

RX Family, H8SX Family

Points of Difference between RCAN-TL1 (H8SX Family) and CAN (RX Family)

Summary

This application note is intended as a reference document for customers using the controller area network (RCAN-TL1) module on the H8SX Family who are considering migrating to the RX Family. It details points of difference between the RCAN-TL1 module of the H8SX Family and the CAN module of the RX Family.

Of the products listed as target devices, this application note compares the CAN modules of the groups listed in Table 1. For details of devices not listed in Table 1, refer to the applicable user's manual.

In addition, the RSCAN module of the RX200 Series is not covered in this application note because it completely lacks software compatibility with the CAN module used as the comparison source. Refer to section 5, Related Documents, regarding differences between RSCAN and CAN modules of RX Family MCUs.

Table 1 CAN Specification Comparison Target Devices

Subject of Comparison	Family	Group	CAN Module
Comparison source	H8SX Family	H8SX/1720S Group	RCAN-TL1
Comparison target	RX Family	RX65N Group and RX651 Group	CAN

Target Devices

Devices among the following products equipped with CAN modules.

Devices with RCAN-TL1 modules

H8SX/1720S Group

Devices with CAN modules

RX600 Series and RX700 Series



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1. Differences between Functions

Differences between functions are shown below. Items that exist only on one group but not the other or that exist on both groups but with points of difference are indicated in **red**.

Item		H8SX/1720S (RCAN-TL1)	RX65N (CAN)
Protocol		Bosch 2.0B active compatible (IS	
		Time trigger compatible (ISO 11898-4 standard)	No
Bit rate	Communication speed	Max. 1 Mbps	
	Bit rate equation	fCLK / (2 × (BRP + 1) × (TSEG1 + TSEG2 + 1))	fCAN / ((BRP + 1) × (1 + TSEG1 + TSEG2))
		fCLK: Peripheral bus clock	fCAN: Peripheral clock or main clock
		BRP: Baud rate prescaler (fCLK divided by (2 × (setting value + 1))) TSEG1 and TSEG2: Time	BRP: Baud rate prescaler (fCAN divided by (setting value + 1)) TSEG1 and TSEG2: Time
		segment 1 and time segment 2	segment 1 and time segment 2
Channels		2 channels	
ID Format		Specify standard ID or extended ID can be by the MBi.IDE bit of each mailbox.	 Specify ID format of all mailboxes with ID format mode bit (IDFM) When Mixed ID mode is selected in ID format mode bit (IDFM), specify standard ID or extended ID by the MBj.IDE bit of each mailbox.
Mailboxes	Buffer configuration	32 buffers per channel (receive-only × 1, settable for transmission/reception × 31)	32 buffers per channel (settable for transmission/reception × 32)
	FIFO mailbox mode	No	Settable for transmission/reception × 24, ability to set 4 FIFO stages for transmission and 4 FIFO stages for reception
	64 mailboxes function (One channel of 64 mailboxes configured from two channels of mailboxes)	Yes	No
	ID reorder	Yes Note: Function compatible with HCAN2	No
Data transmission	Transmission priority selection	Mailbox (buffer) number order (high-to-low) Message priority (identifier) high-to-low order	Mailbox (buffer) number order (low-to-high) Message priority (identifier) high-to-low order

Table 1.1	Differences between Functions	of H8SX/1720S (RCAN-TL1) and RX65N (CAN)
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ltem			
ltem	A1.111 (H8SX/1720S (RCAN-TL1)	RX65N (CAN)
	Ability to cancel transmission requests	Supported	Supported Note: The register manipulation method differs. Refer to 2.5, Mailbox Transmission/Reception Setting Details.
	One-shot transmission function	No	Single transmission only (no retransmission even in case of CAN bus error or arbitration lost)
Data reception	Data frame and remote frame reception	Ability to receive both data frames and remote frames	Ability to receive either data frames or remote frames Note: In FIFO mailbox mode, reception of both types of frames can be enabled by setting the FIDCR0.RTR and FIDCR1.RTR bits in combination.
	Message ID masking function	Ability to make masking settings per mailbox (has masking setting field in the mailbox)	Ability to make 8 masking settings (each affecting 4 mailboxes). All mailboxes are covered.
	Selectable between overwrite mode and overrun mode	Selectable	
	One-shot reception function	No	Single reception only (Mailbox does not operate for reception after reception completes.)
Transmission interrupts	Message transmission completion interrupt	Yes	
	Message transmission cancellation completion interrupt	Yes	No Note: It is possible to use the transmission abort complete flag (TRMABT) for confirmation.
	Transmit FIFO interrupt	No	Yes
Reception interrupts	Message reception interrupt	Yes	
	Remote frame reception interrupt	Yes	Yes Note: A message reception interrupt request is generated when a remote frame is received by a mailbox for which remote frame was selected by the remote transmission request bit (RTR).
	Reception FIFO interrupt	No	Yes



Item		H8SX/1720S (RCAN-TL1)	RX65N (CAN)
Error interrupts	Error passive interrupt (TEC ≥ 128 or REC ≥ 128)	Yes	
	Bus-off entry interrupt (TEC ≥ 256)	Yes	
	Bus-off recovery interrupt (normal recovery from bus-off state (detection of 11 consecutive recessive bits 128 times))	Yes	
Error interrupts	Error warning interrupt (TEC ≥ 96 or REC ≥ 96)	Yes (Separate interrupts are generated for transmission errors and reception errors.)	Yes (Combined interrupts are generated for transmission errors and reception errors.)
	Overload frame transmission interrupt	Yes	
	Unread message overwrite interrupt	Yes	No Note: It is possible to use the message lost flag (MSGLOST) for confirmation.
	Reception overrun interrupt	Yes	
	Bus lock interrupt (detection of 32 consecutive dominant bits on CAN bus)	No	Yes
	Bus error interrupt (detection of stuff error, form error, etc., on CAN bus)	No	Yes
Other interrupts	Reset processing interrupt	An interrupt is generated by a transition to reset mode due to a software reset or hardware reset.	No Note: It is possible to use the power-on reset detect flag (PORF) or deep software standby reset flag (DPSRSTF) to determine the reset type.
	Halt interrupt	An interrupt is generated by a transition to halt mode.	No
	Sleep interrupt	An interrupt is generated by a transition to sleep mode.	No
	Start of new system matrix interrupt	An interrupt is generated when a message is sent or receive complete in the next system matrix.	No
	Timer compare match interrupt	An interrupt is generated by a TCMR0 to TCMR3 compare match.	No
	Timer overrun interrupt	An interrupt is generated by a timer (TCNTR) overrun.	No



