Old Company Name in Catalogs and Other Documents

On April 1st, 2010, NEC Electronics Corporation merged with Renesas Technology Corporation, and Renesas Electronics Corporation took over all the business of both companies. Therefore, although the old company name remains in this document, it is a valid Renesas Electronics document. We appreciate your understanding.

Renesas Electronics website: http://www.renesas.com

April 1st, 2010 Renesas Electronics Corporation

Issued by: Renesas Electronics Corporation (http://www.renesas.com)

Send any inquiries to http://www.renesas.com/inquiry.



Notice

- 1. All information included in this document is current as of the date this document is issued. Such information, however, is subject to change without any prior notice. Before purchasing or using any Renesas Electronics products listed herein, please confirm the latest product information with a Renesas Electronics sales office. Also, please pay regular and careful attention to additional and different information to be disclosed by Renesas Electronics such as that disclosed through our website.
- Renesas Electronics does not assume any liability for infringement of patents, copyrights, or other intellectual property rights
 of third parties by or arising from the use of Renesas Electronics products or technical information described in this document.
 No license, express, implied or otherwise, is granted hereby under any patents, copyrights or other intellectual property rights
 of Renesas Electronics or others.
- 3. You should not alter, modify, copy, or otherwise misappropriate any Renesas Electronics product, whether in whole or in part.
- 4. Descriptions of circuits, software and other related information in this document are provided only to illustrate the operation of semiconductor products and application examples. You are fully responsible for the incorporation of these circuits, software, and information in the design of your equipment. Renesas Electronics assumes no responsibility for any losses incurred by you or third parties arising from the use of these circuits, software, or information.
- 5. When exporting the products or technology described in this document, you should comply with the applicable export control laws and regulations and follow the procedures required by such laws and regulations. You should not use Renesas Electronics products or the technology described in this document for any purpose relating to military applications or use by the military, including but not limited to the development of weapons of mass destruction. Renesas Electronics products and technology may not be used for or incorporated into any products or systems whose manufacture, use, or sale is prohibited under any applicable domestic or foreign laws or regulations.
- 6. Renesas Electronics has used reasonable care in preparing the information included in this document, but Renesas Electronics does not warrant that such information is error free. Renesas Electronics assumes no liability whatsoever for any damages incurred by you resulting from errors in or omissions from the information included herein.
- 7. Renesas Electronics products are classified according to the following three quality grades: "Standard", "High Quality", and "Specific". The recommended applications for each Renesas Electronics product depends on the product's quality grade, as indicated below. You must check the quality grade of each Renesas Electronics product before using it in a particular application. You may not use any Renesas Electronics product for any application categorized as "Specific" without the prior written consent of Renesas Electronics. Further, you may not use any Renesas Electronics product for any application for which it is not intended without the prior written consent of Renesas Electronics. Renesas Electronics shall not be in any way liable for any damages or losses incurred by you or third parties arising from the use of any Renesas Electronics product for an application categorized as "Specific" or for which the product is not intended where you have failed to obtain the prior written consent of Renesas Electronics. The quality grade of each Renesas Electronics product is "Standard" unless otherwise expressly specified in a Renesas Electronics data sheets or data books, etc.
 - "Standard": Computers; office equipment; communications equipment; test and measurement equipment; audio and visual equipment; home electronic appliances; machine tools; personal electronic equipment; and industrial robots.
 - "High Quality": Transportation equipment (automobiles, trains, ships, etc.); traffic control systems; anti-disaster systems; anti-crime systems; safety equipment; and medical equipment not specifically designed for life support.
 - "Specific": Aircraft; aerospace equipment; submersible repeaters; nuclear reactor control systems; medical equipment or systems for life support (e.g. artificial life support devices or systems), surgical implantations, or healthcare intervention (e.g. excision, etc.), and any other applications or purposes that pose a direct threat to human life.
- 8. You should use the Renesas Electronics products described in this document within the range specified by Renesas Electronics, especially with respect to the maximum rating, operating supply voltage range, movement power voltage range, heat radiation characteristics, installation and other product characteristics. Renesas Electronics shall have no liability for malfunctions or damages arising out of the use of Renesas Electronics products beyond such specified ranges.
- 9. Although Renesas Electronics endeavors to improve the quality and reliability of its products, semiconductor products have specific characteristics such as the occurrence of failure at a certain rate and malfunctions under certain use conditions. Further, Renesas Electronics products are not subject to radiation resistance design. Please be sure to implement safety measures to guard them against the possibility of physical injury, and injury or damage caused by fire in the event of the failure of a Renesas Electronics product, such as safety design for hardware and software including but not limited to redundancy, fire control and malfunction prevention, appropriate treatment for aging degradation or any other appropriate measures. Because the evaluation of microcomputer software alone is very difficult, please evaluate the safety of the final products or system manufactured by you.
- 10. Please contact a Renesas Electronics sales office for details as to environmental matters such as the environmental compatibility of each Renesas Electronics product. Please use Renesas Electronics products in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations that regulate the inclusion or use of controlled substances, including without limitation, the EU RoHS Directive. Renesas Electronics assumes no liability for damages or losses occurring as a result of your noncompliance with applicable laws and regulations.
- 11. This document may not be reproduced or duplicated, in any form, in whole or in part, without prior written consent of Renesas Electronics
- 12. Please contact a Renesas Electronics sales office if you have any questions regarding the information contained in this document or Renesas Electronics products, or if you have any other inquiries.
- (Note 1) "Renesas Electronics" as used in this document means Renesas Electronics Corporation and also includes its majority-owned subsidiaries.
- (Note 2) "Renesas Electronics product(s)" means any product developed or manufactured by or for Renesas Electronics.



