble_freertos_ek_ra4w1_client_semaphore	GATT Client demo project for EK-RA4W1 using FreeRTOS and semaphore give / take method has been used for task synchronization.
ble_azurertos_ek_ra4w1_client	GATT Client demo project for EK-RA4W1 using Azure RTOS

These projects can work on EK-RA4W1 board or user's custom board. GATT Server demo projects perform GATT Server role. They can change the blink rate of LED mounted on the board from remote device (e.g. smart phone) and send notification by pushing switch mounted on the board to remote device via BLE communication. LED and switch (e.g. push button) connected to RA4W1 GPIOs are necessary on user's custom board when this demo project running on user's custom board.

Send notification Server S	RA4W1
	EK-RA4W1 or user's custom board

Figure 1. GATT Server demo project operating environment



GATT Client demo projects perform GATT Client role. They have the functionality of CLI (Command Line Interface) which can be accessed by the terminal emulator like Tera Term on PC connecting with EK-RA4W1 board via USB cable. They can perform various procedures in relation to GATT Client by receiving commands via CLI.



Figure 2. GATT Client demo project operating environment



## 1.1 BLE features

BLE module provides following BLE features which are compliant with Bluetooth version 5.0.

#### Bluetooth 5.0 Features

LE 2M PHY

Supports BLE communication with 2Msym/s PHY.

LE Coded PHY

Supports BLE communication with Coded PHY. Communication over long range than 1M PHY and 2M PHY is possible.

LE Advertising Extensions

An extension of Advertising. Up to 4 independent advertising can be performed simultaneously.

- LE Channel Selection Algorithm #2
   Selects a channel using the algorithm for selecting a hopping channel added in Bluetooth 5.0.
- High Duty Cycle Non-Connectable Advertising
   Supports non-connectable advertising with a minimum interval of 20 msec.

#### Bluetooth 4.2 Features

LE Secure Connections

Elliptic curve Diffie-Hellman key agreement method (ECDH) supports passive eavesdropping pairing.

Link Layer Privacy

Avoids tracking from other BLE devices by changing the BD Address periodically.

Link Layer Extended Scanner Filter policies

Resolvable private addresses as well as part of the filtering process.

LE Data Packet Length Extension
 Expands the BLE data communication packet size up to 251bytes.

#### Bluetooth 4.1 Features

- LE L2CAP Connection Oriented Channel Support
   Supports communication using the L2CAP credit based flow control channel.
- Low Duty Cycle Directed Advertising

Supports low duty cycle advertising for reconnection with known devices.

• 32-bit UUID Support in LE

Supports GATT 32-bit UUID.

LE Link Layer Topology

Supports both Master and Slave roles and can operate as Master when connected to a remote device and as Slave when connected to another remote device.

LE Ping

After connection encryption, this feature checks whether connection is maintained by a packet transmission request including MIC field.



#### GAP Role

GAP Role supports the following.

- Central: A device that sends a connection request to a peripheral device.
- Peripheral: A device that accepts connection requests from Central and establishes a connection.
- Observer: A device that scans Advertising.
- Broadcaster: A device that sends Advertising.

#### GATT Role

GATT Role supports the following.

- Server: A device that prepares Characteristic provided by service in GATT Database and responds to requests from Client.
- Client: A device that makes request for services provided by Server.



## 1.2 BLE application software structure

Figure 3 shows software structure of BLE application in BareMetal environment.



Figure 3. Software structure (BareMetal)



Figure 4 shows software structure of BLE application in case of FreeRTOS environment and event group technique has been used for task synchronization. BLE application is divided it into two or more tasks, BLE Core Task and GATT application tasks. BLE Core Task performs initialization and BLE related processing except profile event processing. GATT application task performs profile event processing.



Figure 4. Software structure (FreeRTOS, Event group)



Figure 5 shows software structure of BLE application in case of FreeRTOS environment and semaphore give / take method has been used for task synchronization. BLE application is divided it into three or more tasks, BLE Core Task, BLE Execute Task and GATT application tasks. BLE Core Task performs initialization. BLE Execute Task performs BLE related processing except profile event processing. GATT application task performs profile event processing.



Figure 5. Software structure (FreeRTOS, Semaphore)

Task switching from interrupt context by using event group method should through FreeRTOS daemon task (Prior FSP3.8 environment). To reduce such overhead, made it possible to select semaphore synchronization method as *Synchronization Type* property of *BLE\_Driver* FSP module from FSP4.0 or later.

BLE Driver (r_ble_extended_freertos)				
Settings	Property	Value		
	RF_DEEP_SLEEP Transition	Enable		
	MCU Main Clock Frequency	8000		
	Code Flash(ROM) Device Data Block	255		
	Device Specific Data Flash Block	Semaphore		
	MTU Size Configured	Event groups		
	Timer Slot Maximum Number	10		
	Synchronization Type	Event groups		

#### Figure 6. Synchronization Type



Figure 7 shows software structure of BLE application in Azure RTOS environment. BLE application is divided it into three or more tasks, BLE Core Task, BLE Execute Task and GATT application tasks. BLE Core Task performs initialization. BLE Execute Task performs BLE related processing except profile event processing. GATT application task performs profile event processing.



Figure 7. Software structure (Azure RTOS)

The QE for BLE tool generates C source codes of BLE base skeleton program for BLE application and BLE Profile. Renesas recommends using the QE for BLE tool when developing BLE application.

BLE application uses BLE functions via following APIs.

#### • GAP API (R\_BLE\_GAP\_XXX, R\_BLE\_L2CAP\_XXX, R\_BLE\_VS\_XXX)

To use BLE function. Refer to "Renesas Flexible Software Package User's Manual" for details.

#### • Discovery API (R\_BLE\_Disc\_XXX)

To perform service discovery. These APIs are generated by QE for BLE. Refer to "Bluetooth Low Energy Profile Developer's Guide(R01AN5428)" and "RA4W1 Group Bluetooth LE Profile API Document User's Manual (R11UM0154)" for the details of the API.



#### • GATT Server API (R\_BLE\_GATTS\_XXX)

To use GATT profile server function. These APIs are generated by QE for BLE. Refer to "Bluetooth Low Energy Profile Developer's Guide(R01AN5428)" and "RA4W1 Group Bluetooth LE Profile API Document User's Manual (R11UM0154)" for the details of the API.

## • GATT Client API (R\_BLE\_GATTC\_XXX)

To use GATT profile client function. These APIs are generated by QE for BLE. Refer to "Bluetooth Low Energy Profile Developer's Guide(R01AN5428)" and "RA4W1 Group Bluetooth LE Profile API Document User's Manual (R11UM0154)" for the details of the API.

#### • GATT service API (R\_BLE\_[GATT service abbreviation + S(Server) or C(Client)]\_XXX)

Auxiliary functions available for the BLE Application. These APIs are generated by QE for BLE. Refer to "Bluetooth Low Energy Profile Developer's Guide(R01AN5428)" and "RA4W1 Group Bluetooth LE Profile API Document User's Manual (R11UM0154)" for the details of the API.

#### • Abstraction API (RM\_BLE\_ABS\_XXX)

Makes it easy to use the frequently used BLE functions. Refer to "Renesas Flexible Software Package User's Manual" for details.

APIs that can be called from BLE core task and GATT application task in FreeRTOS and Azure RTOS environment have the restrictions. Following categories of API can call only from BLE core task.

- GAP API (R\_BLE\_GAP\_XXX, R\_BLE\_L2CAP\_XXX, R\_BLE\_VS\_XXX)
- Discovery API (R\_BLE\_Disc\_XXX)
- GATT Server API (R\_BLE\_GATTS\_XXX)
- GATT Client API (R\_BLE\_GATTC\_XXX)
- Abstraction API (RM\_BLE\_ABS\_XXX)

Following category of API can call from either BLE core task or GATT application task.

• GATT service API (R\_BLE\_[GATT service abbreviation + S(Server) or C(Client)]\_XXX)

When BLE GATT Application task calls GATT service API, GATT communication is processed in BLE core task or BLE execute task. Figure 8 shows Bluetooth LE communication when two BLE GATT Application tasks control GATT services and send notification of the GATT service characteristic on FreeRTOS / Azure RTOS environment.



Figure 8. BLE core task and GATT Application task



Table 2 shows the directory / file structure of BLE application when using QE for BLE. Items shown in **bold** could add / modify according to use case.

Table 2.	Directory / File structure
----------	----------------------------

Directory/File structure				Description		
qe_gen	ble	discovery		Service discovery related APIs		
		profile_cmn		Profile common APIs		
		app_main.c		Main code		
				C source code where user describe the BLE application.		
		gatt_db.c		GATT Database		
		gatt_db.h		GATT Database		
		r_ble_XXX.c		Profile API		
				XXX depends on the included profile name.		
		r_ble_XXX.h		Profile API		
				XXX depends on the included profile name		
ra	fsp	inc	api	BLE interface file r_ble_api.h rm_ble_abs_api.h		
			instances	Abstraction API(GAP) rm_ble_abs.h		
		lib	r_ble	BLE Protocol Stack See also section 1.3.		
		src	rm_ble_abs	Abstraction API(GAP) rm_ble_abs.c		
	aws	amazon-freertos		FeeRTOS kernel (Only FreeRTOS environment)		
	microsoft	azure-rtos		Azure RTOS kernel (Only Azure RTOS environment)		
ra_gen				RA configuration generated.		
ra_cfg	fsp_cfg	r_ble_cfg.h		Configuration option file		
		rm_ble_abs_cfg.h		Configuration option file		
		azure	tx/tx_user.h	Azure RTOS configuration (Only Azure RTOS environment)		
	aws	FreeRTOSConfig.h		FreeRTOS configuration (Only FreeRTOS environment)		
src		hal_entry.c		User code entry point. (BareMetal)		
		XXX_entry.c		User task creation. XXX depends on task name which defined by user. (Only RTOS environment)		
	***.C			User created C source codes		
		***.h		User created header files		



## **1.3 BLE protocol stack**

The Bluetooth protocol stack provides as static library. Customer can select "Extended", "Balance" and "Compact" type according to the supported BLE features. Supported BLE features of each type are shown in Table 3.

BLE Features	Library type		
	Extended	Balance	Compact
GAP role	Central,	Central,	Peripheral,
	Peripheral,	Peripheral,	Broadcaster
	Observer,	Observer,	
	Broadcaster	Broadcaster	
GATT role	Server,	Server,	Server,
	Client	Client	Client
LE 2M PHY	Yes	Yes	No
LE Coded PHY	Yes	Yes	No
LE Advertising Extensions	Yes	No	No
LE Channel Selection Algorithm #2	Yes	Yes	No
High Duty Cycle Non-Connectable Advertising	Yes	Yes	Yes
LE Secure Connections	Yes	Yes	Yes
Link Layer privacy	Yes	Yes	Yes
Link Layer Extended Scanner Filter policies	Yes	Yes	No
LE Data Packet Length Extension	Yes	Yes	Yes
LE L2CAP Connection Oriented Channel Support	Yes	No	No
Low Duty Cycle Directed Advertising	Yes	Yes	Yes
LE Link Layer Topology	Yes	Yes	No
LE Ping	Yes	Yes	Yes
32-bit UUID support in LE	Yes	Yes	Yes

#### Table 3. Features supported by each type of BLE Protocol Stack



## 2. How to use demo project

This chapter describes how to use demo project with this document.

#### 2.1 Operating environment

Table 4 shows the hardware requirements for building and debugging BLE software.

#### Table 4. Hardware requirements

Hardware	Description
Host PC	Windows® 10 PC with USB interface.
MCU Board	The MCU used must support BLE functions.
	EK-RA4W1 [RTK7EKA4W1S00000BJ]
On-chip debugging	The EK-RA4W1 has an on-board debugger (J-Link OB), therefore it is not
emulators	necessary to prepare an emulator.
E2 lite emulator	Needed if user wants to write device-specific data (refer to section 4.2) in
	custom board by using Renesas Flash Programmer.
USB cables	Used to connect to the MCU board.
	EK-RA4W1: 2 USB A-microB cable

Table 5 shows the software requirements for build and debug BLE software.

#### Table 5. Software requirements

Software		Version	Description			
GCC e <sup>2</sup> studio environment		2022-10	Integrated development environment (IDE) for Renesas devices.			
	GCC ARM Embedded	10.3-2021.10	C/C++ Compiler. (Download from e <sup>2</sup> studio installer)			
	Renesas Flexible V4.1.0 Software Package (FSP)		Software package for making applications for the RA microcontroller series.			
	QE for BLE[RA] V1.5.0		Generates the source codes (BLE base skeleton program) as a base for the BLE Application and the BLE Profile.			
	QE utility [RA]	V1.5.0	Install latest QE for BLE and QE utility by referring release note on following link.			
			https://www.renesas.com/us/en/software-tool/qe-ble- development-assistance-tool-bluetooth-low-energy			
	SEGGER J-Flash V7.80c		Tool for programming the on-chip flash memory of microcontrollers.			
Header files			All API calls and their supporting interface definitions located in r_ble_api.h and rm_ble_abs_api.h.			
Integer types			It uses ANSI C99 "Exact width integer types". These types are defined in stdint.h.			
Endian			Little endian			



## 2.2 Importing demo project

Demo project provided with this document may be imported into  $e^2$  studio using following steps in this section.

1. Select File  $\rightarrow$  Import.

۲	Му	ly Work - e² stu	dio			
File	E	Edit Source	Refactor	Navigate	Search	Project
	N	New			Alt+Shi	ft+N >
	0	Open File				
۵,	0	Open Projects fr	rom File Sy	/stem		
	R	Recent Files				>
	C	Close			Ct	rl+W
	C	Close All			Ctrl+Shi	it+W
	Sa	Save			C	trl+S
		Save As				
B	Sa	Save All			Ctrl+Sh	ift+S
	R	Revert				
	M	Nove				
	R	Rename				F2
68	R	Refresh				F5
	C	Convert Line De	limiters To			>
₽	P	Print			C	trl+P
è	In	mport	[	Import		
4		xport				
	P	Properties			Alt+	Enter
		Switch Workspa	ice.			>
		Restart				
		Exit				
		LAIL				

Figure 9. File menu

2. Select Existing Projects into Workspace and click Next button.

Figure 10. Select an import wizard



3. Select **Select archive file**, click **Browse...** button and select the demo project archive files. Click **Finish** button and the demo project is imported. Imported project include r01an5402.

Dimport	– 🗆 X
Import Projects Select a directory to search for existing Eclipse projects.	
○ Select root directory:         ● Select archive file:         C*My Work*ble_baremetal_ek_ra4w1.zip         Projects:         ✓ ble_baremetal_ek_ra4w1 (ble_baremetal_ek_ra4w1/)	Browse       Browse       Select All       Deselect All       Refresh
Options Search for nested projects Sopy projects into workspace Clase newly imported projects upon completion Hide projects that already exist in the workspace Working sets	
Add project to working sets Working sets	Ne <u>w</u>
? < <u>B</u> ack <u>Next</u> > <u>Finish</u>	h Cancel

Figure 11. Import Project

- 4. Open FSP configuration by selecting **Project**→**Open FSP configuration**.
- 5. Press Generate Project Content button and then source code of related peripheral driver will automatically generate.



As a result of import, following file structure will appear in e<sup>2</sup> studio project explorer.

Directory/Fi	le structure			Description
qe_gen	ble	discovery		Service discovery related APIs
		profile_cmn		Profile common APIs
		app_main.c		Main code
		gatt_db.c		GATT Database
		gatt_db.h		GATT Database
		r_ble_lss.c		Profile API
		r_ble_lss.h		Profile API
ra	fsp	Inc	api	BLE interface file r_ble_api.h rm_ble_abs_api.h
			instances	Abstraction API(GAP) rm_ble_abs.h
		lib	r_ble	BLE Protocol Stack (Extended type)
		src	rm_ble_abs	Abstraction API(GAP) rm_ble_abs.c
	aws	amazon-freertos		FreeRTOS kernel (Only FreeRTOS environment)
	microsoft	azure-rtos		Azure RTOS kernel (Only Azure RTOS environment)
ra_gen				RA configuration generated.
ra_cfg	fsp_cfg	r_ble_cfg.h		Configuration option file
		rm_ble_abs_cfg.h	l	Configuration option file
		azure	tx/tx_user.h	Azure RTOS configuration (Only Azure RTOS environment)
	aws	FreeRTOSConfig	.h	FreeRTOS configuration (Only FreeRTOS environment)
src		hal_entry.c		User code entry point. (BareMetal)
		ble_core_task_en	try.c	BLE task implementation (Only RTOS environment)
		lss_task.c		LED switch service task implementation (Only RTOS environment)
		task_function.h		LED switch service task header file (Only RTOS environment)
	app_lib	cli		CLI functionality provided by this demo project
		cmd		Commands of CLI provided by this project
		logger		Logger functionality provided by this demo project

# 2.3 Building and debugging

Refer to "e<sup>2</sup> studio Getting Started Guide (R20UT4204)".



## 2.4 Demo project behavior

#### 2.4.1 Preparation of demo

GATT Server demo projects can work by standalone. In case of making them work by standalone, refer to "EK-RA4W1 Quick Start Guide (R20QS0015)". GATT Client demo projects and GATT Server demo projects with CLI can accept commands received via r\_sci\_uart. User can handle the communication between PC and EK-RA4W1 the same as COM ports by the terminal emulator like Tera Term because EK-RA4W1 board equips the USB-Serial converter IC. Setting of the terminal software for these demo projects is following table.

New line (Receive)	LF
New line (Transmit)	CR
Terminal Mode	VT100
Baud rate	115200
Data bits	8bits
Parity	None
Stop bits	1bit
Flow control	None

#### Table 7. Setting of the terminal software

## 2.4.2 GATT Server projects behavior

GATT Server demo projects provided with this document will work as mentioned next. Refer to "EK-RA4W1 Quick Start Guide (R20QS0015)" for the details of the EK-RA4W1 and the GATT Browser.

- When powered ON EK-RA4W1 or user's custom board with the demo project programmed will start advertising.
- By scanning from remote device (e.g. smart phone with GATT browser), the remote device will detect EK-RA4W1 or user's custom board as "TEST\_RBLE" or "RBLE".



Figure 12. Scan result example

• When BLE connection is established between EK-RA4W1 or user's custom board and the remote device, EK-RA4W1 or user's custom board will stop advertising.



- The services and characteristics will be displayed after performing GATT service discovery from the remote device. This demo project includes following services.
  - LED Switch Service
- (UUID: 58831926-5F05-4267-AB01-B4968E8EFCE0)
- Switch State Characteristic (UUID: 58837F57-5F05-4267-AB01-B4968E8EFCE0)
- LED Blink Rate Characteristic (UUID: 5883C32F-5F05-4267-AB01-B4968E8EFCE0)

← Services	DISCONNECT
TEST_RBLE D0:48:00:79:00:35 Status: CONNECTED BONDED	<b>\U</b> 00 -66
Generic access Device Name Properties: Read Write	
Appearance Properties: Read	
Peripheral Preferred Connection Parameters Properties: Read	
Central Address Resolution Properties: Read	
Resolvable Private Address Only Properties: Read	
Generic attribute	
Service Changed Properties: Indicate	
58831926-5f05-4267-ab01-b4968e8efce0	
58837f57-5f05-4267-ab01-b4968e8efce0 Properties: Notify	
5883c32f-5f05-4267-ab01-b4968e8efce0 Properties: Read Write	

Figure 13. GATT Services

All included services are shown below. (WR : Write, RD : Read, IN : Indication, NT : Notification)

#### Table 8. GATT services

ATT Handle	ATT Type	Properties	ATT Values	Definition			
GAP Service							
0x0001	0x28,0x00	RD	0x00,0x18	GAP Service Declaration			
0x0002	0x28,0x03	RD	0x0A,0x03,0x00,0x00,0x2A	Device Name characteristic Declaration			
0x0003	0x00,0x2A	RD,WR	0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00	Device Name characteristic value			
0x0004	0x28,0x03	RD	0x02,0x05,0x00,0x01,0x2A	Appearance characteristic Declaration			
0x0005	0x01,0x2A	RD	0x00,0x00	Appearance characteristic value			
0x0006	0x28,0x03	RD	0x02,0x07,0x00,0x04,0x2A	Peripheral Preferred Connection Parameters characteristic Declaration			
0x0007	0x04,0x2A	RD	0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00	Peripheral Preferred Connection Parameters characteristic value			
0x0008	0x28,0x03	RD	0x02,0x09,0x00,0xA6,0x2A	Central Address Resolution characteristic Declaration			
0x0009	0xA6,0x2A	RD	0x00	Central Address Resolution characteristic value			
0x000A	0x28,0x03	RD	0x02,0x0B,0x00,0xC9,0x2A	Resolvable Private Address Only characteristic Declaration			
0x000B	0xC9,0x2A	RD	0x00	Resolvable Private Address Only characteristic value			
GATT Service	5						
0x000C	0x28,0x00	RD	0x01,0x18	GATT Service Declaration			
0x000D	0x28,0x03	RD	0x20,0x0E,0x00,0x05,0x2A	Service Changed characteristic Declaration			
0x000E	0x05,0x2A	IN	0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00	Service Changed characteristic value			
0x000F	0x02,0x29	RD,WR	0x00,0x00	Client Characteristic Configuration descriptor			
LED Switch S	Service(Custom Service	e)					
0x0010	0x28,0x00	RD	0xE0, 0xFC, 0x8E, 0x8E, 0x96, 0xB4, 0x01, 0xAB, 0x67, 0x42, 0x05, 0x5F, 0x26, 0x19, 0x83, 0x58	LED Switch Service(Custom Service) Declaration			
0x0011	0x28,0x03	RD	0xE0, 0xFC, 0x8E, 0x8E, 0x96, 0xB4, 0x01, 0xAB, 0x67, 0x42, 0x05, 0x5F, 0x57, 0x7F, 0x83, 0x58	Switch State characteristic Declaration			
0x0012	0xE0,0xFC,0x8E	NT	0x00	Switch State characteristic value			
0x0013	0x02,0x29	RD,WR	0x00,0x00	Client Characteristic Configuration descriptor			
0x0014	0x28,0x03	RD	0xE0, 0xFC, 0x8E, 0x8E, 0x96, 0xB4, 0x01, 0xAB, 0x67, 0x42, 0x05, 0x5F, 0x2F, 0xC3, 0x83, 0x58	LED Blink Rate characteristic Declaration			
0x0015	0xE0,0xFC,0x8E	RD,WR	0x00	LED Blink Rate characteristic value			



 If the LED Switch Service second parameter in the gs\_gatt\_service variable in the gatt\_db.c is set to BLE\_GATT\_DB\_SER\_SECURITY\_UNAUTH, the demo project will request pairing to access to the characteristic in the LED Switch Service.



Code 1. The security setting of the access to the LED Switch Service. (Necessary pairing case)



If the LED Switch Service second parameter in the gs\_gatt\_service variable in the gatt\_db.c is set **0** is set, the demo project will not request pairing.



Code 2. The security setting of the access to the LED Switch Service. (Not necessary pairing case)

- After enabling notification in the switch state characteristic, notification packet will send by pushing switch on EK-RA4W1 or user's custom board.
- LED on RA4W1 or user's custom board will blink according to numeric value which is written to the LED blink rate characteristic from the remote device. Note that the LED will turn off by writing 0x00 to the characteristic and remain on by writing 0xFF to the characteristic.
- When disconnected between EK-RA4W1 or user's custom board and the remote device, EK-RA4W1 or user's custom board will re-start advertising.



#### Figure 14 shows message sequence chart about behavior of demo projects accompanying this document.



Figure 14. Usage example for demo projects



#### 2.4.3 GATT Client demo projects behavior

GATT Client can perform various procedures in relation to GATT Client role by receiving commands via the terminal emulator. Some parts of following procedures can be also applied to GATT Server. Please refer to section 4.6. for details of each command.

#### (1) Scanning

GATT Client can start scanning procedure by following command. Then GATT Client can stop scanning procedure by Ctrl+C key input to terminal emulator.

\$ gap scan start	Start scanning
23:E2:1E:4B:DC:43 rnd ff 0000	
D8:22:30:CD:AE:48 rnd ff 0000	Scanning results are shown
23:E2:1E:4B:DC:43 rnd ff 0000	
D8:22:30:CD:AE:48 rnd ff 0000	
00:42:79:AA:AD:47 pub ff 0000	
<pre>\$ receive BLE_GAP_EVENT_SCAN_OFF result : 0x0000</pre>	Stop scanning by Ctrl+C key input

Figure 15. Scanning command and response

#### (2) Connection

GATT Client can try to create connection with GATT Server by following command.

\$ gap conn D8:22:30:CD:AE:48 rnd	Try to create connection					
receive BLE_GAP_EVENT_CONN_IND result : 0x0000						
gap: connected conn_hdl:0x0020, addr:D8:22:30:CD:AE:48 rnd	Succeeded creating connection					
\$ gap : BLE_GAP_EVENT_CONN_IND Handle = 0x20	Service discovery is started automatically					
Start Service Discovery						
receive BLE_GAP_EVENT_DATA_LEN_CHG result : 0x0000, conn_hdl : 0x0020						
tx_octets : 0x00fb						
tx_time : 0x0848						
rx_octets : 0x00fb						
rx_time : 0x0848						
receive BLE_GAP_EVENT_CONN_PARAM_UPD_COMP result : 0x0000, conn_hdl : 0x0020						
conn_intv : 0x0050						
conn_latency : 0x0000						
sup_to : 0x0c80						
Done Service Discovery conn_hdl = 0x0020						
Figure 16. Creating connection command and response						



## (3) Paring (Option)

GATT Client and GATT Server can start paring procedure with the device which it is connecting with by following command.

\$ gap auth start 0x0020	Start paring	
<pre>\$ receive BLE_GAP_EVENT_ENC_CHG result : 0x0000</pre>		
receive BLE_GAP_EVENT_PEER_KEY_INFO		
LTK : 3e5e57d29ffe876f1838c10ea47f2989		
receive BLE_GAP_EVENT_PAIRING_COMP result : 0x0000		
sec : 0x01, mode : 0x02, bond : 0x01, key_size : 0x10		

#### Figure 17. Paring command and response

#### (4) Disconnection

GATT Client and GATT Server can disconnect connection with the device which it is connecting with by following command.

\$ gap disconn 0x0020			Start disconnection
\$ receive BLE_GAP_EVENT_DISCONN_IND result : 0x0000			
gap: disconnected conn_hdl:0x0020, addr:D8:22:30:CD:AE:48 rnd, reason:0x16			

#### Figure 18. Disconnection command and response

#### (5) Entering Software Standby mode

GATT Client and GATT Server can enter Software Standby mode by receiving following command. Pressing SW1 on EK-RA4W1 board, when making EK-RA4W1 board exit from Software Standby mode.

\$ sys stby on		Enter Software Standby mode
NOTE: This console does not work during Software Standby Mode.		
To exit from the Software Standby Mode, please PUSH the SW1 on the board.		
\$		
Figure 19. Standby command and response		



#### (6) LED switch service

GATT Client enables receiving notifications from GATT Server by following command. Notifications can be sent by pressing SW on EK-RA4W1 board of GATT Server side. And GATT Client can write and read value LED blink rate of GATT Server by following commands. LED0 on EK-RA4W1 of GATT Server side blinks, turns on and off according to value written by GATT Client.



Figure 20. LED switch service commands and responses



## 3. Demo project implementation

This chapter describes demo project implementation.

## 3.1 BareMetal environment (Server)

BLE application implemented in app\_main.c. The app\_main.c includes initialization processing and implementation of the main loop.

Note: When using QE for BLE, the skeleton code of the app\_main.c is automatically generated.

#### 3.1.1 Entry point

Call *app\_main()* in hal\_entry.c as following.

```
void hal_entry(void) {
   /* TODO: add your own code here */
   app_main();
}
```

Code 3. Application entry point



#### 3.1.2 Main loop

The *app\_main()* includes initialization and main loop. Main loop of this demo project is following.

```
void app_main(void)
{
.....
    /* Initialize Low Power Module */
                                                                         MCU low Power driver initialization.
    g_lpm0.p_api->open(g_lpm0.p_ctrl, g_lpm0.p_cfg);
    /* Initialize BLE and profiles */
                                                              BLE module initialization.
    ble_init();
    R_BLE_CMD_SetResetCb((ble_event_cb_t)ble_init);
/* End user code. Do not edit comment generated here */
    /* main loop */
    while (1)
                           Main loop (Call R_BLE_Execute, Transition to MCU low power consumption state by lowPowerModeEnter)
    {
        /* Process BLE Event */
        R_BLE_Execute();
/* Hint: Input process that should be done during main loop such as calling processing functions */
/* Start user code for process during main loop. Do not edit comment generated here */
        /* Disable IRQ */
        __disable_irq();
        /* UART reception on-going ? */
        if (false != get_uart_reception())
        {
            set uart reception(false);
            __enable_irq();
        }
        else
        {
            /* UART transmission on-going ? Allow enter software standby by sys stby command ? */
            if (true != g_inhibit_software_standby && true != get_uart_transmission() && true != g_led_blink_active)
            {
                /* Check whether there are executable BLE task or not */
                if (0 != R_BLE_IsTaskFree())
                {
                     /* There are no executable BLE task */
                     /* Terminate Command line */
                    R_BLE_CLI_Terminate();
                                                                         Enter Software Standby mode
                    /* Enter low power mode */
                    g_lpm0.p_api->lowPowerModeEnter(g_lpm0.p_ctrl);
                    /* Enable interrupt for processing interrupt handler after wake up */
                    __enable_irq();
                     /* Resume Command line */
                    R_BLE_CLI_Init();
                }
                else
                {
                    /* There is BLE related task */
                      _enable_irq();
                }
            }
            else
                 _enable_irq();
        }
    /* Terminate BLE */
    RM_BLE_ABS_Close(&g_ble_abs0_ctrl);
}
```

Code 4. app\_main function

#### 3.1.3 Initialization process

The *ble\_init()* initializes the BLE module, and register callback function and GATT database. Initialization process of this demo project is following.

```
ble_status_t ble_init(void)
{
    ble_status_t status;
    fsp_err_t err;
    /* Initialize BLE */
                                                                       BLE module initialization (RM ABS BLE Open)
    err = RM_BLE_ABS_Open(&g_ble_abs0_ctrl, &g_ble_abs0_cfg);
    if (FSP SUCCESS != err)
    {
        return err;
    }
    /* Initialize GATT Database */
                                                               GATT database registration (R_BLE_GATTS_SetDbInst)
    status = R_BLE_GATTS_SetDbInst(&g_gatt_db_table);
                                                               Note: Code-generated when GATT role is set as whichever
                                                               Server and Client by QE for BLE.
    if (BLE_SUCCESS != status)
    {
        return BLE_ERR_INVALID_OPERATION;
    }
    /* Initialize GATT server */
                                          GATT Server function initialization (R_BLE_SERVS_Init)
    status = R_BLE_SERVS_Init();
                                          Note: Code-generated when GATT role is set as whichever Server and Client by QE
                                          for BLE.
    if (BLE_SUCCESS != status)
    {
        return BLE_ERR_INVALID_OPERATION;
    }
    /*Initialize GATT client */
                                           GATT Client function initialization (R_BLE_SERVC_Init)
    status = R_BLE_SERVC_Init();
                                           Note: Code-generated when GATT role is set as whichever Server and Client by
                                           QE for BLE.
    if (BLE_SUCCESS != status)
    {
        return BLE_ERR_INVALID_OPERATION;
    }
    /* Set Prepare Write Queue */
    R_BLE_GATTS_SetPrepareQueue(gs_queue, BLE_GATTS_QUEUE_NUM);
    /* Initialize LED Switch Service server API
                                                     Service initialization
    status = R_BLE_LSS_Init(lss_cb);
    if (BLE_SUCCESS != status)
    {
        return BLE_ERR_INVALID_OPERATION;
    }
    return status;
}
```

#### Code 5. Initialization

Note: When using QE for BLE, the source code of the *ble\_init()* function is automatically generated.