Item		H8SX/1720S (RCAN-TL1)	RX65N (CAN)
	Next_is_Gap reception interrupt	An interrupt is generated by receiving a time reference message with Next_is_Gap.	No
	Message error interrupt	An interrupt is generated by the occurrence of a message error when in test mode.	No
	CAN bus operation interrupt	An interrupt is generated when CAN bus operation (dominant bit detection) occurs when in sleep mode.	No
Hardware reset	Initialized registers	All registers except message control field 0 (CONTROL0), local acceptance filter mask (LAFM), and message data fields (MSG_DATA_0 to MSG_DATA_7) allocated in RAM among the mailboxes	All registers except MKRk, FIDCR, MKIVLR, MIER, TFPCR, RFPCR, CSSR, AFSR, and mailboxes.
	State transition after reset	Configuration mode (reset mode)	Sleep mode
	Initial setting process after reset	Perform in configuration mode (reset mode).	Perform in reset mode after cancelling sleep mode.
Software reset	Initialized registers	All registers except MCR0 bit. (Except message control field 0 (CONTROL0), local acceptance filter mask (LAFM), and message data fields (MSG_DATA_0 to MSG_DATA_7) allocated in RAM among the mailboxes)	MCTLj, STR (except SLPST and TFST bits), EIFR, RECR, TECR, TSR, MSSR, MSMR, RFCR, TFCR, TCR, and ECSR (except EDPM bit)
Default state (error active or error passive)	Transition method	Transition by means of control re	egister
Bus-off state	Transition method	Transition when transmission err	or counter TEC ≥ 256
	Mode transition after recovery	 Three types of transitions are available: 1) Transition to error active at detection of 11 consecutive recessive bits 128 times in bus-off state 2) Switch to halt mode after transition to bus-off state (interrupt generated) 3) When a transition has been made from error passive mode to bus-off state, transition to error passive mode again at detection of 11 consecutive recessive bits 128 times. 	 Four selections are available: 1) Transition to error active at detection of 11 consecutive recessive bits 128 times in bus-off state 2) Switch to halt mode after transition to bus-off state (no interrupt) 3) Switch to halt mode when bus-off recovery occurs (interrupt generated) 4) Selection of manual transition (by a program) to error active state or halt mode from bus-off state
Configuration mode (reset mode)	Transition method	Transition after hardware reset or by means of control register	Transition by means of control register



Item		H8SX/1720S (RCAN-TL1)	RX65N (CAN)
Sleep mode	Transition method	Transition by means of control register	Transition by means of control register or after a reset
	Mode transition after cancellation	Transition to error active state by means of control register setting or CAN bus operation (dominant bit) detection Transition to halt mode by means of control register setting	Transition to reset mode or halt mode by means of control register setting
Halt mode	Transition method	Transition by means of control re	egister
Error status monitoring	CAN bus error status monitoring	Not supported (no dedicated flags)	Ability to monitor generation of CAN bus errors such as stuff errors, form errors, and ACK errors
	Reading the error counter	Ability to read reception and tran	smission error counters
DTC/DMAC to	ransfer function	Ability to start the DMAC when a message is received Only mailbox 0 is covered.	No
Time stamp for	unction	 Time stamp function using a 16-bit counter Ability to set the source clock divisions to a maximum of 64 divisions Interrupt using compare match 6-bit basic cycle counter for time trigger transmission Registers for time trigger exist Time trigger transmission and period transmission also supported Basic cycle counter can be embedded into a CAN frame and transmitted 	 Time stamp function using a 16-bit counter Ability to select reference clock among 1-, 2-, 4- and 8-bit time periods No
Software sup	port unit	No	Acceptance filter supportMailbox search supportChannel search support
Test control	Self-diagnostic function	 Listen-only mode Self-test mode 1 (external loopback) Self-test mode 2 (internal loopback) Write error counter Error passive mode 	 Listen-only mode Self-test mode 0 (external loopback) Self-test mode 1 (internal loopback)
PORT interface	Enable/disable transmit/receive pins and monitor transmit/receive pins	Yes	No Note: (Substitutes) Enable/disable transmit/receive pins with MPC settings and monitor transmit/receive pins with PIDR registers



Item		H8SX/1720S (RCAN-TL1)	RX65N (CAN)
Module stop	Clock supply by means of module stop register	Yes	



2. Differences between Registers

Differences between registers are shown below. Items that exist only on one group but not the other or that exist on both groups but with points of difference are indicated in **red**.

2.1 Registers

Table 2.1	H8SX/1720S	(RCAN-TL1) and RX65N ((CAN) Registers
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Item	H8SX/1720S (RCAN-TL1)	RX65N (CAN)
Control register	Master control register (MCR)	Control register (CTLR)
Status flags	General status register (GSR)	 Status register (STR) Error interrupt factor judge register (EIFR)
Bit timing and communication speed settings	Bit configuration register 0, 1 (BCR0, BCR1)	Bit configuration register (BCR)
Mailbox transmission/reception settings	MBC[2:0] bit in message control field (CONTROL1)	RECREQ and TRMREQ bits in message control register j (MCTLj) (j = 0 to 31)
Transmit wait settings	Transmit pending register 0, 1 (TXPR0, TXPR1)	TRMREQ bit in message control register j (MCTLj) (j = 0 to 31)
Transmission completion status flags	Transmit acknowledge register 0, 1 (TXACK0, TXACK1)	SENTDATA bit in message control register j (MCTLj) (j = 0 to 31)
Transmit wait cancel settings	Transmit cancel register 0, 1 (TXCR0, TXCR1)	TRMREQ bit in message control register j (MCTLj) (j = 0 to 31)
Transmit message cancellation completion status flags	Abort acknowledge register 0, 1 (ABACK0, ABACK1)	SENTDATA and TRMABT bits in message control register j (MCTLj) (j = 0 to 31)
Receive complete status flags	Data frame receive pending register 0, 1 (RXPR0, RXPR1)	NEWDATA bit in message control register j (MCTLj) (j = 0 to 31)
Remote frame receive complete status flags	Remote frame receive pending register 0, 1 (RFPR0, RFPR1)	
Interrupt source status flags	Interrupt request register (IRR) Note: Write 1 to clear a flag.	 RECREQ and TRMREQ bits in message control register j (MCTLj) (j = 0 to 31) Error interrupt factor judge register (EIFR) Note: Write 0 to clear a flag.
Mailbox (buffer) interrupt request enable/disable flags	Mailbox interrupt mask register 0, 1 (MBIMR0, MBIMR1)	Mailbox interrupt enable register (MIER)
Interrupt source request enable/disable flags	Interrupt mask register (IMR)	 Interrupt request enable register m (IERm) Error interrupt enable register (EIER)
Reception error counter	Receive error counter (REC)	Receive error count register (RECR)
Transmission error counter	Transmit error counter (TEC)	Transmit error count register (TECR)
Overwrite status flags	Unread message status register 0, 1 (UMSR0, UMSR1)	MSGLOST bit in message control register j (MCTLj) (j = 0 to 31)
Settings for filtering using receive message identifier	Local acceptance filter masks (LAFML and LAFMH) for mailbox (MB[N]) (N = 0 to 31)	 Mask register k (MKRk) (k = 0 to 7) Mask invalid register (MKIVLR)



