

RX Family

R01AN2604EJ0111

Rev.1.11

Nov 11, 2016

Ethernet Controller: Retrieve Recommend Operation in case of Illegal Frame Detection

Introduction

This document explains one of the recommend recover operation after when INFABT event was occurred due to illegal frame detection or electromagnetic noise using the Ethernet and EPTPC Firmware Integration Technology modules. This example also can be used as the reference to Renesas Technical Update [1].

Target Device

This example supports the following device.

- RX64M Group
- RX71M Group

When using this application note with other Renesas MCUs, careful evaluation is recommended after making modifications to comply with the alternate MCU.

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1. Overview

This document explains one of the recommend recover operation after when INFABT¹ event was occurred due to illegal frame detection or electromagnetic noise using the Ethernet and EPTPC Firmware Integration Technology (FIT). This example checks the occurrence of the INFABT event constantly with receiving the frames from other communication devices. When INFABT event was detected, this example disables the interrupt from the EPTPC, closes the ETHERC and EDMAC, and resets the EPTPC properly. Thereafter, this example does the initialization process and makes the ETHERC and EDMAC to enable frame transfer again. The target frame format is only restricted to the Ethernet standard one in this example, though this retrieve operation also need to be the PTP frame [2]. Users can implement initialize and retrieve operations to their own system refer to this example.

¹ Time Control Information Abnormality Detection Flag.

1.1 Ethernet Controller: Retrieve Recommend Operation in case of Illegal Frame Detection

This module is implemented in a project and used as the operation example after when INFABT event was occurred.

1.2 Related documents

[1] Notes on Using Ethernet Controller, Rev.1.00, Renesas Technical Update (TN-RX*-A125A/E), May 25, 2015

[2] IEEE Standard for a Precision Clock Synchronization Protocol for Networked Measurement and Control Systems, Revision of IEEE Std 1588-2008, Mar 2008

[3] RX Family Ethernet Module Using Firmware Integration Technology, Rev.1.12, Document No. R01AN2009EJ0112, Nov 11, 2016

[4] RX Family EPTPC Light Module Using Firmware Integration Technology, Rev.1.11, Document No. R01AN3035EJ0111, Nov 11, 2016

[5] RX64M Group Renesas Starter Kit+ User's Manual For e² studio, Rev. 1.10, Document No. R20UT2593EG0110, Jun 25, 2015

[6] RX71M Group Renesas Starter Kit+ User's Manual, Rev. 1.00, Document No. R20UT3217EG0100, Jan 23, 2015

1.3 Hardware Structure

The Ethernet peripheral modules of the RX64M/71M group are composed of the EPTPC, the PTP Host interface peripheral module (PTPEDMAC), dual channel Ethernet MAC ones (ETHERC (CH0), ETHERC (CH1)) and dual channel Ethernet Host interface ones (EDMAC (CH0), EDMAC (CH1)).

In detail, please refer to RX64M/71M Group User's Manual: Hardware.

2. Functional Information

This example is developed by the following principles.

2.1 Hardware Requirements

This example requires your MCU supports the following feature:

- EPTPC
- ETHERC
- EDMAC

2.2 Hardware Resource Requirements

This section details the hardware peripherals that this example requires. Unless explicitly stated, these resources must be reserved for the following driver, and the user cannot use them.

2.2.1 EPTPC Channel

The example uses the EPTPC (CH0), EPTPC (CH1) or both depend on the kind of Node. Those resources need to the detection of INFABT event.

2.2.2 ETHERC Channel

The example uses the ETHEC (CH0), ETHEC (CH1) or both depend on the kind of Node. Those resources need to the Ethernet MAC operations.

2.2.3 EDMAC Channel

The example uses the EDMAC (CH0), EDMAC (CH1) or both depend on the kind of Node. Those resources need to the CPU Host interface of standard Ethernet frame operations.

2.3 Software Requirement

This example depends on the following packages (FIT modules):

- r_bsp
- r_ether_rx
- r_ptp_light_rx

2.4 Limitations

There is following limitations in this example:

- Not support PTP time synchronization.
- Cannot receive and process the PTP frames.

¹Relay control is possible.