38C1 Group, 38D2 Group

Difference between 38C1 Group and 38D2 Group

1. Difference between 38C1 Group and 38D2 Group

Table 1.1 Difference Between 38C1 Group and 38D2 Group (1)

	38C1 Group		38D2 Group
	Mask ROM	One-time PROM	<u>QzROM</u>
Part number	M38C12M4-XXXFP/HP M38C13M6-XXXFP/HP	M38C13E6FP/HP	M38D24G4FP/HP,M38D24G4 -XXXFP/HP M38D24G6FP/HP,M38D24G6 -XXXFP/HP M38D28G8FP/HP,M38D28G8 -XXXFP/HP M38D29GCFP/HP,M38D29G C-XXXFP/HP M38D29GFFP/HP,M38D29GF-XXXFP/HP
Package		. 64P6Q-A): 64-pin LQFP (0.5 . 64P6U-A): 64-pin LQFP (0.8 tions comparison)	
ROM type: ROM/RAM size	MASK: 16K/384, 24K/512	OTP: 24K/512	QzROM: 16K/640, 24K/640, 32K/1.5K, 48K/2K, 60K/2K
On-chip oscillator mode	Available		
Watchdog timer	N/A		Available (8 bits x 1) (Refer to P10 for details) (On-chip oscillator selectable)
CPU mode register	Refer to P9 for details		
Operation mode at reset and exiting from stop mode	On-chip oscillator mode On-chip oscillator mode On-chip oscillator mode On-chip oscillator mode When OSCSEL:		When OSCSEL=H:
Maximum oscillation frequency	8.0 MHz <u>16.0 MHz (Note 2)</u>		
Clock output function	Available (Refer to P11 for output control)		
ROM correction function	N/A Available (Refer to datasheet		Available (Refer to datasheet)
Reserved ROM area (ROM code protect address)	_	_	FFDB ₁₆

Notes: 1. The pin name of the 7th pin is changed from CNVss to OSCSEL in 38D2 Group.

Refer to each group's datasheet for absolute maximum ratings, electric characteristics, and recommended operating conditions.

^{2. 12.5}MHz< f(XIN)≤16MHz is not available in frequency/2 mode in 38D2 Group.



Table 1.2 Difference Between 38C1 Group and 38D2 Group (2)

	38C1 Group		38D2 Group
	Mask ROM	One-time PROM	QzROM_
Programmable I/O port	3	0	<u>51</u>
Shared SEG port	1	6	24 (Note 3)
Internal pull-up resistor		Available	
Internal pull-down resistor	Avai	lable	<u>N/A</u>
Interrupt source	13 sources	, 13 vectors	18 sources, 16 vectors (Refer to P8 for interrupt vector comparison)
Serial interface	8 bits x 1 (Cloc	k synchronous)	8 bits x 2 (UART or clock synchronous)
Synchronous clock count source	1/8, 1/16, 1/32, 1/64,1/128,1/256 x φSOURCE (Note 4)		1/4, 1/16 x ¢SOURCE (Note 5) or external clock
Serial interface: Transfer direction	LSB first or MSB first		LSB first
PWM	N/A		10 bits x 2, 16 bits x 1 (shared with IGBT output)
LED direct drive port	5		<u>8</u>
LCD drive control circuit: Maximum number of pixels	100 pixels (4 com x 5 seg)		96 pixels (4 com x 24 seg)
LCD drive control circuit: Bias	1/1,1/2,1/3		<u>1/2, 1/3</u>
LCD drive control circuit: Duty ratio	1(Static), 2, 3, 4		<u>2, 3, 4</u>
LCD driving timing selection bit	N/A		<u>Available</u>
LCD power dividing resistor	N/A		<u>Available</u>

Notes: 3. Each pull-up bit of the shared segment ports is controlled by setting direction registers and segment output disable registers (Refer to 38D2 Group datasheet).