Item	H8SX/1720S (RCAN-TL1)	RX65N (CAN)
Mailboxes	Mailbox (MB[N]) (N = 0 to 31)	Mailbox register j (MBj)
		(j = 0 to 31)
		Madula atom control register D
Module stop control	Module stop control register E (MSTPCRE)	Module stop control register B (MSTPCRB)
	(MSTFCRE)	Note: Settings must be made to
		the protect register (PRCR)
		before making settings to
		this register.
FIFO received ID compare		FIFO received ID compare registers
settings		0 and 1
		(FIDCR0 and FIDCR1)
Receive FIFO enable/disable	—	Receive FIFO control register
settings		(RFCR)
Receive FIFO pointer control	—	Receive FIFO pointer control
settings		register (RFPCR)
Transmit FIFO control settings	—	Transmit FIFO control register
		(TFCR)
Mailbox search mode settings	—	Mailbox search mode register
		(MSMR)
Mailbox search status register	—-	Mailbox search status register
		(MSSR)
Channel search mode settings	—	Channel search support register
		(CSSR)
Multiple received ID masking	_	Acceptance filter support register
function support		(AFSR)
CAN bus error monitoring		Error code store register (ECSR)
CAN test mode control	TST[2:0] bit of master control register (MCR)	Test control register (TCR)
Timer control	Time trigger control register0	TSRC and TSPS[1:0] bits in control
	(TTCR0)	register (CTLR)
		Note: Counter reset and prescaler
		selection only
Timer status	Timer status register (TSR)	
Timer counter	Timer counter register (TCNTR)	Time stamp register (TSR)
Cycle time	Cycle time register (CYCTR)	—
Timer counter at SOF of time	Reference mark register (RFMK)	—
reference message		
Cycle counter for time trigger	Cycle counter register (CCR)	
transmission		
Maximum value of cycle	Cycle maximum/Tx-Enable	
Counter	Window register (CMAX_TEW)	
Offset setting for Tx-trigger	Reference trigger offset register	
time (TTT)	(RFTROFF)	
Compare match with timer	Timer compare match register 0	—
-		<u> </u>
counter or cycle time Specify compare match with cycle counter	to 2 (TCMR0, TCMR1, TCMR2) Tx-trigger time selection register (TTTSEL)	



2.2 Control Register Details

Table 2.2	H8SX/1720S	(RCAN-TL1)) and RX65N	(CAN) Con	trol Registers
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H8SX/1720S (RCAN-TL1)			RX65N (CAN)			
Symbol	Bit Name	Function	Symbol	Bit Name	Function	
Master co	ontrol register (N	ICR)	Control regi	ster (CTLR)		
MCR0	Reset request	0: Normal operating mode1: Reset mode (initial value)	CANM [1:0]	CAN operating mode select bits	0 0: Normal operating mode 0 1: Reset mode (initial value)	
MCR1	Halt request	 0: Normal operating mode (initial value) 1: Halt mode 			 1 0: Halt mode 1 1: Reset mode (forcible transition) Note: Forcible transition is a transition mode that does not wait for transmission to finish. 	
MCR2	Message transmission method	 Message ID priority (initial value) Mailbox number priority (high-to-low) 	ТРМ	Transmission priority mode select bit	 Message ID priority (initial value) Mailbox number priority 	
MCR5	Sleep mode	0: Sleep mode released (initial value)1: Sleep mode	SLPM	CAN sleep mode bit	0: Sleep mode released 1: Sleep mode (initial value) Note: Automatic transition to sleep mode after a hardware reset.	
MCR7	Auto-wake mode	 0: Sleep mode release by CAN bus operation disabled (initial value) 1: Sleep mode release by CAN bus operation enabled 				
MCR6	Halt during bus off	 Disables transition to halt mode during bus off (initial value) Enables transition to halt mode during bus off 	BOM[1:0]	Bus-off recovery mode bit	 0 0: Normal operating mode (initial value) 0 1: Automatically switch to halt mode with bus-off entry 1 0: Automatically 	
MCR14	Auto halt bus off	 Do not transition to halt mode during bus-off (initial value) Transition to halt mode during bus-off when MCR6 = 1 			switch to halt mode with bus-off recovery 1 1: Can transition to halt mode before bus-off recovery by program	



H8SX/172	20S (RCAN-TL	1)	RX65N (CAN)			
Symbol	Bit Name	Function	Symbol	Bit Name	Function	
MCR15	ID reorder	 0: Sequence of mailbox control 0 and LAFM has same order as HCAN2 1: Sequence of message control in a mailbox has different order from HCAN2 (initial value) 				
			IDFM [1:0]	ID Format Mode Select bit	0 0: Standard ID mode 0 1: Extended ID mode 1 0: Mixed ID mode 1 1: (setting prohibited) Note: When Mixed ID mode is selected in IDFM bit, specify standard ID or extended ID by the MBj.IDE bit of each mailbox.	
Master co	ntrol register (N	/ICR)	Test control register (TCR)			
TST[2:0]	Test mode	0 0 0: Normal operating mode (initial value) 0 0 1: Listen-only mode 0 1 0: Self test mode 1 (external) 0 1 1: Self test mode 2 (internal) 1 0 0: Write error counter 1 0 1: Error passive mode 1 1 0: Setting prohibited 1 1 1: Setting prohibited	TSTM[1:0]	CAN test mode select bit	 0 0: Other than test mode (initial value) 0 1: Listen-only mode 1 0: Self-test mode 0 (external loopback) 1 1: Self-test mode 1 (internal loopback) 	
			TSTE	CAN test mode enable bit	0: CAN test mode disabled1: CAN test mode enabled	



2.3 Status Flag Details

H8SX/1720S (RCAN-TL1)			RX65N (CAN)		
Symbol	Bit Name	Function	Symbol	Bit Name	Function
	tatus register (G				register (EIFR)
GSR0	Bus off flag	 0: Not in bus-off state (initial value) 1: Bus-off state (when TEC ≥ 256) [Clearing condition] Recovery from bus off state 	BOEIF	Bus-off entry detect flag	 0: Not in bus-off state (initial value) 1: Bus-off state (when TEC ≥ 256) [Clearing condition] 0 is written.
GSR1	Transmit/ receive warning flag	 0: Error warning not detected (initial value) 1: Error warning detected (when TEC ≥ 96 or REC ≥ 96) 	EWIF	Error- warning detect flag	 0: Error warning not detected (initial value) 1: Error warning detected (when TEC ≥ 96 or REC ≥ 96)
	tatus register (G	1	Status regis	, ,	
GSR2	Message transmission in progress flag	 0: Transmission in progress 1: Bus idle (initial value) 	TRMST	Transmit status flag (transmitter)	0: Bus idle or reception in progress (initial value) 1: Transmission in progress or bus-off state Note: The status can be checked by reading this bit in combination with RECST. Bus idle: TRMST = 0, RECST = 0 Transmission in progress: TRMST = 1, RECST = 0 Reception in progress: TRMST = 0, RECST = 1 0: Bus idle or
				status flag (receiver)	transmission in progress (initial value) 1: Reception in progress
GSR3	Reset status	 0: Normal operating state 1: Configuration mode (reset mode) (initial value) 	RSTST	CAN reset status flag	0: Not in CAN reset mode 1: CAN reset mode (initial value)

Table 2.3 H8SX/1720S (RCAN-TL1) and RX65N (CAN) Status Flags



H8SX/1720S (RCAN-TL1)			RX65N (CAN)		
Symbol	Bit Name	Function	Symbol	Bit Name	Function
GSR4	Halt/sleep status	0: Not in halt mode or sleep mode (initial value)	HLTST	CAN halt status flag	0: Not in CAN halt mode (initial value)1: CAN halt mode
		1: Halt mode or sleep mode	SLPST	CAN sleep status flag	0: Not in CAN sleep mode 1: CAN sleep mode (initial value)
GSR5	Error passive status	 0: Not in error passive state (initial value) 1: Error passive state 	EPST	Error- passive status flag	0: Not in error-passive state (initial value)1: Error-passive state