#### 3.1.4 Register callback function

Registration of callback function is required to execute processing according to event from each layer of BLE protocol stack. Table 9 shows the callback registration API for each layer of BLE protocol stack.

Function block	Callback registration API	Comment
GAP	RM_BLE_ABS_Open or R_BLE_GAP_Init	Registered callback function is called when receiving the result of <i>R_BLE_GAP_XXX</i> such as Advertising, Scan, Connection establishment and so on.
GATT Server (Profile common)	RM_BLE_ABS_Open or R_BLE_GATTS_RegisterCb	Registered callback function is called when accessed from GATT Client.
GATT Client (Profile common)	RM_BLE_ABS_Open or R_BLE_GATTC_RegisterCb	Registered callback function is called when accessed from GATT Server.
Service Discovery (Profile common)	R_BLE_DISC_Start	Registered callback function is called when completing Service Discovery.
Vendor Specific	RM_BLE_ABS_Open or R_BLE_VS_Init	Registered callback function is called when receiving the result of <i>R_BLE_VS_XXX</i> .
L2CAP	R_BLE_L2CAP_RegisterCfPsm	Registered callback function is called when receiving the result of <i>R_BLE_L2CAP_XXX</i> such as that the response of L2CAP Credit-Based Flow Control request is received. Note: Not code-generated by QE for BLE.
Server side profile API	<i>R_BLE_XXXS_Init</i> (XXX is Service name)	Registered callback function is called when accessed from Client.
Client side profile API	R_BLE_XXXC_Init (XXX is Service name)	Registered callback function is called when accessed from Server.

Note1: RM\_BLE\_ABS\_Open can register GAP, GATT Server, GATT Client, and VS callback functions for each layer.

Note2: "XXX" included in name of callback registration API is "LSS" in demo project.

Note3: Callback registration API which is not used in demo project is also listed for reference.

#### 3.1.5 Registering GATT database (R\_BLE\_GATTS\_SetDbInst)

When creating a GATT service application, QE for BLE generates a service database code in the following file.

- gatt\_db.c
- gatt\_db.h

This GATT database is registered by R\_BLE\_GATTS\_SetDbInst().



## 3.1.6 Main loop and scheduler (R\_BLE\_Execute)

BLE protocol stack include a scheduler to process R\_BLE API called by BLE application. Task to be performed are loaded to message queue in the scheduler when the API is called in BLE application. Call  $R_BLE_Execute()$  in main loop to start the scheduler and process the task in BLE protocol stack. Events that occur when a task is processed in BLE protocol stack are notified to callback function registered in section 3.1.4. Figure 21 shows typical sequence chart of BLE application.



Figure 21. Basic sequence chart of BLE Protocol Stack

Relationship between callback function and event from each layer describe from the next section.



#### 3.1.7 GAP event (gap\_cb function)

GAP callback function receives following events.

enum e\_ble\_gap\_evt\_t { BLE\_GAP\_EVENT\_INVALID = 0x1001, BLE\_GAP\_EVENT\_STACK\_ON, BLE\_GAP\_EVENT\_STACK\_OFF BLE\_GAP\_EVENT\_LOC\_VER\_INFO, BLE\_GAP\_EVENT\_HW\_ERR, BLE\_GAP\_EVENT\_CMD\_ERR = 0x1101, BLE\_GAP\_EVENT\_ADV\_REPT\_IND, BLE\_GAP\_EVENT\_ADV\_PARAM\_SET\_COMP, BLE\_GAP\_EVENT\_ADV\_DATA\_UPD\_COMP, BLE\_GAP\_EVENT\_ADV\_ON, BLE GAP EVENT ADV OFF BLE\_GAP\_EVENT\_PERD\_ADV\_PARAM\_SET\_COMP, BLE\_GAP\_EVENT\_PERD\_ADV\_ON, BLE\_GAP\_EVENT\_PERD\_ADV\_OFF; BLE\_GAP\_EVENT\_ADV\_SET\_REMOVE\_COMP, BLE\_GAP\_EVENT\_SCAN\_ON, BLE\_GAP\_EVENT\_SCAN\_OFF, BLE\_GAP\_EVENT\_SCAN\_TO, BLE\_GAP\_EVENT\_CREATE\_CONN\_COMP, BLE\_GAP\_EVENT\_CONN\_IND, BLE\_GAP\_EVENT\_DISCONN\_IND, BLE\_GAP\_EVENT\_CONN\_CANCEL\_COMP, BLE\_GAP\_EVENT\_WHITE\_LIST\_CONF\_COMP, BLE\_GAP\_EVENT\_RAND\_ADDR\_SET\_COMP, BLE\_GAP\_EVENT\_CH\_MAP\_RD\_COMP, BLE\_GAP\_EVENT\_CH\_MAP\_SET\_COMP, BLE\_GAP\_EVENT\_RSSI\_RD\_COMP, BLE\_GAP\_EVENT\_GET\_REM\_DEV\_INFO, BLE\_GAP\_EVENT\_CONN\_PARAM\_UPD\_COMP, BLE\_GAP\_EVENT\_CONN\_PARAM\_UPD\_REQ, BLE\_GAP\_EVENT\_AUTH\_PL\_TO\_EXPIRED, BLE\_GAP\_EVENT\_SET\_DATA\_LEN\_COMP, BLE\_GAP\_EVENT\_DATA\_LEN\_CHG, BLE\_GAP\_EVENT\_RSLV\_LIST\_CONF\_COMP, BLE\_GAP\_EVENT\_RPA\_EN\_COMP, BLE\_GAP\_EVENT\_SET\_RPA\_TO\_COMP, BLE\_GAP\_EVENT\_RD\_RPA\_COMP, BLE\_GAP\_EVENT\_PHY\_UPD, BLE\_GAP\_EVENT\_PHY\_SET\_COMP, BLE\_GAP\_EVENT\_DEF\_PHY\_SET\_COMP, BLE\_GAP\_EVENT\_PHY\_RD\_COMP, BLE\_GAP\_EVENT\_SCAN\_REQ\_RECV, BLE\_GAP\_EVENT\_CREATE\_SYNC\_COMP, BLE\_GAP\_EVENT\_SYNC\_EST, BLE\_GAP\_EVENT\_SYNC\_TERM, BLE\_GAP\_EVENT\_SYNC\_LOST, BLE\_GAP\_EVENT\_SYNC\_CREATE\_CANCEL\_COMP, BLE\_GAP\_EVENT\_PERD\_LIST\_CONF\_COMP, BLE\_GAP\_EVENT\_PRIV\_MODE\_SET\_COMP,
BLE\_GAP\_EVENT\_PAIRING\_REQ = 0x1401, BLE\_GAP\_EVENT\_PASSKEY\_ENTRY\_REQ, BLE\_GAP\_EVENT\_PASSKEY\_DISPLAY\_REQ, BLE\_GAP\_EVENT\_NUM\_COMP\_REQ, BLE\_GAP\_EVENT\_KEY\_PRESS\_NTF, BLE\_GAP\_EVENT\_PAIRING\_COMP, BLE\_GAP\_EVENT\_ENC\_CHG, BLE\_GAP\_EVENT\_PEER\_KEY\_INFO, BLE\_GAP\_EVENT\_EX\_KEY\_REQ, BLE\_GAP\_EVENT\_LTK\_REQ, BLE\_GAP\_EVENT\_LTK\_RSP\_COMP, BLE\_GAP\_EVENT\_SC\_OOB\_CREATE\_COMP

Code 6. GAP event



Reception condition of the frequently occurring events are shown below.

#### Table 10. Frequently use event of GAP callback

Event	Reception condition
BLE_GAP_EVENT_STACK_ON(0x1001)	Complete R_BLE_GAP_Init
BLE_GAP_EVENT_ADV_PARAM_SET_COMP(0x1003)	Complete R_BLE_GAP_SetAdvParam
BLE_GAP_EVENT_ADV_DATA_UPD_COMP (0x1004)	Complete R_BLE_GAP_SetAdvSresData
BLE_GAP_EVENT_ADV_ON (0x1005)	Start Advertising
BLE_GAP_EVENT_ADV_OFF (0x1006)	End Advertising
BLE_GAP_EVENT_ADV_REPT_IND (0x1102)	Received advertising report
BLE_GAP_EVENT_SCAN_ON (0x1111)	Start Scan
BLE_GAP_EVENT_SCAN_OFF (0x1112)	End Scan
BLE_GAP_EVENT_CONN_IND (0x1115)	Start Connection
BLE_GAP_EVENT_CONN_IND (0x1115)	End Connection
BLE_GAP_EVENT_DISCONN_IND (0x1116)	End Disconnection

GAP callback function in this demo project is following.

<pre>void gap_cb(uint16_t type, ble_status_t result, st_ble_evt_data_t *p_data) {</pre>		
ا /* Hint: Input common process of callback function such as variable definitions */ /* Start user code for GAP callback function common process. Do not edit comment generated here */		
<pre>R_BLE_CMD_AbsGapCb(type, result, p_data);</pre>	In this demo project, many parts of processing when receiving events are also implemented in	
<pre>/* End user code. Do not edit comment generated here */</pre>	R_BLE_CMD_AbsGapCb().	
<pre>switch(type) {</pre>	Complete GAP initialization	
case BLE_GAP_EVENT_STACK_ON:		
{     R_BLE_CLI_Printf("gap : BLE_GAP_EVENT_STACK_ON \n");		
<pre>/* Get BD address for Advertising */</pre>	Get BD address	
<pre>/* Get BD address for Advertising */     R_BLE_VS_GetBdAddr(BLE_VS_ADDR_AREA_REG, BLE_GAP_ADDR_RAND); } break;</pre>		
<pre>case BLE_GAP_EVENT_CONN_IND: {</pre>	Connection complete	
} break;		
<pre>case BLE_GAP_EVENT_DISCONN_IND: {</pre>	Disconnection has happened	
} break;		
<pre>case BLE_GAP_EVENT_CONN_PARAM_UPD_REQ: {</pre>	Connection parameter request come from client	
} break;		
<pre>/* Hint: Add cases of GAP event macros defined as BLE_GAP_XXX */ /* Start user code for GAP callback function event process. Do not edit comment generated here */ /* End user code. Do not edit comment generated here */ } </pre>		

#### Code 7. GAP callback function

QE for BLE generates skeleton code for GAP callback function. User can add their own code into the skeleton code.


### 3.1.8 GATTS event (gatts\_cb function)

GATT server (GATTS) callback function receives following events.

enum e_r_ble_gatts_evt_t {
<pre>BLE_GATTS_EVENT_EX_MTU_REQ = 0x3002,</pre>
<pre>BLE_GATTS_EVENT_READ_BY_TYPE_RSP_COMP = 0x3009,</pre>
<pre>BLE_GATTS_EVENT_READ_RSP_COMP = 0x300B,</pre>
<pre>BLE_GATTS_EVENT_READ_BLOB_RSP_COMP = 0x300D,</pre>
<pre>BLE_GATTS_EVENT_READ_MULTI_RSP_COMP = 0x300F,</pre>
<pre>BLE_GATTS_EVENT_WRITE_RSP_COMP = 0x3013,</pre>
<pre>BLE_GATTS_EVENT_PREPARE_WRITE_RSP_COMP = 0x3017,</pre>
<pre>BLE_GATTS_EVENT_EXE_WRITE_RSP_COMP = 0x3019,</pre>
<pre>BLE_GATTS_EVENT_HDL_VAL_CNF = 0x301E,</pre>
<pre>BLE_GATTS_EVENT_DB_ACCESS_IND = 0x3040,</pre>
<pre>BLE_GATTS_EVENT_CONN_IND = 0x3081,</pre>
<pre>BLE_GATTS_EVENT_DISCONN_IND = 0x3082,</pre>
<pre>BLE_GATTS_EVENT_INVALID = 0x30FF</pre>
}

#### Code 8. GATTS event

Reception condition of frequently occurring events is shown below.

Table 11. Frequently use events of GATTS callback

Event	Reception condition
BLE_GATTS_EVENT_CONN_IND(0x3081)	Establish Connection
BLE_GATTS_EVENT_EX_MTU_REQ(0x3002)	Changing MTU is requested from GATT Client after Connection
BLE_GATTS_EVENT_DB_ACCESS_IND(0x3040)	Accessed to GATT database
BLE_GATTS_EVENT_READ_BY_TYPE_RSP_COMP(0x3009)	Complete sending Read By Type Response
BLE_GATTS_EVENT_WRITE_RSP_COMP(0x3013)	Complete sending Write Response
BLE_GATTS_EVENT_HDL_VAL_CNF(0x301E)	Complete receiving Confirmation from GATT Client
BLE_GATTS_EVENT_DISCONN_IND(0x3082)	End Disconnection

GATTS callback function in this demo project is following.

```
void gatts_cb(uint16_t type, ble_status_t result, st_ble_gatts_evt_data_t *p_data)
{
    /* Hint: Input common process of callback function such as variable definitions */
    /* Start user code for GATT Server callback function common process. Do not edit comment generated here */
    /* End user code. Do not edit comment generated here */
    R_BLE_SERVS_GattsCb(type, result, p_data);
    switch(type)
    {
        /* Hint: Add cases of GATT Server event macros defined as BLE_GATTS_XXX */
        /* Start user code for GATT Server callback function event process. Do not edit comment generated here */
        /* End user code for GATT Server event macros defined as BLE_GATTS_XXX */
        /* Start user code for GATT Server callback function event process. Do not edit comment generated here */
        /* End user code. Do not edit comment generated here */
        /* Start user code. Do not edit comment generated here */
        /* Start user code. Do not edit comment generated here */
        /* Start user code. Do not edit comment generated here */
        /* Start user code. Do not edit comment generated here */
        /* End user code. Do not edit comment generated here */
        }
    }
}
```

#### Code 9. GATTS callback function

QE for BLE generates skeleton code for GATTS callback function. User can add their own code into the skeleton code.



# 3.1.9 GATTC event (gattc\_cb function)

GATT client (GATTC) callback function receives following events.

r.		
		e_r_ble_gattc_evt_t {
		_GATTC_EVENT_ERROR_RSP = 0x4001,
	BLE	_GATTC_EVENT_EX_MTU_RSP = 0x4003,
	BLE	_GATTC_EVENT_CHAR_READ_BY_UUID_RSP = 0x4009,
	BLE	_GATTC_EVENT_CHAR_READ_RSP = 0x400B,
	BLE	_GATTC_EVENT_CHAR_PART_READ_RSP = 0x400D,
	BLE	_GATTC_EVENT_MULTI_CHAR_READ_RSP = 0x400F,
	BLE	_GATTC_EVENT_CHAR_WRITE_RSP = 0x4013,
	BLE	_GATTC_EVENT_CHAR_PART_WRITE_RSP = 0x4017,
	BLE	_GATTC_EVENT_HDL_VAL_NTF = 0x401B,
	BLE	_GATTC_EVENT_HDL_VAL_IND = 0x401D,
	BLE	_GATTC_EVENT_CONN_IND = 0x4081,
	BLE	_GATTC_EVENT_DISCONN_IND = 0x4082,
	BLE	_GATTC_EVENT_PRIM_SERV_16_DISC_IND = 0x40E0,
	BLE	_GATTC_EVENT_PRIM_SERV_128_DISC_IND = 0x40E1,
	BLE	_GATTC_EVENT_ALL_PRIM_SERV_DISC_COMP = 0x40E2,
	BLE	_GATTC_EVENT_PRIM_SERV_DISC_COMP = 0x40E3,
	BLE	_GATTC_EVENT_SECOND_SERV_16_DISC_IND = 0x40E4,
	BLE	_GATTC_EVENT_SECOND_SERV_128_DISC_IND = 0x40E5,
	BLE	_GATTC_EVENT_ALL_SECOND_SERV_DISC_COMP = 0x40E6,
	BLE	_GATTC_EVENT_INC_SERV_16_DISC_IND = 0x40E7,
	BLE	_GATTC_EVENT_INC_SERV_128_DISC_IND = 0x40E8,
	BLE	_GATTC_EVENT_INC_SERV_DISC_COMP = 0x40E9,
	BLE	_GATTC_EVENT_CHAR_16_DISC_IND = 0x40EA,
	BLE	_GATTC_EVENT_CHAR_128_DISC_IND = 0x40EB,
	BLE	_GATTC_EVENT_ALL_CHAR_DISC_COMP = 0x40EC,
	BLE	_GATTC_EVENT_CHAR_DISC_COMP = 0x40ED,
	BLE	_GATTC_EVENT_CHAR_DESC_16_DISC_IND = 0x40EE,
	BLE	_GATTC_EVENT_CHAR_DESC_128_DISC_IND = 0x40EF,
	BLE	_GATTC_EVENT_ALL_CHAR_DESC_DISC_COMP = 0x40F0,
	BLE	_GATTC_EVENT_LONG_CHAR_READ_COMP = 0x40F1,
	BLE	_GATTC_EVENT_LONG_CHAR_WRITE_COMP = 0x40F2,
	BLE	_GATTC_EVENT_RELIABLE_WRITES_TX_COMP = 0x40F3,
	BLE	_GATTC_EVENT_RELIABLE_WRITES_COMP = 0x40F4,
	BLE	_GATTC_EVENT_INVALID = 0x40FF
	}	

Code 10. GATTC event

Reception condition of frequently occurring events is shown below.

#### Table 12. Frequently use events of GATTC callback

Event	Reception condition
BLE_GATTC_EVENT_CONN_IND(0x4081)	Establish Connection
	Request Changing MTU to GATT Server after Connection and
BLE_GATTC_EVENT_EX_MTU_RSP(0x4003)	receive normal response
BLE_GATTC_EVENT_ERROR_RSP(0x4001)	Receive error response from GATT Server
BLE_GATTC_EVENT_HDL_VAL_NTF(0x401B)	Complete receiving Notification
BLE_GATTC_EVENT_HDL_VAL_IND(0x401D)	Complete receiving Indication
BLE_GATTC_EVENT_DISCONN_IND(0x4082)	End Disconnection



GATTC callback function is following.

```
void gattc_cb(uint16_t type, ble_status_t result, st_ble_gattc_evt_data_t *p_data)
{
    /* Hint: Input common process of callback function such as variable definitions */
    /* Start user code for GATT Client callback function common process. Do not edit comment generated here */
    /* End user code. Do not edit comment generated here */
    R_BLE_SERVC_GattcCb(type, result, p_data);
    switch(type)
    {
    /* Hint: Add cases of GATT Client event macros defined as BLE_GATTC_XXX */
    /* Start user code for GATT Client callback function event process. Do not edit comment generated here */
    /* End user code for GATT Client callback function event process. Do not edit comment generated here */
    /* End user code. Do not edit comment generated here */
    /* Start user code for GATT Client callback function event process. Do not edit comment generated here */
    /* End user code. Do not edit comment generated here */
    }
}
```

Code 11. GATTC callback function

QE for BLE generates skeleton code for GATTC callback function. User can add their own code into the skeleton code.



### 3.1.10 VS event (vs\_cb function)

Vender specific (VS) callback function receives following events.

enum  e_r_ble_vs_evt_t {
<pre>BLE_VS_EVENT_SET_TX_POWER = 0x8001,</pre>
<pre>BLE_VS_EVENT_GET_TX_POWER = 0x8002,</pre>
<pre>BLE_VS_EVENT_TX_TEST_START = 0x8003,</pre>
<pre>BLE_VS_EVENT_TX_TEST_TERM = 0x8004,</pre>
<pre>BLE_VS_EVENT_RX_TEST_START = 0x8005,</pre>
<pre>BLE_VS_EVENT_TEST_END = 0x8006,</pre>
<pre>BLE_VS_EVENT_SET_CODING_SCHEME_COMP = 0x8007,</pre>
<pre>BLE_VS_EVENT_RF_CONTROL_COMP = 0x8008,</pre>
<pre>BLE_VS_EVENT_SET_ADDR_COMP = 0x8009,</pre>
<pre>BLE_VS_EVENT_GET_ADDR_COMP = 0x800A,</pre>
<pre>BLE_VS_EVENT_GET_RAND = 0x800B,</pre>
<pre>BLE_VS_EVENT_TX_FLOW_STATE_CHG = 0x800C,</pre>
<pre>BLE_VS_EVENT_FAIL_DETECT = 0x800D,</pre>
<pre>BLE_VS_EVENT_SET_SCAN_CH_MAP = 0x800E,</pre>
<pre>BLE_VS_EVENT_GET_SCAN_CH_MAP = 0x800F,</pre>
<pre>BLE_VS_EVENT_INVALID = 0x80FF</pre>
}

#### Code 12. VS event

Reception condition of frequently occurring events are shown below.

#### Table 13. Frequently use events of VS callback

Event	Reception condition
BLE_VS_EVENT_SET_TX_POWER(0x8001)	Complete R_BLE_VS_SetTxPower
BLE_VS_EVENT_GET_TX_POWER(0x8002)	Complete R_BLE_VS_GetTxPower
BLE_VS_EVENT_SET_ADDR_COMP(0x8009)	Complete R_BLE_VS_SetBdAddr
BLE_VS_EVENT_GET_ADDR_COMP(0x800A)	Complete R_BLE_VS_GetBdAddr

VS callback function in this demo project is following.

<pre>void vs_cb(uint16_t type, ble_status_t result, st_ble_vs_evt_data_t *p_data) {     /* Hint: Input common process of callback function such as variable definitions */     /* Start user code for vender specific callback function common process. Do not edit comment generated here */</pre>		
R_BLE_CMD_VsCb(type, result, p_data); /* End user code. Do not edit comment generated here */	In this demo project, many parts of processing when receiving events are also implemented in R_BLE_CMD_VsCb().	
R_BLE_SERVS_VsCb(type, result, p_data); switch(type) { case BLE VS EVENT GET ADDR COMP:		
{	Get BD address event	
<pre>RM_BLE_ABS_StartLegacyAdvertising(&amp;g_ble_abs0_ctrl, &amp;g_ble_advertising_parameter); } break;</pre>		
<pre>/* Hint: Add cases of vender specific event macros defined as BLE_VS_XXX */ /* Start user code for vender specific callback function event process. Do not edit comment generated here */ /* End user code. Do not edit comment generated here */ }</pre>		
Code 12 VS collback function		

#### Code 13. VS callback function

QE for BLE generates skeleton code for VS callback function. User can add their own code into the skeleton code.



### 3.1.11 Server-side Profile API event ([service\_name]s\_cb function)

Callback function of the server side Profile API receives following events.

```
enum e_ble_servs_event_t {
    BLE_SERVS_WRITE_REQ = 0x00,
    BLE_SERVS_WRITE_CMD = 0x01,
    BLE_SERVS_WRITE_COMP = 0x02,
    BLE_SERVS_READ_REQ = 0x03,
    BLE_SERVS_HDL_VAL_CNF = 0x04
}
enum e_ble_[service name]s_event_t {
    BLE_[service name]S_EVENT_[characteristic name]_WRITE_REQ = 0xXX00,
    BLE_[service name]S_EVENT_[characteristic name]_WRITE_CMD= 0xXX01,
    BLE_[service name]S_EVENT_[characteristic name]_WRITE_COMP = 0xXX02,
    BLE_[service name]S_EVENT_[characteristic name]_READ_REQ = 0xXX03,
    BLE_[service name]S_EVENT_[characteristic name]_HDL_VAL_CNF = 0xXX04,
    BLE_[service name]S_EVENT_[characteristic name]_HDL_VAL_CNF = 0xXX04,
    BLE_[service name]S_EVENT_[characteristic name]_[descriptor name]_WRITE_REQ = 0xYY00,
    BLE_[service name]S_EVENT_[characteristic name]_[descriptor name]_READ_REQ = 0xYY00,
    BLE_[service name]S_EVENT_[characteristic name]_[descriptor name]_READ_REQ = 0xYY03,
    :
    :
    }
}
```

#### Code 14. Server-side Profile API event

Note1: The 10th to 15th bits are serial numbers that distinguish attributes (characteristics and descriptors). XX and YY are 00, 04, 08, 10, ..., FC.

Note2: [service name] is "LS" in this demo project.

Reception condition of frequently occurring events are shown below.

#### Table 14. Frequently use events of Profile Server callback

Event	Reception condition
XXX_WRITE_REQ (0xXXX0)	Complete receiving Write Request
XXX_WRITE_CMD (0xXXX1)	Complete receiving Write Without Response
XXX_WRITE_COMP (0xXXX2)	Complete sending Write Response
XXX_READ_REQ (0xXXX3)	Complete receiving Read Request
XXX_HDL_VAL_CNF (0xXXX4)	Complete receiving Confirmation

Note3: "XXX" is "LSS" in this demo project.



Callback function of server side profile API in this demo project is following.



Code 15. Profile Server callback function

QE for BLE generates skeleton code for Profile Server callback function. User can add their own code into the skeleton code.



### 3.1.12 L2CAP event

L2CAP callback function receives following events.

```
enum e_r_ble_l2cap_cf_evt_t {
  BLE_L2CAP_EVENT_CF_CONN_CNF = 0x5001,
  BLE_L2CAP_EVENT_CF_CONN_IND = 0x5002,
  BLE_L2CAP_EVENT_CF_DISCONN_CNF = 0x5003,
  BLE_L2CAP_EVENT_CF_DISCONN_IND = 0x5004,
  BLE_L2CAP_EVENT_CF_RX_DATA_IND = 0x5005,
  BLE_L2CAP_EVENT_CF_L0W_RX_CRD_IND = 0x5006,
  BLE_L2CAP_EVENT_CF_TX_CRD_IND = 0x5007,
  BLE_L2CAP_EVENT_CF_TX_DATA_CNF = 0x5008,
  BLE_L2CAP_EVENT_CMD_REJ = 0x5009
```

#### Code 16. L2CAP event

L2CAP callback function is following.

```
static void l2cap_cb(uint16_t type, ble_status_t result, st_ble_l2cap_cf_evt_data_t *p_data)
{
    switch (type)
    {
        Note: Add processing when an event is received here.
    }
}
```

#### Code 17. L2CAP callback function

QE for BLE does not generate skeleton code for L2CAP callback function. Users have to define / implement L2CAP callback function and register it by using *R\_BLE\_L2CAP\_RegisterCfPsm()* at *app\_main()* when user needs to use l2cap function.



#### 3.1.13 Event notification and exiting from Software Standby mode

Event notification can be added to scheduler in BLE application by using  $R\_BLE\_SetEvent()$  API. If an event has occurred, the corresponding callback function will execute at the next call of the  $R\_BLE\_Execute()$ . The  $R\_BLE\_Set\_Event()$  API should be used address the following cases.

- To perform time-consuming application processing within an interrupt service routine.
- To control program flow of a function which cannot be executed from an interrupt service routine.

Event notification use case in this document is following.



Code 18. Event notification

In above use case, BLE module will send notification to remote device when the user operates tactile switch which connected with RA4W1 GPIO.

In this demo project, IRQ4 assigned SW1 on EK-RA4W1 is designated as Wakeup Source of Low Power Module. When SW1 on EK-RA4W1 under Software Standby mode is pressed, Software Standby mode is exited then *Callback\_ble\_sw\_irq()* function is executed because it is registered as callback function of IRQ4 interrupt.