4. and 5. \rightarrow See notes 4 and 5 on P3.

Refer to each group's datasheet for absolute maximum ratings, electric characteristics, and recommended operating conditions.



Table 1.3 Difference Between 38C1 Group and 38D2 Group (3)

	38C1 Group		38D2 Group
	Mask ROM	One-time PROM	<u>QzROM</u>
8-bit timer		3	<u>4</u>
8-bit timer: Operation mode	Timer	mode	Timer mode, PWM mode (Timer 3, Timer 4)
8-bit timer: Count source		SOURCE (Note 4), 1/16 x to datasheet)	<u>1/1, 1/2, 1/16, 1/256 x</u> <u> </u>
16-bit timer: Count source		mode), 1/16 x φSOURCE te 4)	<u>1/1, 1/2, 1/16, 1/256 x</u> <u> </u>
Timer X: Operation mode	Timer mode, pulse output mode, event counter mode, pulse output mode, event counter mode, pulse width measurement mode pulse width measurement mode IGBT mode, PWM mode		pulse output mode, event counter mode, pulse width measurement mode,
Timer X: IGBT output mode /PWM mode	N/A <u>Comp</u>		Compare register x 3
Timer X output port	1 (*Output from CNTR ₀ pin in pulse output mode) 2 (TXOUT2 pin added)		2 (Txout2 pin added)
Timer Y: Operation mode	Timer mode, period measurement mode, event counter mode, pulse width continuous measurement mode		
Timer Y: Real time port control	N/A Available		Available
A/D converter	8 bits x 8 (Available in low-speed mode) 10 bits x 8 (Available in low-speed mode) speed mode)		
ADKEY function	Available (Refer to datasheet)		
RRF register	Available		
Temporary data register	Available <u>N/A</u>		

Notes: 4. ϕ SOURCE = XIN input in frequency/2, 8 mode, on-chip oscillator in on-chip oscillator mode, oscillation frequency of sub-clock in low-speed mode (Refer to 38C1 group datasheet)

Refer to each group's datasheet for absolute maximum ratings, electric characteristics, and recommended operating conditions.

^{5.} φSOURCE = XIN input in frequency/2, 4, 8 mode, on-chip oscillator/4 in on-chip oscillator mode, oscillation frequency of sub-clock in low-speed mode (Refer to 38D2 group datasheet)



2. Pin configurations of 38C1 Group and 38D2 Group (Top View)

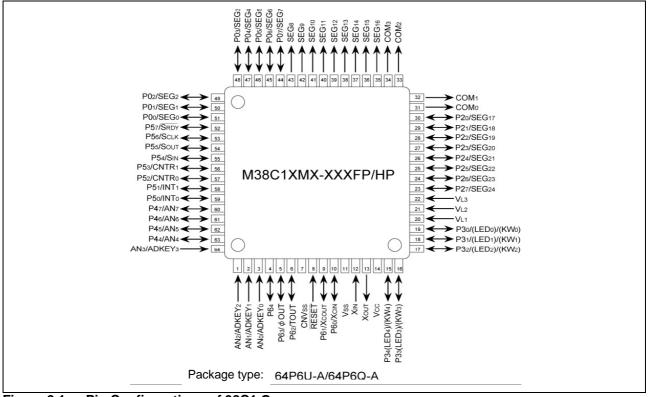


Figure 2.1 Pin Configurations of 38C1 Group

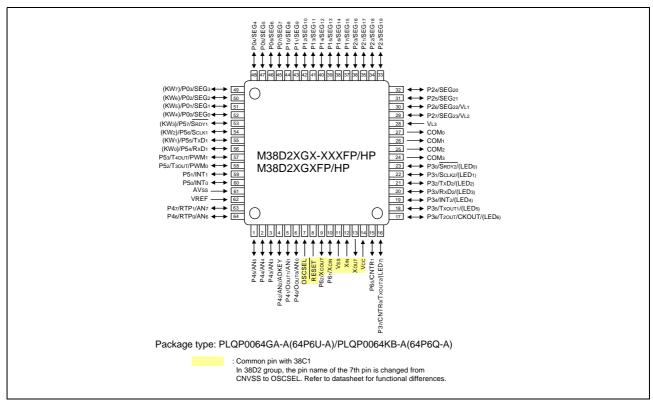


Figure 2.2 Pin Configurations of 38D2 Group



3. SFR comparison between 38C1 Group and 38D2 Group

Table 3.1 SFR Comparison Between 38C1 Group and 38D2 Group (1)