2.4 Bit Timing and Communication Speed Setting Details

H8SX/172	20S (RCAN-TL1)		RX65N (C	CAN)	
Symbol	Bit Name	Function	Symbol	Bit Name	Function
Bit config	uration register 1 (B	CR1)	Bit configu	uration register (BC	R)
TSG1 [3:0]	Time segment 1 bits	b15 b12 0 0 0 0: (setting prohibited) (initial value) 0 0 0 1: (setting prohibited) 0 0 1 0: (setting prohibited) 0 0 1 1: 4Tq 0 1 0 0: 5Tq : 1 1 1 1: 16Tq	TSEG1 [3:0]	Time segment 1 control bits	b31 b28 0 0 0 0: (setting prohibited) (initial value) 0 0 0 1: (setting prohibited) 0 0 1 0: (setting prohibited) 0 0 1 1: 4Tq 0 1 0 0: 5Tq : 1 1 1 1: 16Tq
TSG2 [2:0]	Time segment 2 bits	b10 b8 0 0 0: (setting prohibited) (initial value) 0 0 1: 2Tq : 1 1 1: 8Tq	TSEG2 [2:0]	Time segment 2 control bits	b10 b8 0 0 0: (setting prohibited) (initial value) 0 0 1: 2Tq : 1 1 1: 8Tq
BSP	Bit sample point bit	 0: Bit sampling at one point (initial value) 1: Bit sampling at three points 			
SJW [1:0]	Re- Synchronization jump width bits	b5 b4 0 0: 1Tq (initial value) 0 1: 2Tq 1 0: 3Tq 1 1: 4Tq	SJW [1:0]	Re- synchronization jump width control bits	b13 b12 0 0: 1Tq (initial value) 0 1: 2Tq 1 0: 3Tq 1 1: 4Tq
-	uration register 0 (B		-	uration register (BC	,
BRP [7:0]	Baud rate prescaler bits	Division ratio of 2 x (setting value P + 1) Note: The initial value is 0 (division by 2)	BRP [9:0]	Prescaler division ratio select bits	Division ratio of (setting value P + 1) Note: The initial value is 0 (division by 1)

Table 2.4 H8SX/1720S (RCAN-TL1) and RX65N (CAN) Bit Timing and Communication Speed Settings



2.5 Mailbox Transmission/Reception Setting Details

H8SX/1720S (RCAN-TL1)			RX65N (CAN)		
Symbol	Bit Name	Function	Symbol	Bit Name	Function
Mailbox (M	B[N]) (N = 0 to 3	1)	Message con	trol register j (MC	TLj) (j = 0 to 31)
MBC [2:0]	Mailbox configuration	Refer to Table 2.6	TRMREQ	Transmit mailbox request bit	 0: Not configured for transmission (initial value) 1: Configured as transmit mailbox Note: The transmission and reception configuration settings are separate.
			RECREQ	Receive mailbox request bit	 0: Not configured for reception (initial value) 1: Configured as receive mailbox Note: The transmission and reception configuration settings are separate.
Transmissie TXPR1)	on pending regis	ter 0, 1 (TXPR0,	Message control register j (MCTLj) (j = 0 to 31)		
TXPR0 [15:1] TXPR1 [15:0]	Transmit wait register	0: Idle state (initial value) 1: Transmit wait Notes: Transmission starts when TXPR is set to 1. The corresponding bit is cleared to 0 automatically after message transmission completion or cancellation completion.	TRMREQ	Transmit mailbox request bit	0: Not configured for transmission (initial value) 1: Configured as transmit mailbox Notes: Transmission starts when TRMREQ is set to 1. The corresponding bit is not cleared to 0 even after message transmission completion.
Transmit ac TXACK1)	cknowledge regis	ster 0, 1 (TXACK0,	, s	ntrol register j (MC	TLj) (j = 0 to 31)
TXACK0 [15:1] TXACK1 [15:0]	Transmit acknowledge register	 0: Transmission in progress or no transmission (initial value) 1: Transmission complete [Clearing condition] 1 is written. 	SENTDATA	Transmission complete flag	 0: Transmission in progress or no transmission (initial value) 1: Transmission complete [Clearing condition] 0 is written.



H8SX/1720S (RCAN-TL1)			RX65N (CAN)		
Symbol	Bit Name	Function	Symbol	Bit Name	Function
Transmit ca	ancel register 0,	1 (TXCR0, TXCR1)	Message cor	ntrol register j (MC	TLj) (j = 0 to 31)
TXCR0 [15:1] TXCR1 [15:0]	Transmit cancel register	 0: Transmit message cancellation idle state (initial value) 1: Transmit message canceled [Clearing condition] 	TRMREQ	Transmit mailbox request bit	 0: Not configured for transmission (initial value) 1: Configured as transmit mailbox Note: Transmission is canceled when the value of TRMREQ changes from 1 to 0.
		1 is written.			
Abort ackno ABACK1)	owledge register	0, 1 (ABACK0,	Message cor	ntrol register j (MC	TLj) (j = 0 to 31)
ABACK0 [15:1] ABACK1 [15:0]	Abort acknowledge register	 0: Cancellation failure due to transmission completion or no cancellation request (initial value) 1: Transmit message cancellation completion 	TRMABT	Transmission abort complete flag	 0: Cancellation failure due to transmission completion or no cancellation request (initial value) 1: Transmit message cancellation completion [Clearing condition] 0 is written.
		[Clearing condition] 1 is written.			
Data frame (RXPR0, R	receive pending XPR1)	register 0, 1	Message control register j (MCTLj) (j = 0 to 31)		
RXPR0 [15:0] RXPR1 [15:0]	Data frame receive pending register	 0: Reception in progress or no reception (initial value) 1: Data frame receive complete 	NEWDATA	Reception complete flag	 0: Reception in progress or no reception (initial value) 1: Data frame or remote frame receive complete
		[Clearing condition] 1 is written.			[Clearing condition] 0 is written.
Remote fra (RFPR0, R	me receive penc FPR1)	ling register 0, 1	<u> </u>		
RFPR0 [15:0] RFPR1 [15:0]	Remote frame receive pending register	 0: Reception in progress or no reception (initial value) 1: Remote frame receive complete [Clearing condition] 1 is written. 			



b2	b0	Data Frame Transmit/ Remote Frame Transmit	Data Frame Receive	Remote Frame Receive	Remarks
00	0	Yes	No	No	Mailbox 0 cannot be used
					Time-trigger transmission can be used
0 0	1		No	Yes	Can be used with ATX
					Mailbox 0 cannot be used
					LAFM can be used
0 1	0	No	Yes	Yes	Mailbox 0 can be used
					LAFM can be used
0 1	1		Yes	No	Mailbox 0 can be used
					LAFM can be used
1 0	0	Setting prohibited			
1 0	1				
1 1	0				
1 1	1	Mailbox inactive (initial v	alue)		

