

# RMWV3216A Series

32Mb Advanced LPSRAM (2M word × 16bit)

R10DS0259EJ0101 Rev.1.01 2020.02.20

## **Description**

The RMWV3216A Series is a family of 32-Mbit static RAMs organized 2,097,152-word × 16-bit, fabricated by Renesas's high-performance Advanced LPSRAM technologies. The RMWV3216A Series has realized higher density, higher performance and low power consumption. The RMWV3216A Series offers low power standby power dissipation; therefore, it is suitable for battery backup systems. It is offered in 48-ball fine pitch ball grid array.

#### **Features**

Single 3V supply: 2.7V to 3.6V
Access time: 55ns (max.)
Current consumption:

— Standby: 1.0μA (typ.)

Common data input and output
 Three state output

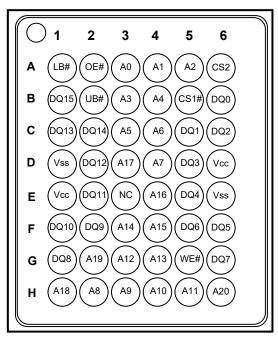
Directly TTL compatible
 All inputs and outputs

• Battery backup operation

#### **Part Name Information**

Part Name	Access time	Temperature Range	Package
RMWV3216AGBG-5S2	55 ns	-40 ~ +85°C	48-ball FBGA with 0.75mm ball pitch

# **Pin Arrangement**

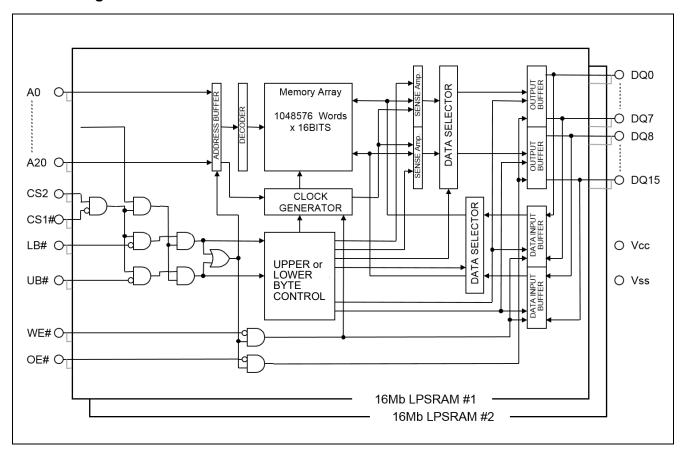


48-ball FBGA (TOP VIEW)

# **Pin Description**

Pin name	Function
Vcc	Power supply
V <sub>SS</sub>	Ground
A0 to A20	Address input
DQ0 to DQ15	Data input/output
CS1#	Chip select 1
CS2	Chip select 2
OE#	Output enable
WE#	Write enable
LB#	Lower byte select
UB#	Upper byte select
NC	No connection

## **Block Diagram**



# **Operation Table**

CS1#	CS2	WE#	OE#	UB#	LB#	DQ0~7	DQ8~15	Operation
Н	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	High-Z	High-Z	Stand-by
Х	L	Х	Х	Х	Х	High-Z	High-Z	Stand-by
Х	Χ	Х	Х	Н	Н	High-Z	High-Z	Stand-by
L	Н	Н	L	L	L	Dout	Dout	Read read
L	Н	Н	L	Н	L	Dout	High-Z	Read in lower byte
L	Η	Н	L	L	Н	High-Z	Dout	Read in upper byte
L	Η	L	Х	L	L	Din	Din	Write
L	Н	L	Х	Н	L	Din	High-Z	Write in lower byte
Ĺ	Н	L	Х	Ĺ	Н	High-Z	Din	Write in upper byte
L	Н	Н	Н	Х	Х	High-Z	High-Z	Output disable

Note 1. H:  $V_{IH}$  L: $V_{IL}$  X:  $V_{IH}$  or  $V_{IL}$ 

## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Value	unit
Power supply voltage relative to Vss	Vcc	-0.5 to +4.6	V
Terminal voltage on any pin relative to Vss	VT	-0.5*2 to Vcc+0.3*3	V
Power dissipation	PT	0.7	W
Operation temperature	Topr	-40 to +85	°C
Storage temperature range	Tstg	-65 to +150	°C
Storage temperature range under bias	Tbias	-40 to +85	°C

Note 2. -2.0V for pulse ≤ 30ns (full width at half maximum)

