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# H8/300H SLP Series

# Pulse Cycle Measurement Using TPU Cascaded Operation Function

### Introduction

Two 16-bit timer counter channels of the 16-bit timer pulse unit (TPU) are connected and operated as a 32-bit timer counter, and the time (cycle) from the rising edge of a pulse input simultaneously to input capture input pins (TIOCA1, TIOCA2) to the next rising edge is measured.

## **Target Device**

H8/38076R

### **Contents**

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# 1. Specifications

- The cascaded operation function of the 16-bit timer pulse unit (TPU) is used to measure the time (cycle) from the rising edge of a pulse input simultaneously to the TGRA\_1 input capture input pin (TIOCA1) and TGRA\_2 input capture input pin (TIOCA2) to the next rising edge.
- Cascaded operation is a function for connecting two 16-bit counter channels and operating them as a 32-bit counter.
- By inputting a rising edge simultaneously to the TIOCA1 pin and TIOCA2 pin, a 32-bit counter value is transferred, the upper 16 bits being transferred to timer general register A\_1 (TGRA\_1) and the lower 16 bits to timer general register A\_2 (TGRA\_2).
- In this sample task, internal clock  $\phi$  is set as the input clock of the 32-bit timer counter. At  $\phi = 10$  MHz operation, the resolution is 100 ns and the measurable cycle is 429.49 s. The captured 32-bit counter value is stored in RAM.
- An example of pulse cycle measurement by means of the TPU cascaded operation function is shown in figure 1.

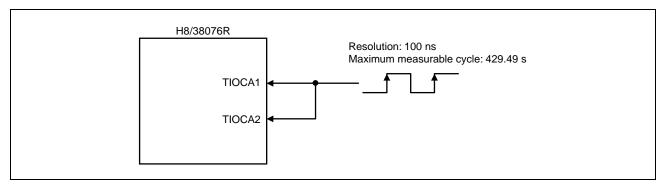


Figure 1 Example of Pulse Cycle Measurement Using TPU Cascaded Operation Function

### 2. Functions Used

### 2.1 TPU Cascaded Operation Function

In this sample task, the cascaded operation function of the TPU is used to measure the cycle of a pulse input simultaneously to the TIOCA1 pin and TIOCA2 pin. A block diagram of the cascaded operation function of the TPU is shown in figure 2. The block diagram of the cascaded operation function of the TPU is explained below.

- System clock (φ)
  - 10-MHz clock used as the reference clock for operating the CPU and peripheral function modules
- Timer control register\_1 (TCR\_1), timer control register\_2 (TCR\_2)
   These registers select timer counter\_1 (TCNT\_1), timer counter\_2 (TCNT\_2) counter clearing source. input clock edge, and clock source.
- Timer mode register\_1 (TMDR\_1), timer mode register\_2 (TMDR\_2)
  These registers set the operating modes of channels 1 and 2.
- Timer I/O control register\_1 (TIOR\_1), timer I/O control register\_2 (TIOR\_2)

  These registers control timer general register A\_1 (TGRA\_1) and timer general register A\_2 (TGRA\_2).
- Timer interrupt enable register\_1 (TIER\_1)
  Enables or disables of channel 1 interrupt requests.



- Timer status register\_1 (TSR\_1)
  Indicates the state of channel 1.
- Timer counter 1 (TCNT 1)

A 16-bit readable/writable counter that operates as the upper 16 bits of a 32-bit timer counter. Counts on overflow of TCNT 2.

• Timer counter 2 (TCNT 2)

A 16-bit readable/writable counter that operates as the lower 16 bits of a 32-bit timer counter. Counts at the rising edge of internal clock  $\phi$ .

• Timer general register A 1 (TGRA 1)

A 16-bit readable/writable input capture register that stores the upper 16-bit counter value (TCNT\_1 counter value) of the 32-bit timer counter at the rising edge of a pulse input to the TIOCA1 pin

• Timer general register A 2 (TGRA 2)

A 16-bit readable/writable input capture register that stores the lower 16-bit counter value (TCNT\_2 counter value) of the 32-bit timer counter at the rising edge of a pulse input to the TIOCA2 pin

• Timer start register (TSTR)

Controls operation/stopping of timer counter 1 (TCNT 1) and timer counter 2 (TCNT 2).