Table 2.6 Mailbox Configuration (MBC[2:0]) Settings



2.6 Interrupt Source Status Flag Details

H8SX/1720S (RCAN-TL1)		RX65N (CAN)			
Symbol	Bit Name	Function	Symbol	Bit Name	Function
Interrupt r	equest register	(IRR)	Message contr	rol register j (MC	TLj) (j = 0 to 31)
IRR8	Mailbox empty interrupt flag	 0: Transmission in progress or no transmission (initial value) 1: Transmission complete or transmission cancellation complete [Clearing condition] When all transmit acknowledge register (TXACK) and abort acknowledge register (ABACK) bits are cleared 	SENTDATA	Transmission complete flag	 0: Transmission in progress or no transmission (initial value) 1: Transmission complete [Clearing condition] 0 is written.
IRR1	Data frame received interrupt flag	 0: Reception in progress or no reception (initial value) 1: Data frame receive complete [Clearing condition] When all data frame receive pending register (RXPR) bits for mailboxes are cleared 	NEWDATA	Reception complete flag	 0: Reception in progress or no reception (initial value) 1: Data frame and remote frame receive complete [Clearing condition] 0 is written.
IRR2	Remote frame receive interrupt flag	 0: Reception in progress or no reception (initial value) 1: Remote frame receive complete [Clearing condition] When all mailbox bits in remote request register (RFPR) are cleared 			

Table 2.7 H8SX/1720S (RCAN-TL1) and RX65N (CAN) Interrupt Source Status Flags



H8SX/172	20S (RCAN-TL1)	RX65N (CAN)		
Symbol	Bit Name	Function	Symbol	Bit Name	Function
IRR12	Bus activity while in sleep mode	 CAN bus idle state (initial value) CAN bus operation in CAN sleep mode [Clearing condition] is written. 			
Interrupt r	egister (IRR)		Error interrupt	factor judge regi	ister (EIFR)
IRR3	Transmit error counter warning interrupt flag	 0: Error warning not detected (initial value) 1: Error warning detected (when TEC ≥ 96) [Clearing condition] 1 is written. 	EWIF	Error- warning detect flag	 0: Error warning not detected (initial value) 1: Error warning detected (when TEC ≥ 96 or REC ≥ 96)
IRR4	Receive error counter warning interrupt flag	 0: Error warning not detected (initial value) 1: Error warning detected (when REC ≥ 96) [Clearing condition] 1 is written. 			0 is written.
IRR5	Error passive interrupt flag	 0: Error passive state not detected (initial value) 1: Error passive state detected (when TEC ≥ 128 or REC ≥ 128) [Clearing condition] 1 is written. 	EPIF	Error-passive detect flag	 0: Error passive state not detected (initial value) 1: Error passive state detected (when TEC ≥ 128 or REC ≥ 128) [Clearing condition] 0 is written.
IRR6	Bus off interrupt flag	 0: Not in bus-off state (initial value) 1: Bus-off state (when TEC ≥ 256) [Clearing condition] 1 is written. 	BOEIF	Bus-off entry detect flag	 0: Not in bus-off state (initial value) 1: Bus-off state (when TEC ≥ 256) [Clearing condition] 0 is written.



H8SX/172	20S (RCAN-TL1)	RX65N (CAN)				
Symbol	Bit Name Function		Symbol	Bit Name	Function		
IRR7	Overload frame	 0: Overload frame transmission not detected (initial value) 1: Overload frame transmission detected [Clearing condition] 	OLIF	Overload frame transmission detect flag	 0: Overload frame transmission not detected (initial value) 1: Overload frame transmission detected [Clearing condition] 		
IRR9	Message overrun/over write interrupt flag	 1 is written. 0: No overrun/ overwrite (initial value) 1: Discard received message/unread message overwrite [Clearing condition] All unread message status register (UMSR) bits are cleared or the mailbox interrupt mask registers (MBIMR) are set that correspond to all UMSR that were set 	ORIF	Receive overrun detect flag	 0 is written. 0: Receive overrun not detected (initial value) 1: Receive overrun detected [Clearing condition] 0 is written. Note: Becomes 1 only by an overrun. Will not become 1 in overwrite mode. 		
IRR10	Start of new system matrix interrupt	 0: A system matrix is not starting 1: Time reference message transmission/rece ive complete [Clearing condition] 1 is written. 					
IRR11	Timer compare match interrupt 2	 0: TCMR2 timer compare match has not occurred 1: TCMR2 timer compare match has occurred (TCMR2 = CYCTR) [Clearing condition] 1 is written. 					



H8SX/172	20S (RCAN-TL1)	RX65N (CAN)				
Symbol	Bit Name	Function	Symbol	Bit Name	Function		
IRR13	Timer overrun interrupt/ Next_is_Gap reception interrupt/mes sage error interrupt	 0: Nothing has occurred 1: Timer overrun has occurred in event trigger mode, a Next_is_Gap reference message was received in time trigger mode, or a message error occurred in test mode 					
		[Clearing condition] 1 is written.					
IRR14	Timer compare match interrupt 0	 0: TCMR0 timer compare match has not occurred 1: TCMR0 timer compare match has occurred (TCMR0 = TCNTR) 					
		[Clearing condition] 1 is written.					
IRR15	Timer compare match interrupt 1	 0: TCMR1 timer compare match has not occurred 1: TCMR1 timer compare match has occurred (TCMR1 = CYCTR) [Clearing condition] 					
IRR0	Reset/halt/sl eep interrupt	1 is written. 0: No mode transition					
	flag	 Transition to reset mode, transition to halt mode, or transition to sleep mode [Clearing condition] 1 is written. 					



2.7 Interrupt Source Request Enable/Disable Flag Details

H8SX/172	20S (RCAN-TL1)		RX65N (CAN)				
Symbol	Bit Name	Function	Symbol	Bit Name	Function		
Interrupt r	mask register (IMR)			•			
IMR8	Mailbox empty interrupt mask	 0: Interrupt request enabled 1: Interrupt request disabled (initial value) 			_		
IMR1	Data frame received interrupt mask	0: Interrupt request enabled 1: Interrupt request disabled (initial value)					
IMR2	Remote frame receive interrupt mask	 0: Interrupt request enabled 1: Interrupt request disabled (initial value) 					
IMR12	Bus activity while in sleep mode mask	0: Interrupt request enabled 1: Interrupt request disabled (initial value)					
IMR10	Start of new system matrix interrupt mask	 0: Interrupt request enabled 1: Interrupt request disabled (initial value) 			_		
IMR11	Timer compare match interrupt 2 mask	 0: Interrupt request enabled 1: Interrupt request disabled (initial value) 			_		
IMR13	Timer overrun interrupt/Next_is_Gap reception interrupt/message error interrupt mask	0: Interrupt request enabled 1: Interrupt request disabled (initial value)			_		
IMR14	Timer compare match interrupt 0 mask	 0: Interrupt request enabled 1: Interrupt request disabled (initial value) 					
IMR15	Timer compare match interrupt 1 mask	 0: Interrupt request enabled 1: Interrupt request disabled (initial value) 					



