

## Introduction

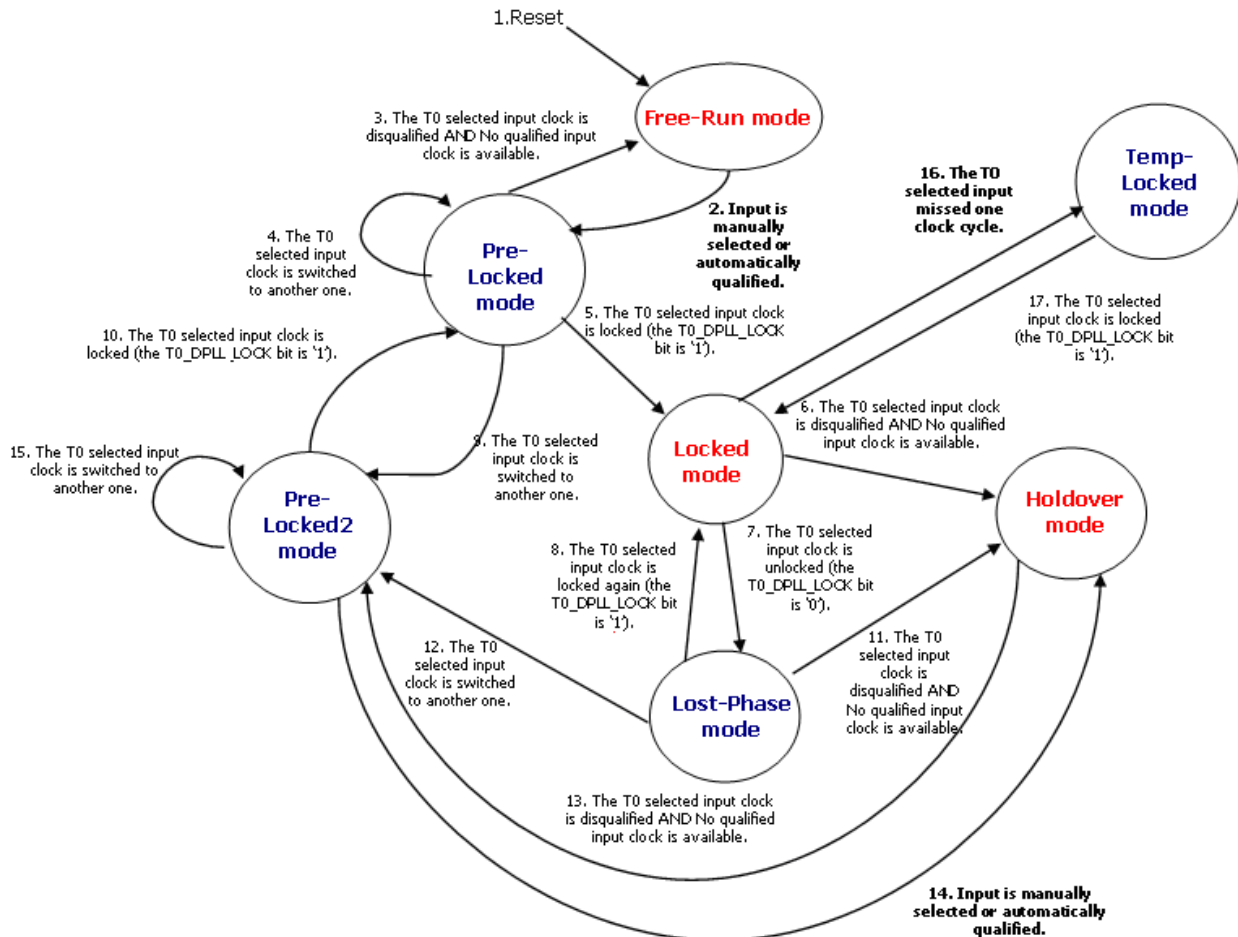
The core functionality of the 82V3255 T0 DPLL consists of two state machines; an input clock qualification machine to assess the suitability of the input signals on all input clock ports to serve as references to the second state machine, the core DPLL that generates the DPLL output clocks. This application note provides the state transition details of the core DPLL state machine, depicted in Figure 1.

## Operating States of the T0 DPLL

The T0 DPLL supports three primary operating states (modes) shown in red: Free-Run, Locked and Holdover. Also shown are the four secondary, temporary operating states (modes): Temp-Locked, Pre-Locked, Pre-Locked2 and Lost-Phase. Transitions between these states are caused by changes in either the:

1. Input reference selection made either automatically by the input clock state machine or manually by the user (no clocks available, clocks switched, disqualified or newly qualified).
2. Instantaneous phase of the input reference.
3. Phase relationship between the selected input reference and the DPLL output clock.
4. Output clock frequency ppm error.