#### 3.1.14 CLI (Command Line Interface)

This demo project provides the functionality of CLI (Command Line Interface). CLI can be access with the terminal emulator like Tera Term on PC connecting EK-RA4W1 board via USB cable. Each command of CLI is registered to gsp\_cmds structure in app\_main.c like following. User defined commands can be added to gsp\_cmds structure by the same scheme depending on the necessity. Refer to section 4.6.6 when user wants to create new command.

```
/* CommandLine parameters */
static const st_ble_cli_cmd_t * const gsp_cmds[] =
{
     &g_abs_cmd,
     &g_vs_cmd,
     &g_sys_cmd,
     &g_ble_cmd
};
```

Code 19. gsp\_cmds



CLI is initialized by the following procedure in *app\_main()* function in app\_main.c.

```
void app_main(void)
{
    /* Initialize BLE and profiles */
   ble_init();
/* Hint: Input process that should be done before main loop such as calling initial function or
  variable definitions */
/* Start user code for process before main loop. Do not edit comment generated here */
    /* Configure CommandLine */
   R_BLE_CLI_Init();
   R_BLE_CLI_RegisterCmds(gsp_cmds, sizeof(gsp_cmds)/sizeof(gsp_cmds[0]));
   R_BLE_CLI_RegisterEventCb(NULL);
   R_BLE_CMD_SetResetCb((ble_event_cb_t)ble_init);
/* End user code. Do not edit comment generated here */
    /* main loop */
   while (1)
    {.....
```

#### Code 20. Initialization of CLI

The processing of CLI is executed by *R\_BLE\_CLI\_Process()* API in main loop in app\_main.c.

```
/* main loop */
while (1)
{
    /* Process BLE Event */
    R_BLE_Execute();
    /* Hint: Input process that should be done during main loop such as calling processing functions */
/* Start user code for process during main loop. Do not edit comment generated here */
    /* Process Command Line */
    R_BLE_CLI_Process();
    /* End user code. Do not edit comment generated here */
```

Code 21. Executing the processing of CLI

The processing of the event occurred as a result of calling  $R\_BLE\_CLI\_Process()$  API is described as shown in the top part of Code 7 (The description of calling  $R\_BLE\_CMD\_^{****}$  API).



### 3.2 FreeRTOS environment (Server, EventGroup as Synchronization Type case)

In case of selected *Event Group* as *Synchronization Type* property of *BLE Driver* FSP module, BLE application is divided it into two or more tasks, BLE Core Task and GATT application tasks. BLE Core Task performs initialization and BLE related processing except GATT related event processing. The BLE Core task should be highest priority. In this demo project, BLE Core Task implemented in app\_main.c and GATT application task (LED switch service) implemented in Iss\_task.c. This section describes BLE related task creation, task switching between BLE related task and implementation each task in following sections.



Figure 22. Software structure (FreeRTOS, EventGroup as Synchronization Type case)

Note1: When using QE for BLE, source code of the app\_main function is automatically generated.

Note2: QE for BLE does not generate source code of the lss\_task. User needs to define and the functionality for the lss\_task.c. The user may this document and sample code for reference.



# 3.2.1 Create / delete task

#### Include ble\_core\_task.h

Add the description of including "ble\_core\_task.h" as following to app\_main.c.

#### Code 22. app\_main.c

#### BLE Core task

Initialization and main loop of BLE core task included in *app\_main()*. Call the *app\_main()* in ble\_core\_task\_entry.c as following.

```
void ble_core_task_entry(void *pvParameters)
{
    FSP_PARAMETER_NOT_USED (pvParameters);
    /* TODO: add your own code here */
    app_main();
    while (1)
    {
        vTaskDelay (1000 / portTICK_PERIOD_MS);
    }
}
```

Code 23. app\_main entry point



#### • GATT application task

GATT server event processing of GATT application task included in *lss\_task\_entry()*. The GATT application task is created when remote device connects to the RA4W1. And the task is deleted when the remote device disconnects from the RA4W1. This task creation/deletion is performed by GATT server callback function (gatts\_cb) in app\_main.c.

```
void gatts cb(uint16 t type, ble status t result, st ble gatts evt data t *p data)
/* Hint: Input common process of callback function such as variable definitions */
/* Start user code for GATT Server callback function common process. Do not edit comment generated here */
/* End user code. Do not edit comment generated here */
    R_BLE_SERVS_GattsCb(type, result, p_data);
    switch(type)
/* Hint: Add cases of GATT Server event macros defined as BLE_GATTS_XXX */
/* Start user code for GATT Server callback function event process. Do not edit comment generated here */
        case BLE_GATTS_EVENT_CONN_IND:
                                                              Create GATT application task.
        ł
            /* task create */
            xTaskCreate(lss_task_entry, "lss_task", 128, &g_conn_hdl, 4, &g_lss_task);
        }break;
        case BLE_GATTS_EVENT_DISCONN_IND:
                                                              Delete GATT application task.
        {
            /* Delete Task */
            delete_lss_task_rsrc();
        }break;
        default:
            /* Do Nothing */
            break;
/* End user code. Do not edit comment generated here */
    }
```





#### 3.2.2 Task switching between BLE core task and GATT application task

If event notified by scheduler, part of the BLE protocol stack, is an event for GATT application task, BLE core task activates GATT application task and provides a notification of the event by using event group setting and cleaning technique. In this demo project, event group bit defined in task\_functon.h as following.

#### Table 15. Defined event group bit

Macro name (Value)	Usage
LSS_WAIT_EN_CCCD (0x0001)	Enable CCCD in LED Switch Service
LSS_WAIT_DIS_CCCD (0x0002)	Disable CCCD in LED Switch Service
LSS_WAIT_PUSH_SW (0x0004)	Notify push switch
LSS_WAIT_WR_BLINK (0x0008)	Change LED blink rate

Function which sets event group bit need to implement by the user. The function in this demo project is as follows.

<pre>void set_lss_event(EventBits_t uxBitsToSet) {</pre>	
<pre>R_BLE_LSS_GetSwitchStateCliCnfg(gs_conn_hdl, &amp;cccd);</pre>	
<pre>switch(uxBitsToSet) {     case LSS_WAIT_EN_CCCD:         xEventGroupClearBits(xLssEvent, (LSS_WAIT_DIS_CCC         xEventGroupSetBits(xLssEvent, uxBitsToSet);         break;</pre>	Enable CCCD in LED Switch Service
case LSS_WAIT_DIS_CCCD:	Disable CCCD in LED Switch Service
<pre>uxBitsToSet = LSS_WAIT_DIS_CCCD; xEventGroupClearBits(xLssEvent, (LSS_WAIT_EN_CCCD xEventGroupSetBits(xLssEvent, uxBitsToSet); break;</pre>	D   LSS_WAIT_PUSH_SW));
case LSS_WAIT_PUSH_SW:	Notify push switch
<pre>if(BLE_GATTS_CLI_CNFG_NOTIFICATION == cccd) {</pre>	
case LSS_WAIT_WR_BLINK:	Change LED blink rate
<pre>xEventGroupSetBits(xLssEvent, uxBitsToSet); break;</pre>	
}	

Code 25. Set event group bit



#### 3.2.3 Main loop of BLE core task

The *app\_main()* includes initialization and main loop of BLE Core task. The program flow of this demo project is following.

```
void app_main(void)
{
.....
    /* Create Event Group */
    g_ble_event_group_handle = (void *)xEventGroupCreate();
    assert(g_ble_event_group_handle);
                                                                   Create event group for transition task status.
    /* Initialize BLE and profiles */
                                                                   BLE module initialization.
    ble_init();
/* Hint: Input process that should be done before main loop such as calling initial function or variable
definitions */
/* Start user code for process before main loop. Do not edit comment generated here */
    R_BLE_CMD_SetResetCb((ble_event_cb_t)ble_init);
/* End user code. Do not edit comment generated here */
    /* main loop */
    while (1)
    {
        /* Process BLE Event */
                                        Main loop (Call R_BLE_Execute, Transition to Block state by xEventGroupWaitBits)
        R_BLE_Execute();
        if(0 != R_BLE_IsTaskFree())
        {
             /* If the BLE Task has no operation to be processed, it transits block state until the event from
               RF transciever occurs. */
            xEventGroupWaitBits((EventGroupHandle_t)g_ble_event_group_handle,
                                 (EventBits_t)BLE_EVENT_PATTERN,
                                 pdTRUE,
                                 pdFALSE,
                                 portMAX_DELAY);
        }
.....
    }
    /* Terminate BLE */
    RM_BLE_ABS_Close(&g_ble_abs0_ctrl);
}
```

Code 26. app\_main function



### 3.2.4 Main loop of GATT application task

The *lss\_task\_entry()* includes main loop of GATT application task. The program flow of this demo project is following.

```
void lss_task_entry(void *pvParameters)
{
    ble_status_t retval;
    uint8_t push_state;
    EventBits_t event;
                                                                   Store connection handle
    gs_conn_hdl = *(uint16_t *)pvParameters;
    xLssEvent = xEventGroupCreate();
                                                                   Create event group for transition task status.
    xBlinkTimerHdl = xTimerCreate("Blink" , 1000, pdTRUE , 0, blink_timer_cb);
    R_BLE_LSS_GetSwitchStateCliCnfg(gs_conn_hdl, &cccd);
    if(BLE_GATTS_CLI_CNFG_INDICATION != cccd)
    {
        cccd = BLE_GATTS_CLI_CNFG_DEFAULT;
    }
    wait_event = LSS_WAIT_EN_CCCD | LSS_WAIT_DIS_CCCD | LSS_WAIT_WR_BLINK | LSS_WAIT_PUSH_SW;
    while (1)
    {
        event = xEventGroupWaitBits(
                                                                  Wait for event from BLE core task
                                      xLssEvent,
                                      wait_event,
                                      pdTRUE,
                                      pdFALSE,
                                      portMAX_DELAY);
        if(LSS_WAIT_EN_CCCD & event)
                                                                  Wait for enable CCCD event from BLE core task
        {
        }
        else if(LSS_WAIT_DIS_CCCD & event)
                                                                  Wait for disable CCCD event from BLE core task
        {
        }
        else if((LSS_WAIT_PUSH_SW & event) && (BLE_GATTS_CLI_CNFG_NOTIFICATION == cccd))
        {
                                                                  Wait for push switch event from BLE core task
        }
        else if(LSS_WAIT_WR_BLINK & event)
                                                         Wait for LED blink rate change event from BLE core task
        {
        }
    }
    vTaskDelete(NULL);
    /* End user code. Do not edit comment generated here */
}
```

Code 27. lss\_task\_entry function



# 3.2.5 Initialization process

Same as section 3.1.3.

# 3.2.6 Register callback function

Same as section 3.1.4.

# 3.2.7 Registering GATT database (R\_BLE\_GATTS\_SetDbInst)

Same as section 3.1.5.



### 3.2.8 Main loop and scheduler (R\_BLE\_Execute)

The operation of the main loop and scheduler is similar to the description in section 3.1.6. The difference from BareMetal environment is that, if the event notified by scheduler which include BLE protocol stack is an event for GATT application task, BLE core task activates GATT application task and notify the event by using event group technique. Figure 23 shows the typical sequence chart of BLE module.



Figure 23. Basic sequence chart of BLE Protocol Stack



### 3.2.9 GAP event (gap\_cb function)

Same as section 3.1.7.

### 3.2.10 GATTS event (gatts\_cb function)

Almost the same as section 3.1.8. The difference from BareMetal environment is that,

- GATT application task is created when connection is established with the client.
- GATT application task is deleted when client disconnects.

Implementation of this demo project is following.

```
void gatts_cb(uint16_t type, ble_status_t result, st_ble_gatts_evt_data_t *p_data)
{
/* Hint: Input common process of callback function such as variable definitions */
/* Start user code for GATT Server callback function common process. Do not edit comment generated here */
/* End user code. Do not edit comment generated here */
    R_BLE_SERVS_GattsCb(type, result, p_data);
    switch(type)
    {
/* Hint: Add cases of GATT Server event macros defined as BLE_GATTS_XXX */
/* Start user code for GATT Server callback function event process. Do not edit comment generated here */
        case BLE_GATTS_EVENT_CONN_IND:
        {
.....
                                                             Create GATT application task
            /* task create */
            /* LED Switch */
            xTaskCreate(lss_task_entry, "lss_task", 128, &g_conn_hdl, 4, &g_lss_task);
        }break;
        case BLE_GATTS_EVENT_DISCONN_IND:
                                                             Delete GATT application task
        {
            /* Delete GATT Application Task */
            delete_lss_task_rsrc();
        }break;
        default:
            /* Do Nothing */
            break;
/* End user code. Do not edit comment generated here */
    }
}
```

#### Code 28. GATTS callback function



### 3.2.11 GATTC event (gattc\_cb function)

Almost the same as section 3.1.9. The difference from BareMetal environment is that,

- GATT Application task is created when connection is established with the server.
- GATT Application task is deleted when upon disconnecting from the server.

### 3.2.12 VS event (vs\_cb function)

Same as section 3.1.10.

#### 3.2.13 Server-side Profile API event ([service\_name]s\_cb function)

Almost the same as section 3.1.11. The difference from BareMetal environment is that event group bits are adjusted according to the data received from server-side profile API event. As a result, the GATT Application task is activated per the function definition provided in Section 3.2.2. Implementation of this demo project is following.

```
static void lss_cb(uint16_t type, ble_status_t result, st_ble_servs_evt_data_t *p_data)
/* Hint: Input common process of callback function such as variable definitions */
/* Start user code for LED Switch Service(Custom Service) Server callback function common process. */
   /* Do not edit comment generated here */
/* End user code. Do not edit comment generated here */
    uint16_t
                data;
    switch(type)
    {
/* Hint: Add cases of LED Switch Service(Custom Service) server events defined in e ble lss event t */
/* Start user code for LED Switch Service(Custom Service) Server callback function event process. Do not edit
comment generated here ^{\ast /}
                                                                 Change CCCD event.
        case BLE_LSS_EVENT_SWITCH_STATE_CLI_CNFG_WRITE_COMP :
            R_BLE_LSS_GetSwitchStateCliCnfg(p_data->conn_hdl, &data);
            if (data)
                set_lss_event(LSS_WAIT_EN_CCCD);
            else
                set_lss_event(LSS_WAIT_DIS_CCCD);
        } break;
        case BLE_LSS_EVENT_BLINK_RATE_WRITE_COMP:
                                                                 Change LED blink rate
        {
            set_lss_event(LSS_WAIT_WR_BLINK);
        } break;
        default:
        ł
            /* Do nothing. */
        } break;
/* End user code. Do not edit comment generated here */
    }
}
```





# 3.2.14 L2CAP event

Same as section 3.1.12.

### 3.2.15 Event notification

Event notification use case for FreeRTOS is following.

<pre>static void sw_cb(void)</pre>	
<pre>{     set_lss_event(LSS_WAIT_PUSH_SW);</pre>	Send notification
}	
<pre>void Callback_Sw_1(external_irq_callback_args_t *p_arg {</pre>	gs) Interrupt callback function for push switch
<pre>FSP_PARAMETER_NOT_USED(p_args);     R_BLE_SetEvent(sw_cb);</pre>	Register sw_cb function as callback function

Code 30. Event notification

# 3.2.16 CLI (Command Line Interface)

Same as section 3.1.14.



### 3.3 FreeRTOS environment (Server, Semaphore case)

In case of selected *Semaphore* as *Synchronization Type* property of *BLE Driver* FSP module, BLE application is divided it into three or more tasks, BLE Core Task, Execute task and GATT application tasks. BLE Core Task performs initialization and BLE related processing except GATT related event processing. Execute task periodically calls *R\_BLE\_Execute* API. The execute task should be highest priority. In this demo project, BLE Core Task and Execute task implemented in app\_main.c. GATT application task (LED switch service) implemented in Iss\_task.c. This section describes BLE related task creation, task switching between BLE related task and implementation each task in following sections.



Figure 24. Software structure (FreeRTOS, Semaphore as Synchronization Type case)

Note1: When using QE for BLE, source code of the app\_main function is automatically generated.

Note2: QE for BLE does not generate source code of the lss\_task. User needs to define and the functionality for the lss\_task.c. The user may this document and sample code for reference.



#### 3.3.1 Create / delete task

#### Include ble\_core\_task.h

Add the description of including "ble\_core\_task.h" as following to app\_main.c.

```
User file includes
#include "ble_core_task.h"
/* End user code. Do not edit comment generated here */#
```

#### Code 31. app\_main.c

#### BLE Core task

Initialization and main loop of BLE core task included in *app\_main()*. Call the *app\_main()* in ble\_core\_task\_entry.c as following.

```
void ble_core_task_entry(void *pvParameters)
{
    FSP_PARAMETER_NOT_USED (pvParameters);
    /* TODO: add your own code here */
    app_main();
    while (1)
    {
        vTaskDelay (1000 / portTICK_PERIOD_MS);
    }
}
```

#### Code 32. app\_main entry point

#### Execute task

Execute task will be created in app\_main() as following. QE for BLE generated skeleton code includes the task creation and implementation.

```
void app_main(void)
{
    /* Get Current Task handle */
    gs_ble_core_task_ptr = xTaskGetCurrentTaskHandle();
    /* Create Execute Task */
    xTaskCreate(ble_execute_task_func, "execute_task", EXECUTE_STACK_SIZE, NULL, configMAX_PRIORITIES-1,
                &gs_ble_execute_task);
    While(1)
   {
        if(0 != R_BLE_IsTaskFree())
            vTaskSuspend(NULL);
        else
            xSemaphoreGive(gs_ble_exe_smpr);
    }
}
static void ble_execute_task_func(void *pvParameters)
{
  while(1)
  {
    xSemaphoreTake(gs_ble_exe_smpr, portMAX_DELAY);
    while(0 == R_BLE_IsTaskFree())
      R_BLE_Execute();
    vTaskResume(gs_ble_core_task_ptr);
 }
```

#### Code 33. Execute task creation and implementation



### • GATT application task

Same as section 3.2.1.



### 3.3.2 Task switching between BLE core task and GATT application task

Same as section 3.2.2.

### 3.3.3 Main loop of BLE core task

The *app\_main()* includes initialization and main loop of BLE Core task. The program flow of this demo project is following.

```
void app_main(void)
{
    gs_ble_exe_smpr = xSemaphoreCreateBinary();
                                                                Create semaphore for transition task status.
    assert(gs ble exe smpr);
    g_ble_event_group_handle = (void *)gs_ble_exe_smpr;
   /* Initialize BLE and profiles */
                                                                 BLE module initialization.
    ble_init();
   /* Get Current Task handle */
    gs_ble_core_task_ptr = xTaskGetCurrentTaskHandle();
                                                                 Create execute task.
    /* Create Execute Task */
    xTaskCreate(ble_execute_task_func, "execute_task", EXECUTE_STACK_SIZE, NULL, configMAX_PRIORITIES-1,
                 &gs_ble_execute_task);
/* Hint: Input process that should be done before main loop such as calling initial function or variable
definitions */
/* Start user code for process before main loop. Do not edit comment generated here */
    R_BLE_CMD_SetResetCb((ble_event_cb_t)ble_init);
/* End user code. Do not edit comment generated here */
    /* main loop */
    while (1)
                                             Main loop (Give semaphore when scheduler queue does not empty)
    {
.....
        if(0 != R_BLE_IsTaskFree())
        {
            vTaskSuspend(NULL);
        }
        else
        {
            xSemaphoreGive(gs_ble_exe_smpr);
        }
.....
    }
    /* Terminate BLE */
    RM_BLE_ABS_Close(&g_ble_abs0_ctrl);
}
```

#### Code 34. app\_main function



### 3.3.4 Main loop of BLE execute task

Execute tasks by calling *R\_BLE\_Execute* API until running out all of them in queue once semaphore has been given.



Code 35. ble\_execute\_task\_func function

### 3.3.5 Main loop of GATT application task

Same as section 3.2.4.

### 3.3.6 Initialization process

Same as section 3.1.3.

### 3.3.7 Register callback function

Same as section 3.1.4.

# 3.3.8 Registering GATT database (R\_BLE\_GATTS\_SetDbInst)

Same as section 3.1.5.



### 3.3.9 Main loop and scheduler (R\_BLE\_Execute)

The operation of the BLE Core task, execute task and GATT application task are shown in Figure 25.



Figure 25. Basic sequence chart of BLE Protocol Stack



# 3.3.10 GAP event (gap\_cb function)

Same as section 3.1.7.

# 3.3.11 GATTS event (gatts\_cb function)

Same as section 3.2.10.

### 3.3.12 GATTC event (gattc\_cb function)

Same as section 3.2.11.

# 3.3.13 VS event (vs\_cb function)

Same as section 3.1.10.

# 3.3.14 Server-side Profile API event ([service\_name]s\_cb function)

Same as section 3.2.13.

### 3.3.15 L2CAP event

Same as section 3.1.12.

# 3.3.16 Event notification

Same as section 3.2.15.

### 3.3.17 CLI (Command Line Interface)

Same as section 3.1.14.



### 3.4 Azure RTOS environment (Server)

BLE application is divided it into three or more tasks, BLE Core Task, Execute task and GATT application tasks. BLE Core Task performs initialization and BLE related processing except GATT related event processing. Execute task periodically calls *R\_BLE\_Execute* API. The execute task should be highest priority. In this demo project, BLE Core Task and Execute task implemented in app\_main.c. GATT application task (LED switch service) implemented in Iss\_task.c. This section describes BLE related task creation, task switching between BLE related task and implementation each task in following sections.



Figure 26. Software structure (Azure RTOS)

Note1: When using QE for BLE, source code of the app\_main function is automatically generated.

Note2: QE for BLE does not generate source code of the lss\_task. User needs to define and the functionality for the lss\_task.c. The user may this document and sample code for reference.



### 3.4.1 Create / delete task

#### Include ble\_core\_task.h

Add the description of including "ble\_core\_task.h" as following to app\_main.c.

```
User file includes

/* Start user code for file includes. Do not edit comment generated here */

#include "ble_core_task.h"

/* End user code. Do not edit comment generated here */
```

#### Code 36. app\_main.c

#### BLE Core task

Initialization and main loop of BLE core task included in *app\_main()*. Call the *app\_main()* in ble\_core\_task\_entry.c as following.

```
void ble_core_task_entry(void)
{
    /* TODO: add your own code here */
    app_main();
    while (1)
    {
        tx_thread_sleep (1);
    }
}
```

#### Code 37. app\_main entry point

#### Execute task

Execute task will be created in app\_main() as following. QE for BLE generated skeleton code includes the task creation and implementation.

```
void app_main(void)
{
    /* Create Semaphore */
    tx_semaphore_create(&gs_ble_exe_smpr, "BLE_CORE_TASK_SEMAPHOR", TX_NO_INHERIT);
    /* Get Own thread handle */
    gs_ble_core_task_ptr = tx_thread_identify();
    /* Create BLE Execute Task */
    tx_thread_create(&gs_ble_execute_task, (CHAR*) "BLE_EXECUTE_TASK", ble_execute_task_func, (ULONG) NULL,
                             &gs_ble_execute_task_stack, EXECUTE_STACK_SIZE, 1, 1, TX_NO_TIME_SLICE,
                             TX_AUTO_START);
    While(1)
   {
        if(0 != R BLE IsTaskFree())
            tx_thread_suspend(gs_ble_core_task_ptr);
        else
            tx_semaphore_put(&gs_ble_exe_smpr);
    }
}
static void ble_execute_task_func(void *pvParameters)
{
  while(1)
  {
    tx_semaphore_get(&gs_ble_exe_smpr, TX_WAIT_FOREVER);
    while(0 == R_BLE_IsTaskFree())
      R BLE Execute();
    tx_thread_resume(gs_ble_core_task_ptr);
 }
```





#### • GATT application task

GATT server event processing of GATT application task included in *lss\_task\_entry()*. The task is created when remote device connects to the RA4W1. And the task is deleted when the remote device disconnects from the RA4W1. This task creation/deletion is performed by GATT server callback function (gatts\_cb) in app\_main.c.

```
void gatts cb(uint16 t type, ble status t result, st ble gatts evt data t *p data)
/* Hint: Input common process of callback function such as variable definitions */
/* Start user code for GATT Server callback function common process. Do not edit comment generated here */
/* End user code. Do not edit comment generated here */
    R_BLE_SERVS_GattsCb(type, result, p_data);
    switch(type)
/* Hint: Add cases of GATT Server event macros defined as BLE_GATTS_XXX */
/* Start user code for GATT Server callback function event process. Do not edit comment generated here */
        case BLE_GATTS_EVENT_CONN_IND:
        {
            /* Enable Notification SW */
            g_external_irq_sw1.p_api->enable(g_external_irq_sw1.p_ctrl);
                                                                              Create GATT application task.
            /* Create LED Switch Service Task */
            tx_thread_create(&ble_lss_task, (CHAR*) "BLE_LSS_TASK", lss_task_entry, g_conn_hdl,
                                    &ble_lss_task_stack, 512, 4, 4, 4, TX_AUTO_START);
        } break;
        case BLE GATTS EVENT DISCONN IND:
                                                                              Delete GATT application task.
            delete_lss_task_rsrc();
            /* Disable Notification SW */
            g_external_irq_sw1.p_api->disable(g_external_irq_sw1.p_ctrl);
            /* LED turn OFF */
            g_ioport.p_api->pinWrite(g_ioport.p_ctrl, BSP_I0_PORT_01_PIN_06, BSP_I0_LEVEL_HIGH);
        } break;
/* End user code. Do not edit comment generated here */
    }
```

Code 39. LED switch service task creation



#### 3.4.2 Task switching between BLE core task and GATT application task

If event notified by scheduler, part of the BLE protocol stack, is an event for GATT application task, BLE core task activates GATT application task and provides a notification of the event by using event flags setting and cleaning technique. In this demo project, event flag bit defined in task\_function.h as following.

#### Table 16. Defined event group bit

Macro name (Value)	Usage
LSS_WAIT_EN_CCCD (0x0001)	Enable CCCD in LED Switch Service
LSS_WAIT_DIS_CCCD (0x0002)	Disable CCCD in LED Switch Service
LSS_WAIT_PUSH_SW (0x0004)	Notify push switch
LSS_WAIT_WR_BLINK (0x0008)	Change LED blink rate

Function which sets event flag bit need to be implemented by the user. The function in this demo project is as following.

```
void set_lss_event(unsigned long uxBitsToSet)
{
    R_BLE_LSS_GetSwitchStateCliCnfg(gs_conn_hdl, &cccd);
    switch(uxBitsToSet)
    {
        case LSS_WAIT_EN_CCCD:
            tx_event_flags_set(&xLssEvent, uxBitsToSet, TX_OR);
           break;
        case LSS_WAIT_DIS_CCCD:
           uxBitsToSet = LSS_WAIT_DIS_CCCD;
            tx_event_flags_set(&xLssEvent, uxBitsToSet, TX_OR);
           break:
        case LSS_WAIT_PUSH_SW:
            if(BLE_GATTS_CLI_CNFG_NOTIFICATION == cccd)
            {
                tx_event_flags_set(&xLssEvent, uxBitsToSet, TX_OR);
            }
            break;
        case LSS_WAIT_WR_BLINK:
            tx_event_flags_set(&xLssEvent, uxBitsToSet, TX_OR);
            break;
        default:
            break:
    }
```

Code 40. Set event flags



#### 3.4.3 Main loop of BLE core task

The *app\_main()* includes initialization and main loop of BLE Core task. The program flow of this demo project is following.

```
void app_main(void)
{
    /* Initialize BLE and profiles */
    ble_init();
/* When this BLE application works on the Azure RTOS */
#if (BSP CFG RTOS == 1)
                                                                   Create semaphore for BLE Execute Task
    /* Create Semaphore */
    tx_semaphore_create(&ble_exe_smpr, "BLE_CORE_TASK_SEMAPHOR", TX_NO_INHERIT);
    /* Get Own thread handle */
    ble_core_task_ptr = tx_thread_identify();
                                                                            Create BLE Execute Task
    /* Create BLE Execute Task */
    tx_thread_create(&ble_execute_task, (CHAR*) "BLE_EXECUTE_TASK", ble_execute_task_func, (ULONG) NULL,
                     &ble_execute_task_stack, EXECUTE_STACK_SIZE, 1, 1, TX_NO_TIME_SLICE, TX_AUTO_START);
#endif
/* Hint: Input process that should be done before main loop such as calling initial function or variable
definitions */
/* Start user code for process before main loop. Do not edit comment generated here */
    R_BLE_CMD_SetResetCb((ble_event_cb_t)ble_init);
    /* Open external interrupt */
    g_external_irq_sw1.p_api->open(g_external_irq_sw1.p_ctrl, g_external_irq_sw1.p_cfg);
/* End user code. Do not edit comment generated here */
    /* main loop */
    while (1)
    {
#if (BSP_CFG_RTOS == 1)
        if(0 != R_BLE_IsTaskFree())
        {
                                                            When there are no BLE Task, suspend BLE Core
            tx_thread_suspend(ble_core_task_ptr);
                                                            Task
        }
        else
        {
            tx_semaphore_put(&ble_exe_smpr);
        }
                                                           When there are BLE Tasks, put semaphore for BLE
                                                           Execute Task
#endif
/* Hint: Input process that should be done during main loop such as calling processing functions */
/* Start user code for process during main loop. Do not edit comment generated here */
        /* Process Command Line */
        R_BLE_CLI_Process();
/* End user code. Do not edit comment generated here */
   }
/* Hint: Input process that should be done after main loop such as calling closing functions */
/* Start user code for process after main loop. Do not edit comment generated here */
    g_external_irq_sw1.p_api->close(g_external_irq_sw1.p_ctrl);
/* End user code. Do not edit comment generated here */
    /* Terminate BLE */
    RM_BLE_ABS_Close(&g_ble_abs0_ctrl);
}
```





### 3.4.4 Main loop of BLE execute task

Execute tasks by calling *R\_BLE\_Execute* API until running out all of them in queue once semaphore has been given.



