

### M16C/5LD Group

Using the Voltage Detector

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## 1. Abstract

This document describes an application example for using the voltage detector. The sample code shows how to detect the rise or fall of VCC input voltage using the voltage detector.

## 2. Introduction

The application example described in this document applies to the following microcomputer (MCU):

• MCU: M16C/5LD Group

When using this application note with other Renesas MCUs, careful evaluation is recommended after making modifications to comply with the alternate MCU.

The sample code operates under following conditions.

- XIN frequency: 8 MHz
- Message transmission Channel: UART1
- Communication settings
- Baud rate: 38400 bps
- Data length: 8 bits
- Parity: None
- Stop bit: 1 bit
- Flow control: None

Depending on the MCU used, the surrounding temperature, and other variables, characteristics for the voltage detector such as the detection voltage and detection time will vary within the range listed in the Electrical Characteristics chapter of the User's Manual: Hardware. The settings described in this document are examples used only for reference. The variation in the electrical characteristics should be considered when designing your system. Refer to the User's Manual: Hardware for details on electrical characteristics.



## 3. Application Example

### 3.1 Overview

In this sample code, the voltage of VCC is checked every 10 ms after the power-on reset. When VCC is equal to or above Vdet2 ten times consecutively (i.e. VCC  $\geq$  Vdet2 for 100 ms), the program determines that the VCC voltage is stable at or above Vdet2.

When VCC is equal to or above Vdet2 after the power-on reset.

- (1) Configure the voltage monitor interrupt.
- (2) Transmit the message "Start" to the personal computer (hereinafter referred to as PC), and perform normal operation.

When VCC is equal to or below Vdet2 after the power-on reset.

- (1) Invert the alarm port every 1 second. <sup>(1)</sup>
- (2) Transmit the message "Please set 5.0V" to the PC.

When a rise or a fall is detected in the VCC voltage, an interrupt occurs. Read the VW2C2 bit in the VW2C register in the interrupt handler, then determine whether the source is the voltage monitor 2 interrupt. The digital filter is not used here.

- Normal operation (when voltage is stable)
   Every 0.5 seconds, the count port value is incremented and then output. <sup>(1)</sup>
- (2) Operation when the voltage monitor 2 interrupt occurs

When VCC is equal to or below Vdet2 and the voltage monitor 2 interrupt occurs:

- Transmit the message "Under Vdet2" to the PC.
- Change the condition for the voltage monitor 2 interrupt to "VCC  $\geq$  Vdet2".

When VCC is equal to or above Vdet2 and the voltage monitor 2 interrupt occurs:

- Transmit the message "Over Vdet2" to the PC.
- Change the condition for the voltage monitor 2 interrupt to "VCC ≤ Vdet2".
- (3) Operation when the voltage monitor 0 reset occurs Reset is executed.

Note:

1. Count ports: P0\_0 to P0\_2 Alarm port: P0\_3



### 3.2 Circuit Example

Figure 3.1 shows the Power-On Reset Circuit.

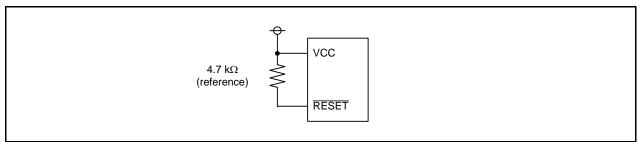


Figure 3.1 Power-On Reset Circuit

### 3.3 Operation

Table 3.1 lists the operations when the voltage transitions as shown in Figure 3.2.