Figure 1. 82V3255 Transition Diagram



## T0/T4 DPLL Locking Detection Monitors

The changes listed in items 2–4 above are implemented by the following features within the DPLL state machine. Each of these monitors will trigger a loss of lock when an event or monitor threshold is crossed and raise an alarm. DPLL Soft Limit does not trigger loss of lock as noted.

**Table 1: DPLL Lock Quality Monitors**

Monitor	DPLL Monitoring Point	Trigger Event	Enable Name (Set bit =1 to enable)
Fast Loss	Input Reference	<b>Set</b> - Selected input clock misses 2 consecutive clock cycles. <b>Clear</b> - A clock edge occurs.	FAST_LOS_SW
Coarse Phase Loss	DPLL phase detector	<b>Set</b> - Phase Detector Error greater than the Coarse Phase Loss Limit. <b>Clear</b> - Phase Detector Error less than the Coarse Phase Loss Limit.	COARSE_PH_LOS_LIMT_EN
Fine Phase Loss	DPLL phase detector	<b>Set</b> - Phase Detector Error greater than the Fine Phase Loss Limit. <b>Clear</b> - Phase Detector Error less than the Fine Phase Loss Limit.	FINE_PH_LOS_LIMT_EN
DPLL Hard Limit	DPLL output frequency	<b>Set</b> - DPLL ppm greater than the DPLL Hard Limit (ppm) <b>Clear</b> - DPLL ppm less than the DPLL Hard Limit (ppm)	FREQ_LIMT_PH_LOS
DPLL Soft Limit	DPLL output frequency	<b>Set</b> - DPLL ppm greater than the DPLL Soft Limit (ppm) <b>Clear</b> - DPLL ppm less than the DPLL Soft Limit (ppm)	NA. Will not trigger Loss of Lock. Only raises T0_DPLL_SOFT_FREQ_ALARM

### Setting the Coarse Phase Loss Limit

The Coarse Phase Loss Limit is dependent on input clock frequency, MULTI\_PH\_8K\_4K\_2K\_EN bit, WIDE\_EN bit and PH\_LOS\_COARSE\_LIMT[3:0]. The options available to set the Coarse Phase Loss Limit are broken down by input clock reference frequency in the following two tables.

**Table 2: Input Clock is 2kHz, 4kHz or 8kHz**

MULTI_PH_8K_4K_2K_EN	WIDE_EN	Coarse Phase Limit
0	Do not care	±1 UI
1	0	±1 UI
	1	Set by the PH_LOS_COARSE_LIMT[3:0] bits

**Table 3: Input Clock Frequency is other than 2kHz, 4kHz or 8kHz**

WIDE_EN	Coarse Phase Limit
0	±1 UI
1	Set by the PH_LOS_COARSE_LIMT[3:0] bits

## Setting the Fine Phase Loss Limit

The fine phase limit programmed is by the PH\_LOS\_FINE\_LIMT[2:0] bits in accordance with the following table.

**Table 4: Fine Phase Loss Limits**

PH_LOS_FINE_LIMT[2:0]	001: $\pm$ (45 ° ~ 90 °) 010: $\pm$ (90 ° ~ 180 °). (default) 011: $\pm$ (180 ° ~ 360 °) 100: $\pm$ (20 ns ~ 25 ns) 101: $\pm$ (60 ns ~ 65 ns) 110: $\pm$ (120 ns ~ 125 ns) 111: $\pm$ (950 ns ~ 955 ns)
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## Setting DPLL ppm Limits (Hard Limit Exceeding)

The DPLL soft limit is set by the DPLL\_FREQ\_SOFT\_LIMT[6:0] bits. It is calculated as follows:

$$\text{DPLL Soft Limit (ppm)} = \text{DPLL\_FREQ\_SOFT\_LIMT}[6:0] \times 0.724$$

The DPLL hard limit is set by the DPLL\_FREQ\_HARD\_LIMT[15:0] bits. It is calculated as follows:

$$\text{DPLL Hard Limit (ppm)} = \text{DPLL\_FREQ\_HARD\_LIMT}[15:0] \times 0.0014$$

Transient events can occur causing threshold crossing in these monitors but are not observable after the associated alarm has been raised. It is expected that transient conditions that affect the lock status will be caused primarily by the input reference since the DPLL output clock is generated by the OSCI oscillator and bandwidth limited by the DPLL. The input reference however is subject to transmission and customer clock conditioning prior to presentation to the DPLL.

It is recommended that all status information be latched and time stamped when any status changes occurs in the DPLL to assist tracing clock faults through a network.



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(Rev.1.0 Mar 2020)

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