Code 42. ble\_execute\_task\_func function



### 3.4.5 Main loop of GATT application task

The *lss\_task\_entry()* includes main loop of GATT application task. The program flow of this demo project is following.

void lss_task_entry(unsigned long Parameters)			
ł	<pre>uint8_t push_state; unsigned long event; gs_conn_hdl = (uint16_t)Parameters; tx_event_flags_create(&amp;xLssEvent, "LSS_EVENT_FLAG");</pre>	Store connection handle	
		Create eve	ent flags for transition task
	<pre>/* Create Timer for LED blink */ tx_timer_create(&amp;xBlinkTimerHdl, "Blink", blink_timer_cb</pre>	cb, NULL, 0x00000001, 0x000000001, TX_NO_ACTIVATE);	
	<pre>R_BLE_LSS_GetSwitchStateCliCnfg(gs_conn_hdl, &amp;cccd); if(BLE_GATTS_CLI_CNFG_INDICATION != cccd) {</pre>		
	<pre>cccd = BLE_GATTS_CLI_CNFG_DEFAULT; }</pre>		
	<pre>wait_event = LSS_WAIT_EN_CCCD   LSS_WAIT_DIS_CCCD   LSS_WAIT_WR_BLINK   LSS_WAIT_PUSH_SW;</pre>		
	while (1)		Wait for event from BLE core task
	<pre>{     tx_event_flags_get(&amp;xLssEvent, wait_event, TX_OR_CLEAR, &amp;event, TX_WAIT_FOREVER);</pre>		
	if(LSS_WAIT_EN_CCCD & event) {	Wait for enable CCCD event from BLE core task	
	} else if(LSS WAIT DIS CCCD & event)		
	{	Wait for disable CCCD event from BLE core task	
	<pre>} else if((LSS_WAIT_PUSH_SW &amp; event) &amp;&amp; (BLE_GATTS_CLI_CNFG_NOTIFICATION == cccd)) </pre>		
	1 	Wait for push switch event from BLE core task	
	} else if(LSS_WAIT_WR_BLINK & event) {	Wait fo	LED blink rate change event from BLE
}	} }		

Code 43. lss\_task\_entry function

### 3.4.6 Initialization process

Same as section 3.1.3.

### 3.4.7 Register callback function

Same as section 3.1.4.

### 3.4.8 Registering GATT database (R\_BLE\_GATTS\_SetDbInst)

Same as section 3.1.5.

### 3.4.9 Main loop and scheduler (R\_BLE\_Execute)

Same as section 3.3.9.

### 3.4.10 GAP event (gap\_cb function)

Same as section 3.1.7.



### 3.4.11 GATTS event (gatts\_cb function)

Almost the same as section 3.1.8. The difference from BareMetal environment is that,

- GATT application task is created when connection is established with the client.
- GATT application task is deleted when client disconnects.

Implementation of this demo project is following.

```
void gatts_cb(uint16_t type, ble_status_t result, st_ble_gatts_evt_data_t *p_data)
/* Hint: Input common process of callback function such as variable definitions */
/* Start user code for GATT Server callback function common process. Do not edit comment generated here */
/* End user code. Do not edit comment generated here */
   R_BLE_SERVS_GattsCb(type, result, p_data);
   switch(type)
/* Hint: Add cases of GATT Server event macros defined as BLE_GATTS_XXX */
/* Start user code for GATT Server callback function event process. Do not edit comment generated here */
       case BLE_GATTS_EVENT_CONN_IND:
       {
           /* Enable Notification SW */
           g_external_irq_sw1.p_api->enable(g_external_irq_sw1.p_ctrl);
                                                                        Create GATT application task
           /* Create LED Switch Service Task */
           } break;
       case BLE_GATTS_EVENT_DISCONN_IND:
       {
           delete_lss_task_rsrc();
                                                                           Delete GATT application task
           /* Disable Notification SW */
           g_external_irq_sw1.p_api->disable(g_external_irq_sw1.p_ctrl);
           /* LED turn OFF */
           g_ioport.p_api->pinWrite(g_ioport.p_ctrl, BSP_I0_PORT_01_PIN_06, BSP_I0_LEVEL_HIGH);
       } break:
/* End user code. Do not edit comment generated here */
   }
}
```

Code 44. GATTS callback function

### 3.4.12 GATTC event (gattc\_cb function)

Same as section 3.2.11.

### 3.4.13 VS event (vs\_cb function)

Same as section 3.1.10.

### 3.4.14 Server-side Profile API event ([service\_name]s\_cb function)

Same as section 3.2.13.

#### 3.4.15 L2CAP event

Same as section 3.1.12.



### 3.4.16 Event notification

Same as section3.2.15..

# 3.4.17 CLI (Command Line Interface)

Same as section 3.1.14.


# 3.5 BareMetal environment (Client)

# 3.5.1 Entry point

Same as section 3.1.1.

# 3.5.2 Main loop

The app\_main() includes initialization and main loop. Main loop of this demo project is following.

```
void app_main(void)
{
   /* Initialize Low Power Module */
                                                                MCU low Power driver initialization.
    g_lpm0.p_api->open(g_lpm0.p_ctrl, g_lpm0.p_cfg);
    /* Initialize BLE and profiles */
    ble_init();
                                                      BLE module initialization.
    R_BLE_CMD_SetResetCb((ble_event_cb_t)ble_init);
    g_ble_sw_irq.p_api->open(g_ble_sw_irq.p_ctrl, g_ble_sw_irq.p_cfg);
    g_ble_sw_irq.p_api->enable(g_ble_sw_irq.p_ctrl);
/* End user code. Do not edit comment generated here */
    /* main loop */
                                                    Main loop (Call R_BLE_Execute, Transition to MCU low power
    while (1)
                                                    consumption state by IowPowerModeEnter)
    {
        /* Process BLE Event */
        R_BLE_Execute();
.....
        /* Disable IRQ */
        __disable_irq();
        /* UART reception on-going ? */
        if (false != get_uart_reception())
        {
            set_uart_reception(false);
            __enable_irq();
        }
        else
        {
            /* UART transmission on-going ? Allow enter software standby by sys stby command ? */
            if (true != g_inhibit_software_standby && true != get_uart_transmission())
            {
                /* Check whether there are executable BLE task or not */
                if (0 != R_BLE_IsTaskFree())
                {
                     /* There are no executable BLE task */
                     /* Terminate Command line */
                    R_BLE_CLI_Terminate();
                    /* Enter low power mode */
                    g_lpm0.p_api->lowPowerModeEnter(g_lpm0.p_ctrl);
                                                                           Enter Software Standby mode
                    /* Enable interrupt for processing interrupt handler after wake up */
                    __enable_irq();
                     /* Resume Command line */
                    R_BLE_CLI_Init();
                }
                else
                {
                     /* There is BLE related task */
                      _enable_irq();
                }
            3
            else
                 enable irq();
        }
```

### Code 45. app\_main function



# 3.5.3 Initialization process

The *ble\_init()* initializes the BLE module, and register callback function and GATT database. Initialization process of this demo project is following.

```
ble_status_t ble_init(void)
{
    ble_status_t status;
    fsp_err_t err;
                                                                    BLE module initialization (RM_ABS_BLE_Open)
    /* Initialize BLE */
    err = RM_BLE_ABS_Open(&g_ble_abs0_ctrl, &g_ble_abs0_cfg);
    if (FSP_SUCCESS != err)
    {
        return err;
    }
    /* Initialize GATT Database */
                                                             GATT database registration (R_BLE_GATTS_SetDbInst)
    status = R_BLE_GATTS_SetDbInst(&g_gatt_db_table);
                                                             Note: Code-generated when GATT role is set as whichever
    if (BLE_SUCCESS != status)
                                                             Server and Client by QE for BLE.
    {
        return BLE_ERR_INVALID_OPERATION;
    }
                                        GATT Server function initialization (R_BLE_SERVS_Init)
    /* Initialize GATT server */
                                        Note: Code-generated when GATT role is set as whichever Server and Client by QE
    status = R_BLE_SERVS_Init();
                                       for BLE.
    if (BLE_SUCCESS != status)
    {
        return BLE_ERR_INVALID_OPERATION;
    }
    /*Initialize GATT client */
                                        GATT Client function initialization (R_BLE_SERVC_Init)
                                        Note: Code-generated when GATT role is set as whichever Server and Client by
    status = R_BLE_SERVC_Init();
                                        QE for BLE.
    if (BLE_SUCCESS != status)
    {
        return BLE_ERR_INVALID_OPERATION;
    }
    /* Set Prepare Write Queue */
    R_BLE_GATTS_SetPrepareQueue(gs_queue, BLE_GATTS_QUEUE_NUM);
    /* Initialize GATT Discovery Library */
    status = R_BLE_DISC_Init();
    if (BLE_SUCCESS != status)
    {
        return BLE_ERR_INVALID_OPERATION;
    }
    /* Initialize LED Switch Service client API */
    status = R_BLE_LSC_Init(lsc_cb);
                                                  Service initialization
    if (BLE_SUCCESS != status)
    {
        return BLE_ERR_INVALID_OPERATION;
    }
    return status;
}
```

Code 46. ble\_init function



### 3.5.4 Register callback function

Same as section 3.1.4.

# 3.5.5 Registering GATT database (R\_BLE\_GATTS\_SetDbInst)

Same as section 3.1.5.

## 3.5.6 Main loop and scheduler (R\_BLE\_Execute)

Same as section 3.1.6.

### 3.5.7 GAP event (gap\_cb function)

Refer to section 3.1.7. for details of GAP events which callback function receives. GAP callback function in this demo project is following.

```
void gap_cb(uint16_t type, ble_status_t result, st_ble_evt_data_t *p_data)
/* Hint: Input common process of callback function such as variable definitions */
/* Start user code for GAP callback function common process. Do not edit comment generated here */
   R_BLE_CMD_AbsGapCb(type, result, p_data);
                                                               In this demo project, many parts of processing when
/* End user code. Do not edit comment generated here */
                                                                receiving events are also implemented in
                                                                R_BLE_CMD_AbsGapCb().
    switch(type)
        case BLE_GAP_EVENT_STACK_ON:
                                                                 Complete GAP initialization
        {
        } break;
                                                                Connection complete
        case BLE_GAP_EVENT_CONN_IND:
        } break;
                                                                Disconnection has happened
        case BLE_GAP_EVENT_DISCONN_IND:
        } break;
        case BLE_GAP_EVENT_CONN_PARAM_UPD_REQ:
                                                                Connection parameter request come from server
        } break;
        case BLE_GAP_EVENT_ADV_REPT_IND:
                                                              Notification of receiving advertising reports from server
        } break;
        case BLE_GAP_EVENT_SCAN_OFF:
                                                                Stop scanning
        ł
        } break;
/* Hint: Add cases of GAP event macros defined as BLE_GAP_XXX */
/* Start user code for GAP callback function event process. Do not edit comment generated here */
/* End user code. Do not edit comment generated here */
    }
}
```



# 3.5.8 GATTS event (gatts\_cb function)

Same as section 3.1.8.



### RA4W1 Group

### 3.5.9 GATTC event (gattc\_cb function)

Refer to section 3.1.9. for details of GATTC events which callback function receives. GATTC callback function in this demo project is following.

```
void gattc_cb(uint16_t type, ble_status_t result, st_ble_gattc_evt_data_t *p_data)
/* Hint: Input common process of callback function such as variable definitions */
/* Start user code for GATT Client callback function common process. Do not edit comment generated here */
/* End user code. Do not edit comment generated here */
   R_BLE_SERVC_GattcCb(type, result, p_data);
   switch(type)
   {
                                                            Complete connection with GATT server
        case BLE_GATTC_EVENT_CONN_IND:
        {
            R_BLE_CLI_Printf("Start Service Discovery\n");
            /* Start discovery operation after connection established */
            R_BLE_DISC_Start(p_data->conn_hdl, gs_disc_entries, ARRAY_SIZE(gs_disc_entries), disc_comp_cb);
        } break;
/* Hint: Add cases of GATT Client event macros defined as BLE_GATTC_XXX */
/* Start user code for GATT Client callback function event process. Do not edit comment generated here */
/* End user code. Do not edit comment generated here */
   }
}
```



### 3.5.10 VS event (vs\_cb function)

Same as section 3.1.10.

### 3.5.11 Client side Profile API event ([service\_name]c\_cb function)

Callback function of the client side profile API receives following events.

```
enum e_ble_servc_event_t {
    BLE_SERVC_WRITE_RSP,
    BLE_SERVC_HDL_VAL_RSP,
    BLE_SERVC_HDL_VAL_NTF,
    BLE_SERVC_HDL_VAL_IND
  }
enum e_ble_[service name]c_event_t {
    BLE_[service name]C_EVENT_[characteristic name]_WRITE_RSP = 0xXX00,
    BLE_[service name]C_EVENT_[characteristic name]_READ_RSP= 0xXX01,
    BLE_[service name]C_EVENT_[characteristic name]_HDL_VAL_INTF = 0xXX02,
    BLE_[service name]C_EVENT_[characteristic name]_HDL_VAL_IND = 0xXX03,
    BLE_[service name]C_EVENT_[characteristic name]_[descriptor name]_WRITE_RSP = 0xYY00,
    BLE_[service name]C_EVENT_[characteristic name]_[descriptor name]_READ_RSP = 0xYY01,
    :
    :
```

### Code 49. Client-side Profile API event

Note: The 10th to 15th bits are serial numbers that distinguish attributes (characteristics and descriptors). XX and YY are 00, 04, 08, 10, ..., FC.



Reception condition of the frequently occurring events are shown below.

#### Table 17. Frequently use events of Profile Client callback

Event	Reception condition
XXX_WRITE_RSP (0xXXX0)	Complete receiving Write Response
XXX_READ_RSP (0xXXX1)	Complete receiving Read Response
XXX_HDL_VAL_NTF (0xXXX2)	Complete receiving Notification
XXX_HDL_VAL_IND (0xXXX3)	Complete receiving Indication

### Callback function of client-side profile API is following. (Example of LED switch service)

```
static void lsc cb(uint16 t type, ble status t result, st ble servc evt data t *p data)
)* Hint: Input common process of callback function such as variable definitions */
/* Start user code for LED Switch Service Client callback function common process. Do not edit comment
generated here */
/* End user code. Do not edit comment generated here */
    switch(type)
/* Hint: Add cases of LED Switch Service client events defined in e_ble_lsc_event_t */
/* Start user code for LED Switch Service Client callback function event process. Do not edit comment
generated here */
        case BLE_LSC_EVENT_SWITCH_STATE_HDL_VAL_NTF:
        {
            if (BLE_SUCCESS == result)
                R_BLE_CLI_Printf("lsc : Recieve Notification from Server \n");
        } break;
        case BLE_LSC_EVENT_BLINK_RATE_READ_RSP:
        {
            if (BLE_SUCCESS == result)
                R_BLE_CLI_Printf("lsc : LED blink rate = 0x%X \n", *(uint8_t *)((st_ble_lsc_evt_data_t
*)(p_data)->p_param));
        } break;
        default:
            break;
/* End user code. Do not edit comment generated here */
    }
```

### Code 50. Client side profile API callback function

QE for BLE generates skeleton code for Profile client callback function. User can add their own code into the skeleton code.

### 3.5.12 L2CAP event

Same as section 3.1.12.



## 3.5.13 Exiting from Software Standby mode

In this demo project, IRQ4 assigned SW1 on EK-RA4W1 is designated as Wakeup Source of Low Power Module. When SW1 on EK-RA4W1 under Software Standby mode is pressed, Software Standby mode is exited then *Callback\_ble\_sw\_irq()* function is executed because it is registered as callback function of IRQ4 interrupt.



Code 51. Callback function of IRQ4 interrupt

# 3.5.14 CLI (Command Line Interface)

This section is almost same as section 3.1.14. LSC command is registered to gsp\_cmds structure in GATT Client demo projects.

```
static const st_ble_cli_cmd_t * const gsp_cmds[] =
{
    &g_abs_cmd,
    &g_vs_cmd,
    &g_sys_cmd,
    &g_lsc_cmd,
    &g_ble_cmd
};
```

Code 52. gsp\_cmds structure



# 3.6 FreeRTOS environment (Client, EventGroup as Synchronization Type case)

## 3.6.1 Create / delete task

Same as section 3.2.1.

# 3.6.2 Task switching between BLE core task and GATT application task

If event notified by scheduler, part of the BLE protocol stack, is an event for GATT application task, BLE core task activates GATT application task and provides a notification of the event by using event group setting and cleaning technique. In this demo project, event group bit defined in task\_functon.h as following.

### Table 18. Defined event group bit

Macro name (Value)	Usage
LSC_WAIT_EN_CCCD (0x0001)	Enable CCCD in LED Switch Service
LSC_WAIT_DIS_CCCD (0x0002)	Disable CCCD in LED Switch Service
LSC_WAIT_RECV_NTF (0x0004)	Receive notification from server
LSC_WAIT_WR_BLINK (0x0008)	Change LED blink rate
LSC_WAIT_RD_BLINK (0x0010)	Read LED blink rate

Function which sets event group bit need to implement by the user. The function in this demo project is as follows.

```
void set_lsc_event(EventBits_t uxBitsToSet)
{
    switch(uxBitsToSet)
    {
        case LSC_WAIT_EN_CCCD:
        {
            xEventGroupClearBits(xLscEvent, LSC_WAIT_DIS_CCCD);
        } break;
        case LSC_WAIT_DIS_CCCD:
        {
            xEventGroupClearBits(xLscEvent, LSC_WAIT_EN_CCCD);
        } break;
        default:
            /* Do Nothing */
            break;
    }
    xEventGroupSetBits(xLscEvent, uxBitsToSet);
}
```

### Code 53. Set event group bit

# 3.6.3 Main loop of BLE core task

Same as section 3.2.3.



# 3.6.4 Main loop of GATT application task

The *lsc\_task\_entry()* includes main loop of GATT application task. The program flow of this demo project is following.

```
void lsc_task_entry(void * pvParameters)
{
    FSP_PARAMETER_NOT_USED (pvParameters);
    ble status t
                     retval;
    EventBits t
                                                                       Store connection handle
                     event:
    gs_conn_hdl = *(uint16_t *)pvParameters;
                                                                       Create event group for transition task status.
    xLscEvent = xEventGroupCreate();
    wait_event = LSC_WAIT_EN_CCCD | LSC_WAIT_DIS_CCCD | LSC_WAIT_RECV_NTF | LSC_WAIT_WR_BLINK | LSC_WAIT_RD_BLINK;
    while (1)
    {
        event = xEventGroupWaitBits(
                                                                       Wait for event from BLE core task
                                           xLscEvent,
                                           wait_event,
                                           pdTRUE,
                                           pdFALSE
                                           portMAX_DELAY);
        if (LSC WAIT EN CCCD & event)
                                                                           Wait for enable CCCD event from BLE core task
        {
             retval = R_BLE_LSC_WriteSwitchStateCliCnfg(gs_conn_hdl, (uint16_t *)&g_lsc_ntf_value);
            if (BLE_SUCCESS == retval)
             {
                 wait_event = LSC_WAIT_DIS_CCCD | LSC_WAIT_RECV_NTF | LSC_WAIT_WR_BLINK | LSC_WAIT_RD_BLINK;
                 r_ble_wake_up_task((void *)g_ble_event_group_handle);
             }
        }
        else if (LSC_WAIT_DIS_CCCD & event)
                                                                           Wait for disable CCCD event from BLE core task
             retval = R_BLE_LSC_WriteSwitchStateCliCnfg(gs_conn_hdl, (uint16_t *)&g_lsc_ntf_value);
             if (BLE_SUCCESS == retval)
             {
                 wait_event = LSC_WAIT_EN_CCCD | LSC_WAIT_RECV_NTF | LSC_WAIT_WR_BLINK | LSC_WAIT_RD_BLINK;
                 r_ble_wake_up_task((void *)g_ble_event_group_handle);
             }
        }
        else if (LSC_WAIT_WR_BLINK & event)
                                                                          Wait for write LED blink rate event from BLE core task
             R_BLE_LSC_WriteBlinkRate(gs_conn_hdl, &g_blink_rate);
        }
        else if (LSC_WAIT_RD_BLINK & event)
                                                                          Wait for read LED blink rate event from BLE core task
        {
            retval = R_BLE_LSC_ReadBlinkRate(gs_conn_hdl);
if (BLE_SUCCESS == retval){
                 r_ble_wake_up_task((void *)g_ble_event_group_handle);
             }
        }
    }
    vTaskDelete(NULL);
}
```

Code 54. lsc\_task\_entry function

# 3.6.5 Initialization process

Same as section3.5.3.

# 3.6.6 Register callback function

Same as section 3.1.4



## 3.6.7 Registering GATT database (R\_BLE\_GATTS\_SetDbInst)

Same as section 3.1.5.

# 3.6.8 Main loop and scheduler (R\_BLE\_Execute)

Same as section 3.2.8.

# 3.6.9 GAP event (gap\_cb function)

Same as section 3.5.7.

### 3.6.10 GATTC event (gattc\_cb function)

Almost the same as section 3.5.9. The difference from BareMetal environment is that,

- GATT application task is created when connection is established with the client.
- GATT application task is deleted when client disconnects.

Implementation of this demo project is following.

```
void gattc_cb(uint16_t type, ble_status_t result, st_ble_gattc_evt_data_t *p_data)
/* Hint: Input common process of callback function such as variable definitions */
/* Start user code for GATT Client callback function common process. Do not edit comment generated here */
/* End user code. Do not edit comment generated here */
    R_BLE_SERVC_GattcCb(type, result, p_data);
    switch(type)
    {
        case BLE_GATTC_EVENT_CONN_IND:
        {
            /* Start discovery operation after connection established */
R_BLE_CLI_Printf("Start Service Discovery\n");
            R_BLE_DISC_Start(p_data->conn_hdl, gs_disc_entries, ARRAY_SIZE(gs_disc_entries), disc_comp_cb);
            /* Create GATT application task */
            xTaskCreate(lsc_task_entry, "lsc_task", 128, &g_conn_hdl, 4, &g_lsc_task);
        } break;
        case BLE_GATTC_EVENT_DISCONN_IND:
            /* task delete */
            delete_lsc_task_rsrc();
        } break;
        default:
            /* Do nothing */
            break;
/* Hint: Add cases of GATT Client event macros defined as BLE_GATTC_XXX */
/* Start user code for GATT Client callback function event process. Do not edit comment generated here */
/* End user code. Do not edit comment generated here */
    }
}
```

### Code 55. GATTC callback function



# 3.6.11 VS event (vs\_cb function)

Same as section 3.1.10.

# 3.6.12 Client side Profile API event ([service\_name]c\_cb function)

Almost the same as section 3.5.11. The difference from BareMetal environment is that event group bits are adjusted according to the data received from client-side profile API event. As a result, the GATT Application task is activated per the function definition provided in Section 3.6.2.

```
static void lsc_cb(uint16_t type, ble_status_t result, st_ble_servc_evt_data_t *p_data)
{
/* Hint: Input common process of callback function such as variable definitions */
/* Start user code for LED Switch Service(Custom Service) Client callback function common process. */
/*Do not edit comment generated here */
/* End user code. Do not edit comment generated here */
    switch(type)
    {
/* Hint: Add cases of LED Switch Service(Custom Service) client events defined in e_ble_lsc_event_t */
/* Start user code for LED Switch Service(Custom Service) Client callback function event process. Do not edit
comment generated here */
                                                                Receive notification from server-side
        case BLE_LSC_EVENT_SWITCH_STATE_HDL_VAL_NTF:
        {
            Note: Add processing when an event is received here.
        } break;
                                                                 Change LED blink rate
        case BLE_LSC_EVENT_BLINK_RATE_READ_RSP:
        {
            Note: Add processing when an event is received here.
        } break;
        default:
            break:
/* End user code. Do not edit comment generated here */
    }
}
```

Code 56. Profile Client callback function

# 3.6.13 L2CAP event

Same as section 3.1.12.

# 3.6.14 CLI (Command Line Interface)

Same as section 3.5.14.



# 3.7 FreeRTOS environment (Client, Semaphore as Synchronization Type case)

### 3.7.1 Create / delete task

Same as section 3.3.1.

# 3.7.2 Task switching between BLE core task and GATT application task

Same as section 3.6.2.

# 3.7.3 Main loop of BLE core task

Same as section 3.3.3.

# 3.7.4 Main loop of BLE execute task

Same as section 0.

# 3.7.5 Main loop of GATT application task

Same as section 3.6.4.

# 3.7.6 Initialization process

Same as section3.5.3.

# 3.7.7 Register callback function

Same as section 3.1.4.

# 3.7.8 Registering GATT database (R\_BLE\_GATTS\_SetDbInst)

Same as section 3.1.5.

# 3.7.9 Main loop and scheduler (R\_BLE\_Execute)

Same as section 3.3.9..

# 3.7.10 GAP event (gap\_cb function)

Same as section 3.5.7.

# 3.7.11 GATTC event (gattc\_cb function)

Same as section 3.6.12.

# 3.7.12 VS event (vs\_cb function)

Same as section 3.1.10.

# 3.7.13 Client side Profile API event ([service\_name]c\_cb function)

Same as section 3.6.12.

# 3.7.14 L2CAP event

Same as section 3.1.12.



# 3.7.15 CLI (Command Line Interface)

Same as section 3.5.14.



# 3.8 Azure RTOS environment (Client)

# 3.8.1 Create / delete task

Same as section 3.4.1.

# 3.8.2 Task switching between BLE core task and GATT application task

Same as section 3.4.2.

# 3.8.3 Main loop of BLE core task

Same as section 3.4.3.

# 3.8.4 Main loop of BLE execute task

Same as section 3.4.4.



# 3.8.5 Main loop of GATT application task

The *lsc\_task\_entry()* includes main loop of GATT application task. The program flow of this demo project is following.

<pre>void lsc_task_entry(unsigned long Parameters) {</pre>	
<pre>ble_status_t retval; unsigned long event;</pre>	Store connection
gs_conn_hdl = (uint16_t)Parameters; tx_event_flags_create(&xLscEvent, "LSC_EVENT_FLAG"); wait_event = LSC_WAIT_EN_CCCD   LSC_WAIT_DIS_CCCD   LSC_WAIT_REC	Create event flags for transition task status.
<pre>while (1) {     tx_event_flags_get(&amp;xLscEvent, wait_event, TX_OR_CLEAR, &amp;event_flags_get(</pre>	Wait for event from BLE core task
<pre>if (LSC_WAIT_EN_CCCD &amp; event) {</pre>	Wait for enable CCCD event from BLE core task
<pre>retval = R_BLE_LSC_WriteSwitchStateCliCnfg(gs_conn_hdl, if (BLE_SUCCESS == retval) {</pre>	<pre>(uint16_t *)&amp;g_lsc_ntf_value);</pre>
<pre>wait_event = LSC_WAIT_DIS_CCCD   LSC_WAIT_RECV_NTF   r_ble_wake_up_task((void *)g_ble_event_group_handle) }</pre>	
} else if (LSC_WAIT_DIS_CCCD & event) {	Wait for disable CCCD event from BLE core task
<pre>retval = R_BLE_LSC_WriteSwitchStateCliCnfg(gs_conn_hdl, if (BLE_SUCCESS == retval) {</pre>	<pre>(uint16_t *)&amp;g_lsc_ntf_value);</pre>
<pre>wait_event = LSC_WAIT_EN_CCCD   LSC_WAIT_RECV_NTF       r_ble_wake_up_task((void *)g_ble_event_group_handle) }</pre>	
} else if (LSC_WAIT_WR_BLINK & event) {	Wait for write LED blink rate event from BLE core task
<pre>retval = R_BLE_LSC_WriteBlinkRate(gs_conn_hdl, &amp;g_blink_ if (BLE_SUCCESS == retval) {</pre>	rate);
<pre>wait_event = LSC_WAIT_EN_CCCD   LSC_WAIT_RECV_NTF       r_ble_wake_up_task((void *)g_ble_event_group_handle) }</pre>	
<pre>} else if (LSC_WAIT_RD_BLINK &amp; event) {</pre>	Wait for read LED blink rate event from BLE core task
<pre>retval = R_BLE_LSC_ReadBlinkRate(gs_conn_hdl); if (BLE_SUCCESS == retval){ r_ble_wake_up_task((void *)g_ble_event_group_handle)</pre>	;
}	
}	

Code 57. lsc\_task\_entry function

### 3.8.6 Initialization process

Same as section 3.5.3.

# 3.8.7 Register callback function

Same as section 3.1.4



# 3.8.8 Registering GATT database (R\_BLE\_GATTS\_SetDbInst)

Same as section 3.1.5.

# 3.8.9 Main loop and scheduler (R\_BLE\_Execute)

Same as section 3.3.9.

# 3.8.10 GAP event (gap\_cb function)

Same as section 3.5.7.

# 3.8.11 GATTC event (gattc\_cb function)

Almost the same as section 3.5.9. The difference from BareMetal environment is that,

- GATT application task is created when connection is established with the client.
- GATT application task is deleted when client disconnects.

Implementation of this demo project is following.

```
void gattc_cb(uint16_t type, ble_status_t result, st_ble_gattc_evt_data_t *p_data)
)* Hint: Input common process of callback function such as variable definitions */
/* Start user code for GATT Client callback function common process. Do not edit comment generated here */
/* End user code. Do not edit comment generated here */
   R_BLE_SERVC_GattcCb(type, result, p_data);
   switch(type)
    {
        case BLE_GATTC_EVENT_CONN_IND:
        {
            R_BLE_CLI_Printf("Start Service Discovery\n");
              Start discovery operation after connection established */
            R_BLE_DISC_Start(p_data->conn_hdl, gs_disc_entries, ARRAY_SIZE(gs_disc_entries), disc_comp_cb);
            /* Create LED Switch Service Task */
            tx_thread_create(&ble_lsc_task, (CHAR*) "BLE_LSC_TASK", lsc_task_entry, g_conn_hdl,
                                    &ble_lsc_task_stack, 512, 4, 4, 4, TX_AUTO_START);
        } break;
/* Hint: Add cases of GATT Client event macros defined as BLE_GATTC_XXX */
/* Start user code for GATT Client callback function event process. Do not edit comment generated here */
        case BLE_GATTC_EVENT_DISCONN_IND:
        {
            /* task delete */
            delete_lsc_task_rsrc();
        } break:
/* End user code. Do not edit comment generated here */
   }
/* Start user code for GATT Client callback function closing process. Do not edit comment generated here */
/* End user code. Do not edit comment generated here */
}
```

Code 58. GATTC callback function



# 3.8.12 VS event (vs\_cb function)

Same as section 3.1.10.

