e² studio
Partner RTOS Aware Debugging for RX

Introduction
Renesas e² studio is a development environment based on the popular Eclipse CDT (C/C++ Development Tooling). It covers build (editor, compiler and linker control) as well as debug interface. It also supports integrating the Renesas GitHub FreeRTOS (with IoT libraries) demo applications and running them on Renesas boards.

Partner OS Debugging Plug-in within e² studio can be used during debugging session by clicking Renesas Views > Partner OS > RTOS Resources. This view displays information on the usage of resources by the RTOS operation. Items that can be displayed vary according to the real-time OS.

Objectives
This document introduces the usage of RTOS Resource view in e² studio as follows:

- How to create an RTOS project
- Introduction of RTOS Resource view
- Using the RTOS Resource view with FreeRTOS (Task, Queue, Timer, Stack)

Operating Environment
The operation was confirmed in the following environments.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>IDE</th>
<th>e² studio 2020-07</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>e² studio v7.8.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toolchains</td>
<td>CCRX Compiler v3.0.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Target devices</td>
<td>Renesas RX Family (RX65N-2MB RSK)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Debuggers</td>
<td>E2 emulator , E2 emulator Lite(E2 Lite) , E1 emulator</td>
</tr>
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<td>Target OS</td>
<td>FreeRTOS</td>
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1. **Create the FreeRTOS project**

To create a new FreeRTOS project, follow the steps below.

1. Launch e2 studio.
2. Select [File] → [New] → [C/C++ Project]
3. Select [Renesas RX] → [Renesas CC-RX C/C++ Executable Project]

![Figure 1-1 Select project template](image)

4. Name the project and click [Next].
5. Specify the following information and click [Finish]:
   - **Language**: C
   - **Toolchain**: Renesas RX
   - **Toolchain Version**: v3.02.00
   - **Target Board**: RSKRX65N-2MB
   - **Configuration**: Tick Create Hardware Debug Configuration and select the emulator (e.g. E2 Lite (RX))
   - **RTOS**: FreeRTOS (with IoT libraries)
   - **RTOS Version**: v202002.00-rx-1.0.1 (or latest) for e² studio 2020-07 (64-bit), and v201908.00-rx-0.1.17 for e² studio v7.8 (32-bit); v201908.00-rx-0.1.17 for e² studio 7.7.

   If there is a warning message that the FreeRTOS package is not found or to check and download the latest FreeRTOS package, click [Manage Toolchains...] and follow steps 6 to 9 before clicking [Finish].

![Figure 1-2 Select toolchain, device and RTOS](image)
6. Select “Manage RTOS Versions…” to download Renesas FreeRTOS (with IoT libraries) package from the GitHub.

Figure 1-3 Renesas FreeRTOS (with IoT libraries) package needs to be downloaded
7. The download dialog will be shown. Select the latest FreeRTOS module and click [Download].

8. Read and click [Agree] to the end-user license agreement. Wait for the download to be completed.
9. The FreeRTOS source code from Github will be downloaded to 
C:\Users\<user_name>\.eclipse\org.eclipse.platform_download\RTOS\<FreeRTOS_version>, and a 
new project will be created in the workspace and link to the downloaded source code.

10. To use the RTOS Resources view, compile the project with output debugging information. For CC-
RX, open project properties > [C/C++ Build] > [Settings] > [Tool Settings] > [Compiler] > [Object] and 
tick "Outputs debugging information (-debug/-nodebug)".

11. Perform other necessary settings (if any) and build the project.

Note: To connect to AWS, more configuration should be carried out. For further details refer to the 
application note r20an0543ejxxxx.

https://www.renesas.com/sg/en/search/keyword-search.html#q=r20an0543ej
2. Introduction of RTOS Resources view

The RTOS Resources view displays information about the resources (i.e. system information and task/thread information) used by the real-time OS.

2.1 Opening the RTOS Resources view

It can be opened during the debugging session. Select menu [Renesas Views] > [Partner OS] > [RTOS Resources]. The view has a [Select OS] box for selecting the real-time OS used in the project.

2.2 Selecting the OS

After opening the view, select the real-time OS to be used. Currently, only “FreeRTOS” is supported. Select “FreeRTOS” from the list box and click [OK].

*Note: Please do not select “External” as it is for real-time OS developers.*
2.3 Context menu

The context menu is displayed by right-clicking the mouse on the resource information view.

![Context menu]

Figure 2-3 Context menu

Explanation:

- **Real-time Refresh Column:**
  Allows real-time display for the displayed items.
  This is not valid while the program is running.