• An example of input capture input cycle calculation is shown below. (In this sample task, the count value of the 32-bit timer counter is stored in RAM.)

 $(\phi = 10 \text{ MHz}, 32\text{-bit timer counter input clock} = \phi)$ 

TIOCA1, TIOCA2 pin input pulse cycle

- = 32-bit timer counter value × 32-bit timer counter input clock
- = ([TCNT 1 (upper 16 bits)][TCNT 1 (lower 16 bits)])  $\times$  100 ns



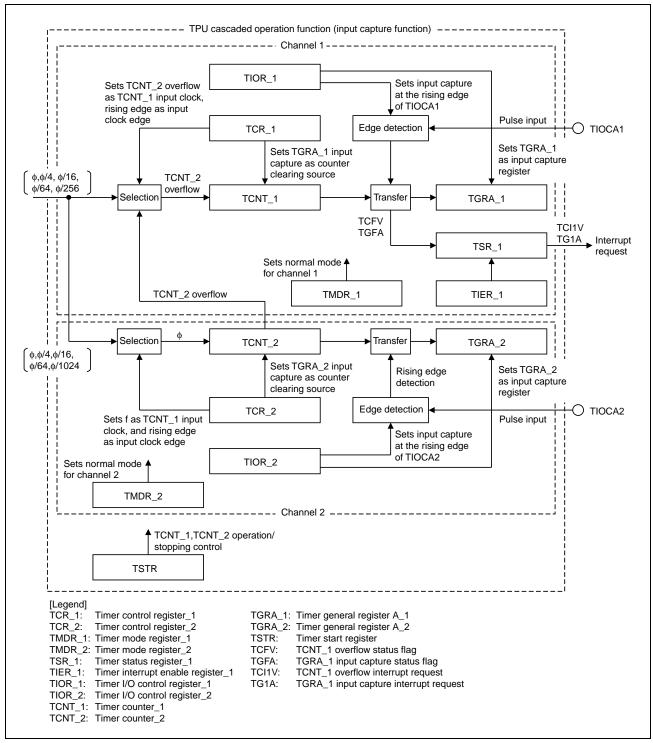


Figure 2 Block Diagram of Cascaded Operation Function



## 2.2 Assignment of Functions

Table 1 shows the assignment of functions in this sample task. Using functions assigned as shown in table 1, pulse cycles are measured by using the cascaded operation function of the TPU.

Table 1 Assignment of Functions

Elements	Description
TCR_1	Sets TGRA_1 input capture as TCNT_1 counter clearing source, rising edge as TCNT_1 input clock edge, and TCNT_2 overflow as TCNT_1 counter clock
TCR_2	Sets TGRA_2 input capture as TCNT_2 counter clearing source, rising edge as TCNT_2 input clock edge, and internal clock $\phi$ as TCNT_2 counter clock
TMDR_1	Sets normal mode as channel 1 operating mode
TMDR_2	Sets normal mode as channel 2 operating mode
TIOR_1	Sets input capture register as TGRA_1 function, and input capture at the rising edge as TIOCA1 pin function
TIOR_2	Sets input capture register as TGRA_2 function, and input capture at the rising edge as TIOCA2 pin function
TIER_1	Enables TCNT_1 overflow interrupt request and TGRA_1 input capture interrupt request
TSR_1	Indicates TCNT_1 overflow and TGRA_1 input capture status
TCNT_1	Upper 16 bits of 32-bit timer counter
TCNT_2	Lower 16 bits of 32-bit timer counter
TGRA_1	Input capture register that stores upper 16 bits of 32-bit timer counter
TGRA_2	Input capture register that stores lower 16 bits of 32-bit timer counter
TSTR	Controls operation/stopping of TCNT_1 and TCNT_2
TIOCA1	TGRA_1 input capture input pin, used to input cycle measurement pulse
TIOCA2	TGRA_2 input capture input pin, used to input cycle measurement pulse



## 3. Principles of Operation

The principles of operation of this sample task are illustrated in figure 3. Using the hardware and software processing shown in figure 3, PWM output is performed by means of the TPU synchronous operation function.