# 3.8.13 Client side Profile API event ([service\_name]c\_cb function)

Same as section 3.6.12.

# 3.8.14 L2CAP event

Same as section 3.1.12.

# 3.8.15 CLI (Command Line Interface)

Same as section 3.5.14.



# 4. Appendix

# 4.1 How to make and configure new project

This section describes required configuration to create a project for BLE application.

### 4.1.1 Create a new project

1. Launch e<sup>2</sup> studio and select File→New→C/C++ Project. In New C/C++ Project dialog, select Renesas RA and Renesas RA C Executable Project and click on the Next button.

🗐 New C/C++ P	oject				_	- 1		Х
Templates for N		+ Project						
All CMake Make Renesas Debug Renesas RA	RA	Renesas Create an for Renesa	RA C/C++ executable c is RA.	Project r static lib	rary C/C++	project		
?	< ]	<u>B</u> ack	<u>N</u> ext >		<u>F</u> inish		Cancel	

Figure 27. Templates for New C/C++ Project

2. Enter project name and click on Next button. The project named SampleAppl in this document.

ſ	8 Renesas RA C/C++ Project — X	
	Renesas RA C/C++ Project	
	Project Name and Location	
	Project name	
	SampleAppl	
	Use default location	
	Location: C#My Work#SampleAppl Browse	
	Choose file system: default \vee	
	You can download more Renesas packs here	
		1

Figure 28. New Renesas Executable Project



### RA4W1 Group

### 3. Select the **Custom User Board (Any Device)** from **Board**, **R7FA4W1AD2CNG** from **Device**.

Device Selection       Board Description         FSP Version:       20.0-rc.0         Board:       Custom User Board (Any Device)         Device:       R7FA4W1AD2CNG         Language:       © C O C++         Device Details       Inst2Cone         Processor       cortex-m4         Toolchains       Debugger         GINU ARM Embedded       ARM Compiler 6.14         8.3.1.20190703	Renesas RA C/C++ Project Renesas RA C/C++ Project Device and Tools Selection	×
Toolchains     Debugger       GNU ARM Embedded ARM Compiler 6.14     J-Link ARM	FSP Version         2.0.0-rc.0         ~           Board:         Custom User Board (Any Device)         ~           Device:         R7FA4W1AD2CNG	
GNU ARM Embedded ARM Compiler 6.14	Language: OC OC++	TrustZone No Pins 56
	GNU ARM Embedded ARM Compiler 6.14	

Figure 29. Project Configuration (Board and Device)

4. When making BLE application on BareMetal environment, choose **No RTOS**. When making the application on FreeRTOS environment, choose **FreeRTOS**. When making the application on Azure RTOS environment, choose **Azure RTOS ThreadX**.

Renesas RA C/C++ Project	– 🗆 X	B Renesas RA C/C++ Project	—
Renesas RA C/C++ Project		Renesas RA C/C++ Project	-
Build Artifact and RTOS Selection		Build Artifact and RTOS Selection	
Build Artifact Selection RTOS Selection		Build Artifact Selection RTOS Sel	ection
Executable     Project builds to an executable file	~	Executable     Project builds to an executable file	3
Static Library     Project builds to a static library file		Static Library     Project builds to a static library file	
Executable Using an RA Static Library     Project builds to an executable file     Project uses an existing RA static library project		Executable Using an RA Static Library     Project builds to an executable file     Project uses an existing RA static library project	
<ul> <li>Project uses an existing for static notary project</li> </ul>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
(?) < Back Next >		⑦ < Back	

Figure 30. Project Configuration

5. Click Next button.



# RA4W1 Group

6. When making BLE application on BareMetal environment, choose **BareMetal -Minimal**. When making the application with FreeRTOS environment, choose **FreeRTOS -Minimal- Static Allocation**. When making the application with Azure RTOS environment, choose **Azure RTOS ThreadX – Minimal**.

Renesas RA C/C++ Project  -  X	Renesas RA C/C++ Project - X
Renesas RA C/C+++ Project Project C+++ Project C++++ Project C++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	Renesas RA C/C++ Project Project Template Selection
Bare Metal - Minimal     Bare metal FSP project that includes BSP. This project will initialize clocks, pins, stacks, and the C runtime     environment.     (Renease RA3.10.pck)	Project Template Selection  FreeRTOS - Minimal - Static Allocation Empty FreeRTOS Fsp project with no threads. FreeRTOS is pre-configured for static memory allocation. This project will initialize the MCU using the BSR. [Reness.RA.3.1.0-v2020080.37204.ex.pck]
(nai eseru-y-riviyen)	
Code Generation Settings	Code Generation Settings ∑Use Reness Code Formatter
	Cancel

Figure 31. Project Configuration (Select Template)

7. Click **Finish** button. After a while, project will be created

SampleAppl Debug_Flat	·····································		• % III II 8 ⊗ &   Ø	£ı • 5ī • ∞ <b>⇔ •</b> ○ •   ਦ					C++      FSP Configuration
b Project Explorer 12 (2 32 77 8 ↓ SimpleAppl > SimpleAppl > Sim holudes	Summary						Package Ⅱ ™ MCU Package 이, 연, ♥ 圖 ▼ M		
<ul> <li>Gif ng, gen</li> <li>Gif ng, rig</li> <li>Bo ng, rig<th>Project Summary Beast: Cution User Bord (Any Davice) Device: CPTANHADCNG Tookhair: GCC ABM Enabeded Tookhair: GCC ABM Enabeded Beast Support Package Common Files v1.31 Beast Support Package Common Files v1.31 Arm CMSIS Vention 5 - Core (M) v1.52 Board support package for RAAV1 - FSP Data v1.31 Board support package for RAAV1 - FSP Data v1.31</th><th>D D D D</th><th></th><th>Renesas</th><th></th><th>ABC AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND</th><th></th><th></th><th>4 CONF 1 1 100 100 100 4 5</th></li></ul>	Project Summary Beast: Cution User Bord (Any Davice) Device: CPTANHADCNG Tookhair: GCC ABM Enabeded Tookhair: GCC ABM Enabeded Beast Support Package Common Files v1.31 Beast Support Package Common Files v1.31 Arm CMSIS Vention 5 - Core (M) v1.52 Board support package for RAAV1 - FSP Data v1.31 Board support package for RAAV1 - FSP Data v1.31	D D D D		Renesas		ABC AND			4 CONF 1 1 100 100 100 4 5
	Summary BSP Clocks Pins Interrupts Event Links Stacks Comp								
🗖 Properties 😂 📳 Problems 🖓 Smart Browser			D items						81-0
Properties are not available.			Description	Module	Pin	Location	Resource		

Figure 32. Project Overview



# 4.1.2 Heap and Stack configuration

Set heap and stack configuration as following on FSP configuration **BSP** tab.

- [RA Common]→[Main stack size (bytes)] : 0x1000
- [RA Common]→[Heap size (bytes)] : 0x1000

SUUTT	User Board (Any Device)				
	> OFS1 register settings				
ttings	> MPU				
	Use Low Voltage Mode	Disable			
	✓ RA Common				
	Main stack size (bytes)	0x1000			
Heap size (bytes)		0x1000			
	MCU Vcc (mV)	3300			
	Parameter checking	Disabled			
	Assert Failures	Return FSP_ERR_ASSERTION			
	Error Log	No Error Log			
	ID Code Mode	Unlocked (Ignore ID)			
	ID Code (32 Hex Characters)	FFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF			
Soft Reset Main Oscillator Populated		Disabled			
		Populated			
	PFS Protect	Enabled			
	Main Oscillator Wait Time	32768 us			

# Figure 33. BSP configuration

If the Properties tab is not visible, choose **Window Show View Properties** on e<sup>2</sup> studio menu bar.



# 4.1.3 Clocks configuration

Set clock frequencies as following on FSP configuration Clocks tab.



Figure 34. Clocks configuration

The minimum clock frequency for BLE module is following.

- System clock (ICLK) : 8MHz
- Peripheral module clock A (PCLKA) : 8MHz

However, the BLE module is optimized to operate with ICLK = 32MHz and PCLKA=32MHz.Therefore, Renesas recommends configuring frequency of ICLK and PCLKA to 32MHz for maximizing BLE performance.



## 4.1.4 Add and configure BLE module

This section describes how to add / configure BLE module into BLE application. Click **configuration.xml** in the project and add / configure BLE module on FSP configuration **Stacks** tab. Procedure about adding BLE module is different for BareMetal, FreeRTOS and Azure RTOS environment. Section 4.1.4.1 describes the procedure for BareMetal environment. Section 4.1.4.2 describes the procedure for FreeRTOS environment. Section 4.1.4.3 describes the procedure for Azure RTOS. And BLE module configuration is common to BareMetal, FreeRTOS and Azure RTOS environment. The configuration is described in detail in section 4.1.4.4 and 4.1.4.5.

# 4.1.4.1 Add BLE module in BareMetal environment

### 1. Click **New Stack** and add **Middleware**→**BLE Abstraction Driver on rm\_ble\_abs** to **HAL/Common**.

德 [SampleApppl] FSP Configuration 🛛			E Outline 🛛 🖓 🖓
Stacks Configuration		Generate Project Content	There is no active editor that provides an outline.
Threads     New Thread     Remove     E       Image: HAL/Common     Image: g_loport I/O Port Driver on r_loport     Image: g_loport I/O Port Driver on r_loport	HAL/Common Stacks	<ul> <li>New Stack &gt; ▲ Extend Stack &gt; ④ Remove</li> <li>Arm &gt;</li> <li>Bootloader &gt;</li> <li>Driver &gt;</li> <li>Intel &gt;</li> <li>Middleware &gt;</li> <li>BLE</li> <li>CapTouch</li> <li>Communication</li> <li>Motor</li> <li>Search</li> </ul>	BLE Abstraction Driver on rm_ble_abs     b

Figure 35. Add BLE module

### 2. Click Add BLE Library for Network box and select New→Network Driver on r\_ble\_XXX.

"Extended", "Balance", and "Compact" can be selected for XXX according to the supported BLE features. Refer to section 1.3 about supported BLE features of each library type.

🌼 *[SampleAppl] FSP Configuration 🛛		□ □
Stacks Configuration		Generate Project Content
Threads       New Thread       Remove       Image: Comparison of the second	HAL/Common Stacks	New Stack > Extend Stack > Remove          BLE Abstraction Driver on rm_ble_abs         Add BLE Library for         Add BLE Library for         Add Timer Driver         Network         Network Driver on r_ble_extended         Network Driver on r_ble_balance         Network Driver on r_ble_compact

Figure 36. Select module type

The BLE FSP module has properties which may change according to user scenario. Refer to section 4.1.4.4 about description of the properties. And The driver includes some peripheral driver. Configuration for these peripherals describes in section 4.1.4.5.



# 4.1.4.2 Add BLE module in FreeRTOS environment

1. Click **New Thread** on Thread area and add New Thread. In this example, the New Thread is named BLE Core Task. Note that the symbol of the New Thread should be "ble\_core\_task" in case of using QE for BLE, because QE for BLE expects so.

Stacks Configura	ation		Generate Project Cc
Threads	👰 New Thread 🙀 Remove 📄	BLE_CORE_TASK Stacks	🚱 New Stack > 🚊 Extend Stack > 🤹 Ren
✓	O Port Driver on r_ioport	Add RA stacks to the selecte clipboard.	td thread by using the 'New Stack >' toolbar button (above), or by pasting here from the
Objects	new Object > 👘 Remove		
	Pins Interrupts Event Links Stacks Com		
Problems 🚍 Conse ew Thread	ole 🔲 Properties 🔀 🏟 Smart Browser		
ettings Property	on		Value
✓ Thread Syn Nar Star	nbol me ck size (bytes)		ble_core_task BLE_CORE_TASK 1024
	ority ead Context mory Allocation		1 NULL Static

### Figure 37. Add BLE Core Task

2. Change Stack size as 2048[bytes]. The BLE stack included in this application requires 1.5 [KB] of memory space to use. And the profile itself included in this application requires 0.4[KB] memory space to use.

Problems 😑 Console 🔲 Properties 🔀 🏟 Smart Browser	
w Thread	
tings Property	Value
✓ Thread	
Symbol	ble_core_task
Name	BLE_CORE_TASK
Stack size (bytes)	2048
Priority	1
Thread Context	NULL
Memory Allocation	Static

Figure 38. Stack size of BLE Core Task



# 3. BLE\_CORE\_TASK priority depends on following *BLE\_Driver* FSP module property.

LE Driv	er (r_ble_extended_freertos)	
ettings	Property	Value
	RF_DEEP_SLEEP Transition	Enable
	MCU Main Clock Frequency	8000
	Code Flash(ROM) Device Data Block	255
	Device Specific Data Flash Block	Semaphore
	MTU Size Configured	Event groups
	Timer Slot Maximum Number	10
	Synchronization Type	Event groups

### Figure 39. Synchronization Type

In case of choose *Event group*, priority of BLE Core Task should be highest priority (configMAX\_PRIORITIES-1).

🖹 Problem	s 🔄 Console 🔲 Properties 🔀 🌸 Smart Browser	
BLE_COR	E_TASK	
Settings	Property > Common	Value
	✓ Thread	ble som tode
	Symbol Name	ble_core_task BLE_CORE_TASK
	Stack size (bytes)	2048
	Priority	4
	Thread Context	NULL
	Memory Allocation	Static

# Figure 40. Priority of BLE Core Task (Event Group case)

In case of choose *Semaphore*, priority of BLE Core Task should NOT be highest priority. In demo project, priority of the task configured as 2.

🖹 Probler	ns 📃 Console 🔲 Properties 🗙 🛷 Search	
BLE_COR	E_TASK	
Settings	Property	Value
	Symbol	ble_core_task
	Name	BLE_CORE_TASK
	Stack size (bytes)	2048
	Priority	2
	Thread Context	NULL
	Memory Allocation	Static
	Allocate Secure Context	Enable

### Figure 41. Priority of BLE Core Task (Semaphore case)



## 4. Change FreeRTOS configurations as following on BLE Core task **Properties** tab.

### Table 19. FreeRTOS configuration

Item	Changed Value	Default Value
Common > General > Use Mutexes	Enabled	Disabled
Common > General > Use Recursive Mutexes	Enabled	Disabled
Common > Memory Allocation > Support Dynamic Allocation	Enabled	Disabled
Common > Memory Allocation > Total Heap Size	4096	0
Common > Optional Functions > <i>xTimerPendingFunctoinCall()</i> Function	Enabled	Disabled

### 5. Click New Stack and add Middleware -> BLE Abstraction Driver on rm\_ble\_abs to BLE Core task.

🕸 *[SampleAppl] FSP Configuration 🖂							E Outlin	ne 🔀
Stacks Configuration				G	enerate	Project Content	There is	no active editor that provides an outline.
Threads	🔄 New Thread 👔 Remove 📄	BLE_CORE_TASK Stacks	🔊 New S	tack > 🐣 Extend	1 Stack >	> 🔊 Remove		
✓ A HAL/Common	oport	Add stacks to the selected thread by using the 'New Stack >' toolbar button (above), or by past	toolbar button (above), or by pasting here fro	Arm Bootloader	>			
FreektOS Port     BLE_CORE_TASK		Driver FreeRTOS	>					
				Intel	,			
				Middleware	>	BLE	>	BLE Abstraction Driver on rm_ble_abs
			4	Search	_	CapTouch Communicatio	ns >	
						Motor	>	
					Sensor Storage	Sensor	>	
						USB	<i>`</i>	
								_
	1							

#### Figure 42. Add BLE module



### 6. Click Add BLE Library for Network box and select New→Network Driver on r\_ble\_XXX\_freertos.

"Extended", "Balance", and "Compact" can be selected for XXX according to the supported BLE features. Number of supported BLE features decreases in the order of "Extended", "Balance", "Compact". Refer to section 1.3 about supported BLE features of each library type.

∰ *[SampleAppl] FSP Configuration 🛛		
Stacks Configuration		Generate Project Content
Threads     New Thread     Remove     E       ✓     # HAL/Common     # g.joport 1/0 Port Driver on r_joport     # FreeRTOS Port       ✓     # ELECORE_TASK       Ø     BLE Abstraction Driver on rm_ble_abs	BLE_CORE_TASK Stacks	New Stack > المحمد Extend Stack > الا Remove

Figure 43. Select module type

The driver includes some peripheral driver. Configuration for these peripherals describes in section 4.1.4.5.

### 6. Add **Heap4** module to **HAL/Common**.

🔅 *[SampleAppl] RA Configuration 🛛						E Outline ⊠	Task List	<b>6</b> 9 V
Stacks Configuration				Generate	Project Content	An outline is not	available.	
New Thread       Remove       E <ul> <li></li></ul>	HAL/Common Stacks	Nev	Arm Driver FreeRTOS FreeRTOS- Middlewa		Memory Ma	nagement >	Buffer Allocation 2 Heap 1 Heap 2 Heap 3 Heap 4 Heap 5 n Explorer S3	βφ P
Summary BSP Clocks Pins Interrupts Event Links Stacks Com	ponents							

### Figure 44. Add Heap4 module



# 4.1.4.3 Add BLE module in Azure RTOS environment

1. Click **New Thread** on Thread area and add New Thread. In this example, the New Thread is named BLE Core Task. Note that the symbol of the New Thread should be "ble\_core\_task" in case of using QE for BLE, because QE for BLE expects so.

Stacks Configuration		Generate Project Content
Threads 🕢 New Thread 😰 Remove	BLE_CORE_TASK Stacks	💽 New Stack > 🚊 Extend Stack > 🔞 Remove
	Add stacks to the selected thread by using the 'New Stack >' toolbar button (above), o	r by pasting here from the clipboard.
Objects New Object > Rem	ve	
Summary  BSP  Clocks  Pins  Interrupts  Event Links  Stacks   Components		
Properties  Problems  Pro		
New Thread		
Common     Common     Thread     Symbol	le_core_task LE_CORE_TASK	
Priority		
	nabled	
HTTE ALLING HTTELYOL (M.K.)		

Figure 45. Add BLE Core Task

 Change Stack size as 2048[bytes]. The BLE stack included in this application requires 1.5 [KB] of memory space to use. And the profile itself included in this application requires 0.4[KB] memory space to use.

💷 Properties 🗙 🖹 Problems 🆓 スマート・ブラウザー					
New Thr	ead				
Settings	Property Common Thread Symbol	Value ble_core_task			
	Name Stack size (bytes)	BLE_CORE_TASK 2048			
	Priority Auto start	1 Enabled			
	Time slicing interval (ticks)	1			

### Figure 46. Change Stack Size



3. Priority of BLE Core Task should NOT be highest priority. In demo project, priority of the task configured as 3.

LE_COF	RE_TASK	
ettings	Property	Value
	> Common	
	✓ Thread	
	Symbol	ble_core_task
	Name	BLE_CORE_TASK
	Stack size (bytes)	2048
	Priority	3
	Auto start	Enabled
	Time slicing interval (ticks)	1

# Figure 47. Change Priority and Time slicing interval (ticks)

4. Change Azure RTOS configurations as following on BLE Core task **Properties** tab.

### Table 20. AzureRTOS configuration

Item	Changed Value	Default Value
Common > Timer > Timer Ticks Per Second	1000	100
Common > Timer > Timer Thread Priority	2	0



### 5. Click Add BLE Library for Network box and select New→BLE Driver on r\_ble\_XXX\_threadx.

"Extended", "Balance", and "Compact" can be selected for XXX according to the supported BLE features. Number of supported BLE features decreases in the order of "Extended", "Balance", "Compact". Refer to section 1.3 about supported BLE features of each library type.

tacks Configuration		Generate Project Content
Threads New Thread  Remove Paipopot (/O Pot (r_ioport) Q ajopot (/O Pot (r_ioport) Aure RTOS ThreadX Port (rm_threadx_port) BLE Abstraction (rm_ble_abs)	BLE_CORE_TASK Stacks         Image: BLE Abstraction (rm_ble_abs)         Image: BLE Abstraction (rm_ble_abstraction (rm_ble_abstraction (rm_ble_bstance))         Image: BLE Driver (r_ble_bstance)         Image: BLE Driver (r_ble_bstance, threadx)         Image: BLE Driver (r_ble_compact, threadx)         Image: BLE Driver (r_ble_extended)	New Stack >

Figure 48. Select module type

The BLE FSP module has properties which may change according to user scenario. Refer to section 4.1.4.4 about description of the properties. And The driver includes some peripheral driver. Configuration for these peripherals describes in section 4.1.4.5.



### 4.1.4.4 BLE module configurations

This section describes BLE module configuration options and related modules. BLE module include following configuration categories. About each category will describe from following.

- Common
- Module BLE Abstraction Driver on rm\_ble\_abs

### 1. Common options

The BLE module can change BD address etc. by modifying common options on FSP configuration. **BLE Abstraction (rm\_ble\_abs) FSP module and BLE Driver (r\_ble\_xxxx) module have same properties. Users need to enter the same values for both modules.** The changed options are automatically reflected to the r\_ble\_cfg.h when generating code.

🥻 [ble_baremetal_e	ek_ra4w1] FSP Configuration $ imes$						- 6
tacks Config	uration					O Generate Proje	ct Conten
hreads	🐑 New Thread 🙀 Remove 📄	BLE Abstraction (rm_ble_abs) Stacks		🕞 🚊 Extend Stack > 🛛 👔	Remove		
<ul> <li>✓ W HAL/Common</li> <li> <i>Gioport I/O Port (r_ioport)</i> </li> <li> <i>glpm0 Low Power Modes (r_lpm)</i> </li> <li> <i>gble_sw_irq External IRQ (r_icu)</i> </li> <li> <i>guart0 UART (r_sci_uart)</i> </li> </ul>		BLE Abstraction (rm_t	ole_abs)		•		
ULE ADS	straction (rm_ble_abs)	<ul> <li>BLE Driver (r_ble_extended)</li> <li>Image: Image of the second secon</li></ul>	nded)	1		<ul> <li>g_timer1 Timer, Low-Power (r_agt)</li> <li>i</li> </ul>	
bjects	🐑 New Object > 👔 Remove	<ul> <li>g_flash0 Flash (r_flash_lp)</li> <li>(1)</li> </ul>	g_external	nal_irq0 IRQ (r_icu)	<ul> <li>         ⊕ g_timer0 Timer, General PWM (r_gpt)         </li> </ul>		
	Console Properties X 🔗 Search						
ttings Propert	ty			Value			
l Info 🗸 🗸 Com				D (			
	Parameter Checking			Default (BSP)			
	Debug Public Address			00:CC:CC:50:90:74			
	Debug Random Address			FF:FF:FF:FF:FF			
	Maximum number of connections			7			
	Maximum connection data length			251 1650			
	Maximum advertising data length			4			
	Maximum advertising set number Maximum periodic sync set number.			2			
	Store Security Data			Enable			
	Data Flash Block for Security Data			0			
	Remote Device Bonding Number			7			
С	Connection Event Start Notify			Disable			
C	Connection Event Close Notify			Disable			
A	Advertising Event Start Notify			Disable			
	Advertising Event Close Notify			Disable			
	Scanning Event Start Notify			Disable			
S	Scanning Event Close Notify			Disable			
Ir	nitiating Event Start Notify			Disable			
	nitiating Event Close Notify			Disable			
				PC 11			

Figure 49. Common options



Option names and setting values in the configuration are listed following. Items shown in **bold may be** modified according to user's environment.

### Table 21. Common options

Configuration options	
Debug Public Address Default: {0xFF,0xFF,0xFF,0x50,0x90,0x74}	Initial Public Address. If the public addresses in Code Flash and Data Flash are all 0x00 or 0xFF, the demo project will use this value as public address.
	Refer to section 4.2 for details.
Debug Random Address Default: {0xFF,0xFF,0xFF,0xFF,0xFF,0xFF}	Initial Static Address. If the static addresses in the Code Flash and the Data Flash are all 0x00 or 0xFF, the demo project will use this value as static address.
	Refer to section 4.2 for details.
Maximum number of connections Default: 7	Maximum number of simultaneous connections. Range : 1 to 7
Maximum connection data length Default: 251	Maximum packet data length (bytes). Range: 27 to 251
Maximum advertising data length Default: 1650	Maximum advertising data length (bytes). Range: 31 to 1650
	This configuration will be ignored and fix at 31 bytes when "balance" or "compact" is selected for BLE library.
Maximum advertising set number Default: 4	Maximum number of the advertising set. Range: 1 to 4
	This configuration will be ignored and fix at 1 when "balance" or "compact" is selected for BLE library.
Maximum periodic sync set number Default: 2	Maximum number of simultaneous synchronizations against periodic advertising.
	Range: 1 to 2
	This configuration will be ignored and fix at 1 when "balance" or "compact" is selected for BLE library.
Store Security Data	Enable or disable the security data management.
Default: Disable	Range: Enable or Disable
	Bonding information is stored in Data Flash block when this property set to Enable. And the bonding information will be stored to Data Flash block which specified by <b>Data</b> <b>Flash Block for Security Data</b> option.
	Refer to section 4.3.1 for details.
Data Flash Block for Security Data Default: 0	Specify Data Flash block which stores the bonding information.
	Range: 0 to 7
	Choose a different block from <b>Device Specific Data</b> Refer to section 4.3.1 for details.



Configuration options	
Remote Device Bonding Number Default: 7	Maximum number of the bonding information stored in the Data Flash. Range : 1 to 7
	This value should be set same as <b>Maximum number of connections</b> .
	Refer to section 4.3.1 for details.
Connection Event Start Notify	Enable or disable start connection event start interrupt notification.
Default: Disable notify	Range: Disable notify or Enable notify
	This notification event occurs after actual RF event because this notification event is triggered by the interrupt from BLE(H/W).
Connection Event Close Notify	Enable or disable close connection event interrupt notification.
Default: Disable notify	Range: Disable notify or Enable notify
	This notification event occurs after actual RF event because this notification event is triggered by the interrupt from BLE(H/W).
Advertising Event Start Notify	Enable or disable start advertising event interrupt notification.
Default: Disable notify	Range: Disable notify or Enable notify
	The notification event occurs at the following timings. - Start Primary Advertising channel. - Start Secondary Advertising Channel - Start Periodic Advertising. (When Extended Advertising is enabled.)
	This notification event occurs after actual RF event because this notification event is triggered by the interrupt from BLE(H/W).
Advertising Event Close Notify Default: Disable notify	Enable or disable close advertising event interrupt notification.
	Range: Disable notify or Enable notify
	The notification occurs at the following timings. - Complete Primary Advertising channel. - Complete Secondary Advertising Channel - Complete Periodic Advertising. (When the Extended Advertising is enabled.)
	This notification event occurs after actual RF event because this notification event is triggered by the interrupt from BLE(H/W).
Scanning Event Start Notify	Enable or disable start scan interrupt notification.
Default: Disable notify	Range: Disable notify or Enable notify
	This notification event occurs after actual RF event because this notification event is triggered by the interrupt from BLE(H/W).



Configuration options	
Scanning Event Close Notify	Enable or disable close scan interrupt notification.
Default: Disable notify	Range: Disable notify or Enable notify
	This notification event occurs after actual RF event because this notification event is triggered by the interrupt from BLE(H/W).
Initiating Event Start Notify	Enable or disable notification that scan start interrupt has
Default: Disable notify	occurred in sending a connection request. Range: Disable notify or enable notify
	Range. Disable notify of enable notify
	This notification will not occur when scan interval and scan window is equal. This notification event occurs after actual RF event because this notification event is triggered by the interrupt from BLE(H/W).
Initiating Event Close Notify Default: Disable notify	Enable or disable notification that scan complete interrupt has occurred in sending a connection request.
	Range: Disable notify or enable notify
	This notification will not occur when scan interval and scan window is equal. This notification event occurs after actual RF event because this notification event is triggered by the interrupt from BLE(H/W).
RF Deep Sleep Start Notify	Enable or disable notification event when BLE(H/W) enter
Default: Disable notify	deep sleep.
	Range: Disable notify or enable notify
RF Deep Sleep Wakeup Notify	Enable or disable notification event when BLE(H/W) wake up from deep sleep.
Default: Disable notify	Range: Disable notify or enable notify
Bluetooth dedicated clock	Load capacitance adjustment value for 32MHz BLE
Default: 6	dedicated crystal. Adjust this value so that the crystal oscillates at the frequency closest to 32MHz.
	Range: 0 to 15
	Refer to "Tuning procedure of Bluetooth dedicated clock frequency(R01AN4887)" for details.
DC-DC Converter	Enable or disable the DC-DC on BLE(H/W).
Default: Disable DC-DC Converter	Range: Disable DC-DC Converter or Enable DC-DC Converter.
	Refer to "RA4W1 Group User's Manual: Hardware (R01UH0883)" for details.
Slow Clock Source	Slow clock source for BLE (H/W)
Default: Use RF_LOCO	Range: Use RF_LOCO or Use External 32.768kHz.
	Do NOT change.