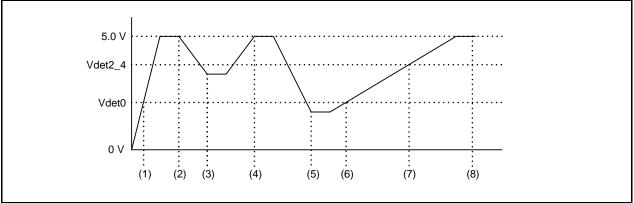


Figure 3.2 Voltage Transition

Table 3.1	Operations for (1) to (8) in Figure 3.2
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	Operation	Condition
(1)	Power-on reset	When VCC is equal to or above Vdet0.
(2)	Start incrementing the count port.	VCC is equal to or above Vdet2 for 100
(2)	Transmit the message "Start" to the PC.	ms.
	Transmit the message "Under Vdet2" to the PC.	
(3)	Change the VW2C7 bit to 0 (when VCC is equal to	VCC passed downward through Vdet2.
	or above Vdet2).	
	Transmit the message "Over Vdet2" to the PC.	
(4)	Change the VW2C7 bit to 1 (when VCC is equal to or	VCC passed upward through Vdet2.
	below Vdet2).	
(5)	Voltage monitor 0 reset	VCC is below Vdet0.
(6), (7)	Invert the alarm port in 1 second interval and	VCC is equal to or above Vdet0, and below
	transmit the message "Please set 5.0V" to the PC.	Vdet2.
(8)	Start incrementing a count port.	VCC is equal to or above Vdet2 for 100
	Transmit the message "Start" to the PC.	ms.



## 3.4 Determining When VCC $\geq$ Vdet2

Figure 3.3 shows how to read the VC13 bit in the VCR1 register to determine whether VCC is equal to or above Vdet2.

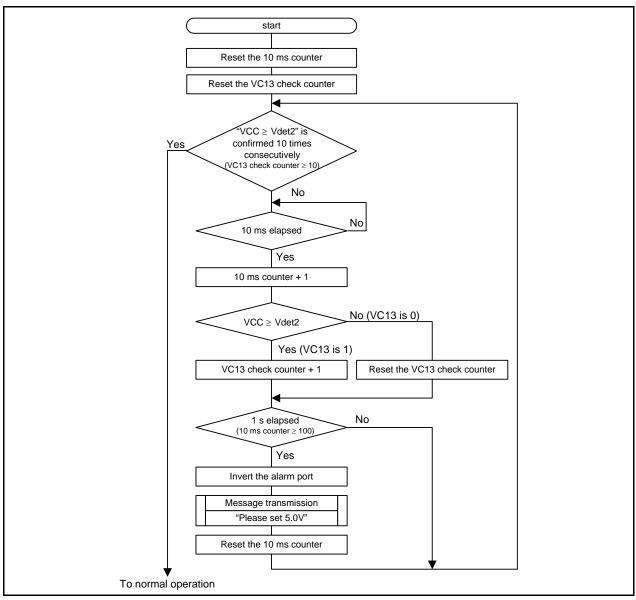


Figure 3.3 Determining When  $VCC \ge Vdet2$ 



### 3.5 Determining the Voltage Monitor Interrupt Source

Read the voltage change detection flag in the interrupt handler to determine whether the source is the voltage monitor 2 interrupt. Chattering check is not performed here. Figure 3.4 shows a flowchart for determining the voltage monitor interrupt source.

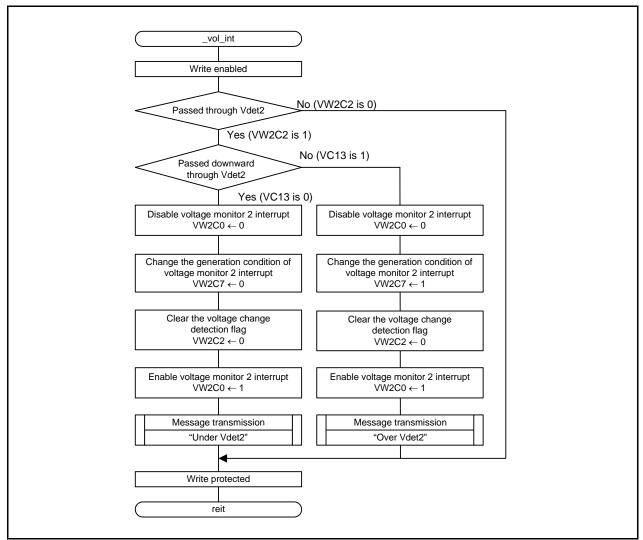


Figure 3.4 Determining the Voltage Monitor Interrupt Source



## 4. Setting Procedures

### 4.1 Setting Optional Function Select Address 1 (OFS1)

Enabling and disabling the voltage monitor 0 reset after hardware reset can be selected by setting the LVDAS bit in the OFS1 address. In this sample code, the voltage monitor 0 reset is enabled after hardware reset.

The OFS1 address is assigned to address FFFFFh in the M16C/5LD Group.