 38C1 Group 38D2 Group		
		00D2 010up
000016	Port P0 (P0)	Port P0 (P0)
000116		Port P0 direction register (P0D)
000216		Port P1 (P1)
000316		Port P1 direction register (P1D)
000416	Port P2 (P2)	Port P2 (P2)
000516	Port P2 direction register (P2D)	Port P2 direction register (P2D)
000616	Port P3 (P3)	Port P3 (P3)
000716	Port P3 direction register (P3D)	Port P3 direction register (P3D)
000816	Port P4 (P4)	Port P4 (P4)
000916	Port P4 direction register (P4D)	Port P4 direction register (P4D)
000A16	Port P5 (P5)	Port P5 (P5)
000B16	Port P5 direction register (P5D)	Port P5 direction register (P5D)
000C16	Port P6 (P6)	Port P6 (P6)
000D16	Port P6 direction register (P6D)	Port P6 direction register (P6D)
000E16		
000F16		
001016	LCD display register 0 (LCDº)	Oscillation output control register (OSCOUT)
001116	LCD display register 1 (LCD1)	CPU mode register 2 (CPUM2)
001216	LCD display register 2 (LCD2)	RRF register (RRFR)
001316	LCD display register 3 (LCD3)	LCD mode register (LM)
001416	LCD display register 4 (LCD4)	LCD power control register (VLCON)
001516	LCD display register 5 (LCD5)	AD control register (ADCON)
001616	LCD display register 6 (LCD6)	AD conversion register (low-order) (ADL)
001716	LCD display register 7 (LCD7)	AD conversion register (high-order) (ADH)
001816	LCD display register 8 (LCD8)	Transmit/Receive buffer register 1 (TB1/RB1)
001916	LCD display register 9 (LCD9)	Serial I/O1 status register (SIO1STS)
001A16	LCD display register 10 (LCD10)	Serial I/O1 control register (SIO1CON)
001B16	LCD display register 11 (LCD11)	UART1 control register (UART1CON)
001C16	LCD display register 12 (LCD12)	Baud rate generator 1 (BRG1)
001D16	Serial I/O control register (SIOCON)	Transmit/Receive buffer register 2 (TB2/RB2)
001E16		Serial I/O2 register (SIO2STS)
001F16	Serial I/O register (SIO)	Serial I/O2 control register (SIO2CON)
Note: Do not access memory in free space of SFR. : New SFR in 38D2 : Register contents changed (same register name and address) : Address changed (same register name and contents) :Register contents and address changed (same register name)		



Table 3.2 SFR Comparison Between 38C1 Group and 38D2 Group (2)

	38C1 Group	38D2 Group
002016	Timer X (low-order) (TXL)	Timer 1 (T1)
002116	Timer X (high-order) (TXH)	Timer 2 (T2)
002216	Timer Y (low-order) (TYL)	Timer 3 (T3)
02316	Timer Y (high-order) (TYH)	Timer 4 (T4)
002416	Timer 1 (T1)	PWM01 register (PWM01)
02516	Timer 2 (T2)	Timer 12 mode register (T12M)
02616	Timer 3 (T3)	Timer 34 mode register (T34M)
002716	Timer X mode register (TXM)	Timer 1234 mode register (T1234M)
002816	Timer Y mode register (TYM)	Timer 1234 frequency division selection register (PRE1234)
02916	Timer 123 mode register (T123M)	Watchdog timer control register (WDTCON)
002A16	Φ output control register	Timer X (low-order) (TXL)
002B16		Timer X (high-order) (TXH)
002C16	Temporary data register 1 (TD0)	Timer X (Expansion) (TXEX)
02D16	Temporary data register 2 (TD1)	Timer X mode register (TXM)
002E16	Temporary data register 3 (TD2)	Timer X control register 1 (TXCON1)
02F16	RRF register (RRFR)	Timer X control register 2 (TXCON2)
03016		Compare register 1 (low-order) (COMP1L)
03116		Compare register 1 (high-order) (COMP1H)
03216		Compare register 2 (low-order) (COMP2L)
03316	PULL register (PULL)	Compare register 2 (high-order) (COMP2H)
03416	AD control register (ADCON)	Compare register 3 (low-order) (COMP3L)
003516	AD conversion register (AD)	Compare register 3 (high-order) (COMP3H)
003616		Timer Y (low-order) (TYL)
03716		Timer Y (high-order) (TYH)
03816	Segment output enable register (SEG)	Timer Y mode register (TYM)
03916	LCD mode register (LM)	Timer Y control register (TYCON)
003A16	Interrupt edge selection register (INTEDGE)	Interrupt edge selection register (INTEDGE)
003B16	CPU mode register (CPUM)	CPU mode register (CPUM)
003C16	Interrupt request register 1(IREQ1)	Interrupt request register 1 (IREQ1)
003D16	Interrupt request register 2(IREQ2)	Interrupt request register 2 (IREQ2)
003E16	Interrupt control register 1(ICON1)	Interrupt control register 1 (ICON1)
03F16	Interrupt control register 2(ICON2)	Interrupt control register 2 (ICON2)

