

M16C/64A Group A/D Converter Using One-Shot Mode (Software Trigger)

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1. Abstract

This document describes the setting procedure to use the A/D converter in one-shot mode with a software trigger.

2. Introduction

The application example described in this document applies to the following microcomputer (MCU):

• MCU: M16C/64A Group

This application note can be used with other M16C Family MCUs which have the same special function registers (SFRs) as the above group. Check the manual for any modifications to functions. Careful evaluation is recommended before using the sample code described in this application note.

3. Operation in One-Shot Mode

This section describes operation when using the A/D converter in one-shot mode with a software trigger.

- (1) When the ADST bit in the ADCON0 register is set to 1 (A/D conversion start), A/D conversion starts.
- (2) After completing A/D conversion, the value in the successive conversion register (conversion result) is transferred to the ADi register (i = 0 to 7). At the same time, the IR bit in the ADIC register becomes 1 (interrupt requested). The ADST bit becomes 0 (A/D conversion stop) and A/D conversion stops.

Figure 3.1 shows the Operation Timing in One-Shot Mode.

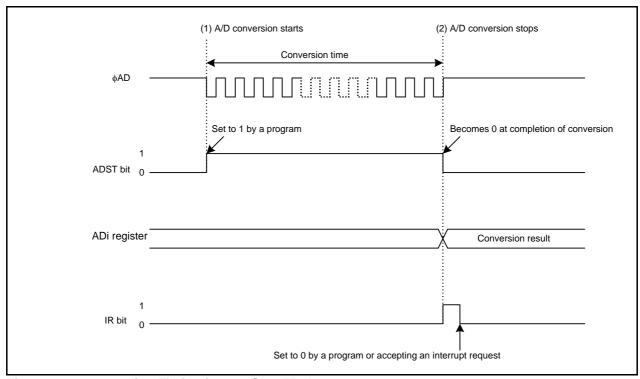


Figure 3.1 Operation Timing in One-Shot Mode

4. A/D Conversion Time

This section describes how to calculate A/D conversion time.

4.1 A/D Conversion Cycle

Table 4.1 shows Cycles of A/D Conversion Item. A/D conversion time is described below.

Start processing time depends on which ϕAD is selected.

A/D conversion starts after the start processing time elapses by setting the ADST bit in the ADCON0 register to 1 (A/D conversion start). When reading the ADST bit before starting A/D conversion, 0 (A/D conversion stop) is read. In one-shot mode, the ADST bit becomes 0 at the end processing time and the last A/D conversion result is stored in the ADi register (i = 0 to 7).

• One-shot mode:

Start processing time + A/D conversion execution time + end processing time

Table 4.1 Cycles of A/D Conversion Item

A/D Conversion Item		Number of Cycles	
Start processing time	φAD = fAD	1 to 2 cycles of fAD	
	φAD = fAD divided by 2	2 to 3 cycles of fAD	
	φAD = fAD divided by 3	3 to 4 cycles of fAD	
	φAD = fAD divided by 4	3 to 4 cycles of fAD	
	φAD = fAD divided by 6	4 to 5 cycles of fAD	
	φAD = fAD divided by 12	7 to 8 cycles of fAD	
A/D conversion execution	Open-circuit detection disabled	40 cycles of φAD	
time	Open-circuit detection enabled	42 cycles of φAD	
End processing time		2 to 3 cycles of fAD	

4.2 Detecting Completion of A/D Conversion

In one-shot mode, use the IR bit in the ADIC register to detect completion of A/D conversion. When not using an interrupt, set the IR bit to 0 by a program after detection.

When 1 is written to the ADST bit in the ADCON0 register, the ADST bit becomes 1 (A/D conversion start) after start processing time elapses (see Table 4.1 "Cycles of A/D Conversion Item"). Therefore when reading the ADST bit immediately after writing 1, 0 (A/D conversion stop) may be read.

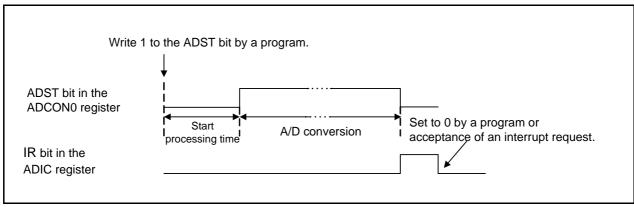


Figure 4.1 ADST Bit Operation

4.3 A/D Operation Clock Frequencies

Table 4.2 lists the A/D Operation Clock Frequencies.

