

Application Note

DA14531 Filter for Spurious Emissions Reduction

AN-B-073

Abstract

This document contains guidelines for implementing a RFIO filter to reduce conducted and radiated spurious emissions in Bluetooth low energy applications using Dialog's DA14531 System-on-Chip.

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Reduction**

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1 Terms and Definitions

SoC	System on Chip
BLE	Bluetooth Low Energy
DUT	Device under Test
SDK	Software Development Kit

2 References

- [1] [UM-B-083](#), SmartSnippets™ Toolbox, User Manual, Dialog Semiconductor.
- [2] [UM-B-119](#), DA14585/DA14531 SW Platform Reference Manual, Dialog Semiconductor.

3 Introduction

This document provides information on implementing a 3-component Pi filter for Dialog's DA14531 System-on-Chip (SoC) in 2.4 GHz Bluetooth low energy (BLE) applications. It specifically addresses the conducted performance in the spurious domain.

4 Filter Configuration

A range of different filter configurations have been considered and assessed in terms of performances, costs, and sizes. The assessment concluded that the best configuration was a Pi filter. The Pi filter configuration was chosen because it gave the best harmonic suppression with minimal power loss at fundamental frequencies. Lower cost solutions were eliminated because they did not deliver the same level of suppression whilst having greater impact on power loss. The size of the components is not critical, but to implement a small footprint, filter 0201 components have been used.

4.1 Pi Filter

The filter topology is shown in [Figure 1](#).

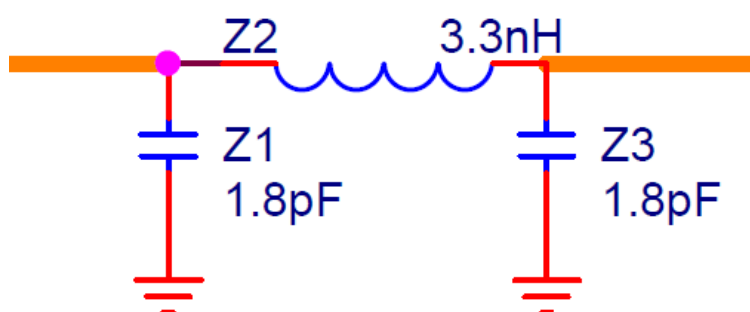


Figure 1: Pi Filter Topology

The components used include:

- Capacitors: 1.8 pF, 0201, Murata, PN: GRM0335C1H1R8CA01
- Inductor: 3.3 nH, 0201, Murata, PN: LQP03TN3N3B02

4.2 Simulated Performance

Transfer function and return loss are shown in Figure 2.