: New SFR in 38D2 : Register contents changed (same register name and address)

: Address changed (same register name and contents)

Register contents and address changed (same register name)



Table 3.3 SFR Comparison Between 38C1 Group and 38D2 Group (3)

	38C1 Group	38D2 Group
0FF016		PULL register (PULL)
0FF116		UART2 control register (UART2CON)
0FF216		Baud rate generator 2 (BRG2)
0FF316		Clock output control register (CKOUT)
0FF416		Segment output disable register 0 (SEG0)
0FF516		Segment output disable register 1 (SEG1)
0FF616		Segment output disable register 2 (SEG2)
0FF716		Key input control register (KIC)
0FF816		ROM correction address 1 (high-order) (RCA1H)
0FF916		ROM correction address 1 (low-order) (RCA1L)
0FFA16		ROM correction address 2 (high-order) (RCA2H)
0FFB16		ROM correction address 2 (low-order) (RCA2L)
0FFC16		ROM correction enable register (RCR)
0FFD16		Reserved area (Do not access)
0FFE16		Reserved area (Do not access)
0FFF16		Reserved area (Do not access)

Note: Do not access memory in free space of SFR.

: New SFR in 38D2

:Register contents and address changed (same register name)

^{*} Do not access free space and reserved area on SFR memory map.



4. Interrupt vector comparison between 38C1 group and 38D2 group

Table 4.1 Interrupt Vector Comparison Between 38C1 Group and 38D2 Group

: Difference between 38D5 Group and 38D2 Group

Vector address					
high- order	low- order	Priority	38D5 Group Interrupt Source	38D2 Group Interrupt Source	
FFFD16	FFFC16	1	Reset	Reset	
FFFB16	FFFA16	2	INT0 (INT00 or INT01)	INTO	
FFF916	FFF816	3	INT1 (INT10 or INT11)	INT1	
FFF716	FFF616	4	INT2	INT2 / Key input (Key-on wake up)	
FFF516	FFF416	5	Key input (Key-on wake up)	CNTR ₀	
FFF316	FFF216	6	Timer X	Timer X	
FFF116	FFF016	7	Timer 1	Timer 1	
FFEF16	FFEE16	8	Timer 2	Timer 2	
FFED16	FFEC16	9	Timer 3	Timer 3	
FFEB16	FFEA16	10	Timer 4	Timer 4	
FFE916	FFE816	11	Serial I/O1 reception	Serial I/O1 reception	
FFE716	FFE616	12	Serial I/O1 transmission	Serial I/O1 transmission	
FFE516	FFE416	13	Serial I/O2	Serial I/O2 reception	
FFE316	FFE216	14	CNTR ₀	Serial I/O2 transmission	
FFE116	FFE016	15	Timer Y / CNTR1	Timer Y / CNTR1	
FFDF16	FFDE16	16	A/D conversion	A/D conversion	
FFDD16	FFDC16	17	BRK instruction	BRK instruction	



5. CPU mode register

An oscillation operation (oscillating/stop oscillating) of internal on-chip oscillator can be selected by setting the on-chip oscillator stop bit at the CPU mode register 2 in 38D2 Group.

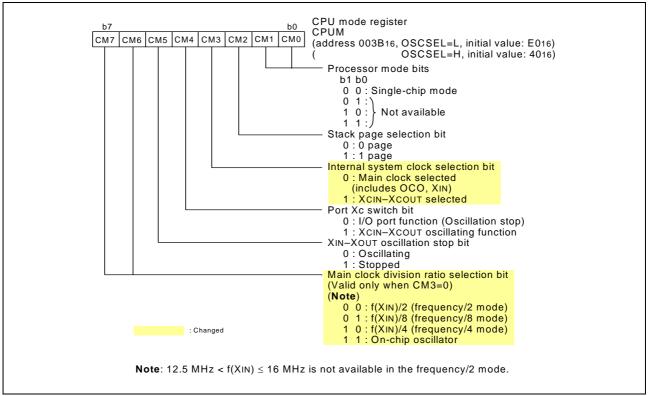


Figure 5.1 Structure of CPU mode register

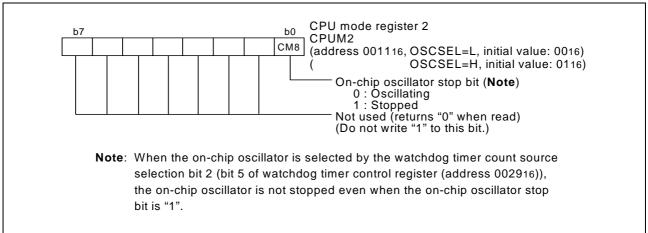


Figure 5.2 Structure of CPU mode register 2

An operation mode after exiting from stop mode or at reset can be selected by voltage applied to the OSCSEL pin in 38D2 Group.