3. Maximum voltage is +4.6V.

## **DC Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Supply voltage	Vcc	2.7	3.0	3.6	V	
	Vss	0	0	0	V	
Input high voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	2.2	_	V <sub>CC</sub> +0.3	V	
Input low voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>	-0.3	_	0.6	V	4
Ambient temperature range	Та	-40	_	+85	°C	

Note 4. -2.0V for pulse ≤ 30ns (full width at half maximum)

## **DC Characteristics**

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit		Test conditions	
Input leakage current	I <sub>LI</sub>	_	_	1	μΑ	Vin = V <sub>SS</sub>	s to V <sub>CC</sub>	
Output leakage current	<b>I</b> LO	I	_	1	μΑ	CS1# = V <sub>IH</sub> or CS2 = V <sub>IL</sub> or OE# = V <sub>IH</sub> or WE# = V <sub>IL</sub> or LB# = UB# = V <sub>IH</sub> , V <sub>I/O</sub> = V <sub>SS</sub> to V <sub>CC</sub>		
Average operating current	Icc1	_	25 <sup>*5</sup>	30	mA	_	55ns, duty =100%, I <sub>I/O</sub> = 0mA, / <sub>IL</sub> , CS2 = V <sub>IH</sub> , Others = V <sub>IH</sub> /V <sub>IL</sub>	
	Icc2	I	2* <sup>5</sup>	4	mA	Cycle = 1 $\mu$ s, duty =100%, $I_{I/O}$ = 0mA, CS1# $\leq$ 0.2V, CS2 $\geq$ V <sub>CC</sub> -0.2V, VIH $\geq$ V <sub>CC</sub> -0.2V, VIL $\leq$ 0.2V		
Standby current	I <sub>SB</sub>	ı	_	0.3	mA	CS2 = V <sub>I</sub>	L, Others = V <sub>SS</sub> to V <sub>CC</sub>	
Standby current		-	1.0*5	6	μΑ	~+25°C	Vin = V <sub>SS</sub> to V <sub>CC</sub> ,	
		-	1.6 <sup>*6</sup>	12	μΑ	~+40°C	(1) CS2 ≤ 0.2V or (2) CS1# ≥ V <sub>CC</sub> -0.2V,	
	I <sub>SB1</sub>	-	5* <sup>7</sup>	24	μΑ	~+70°C	$CS2 \ge V_{CC}-0.2V$ or (3) LB# = UB# $\ge V_{CC}-0.2V$ ,	
		_	10*8	32	μΑ	~+85°C	CS1# ≤ 0.2V, CS2 ≥ V <sub>CC</sub> -0.2V	
Output high voltage	Voн	2.4	_	_	V	I <sub>OH</sub> = -1m	ıA	
Output low voltage	V <sub>OL</sub>	_	_	0.4	V	I <sub>OL</sub> = 2mA	4	

Note 5. Typical parameter indicates the value for the center of distribution at 3.0V (Ta=25°C), and not 100% tested.

- 6. Typical parameter indicates the value for the center of distribution at 3.0V (Ta=40°C), and not 100% tested.
- 7. Typical parameter indicates the value for the center of distribution at 3.0V (Ta=70°C), and not 100% tested.
- 8. Typical parameter indicates the value for the center of distribution at 3.0V (Ta=85°C), and not 100% tested.

## Capacitance

 $(Ta = 25^{\circ}C, f = 1MHz)$ 

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test conditions	Note
Input capacitance	C in	_	_	10	pF	Vin =0V	9
Input / output capacitance	C 1/0	_	_	10	pF	V <sub>I/O</sub> =0V	9

Note 9. This parameter is sampled and not 100% tested.

## **AC Characteristics**

Test Conditions (Vcc =  $2.7V \sim 3.6V$ , Ta =  $-40 \sim +85$ °C)

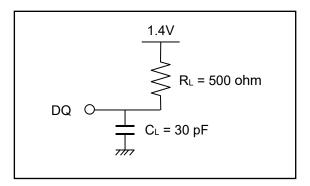
• Input pulse levels:

$$V_{IL} = 0.4V, V_{IH} = 2.4V$$

• Input rise and fall time: 5ns

• Input and output timing reference level: 1.4V

• Output load: See figures (Including scope and jig)