H8SX/172	20S (RCAN-TL1)		RX65N (0	CAN)	
Symbol	Bit Name	Function	Symbol	Bit Name	Function
IMR0	Reset/halt/sleep interrupt mask	 0: Interrupt request enabled 1: Interrupt request disabled (initial value) 			
Interrupt r	nask register (IMR)		Error inte	rrupt enable reg	gister (EIER)
IMR3	Transmit error counter warning interrupt mask Receive error counter warning interrupt mask	 0: Interrupt request enabled 1: Interrupt request disabled (initial value) 0: Interrupt request enabled 1: Interrupt request disabled (initial value) 	EWIE	Error- warning interrupt enable bit	 0: Interrupt request disabled (initial value) 1: Interrupt request enabled
IMR5	Error passive interrupt mask	0: Interrupt request enabled 1: Interrupt request disabled (initial value)	EPIE	Error- passive interrupt enable bit	 0: Interrupt request disabled (initial value) 1: Interrupt request enabled
IMR6	Bus off interrupt mask	0: Interrupt request enabled 1: Interrupt request disabled (initial value)	BOEIE	Bus-off entry interrupt enable bit	 0: Interrupt request disabled (initial value) 1: Interrupt request enabled
IMR7	Overload frame mask	 0: Interrupt request enabled 1: Interrupt request disabled (initial value) 	OLIE	Overload frame transmit interrupt enable bit	 0: Interrupt request disabled (initial value) 1: Interrupt request enabled
IMR9	Message overrun/overwrite interrupt mask	 0: Interrupt request enabled 1: Interrupt request disabled (initial value) 	ORIE	Overrun interrupt enable bit	 0: Interrupt request disabled (initial value) 1: Interrupt request enabled
Mailbox in MBIMR1)	terrupt mask register 0,	1 (MBIMR0,	Mailbox ii	nterrupt enable	register (MIER)
MBIMR0 [15:0] MBIMR1 [15:0]	Mailbox interrupt mask	0: Interrupt enabled1: Interrupt disabled (initial value)	MB [31:0]	Interrupt enable bits	0: Interrupt disabled (initial value)1: Interrupt enabled



The interrupt controller specifications differ on the H8SX/1720S Group and RX65N Group. To control generation of interrupts on the RX65N Group it is necessary to make enable/disable settings for each interrupt in the interrupt controller. For details of the interrupt controller, refer to RX65N Group, RX651 Group User's Manual: Hardware (R01UH0590).

The CAN interrupts on the RX65N Group are listed below.

[Software configurable interrupt B]

CANi reception complete interrupt (mailboxes 0 to 31) [RXMi]

CANi transmission complete interrupt (mailboxes 0 to 31) [TXMi]

CANi receive FIFO interrupt [RXFi]

CANi transmit FIFO interrupt [TXFi]

[Group BE0 interrupts]

CANi error interrupts [ERSi] (error interrupt sources)

- Bus error
- Error-warning
- Error-passive
- Bus-off entry
- Bus-off recovery
- Receive overrun
- Overload frame transmission
- Bus lock



2.8 Details of Settings for Filtering Using Receive Message Identifier

Table 2.9	H8SX/1720S (RCAN-TL1) and RX65N (CAN) Settings for Filtering Using Receive Message
	Identifier

H8SX/1720S (F	RCAN-TL1)		RX65N (CAN)			
Symbol	Bit Name	Function	Symbol	Bit Name	Function	
	ce filter masks	(LAFML and LAFMH)	Mask register k (MKRk) (k = 0 to 7)			
STDID_LAFM [10:0]	Filter mask bits for the CAN base identifier bits	0: Corresponding bits are compared 1: Corresponding bits are not compared Note: Initial values are undefined.	SID[10:0]	Standard ID bits	0: Corresponding bits are not compared 1: Corresponding bits are compared Notes: The bit functions are the opposite of those on the RCAN-TL1. Initial values are undefined.	
EXTID_LAFM [17:16] EXTID_LAFM [15:0]	Filter mask bits for the CAN Extended identifier bits	0: Corresponding bits are compared 1: Corresponding bits are not compared Note: Initial values are undefined.	EID[17:0]	Extended ID bits	0: Corresponding bits are not compared 1: Corresponding bits are compared Notes: The bit functions are the opposite of those on the RCAN-TL1. Initial values are undefined.	
IDE_LAFM	Filter mask bit for the CAN IDE bit	0: Corresponding IDE bits are valid 1: Corresponding IDE bits are invalid Note: Initial values are undefined.				
			Mask invalid r	egister (MKIVL	R)	
			MB[31:0]	Mask invalid bits	 Mask valid for corresponding mailbox Mask invalid for corresponding mailbox Note: Initial values are undefined. 	



2.9 Timer Control/Time Trigger Details

Table 2.10	Details on H8SX/1720S	(RCAN-TL1) and RX65N (CAN) Time Stamps and Time Triggers
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H8SX/1720	S (RCAN-TL1)		RX65N (CAN)				
Symbol	Bit Name	Function	Symbol	Bit Name	Function		
Time trigge	r control register	0 (TTCR0)	Control reg	ister (CTLR)			
TCR15	Enable Timer	 Clear the counter (TCNTR) and cycle counter (CCR) and stop counting Start counting 			Note: Start counting will transition to normal operating mode. Stop will transition to sleep mode or halt mode.		
			TSRC	Time stamp counter reset command	0: Do not reset1: Reset		
TCR14	TimeStamp value	0: Use CYCTR for time stamp1: Use CCR+CYCTR for time stamp					
TCR13	Cancellation by TCMR2	 0: Transmission cancellation by compare match is disabled 1: Transmission cancellation by compare match is enabled 					
TCR12	TCMR2 compare match enable	0: Compare match disabled1: Compare match enabled	_	_			
TCR11	TCMR1 compare match enable	0: Compare match disabled1: Compare match enabled					
TCR10	TCMR0 compare match enable	 Compare match disabled Compare match enabled 					
TCR6	Timer clear- set control by TCMR0	 Counting is not cleared by compare match Counting is cleared by compare match 					
TPSC5 to TPSC0	Timer prescaler	Division ratio of 2 x (setting value P + 1) Notes: The initial value is 0 (division by 1) Notes: Valid in event trigger mode Fixed to 1-bit timing in TTCAN mode	TSPS[1:0]	Time stamp prescaler select bits	b1b0 0 0: Every bit time 0 1: Every 2-bit time 1 0: Every 4-bit time 1 1: Every 8-bit time		



3. Differences between Mailboxes

Table 3.1 shows the Mailbox Structure of RX65N (CAN), and Table 3.2 to Table 3.7 show the mailbox structure of H8SX/1720S (RCAN-TL1). Items that only exist on one group are indicated in **red**.

Register Name	b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0	Access Size ^{*1}	Field	
MBj	IDE*2	RTR			Ş	SID[10:6]		<mark>8</mark> /16/32	Control	
(j = 0 to 31)			SID[5:0]			EID[1	7:16]			
				EID[15:8]						
				EID[7:0]						
									8/16/32		
						DLC	[3:0]				
				DAT	TA0				Data		
				DAT	TA1						
	DATA2							8/16/32			
DATA3											
	DATA4										
	DATA5										
	DATA6								8/16/32		
	DATA7										
TSH								Time			
				TS	SL					stamp	

Table 3.1 Mailbox Structure of RX65N (CAN)

Note: 1. When accessing mailbox register j (MBj) (j = 0 to 31), access even addresses for 16-bit access and access addresses ending in 0h, 4h, 8h, or Ch for 32-bit access.