Refer to User's Manual: Hardware for the OFS1 address setting values.

Table 4.1 shows script examples for enabling the voltage monitor 0 reset after hardware reset in the M16C/5LD Group.

#### Table 4.1 Script Examples for the OFS1 Address

Tool	Description
Script in C language	_asm(".ofsreg 09Fh");
Script in assembly language	.ofsreg 09Fh

### 4.2 Procedure for Setting Voltage Monitor Related Bits

Table 4.2 shows Procedure for Setting Voltage Monitor 0 Reset Related Bits. Table 4.3 shows Procedure for Setting Voltage Monitor 2 Interrupt/Reset Related Bits.

#### Table 4.2 Procedure for Setting Voltage Monitor 0 Reset Related Bits

Step	Processing
1	Set the VC25 bit in the VCR2 register to 1 (voltage detector 0 enabled).
2	Wait for td(E-A).
3	Set bits 6 and 7 in the VW0C register to 1.
4	Set bit 2 in the VW0C register to 0 (set this bit to 0 once again after step 3).
5	Set the VW0C0 bit in the VW0C register to 1 (voltage monitor 0 reset enabled).



		ig tenage menter in		
	When Using th	ne Digital Filter	When Not Using the Digital Filter	
Step	Voltage Monitor 2	Voltage Monitor 2	Voltage Monitor 2	Voltage Monitor 2
	Interrupt	Reset	Interrupt	Reset
1	Set the CM14 bit in the CM1 register to 0 (125 —			•
	kHz on-chip oscillator on)			
2	Wait for digital filter sampling clock × 3 cycles. — (no wait time)			
3	Set the VW12E bit in the VWCE register to 1 (voltage monitor 2 enabled).			
4	Use bits VD2LS3 to VD2LS0 in the VD2LS register to select Vdet2.			
5	Set the VC27 bit in the VCR2 register to 1 (voltage detector 2 enabled).			
6	Wait for td(E-A).			
7	Use bits VW2F0 to VW2F1 in the VW2C Use the VW2C7 bit in the VW2C register to			he VW2C register to
	register to select the dig	gital filter sampling	select the timing of the interrupt and reset	
	clock. request. <sup>(1)</sup>			
8 (2)	•		Set the VW2C1 bit in the	ne VW2C register to 1
			(digital filter disabled).	
g (2)	Set the VW2C6 bit in	Set the VW2C6 bit in	Set the VW2C6 bit in	Set the VW2C6 bit in
	the VW2C register to 0	the VW2C register to 1	the VW2C register to 0	the VW2C register to 1
	(voltage monitor 2	(voltage monitor 2	(voltage monitor 2	(voltage monitor 2
	interrupt mode).	reset mode).	interrupt mode).	reset mode).
10	Set the VW2C2 bit in the VW2C register to 0 (Vdet2 passage not detected).			
11	Set the VW2C0 bit in the VW2C register to 1 (voltage monitor 2 interrupt/reset enabled).			
Notes:	1			

#### Table 4.3 Procedure for Setting Voltage Monitor 2 Interrupt/Reset Related Bits

Notes:

1. Set the VW2C7 bit to 1 for the voltage monitor 2 reset (When VCC reaches or goes below Vdet2).

2. When the VW2C0 bit is 0, steps 7, 8, and 9 can be executed simultaneously (with one instruction).



## 5. Setting Method

The setting procedures and values in this chapter are used to achieve the example described in 3. "Application Example". Refer to the User's Manual: Hardware for details on registers.

### 5.1 Setting Optional Function Select Address 1 (OFS1)

Figure 5.1 shows Setting Optional Function Select Address 1 (OFS1).

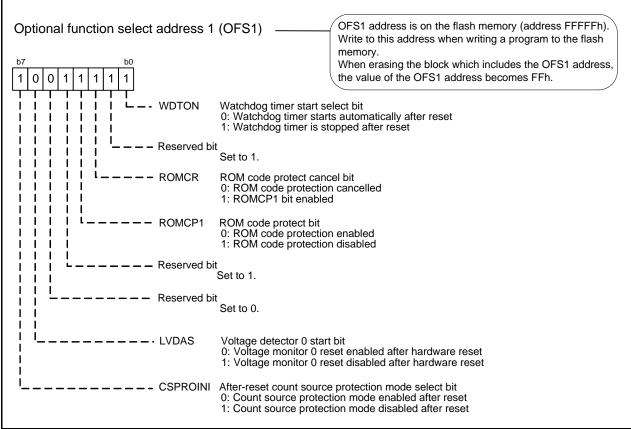


Figure 5.1 Setting Optional Function Select Address 1 (OFS1)



### 5.2 Setting Registers Associated with Voltage Detectors

Figure 5.2 to Figure 5.3 show register settings associated with voltage detectors.