## **Read Cycle**

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Note
Read cycle time	t <sub>RC</sub>	55		ns	
Address access time	taa	_	55	ns	
Chin calcut acceptions	t <sub>ACS1</sub>	_	45	ns	
Chip select access time	t <sub>ACS2</sub>	_	45	ns	
Output enable to output valid	toe	_	22	ns	
Output hold from address change	tон	10	_	ns	
LB#, UB# access time	t <sub>BA</sub>	_	45	ns	
Obin a la stata anatomi in lanca 7	t <sub>CLZ1</sub>	10	_	ns	10,11
Chip select to output in low-Z	t <sub>CLZ2</sub>	10	_	ns	10,11
LB#, UB# enable to low-Z	t <sub>BLZ</sub>	5	_	ns	10,11
Output enable to output in low-Z	toLz	5	_	ns	10,11
Ohio desale attendadio high 7	t <sub>CHZ1</sub>	0	18	ns	10,11,12
Chip deselect to output in high-Z	t <sub>CHZ2</sub>	0	18	ns	10,11,12
LB#, UB# disable to high-Z	tвнz	0	18	ns	10,11,12
Output disable to output in high-Z	tонz	0	18	ns	10,11,12

Note 10. This parameter is sampled and not 100% tested.

- 11. At any given temperature and voltage condition,  $t_{CHZ1}$  max is less than  $t_{CLZ1}$  min,  $t_{CHZ2}$  max is less than  $t_{CLZ2}$  min,  $t_{BHZ}$  max is less than  $t_{CLZ2}$  min, and  $t_{CHZ2}$  min, and  $t_{CHZ2}$  min, for any device.
- 12. t<sub>CHZ1</sub>, t<sub>CHZ2</sub>, t<sub>BHZ</sub> and t<sub>OHZ</sub> are defined as the time when the DQ pins enter a high-impedance state and are not referred to the DQ levels.

## **Write Cycle**

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Note
Write cycle time	twc	55	_	ns	
Address valid to write end	taw	35	_	ns	
Chip select to write end	tcw	35	_	ns	
Write pulse width	twp	35	_	ns	13
LB#,UB# valid to write end	t <sub>BW</sub>	35	_	ns	
Address setup time to write start	tas	0	_	ns	
Write recovery time from write end	twR	0	_	ns	
Data to write time overlap	t <sub>DW</sub>	25	_	ns	
Data hold from write end	t <sub>DH</sub>	0	_	ns	
Output enable from write end	tow	5	_	ns	13
Output disable to output in high-Z	toнz	0	18	ns	14,15
Write to output in high-Z	t <sub>WHZ</sub>	0	18	ns	14,15

Note 13. twp is the interval between write start and write end.

A write starts when all of (CS1#), (CS2), (WE#) and (one or both of LB# and UB#) become active.

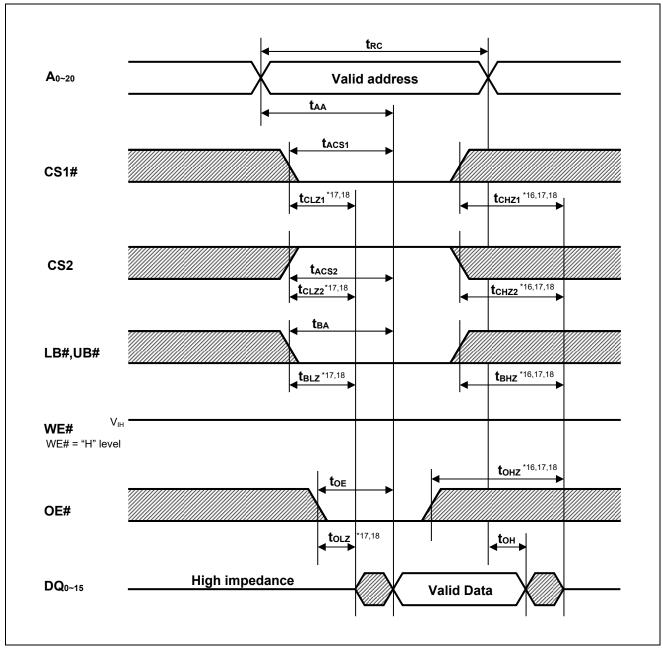
A write is performed during the overlap of a low CS1#, a high CS2, a low WE# and a low LB# or a low UB#.

A write ends when any of (CS1#), (CS2), (WE#) or (one or both of LB# and UB#) becomes inactive.

- 14. This parameter is sampled and not 100% tested.
- 15.  $t_{OHZ}$  and  $t_{WHZ}$  are defined as the time when the DQ pins enter a high-impedance state and are not referred to the DQ levels.

