## F1325 Operation at 450 MHz

- July 28, 2014
- AT0105
- Non Automated Measurements

Michael J. Virostko
Principal Product Application Engineer
(I) IDT

Integrated Device Technology
The Analog and Digital Company ${ }^{\text {m }}$

## Agenda

> Introduction
$>$ Test Requirements
> Test Results

## Introduction

> A customer is interested in using the F1325 DPD Demodulator with a RF frequency of 450 MHz .
> This demodulator has a switched LO and a Switched RF input paths which are currently specified at an RF frequency of 600 to 1100 MHz .
> The output is an I/Q signal in the 20 to 350 MHz range.
$>$ We will test per their request with exceptions.
> This is only for the non automated measurement for Return Losses and LO Isolations, RF Isolations.

## Test Requirements (1)

$>$ Fixed IF Testing

- Output IF = 138 MHz
- RF 435 to 495 MHz in 10 MHz Steps
- High Side Injection (LO > RF)
- Conditions
$\checkmark$ Case Temperature: $-40,+25$, and $+105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
$\checkmark$ LO Power $=-3,0$, and +3 dBm
$\checkmark$ Vcc $=+4.75,+5.00$, and +5.25 V
$\checkmark$ Maximum Gain (Attenuation $=0 \mathrm{~dB}$ )
- Parameters
$\checkmark$ Gain
$\checkmark$ Intermodulation Products, IP3, IP2
$\checkmark$ Harmonics
$\checkmark$ LO to IF Isolation
$\checkmark$ Power Compression
$\checkmark$ Current


## Test Requirements (2)

> Fixed LO Testing

- Output IF = 108 to 168 MHz in 10 MHz Steps
- RF 435 to 495 MHz in 10 MHz Steps
- High Side Injection (LO > RF)
- Conditions
$\checkmark$ Case Temperature: $+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
$\checkmark$ LO Power $=0 \mathrm{dBm}$
$\checkmark$ Vcc $=+5.00 \mathrm{~V}$
$\checkmark$ Attenuation $=0$ to 26 dB in 2 dB steps
- Parameters
$\checkmark$ Gain
$\checkmark$ Attenuator Accuracy
$\checkmark$ Intermodulation Products, IP3, IP2


## Test Requirements (3)

> Fixed IF

- Output IF = 138 MHz
- RF 435 to 495 MHz in 10 MHz Steps
- High Side Injection (LO > RF)
- Conditions
$\checkmark$ Case Temperature: -40, 25, and $105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
$\checkmark$ LO Power $=-3,0$, and +3 dBm
$\checkmark \mathrm{Vcc}=+4.75,+5.00$, and +5.25 V
$\checkmark$ Maximum Gain (Attenuation $=0 \mathrm{~dB}$ )
- Parameters
$\checkmark$ Noise Figure
$\checkmark$ Quadrature Parameters (I/Q Imbalance)


## Test Requirements (4)

> Other Parameters

- Conditions
$\checkmark$ Case Temperature: $+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
$\checkmark$ LO Power $=0 \mathrm{dBm}$
$\checkmark$ Vcc $=+5.00 \mathrm{~V}$
- Parameters
$\checkmark$ Return Losses - RF, IF, and LO Ports $\checkmark$ Isolations
- RFA to RFB
- LOA to LOB
- LO to IF
- LO to RF


## Test Setup for Return Loss and Isolation between RF and IF ports



## Test Setup for Return Loss and Isolation between LO and IF



## Test Setup for Return Loss and Isolation between LO and RF



## Exceptions

> The RF and LO input capacitors (C17, C18, C19, C25) where changed from 160 pF to 390 pF .

- This will assure than the capacitor will not affect the RF signals.
$>$ The LO was rebiased by changing R20 from 2.8 kohms to 4.0 kohms.
- A previous task showed that doing this helps for operation at 450 MHz .
- Under normal operation Noise Figure is greater than 15 dB and will not be measured.


## Test Case 4 (TC4):

> The following data was taken at the evaluation board connectors.
> The following parameters was varied:

- Case Temperature: $\quad-40,+25,+105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
- Applied Voltage: 5.00 V
- LO Frequency:

703 MHz

- LO Power:

0 dBm

- LO Input:
- RF Power:
- Attenuation:

LOA
$-10 \mathrm{dBm}$
0 dB (Maximum Gain)

- Frequency
$\checkmark$ IF Band 10 MHz to 400 MHz
$\checkmark$ RF/LO Band 300 to 1000 MHz


## TC4: Port RFX Return Loss

F1325 Return Loss - RFX Port
LO = $703 \mathrm{MHz}, 0 \mathrm{dBm}$, LOA Selected
at Evaluation Board Connector


## TC4: Port RFY Return Loss

F1325 Return Loss - RFY Port LO $=703 \mathrm{MHz}, 0 \mathrm{dBm}$, LOA Selected at Evaluation Board Connector


## TC4: Port IF-I Return Loss



## TC4: Port IF-Q Return Loss

F1325 Return Loss - IF-Q Port
LO $=703 \mathrm{MHz}, 0 \mathrm{dBm}$, LOA Selected
at Evaluation Board Connector


## TC4: Isolation RFX to RFY

F1325 Isolation RFX to RFY LO = $703 \mathrm{MHz}, 0 \mathrm{dBm}$, LOA Selected
at Evaluation Board Connector


## TC4: Isolation RFY to RFX

F1325 Isolation RFY to RFX LO = $703 \mathrm{MHz}, 0 \mathrm{dBm}$, LOA Selected
at Evaluation Board Connector


## TC4: Isolation LOA to RFX

F1325 Isolation LOA to RFX
LO Power $=0 \mathrm{dBm},+25 \mathrm{C}$
at Evaluation Board Connector


## TC4: Isolation LOA to RFY

F1325 Isolation LOA to RFY
LO Power $=0 \mathrm{dBm},+25 \mathrm{C}$
at Evaluation Board Connector


## TC4: Isolation LOB to RFX

F1325 Isolation LOB to RFX
LO Power $=0 \mathrm{dBm},+25 \mathrm{C}$
at Evaluation Board Connector


## TC4: Isolation LOB to RFY

F1325 Isolation LOB to RFY
LO Power $=0 \mathrm{dBm},+\mathbf{2 5} \mathrm{C}$
at Evaluation Board Connector


## TC4: Isolation LOA to LOB

F1325 Isolation LOA to LOB
LO Power $=0 \mathrm{dBm},+25 \mathrm{C}$
at Evaluation Board Connector


## TC4: Isolation LOB to LOA

F1325 Isolation LOB to LOA
LO Power $=0 \mathrm{dBm},+25 \mathrm{C}$
at Evaluation Board Connector


## TC4: Isolation LOA to IF-I

F1325 Isolation LOA to IF-I
LO Power $=0 \mathrm{dBm},+25 \mathrm{C}$ at Evaluation Board Connector


## TC4: Isolation LOA to IF-Q

F1325 Isolation LOA to IF-Q
LO Power $=0 \mathrm{dBm},+25 \mathrm{C}$ at Evaluation Board Connector


## TC4: Isolation LOA to IF-I

F1325 Isolation LOB to IF-I
LO Power $=0 \mathrm{dBm},+25 \mathrm{C}$ at Evaluation Board Connector


## TC4: Isolation LOB to IF-Q

F1325 Isolation LOB to IF-Q
LO Power $=0 \mathrm{dBm},+25 \mathrm{C}$
at Evaluation Board Connector