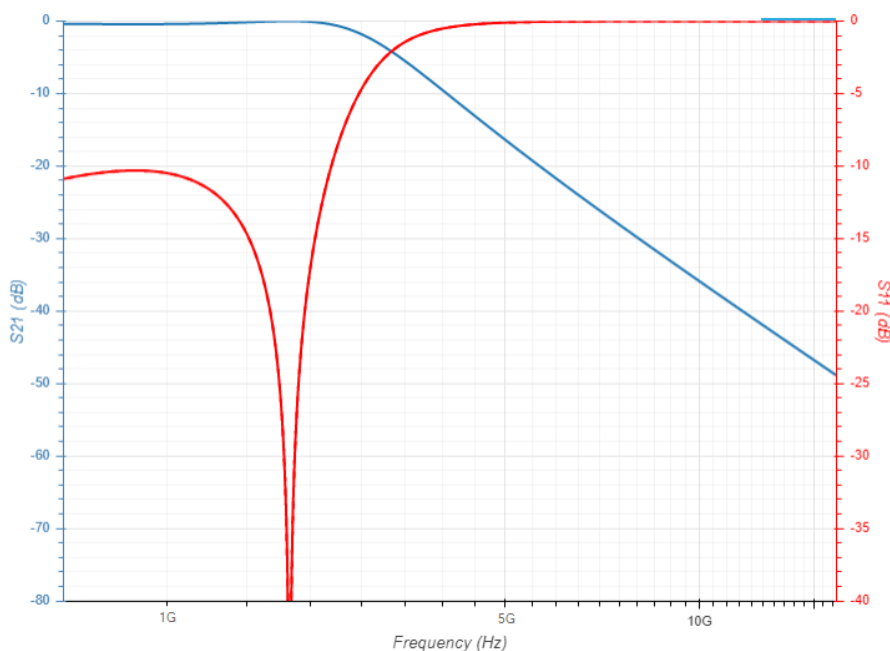


Figure 2: Transfer Function and Return Loss of Pi Filter

The simulated loss at fundamental power is ~0.35 dB while providing a second harmonic suppression of ~15 dB.

4.3 Measured Performance

The influence of the daughter board on the filter function was measured with a calibrated network analyzer connected via SMA connectors to the filter on the daughter board.

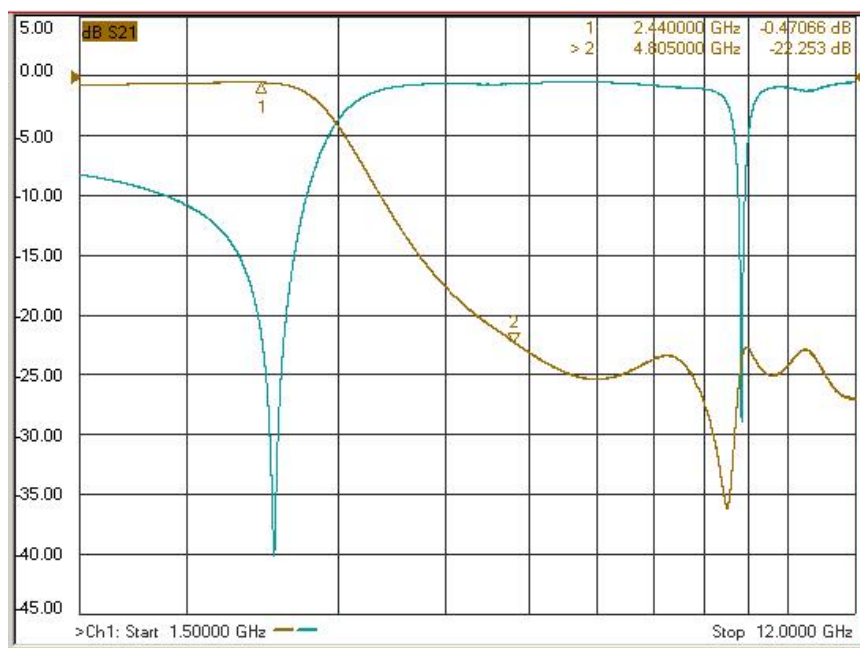


Figure 3: Measurement Results of the Pi-filter

5 Conducted Performance

The measurements are performed using a calibrated spectrum analyzer and RF cables. The levels are measured at the SMA output of the device under test (DUT). All measurements are calibrated for cable losses.

The production test software (`prod_test.hex`) from Dialog's DA14531 SDK is used to set the device into BLE TX and RX mode. This can be done with RF master of [SmartSnippets](#) Toolbox or with `prodtest.exe` using the commands "`cont_pkt_tx`" and "`start_pkt_rx`" (see [1] and [Appendix J](#) in [2]).

5.1 TX Measurements

5.1.1 Conducted Limits

There are different limits specified for the conducted TX measurements. [Table 1](#) shows the limits for ETSI, FCC, and Japan.

Table 1: Specification Limits for Conducted TX Measurements

Measurement	ETSI	FCC	Japan
TX Conducted	-30 dBm	-20 dBc	-26 dBm

5.1.2 Measurement Results

The test is performed at 2402 MHz, room temperature, and normal operating conditions. Measurements are done in burst mode, modulated signal.