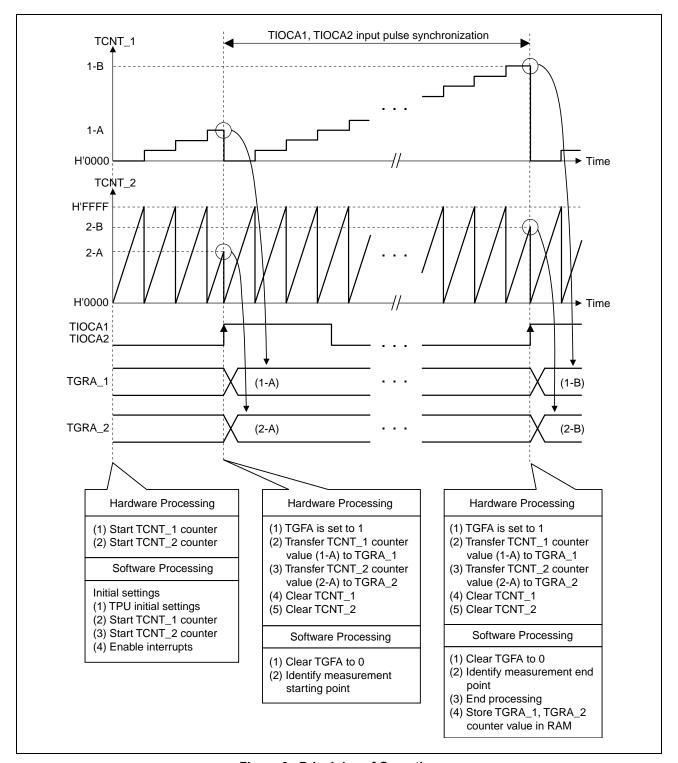


Figure 3 Principles of Operation



## 4. Description of Software

### 4.1 Modules

Table 2 shows the modules used in this sample task.

#### Table 2 Modules

Function Name	Description
main	TPU initial settings, TCNT_1 and TCNT_2 count operation start, interrupt enabling, storing 32-bit timer counter value in RAM at end of measurement, end processing
int_tg1a	TGRA_1 input capture A interrupt processing, measurement starting point/end point identification
int_tci1v	TCNT_1 overflow interrupt processing, measurement error identification

# 4.2 Arguments

No arguments are used in this sample task.

# 4.3 Internal Registers Used

The internal registers used in this sample task are shown below.

•	TSTR	Timer start register	Address: H'F030
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Bit	Bit Name	Set Value	R/W	Description
2	CST2	1	R/W	Counter start 2
				Selects TCNT_2 operation or stopping.
				CST2 = 1: TCNT_2 performs count operation
1	CST1	1	R/W	Counter start 1
				Selects TCNT_1 operation or stopping.
				CST1 = 1: TCNT_1 performs count operation

•	TCR_1 Timer	control register	r_1	Address: H'F040
Bit	Bit Name	Set Value	R/W	Description
6	CCLR1	0	R/W	Counter clear 1, 0
5	CCLR0	1	R/W	Select the TCNT_1 counter clearing source.
				CCLR1 = 0, CCLR0 = 1: TCNT_1 cleared by TGRA_1 input capture
4	CKEG1	0	R/W	Clock edge 1, 0
3	CKEG0	0	R/W	Select the TCNT_1 input clock edge.
				CKEG1 = 0, CKEG0 = 0: Counts at the rising edge
2	TPSC2	1	R/W	Timer prescaler 2, 1, 0
1	TPSC1	1	R/W	Select the TCNT_1 clock source.
0	TPSC0	1	R/W	TPSC2 = 1, TPSC1 = 1, TPSC0 = 1: Counts on TCNT_2 overflow