## **Timing Waveforms**

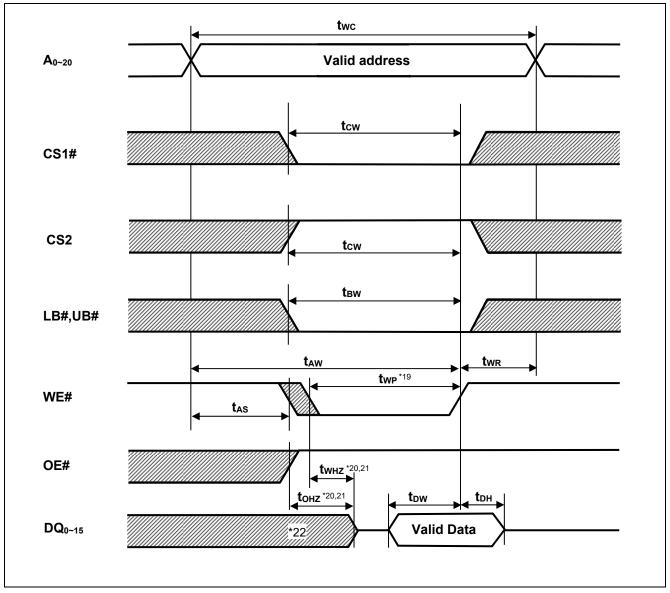
#### **Read Cycle**



Note 16. t<sub>CHZ1</sub>, t<sub>CHZ2</sub>, t<sub>BHZ</sub> and t<sub>OHZ</sub> are defined as the time when the DQ pins enter a high-impedance state and are not referred to the DQ levels.

- 17. This parameter is sampled and not 100% tested.
- 18. At any given temperature and voltage condition,  $t_{CHZ1}$  max is less than  $t_{CLZ1}$  min,  $t_{CHZ2}$  max is less than  $t_{CLZ2}$  min,  $t_{CHZ2}$  max is less than  $t_{CLZ2}$  min,  $t_{CHZ2}$  max is less than  $t_{CLZ2}$  min, for any device.

### Write Cycle (1) (WE# CLOCK, OE#="H" while writing)

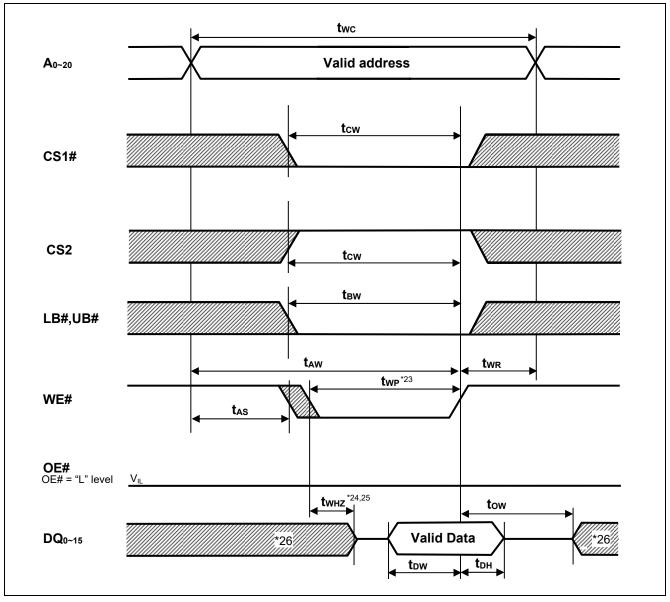


Note 19. twp is the interval between write start and write end.

A write starts when all of (CS1#), (CS2), (WE#) and (one or both of LB# and UB#) become active. A write is performed during the overlap of a low CS1#, a high CS2, a low WE# and a low LB# or a low UB#. A write ends when any of (CS1#), (CS2), (WE#) or (one or both of LB# and UB#) becomes inactive.

- 20. toHz and twHz are defined as the time when the DQ pins enter a high-impedance state and are not referred to the DQ levels.
- 21. This parameter is sampled and not 100% tested.
- 22. During this period, DQ pins are in the output state so input signals must not be applied to the DQ pins.