Configuration options	
MCU CLKOUT Port	Port of the MCU CLKOUT.
Default: P109	Range: P109 or P205
	This option will be ignored if the Slow Clock Source option is Use RF_LOCO.
MCU CLKOUT Frequency Output	Output frequency from the MCU CLKOUT Port.
Default: MCU CLKOUT Frequency 32.768kHz	Range : MCU CLKOUT frequency 32.768kHz or MCU CLKOUT frequency 16.384kHz
	This option will be ignored if the Slow Clock Source option is Use RF_LOCO.
Sleep Clock Accuracy (SCA) Default: 250	Clock Accuracy (SCA) of Slow clock source for BLE(H/W).
	Range: 0 to 500 ppm
	Value of this option is fixed to more than 250ppm when Slow Clock Source option is Use RF_LOCO.
Transmission Power Maximum Value	Maximum transmit power configuration.
Default: max +4dBm	Range: max +4dBm or max 0dBm.
Transmission Power Default Value	Actual BLE air packet transmit power.
Default: High	Range: High or Mid or Low
	This option depends on the <b>Transmission Power</b> <b>Maximum Value</b> configuration.
	If the <b>transmission Power Maximum Value</b> option set to OdBm, relationship this option and Actual BLE air packet transmit power is as follows. High : OdBm Mid : OdBm (same as High) Low : -18dBm
	If the <b>transmission Power Maximum Value</b> option set to +4dBm, relationship this option and Actual BLE air packet transmit power is as follows. High : +4dBm Mid : 0dBm Low : -20dBm
CLKOUT_RF Output	Specify CLKOUT_RF(P414) output frequency.
Default: No output	Range: No output 4MHz output 2MHz output 1MHz output
RF_DEEP_SLEEP Transition	Enable or disable BLE(H/W) Deep Sleep.
Default: Enable	Range: Disable or Enable



Configuration options	
MCU Main Clock Frequency Default: 8000	MCU main clock frequency (kHz). This option needs to be configured according to System Clock Source configuration.
	If the HOCO is used as System Clock Source, this option is ignored.
	If the Main Clock is used as System Clock Source, set a value within the range between 1000 and 20000.
	If the PLL Circuit is used as System Clock Source, set a value within the range between 4000 and 12500.
	Set clock frequency according to user's system clock source configuration.
Code Flash (ROM) Device Data Block Default: 255	Specify Code Flash (ROM) block which stored the device specific data (e.g. BD address, etc.)
	Range: -1 to 255
	If this option is set to -1, Code Flash will not use for this purpose. Refer to section 4.2 for details.
Device Specific Data Flash Block Default: -1	Specify Data Flash (RAM) block which stored the device specific data (e.g. BD address, etc.)
	Range: -1 to 7
	If this option is set to -1, Data Flash will not use for this purpose. Specify a different block from Data Flash Block for Security Data.
	Refer to section 4.2 for details.
MTU size configured	MTU size (bytes) for the GATT communication.
Default: 247	Range: 23 to 247
Timer Slot Maximum Number	N/A
Default: 10	Do NOT change.
Synchronization Type	This property is available for FreeRTOS only. The
Default : Event groups	property is specified task synchronization method in FreeRTOS environment. Also refer to section 1.2.
	Range: Event groups or Semaphore
Parameter Checking	Enable or disable the validity check of the parameters for BLE module.
Default: Default (BSP)	Range: Default (BSP) or Enabled or Disabled



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When **RF\_DEEP\_SLEEP Transition** option is set to enable, when there is no task to be executed by the BLE protocol stack, and when there is a time of 80ms or more before the start of the next RF event time, transition to RF sleep mode to reduce the current consumption of the RF part. This time does not mean the "interval time" of an RF event, but the "RF idle time" between the completion of one RF event and the start of the next RF event. Therefore, it is necessary to set the RF event interval to 100ms or more in consideration of the processing time of each layer in order to shift the RF part to sleep mode. The BLE protocol stack performs RF sleep processing and RF wake-up processing to transition the RF part to sleep mode. Figure 50 shows MCU/RF operation overview with RF sleep.



Figure 50. MCU/RF operation overview with RF sleep


While the MCU is idle, it is possible to transition the MCU to the low power consumption mode or execute application processing. However, if the RF wakeup process by *R\_BLE\_Execute* is not performed before the RF event starts, the RF event cannot be executed. Therefore, application processing must be implemented so as not to interfere with the *R\_BLE\_Execute* call.

When **RF\_DEEP\_SLEEP Transition** option is set to disable, or when **RF\_DEEP\_SLEEP Transition** option is set to enable but the RF sleep transition condition is not satisfied (e.g. RF event interval < 100 msec ), the BLE protocol stack does not transition RF part to sleep mode. In this case, the current consumption during RF idle time increases, but the MCU idle time that can be used by the application increases because RF sleep processing and RF wakeup processing are not performed. Figure 51 shows MCU/RF operation without RF sleep.



Figure 51. MCU/RF operation overview without RF sleep

Regardless of the RF sleep state, if the application process continuously occupies the MCU and  $R\_BLE\_Execute$  is not called, the connection may not be maintained. Therefore, it is recommended that the application processing is active for a short time or Task performing R\_BLE\_Execute is given an appropriate priority to allow periodic execution.



#### 2. BLE Abstraction Driver on rm\_ble\_abs options

The BLE module can change IO capability on local device etc. by modifying Module **BLE Abstraction Driver on rm\_ble\_abs** options on FSP configuration. The changed options are automatically reflected to the rm\_ble\_abs\_cfg.h when generating code.

🀞 R_BLE Main RA (QE) 🧊 👘 R_BLE Custom Profile RA (QE) 🛛 🕥 Notif	ations in the Smart Browser 🛛 🏟 [SampleApp]] RA Configuration 🔯 🖻 gatt_db.c 🖻 gatt_db.h 💿 r_ble_gapc.c 💿 app_main.c	- 0
Stacks Configuration	Generate Project	Content
Threads 🐔 New Thread 🔊 Remove 🖪	HAL/Common Stacks 🗿 New Stack > 🚔 Extend Stack > 🕷 R	emove
> A HAL/Common Objects		⊕ <u>g</u> _ M r_!
	c	>
		>
Problems 📮 Console 🔲 Properties 🛛 🆓 Smart Browser 🔗 Searc		>
Problems  Console  Properties  S  From Smart Browser  Search LE Abstraction Driver on rm_ble_abs		>
Problems Console Properties S S Smart Browser Search LE Abstraction Driver on rm_ble_abs ettings Property		>
Problems  Console  Properties  Solution Driver on rm_ble_abs Property Property		>
Problems  Console  Properties  Solution Driver on rm_ble_abs  Property Plinfo  Common	Value	>
Problems Console Properties & Smart Browser Searces E Abstraction Driver on rm_ble_abs Property > Common V Module BLA Abstraction Driver on rm_ble_abs > Interrupts Name		>
Problems  Console  Properties  Solution Property Common Co	Value g_ble_abs0 gap_cb	>
Problems  Console  Properties  Solution Property Property Plinfo Common	Value g_ble_abs0 gap_cb vs_cb	>
Problems  Console  Properties  Solution Driver on rm_ble_abs Property Common Control Common Cont	Value g_ble_abs0 gap_cb vs_cb g_s_abs_paring_param	>
Problems       Console       Properties       Smart Browser       Searce         LE Abstraction Driver on rm_ble_abs         Property       > Common       >         > Common       > Module BLE Abstraction Driver on rm_ble_abs         > Module BLE Abstraction Driver on rm_ble_abs       >         > Interrupts       Name         Gap callback       Vendor specific callback         Pairing parameters       GATT server callback parameter	Value g_ble_abs0 gap_cb vs_cb gs_abs_pairing_param gs_abs_pairing_param gs_abs_gatts_cb_param	>
Problems       Console       Properties       Smart Browser       Smart Browser       Searc         LE Abstraction Driver on rm_ble_abs       Property       Common       Searc       Searc         PIInfo       Module BLE Abstraction Driver on rm_ble_abs       > Interrupts       Searc         S Gap callback       Qaption callback       Paining parameters       GATT server callback number         GATT server callback number       Commerce       CATT server callback number	Value g_ble_abs0 gap_cb vs_cb gs_abs_gating_param gs_abs_gats_cb_param gs_abs_gats_cb_param gs_abs_gats_cb_param	>
Problems      Console     Properties      Property     Common     Common     Common     Module BLE Abstraction Driver on rm_ble_abs     Property     Common     Module BLE Abstraction Driver on rm_ble_abs     Name     Gap callback     Vendor specific callback     Vendor specific callback parameter     GATT server callback number     GATT client callback parameter	Value g_ble_abs0 gap_cb vs_cb gs_abs_pairing_param gs_abs_gaits_cb_param 2 gs_abs_gaits_cb_param	>
Problems       □ Console       □ Properties       ≥ Image: Smart Browser       > Searce         BLE Abstraction Driver on rm_ble_abs         Settings       > Common       >         > Module BLE Abstraction Driver on rm_ble_abs         > Interrupts         > Interrupts         > Interrupts         Gap callback         Vendor specific callback         Pairing parameters         GATT server callback number         GATT client callback number         GATT client callback number	Value g_ble_abs0 gap_cb vs_cb vs_cb gs_abs_pairing_param gs_abs_gatts_cb_param 2 gs_abs_gatts_cb_param 2 gs_abs_gatts_cb_param 2 3 3 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	>
Problems Console Properties  Settings Property Common Com	Value  g_ble_abs0 gap_cb vs_cb gs_abs_gairing_param gs_abs_gatts_cb_param 2 gs	>
Sommon     Sommon     Module BLE Abstraction Driver on rm_ble_abs     Interrupts     Name     Gap callback     Vendor specific callback     Paining parameters     GATT server callback parameter     GATT client callback parameter     GATT client callback number	Value g_ble_abs0 gap_cb vs_cb g_s_bs_pairing_param g_s_bs_gatts_cb_param 2 g_s_bs_gatts_cb_param 2 BLE_GAP_IOCAP_NOINPUT_NOOUTPUT BLE_GAP_SEC_MITM_BEST_EFFORT	>

Figure 52. BLE Abstraction Driver on rm\_ble\_abs options

Option names and setting values in the configuration are listed following. Items shown in **bold may be modified** according to user's environment.

#### Table 22. Module BLE Abstraction Driver on rm\_ble\_abs options

Configuration options	
Interrupts > Callback provided when an ISR occurs	Do NOT change.
Default: NULL	
Name	Do NOT change.
Default: g_ble_abs0	
Gap callback	Do NOT change.
Default: gap_cb	



# RA4W1 Group

Configuration options	
Vendor specific callback	Do NOT change.
Default: vs_cb	
Pairing parameters	Do NOT change.
Default: gs_abs_pairing_param	
GATT server callback parameter	Do NOT change.
Default: gs_abs_gatts_cb_param	
GATT server callback number	Do NOT change.
Default: 2	
GATT client callback parameter	Do NOT change.
Default: gs_abs_gattc_cb_param	
Doldan. go_abo_gano_ob_param	
GATT client callback number	Do NOT change.
Default: 2	
IO capabilities of local device	IO capabilities.
Default: BLE_GAP_IOCAP_NOINPUT_NOOUTPUT	Range: Select one of the following.
	BLE_GAP_IOCAP_DISPLAY_ONLY
	Output: local device has ability to
	display 6 digits decimal number. Input: None.
	BLE_GAP_IOCAP_DISPLAY_YESNO
	Output: local device has ability to
	display 6 digits decimal number.
	Input: local device has ability to indicate 'yes' or 'no'.
	BLE_GAP_IOCAP_KEYBOARD_ONLY
	Output: None.
	Input: local device has ability to input the number '0' – '9'.
	BLE_GAP_IOCAP_NOINPUT_NOOUTPUT
	Output: None. Input: None.
	BLE_GAP_IOCAP_KEYBOARD_DISPLAY
	Output: local device has ability to
	display 6 digits decimal number.
	Input: local device has ability to input the number '0' – '9'.
MITM protection policy	MITM protection policy.
Default: BLE_GAP_SEC_MITM_BEST_EFFORT	Range: Select one of the following.
_	BLE_GAP_SEC_MITM_BEST_EFFORT
	MITM Protection not required.
	BLE_GAP_SEC_MITM_STRICT
	MITM Protection required.



Configuration options					
Determine whether to accept only Secure Connections or not	Determine whether to accept only Secure Connections or not.				
Default: BLE_GAP_SC_BEST_EFFORT	Range: Select one of the following.				
	BLE_GAP_SC_BEST_EFFORT				
	Accept Legacy pairing and Secure Connections.				
	BLE_GAP_SC_STRICT				
	Accept only Secure Connections.				
Type of keys to be distributed from local device Default: BLE_GAP_KEY_DIST_ENCKEY	Type of keys to be distributed from local device. This field is set to a bitwise OR of the following values.				
	BLE_GAP_KEY_DIST_ENCKEY				
	Distribute LTK.				
	BLE_GAP_KEY_DIST_IDKEY				
	Distribute IRK and Identity address.				
	BLE_GAP_KEY_DIST_SIGNKEY				
	Distribute CSRK.				
Type of keys which local device requests a remote device to distribute Default: BLE_GAP_KEY_DIST_ENCKEY	Type of keys which local device requests a remote device to distribute. This field is set to a bitwise OR of the following values.				
	• BLE_GAP_KEY_DIST_ENCKEY				
	Distribute LTK. In case of Secure Connections,				
	LTK is notified even if this bit is not set.				
	BLE_GAP_KEY_DIST_IDKEY				
	Distribute IRK and Identity address.				
	BLE_GAP_KEY_DIST_SIGNKEY				
	Distribute CSRK.				
Maximum LTK size Default: 16	The maximum LTK size(byte) to be requested to a remote device.				
	Range: 7 – 16				
	When the LTK size of a remote device is less than this configuration size, the pairing fails.				



## 4.1.4.5 Add and configure related peripherals for BLE module

BLE module used below following peripherals to perform BLE communication.

#### Table 23. Related peripherals

Item	Usage
Flash Driver on r_flash_lp	Store Bonding information etc.
External IRQ driver on r_icu	Interrupt from BLE(H/W)
GPT Driver	Timer for BLE protocol stack
Timer Driver	Timer for BLE abstraction API

This section describes how to configure related peripherals (timers, interrupt) for BLE module which added previous section. Procedure describes in this section is common to BareMetal, FreeRTOS and Azure RTOS environment.

## 1. Click Add GPT Driver box and select New→Timer Driver on r\_gpt.

Stacks Configuration	Generate Project Content	
Threads 🕢 New Thread 🔊 Remove 📄	HAL/Common Stacks 🕢 New Stack > 🔬 Extend Stack > 🖗 Remove	
	Port port BLE Abstraction Driver on m_ble_abs	
	Network Driver on r_ble_all	
	A Toolchain Explorer S3	E 🔩 🔻 🗆
	g_flashDFlashDriver     g_stermal_ingD     External IRQDriver on	
Objects 🕢 New Object > 🔬 Remove	①                             ● Timer Driver on r_agt	
	< >	

Figure 53. Add GPT Driver

2. Set Overflow/Crest Interrupt Priority of g\_timer0 Timer Driver on r\_gpt as Priority 2 on Properties tab.

olems 📮 Console 🔲 Properties 🙁 ௸ Smart Browser	
er0 Timer Driver on r_gpt	
s Property	Value
∽ Common	
Parameter Checking	Default (BSP)
Pin Output Support	Disabled
Write Protect Enable	Disabled
<ul> <li>Module g_timer0 Timer Driver on r_gpt</li> </ul>	
> General	
> Output	
> Input	
✓ Interrupts	
Callback	🔒 r_rf_host_timer_interrupt
Overflow/Crest Interrupt Priority	Priority 2
Capture A Interrupt Priority	Disabled
Capture B Interrupt Priority	Disabled
Trough Interrupt Priority	Disabled

#### Figure 54. GPT Driver configuration



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### 3. Click Add Timer Driver box and select New→Timer Driver on r\_agt.

ds	HAL/Comr Port sport	mon Stacks BLE Abstraction Driver		€] New Stack > 🚊	Generate Project Content	表示するアウトラインはありません。
HAL/Common	Port	BLE Abstraction Driver		new Stack > 🐣	≚ Extend Stack > <u>≰</u> Remove	
g_ioport I/O Port Driver on r_ioport						
				<b></b>		
		Wetwork Driver on r_bl	e_all		School Add Timer Driver	
					New >	Timer Driver on r_agt
			<b>A</b>			🛛 🕀 Timer Driver on r_gpt
		g_flash0 Flash Driver on r_flash_lp	g_external_irq0 External IRQ Driver on r_icu	g_timer0 Timer Driver on r_gpt		
		<b>(i)</b>	1	<b>(i)</b>		
ts 🕢 New Object > 🔊 Remove					J	
	<	_			>	
					/	

Figure 55. Add AGT Driver

## 4. Set **Underflow Interrupt Priority** of **g\_timer1 Timer Driver on r\_agt** as **Priority 7** on **Properties** tab.

🔝 Problen	is 😑 コンソール 🔲 プロパティー 🙁 🦇 Smart Browser	
g_timer1	Timer Driver on r_agt	
Settings	วั <i>บ</i> /เวิ-1	値
API Info	Common     Parameter Checking	Default (BSP)
	Pin Output Support Pin Input Support	Disabled Disabled
	Module g_timer1 Timer Driver on r_agt     General	
	> Output	
	> Input ✓ Interrupts	
	Callback Underflow Interrupt Priority	ble_abs_hw_timer_callback Priority 7

Figure 56. AGT Driver configuration



# 5. Set Pin Interrupt Priority of g\_external\_irq0 External IRQ Driver on r\_icu as,

#### BareMetal environment

Priority 0 on Priority.

	al_irq0 External IRQ Driver on r_icu	
ngs	Property	Value
nfo	✓ Common	
	Parameter Checking	Default (BSP)
	<ul> <li>Module g_external_irq0 External IRQ Driver on r_icu</li> </ul>	
	Name	g_external_irq0
	Channel	8 🔒
	Trigger	🔒 Falling
	Digital Filtering	Disabled
	Digital Filtering Sample Clock (Only valid when Digital Filtering is Enabled)	PCLK / 64
	Callback	🔒 r_rf_ble_interru
	Pin Interrupt Priority	Priority 0 (highest
	✓ Pins	
	IRQ08	<unavailable></unavailable>

### Figure 57. ICU Driver configuration (BareMetal Environment)

### • FreeRTOS and Azure RTOS environment

Priority 1 on Priority. Because the highest priority used FreeRTOS and Azure RTOS kernel.

🖹 Problem	s 📮 Console 🔲 Properties 🛛 🆓 Smart Browser 🔋 Xモリー使用量 🔗 Search	
g_extern	al_irq0 External IRQ Driver on r_icu	
Settings API Info	Property V Common	Value
AFTIMU	Parameter Checking	Default (BSP)
	<ul> <li>Module g_external_irq0 External IRQ Driver on r_icu</li> </ul>	
	Name	g_external_irq0
	Channel	8
	Trigger	🔒 Falling
	Digital Filtering	Disabled
	Digital Filtering Sample Clock (Only valid when Digital Filtering is Enabled)	PCLK / 64
	Callback	🔒 r rf ble interrupt
	Pin Interrupt Priority	Priority 1
	✓ Pins	
	IRQ08	<unavailable></unavailable>

Figure 58. ICU Driver configuration (FreeRTOS and Azure RTOS Environment)



## 4.1.5 Low Power Mode

Software standby mode, which is one of MCU's Low Power mode feature, can be used to reduce power consumption. It is necessary to add *Low Power Mode* (*r\_lpm*) module to your project and configure *BLEIRQ* as Wake Sources.

AL/Common Stacks		Add Low F	Power Mode module.					New Stack
g_ioport I/O Port (r_ioport)	g_lpm0 Low Power Modes (r_lpm)	IRQ (r_icu)	IRQ (r_icu)		BLE Abstraction (rm_bl)	le_abs)		
<b>i</b>	١	D	1		1		•	
			Add DTC Driver for Transmission [Recommended but optional]	Not	BLE Driver (r_ble_exten	(ded)		<ul> <li>g_timer1 Timer, Low-Power (r_agt)</li> <li>i</li> </ul>
					g_flash0 Flash (r_flash_lp)	g_external_irq0 External IRQ (r_icu)	g_timer0 Timer, General PWM (r_gpt)	
					١	<b>i</b>	١	

### Figure 59. Add Low Power Mode

🖹 Probler	ns 📮 Console 🧮 Properties 🗙 🖽 Smart Manual 🔅 Debug	🔗 Search								
g_lpm0 l	g_lpm0 Low Power Modes (r_lpm)									
Settings API Info	Property		Value							
APTIMO	Parameter Checking Standby Limit		Default (BSP) Disabled							
	Module g_lpm0 Low Power Modes (r_lpm)     General									
	Standby Options     Wake Sources     IRQ0									
	IRQ1 IRQ2									
	IRQ3 IRQ4	Enable BLEIRQ as Wake Sources.								
	IRQ6 IRO7									
	BLE IRQ IRQ9									
	IRQ11									

#### Figure 60. Wake Sources

Refer to section 3.1.2 for how to use the low power mode in your application.

## 4.1.6 Make profile and BLE application skeleton code

QE for BLE can generate profile and BLE application skeleton code. And user can modify these codes according to use case. Refer to *Bluetooth Low Energy Profile Developer's Guide(R01AN5428)* about usage of QE for BLE.



# 4.2 Device-specific Data Management

Bluetooth Device Address (hereinafter referred to as BD address) used by BLE Protocol Stack can be written to Data Flash area and Code Flash area as device-specific data. This allows user to set different BD address for multiple devices using the same firmware. Device-specific data is placed in a different area from the firmware program area. If the device-specific data is not deleted when rewriting the firmware, the same BD address can be used continuously.

## 4.2.1 Specify device-specific data location block

### 1. Data flash area

The block number of data flash area where device-specific data is located can be specified with **Data Flash (RAM) Device Data Block** configuration options. Relationship between block number and address is following.



Figure 61. Data flash memory block configuration

Device-specific data is written at the top of the block specified by Device Specific Data Flash Block option. Do not write other data to the block where device-specific data is placed.



# 2. Code flash area

The block number of code flash where device-specific data is located can be specified with **Code Flash (ROM) Device Data Block** configuration options. Relationship between block number and address is following.



Figure 62. Code flash memory block configuration

When placing device-specific data in code flash area, it is necessary to specify blocks that are not used in program code. In addition, device-specific data is written at the top of the block specified by **Code Flash (ROM) Device Data Block** configuration.



# 4.2.2 Device-specific data format

Table 24 shows the device-specific data format.

Table 24	. device-specific data fo	ormat
----------	---------------------------	-------

Offset	Size[bytes]	Туре	Description
0	4	uint32_t	Data length after magic number (fixed to 0x00000010)
4	4	uint32_t	Magic number (fixed 0x12345678)
8	6	uint8_t [6]	Public BD address
14	6	uint8_t [6]	Random BD address

Each data must be written in little endian. For example, if BD address is "01:02:03:04:05:06", write to the flash memory in the order of 0x06,0x05,0x04,0x03,0x02,0x01. Figure 63 shows an example of device-specific data flash memory layout.

		Data 1	Length		0x0000010						
	1	Magic	Number	:	0x12345678						
	Pub	lic BI	) Addr	ess	01:02:03:04:05:06						
	Ran	dom BI	) Addr	ess	D1:	D2:D3:	:D4:D5	:D6			
offset	+0	+1	+2	+3	+4	+5	+6	+7			
0x000x0	0 <b>x</b> 10	0x00	0x00	0x00	0 <b>x</b> 78	0 <b>x</b> 56	0 <b>x</b> 34	0 <b>x</b> 12			
0x0008	0x06	0 <b>x</b> 05	0x04	0 <b>x</b> 03	0 <b>x</b> 02	0x01	0xD6	0xD5			
0x0010	0xD4	0xD3	0xD2	0xD1							

### Figure 63. Device-specific data flash memory layout

### 4.2.3 How to write device-specific data

User can write device specific data by following way. When device-specific data is written to the data flash area, the written BD address is adopted after reset of MCU.

### 1. Write to data flash area using R\_BLE API

Use *R\_BLE\_VS\_SetBdAddr()* API to write device-specific data to data flash area. When device-specific data is written to the data flash area, BD address written by reboot once RA4W1 is adopt. Refer to "Renesas Flexible Software Package User's Manual" for details of the API.

### 2. Write to data area using BD address writing tool

User can write Public BD address to data area by using Public BD address writing tool for the RA4W1 device with HCI mode firmware. Refer to "Host Controller Interface Firmware(R01AN5429)" and "Public BD Address writing tool(R01AN5439)".

Note: The BD address writing tool does not support Random BD address writing.



## 3. Write to code flash area

To write device-specific data to code flash area, use Renesas Flash Programmer V3.1.0 (RFP) unique code Function. The unique code function is functionality to write the device specific data to user area at the same time as firmware program data. Refer to Renesas Flash Programmer User's manual (R01UT5757) about usage of RFP.



Figure 64. writing device-specific data by using RFP

Code 59 shown an example of setting device-specific data for RFP unique code (\*.ruc) file.



## Code 59. Setting device-specific data for RFP unique code

This code writes the following configurations at the top of block 255 in code flash area.

- Public address : 0x01:02:03:04:05:06
- Random address : 0xD1:D2:D3:D4:D5:D6



# 4.2.4 BD address adoption flow

BLE Protocol Stack adopts initial value of BD address in following priority order in *RM\_BLE\_ABS\_Open()* API.

- (1) Data flash specified block
- (2) Code flash specified block
- (3) Firmware initial value (Debug Public Address or Debug Random Address configuration)

For Random BD address, if BD addresses for all areas are not specified, static address is generated from Unique ID of MCU. Generated static address can be obtained with the *R\_BLE\_VS\_GetBdAddr()* API.

Even after BD address is adopted, the BD address can be changed again with R\_BLE\_VS\_SetBdAddr() API.

Note: The generated static address is a fixed value that does not change when the MCU power off or reset. Note: A static address consists of random numbers. The possibility of duplicate values with other devices is near zero.

Figure 65 shows BD address adoption flow of BLE Protocol Stack.



Figure 65. BD address adoption flow of BLE Protocol Stack

Since BLE Protocol Stack does not check format of BD address written in each area (1)-(3), when setting static address, set value that matches the format shown in Figure 66.



Figure 66. Static address format



# 4.3 Security Data Management

The security data management function read / write the following data in the data flash area.

- Local device key to distribute during pairing
- Key and information obtained from the remote device during pairing

The local device key and remote device key storage in the data flash is configurable in the BLE Protocol Stack using the security data management API. The Abstraction API uses the security data management API to manage security data for local and remote devices. The security data management function is set using the configuration options shown in Table 25.

Configuration Options	Description
Store Security Data	Enable or disable the security data management.
Default: Disable	Range: Enable or Disable
	Bonding information is stored in Data Flash block when this configuration set to Enable. And the bonding information will store Data Flash block which specified by <b>Data Flash Block for Security Data</b> option.
Data Flash Block for Security Data	Specify Data Flash block which store the bonding information.
Default: 0	Range: 0 to 7
	Choose a different block from <b>Device Specific Data</b> Refer to section 4.3.1 for details.
Remote device bonding number	Maximum number of the bonding information stored in the Data Flash.
Default: 7	Range : 1 to 7
	This value should be set same as <b>Maximum number of connections</b> .
	Refer to section 4.3.1 for details.

 Table 25. Security data management configuration options

The security data management function manages security data management information, local device security data, and remote device security data. The memory map in the data flash is as shown in Figure 67.





Figure 67. Memory map of security data in data flash

Each data information is described in following section.

## 4.3.1 Security data management information

The structure and structure elements of security data management information are shown in Figure 68 and Table 26. This data is handled internally by the security data management function and does not need to be updated by the user application.

### Figure 68. Security data management information structure

Table 26.	Security management information structure elements
-----------	--

Туре	Element Name	size [bytes]	Description
uint32_t	magic_num	4	Magic number of security data. Check whether security data is written. Fixed to 0x12345678. 0xFFFFFFF when not written.
uint8_t	bond_cnt	1	Number of bonding information stored.
uint8_t	padding[3]	3	Padding



# 4.3.2 Local device security data

The security data structure and structure elements of the local device are shown in Figure 69 and Table 27.

3	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	1	6 15	5 14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
													Ŀ	ocal	IR	K (12	8bits	5)													
													Lo	cal (	CSF	RK (1	28bit	s)													
												Loc	cal Io	dent	ity	Addr	ess (	56bi	ts)												
		Pad	lding	(8bi	its)																										

Figure 69. Local device security data structure

## Table 27. Local device security data structure elements

Element Name	size	Description
	[bytes]	
Local Identity Resolving Key (IRK)	16	IRK distributed to remote devices during pairing.
		Resolvable Private Address (RPA) is used when
		generating by Privacy feature.
Local Connection Signature Resolving	16	CSRK distributed to remote devices during pairing.
Key (CSRK)		Used when sending with signed data.
Local Identity Address	7	The local device identity address that informs the
		remote device during pairing.
Padding	1	Padding



The following describes security data settings for local devices.

- IRK and CSRK generate and set a 16-byte random number.
- To set BLE Protocol Stack, use *R\_BLE\_GAP\_SetLocIdInfo()* (IRK, Identity Address) and *R\_BLE\_GAP\_SetLocCsrk()* (CSRK).

By using API of security data management function, the generated security data can be written to data flash. It is possible to reconfigure to BLE Protocol Stack after reboot device. Figure 70 shows an example of local device security data setting processing that is performed when the BLE Protocol Stack is started.



Figure 70. Example of setting local device security data



# 4.3.3 Remote device security data

The structure and structural elements of the remote device security data are shown in Figure 71 and Table 28.

31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24	23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8	7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0					
	Remote Add	ress (56bits)						
Bond num (8bits)								
ekey_size (LTK) (8bits)	bonding (8bits)	pair_mode (8bits)	Security (8bits)					
	Remote key ad	ddress (32bits)						
Padding	(16bits)	ekey_size (8bits)	keys (8bits)					
	Remote LT	K (128bits)						
	Remote EDIV ar	nd Rand (80bits)						
Remote IR	K (128bits)							
Remote Identity	Address (56bits)							
	Remote CSRK (128 bits)							
Padding (24bits)								

Figure 71. Remote device security data structure



#### Table 28. Remote device security data structure elements

Element Name	size	Description
	[bytes]	
Remote Address	7	BD address used by remote device during pairing.
Bond num	1	Bonding serial number.
security	1	Security level of the pairing performed.
		0x01: Perform pairing with Unauthenticated pairing.
		0x02: Perform pairing with Authenticated pairing
pair_mode	1	Type of pairing performed.
		0x01: Perform pairing with Legacy Pairing.
		0x02: Perform pairing with Secure Connections.
bonding	1	Bonding policy of remote device.
		0x00: Indicates that remote device does not bonding performed.
		0x01 Indicates that remote device is bonding performed.
ekey_size (LTK)	1	Size of LTK.
remote key address	4	Start address of the data flash to store the remote device key
		(Remote LTK to Remote CSRK).
keys	1	Type of key distributed by remote device.
ekey_size	1	Negotiated LTK size.
Remote LTK	16	LTK distributed by remote device.
		Used for connection encryption.
Remote EDIV and Rand	10	EDIV and Random number distributed by the remote device.
		Used for connection encryption.
Remote IRK	16	IRK distributed by remote device.
		Used for address resolution when the remote device uses the privacy
		feature.
Remote Identity Address	7	Identity address of remote device.
		Used for address resolution when remote device uses the privacy
		feature.
Remote CSRK	16	CSRK distributed by remote device.
		Used when receiving signed data.