Table 4.2 A/D Operation Clock Frequencies (1)

 V_{CC1} = AV $_{CC}$ = 3.0 to 5.5 V \geq V $_{CC2}$ \geq V $_{REF}$, V $_{SS}$ = AV $_{SS}$ = 0 V at T $_{opr}$ = -20°C to 85°C/-40°C to 85°C unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	Measuring Condition	Standard			Unit	
Gymbol	i didilicici		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic	
	A/D operating clock frequency ANEXO to A input ANO_0 to A	AN0 to AN7 input,	$4.0 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{CC1}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$	2		25	MHz
		ANEX0 to ANEX1	3.2 V ≤ V _{CC1} ≤ 4.0 V	2		16	MHz
φAD		input	3.0 V ≤ V _{CC1} ≤ 3.2 V	2		10	MHz
ΨΑΟ		input, AN2_0 to	4.0 V ≤ V _{CC2} ≤ 5.5 V	2		25	MHz
			3.2 V ≤ V _{CC2} ≤ 4.0 V	2		16	MHz
		AN2_7 input	3.0 V ≤ V _{CC2} ≤ 3.2 V	2		10	MHz

Note:

1. Use when $AV_{CC} = V_{CC1}$.

5. Settings

Figure 5.1 shows the Setting Procedure When Using One-Shot Mode. Refer to the User's Manual: Hardware for details on registers.

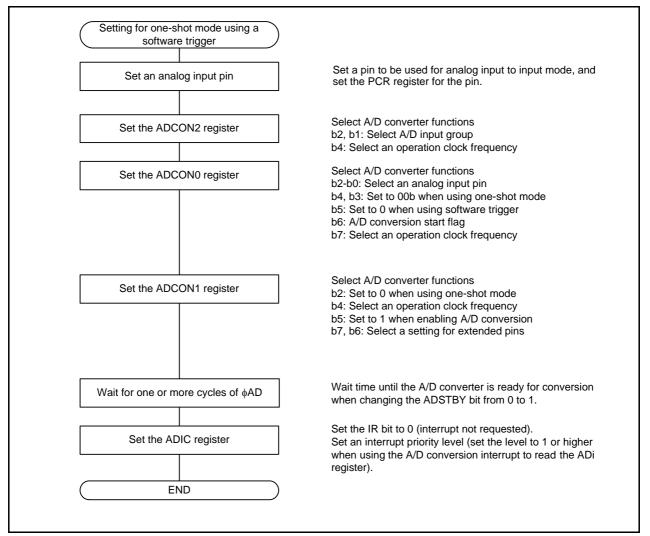


Figure 5.1 Setting Procedure When Using One-Shot Mode

6. Sample Code

A sample code can be downloaded from the Renesas Electronics website.

To download, click "Application Notes" in the left-hand side menu of the M16C Family page.

6.1 Sample Code Operation

In one-shot mode, functions listed in Table 6.1 can be selected. The settings used in the sample code are marked with "✓" in the table. The sample code operation is as follows; set the CPU clock as the main clock with no division by executing functions for CPU initialization, transition from 125 kHz on-chip oscillator mode to high-speed mode, and execute the function for A/D conversion in one-shot mode. Then set the I flag to 1 (maskable interrupts enabled), and start A/D conversion by setting the ADST bit in the ADCON0 register to 1. Use the A/D conversion interrupt to read the conversion result from the ADi register (i = 0 to 7). Refer to 6.2 Function Tables for details on functions.

Table 6.1 Sample Code Settings

Functions		Settings
	✓	f1
		f1 divided by 2
Operating clock AD		f1 divided by 3
Operating clock		f1 divided by 4
		f1 divided by 6
		f1 divided by 12
A/D :	✓	Software trigger
A/D conversion start conditions		Trigger by ADTRG
	✓	1 pin from AN0 to AN7
Analog input pins		1 pin from AN0_0 to AN0_7
		1 pin from AN2_0 to AN2_7
	✓	Not used
Extended analog input pins		ANEX0 pin
		ANEX1 pin
A/D open-circuit detection assist function	✓	Not used

6.2 Function Tables

Function Tables for This Document

Declaration	void ad_oneshot_sw(void)	
Outline	A/D conversion in one-shot mode	
Argument	None	
Variable	None	
Returned value	None	
Function	Set the A/D converter to one-shot mode and set the functions as marked in Table 6.1. Set an analog input pin to AN0, P10 to input mode, and the interrupt priority level of the A/D conversion interrupt to 1.	