2.5 Supported Toolchains

This example is tested and works with the following toolchain:

- Renesas RX Toolchain v2.05.00

2.6 Header Files

Each function call is accessed by including a single file, *r_ether_rx_if.h*, *r_ptp_light_rx_if.h* or *led.h* which is supplied with this project code.

2.7 Integer Types

This project uses ANSI C99. These types are defined in *stdint.h*.

2.8 Configuration Overview

The configuration options in this example are specified in *sample_main.h* and *sample_main.c*. The option names and setting values are listed in the table below.

Configuration options	
<pre>#define LINK_CH - Default value = 1</pre>	Specify the Ethernet link channel at first. - When this is set to 0, Ethernet CH0 is selected. - When this is set to 1, Ethernet CH1 is selected.
<pre>#define NUM_CH - Default value = 1</pre>	Set the number of channels of the Ethernet controller. - Set 1 or 2 in the RX64M/71M.
<pre>#define RETRY_TIMES - Default value = 10000</pre>	Specify the Link up wait times.

2.9 Data Structures

This section details the data structures that are used with the functions of this example. Those structures are located in *sample_main.c* only as the prototype declarations.

```
/* MAC addresses assigned in this sample (for test usage) */
const static uint8_t my_mac_addr[2][6] =
{ /* 0: CH0, 1: CH1 */
  {0x74,0x90,0x50,0x00,0x79,0x1B},
  {0x74,0x90,0x50,0x00,0x79,0x1C},
};
```

The upper 24 bits of default value are set the Renesas vendor ID (=74-90-50). The lower 24 bits of default value are set the unique value for this sample.

Please change this value when users applied to this sample their own system.

```
/* Retrieve times, 0:CH0, 1:CH1 */
int32_t g_CntRet[2] = {0,0};
```

```
/* Number of receive frames, 0:CH0, 1:CH1 */
int32_t g_CntRecv[2] = {0,0};
```

```
/* Receive frame buffer */
static int8_t R_BUF[4096];
```

2.10 Return Values

No specific return value exists in this sample.

3. Specification of This Example

3.1 Outline of Functions

The function of this example shows Table 3.1.

Table 3.1 Function of This Example

Item	Contents
main()	Main operation of this example.
EINT_Rcv_isr()	Frame reception interrupt handler.
INFABT_Reset()	Execute close and reset operation after when INFABT event was detected.
led_init()	Initialize user LED.
led_ctrl()	Update user LED pattern.

3.2 Environment and Execution

This example needs the Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX64M [5] (hereafter RX64M RSK board) or the Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX71M [6] (hereafter RX71M RSK board). The outline of the execution sequence is following.

- Connect RX64M/71M RSK board to other devices such as PC and other communication devices using Ethernet cables via Hub.
- Power on the RX64M/71M RSK board.
- When the RX64M/71M RSK board finishes the initialization, driver open and link up process, the user LED composed of LED0, LED1, LED2 and LED3 shows the all-on pattern (LED0: ON, LED1: ON, LED2: ON, LED3: ON).
- The RX64M/71M RSK board waits INFABT interrupt with frame receiving from other devices.
- Every when the RX64M/71M RSK board receives a frame from the other devices, the user LED repeats the even pattern (LED0: ON, LED1: OFF, LED2: ON, LED3: OFF) and the odd pattern (LED0: OFF, LED1: ON, LED2: OFF, LED3: ON) successively. The counter (=g_CntRecv) of each channel to which indicates the received frame times is incremented.
- When the RX64M/71M RSK board detects INFABT event, this example can detect INFABT interrupt executing INFABT event occurrence check function (=R_PTPL_ChkInterrupt) of the PTP light driver.
- This example does the following reset operation.
 - Disable interrupt from EPTPC executing the ptp_dev_stop function of the PTP light Driver.
 - Close EDMAC and ETHERC of the INFABT event occurrence channel.
 - In case of using two channels, this sample also close EDMAC and ETHERC of another channel.
 - Reset EPTC executing the R_PTPL_Reset function of the PTP light driver.
 - Clear INFABT interrupt flag executing the R_PTPL_ClrInterrupt function of the PTP light driver.
- The user LED indicates the INFABT occurrence channel following pattern.
 - CH0 pattern: (LED0: ON, LED1: OFF, LED2: OFF, LED3: OFF)
 - CH1 pattern: (LED0: OFF, LED1: ON, LED2: OFF, LED3: OFF)
- The counter (=g_CntRet) of each channel to which indicates the retrieve times is incremented.
- If any error occurred in the above sequence, the user LED shows the odd pattern (LED0: OFF, LED1: ON, LED2: OFF, LED3: ON).
- If push the SW1 switch, this example ends after the user LED shows the even pattern (LED0: ON, LED1: OFF, LED2: ON, LED3: OFF).