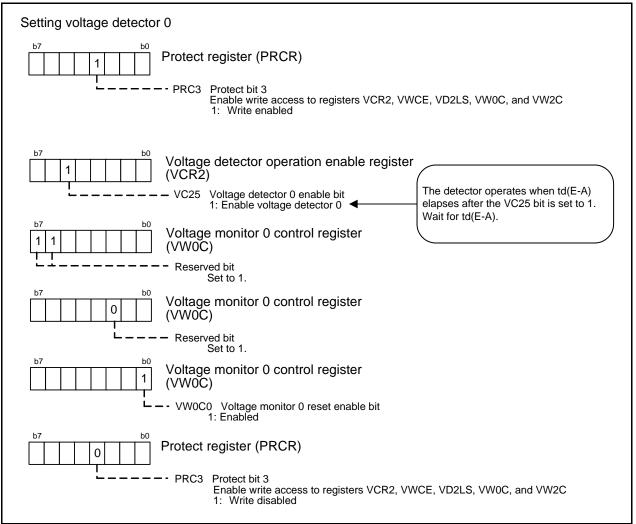


Figure 5.2 Setting Registers Associated with Voltage Monitor 0



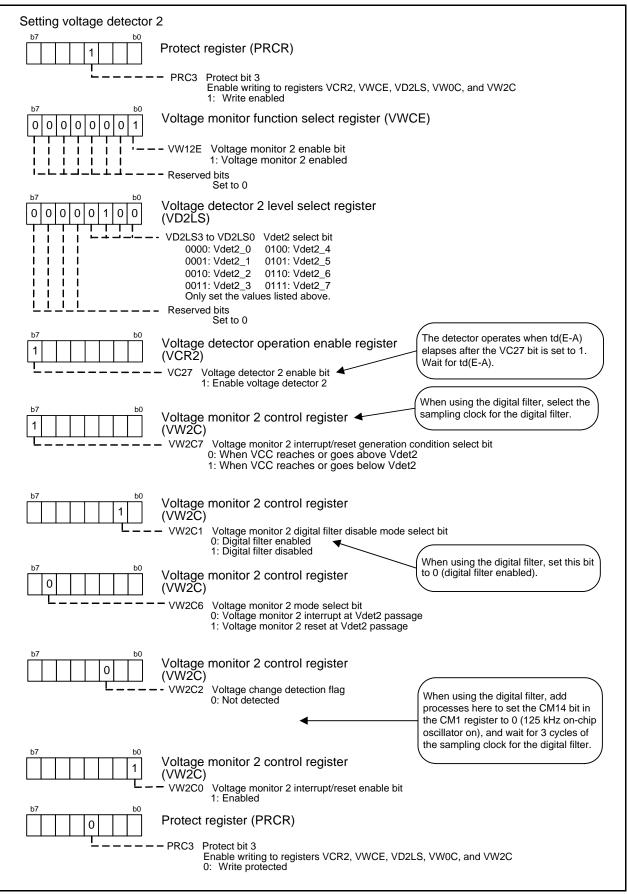


Figure 5.3 Setting Registers Associated with Voltage Monitor 2

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## 5.3 Interrupt Handling and Register Setting

Figure 5.4 shows interrupt handling and register setting.