Declaration	void _ad_converter(void)	
Outline	A/D converter interrupt	
Argument	None	
Variable	None	
Returned value	None	
Function This function is executed when A/D conversion interrupt occurs, and executes read_ad_register().		

Declaration	unsigned short read_ad_register(unsigned char ch)		
Outline	Read A/D register		
Argument	unsigned char ch	Select the A/D register to be read	
Variable	None		
Returned value	unsigned short read_ad_data	Value read from the A/D register	
Function	Read the A/D register selected with the unsigned char ch argument. Then return the read value as a returned value.		

Other Function Tables

Declaration	void mcu_init(void)
Outline	CPU initialization
Argument	None
Variable	None
Returned value	None
Function Set to single-chip mode. Switch the CPU clock from 125 kHz on-chip oscillator divided-by-8 to 125 kHz on-chip oscillator mode divided-by-1.	

Declaration	void highspeed_from_foco125k(void)		
Outline	Transition from 125 kHz on-chip oscillator mode to high-speed mode		
Argument	None		
Variable	None		
Returned value	eturned value None		
Function Switch the CPU clock from 125 kHz on-chip oscillator mode (fOCO-S divided high-speed mode.			



7. Reference Documents

M16C/64A Group User's Manual: Hardware Rev.1.10

The latest version can be downloaded from the Renesas Electronics website.

Technical Update/Technical News

The latest information can be downloaded from the Renesas Electronics website.

M16C Series/R8C Family C Compiler Package V.5.45 C Compiler User's Manual Rev.3.00 The latest version can be downloaded from the Renesas Electronics website.

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Revision History

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Using One-Shot Mode (Software Trigger)

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ixev.		Page	Summary
1.00	2011.03.15	_	First edition issued

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General Precautions in the Handling of MPU/MCU Products

The following usage notes are applicable to all MPU/MCU products from Renesas. For detailed usage notes on the products covered by this manual, refer to the relevant sections of the manual. If the descriptions under General Precautions in the Handling of MPU/MCU Products and in the body of the manual differ from each other, the description in the body of the manual takes precedence.

1. Handling of Unused Pins

Handle unused pins in accord with the directions given under Handling of Unused Pins in the manual.

The input pins of CMOS products are generally in the high-impedance state. In operation with an unused pin in the open-circuit state, extra electromagnetic noise is induced in the vicinity of LSI, an associated shoot-through current flows internally, and malfunctions occur due to the false recognition of the pin state as an input signal become possible. Unused pins should be handled as described under Handling of Unused Pins in the manual.

2. Processing at Power-on

The state of the product is undefined at the moment when power is supplied.

The states of internal circuits in the LSI are indeterminate and the states of register settings and pins are undefined at the moment when power is supplied.

In a finished product where the reset signal is applied to the external reset pin, the states of pins are not guaranteed from the moment when power is supplied until the reset process is completed.

In a similar way, the states of pins in a product that is reset by an on-chip power-on reset function are not guaranteed from the moment when power is supplied until the power reaches the level at which resetting has been specified.

3. Prohibition of Access to Reserved Addresses

Access to reserved addresses is prohibited.

 The reserved addresses are provided for the possible future expansion of functions. Do not access these addresses; the correct operation of LSI is not guaranteed if they are accessed.

4. Clock Signals

After applying a reset, only release the reset line after the operating clock signal has become stable. When switching the clock signal during program execution, wait until the target clock signal has stabilized.

— When the clock signal is generated with an external resonator (or from an external oscillator) during a reset, ensure that the reset line is only released after full stabilization of the clock signal. Moreover, when switching to a clock signal produced with an external resonator (or by an external oscillator) while program execution is in progress, wait until the target clock signal is stable.

5. Differences between Products

Before changing from one product to another, i.e. to one with a different part number, confirm that the change will not lead to problems.

— The characteristics of MPU/MCU in the same group but having different part numbers may differ because of the differences in internal memory capacity and layout pattern. When changing to products of different part numbers, implement a system-evaluation test for each of the products.

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