The following describes security data settings for remote devices.

- The remote device security data is received during pairing.
- security, pair\_mode, bonding, and ekey\_size in Table 28 are written to data flash at the BLE\_GAP\_EVENT\_PAIRING\_COMP event. Other data is written to the data flash at the BLE\_GAP\_EVENT\_PEER\_KEY\_INFO event.
- Initializing process at the BLE\_GAP\_EVENT\_STACK\_ON event reads the remote device security data from data flash and calls *R\_BLE\_GAP\_SetBondInfo()* to set remote device security data in the BLE Protocol Stack.
- If number of data written to data flash exceeds number specified by **Remote device bonding number** option, oldest security data entry is overwritten.

By using security data management function, the received remote device security data during pairing can be written to data flash. It is possible to reconfigure to BLE Protocol Stack after reboot device.



# 4.4 Data Flash Block

If your application holds data in Data Flash, use the block except the following.

- Data Flash (RAM) Device Data Block Data Flash Block for Security Data ٠
- •



# 4.5 Importing CLI (Command Line Interface) to user's project

## 4.5.1 Related source files

Related source files to CLI are installed under app\_lib in this demo project. User can add the CLI functionality by copying / adding path app\_lib directory from this demo project to their own project.

## 4.5.2 Configurations of SCI

Please open FSP configuration of user's project and select **Stacks** tab. Add **New Stack**  $\rightarrow$  **Driver**  $\rightarrow$  **Connectivity**  $\rightarrow$  **UART Driver on r\_sci\_uart** to **HAL/Common**. And modify configuration of the added **r\_sci\_uart** as following.

• [Interrupts]→[Callback] : user\_uart\_callback\_ble\_cli

s プロパティ	値
> Common	
<ul> <li>Module g_uart0 UART Driver on r_sci_uart</li> </ul>	
> General	
> Baud	
> Flow Control	
> Extra	
✓ Interrupts	
Callback	user_uart_callback_ble_cli
Receive Interrupt Priority	Priority 2
Transmit Data Empty Interrupt Priority	Priority 2
Transmit End Interrupt Priority	Priority 2
Error Interrupt Priority	Priority 2

Figure 72. Interrupts of r\_sci\_uart

## 4.5.3 Designating module name

Edit value of BLE\_UART\_INSTANCE macro in app\_lib / r\_ble\_console.c according to the module name of r\_sci\_uart which user named.



Code 60. BLE\_UART\_INSTANCE macro



## 4.5.4 Serial data output of UART

Serial data output of UART can be performed by *R\_BLE\_CLI\_Printf()* function. *R\_BLE\_CLI\_Printf()* function can generate formatted character lines by the way like *printf()* function.

# Table 29. Syntax of R\_BLE\_CLI\_Printf()

Function Name	R_BLE_CLI_Printf				
Format	void R_BLE_CLI_Printf(const char *format, …);				
Return	void	void -			
Arguments	const char *format Designate a constant character line including formats				
	Variable number of arguments represented by formats can be designated.				



# 4.6 Command List

# (1) Advertising command

adv command	command			
Format :	gap adv [adv_type] [operation]			
Format .	Start, stop, or	remove advertising.		
		Select one of the followings as the type of advertising.		
		legacy : legacy advertising		
	[adv_type]	ext : extended advertising		
		non-conn : non-connectable advertising		
Parameters :		periodic : periodic advertising		
	[operation]	Start or stop advertising.		
		start : start advertising		
		stop : stop advertising.		
		remove : remove advertising set specified by adv_type.		
	gap adv legac	y start		
	Start legacy advertising.			
Evenale	The local device address is a static address.			
Example :				
	gap adv ext st	qc		
	Stop exten	ded advertising.		

Other parameters related to Advertising that cannot be set from this command are set in the Advertising parameter variables of gs\_legacy\_adv\_param, gs\_ext\_adv\_param, gs\_non\_conn\_adv\_param, and gs\_periodic\_adv\_param in app\_lib\cmd\r\_ble\_cmd\_abs.c. Changing these variables will change the setting of Advertising parameters.

 Table 30. legacy advertising parameter: gs\_legacy\_adv\_param



Parameter Structure st_ble_abs_legacy_adv_param_t		gs_legacy_adv_param		
		ys_ieyacy_auv_parain		
Туре	Field Name	Description	Default Value	
st_ble_dev_a	p_addr	Specify the remote address registered in the Resolving List.	NULL	
ddr_t *		When o_addr_type is BLE_GAP_ADDR_RPA_ID_PUBLIC (0x02) or		
		BLE_GAP_ADDR_RPA_ID_STATIC (0x03), specify the remote address		
		registered in the Resolving List in p_addr. If o_addr_type is		
		BLE_GAP_ADDR_PUBLIC (0x00) or BLE_GAP_ADDR_RAND (0x01),		
		specify NULL for p_addr.	· · · ·	
uint8_t *	p_adv_data	Specify Advertising Data.	gs_adv_data	
		If NULL is specified, Advertising Data is not set.		
uint8_t *	p_sres_data	Specify Scan Response Data.	gs_sres_data	
		If NULL is specified, Scan Response Data is not set.		
uint32_t	fast_adv_intv	Advertising is performed at the interval specified by fast_adv_intv for the	0x00000100	
		period specified by the fast_period parameter.		
		Time (ms) = fast_adv_intv * 0.625.		
		Ignored if fast_period is 0.		
		The range is 0x0000020-0x00FFFFF.		
uint32_t	slow_adv_intv	After the time specified by the fast_period parameter elapses, advertising is	0x00000200	
		performed at the interval specified by slow_adv_intv for the period specified by the slow_period parameter.		
		Time (ms) = $adv_intv_max * 0.625$		
uint16 t	fact pariod	The range is 0x00000020-0x00FFFFF.	0x0100	
uint16_t	fast_period	Specify the period for advertising in fast_adv_intv. Time = duration * 10ms.	0,0100	
		When the time specified in duration elapses, the BLE_GAP_EVENT_ADV_OFF event notifies that Advertising has stopped.		
		Range : 0x0000-0xFFFF.		
		If 0x0000 is specified, fast_period is ignored.		
uint16_t	slow_period	Specify the period for performing Advertising with slow_adv_intv.	0x0000	
antro_t	olow_pollod	Time = duration * 10ms.	UNCOUC	
		When the time specified in duration elapses, the		
		BLE_GAP_EVENT_ADV_OFF event notifies that Advertising has stopped.		
		The range is 0x0000-0xFFFF.		
		If 0x0000 is specified, slow_period is ignored.		
uint16_t	adv_data_length	Specify Advertising Data size (byte).	sizeof(gs_adv_d	
		For Legacy Advertising PDU, the range is 0 to 31.	ata)	
		If 0 is specified, Advertising Data is not set.	,	
uint16_t	sres_data_length	Specify the size (in bytes) of Scan Response Data.	sizeof(gs_sres_o	
	<u>-</u>	For Legacy Advertising PDU, the range is 0 to 31.	ata)	
		If 0 is specified, Scan Response Data is not set.	,	
uint8 t	adv_ch_map	Specify the channel to be used for advertising packet transmission.	BLE_GAP_ADV	
	aav_on_map	It is possible to specify by the logical sum of the following macros.	_CH_ALL	
		BLE_GAP_ADV_CH_37 (0x01) 37 CH is used.		
		BLE_GAP_ADV_CH_38 (0x02) 38 CH is used.		
		BLE_GAP_ADV_CH_39 (0x04) 39 CH is used.		
		BLE_GAP_ADV_CH_ALL (0x07) 37-39 CH is used.		



Parameter Structure		as leasey adv param		
st_ble_abs_le	gacy_adv_param_t	gs_legacy_adv_param		
Туре	Field Name	Description	Default Value	
uint8_t	filter	Specify Advertising Filter Policy.	BLE_ABS_ADV_	
		When p_addr parameter is NULL, advertising is performed according to the	ALLOW_CONN_	
		filter policy.	ANY	
		This parameter is ignored if the remote device address is specified in the		
		p_addr parameter.		
		BLE_ABS_ADV_ALLOW_CONN_ANY (0x00)		
		Accepts Connection Requests from all devices.		
		BLE_ABS_ADV_ALLOW_CONN_WLST (0x01)		
		Only devices registered in the White List will accept Connection Requests.		
uint8_t	o_addr_type	Specify Own BD Address Type.	BLE_GAP_ADD	
			R_PUBLIC	
		BLE_GAP_ADDR_PUBLIC (0x00)		
		Indicates a public address.		
		BLE_GAP_ADDR_RAND(0x01)		
		Indicates a static address.		
		BLE_GAP_ADDR_RPA_ID_PUBLIC (0x02)		
		Indicates that RPA is to be used. If there is no IRK on the Resolving List, use		
		the public address.		
		BLE GAP ADDR RPA ID RANDOM(0x03)		
		Indicates that RPA is to be used. If there is no IRK on the Resolving List, use the static address.		
uint8_t	o_addr[6]	When o_addr_type is BLE_GAP_ADDR_RAND (0x01) or	Not set because	
		BLE_GAP_ADDR_RPA_ID_RANDOM (0x03), specify the Random Address	o_addr_type is	
		to be set in the Advertising Set. This parameter is ignored when using the	BLE_GAP_ADD	
		Balance or Compact library.	R_PUBLIC.	

Table 31. Extended advertising parameter: gs\_ext\_adv\_param



Parameter Str	ructure		
st_ble_abs_e	xt_adv_param_t	gs_ext_adv_param	
Туре	Field Name	Description	Default Value
st_ble_dev_a	p_addr	Specify the remote address registered in the Resolving List.	NULL
ddr_t *		When o_addr_type is BLE_GAP_ADDR_RPA_ID_PUBLIC (0x02) or	
		BLE_GAP_ADDR_RPA_ID_STATIC (0x03), specify the remote address	
		registered in the Resolving List in p_addr. If o_addr_type is	
		BLE_GAP_ADDR_PUBLIC (0x00) or BLE_GAP_ADDR_RAND (0x01),	
	n odv. doto	specify NULL for p_addr.	
uint8_t *	p_adv_data	Specify Advertising Data.	gs_adv_data
uint22 t	fact odv intv	If NULL is specified, Advertising Data is not set. Advertising is performed at the interval specified by fast_adv_intv for the	0x00000100
uint32_t	fast_adv_intv	period specified by the fast_period parameter.	0x00000100
		Time (ms) = fast_adv_intv * 0.625.	
		Ignored if fast_period is 0.	
		The range is 0x00000020-0x00FFFFF.	
uint32_t	slow_adv_intv	After the time specified by the fast_period parameter elapses, advertising is	0x00000200
unitoz_t	30W_ddv_intv	performed at the interval specified by slow_adv_intv for the period specified	0x00000200
		by the slow_period parameter.	
		Time (ms) = $adv_intv_max * 0.625$	
		The range is 0x00000020-0x00FFFFF.	
uint16 t	fast_period	Specify the period for advertising in fast_adv_intv.	0x0300
unitro_t	laot_polioa	Time = duration * 10ms.	0,0000
		When the time specified in duration elapses, the	
		BLE_GAP_EVENT_ADV_OFF event notifies that Advertising has stopped.	
		The range is 0x0000-0xFFFF.	
		If 0x0000 is specified, fast_period is ignored.	
uint16_t	slow_period	Specify the period for performing Advertising with slow_adv_intv.	0x0000
—	—	Time = duration * 10ms.	
		When the time specified in duration elapses, the	
		BLE_GAP_EVENT_ADV_OFF event notifies that Advertising has stopped.	
		The range is 0x0000-0xFFFF.	
		If 0x0000 is specified, slow_period is ignored.	
uint16_t	adv_data_length	Specify Advertising Data size (byte).	sizeof(gs_adv_d
	_	The range is from 0 to 229.	ata)
		If 0 is specified, Advertising Data will not be set.	
uint8_t	adv_ch_map	Specify the channel to be used for advertising packet transmission.	BLE_GAP_ADV
		It is possible to specify by the logical sum of the following macros.	_CH_ALL
		BLE_GAP_ADV_CH_37 (0x01) 37 CH is used.	
		BLE_GAP_ADV_CH_38 (0x02) 38 CH is used.	
		BLE_GAP_ADV_CH_39 (0x04) 39 CH is used.	
		BLE_GAP_ADV_CH_ALL (0x07) 37-39 CH is used.	
uint8_t	filter	Specify Advertising Filter Policy.	BLE_ABS_ADV_
		When p_addr parameter is NULL, advertising is performed according to the	ALLOW_CONN_
		filter policy.	ANY
		This parameter is ignored if the remote device address is specified in the	
		p_addr parameter.	
		BLE_ABS_ADV_ALLOW_CONN_ANY (0x00)	
		Accepts Connection Requests from all devices.	
		BLE_ABS_ADV_ALLOW_CONN_WLST (0x01)	
		Only devices registered in the White List will accept Connection Requests.	



Parameter Structure			
st_ble_abs	_ext_adv_param_t	gs_ext_adv_param	
Туре	Field Name	Description	Default Value
uint8_t	o_addr_type	Specify Own BD Address Type.	BLE_GAP_ADD
			R_PUBLIC
		BLE_GAP_ADDR_PUBLIC (0x00)	
		Indicates a public address.	
		BLE_GAP_ADDR_RAND(0x01)	
		Indicates a static address.	
		BLE_GAP_ADDR_RPA_ID_PUBLIC (0x02)	
		Indicates that RPA is to be used. If there is no IRK on the Resolving List, use	
		the public address.	
		BLE_GAP_ADDR_RPA_ID_RANDOM(0x03)	
		Indicates that RPA is to be used. If there is no IRK on the Resolving List, use	
		the static address.	
uint8_t	adv_phy	Specify Primary ADV PHY.	BLE_GAP_ADV
		In this parameter, only 1M PHY and Coded PHY can be specified, and 2M	_PHY_1M
		PHY cannot be specified.	
		BLE_GAP_ADV_PHY_1M (0x01)	
		1M PHY is used as Primary Advertising PHY.	
		BLE_GAP_ADV_PHY_CD (0x03)	
		Use Coded PHY as Primary Advertising PHY.	
		Coding scheme is the contents set by <i>R_BLE_VS_SetCodingScheme()</i> .	
uint8_t	sec_adv_phy	Specify Secondary ADV Phy.	BLE_GAP_ADV
			_PHY_1M
		BLE_GAP_ADV_PHY_1M (0x01)	
		1M PHY is used for Secondary Advertising PHY.	
		BLE_GAP_ADV_PHY_2M (0x02)	
		2M PHY is used for Secondary Advertising PHY.	
		BLE_GAP_ADV_PHY_CD (0x03)	
		Use Coded PHY for Secondary Advertising PHY.	
		Coding scheme is the contents set by R_BLE_VS_SetCodingScheme().	

Table 32. Non-Connectable advertising parameter: gs\_non\_conn\_adv\_param



Parameter Str				
st_ble_abs_non_conn_adv_param _t		gs_non_conn_adv_param		
Туре	Field Name	Description	Default Value	
st_ble_dev_a	p_addr	For the remote address specified by p_addr	NULL	
ddr_t *		Direct non-connectable advertising.		
		If p_addr is NULL, Undirect Non-Connectable Advertising is performed.		
uint8_t *	p_adv_data	Specify Advertising Data.	gs_adv_data	
		If NULL is specified, Advertising Data is not set.		
uint32_t	adv_intv	Advertising is performed at the interval specified by adv_intv for the period	0x000000a0	
		specified by the duration parameter.		
		Time (ms) = adv_intv * 0.625		
		When duration is 0x0000, the interval advertisement specified by adv_intv is		
uint16_t	duration	The range is 0x00000020-0x00FFFFF. Specify the period for performing Advertising in adv_intv.	0x0000	
unit 16_t	uuralion	Time = duration * 10ms.	0x0000	
		When the time specified in duration elapses, a BLE_GAP_EVENT_ADV_OFF event occurs.		
		The range is 0x0000-0xFFFF.		
		If 0x0000 is specified, duration is ignored.		
wint16 t	adv data langth		sizeof(gs_adv_o	
uint16_t	adv_data_length	Specify Advertising Data size (byte).		
		If BLE_ABS_ADV_PHY_LEGACY (0x00) is specified in the adv_phy	ata)	
		parameter, the range is 0-31. Otherwise, it is 0-1650.		
wint0 t	adv ab man	If 0 is specified, Advertising Data is not set.		
uint8_t	adv_ch_map	Specify the channel to be used for advertising packet transmission.	BLE_GAP_ADV _CH_ALL	
		It is possible to specify by the logical sum of the following macros.		
		BLE_GAP_ADV_CH_37 (0x01) 37 CH is used.		
		BLE_GAP_ADV_CH_38 (0x02) 38 CH is used.		
		BLE_GAP_ADV_CH_39 (0x04) 39 CH is used.		
		BLE_GAP_ADV_CH_ALL (0x07) 37-39 CH is used.		
uint8_t	o_addr_type	Specify Own BD Address Type.	BLE_GAP_ADD	
			R_PUBLIC	
		BLE_GAP_ADDR_PUBLIC (0x00)	_	
		Indicates a public address.		
		BLE_GAP_ADDR_RPA_ID_PUBLIC (0x02)		
		Indicates that RPA is to be used.		
		If there is no IRK registered in the Resolving List, use Public Address.		
uint8_t	adv_phy	Specify Primary ADV PHY.	BLE_GAP_ADV	
	·····	In this parameter, only 1M PHY and Coded PHY can be specified, and 2M	_PHY_1M	
		PHY cannot be specified.		
		BLE_GAP_ADV_PHY_1M (0x01)		
		1M PHY is used as Primary Advertising PHY.		
		BLE_GAP_ADV_PHY_CD (0x03)		
		Use Coded PHY as Primary Advertising PHY.		
		Coding scheme is the contents set by <i>R_BLE_VS_SetCodingScheme()</i> .		



Parameter Structure st_ble_abs_non_conn_adv_param _t			
		gs_non_conn_adv_param	
Туре	Field Name	Description	Default Value
uint8_t	sec_adv_phy	Specify Secondary ADV Phy.	BLE_GAP_ADV _PHY_1M
		BLE_GAP_ADV_PHY_1M (0x01)	
		1M PHY is used for Secondary Advertising PHY.	
		BLE_GAP_ADV_PHY_2M (0x02)	
		2M PHY is used for Secondary Advertising PHY.	
		BLE_GAP_ADV_PHY_CD (0x03)	
		Use Coded PHY for Secondary Advertising PHY.	
		Coding scheme is the contents set by R_BLE_VS_SetCodingScheme().	

## Table 33. Periodic advertising parameter: gs\_periodic\_adv\_param

Parameter Structure st_ble_abs_perd_adv_param_t			
		gs_periodic_adv_param	
Туре	Field Name	Description	Default Value
st_ble_abs_n on_conn_adv _param_t	param	Specify the non-connectable advertising parameter.	gs_non_conn_a dv_param (*1)
uint8_t *	p_perd_adv_data	Specify Periodic Advertising Data. If NULL is specified, Periodic Advertising Data is not set.	gs_adv_data
uint16_t	perd_intv	Specify Periodic Advertising Interval. Time (ms) = perd_intv * 1.25. The range is 0x0006-0xFFFF.	0x0040
uint16_t	perd_adv_data_len gth	Specify the size (bytes) of Periodic Advertising Data. The range is 0-1650. If 0 is specified, Periodic Advertising Data is not set.	sizeof(gs_adv_d ata)

\*1: It is set in *exec\_abs\_adv()* of app\_lib\cmd\r\_ble\_cmd\_abs.c.



## (2) Scan command

scan command				
	gap scan (opera	ation) (filter_ad_type) (filter_data) (addr_type) (-wl)		
Format :	Start scan.			
i unnat .	It is not necessa	It is not necessary to specify (operation) when starting scan.		
	When scan stop	os, input [ctrl] + [c].		
	(operation)	Specify operation for scan		
	(operation)	stop : stop scan.		
		The AD type for filtering.		
	(filter_ad_type)	Refer to Bluetooth SIG Assigned Numbers for generic access profile for		
		the definition of the AD type.		
		If the filter is not used, this parameter can be omitted.		
		The data for filtering.		
Parameters :	(filter_data)	Specify the data for the filter_ad_type.		
Falameters.	(	If the filter is not used, this parameter can be omitted.		
		If the filter_ad_type is not used, this parameter is ignored.		
		Specify the address type of scan request.		
	(addr_type)	When this parameter is omitted, static address is selected.		
	(	pub : Public Address		
		rnd : Static Address		
	(-wl)	Specify this parameter when using white list.		
	(-\vi)	If white list is not used, this parameter is can be omitted.		
	gap scan			
	Start scan.			
Example :	gap scan 2 0x02	1,0x29		
	Search the a	dvertising report which of the AD Type :		
	Incomplete L	ist of 16-bit Service Class UUIDs(0x02) and the service UUID : 0x2901.		
		· · /		
L	1			

Other parameters related to Scan that cannot be set from this command are set in the scan parameter variables of gs\_phy\_param\_1m and gs\_scan\_param in app\_lib\cmd\r\_ble\_cmd\_abs.c. Changing these variables will change the scan parameter settings.

Table 34. Scan parameter: gs\_phy\_param\_1m



Parameter Structure st_ble_abs_scan_phy_param_t		gs_phy_param_1m ram_t		
uint16_t	fast_intv	Specify Fast Scan interval.	0x0200	
		Fast Scan interval (ms) = fast_intv * 0.625	(320ms)	
		The range is 0x0004-0xFFFF.		
uint16_t	slow_intv	Specify the Slow Scan interval.	0x0800	
		Slow Scan interval (ms) = slow_intv * 0.625	(1.28s)	
		The range is 0x0004-0xFFFF.		
uint16_t	fast_window	Specify Fast Scan window.	0x0100	
		Fast Scan window (ms) = fast_window * 0.625	(160ms)	
		The range is 0x0004-0xFFFF.		
uint16_t	slow_window	Specify Slow Scan window.	0x0100	
		Slow Scan window (ms) = slow_window * 0.625	(160ms)	
		The range is 0x0004-0xFFFF.		
uint8_t	scan_type	Specify Passive Scan / Active Scan as the scan type.	BLE_GAP_SCA	
			N_PASSIVE	
		BLE_GAP_SCAN_PASSIVE (0x00)		
		Indicates that a passive scan is to be performed.		
		BLE_GAP_SCAN_ACTIVE (0x01)		
		Indicates that Active Scan is to be performed.		

Table 35. Scan parameter: gs\_scan\_param



Parameter Structure				
st_ble_abs_scan_param_t		gs_scan_param		
Туре	Field Name	Description	Default Value	
st_ble_abs_s	p_phy_param_1M	Specify the Scan parameter for 1M PHY.	&gs_phy_param	
can_phy_par		Specify NULL when not scanning with 1M PHY.	_1M	
am_t *		Specify scan parameter for either p_phy_param_1M or p_phy_param_coded.		
st_ble_abs_s	p_phy_param_code	Specify the Scan parameter for Coded PHY.	NULL	
can_phy_par	d	Specify NULL when not scanning with Coded PHY.		
am_t *		Specify scan parameter for either p_phy_param_1M or p_phy_param_coded.		
uint8_t *	p_filter_data	Specify the data to be filtered.	gs_filt_data	
_		Data included in a single Advertising Data PDU is targeted.	0	
		Filtering is not performed for data indicated by multiple Advertising Data		
		PDUs.		
		When NULL is specified or when 0 is specified for filter_data_length, filtering		
		is not performed.		
uint16_t	fast_period	Specify the scanning time in Fast scan interval / Fast scan window.	0x0100	
		Time (ms) = fast_period * 10.		
		The range is 0x0000-0xFFFF.		
		When 0x0000 is specified, scanning by Fast scan interval / Fast scan window		
		is not performed.		
		When the time specified in fast_period elapses, a		
		BLE_GAP_EVENT_SCAN_TO event occurs.		
uint16_t	slow_period	Specify the scan time in Slow scan interval / Slow scan window.	0x0000	
		Time (ms) = slow_period * 10.		
		The range is 0x0000-0xFFFF.		
		When 0x0000 is specified, scanning with Slow scan interval / Slow scan		
		window continues.		
		When the time specified by slow_period elapses, a		
		BLE_GAP_EVENT_SCAN_TO event occurs.		
uint16_t	filter_data_length	Specifies the size of the filtering data indicated by the p_filter_data	0	
		parameter.		
		If 0 is specified, or p_filter_data is NULL, no filtering is performed.		
		Up to 16 bytes can be specified.		
uint8_t	dev_filter	Specify the Scan Filter Policy. Set one of the following values.	BLE_GAP_SCA	
		BLE_GAP_SCAN_ALLOW_ADV_ALL (0x00)	N_ALLOW_ADV	
		All Advertising PDUs and Scan Response PDUs are accepted.	_ALL	
		BLE_GAP_SCAN_ALLOW_ADV_WLST (0x01)		
		Only Advertising PDUs and Scan Response PDUs of devices registered in		
		the White List are accepted.		
		BLE_GAP_SCAN_ALLOW_ADV_EXCEPT_DIRECTED (0x02)		
		All Advertising PDUs and Scan Response PDUs are accepted, except when		
		the Directed Advertising PDU destination is not the Scanner identity address.		
		Directed Advertising PDUs are accepted even if the destination is the RPA of		
		BLE_GAP_SCAN_ALLOW_ADV_EXCEPT_DIRECTED_WLST (0x03)		
		Except for the following cases, all advertising, scan response PDUs are		
		accepted.		
		<ul> <li>The address included in the Direct Advertising PDU is</li> </ul>		
		not the Scanner identity address.		
		The Advertiser Identity Address is not registered in the		
		White List.		



Parameter Structure st_ble_abs_scan_param_t			
		gs_scan_param	
Туре	Field Name	Description	Default Value
uint8_t	filter_dups	Specify the presence or absence of duplicates filter to filter duplicate	BLE_GAP_SCA
		advertising packet notifications.	N_FILT_DUPLIC
		The number of devices that can be filtered is eight.	_DISABLE
		The duplicate filter is disabled for the ninth and subsequent devices.	
		BLE_GAP_SCAN_FILT_DUPLIC_DISABLE (0x00)	
		Disable duplicate filter.	
		BLE_GAP_SCAN_FILT_DUPLIC_ENABLE (0x01)	
		Enable duplicate filter.	
uint8_t	filter_ad_type	Specify the AD type of the filtering data indicated by the p_filter_data	_
		parameter.	
		For details on AD type, refer to Assigned Numbers for generic	
		access profile of Bluetooth SIG.	



# (3) Connection command

conn comman	d	
	gap conn [addr] [addr_type]	
Format :	Send a connection request.	
	In case of stopping connection request, input [ctrl] + [c].	
	[addr]	Remote device address.
		Specify the followings as remote device address type.
Parameters :	[adds to a]	pub : Public Address
	[addr_type]	rnd : Random Address
	gap conn 74:90:50	D:00:95:a8 pub
	Send a connection request to the remote device whose public address is	
	74:90:50:00:95:a8.	
Example :		
	gap conn d8:19:e	3:30:92:21 pub
		ction request to the remote device whose random address is
d8:19:e3:30:92:21.		



Other parameters related to Connection that cannot be set from this command are set in the connection parameter variables of gs\_conn\_phy\_1m and gs\_conn\_param in app\_lib\cmd\r\_ble\_cmd\_abs.c. Changing these variables will change the connection parameter settings.

Parameter Structure st_ble_abs_conn_phy_param_t			
		gs_conn_phy_1m	
Туре	Field Name	Description	Default Value
uint16_t	conn_intv	Specify the Connection interval.	0x00A0 (200ms)
		Time (ms) = conn_intv * 1.25.	
		The range is 0x0006-0x0C80.	
uint16_t	conn_latency	Specify Slave latency.	0x0000
		The range is 0x0000-0x01F3.	
uint16_t	sup_to	Specify Supervision timeout.	0x03E8 (10s)
		Time (ms) = sup_to * 10	
		The range is 0x000A-0x0C80.	