Note: 2. The IDE bit is enabled when the IDFM bit in CTLR register are mixed ID mode (10b). Write the IDE bits with 0 when the IDFM bits are not 10b. The value is 0 when it is read.



Register Name	b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0	Access Size ^{*1}	Field		
MB0	IDE	RTR	0		S	TDID[10	:6]		16/32	Control 0		
			STDI	D[5:0]			EXTID	[17:16]				
				EXTID	[15:8]							
				EXTI	D[7:0]							
	IDE_ LAFM	0	0		STDI	D_LAFN	1[10:6]		16/32	LAFM		
		S	TDID_L	AFM[5:0)]			[ID_ [17:16]	•			
		EXTID_LAFM[15:8] EXTID_LAFM[7:0]										
		MSG_DATA_0							8/16/32	Data		
		MSG_DATA_1										
		MSG_DATA_2										
		MSG_DATA_3										
		MSG_DATA_4							8/16/32			
		MSG_DATA_5										
		MSG_DATA_6										
				MSG_D				-				
	0	0	NMC	0	0		MBC[2:0	1	8/16	Control 1		
	0	0	0	0		DLC	;[3:0]					
		Time Stamp[15:8]							16	Time		
		Time Stamp[7:0]								stamp		

Table 3.2	Mailbox Structure of H8SX/1720S (RCAN-TL1) (MB0 for Reception)
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Note: 1. When accessing mailbox (MB0), access even addresses for 16-bit access and access addresses ending in 0h, 4h, 8h, or Ch for 32-bit access.



Register									Access			
Name	b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0	Size*1	Field		
MBi	IDE	RTR	0		ST	DID[10	6]	1	16/32	Control 0		
(i = 1 to 15)			STDI	D[5:0]			EXTID	[17:16]				
				EXTIC	0[15:8]							
				EXTI	D[7:0]							
	IDE_	0	0		STDIE	D_LAFM	[10:6]		16/32	LAFM		
	LAFM								-			
		8	TDID_L		[נ							
					AFM[15:8	01	LAFIN	[17:16]				
					AFM[7:0	-			-			
					DATA_0	<u> </u>			8/16/32	Data		
					DATA_1				0,10,02	Dala		
					DATA_2				-			
				MSG_D	DATA_3							
				MSG_D	DATA_4				8/16/32			
					DATA_5							
					DATA_6							
	MSG_DATA_7											
	0	0	NMC	ATX	DART		MBC[2:0]	8/16 Control 1			
	0	0	0	0		DLC	[3:0]					
			Т	ime Sta	mp[15:8]			16	Time		
			-	Time Sta	amp[7:0]					stamp		

Table 3.3	Mailbox Structure of H8SX/1720S (RCAN-TL1) (MB1 to MB15)
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Note: 1. When accessing mailbox (MBi) (i = 1 to 15), access even addresses for 16-bit access and access addresses ending in 0h, 4h, 8h, or Ch for 32-bit access.



Register									Access	
Name	b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0	Size*1	Field
MBi	IDE	RTR	0		ST	DID[10	:6]	•	16/32	Control 0
(i = 16 to			STDI	D[5:0]			EXTID	[17:16]		
23)				EXTIC	0[15:8]					
				EXTI	D[7:0]					
	IDE_ LAFM	0	0		STDIE	D_LAFM	[10:6]		16/32	LAFM
		S	TDID_L	AFM[5:0)]		EXT	ΓID_		
		EXTID_LAFM[7:0]								
			8/16/32	Data						
			8/16/32							
					DATA_5 DATA_6				-	
			-							
		-			DATA_7					
	0	0	NMC	ATX	DART		MBC[2:0)]	8/16	Control 1
	0	0	0	0		DLC	[3:0]			

Note: 1. When accessing mailbox (MBi) (i = 16 to 23), access even addresses for 16-bit access and access addresses ending in 0h, 4h, 8h, or Ch for 32-bit access.



Register Name	b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0	Access Size ^{*1}	Field
MBi	IDE	RTR	0			DID[10:			16/32	Control 0
(i = 24 to			STDI	D[5:0]	•			[17:16]		
29)					0[15:8]					
					D[7:0]					
	IDE_ LAFM	0	0			D_LAFM	[10:6]		16/32	LAFM
		S								
					AFM[15:8 AFM[7:0	-				
			8/16/32	Data						
				MSG_D	DATA_1					
		MSG_DATA_3								
		MSG_DATA_4 MSG_DATA_5								
			-							
				_	DATA_6 DATA_7					
		1								
	0	0	NMC	ATX	DART		MBC[2:0]	8/16	Control 1
	0	0 0 0 0 DLC[3:0]								
			—							
		Tx-trigger time (TTT) [15:8]								Trigger time
			Tx-tr	igger tim	ne (TTT)					
	TTW	[1:0]		-	Off	set			16	TT control
	0	0	0	0	0	R	ep_Fact	or		

Table 3.5	Mailbox Structure of H8SX/1720S (RCAN-TL1) (MB24 to MB29)
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Note: 1. When accessing mailbox (MBi) (i = 24 to 29), access even addresses for 16-bit access and access addresses ending in 0h, 4h, 8h, or Ch for 32-bit access.



Register Name	b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0	Access Size* ¹	Field
MB30	IDE	IDE RTR 0 STDID[10:6]							16/32	Control 0
				EXTID	[15:8]					
				EXTI	D[7:0]					
	IDE_ LAFM	0	0		STDI	D_LAFN		16/32	LAFM	
		S								
			8/16/32 Data	Data						
		MSG_DATA_1 MSG_DATA_2								
			8/16/32							
	0	0	NMC	ATX	DART		MBC[2:0)]	8/16	Control 1
	0	0	0	0		DLC	[3:0]			
		Time	Stamp	[15:8] (T	CNTR v	alue at S	SOF)		16	Time
		Time	e Stamp	[7:0] (T	CNTR va	alue at S	OF)			stamp
					s time re		,		16	Trigger
			·	. ,	as time r		<u> </u>			time

Table 3.6	Mailbox Structure of H8SX/1720S (RCAN-TL1) (MB30)
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Note: 1. When accessing mailbox (MB30), access even addresses for 16-bit access and access addresses ending in 0h, 4h, 8h, or Ch for 32-bit access.



Register									Access				
Name	b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0	Size*1	Field			
MB31	IDE	RTR	0		ST	DID[10:	-		16/32	Control 0			
			STDI	D[5:0]			EXTID	[17:16]					
				EXTID)[15:8]								
				EXTII	D[7:0]								
	IDE_	0	0		STDIE	D_LAFM	[10:6]		16/32	LAFM			
	LAFM												
		S	TDID_L	AFM[5:0)]		EXT	ΓID_					
		LAFM[17:16]											
			8/16/32	Data									
			8/16/32										
	0	0	NMC	ATX	DART	I	MBC[2:0)]	8/16	Control 1			
	0	0	0	0		DLC	[3:0]		1				
		Time	Stamp	[15:8] (T	CNTR v	alue at S	SOF)		16	Time			
		Time	e Stamp	[7:0] (T	CNTR va	lue at S	OF)			stamp			

Table 3.7	Mailbox Structure of H8SX/1720S (RCAN-TL1) (MB31)
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Note: 1. When accessing mailbox (MB31), access even addresses for 16-bit access and access addresses ending in 0h, 4h, 8h, or Ch for 32-bit access.