Table 2: Fundamental Power and Harmonics, Conducted Mode, PA in 3 dBm Mode

	Fundamental	2nd harm	3rd harm	4th harm	5th harm
Without RFIO filter	2.2	-40.16	-40.75	-47.58	-39.26

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	Fundamental	2nd harm	3rd harm	4th harm	5th harm
With RFIO filter	1.54	-58.99	-61.27	-68.95	-56.15

Note 1 All values in dBm.

5.2 RX Measurements

5.2.1 Conducted Limits

Limits for the conducted RX measurements can be found in [Table 3](#).

Table 3: Specification Limits for Conducted RX Measurements

Measurement	ETSI	Japan	Korea
RX conducted	-47 dBm	-47 dBm	-54 dBm

5.2.2 Measurement Results

The test is performed at 2402 MHz and the measurement frequency is 4805 MHz ($2 \times 2402 + 1$ MHz).

Table 4: LO Leakage in Conducted Mode Results

Measurement	Without RFIO filter	With RFIO filter
LO Leakage Power	-41.33 dBm	-58.78 dBm

6 Radiated Performance

The measurements are performed in an anechoic chamber using a standard wideband horn antenna at the reference receiver. The DUT is placed on a turning table 3 meters away from the antenna. The measurements include the DUT board in horizontal and vertical position and both vertical and horizontal polarizations are measured. The maximum value is recorded.

All measurements are calibrated for antenna gain, amplifier gain, cable losses and path losses.