OSCSEL pin = H: f(XIN)/8 mode

OSCSEL pin = L: ON-chip oscillator mode



6. Watchdog Timer

The 38D2 group devices have the watchdog timer function. The watchdog timer consists of 8-bit counter and the count source can select on-chip oscillator by setting the watchdog timer count source selection bit 2. At this time, set the STP instruction function selection bit to 1.

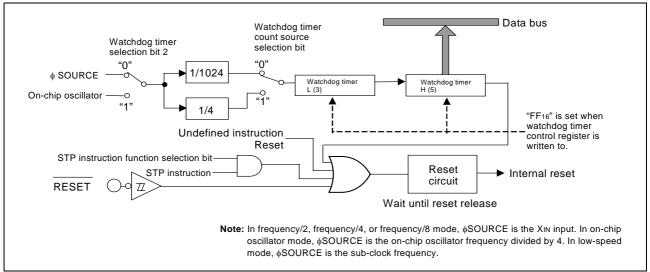


Figure 6.1 Block diagram of watchdog timer function

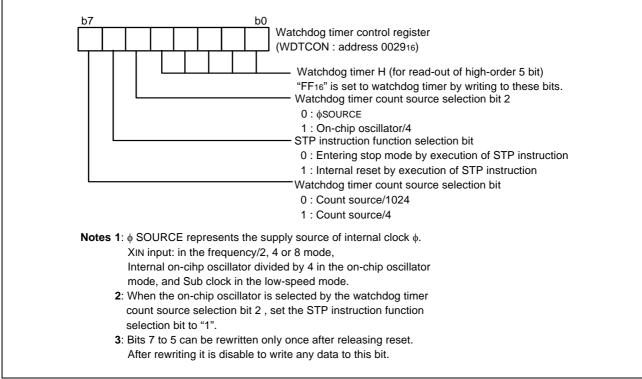


Figure 6.2 Structure of watchdog timer control register



7. Clock output function

The system clock f can be output from Port P63 in 38C1 Group and from P36 in 38D2 Group. In 38D2 Group, a clock output of the timer 2 is also possible in addition to the system clock f by the timer 2 output selection bit at the timer 12 mode register (address 002516).

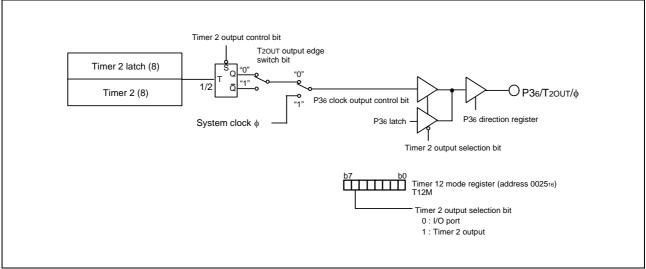


Figure 7.1 Block diagram of clock output function

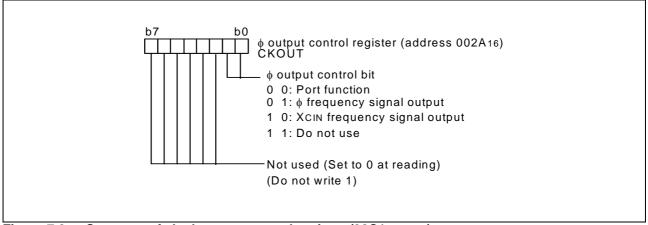


Figure 7.2 Structure of clock output control register (38C1 group)

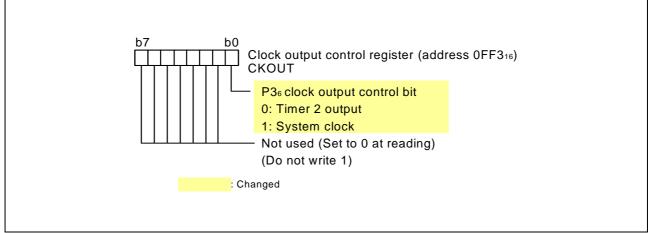


Figure 7.3 Structure of clock output control register (38D2 group)