#### Table 36. Connection parameter: gs\_conn\_phy\_1m

Table 37. Connection parameter: gs\_conn\_param



st_ble_abs_cd Type uint8_t	Field Name filter	Description	Default Value
		Decemption	
_		Specify how to select a remote device to establish a connection and the	BLE ABS CON
		address type of a local device.	N_USE_ADDR_ PUBLIC
		BLE_ABS_CONN_USE_ADDR_PUBLIC (BLE_GAP_INIT_FILT_USE_ADDR   (BLE_GAP_ADDR_PUBLIC << 4))	
		Establish a connection with the remote device specified by p_addr.	
		Local device uses public address.	
		BLE_ABS_CONN_USE_WLST_PUBLIC (BLE_GAP_INIT_FILT_USE_WLST   (BLE_GAP_ADDR_PUBLIC << 4))	
		Establish a connection with a remote device registered in the White List.	
		Local device uses public address.	
		BLE_ABS_CONN_USE_ADDR_STATIC (BLE_GAP_INIT_FILT_USE_ADDR   (BLE_GAP_ADDR_RAND << 4))	
		Establish a connection with the remote device specified by p_addr	
		Local device uses static address.	
		BLE_ABS_CONN_USE_WLST_STATIC (BLE_GAP_INIT_FILT_USE_WLST   (BLE_GAP_ADDR_RAND << 4))	
		Establish a connection with a remote device registered in the White List.	
		Local device uses static address.	
		BLE_ABS_CONN_USE_ADDR_RPA_PUBLIC (BLE_GAP_INIT_FILT_USE_ADDR   (BLE_GAP_ADDR_RPA_ID_PUBLI C << 4))	
		Establish a connection with the remote device specified by p_addr	
		Use RPA. If the IRK is not registered in the Resolving List, public address is used.	
		BLE_ABS_CONN_USE_WLST_RPA_PUBLIC (BLE_GAP_INIT_FILT_USE_WLST   (BLE_GAP_ADDR_RPA_ID_PUBLIC << 4))	
		Establish a connection with a remote device registered in the White List.	
		Use RPA. If the IRK is not registered in the Resolving List, public address is used.	
		BLE_ABS_CONN_USE_ADDR_RPA_STATIC (BLE_GAP_INIT_FILT_USE_ADDR   (BLE_GAP_ADDR_RPA_ID_RANDO M << 4))	
		Establish a connection with the remote device specified by p_addr	
		Use RPA. If the IRK is not registered in the Resolving List, static address is used.	
		BLE_ABS_CONN_USE_WLST_RPA_STATIC (BLE_GAP_INIT_FILT_USE_WLST   (BLE_GAP_ADDR_RPA_ID_RANDO M << 4))	
		Establish a connection with a remote device registered in the White List.Use RPA. If the IRK is not registered in the Resolving List, static address is used.	
uint8_t	conn_to	Specify the time (s) from when the connection establishment request is	7(s)
		issued until cancellation.	
		The range is 0 <= conn_to <= 10.	
		If 0 is specified, no cancellation is performed.	
st_ble_abs_c onn_phy_par	p_conn_1M	Specify 1M PHY connection parameters. When NULL is specified, connection with 1M PHY is not performed.	&gs_conn_phy_ 1m


Parameter Structure				
st_ble_abs_co	onn_param_t	gs_conn_param		
Туре	Field Name	Description	Default Value	
st_ble_abs_c	p_conn_2M	Specify 2M PHY connection parameters.	NULL	
onn_phy_par		If NULL is specified, 2M PHY connection is not performed.		
am_t *				
st_ble_abs_c	p_conn_coded	Specify the connection parameters for Coded PHY.	NULL	
onn_phy_par		If NULL is specified, connection with Coded PHY is not performed.		
am_t *				
st_ble_dev_a	p_addr	Specify the address of the remote device to be connected.	&gs_conn_bd_a	
ddr_t *		This parameter is ignored if the filter parameter is	ddr (*1)	
		BLE_GAP_INIT_FILT_USE_WLST (0x01).		

\*1: Use the address entered on the command line.



#### (4) Disconnection command

disconn command		
Format :	gap disconn [conn_hdl] Disconnect the connection.	
Parameters :	[conn_hdl]	Connection handle of which the connection is disconnected.
Example :	gap disconn 0x0020 Disconnect the connection with connection handle 0x0020.	

#### (5) Device command

device command		
Format :	gap device Display the addresses of the connected devices.	
Parameters :	None	
Example :	gap device Display the addresses of the connected devices.	



#### (6) Privacy command

priv command			
Format :	gap priv [operation] (IRK) [priv_mode] gap priv [operation] [addr] [addr_type] gap priv [operation]		
	Operate the local of	levice's privacy.	
Parameters :	[operation]	Select one of the followings as the operation of privacy. set : Register the IRK of the local device in the resolving list and turn on the address generation function. It is used when the local device uses RPA in the advertising command and connection command. remove : Delete the remote device registered in the resolving list.	
	{params,}	<pre>[operation] : set (IRK) : The local device's IRK which is registered in the resolving list. If this parameter is omitted, the IRK is generated with the random generation function. [priv_mode] : Privacy mode and the address type of local device. Select one of the followings. net : network privacy mode. Static address is used as identity address. dev : device privacy mode. Static address is used as identity address. dev : device privacy mode. Static address is used as identity address. [operation] : remove [addr] : Specify the address (6 bytes) of the remote device registered in the Resolving list. [addr_type] : Specify the address type of the remote device registered in the Resolving list.</pre>	
Example :	gap priv set 0001020304050600708090a0b0c0d0e0f dev         Register IRK : 0x0f0e0d0c0b0a09080706050403020100 and set the privacy mode to "device privacy mode". Static address is used as identity address.         gap priv set net         IRK is generated by the random number generation . The privacy mode is set to "network privacy mode". Static address is used as identity address.         gap priv remove 12:34:56:78:9a:bc pub		
7) Connectio	Delete the 12:	34:56:78:9a:bc (public) remote device registered in the resolving list.	



conn_cfg command			
Format :	gap conn_cfg [operation] {params,}		
Format .	Connection configuration command.		
	[operation]	Type of connection configuration. Select one of the followings. update : Connection parameter update. phy : Set PHY. def_phy : Set default phy. data_len : Set data packet length or data transmit time.	
Parameters :	{params,}	<pre>[operation] : update Parameter1 : Connection handle. Parameter2 : Connection interval. Time(ms) = Parameter2 x 1.25. Valid range is 0x0006-0x0C80. Parameter3 : Slave latency. Valid range is 0x0000-0x01F3. Parameter4 : Supervision timeout. Time(ms) = Parameter4 x 10. Valid range is 0x000A-0x0C80. Input Parameter2-4 to meet the following condition. Parameter4 x 10 &gt;= (1 + Parameter3) x Parameter2 x 1.25 [operation] : phy Parameter1 : Connection handle Parameter2 : Transmitter PHY. Parameter2 is set to a bitwise OR of the following values. bit0 : 1M PHY bit1 : 2M PHY bit2 : Coded PHY Parameter3 : Receiver PHY. Parameter3 is set to a bitwise OR of the following values. bit0 : 1M PHY bit2 : Coded PHY Parameter3 : Receiver PHY. Parameter3 is set to a bitwise OR of the following values. bit0 : 1M PHY bit1 : 2M PHY</pre>	



	gap conn_cfg update 0x0026 0x0100 0 0x0100 Change the connection parameters of the connection handle : 0x0026 to the following values.
	connection interval : 0x0100 slave latency : 0 supervision timeout : 0x0100
Example :	gap conn_cfg phy 0x0026 2 2 0 Change the PHY of the connection (connection handle : 0x0026) Transmitter PHY : 2M Receiver PHY : 2M
	gap conn_cfg def_phy 7 7 Accept the following change request. Transmitter PHY : 1M, 2M and Coded PHY. Receiver PHY : 1M, 2M and Coded PHY.
	gap conn_cfg data_len 0x0026 0x00FB 0x4290 Change the following transmit packet length or transmit time Max transmit packet length : 251 bytes Max transmit time : 0x4290 us



#### (8) White List command

wl command	wl command		
Format :	gap wl [operation] {params,}		
T Offiat .	White List operation command.		
	[operation]	<ul> <li>White List operation. Select one of the followings.</li> <li>reg : Register a device specified with the {params,} on the White List.</li> <li>del : Delete the device specified with the {params,} on the White List.</li> <li>clear : Clear the White List.</li> </ul>	
Parameters :	{params,}	<ul> <li>[operation] : reg</li> <li>Parameter1 : Address of a device to be registered on the White List.</li> <li>Parameter2 : Address type of a device to be registered on the White List.</li> <li>pub : Public Address</li> <li>rnd : Random Address</li> <li>[operation] : del</li> <li>Parameter1 : Address type of a device to be deleted on the White List.</li> <li>Parameter2 : Address type of a device to be deleted on the White List.</li> <li>Public Address</li> <li>rnd : Random Address</li> <li>[operation] : clear</li> <li>Not used.</li> </ul>	
Example :	<ul> <li>gap wl reg 74:90:50:00:95:a8 pub</li> <li>Register the device whose public address is 74:90:50:00:95:a8 on the White List.</li> <li>gap wl del 74:90:50:00:95:a8 pub</li> <li>Delete the device whose public address is 74:90:50:00:95:a8 on the White List.</li> <li>gap wl clear</li> <li>Clear the White List.</li> </ul>		



#### (9) Authentication command

auth command			
Format :	gap auth [operation] {params,}		
Tonnac.	Pairing or encryption command.		
	[operation]	Security operation. start : Start pairing or encryption. passkey : Input 6-digit number(decimal) to be required in passkey entry pairing. numcmp : Return the result of a numeric comparison. del : Delete the pairing keys.	
	{params,}	[operation] : start Parameter1 : Connection handle identifying the connection which local device starts pairing or encryption.	
		[operation] : passkey Parameter1 : 6 digit passkey (decimal)	
Parameters :		<ul> <li>[operation] : numcmp</li> <li>Parameter1 : Result of a numeric comparison.("yes" or "no") Return "yes" if both devices display same number, otherwise "no".</li> <li>[operation] : del</li> <li>Parameter1 : Type of key to be deleted. local : keys which local device distributes. remote : keys distributed from the remote devices. all : the above two types of keys.</li> </ul>	
		Parameter2: Type of the remote device key deletion. addr : Delete the keys specified by the Parameter3, 4. all : Delete all the keys distributed from remote devices.	
		Parameter3 : Address of the remote device whose keys to be deleted.	
		Parameter4 : Address type of the remote device whose keys to be deleted. pub : Public Address rnd : Random Address	



	gap auth start 0x0026 Start pairing or encryption with the connection (connection handle : 0x0026).
	gap auth passkey 123456 Input "123456" as a passkey.
Example :	gap auth numcmp yes Return "yes" as a result of numeric comparison.
	gap auth del remote all Delete all the keys distributed from the remote devices.



### (10) Synchronization command

sync command			
Format :	gap sync [operation] {params}		
Format .	Create or Te	rminate a periodic sync.	
		Periodic sync operation.	
	[operation]	create : Create a periodic sync with the device whose address is specified by the {params}. Scanning runs until a periodic sync is established.	
		In case of stopping creating periodic sync, input [ctrl] + [c].	
Parameters :		term : Terminate the periodic sync whose sync_hdl is specified by the {params}.	
Falameters.		[operation] : create	
	{params,}	Parameter1 : Address of the advertiser.	
		Parameter2 : Address type of the advertiser.	
		[operation] : term	
		Parameter1 : Sync handle identifying the periodic sync to be terminated.	
		If no parameters are given, all the established periodic syncs are terminated.	
	gap sync create 74:90:50:00:95:a8 pub		
Example :	Establish a periodic sync with the advertiser whose public address is 74:90:50:00:95:a8.		
	gap sync term 0x01		
	Terminate the periodic sync (sync handle : 0x01).		



# (11) Version command

ver command					
	gap ver				
Format :	Get the following BLE Protocol Stack version information. - Link Layer - HCI - Host Stack - Manufacturer ID				
Parameters :	None				
	gap ver Get the version information.				
	<u>Result sample :</u> Link Layer / HCI Version				
	HCI version HCI revision	: 0x09 *1 : 0x000b			
	Link Layer version	: 0x09 *1			
Example :	Link Layer subversion	: 0x1908			
	Manufacturer ID	: 0x0036			
	Host stack Version				
	major version	: 0x0d			
	minor version	: 0x19			
	subminor version	: 0x08			
1: The version	on number defined by Bluetooth	SIG. The version number 0x09 shows Bluetooth 5.0.			



# 4.6.2 Vendor Specific (VS) command

# (1) Tx Power command

txp command	command		
Format :	vs txp [operation] [conn_hdl] {params,}		
T Offiat .	Set / Get the	transmit power.	
	[operation]	Transmit power operation. set : Set the transmit power. get : Get the transmit power.	
	[conn_hdl]	Connection handle identifying the connection whose transmit power to be set or retrieved. Inputting 0xFFFF sets / gets the transmit power in the non-connected state.	
Parameters :	{params,}	[operation] : set Parameter1 : Tx power level to be set. 0 : High 1 : Middle 2 : Low [operation] : get Not used.	
Example :	vs txp set 0xFFFF 0 Set the non-connected state transmit power to the High level. vs txp get 0x0026 Get the transmit power of the connection (connection handle : 0x0026).		

#### (2) Coded Scheme command

scheme comma	and		
Format :	vs scheme [t	vs scheme [type]	
Format .	Set the codir	ng scheme of the Coded PHY.	
		Coding scheme for Primary advertising PHY, Secondary advertising PHY, request for connection establishment. This parameter is set to a bitwise OR of the following values.	
Parameters :	[type]	By default, S=8 coding scheme is enabled. bit0 : Coding scheme for Primary Advertising PHY(0:S=8/1:S=2). bit1 : Coding scheme for Secondary Advertising PHY(0:S=8/1:S=2). bit2 : Coding scheme for Connection(0:S=8/1:S=2).	
Example :	vs scheme 7 Set coding scheme for Primacy Advertising, for Secondary Advertising, and for Connection to S=2.		



# (3) Extended Direct Test Mode(DTM) command

test command			
Format :	vs test [operation] {params,}		
Format .	DTM test command.		
	[operation]	<ul> <li>DTM test operation. Select one of the followings.</li> <li>tx : Start DTM transmitter test.</li> <li>Set "channel", "length", "payload", "phy", "tx_power", "option" and "number of packet" to {params,}.</li> <li>rx : Start DTM receiver test.</li> <li>Set "channel" and "phy" to {params,}.</li> <li>end : Terminate DTM test.</li> <li>No parameter.</li> </ul>	
Parameters :	{params,}	[operation] : tx Parameter1 : Channel used in Tx test. Valid range is 0 to 39. Frequency range is 2402 MHz to 2480 MHz. Parameter2 : Length(in bytes) of the packet used in Tx Test. Valid range is 0 to 255. Parameter3 : Packet Payload. Valid range is 0x00-0x07. If the Parameter6 is set to "non-modulation", this parameter is ignored. <u>Payload type:</u> 0x00 : PRBS9 sequence '11111111100000111101'. 0x01 : Repeated '11110000' 0x02 : Repeated '10101010' 0x03 : PRBS15 sequence 0x04 : Repeated '11111111' 0x05 : Repeated '1010101' Parameter4 : Transmitter PHY used in test. Select one of the following. If the Parameter6 is set to "non-modulation", this parameter is ignored. If the Parameter6 is set to "non-modulation", this parameter is ignored. If the Parameter6 is set to "non-modulation", this parameter is ignored. If the Parameter6 is configured to "modulation" and "continuous transmission", 0x03 : Coded PHY (S=8) and 0x04 : Coded PHY (S=2) are not supported. 0x04 : Coded PHY (S=8) 0x04 : Coded PHY (S=8)	



Parameters :	{params,}	Parameter5 : Tx Power Level used in DTM Tx Test. Select one of the following. 0x00 : High 0x01 : Middle 0x02 : Low Parameter6 : The test option configuration. This parameter is set to a bitwise OR of the following bits. bit0 : 0:modulation, 1:non-modulation bit1 : 0:packet transmission, 1:continuous transmission Parameter7 : The number of packets to be sent. Valid range is 0x0000- 0xFFFF. If the Parameter6 is configured to "continuous transmission", this parameter is ignored. If this parameter is set to 0x0000, the packets are continuously transmitted until test end command is issued. [operation] : rx Parameter1 : Channel used in the test. Valid range is 0 to 39. Frequency range is 2402 MHz to 2480 MHz. Parameter2 : Receiver PHY used in the test. Select one of the following. 0x01 : 1M PHY 0x02 : 2M PHY 0x03 : Coded PHY The coding scheme (S=8/S=2) doesn't need to be specified in the receiver test. [operation] : end Not used.
Example :	vs test tx 39 251 1 3 1 0 1 Start DTM transmitter test. CH : 39ch Packet length : 251 bytes payload : Repeated '11110000' sequence phy : Coded PHY(S=8) tx_power : Middle option : modulation packet transmission num_of_packet : 1 vs test rx 39 2 Start DTM receiver test. CH : 39ch phy : 2M PHY vs test end Terminate DTM test.	



#### (4) BD Address command

addr command		
Format :	vs addr [operation] [area] {params}	
Format .	Set/Get the a	ddress of the local device.
		Address operation. Select one of the followings.
	[operation]	set : Set an address to the local device. Set address type and address to {params} . If [area] is "df", the address is enabled after reset.
		get : Get the address of the local device. Set the address type to {params}.
	[area]	The area where the address is stored. curr : The temporary area storing the address.
	laical	df : The area storing the address in the Data Flash.
Parameters :	{params}	[operation] : set Parameter1 : Address type pub : Public Address rnd : Random Address Parameter2 : Address [operation] : get Parameter1 : Address type pub : Public Address rnd : Random Address
Example :	vs addr set df pub 78:90:50:00:95:a8 Set the public address : 78:90:50:00:95:a8 to the Data Flash. vs addr get curr pub Get the current public address.	



#### (5) Random Number generation command

rand command		
Format :	vs rand [rand_size]	
Fuinat .	Generate a random number.	
Parameters :	[rand_size]	Specify the size of the random number to be generated. Range: 4 to 16 [bytes].
Example :	vs rand 16 Generate a 16 bytes random number.	

# (6) Scan Channel command

scan_ch_map command		
Format :	vs scan_ch_map [operation] {params,}	
Tomat .	Set/Get the sca	an channel map.
Parameter :	[operation]	Scan Channel operation. Select one of the followings. set : Set the channel map specified by {params,} as scan channel. get : Get the current scan channel map.
	{params,}	[operation] : set Parameter 1 : The channel map to be set. It is a bitwise OR of the following values. bit 0 : 37 ch bit 1 : 38 ch bit 2 : 39 ch other than the above : reserved [operation] : get "Get" operation does not use parameter.
Example :	vs scan_ch_map set 7 Set 37, 38, 39ch as scan channel. vs scan_ch_map get Get the current scan channel map.	



# 4.6.3 SYS command(1) MCU Software Standby command

stby command			
Format :	sys stby [operation]		
Format .	Control the software standby mode.		
Parameters :	[operation]	Software standby operation. Select one of the followings. on : Enter the software standby mode. off : Come back from the software standby mode. get : Get the current software standby status.	
Example :	sys stby on Enter the software standby mode.		



# 4.6.4 BLE command

### (1) BLE protocol stack Reset command

stby command		
Format :	ble reset	
Format .	Reset the BLE protocol stack.	
Parameters :	None	
Example :	ble reset	

#### (2) BLE protocol stack Close command

stby command		
	ble close	
Format :	Terminate the BLE protocol stack.	
	To restart the BLE protocol stack, execute "ble reset" command.	
Parameters :	None	
Example :	ble close	



# 4.6.5 LSC command

#### (1) Set switch state notification command

set_switch_state_ntf command		
Format :	lsc set_switch_state_ntf [conn_hdl] [enable]	
Fuinat .	Enable receiving notification from GATT server.	
Parameters :	[conn_hdl]	Connection handle identifying the connection whose receive notification from GATT server.
	[enable]	Designate if receiving notification is enable. 0 : Disable 1 : Enable
Example :	Isc set_switch_state_enable 0x0020 1 Enable receiving notification from GATT server of 0x0020	

#### (2) Write led blink rate command

write_led_blink_rate command			
Format :	lsc write_led_blink_rate [conn_hdl] [blink rate]		
Format .	Write value o	f LED blink rate of GATT server.	
Parameters :	[conn_hdl]	Connection handle identifying the connection with GATT server which is written its LED blink rate.	
	[blink rate]	Designate LED blink rate 0x00 : LED turns off 0x01 – 0xFE : LED blinks in the frequency based on this value 0xFF : LED turns on	
Example :	lsc write_led_blink_rate 0x0020 0xA0 Write 0xA0 as value of LED blink rate of GATT server of 0x0020		

#### (3) Read led blink rate command

read_led_blink_rate command			
Format :	lsc read_led_blink_rate [conn_hdl] [blink rate]		
Format .	Read value of LED blink rate of GATT server written.		
Parameters :	[conn_hdl]	Connection handle identifying the connection with GATT server which is read its LED blink rate.	
Example :	Isc read_led_blink_rate 0x0020 Read value of LED blink rate of GATT server of 0x0020		



#### 4.6.6 Command creation procedure

In the command line interface feature, user can create their own commands by defining commands in the st\_ble\_cli\_cmd\_t type variable. This section describes an example of creating a new command to operate the custom profile LED Switch service Client (hereafter "lsc") provided in the demo project.

#### (1) Command definition

Defines command name, subcommand group, number of subcommands, and the message string output by "help" command. For "lsc" command, define a command structure variables as following.

Code 61. Command definition example



#### (2) Subcommand definition

Defines subcommand. For "lsc" command, define a subcommand structure variables as following.

If user wants to create a command such as the "Connection command" or "Scan command" that manually abort the process, user needs to set a abort handler.

During execution of a command for which the abort handler is set, no other command input will be accepted until the command execution is aborted by pressing Ctrl+C key.

```
static const st ble cli cmd t lsc set switch state ntf cmd =
{
    .p_name = "set_switch_state_ntf",
    .exec = cmd_lsc_set_switch_state_ntf,
    .p_help = "Usage: <u>lsc</u> set_switch_state_ntf conn_hdl value",
};
static const st_ble_cli_cmd_t lsc_read_led_blink_rate_cmd =
{
    .p_name = "read_led_blink_rate",
    .exec = cmd_lsc_read_led_blink_rate,
    .p_help = "Usage: <u>lsc</u> read_led_blink_rate conn_hdl",
};
static const st_ble_cli_cmd_t lsc_write_led_blink_rate_cmd =
{
    .p_name = "write_led_blink_rate",
    .exec
           = cmd_lsc_write_led_blink_rate,
    .p_help = "Usage: <u>lsc</u> write_led_blink_rate conn_hdl blink_rate",
};
static const st_ble_cli_cmd_t * const lsc_sub_cmds[] =
{
    &lsc_set_switch_state_ntf_cmd,
    &lsc_write_led_blink_rate_cmd,
    &lsc_read_led_blink_rate_cmd,
};
```

#### Code 62. Subcommand definition example



#### (3) Subcommand function definition

Define the function to be processed when the subcommand is executed.

For "lsc" command, define a subcommand function as following.

```
/*-----
   lsc set_switch_state_ntf command
-----*/
static void cmd_lsc_set_switch_state_ntf(int argc, char *argv[])
{
   if (argc != 3)
   {
      pf("<u>lsc</u> %s: unrecognized operands\n", argv[0]);
             return;
   }
   uint16_t conn_hdl;
   conn_hdl = (uint16_t)strtol(argv[1], NULL, 0);
   long value = strtol(argv[2], NULL, 0);
   ble_status_t ret;
ret = R_BLE_LSC_WriteSwitchStateCliCnfg(conn_hdl, (uint16_t *)&value);
   if (ret != BLE_SUCCESS)
   {
      pf("lsc %s: failed with 0x%04X\n", argv[0], ret);
             return;
       }
}
```

Code 63. Subcommand function example



#### (4) Registering commands

After defining the command and subcommand, register the command using *R\_BLE\_CLI\_RegisterCmds()* API as following so that it can be used as an application-specific command.

```
static const st_ble_cli_cmd_t * const gsp_cmds[] =
{
    &g_abs_cmd,
    &g_vs_cmd,
    &g_sys_cmd,
    &g_lsc_cmd,
    &g_ble_cmd
};
.......
void app_main(void)
{
.......
R_BLE_CLI_Init();
R_BLE_CLI_RegisterCmds(gsp_cmds, sizeof(gsp_cmds)/sizeof(gsp_cmds[0]));
R_BLE_CLI_RegisterEventCb(NULL);
........
}
```

Code 64. Command register example



# **Revision History**

Rev.	Date	Description		
		Page	Summary	
1.00	Mar.31.2020	—	First edition issued.	
1.01	Oct.07.2020	_	Add Chapter 4. Move "3. BLE Module Detail" to "4. Appendix". Update attached sample project.	
1.02	Mar.03.2021		<ul> <li>In this revision, GATT client demo projects were newly added and this document was also revised with accompanying it.</li> <li>Following items were revised or added in this revision.</li> <li>Revised "1 Overview"</li> <li>Revised "2.1 Operating environment"</li> <li>Revised "2.2 Importing demo project"</li> <li>Revised "2.4 Demo project behavior"</li> <li>Revised "3.1 BareMetal environment (Server)"</li> <li>Revised "3.2 FreeRTOS environment (Server, EventGroup as Synchronization Type case)"</li> <li>Added "3.5 BareMetal environment (Client)"</li> <li>Added "3.6 FreeRTOS environment (Client, EventGroup as Synchronization Type case)"</li> <li>Added "4.5 Importing CLI (Command Line Interface) to user's project"</li> </ul>	
			<ul> <li>Added "4.6 Command List"</li> <li>Following GATT server demo projects were updated.</li> <li>ble_baremetal_ek_ra4w1</li> <li>ble_freertos_ek_ra4w1</li> <li>Following GATT client demo projects were newly added.</li> <li>ble_baremetal_ek_ra4w1_client</li> <li>ble_freertos_ek_ra4w1_client</li> </ul>	
1.03	Aug.31.2021	_	<ul> <li>Add section 1.3</li> <li>Add section 2.2 item 4 and 5.</li> <li>Add explanation about "extended", "balance" and "compact" configuration in section 4.1.4.</li> <li>Update attached sample application for FSP3.2.</li> </ul>	
1.04	Feb.25.2022	_	<ul> <li>Add section 3.4, section 3.8.</li> <li>Add attached sample application for Azure RTOS.</li> <li>Update attached sample application for FSP3.6.</li> </ul>	
1.0.5	Apr.27.2022		<ul><li>Update Table 5.</li><li>Add section 4.1.5.</li></ul>	
1.0.6	Oct.06.2022		<ul> <li>Add explanation for task synchronization method for FreeRTOS in section 1.2.</li> <li>Add section 3.3 and 3.7.</li> <li>Correction of typo about security data structure in section 4.3.3.</li> <li>Update attached sample project for FSP4.0.</li> </ul>	



Rev.	Date	Description	
		Page	Summary
1.0.7	Oct.26.2022	120	<ul> <li>Updated how to write device specific data to code flash area by using Renesas Flash Programmer.</li> <li>Update attached sample project for FSP4.1.</li> </ul>



#### General Precautions in the Handling of Microprocessing Unit and Microcontroller Unit Products

The following usage notes are applicable to all Microprocessing unit and Microcontroller unit products from Renesas. For detailed usage notes on the products covered by this document, refer to the relevant sections of the document as well as any technical updates that have been issued for the products.

#### 1. Precaution against Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)

A strong electrical field, when exposed to a CMOS device, can cause destruction of the gate oxide and ultimately degrade the device operation. Steps must be taken to stop the generation of static electricity as much as possible, and quickly dissipate it when it occurs. Environmental control must be adequate. When it is dry, a humidifier should be used. This is recommended to avoid using insulators that can easily build up static electricity. Semiconductor devices must be stored and transported in an anti-static container, static shielding bag or conductive material. All test and measurement tools including work benches and floors must be grounded. The operator must also be grounded using a wrist strap. Semiconductor devices must not be touched with bare hands. Similar precautions must be taken for printed circuit boards with mounted semiconductor devices.

2. Processing at power-on

The state of the product is undefined at the time when power is supplied. The states of internal circuits in the LSI are indeterminate and the states of register settings and pins are undefined at the time when power is supplied. In a finished product where the reset signal is applied to the external reset pin, the states of pins are not guaranteed from the time when power is supplied until the reset process is completed. In a similar way, the states of pins in a product that is reset by an on-chip power-on reset function are not guaranteed from the time when power is supplied until the power is supplied until the power is supplied until the power reaches the level at which resetting is specified.

3. Input of signal during power-off state

Do not input signals or an I/O pull-up power supply while the device is powered off. The current injection that results from input of such a signal or I/O pull-up power supply may cause malfunction and the abnormal current that passes in the device at this time may cause degradation of internal elements. Follow the guideline for input signal during power-off state as described in your product documentation.

4. Handling of unused pins

Handle unused pins in accordance with the directions given under handling of unused pins in the manual. The input pins of CMOS products are generally in the high-impedance state. In operation with an unused pin in the open-circuit state, extra electromagnetic noise is induced in the vicinity of the LSI, an associated shoot-through current flows internally, and malfunctions occur due to the false recognition of the pin state as an input signal become possible.

5. Clock signals

After applying a reset, only release the reset line after the operating clock signal becomes stable. When switching the clock signal during program execution, wait until the target clock signal is stabilized. When the clock signal is generated with an external resonator or from an external oscillator during a reset, ensure that the reset line is only released after full stabilization of the clock signal. Additionally, when switching to a clock signal produced with an external resonator or by an external oscillator while program execution is in progress, wait until the target clock signal is stable.

6. Voltage application waveform at input pin

Waveform distortion due to input noise or a reflected wave may cause malfunction. If the input of the CMOS device stays in the area between  $V_{IL}$  (Max.) and  $V_{IH}$  (Min.) due to noise, for example, the device may malfunction. Take care to prevent chattering noise from entering the device when the input level is fixed, and also in the transition period when the input level passes through the area between  $V_{IL}$  (Max.) and  $V_{IH}$  (Min.).

7. Prohibition of access to reserved addresses

Access to reserved addresses is prohibited. The reserved addresses are provided for possible future expansion of functions. Do not access these addresses as the correct operation of the LSI is not guaranteed.

8. Differences between products

Before changing from one product to another, for example to a product with a different part number, confirm that the change will not lead to problems. The characteristics of a microprocessing unit or microcontroller unit products in the same group but having a different part number might differ in terms of internal memory capacity, layout pattern, and other factors, which can affect the ranges of electrical characteristics, such as characteristic values, operating margins, immunity to noise, and amount of radiated noise. When changing to a product with a different part number, implement a system-evaluation test for the given product.

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