Figure 3.1 shows one of the environments during this example.

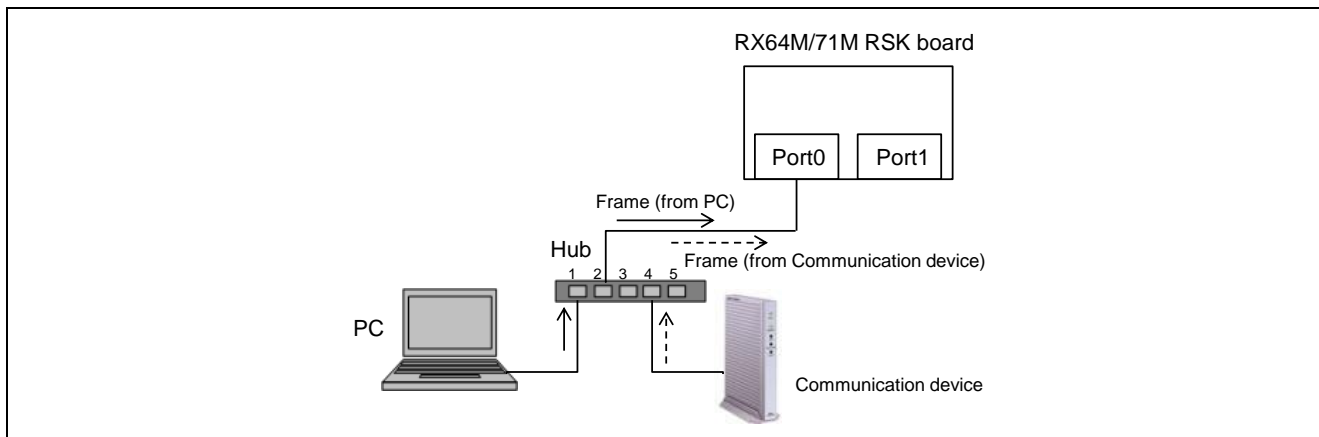


Figure 3.1 Environment

3.3 Recommend Operation

It is recommended to detect INFABT occurrence by interrupt though it occurs only in the singular conditions. Thereafter, it is need to do the retrieve operation.

Figure 3.2, Figure 3.3 and Figure 3.4 show the recommended software flow overview. Figure 3.2 describes the operation to enable detection by interrupt and only related to the Ethernet communication. Figure 3.3 describes the operation executed in the interrupt handler and only related to the INFABT interrupt. In this handler, please execute the retrieve operation explained in the Figure 3.4 and clear the INFABT flag. Figure 3.4 describes the retrieve operation to enable communication same as before INFABT occurrence.