8. Range of operating power source voltage in 38C1 Group and 38D2 Group (Excluding A/D operation)

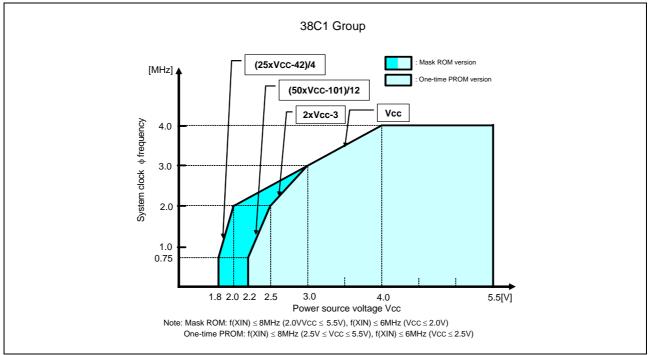


Figure 8.1 Range of operating power source voltage in 38C1 Group

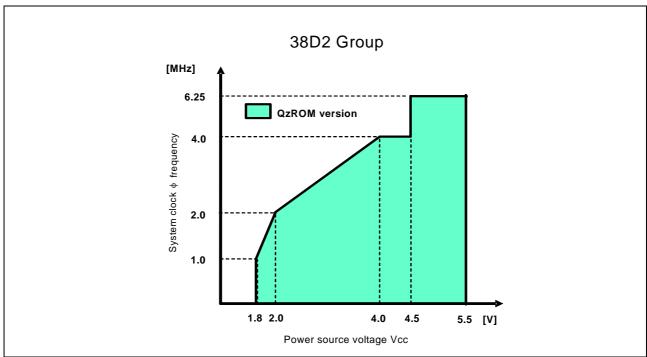


Figure 8.2 Range of operating power source voltage in 38D2 Group



9. Range of operating power source voltage in 38C1 Group and 38D2

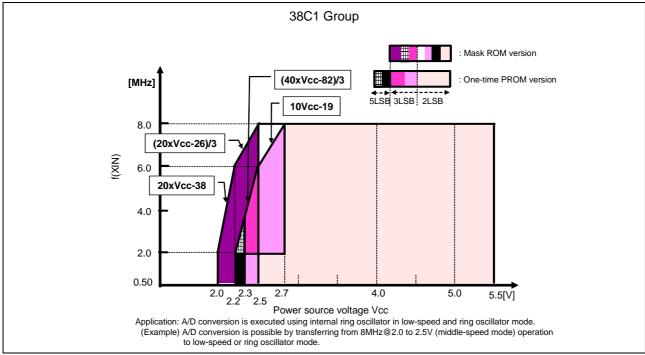


Figure 9.1 Range of operating power source voltage in 38C1 Group

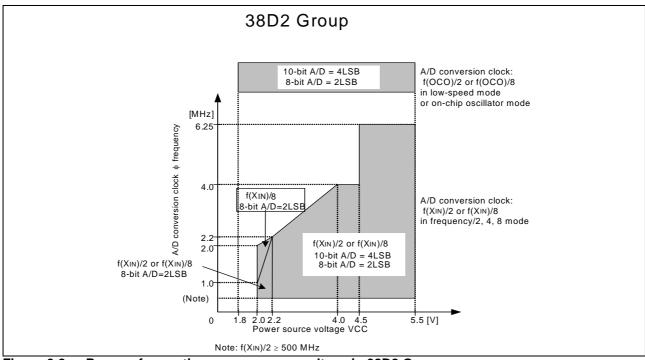


Figure 9.2 Range of operating power source voltage in 38D2 Group



10. OSCSEL pin wiring

The OSCSEL pin functions as the power source input pin for the built-in QzROM in 38D2 Group. The impedance of the OSCSEL pin is set to low to allow the electric current for writing to flow into the QzROM when writing a program in the QzROM. Because of this, noise comes in from the OSCSEL pin easier. When noise comes in from the OSCSEL pin, the MCU may go out of control because reading operation of instruction codes or data is not performed normally.

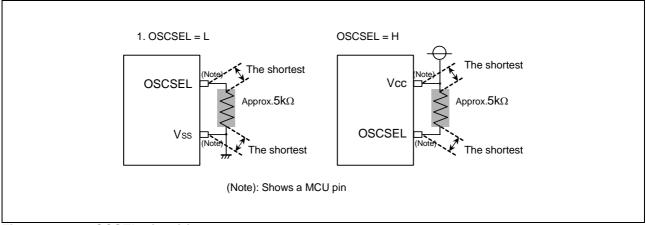


Figure 10.1 OSCSEL pin wiring

1. When OSCSEL = L:

Connect the OSCSEL pin by the shortest wiring to the GND pattern which is the closest to the GND supplying power to the Vss pin of the MCU. In addition, the noise immunity may be improved by connecting a resistor of approximately 5 k Ω to the GND in series. At this time, connect the OSCSEL pin by the shortest wiring to the GND pattern which is as close as possible to the GND supplying to the Vcc pin of the MCU as written above.