- **Real-time Refresh Interval:**
  Specifies interval time for updating of the real-time display. The specifiable range is 500ms to 10000ms.
  This is invalid while the program is running.

- **Stack Setting:**
  Enables/disables Stack Loading and stack threshold setting for stack alert function.
  This is invalid while a program is running.

- **Update information:**
  Updates the information.

- **Jump to source:**
  Opens an editor view in which the source code of the task/thread or handler is displayed. An editor view is also opened by double-clicking the task/thread or handler.
  This is invalid while the program is running.

- **Save File:**
  Saves the data of the current tab in the text file (*.txt).
  This item is invalid while the program is running.

- **Select OS:**
  Opens the [Select OS] Dialog Box.
  This is invalid while the program is running.
2.4 Stack setting

2.4.1 Enable load stack data and set stack threshold

(1) Open the context menu and select “Stack Setting”.

(2) To load stack data to the RTOS Resource view, tick “Enable loading Stack data” checkbox in the “Stack Setting” dialog. If this option is not enabled, stack data will not be loaded in the next debugging session.

Figure 2-4 Enable loading stack data

(3) The desired threshold value can be set in the “Stack Threshold (%):” textbox, click [OK] to save the setting.

Figure 2-5 Set up threshold value

(4) Run then suspend the target project to load stack data. The stack threshold warning will pop up if the threshold set is met.

There are 2 types of warning popup: Threshold Warning (list of threads which reached stack threshold value set as above) and Overflow Warning (reached 100%).

Figure 2-6 Example of Stack threshold warning popup
2.4.2 Save stack data

The stack data can be saved by selecting “Save File” from the context menu (or click the “Save File” button on the toolbar). A “Save As” dialog will be shown for user to enter the file name and location.

![Figure 2-7 Save File button](image-url)
3. Using RTOS Resources view with FreeRTOS

3.1 Task tab

This tab lists all tasks existed in the program with the following information:

- **No.**: Row index.
- **TaskName**: The name assigned to the task upon creation.
- **Base/ActualPriority**: The base priority used by the priority inheritance mechanism/The actual priority used by the task.
- **State**: State of the task which includes “RUNNING”, “READY”, “BLOCKED” and “SUSPENDED”.
- **EventObject**: The name of the queue which causes the task to be blocked.
- **TotalTickCount**: The total number of tick count for the task to be active.
- **DeltaTickCount**: The number of tick count for the task to be active since previous suspend event.

![Figure 3-1 Task tab](image)

**Note**: To display “TotalTickCount” and “DeltaTickCount”, define `configGENERATE_RUN_TIME_STATS` as 1 and implement the macros `portCONFIGURE_TIMER_FOR_RUN_TIME_STATS()` and `portGET_RUN_TIME_COUNTER_VALUE()` (in `<project>/config_files/FreeRTOSConfig.h`).

To configure these parameters, refer to FreeRTOS guidelines at [https://www.freertos.org/rtos-run-time-stats.html](https://www.freertos.org/rtos-run-time-stats.html).

![Figure 3-2 Define configGENERATE_RUN_TIME_STATS in FreeRTOSConfig.h](image)

After defining the 2 Run time statistics macros as above, user should implement 2 functions, `vConfigureTimerForRunTimeStats()` and `ulGetRunTimeCounterValue()`.

The figure below shows an implementation with empty functions, user should implement the functions according to the project specification.
3.2 Queue tab

This tab lists all queues/semaphores/mutexes used in the program.

To display queue information, specify `configQUEUE_REGISTRY_SIZE` with value greater than 0 in `<project>/config_files/FreeRTOSConfig.h`.

In addition, the function `vQueueAddToRegistry()` should be called. Note that this function call is already implemented in the demo code.

The queue tab displays the following information:

- **No.**: Row index.
- **Name (Type)**: The name assigned to the queue upon registration and its type (Queue, Semaphore or Mutex).
• **Address**: The address of the queue handle.
• **MaxLength**: The maximum number of items that can be stored in the queue.
• **ItemSize**: Size per item in the queue (in bytes).
• **CurrentLength**: Number of items currently stored in the queue.
• **#WaitingTx**: Number of tasks blocked while waiting to send to the queue.
• **#WaitingRx**: Number of tasks blocked while waiting to receive from the queue.