### Write Cycle (2) (WE# CLOCK, OE# Low Fixed)

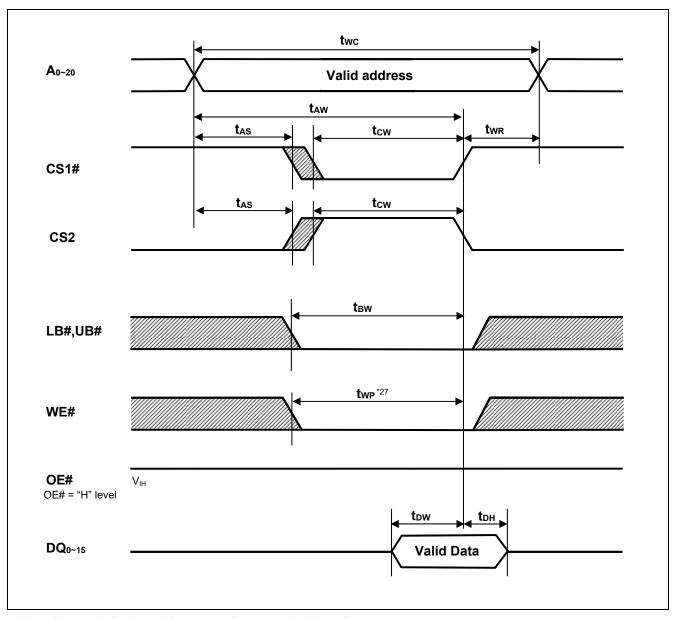


Note 23. twp is the interval between write start and write end.

A write starts when all of (CS1#), (CS2), (WE#) and (one or both of LB# and UB#) become active. A write is performed during the overlap of a low CS1#, a high CS2, a low WE# and a low LB# or a low UB#. A write ends when any of (CS1#), (CS2), (WE#) or (one or both of LB# and UB#) becomes inactive.

- 24. t<sub>WHZ</sub> is defined as the time when the DQ pins enter a high-impedance state and are not referred to the DQ levels.
- 25. This parameter is sampled and not 100% tested.
- 26. During this period, DQ pins are in the output state so input signals must not be applied to the DQ pins.

## Write Cycle (3) (CS1#, CS2 CLOCK)



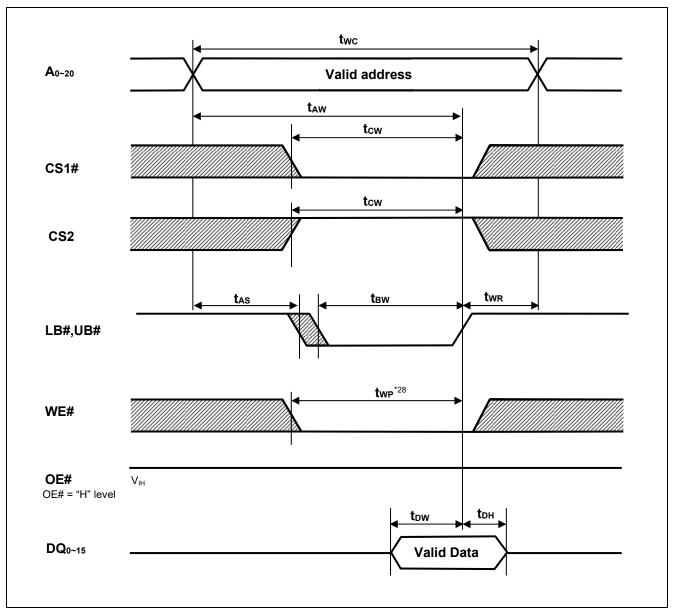
Note 27. twp is the interval between write start and write end.

A write starts when all of (CS1#), (CS2), (WE#) and (one or both of LB# and UB#) become active.

A write is performed during the overlap of a low CS1#, a high CS2, a low WE# and a low LB# or a low UB#.

A write ends when any of (CS1#), (CS2), (WE#) or (one or both of LB# and UB#) becomes inactive.

### Write Cycle (4) (LB#, UB# CLOCK)



Note 28. twp is the interval between write start and write end.

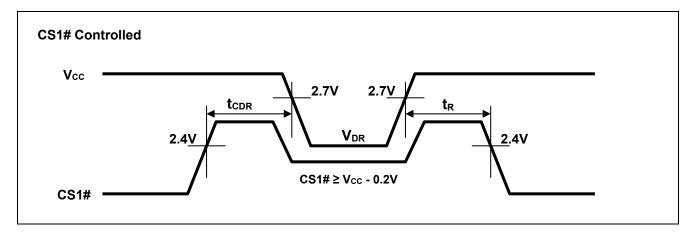
A write starts when all of (CS1#), (CS2), (WE#) and (one or both of LB# and UB#) become active. A write is performed during the overlap of a low CS1#, a high CS2, a low WE# and a low LB# or a low UB#. A write ends when any of (CS1#), (CS2), (WE#) or (one or both of LB# and UB#) becomes inactive.