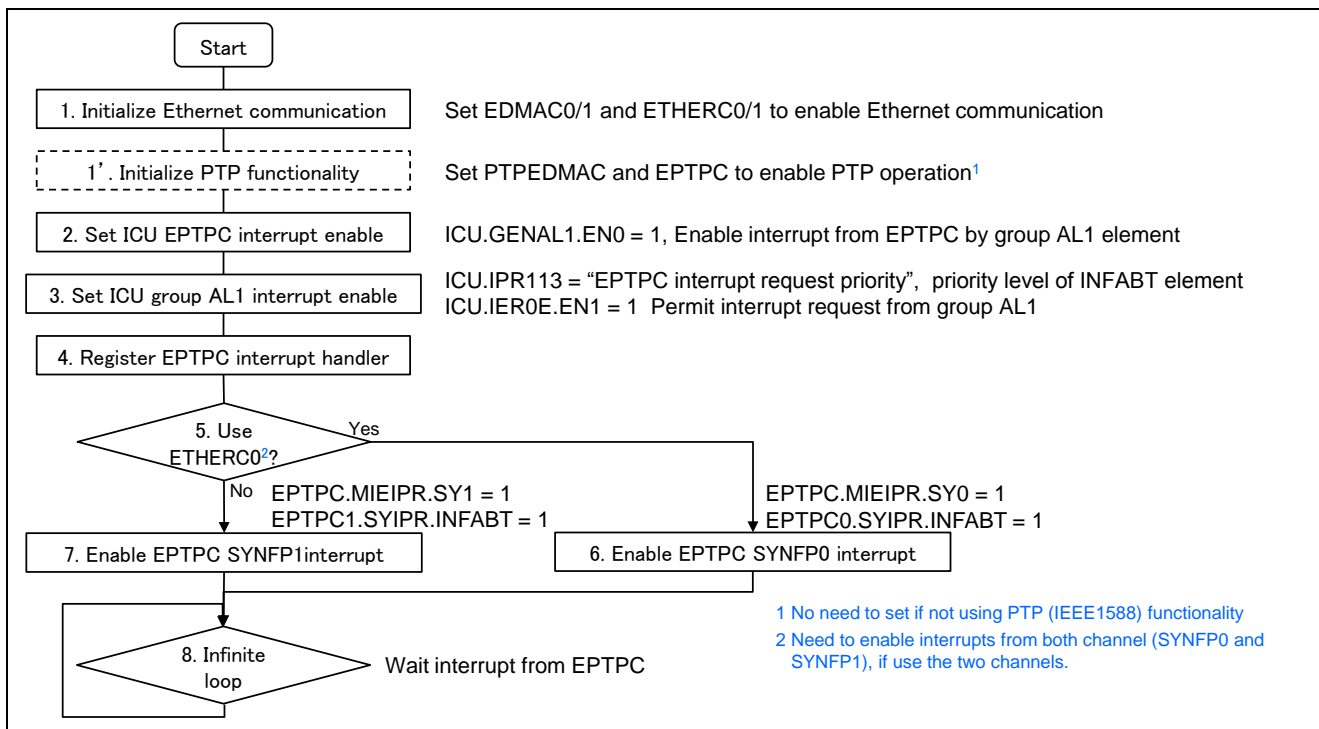


Figure 3.2 (1) Enable detection by interrupt

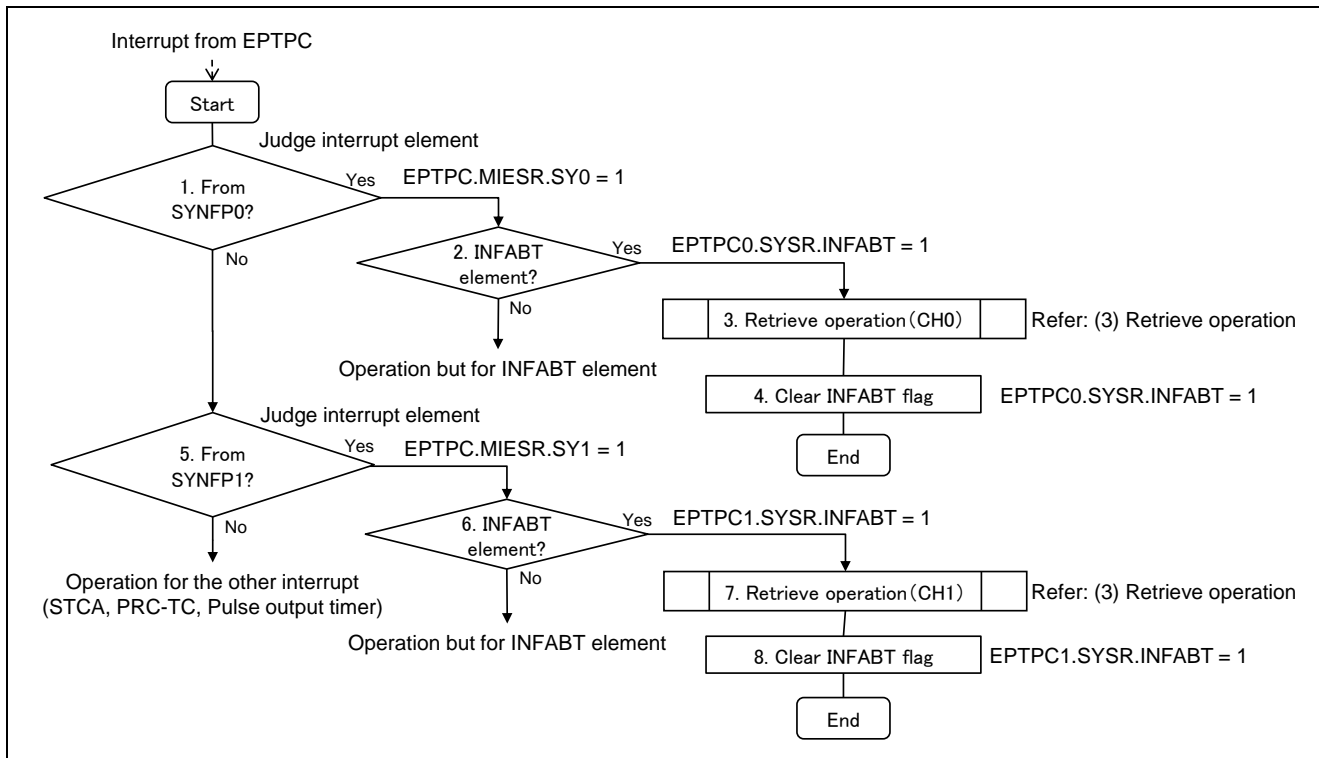


Figure 3.3 (2) Interrupt handler

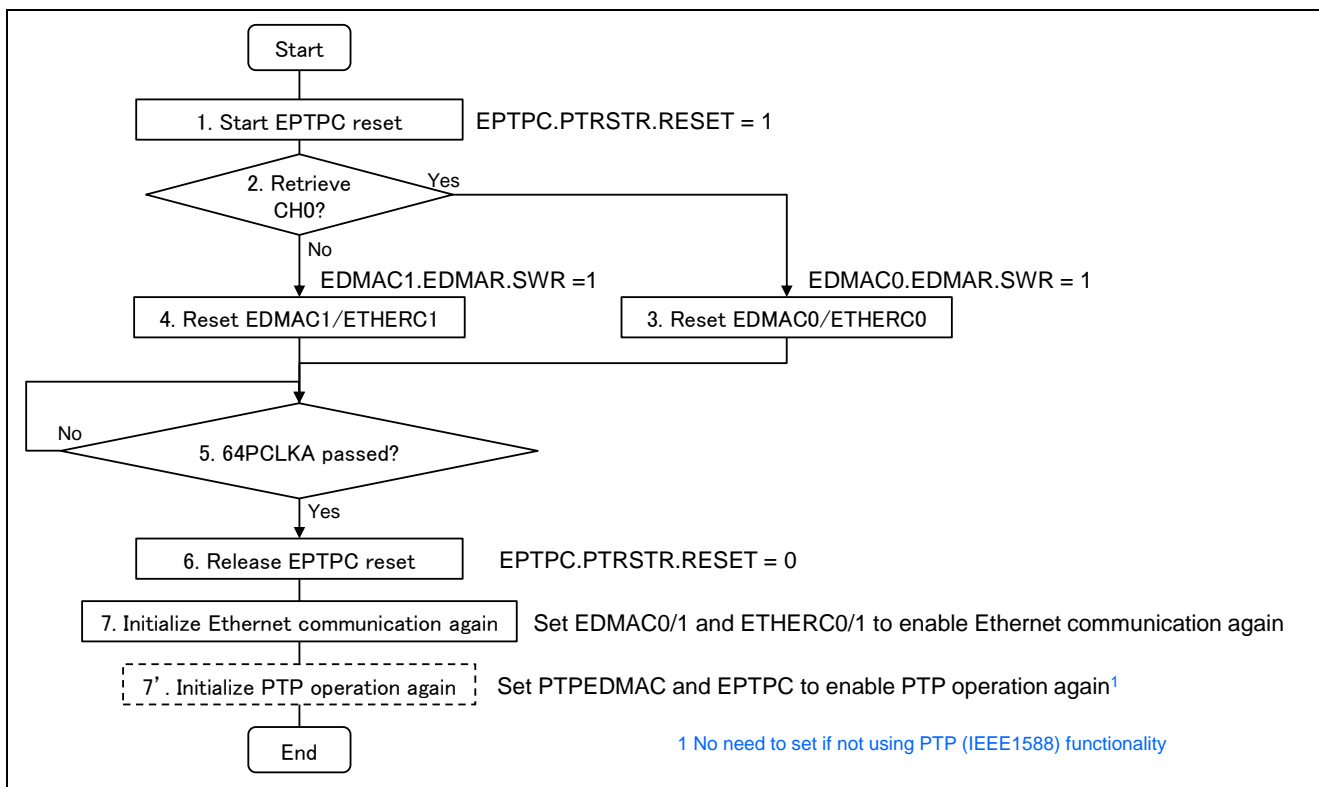


Figure 3.4 (3) Retrieve operation

3.4 Board Setting

There are two jumpers changing from the default setting of the RX64M/71M RSK board to execute this example. The Ether PHY access channel is set consistent with the software configuration. When the product name of the RX64M/71M RSK board is R0K50564MC001BR or R0K5RX71MC010BR, Figure 3.5 indicates their changing. And when the product name of the RX71M RSK board is R0K50571MC000BR, Figure 3.6 indicates their changing.

Jumper	LINK_CH = 1 (Default setting)	LINK_CH = 0	Functional use
J3	2-3	1-2	ETHERC ET0MDIO or ET1MDIO
J4	2-3	1-2	ETHERC ET0MDC or ET1MDC

Figure 3.5 Jumper setting

Jumper	LINK_CH = 1 (Default setting)	LINK_CH = 0	Functional use
J13	2-3	1-2	ETHERC ET0MDIO or ET1MDIO
J9	2-3	1-2	ETHERC ET0MDC or ET1MDC

Figure 3.6 Jumper setting

4. Reference Documents

User's Manual: Hardware

RX64M Group User's Manual: Hardware Rev.1.00 (R01UH0377EJ)

RX71M Group User's Manual: Hardware Rev.1.00 (R01UH0493EJ)

The latest version can be downloaded from the Renesas Electronics website.

User's Manual: Software