![Figure 3-5 Queue tab](image)

### 3.3 Timer tab

This tab lists all timers used in the program. The following information is displayed in the timer tab:

![Figure 3-6 Timer tab](image)

• **No.**: Row index.
• **Name**: The name assigned to the software timer upon creation.
• **Period**: The current period of the timer in system ticks.
• **Reload**: Automatic reload Enable / Disable. “On” when auto reload is enabled which resets the timer each time it expires, “Off” when auto reload is disabled which does nothing when the timer expires.
• **CallbackFn**: Address and <Name> of the callback function which executes each time the timer ends.
• **TimerID**: The numeric ID of the timer assigned in hexadecimal format when it was created.
3.4 Stack tab

This tab lists all stacks associated with tasks that existed in the program. The following information is displayed in the stack tab:

- **No.**: Row index.
- **TaskName**: The name assigned to the task upon creation.
- **StartOfStack**: The address of the start of stack.
- **EndOfStack**: The address of the end of stack.
- **TopOfStack**: The address of the top of the stack where it is last written to when the context of the stack was saved.
- **StackSize**: Total stack size.
- **StackUsageSize**: Stack usage at high water mark.
- **StackUsageRatio**: Percentage of usage at high water mark relative to total stack size.

**Note:**

(1) To display “EndOfStack” and “StackSize”, define “configRECORD_STACK_HIGH_ADDRESS” as 1 in `<project>/config_files/FreeRTOSConfig.h` file (this is already set for the existing project).

---

Figure 3-7 Stack tab

Figure 3-8 Define configRECORD_STACK_HIGH_ADDRESS in FreeRTOSConfig.h
(2) To display “StackUsageSize” and “StackUsageRatio”, define
“configRECORD_STACK_HIGH_ADDRESS” as 1 in FreeRTOSConfig.h file, and
“tskSTACK_FILL_BYTE” as 0xA5U in <workspace>/freertos_kernel/task.c file.

Only devices with portSTACK_GROWTH defined as -1 are supported (in
<workspace>/freertos_kernel/portable/<compiler name>/<processor name>/portmacro.h).

Figure 3-9 Define tskSTACK_FILL_BYTE in task.c

Figure 3-10 Define portSTACK_GROWTH in portmacro.h
## Revision History

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<th>Rev.</th>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Page</th>
<th>Summary</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.00</td>
<td>Oct.20.20</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>First release document</td>
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1. Precaution against Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)
   A strong electrical field, when exposed to a CMOS device, can cause destruction of the gate oxide and ultimately degrade the device operation. Steps must be taken to stop the generation of static electricity as much as possible, and quickly dissipate it when it occurs. Environmental control must be adequate. When it is dry, a humidifier should be used. This is recommended to avoid using insulators that can easily build up static electricity. Semiconductor devices must be stored and transported in an anti-static container, static shielding bag or conductive material. All test and measurement tools including work benches and floors must be grounded. The operator must also be grounded using a wrist strap. Semiconductor devices must not be touched with bare hands. Similar precautions must be taken for printed circuit boards with mounted semiconductor devices.

2. Processing at power-on
   The state of the product is undefined at the time when power is supplied. The states of internal circuits in the LSI are indeterminate and the states of register settings and pins are undefined at the time when power is supplied. In a finished product where the reset signal is applied to the external reset pin, the states of pins are not guaranteed from the time when power is supplied until the reset process is completed. In a similar way, the states of pins in a product that is reset by an on-chip power-on reset function are not guaranteed from the time when power is supplied until the power reaches the level at which resetting is specified.

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   Do not input signals or an I/O pull-up power supply while the device is powered off. The current injection that results from input of such a signal or I/O pull-up power supply may cause malfunction and the abnormal current that passes in the device at this time may cause degradation of internal elements. Follow the guideline for input signal during power-off state as described in your product documentation.

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   Handle unused pins in accordance with the directions given under handling of unused pins in the manual. The input pins of CMOS products are generally in the high-impedance state. In operation with an unused pin in the open-circuit state, extra electromagnetic noise is induced in the vicinity of the LSI, an associated shoot-through current flows internally, and malfunctions occur due to the false recognition of the pin state as an input signal become possible.

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   After applying a reset, only release the reset line after the operating clock signal becomes stable. When switching the clock signal during program execution, wait until the target clock signal is stabilized. When the clock signal is generated with an external resonator or from an external oscillator during a reset, ensure that the reset line is only released after full stabilization of the clock signal. Additionally, when switching to a clock signal produced with an external resonator or by an external oscillator while program execution is in progress, wait until the target clock signal is stable.

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   Waveform distortion due to input noise or a reflected wave may cause malfunction. If the input of the CMOS device stays in the area between $V_{IL}$ (Max.) and $V_{IH}$ (Min.) due to noise, for example, the device may malfunction. Take care to prevent chattering noise from entering the device when the input level is fixed, and also in the transition period when the input level passes through the area between $V_{IL}$ (Max.) and $V_{IH}$ (Min.).

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