(1) Disable write protection		
<sup>b7</sup> Protect register (PRCR)		
Enable writing to registers VCR2, VWCE, VD2LS, VW0C, and VW2C		
(2) Vdet2 passage		
When passed downward through Vdet2		
1. Change the conditions to generate the voltage monitor 2 interrupt.		
<ul> <li>VW2C0 Voltage monitor 2 interrupt/reset enable bit</li> <li>0: Disabled</li> </ul>		
b7     b0     Voltage monitor 2 control register       0     (VW2C)		
VW2C7 Voltage monitor 2 interrupt/reset generation condition select bit 0: When VCC reaches or goes above Vdet2		
b7     b0     Voltage monitor 2 control register       0     0     (VW2C)		
U – – – – VW2C2 Voltage change detection flag 0: Not detected		
b7 b0 Voltage monitor 2 control register		
VW2C0 Voltage monitor 2 interrupt/reset enable bit 1: Enabled		
2. Transmit the message "Under Vdet2" to the PC.		
When passed upward through Vdet2		
1. Change the conditions to generate the voltage monitor 2 interrupt.		
Voltage monitor 2 control register		
UNC VW2C0 Voltage monitor 2 interrupt/reset enable bit 0: Disabled		
b7     b0     Voltage monitor 2 control register       1     (VW2C)		
VW2C7 Voltage monitor 2 interrupt/reset generation condition select bit 1: When VCC reaches or goes below Vdet2		
b7 b0 Voltage monitor 2 control register (VW2C)		
U – – – – VW2C2 Voltage change detection flag 0: Not detected		
Voltage monitor 2 control register		
VW2C0 Voltage monitor 2 interrupt/reset enable bit 1: Enabled		
2. Transmit the message "Over Vdet2" to the PC.		
(3) Enable write protection		
<sup>b7</sup> b0 Protect register (PRCR)		
Enable writing to registers VCR2, VWCE, VD2LS, VW0C, and VW2C 0: Write protected		
Figure 5.4 Interrupt Handling and Register Setting		



## 6. Sample Code

Sample code can be downloaded from the Renesas Electronics website.

## 7. Reference Documents

M16C/5LD Group, M16C/56D Group User's Manual: Hardware Rev. 1.10 The latest version can be downloaded from the Renesas Electronics website.

Technical Update/Technical News The latest information can be downloaded from the Renesas Electronics website.

C Compiler Manual M16C Series/R8C Family C Compiler Package V.5.45 C Compiler User's Manual Rev.2.00 The latest version can be downloaded from the Renesas Electronics website.

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### General Precautions in the Handling of MPU/MCU Products

The following usage notes are applicable to all MPU/MCU products from Renesas. For detailed usage notes on the products covered by this manual, refer to the relevant sections of the manual. If the descriptions under General Precautions in the Handling of MPU/MCU Products and in the body of the manual differ from each other, the description in the body of the manual takes precedence.

1. Handling of Unused Pins

Handle unused pins in accord with the directions given under Handling of Unused Pins in the manual.

- The input pins of CMOS products are generally in the high-impedance state. In operation with an unused pin in the open-circuit state, extra electromagnetic noise is induced in the vicinity of LSI, an associated shoot-through current flows internally, and malfunctions occur due to the false recognition of the pin state as an input signal become possible. Unused pins should be handled as described under Handling of Unused Pins in the manual.
- 2. Processing at Power-on

The state of the product is undefined at the moment when power is supplied.

- The states of internal circuits in the LSI are indeterminate and the states of register settings and pins are undefined at the moment when power is supplied.
- In a finished product where the reset signal is applied to the external reset pin, the states of pins are not guaranteed from the moment when power is supplied until the reset process is completed.

In a similar way, the states of pins in a product that is reset by an on-chip power-on reset function are not guaranteed from the moment when power is supplied until the power reaches the level at which resetting has been specified.

3. Prohibition of Access to Reserved Addresses

Access to reserved addresses is prohibited.

- The reserved addresses are provided for the possible future expansion of functions. Do not access these addresses; the correct operation of LSI is not guaranteed if they are accessed.
- 4. Clock Signals

After applying a reset, only release the reset line after the operating clock signal has become stable. When switching the clock signal during program execution, wait until the target clock signal has stabilized.

- When the clock signal is generated with an external resonator (or from an external oscillator) during a reset, ensure that the reset line is only released after full stabilization of the clock signal. Moreover, when switching to a clock signal produced with an external resonator (or by an external oscillator) while program execution is in progress, wait until the target clock signal is stable.
- 5. Differences between Products

Before changing from one product to another, i.e. to one with a different part number, confirm that the change will not lead to problems.

— The characteristics of MPU/MCU in the same group but having different part numbers may differ because of the differences in internal memory capacity and layout pattern. When changing to products of different part numbers, implement a system-evaluation test for each of the products.

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