# Low Vcc Data Retention Characteristics

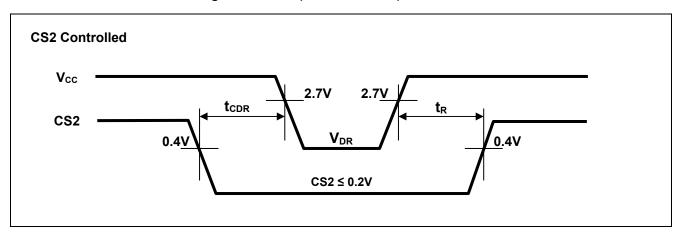
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test conditions*29		
V <sub>CC</sub> for data retention	$V_{DR}$	1.5	ı	3.6	>	Vin ≥ 0V (1) CS2 ≤ 0.2V or (2) CS1# ≥ V <sub>CC</sub> -0.2V, CS2 ≥ V <sub>CC</sub> -0.2V or (3) LB# = UB# ≥ V <sub>CC</sub> -0.2V, CS1# ≤ 0.2V, CS2 ≥ V <sub>CC</sub> -0.2V		
		_	1.0*30	6	μΑ	~+25°C	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0V, Vin ≥ 0V	
Data ratentian current	ICCDR	_	1.6 <sup>*31</sup>	12	μΑ	~+40°C	(1) CS2 ≤ 0.2V or (2) CS1# ≥ V <sub>CC</sub> -0.2V, CS2 ≥ V <sub>CC</sub> -0.2V or	
Data retention current		_	5* <sup>32</sup>	24	μΑ	~+70°C	(3) LB# = UB# ≥ Vcc-0.2V, CS1# ≤ 0.2V,	
		_	10 <sup>*33</sup>	32	μΑ	~+85°C	CS2 ≥ V <sub>CC</sub> -0.2V	
Chip deselect time to data retention	tcdr	0	_	_	ns	Con retartion waveform		
Operation recovery time	t <sub>R</sub>	5	_	_	ms	See retention waveform.		

- Note 29. CS2 controls address buffer, WE# buffer, CS1# buffer, OE# buffer, LB# buffer, UB# buffer and DQ buffer. If CS2 controls data retention mode, Vin levels (address, WE#, CS1#, OE#, LB#, UB#, DQ) can be in the high impedance state. If CS1# controls data retention mode, CS2 must be CS2 ≥ V<sub>CC</sub>-0.2V or CS2 ≤ 0.2V. The other inputs levels (address, WE#, OE#, LB#, UB#, DQ) can be in the high-impedance state.
  - 30. Typical parameter indicates the value for the center of distribution at 3.0V (Ta=25°C), and not 100% tested.
  - 31. Typical parameter indicates the value for the center of distribution at 3.0V (Ta=40°C), and not 100% tested.
  - 32. Typical parameter indicates the value for the center of distribution at 3.0V (Ta=70°C), and not 100% tested.
  - 33. Typical parameter indicates the value for the center of distribution at 3.0V (Ta=85°C), and not 100% tested.

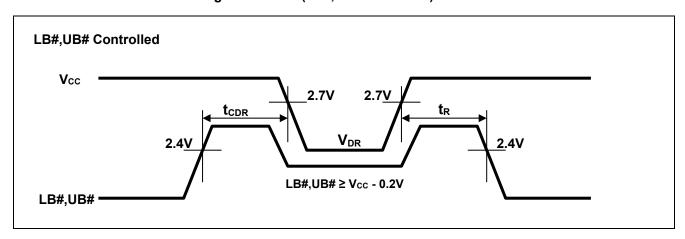
## Low Vcc Data Retention Timing Waveforms (CS1# controlled)



#### Low Vcc Data Retention Timing Waveforms (CS2 controlled)



## Low Vcc Data Retention Timing Waveforms (LB#,UB# controlled)



Revision History	RMWV3216A Series Data Sheet

		Description				
Rev.	Date	Page	Summary			
1.00	2016.01.06	_	First Edition issued			
1.01	2020.02.20	Last page	Updated the Notice to the latest version			

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