4. Other Differences

4.1 Sleep Mode Setting Procedure

The procedures for entering and clearing sleep mode differ between the H8SX/1720S (RCAN-TL1) and RX65N (CAN). The sleep mode setting procedure on each device is shown below. For more information on detailed differences, refer to the User's Manual: Hardware of each device.

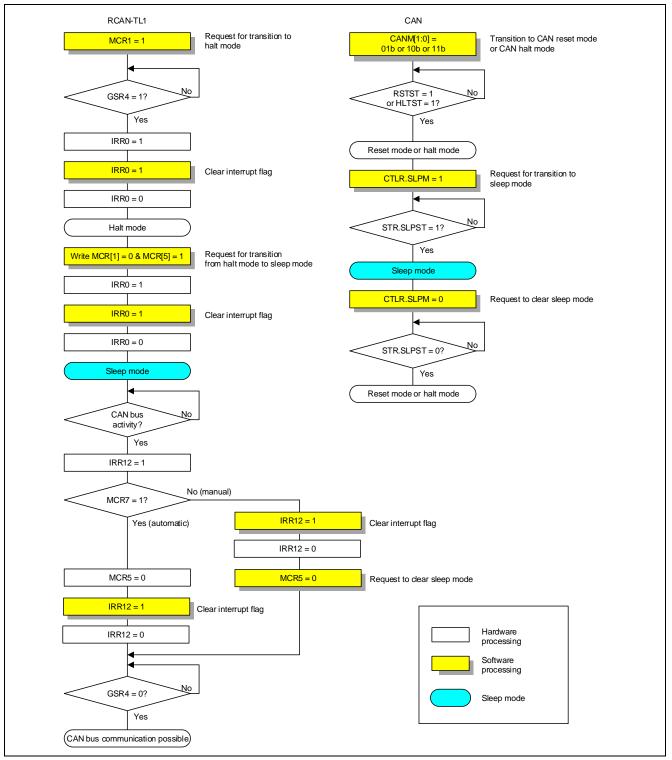


Figure 4.1 Sleep Mode Setting Procedure on H8SX/1720S (RCAN-TL1) and RX65N (CAN)



4.2 Initialization by CAN Reset

The register initialization operation and transition timing after a CAN software reset differ between the H8SX/1720S (RCAN-TL1) and RX65N (CAN). Table 4.1 lists the register initialization operation and transition timing differences between the two devices.

Table 4.1	Register Initialization	Operation and	Transition Timi	ng after CAN	Software Reset
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Item	H8SX/1720S (RCAN-TL1)	RX65N (CAN)
Register initialization	All registers except MCR0 bit are initialized (Except mailbox data allocated in RAM)	The following registers are initialized and the initialized state while in reset mode is retained: MCTLj, STR (except SLPST and TFST flags), EIFR, RECR, TECR, TSR, MSSR, MSMR, RFCR, TFCR, TCR, and ECSR (except EDPM bit)
Transition timing	Transition to reset operation immediately after setting MCR0 bit to 1	After the CTLR.CANM[1:0] bits are set to 01b, transition occurs after message transmission finishes (without waiting for reception to complete). [Forcible transition] Transition to reset mode occurs immediately when the CTLR.CANM[1:0] bits are set to 11b.

4.3 Endianness

The RX Family supports both littleendian and bigendian byte order. The H8SX Family supports bigendian byte order only.

For details of endian settings for the RX Family, refer to the User's Manual: Hardware of the specific RX Family device.



5. Related Documents

Related documents are listed below. Consult them in conjunction with this application note.

Application Notes

- RX Family Using the CAN (R01AN1448)
- RX65N/RX651 Group, RX230/RX231 Group Points of Difference Between RX65N Group and RX231 Group (R01AN3377)

User's Manuals

- H8SX/1720S Group User's Manual: Hardware (R01UH0370)
- RX65N Group, RX651 Group User's Manual: Hardware (R01UH0590)



Revision History

		Descripti	Description	
Rev.	Date	Page	Summary	
1.00	Sep.30.19		First edition issued	



General Precautions in the Handling of Microprocessing Unit and Microcontroller Unit Products

The following usage notes are applicable to all Microprocessing unit and Microcontroller unit products from Renesas. For detailed usage notes on the products covered by this document, refer to the relevant sections of the document as well as any technical updates that have been issued for the products.

1. Precaution against Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)

A strong electrical field, when exposed to a CMOS device, can cause destruction of the gate oxide and ultimately degrade the device operation. Steps must be taken to stop the generation of static electricity as much as possible, and quickly dissipate it when it occurs. Environmental control must be adequate. When it is dry, a humidifier should be used. This is recommended to avoid using insulators that can easily build up static electricity. Semiconductor devices must be stored and transported in an anti-static container, static shielding bag or conductive material. All test and measurement tools including work benches and floors must be grounded. The operator must also be grounded using a wrist strap. Semiconductor devices must not be touched with bare hands. Similar precautions must be taken for printed circuit boards with mounted semiconductor devices.

2. Processing at power-on

The state of the product is undefined at the time when power is supplied. The states of internal circuits in the LSI are indeterminate and the states of register settings and pins are undefined at the time when power is supplied. In a finished product where the reset signal is applied to the external reset pin, the states of pins are not guaranteed from the time when power is supplied until the reset process is completed. In a similar way, the states of pins in a product that is reset by an on-chip power-on reset function are not guaranteed from the time when power is supplied until the power is supplied until the power is supplied until the power reaches the level at which resetting is specified.

3. Input of signal during power-off state

Do not input signals or an I/O pull-up power supply while the device is powered off. The current injection that results from input of such a signal or I/O pull-up power supply may cause malfunction and the abnormal current that passes in the device at this time may cause degradation of internal elements. Follow the guideline for input signal during power-off state as described in your product documentation.

4. Handling of unused pins

Handle unused pins in accordance with the directions given under handling of unused pins in the manual. The input pins of CMOS products are generally in the high-impedance state. In operation with an unused pin in the open-circuit state, extra electromagnetic noise is induced in the vicinity of the LSI, an associated shoot-through current flows internally, and malfunctions occur due to the false recognition of the pin state as an input signal become possible.

5. Clock signals

After applying a reset, only release the reset line after the operating clock signal becomes stable. When switching the clock signal during program execution, wait until the target clock signal is stabilized. When the clock signal is generated with an external resonator or from an external oscillator during a reset, ensure that the reset line is only released after full stabilization of the clock signal. Additionally, when switching to a clock signal produced with an external resonator or by an external oscillator while program execution is in progress, wait until the target clock signal is stable.
6. Voltage application waveform at input pin

Waveform distortion due to input noise or a reflected wave may cause malfunction. If the input of the CMOS device stays in the area between V_{IL} (Max.) and V_{IH} (Min.) due to noise, for example, the device may malfunction. Take care to prevent chattering noise from entering the device when the input level is fixed, and also in the transition period when the input level passes through the area between V_{IL} (Max.) and V_{IH} (Min.).

7. Prohibition of access to reserved addresses

Access to reserved addresses is prohibited. The reserved addresses are provided for possible future expansion of functions. Do not access these addresses as the correct operation of the LSI is not guaranteed.

8. Differences between products

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