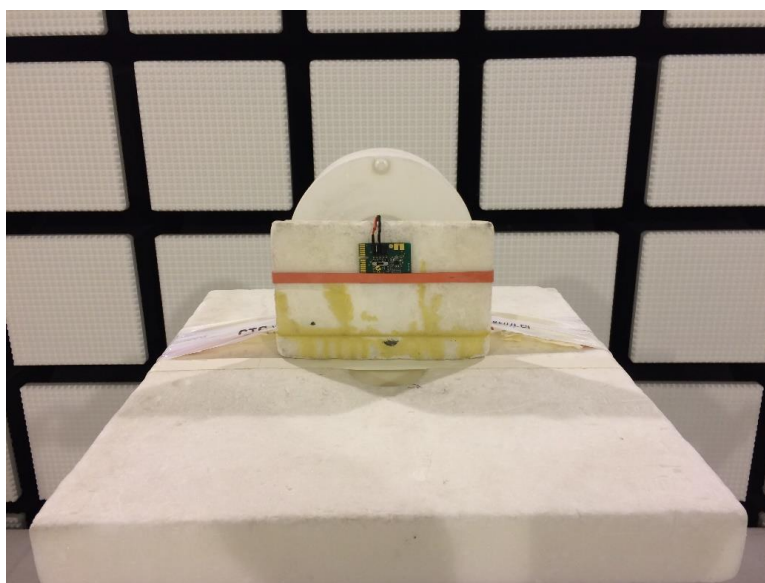


Figure 4: DUT on a Turning Table

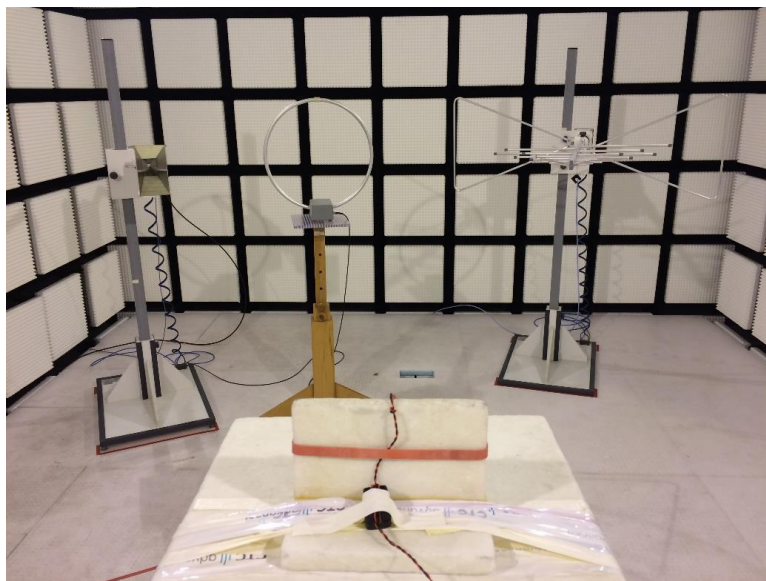


Figure 5: Experiment Setup for Measuring Radiated Performance

6.1 TX Measurements

The test is performed at 2402 MHz, room temperature, and normal operating conditions. The carrier signal is notched with a 2.4 GHz band rejection filter. The red lines in [Figure 6](#) and [Figure 7](#) indicate the specification limits. The DUT with the Pi filter has good margins towards the limits.

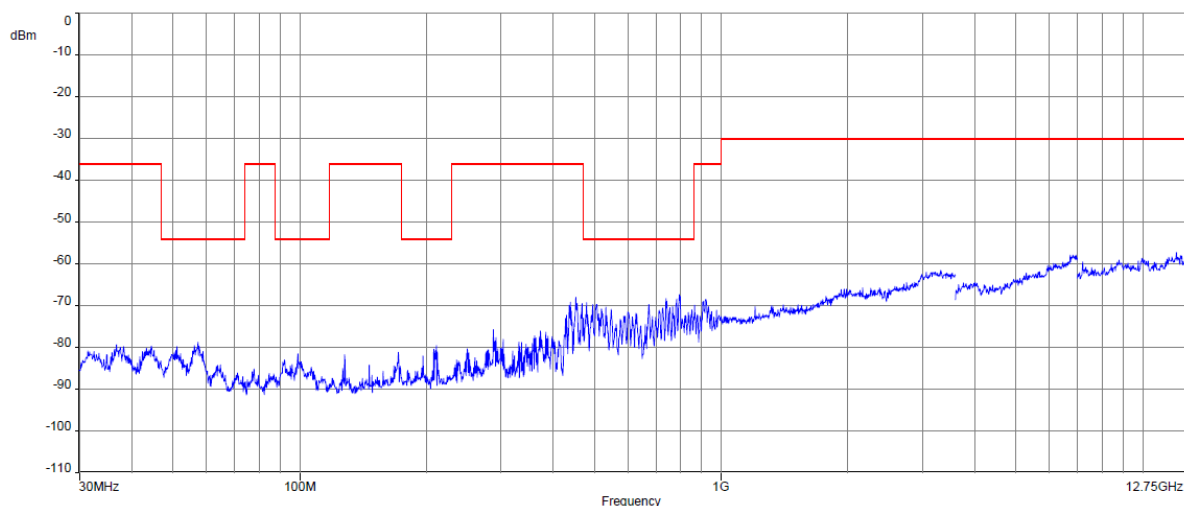


Figure 6: ETSI EN 300 328 - Transmitter Unwanted Emissions in the Spurious Domain