RX Family RXv2 Instruction Set Architecture User's Manual: Hardware Rev.1.00 (R01US0071EJ)

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Revision History

Rev.	Date	Description	
		Page	Summary
1.00	May 22, 2015	—	First edition issued.
1.10	Jan 31, 2016	—	EPTPC Light FIT module used. Title name changed from “Retrieve Recommend Operation of INFABT Occurrence in The Ethernet Controller” to “Ethernet Controller: Retrieve Recommend Operation in case of Illegal Frame Detection”.
1.11	Nov 11, 2016	—	Applied PTP light driver Rev.1.11 and Ethernet driver Rev.1.12.

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- The input pins of CMOS products are generally in the high-impedance state. In operation with an unused pin in the open-circuit state, extra electromagnetic noise is induced in the vicinity of LSI, an associated shoot-through current flows internally, and malfunctions occur due to the false recognition of the pin state as an input signal become possible. Unused pins should be handled as described under Handling of Unused Pins in the manual.

2. Processing at Power-on

The state of the product is undefined at the moment when power is supplied.

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In a finished product where the reset signal is applied to the external reset pin, the states of pins are not guaranteed from the moment when power is supplied until the reset process is completed. In a similar way, the states of pins in a product that is reset by an on-chip power-on reset function are not guaranteed from the moment when power is supplied until the power reaches the level at which resetting has been specified.

3. Prohibition of Access to Reserved Addresses

Access to reserved addresses is prohibited.

- The reserved addresses are provided for the possible future expansion of functions. Do not access these addresses; the correct operation of LSI is not guaranteed if they are accessed.

4. Clock Signals

After applying a reset, only release the reset line after the operating clock signal has become stable. When switching the clock signal during program execution, wait until the target clock signal has stabilized.

- When the clock signal is generated with an external resonator (or from an external oscillator) during a reset, ensure that the reset line is only released after full stabilization of the clock signal. Moreover, when switching to a clock signal produced with an external resonator (or by an external oscillator) while program execution is in progress, wait until the target clock signal is stable.

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