2. When OSCSEL = H:

Connect the OSCSEL pin by the shortest wiring to the Vcc pattern which is the closest to the Vcc supplying power to the Vcc pin of the MCU. In addition, the noise immunity may be improved by connecting a resistor of approximately 5 k Ω to the Vcc in series. At this time, connect the OSCSEL pin by the shortest wiring to the Vcc pattern which is the closest to the Vcc supplying power to the Vcc pin of the MCU as written above.



11. Notes on Replacement

The 38C1 group devices and the 38D2 group devices have different oscillation circuit structures. In addition, oscillation circuit constants of XIN-XOUT, XCIN-XCOUT vary in each product. Therefore, contact an oscillator manufacture when selecting an oscillator and oscillation circuit constants so that a stable operation clock can be obtained on the user system and conditions for mass-production. Be careful especially when the range of voltage and temperature is wide. Considering the wiring pattern of the feed-back resistor, the dumping resistor, and the load capacity in advance is recommended when designing a circuit.

In addition, although compatibility in characteristics is fully considered in designing each device, actual values such as operating margin, A/D conversion accuracy, noise immunity, noise radiation may be different within the range of electrical characteristics due to different manufacturing processes. Therefore, perform sufficient system evaluations for every individual product before starting mass-production.



12. Datasheet

38C1 Group Datasheet 38D2 Group Datasheet Download the latest version from the Renesas Technology website.

Technical News/Technical Update

Download the latest information from the Renesas Technology website.



Website and Support

Renesas Technology website http://www.renesas.com

Inquiries http://www.renesas.com/inquiry csc@renesas.com

REVISION HISTORY	38C1 Group, 38D2 Group Difference between 38C1 Group and 38D2 Group
	=

Rev.	Rev. Date -		Description	
Nev.	Date	Page	Summary	
1.00	Feb 16, 2007	_	First Edition issued	
1.01	Jan 15, 2008	1,5,6, 7,8	Clerical error revised	



Keep safety first in your circuit designs!

1. Renesas Technology Corp. puts the maximum effort into making semiconductor products better and more reliable, but there is always the possibility that trouble may occur with them. Trouble with semiconductors may lead to personal injury, fire or property damage. Remember to give due consideration to safety when making your circuit designs, with appropriate measures such as (i) placement of substitutive, auxiliary circuits, (ii) use of non-flammable material or (iii) prevention against any malfunction or mishap.

Notes regarding these materials

- 1. These materials are intended as a reference to assist our customers in the selection of the Renesas Technology Corp. product best suited to the customer's application; they do not convey any license under any intellectual property rights, or any other rights, belonging to Renesas Technology Corp. or a third party.
- 2. Renesas Technology Corp. assumes no responsibility for any damage, or infringement of any third-party's rights, originating in the use of any product data, diagrams, charts, programs, algorithms, or circuit application examples contained in these materials.
- 3. All information contained in these materials, including product data, diagrams, charts, programs and algorithms represents information on products at the time of publication of these materials, and are subject to change by Renesas Technology Corp. without notice due to product improvements or other reasons. It is therefore recommended that customers contact Renesas Technology Corp. or an authorized Renesas Technology Corp. product distributor for the latest product information before purchasing a product listed herein.
 - The information described here may contain technical inaccuracies or typographical errors. Renesas Technology Corp. assumes no responsibility for any damage, liability, or other loss rising from these inaccuracies or errors.
 - Please also pay attention to information published by Renesas Technology Corp. by various means, including the Renesas Technology Corp. Semiconductor home page (http://www.renesas.com).
- 4. When using any or all of the information contained in these materials, including product data, diagrams, charts, programs, and algorithms, please be sure to evaluate all information as a total system before making a final decision on the applicability of the information and products. Renesas Technology Corp. assumes no responsibility for any damage, liability or other loss resulting from the information contained herein.
- 5. Renesas Technology Corp. semiconductors are not designed or manufactured for use in a device or system that is used under circumstances in which human life is potentially at stake. Please contact Renesas Technology Corp. or an authorized Renesas Technology Corp. product distributor when considering the use of a product contained herein for any specific purposes, such as apparatus or systems for transportation, vehicular, medical, aerospace, nuclear, or undersea repeater use.
- 6. The prior written approval of Renesas Technology Corp. is necessary to reprint or reproduce in whole or in part these materials.
- 7. If these products or technologies are subject to the Japanese export control restrictions, they must be exported under a license from the Japanese government and cannot be imported into a country other than the approved destination.
 - Any diversion or reexport contrary to the export control laws and regulations of Japan and/ or the country of destination is prohibited.
- 8. Please contact Renesas Technology Corp. for further details on these materials or the products contained therein.

© 2008. Renesas Technology Corp., All rights reserved.