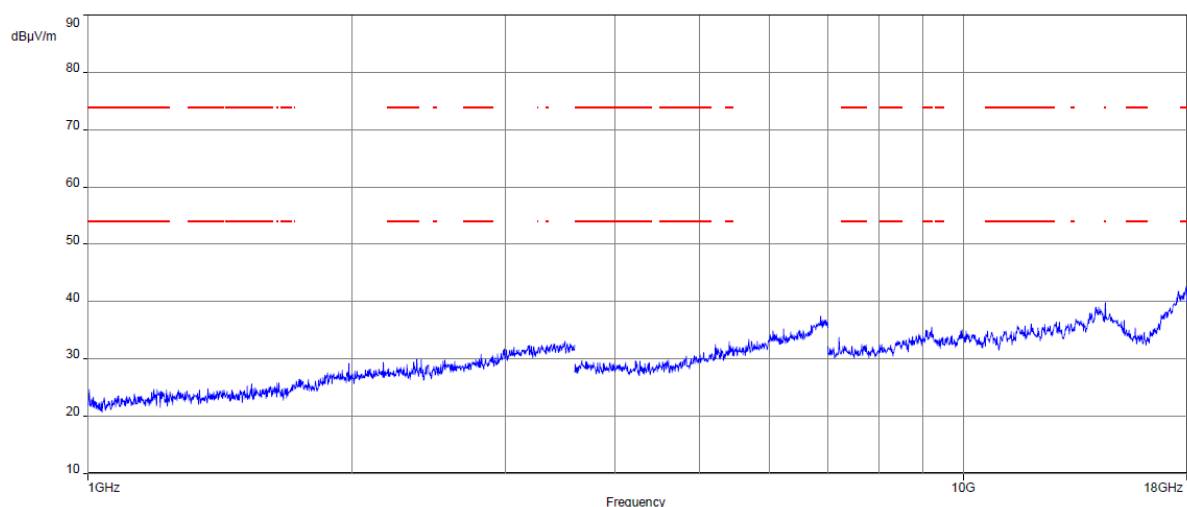


Figure 7: Part 15.247 - Spurious Emissions Radiated at from 1 GHz to 18 GHz

6.2 RX Measurements

The test is performed at 2402 MHz, room temperature, and normal operating conditions. The red line in Figure 8 indicates the specification limit. The DUT with the Pi filter has a good margin towards the limit.

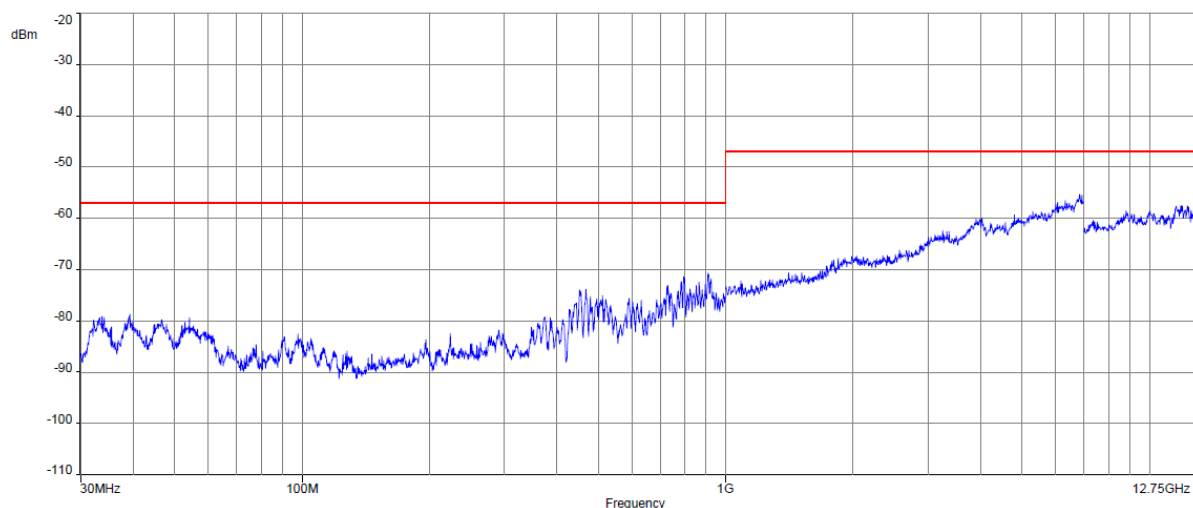


Figure 8: ETSI EN 300 328 - Receiver Spurious Emissions

7 Other Remarks

7.1 Impact on Power Consumption

The Pi filter shows no impact on the power consumption of DA14531 SoC.

7.2 Impact on Link Budget

The additional filter introduces <0.5 dB loss on the fundamental power and the same loss is incurred on sensitivity. The total impact on link budget is <1 dB.

8 Conclusions

The RFIO filter provides a good harmonic suppression with a minimal loss at fundamental frequencies. Dialog recommends that users include the described filter in the DA14531 design in order to pass the tests from regulatory bodies. The filter should be placed as close as possible to the RFIOp port. A schematic of an example implementation can be found in [Figure 9](#). The shown antenna matching is chosen to match the implemented antenna to 50 Ω and will change if a different antenna is used. Experienced RF designers should be able to combine the antenna matching with the needed filtering.

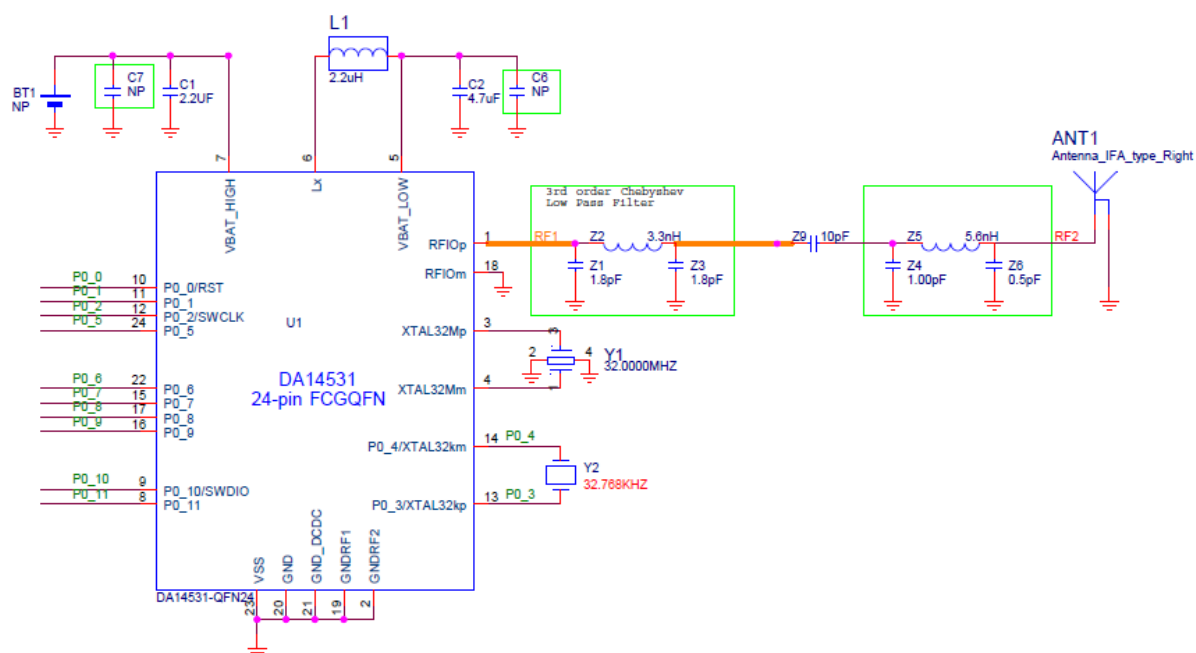


Figure 9: Schematic of Example Implementation of Pi Filter to DA14531

Revision History

Revision	Date	Description
1.3	20-Jan-2022	Updated logo, disclaimer, copyright.
1.2	30-Oct-2019	Link changed
1.1	25-Oct-2019	Editorial changes
1.0	09-Jul-2019	Initial version.

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Status Definitions

Status	Definition
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APPROVED or unmarked	The content of this document has been approved for publication.

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