• ]	ΓMDR_1 Tin	ner mode regist	er_1	Address: H'F041
Bit	Bit Name	Set Value	R/W	Description
1	MD1	0	R/W	Mode 1, 0
0	MD0	0	R/W	Select the TPU_1 operating mode.
				MD1 = 0, MD0 = 0: TPU_1 set to normal operation mode
• ]	ΓΙΟR_1 Time	er I/O control re	gister_1	Address: H'F042
Bit	Bit Name	Set Value	R/W	Description
3	IOA3	1	R/W	I/O control A3 to A0
2	IOA2	0	R/W	Select the function of TGRA_1.
1	IOA1	0	R/W	IOA3 = 1, IOA2 = 0, IOA1 = 0, IOA0 = 0: TGRA_1 function is input
0	IOA0	0	R/W	capture register, input capture at the rising edge of TIOCA1 pin
• ]	ΓΙΕR_1 Time	r interrupt enab	ole register	Address: H'F044
Bit	Bit Name	Set Value	R/W	Description
4	TCIEV	1	R/W	Overflow interrupt enable
				Enables or disables TCFV flag interrupt request (TCIV) when TCFV flag is set to 1 in TSR_1.
				TCIEV = 1: TCFV flag interrupt request (TCIV) enabled
0	TGIEA	1	R/W	TGR interrupt enable A
				Enables or disables TGFA flag interrupt request (TGIA) when TGFA

•	TSR_1	Timer status register_1	Address: H'F045
---	-------	-------------------------	-----------------

Bit	Bit Name	Set Value	R/W	Description
4	TCFV	0	R/(W)*	Overflow flag
				Status flag indicating occurrence of TCNT_1 overflow
				[Setting condition]
				When TCNT_1 value overflows (H'FFFF $\rightarrow$ H'0000)
				[Clearing condition]
				When 0 is written to TCFV after TCFV is read while set to 1
0	TGFA	0	R/(W)*	Input capture flag A
				Status flag indicating occurrence of TGRA_1 input capture
				[Setting condition]
				When TCNT_1 value is transferred to TGRA_1 in response to input capture signal
				[Clearing condition]
				When 0 is written to TGFA after TGFA is read while set to 1

flag is set to 1 in TSR\_1.

TGIEA = 1: TGFA flag interrupt request (TGIA) enabled

Note: \* Only 0 can be written to clear the flag.



• ′	TCNT_1 Time	er counter_1	Addres	ss: H'F046
Bit	Bit Name	Set Value	R/W	Description
15	Bit 15	0	R/W	Timer counter_1
14	Bit 14	0	R/W	16-bit readable/writable counter. TCNT_1 is initialized to H'0000 at a
13	Bit 13	0	R/W	reset. TCNT_1 cannot be accessed in 8-bit units, and must always be accessed in 16-bit units.
12	Bit 12	0	R/W	In cascaded operation, TCNT_1 functions as the upper 16 bits of the
11	Bit 11	0	R/W	32-bit timer counter.
10	Bit 10	0	R/W	
9	Bit 9	0	R/W	
8	Bit 8	0	R/W	
7	Bit 7	0	R/W	
6	Bit 6	0	R/W	
5	Bit 5	0	R/W	
4	Bit 4	0	R/W	
3	Bit 3	0	R/W	
2	Bit 2	0	R/W	
1	Bit 1	0	R/W	
0	Bit 0	0	R/W	

•	TGRA_1 Timer general register A_1			Address: H'F048
Bit	Bit Name	Set Value	R/W	Description
15	Bit 15	_	R/W	Timer general register A_1
14	Bit 14		R/W	A 16-bit readable/writable register, functioning as either output
13	Bit 13		R/W	compare or input capture register. TGRA_1 is initialized to H'FFFF at a reset. TGRA 1 cannot be accessed in 8-bit units, and must always
12	Bit 12	_	R/W	be accessed in 16-bit units.
11	Bit 11	_	R/W	In cascaded operation, TGRA_1 stores the upper 16 bits (TCNT_1
10	Bit 10	_	R/W	value) of the 32-bit timer counter at the rising edge of a pulse input to
9	Bit 9	_	R/W	the TIOCA1 pin
8	Bit 8	_	R/W	
7	Bit 7	_	R/W	
6	Bit 6	_	R/W	
5	Bit 5	_	R/W	
4	Bit 4	_	R/W	
3	Bit 3	_	R/W	
2	Bit 2	_	R/W	
1	Bit 1	_	R/W	
0	Bit 0	_	R/W	

• ]	• TCR_2 Timer control register_2			Address: H'F050
Bit	Bit Name	Set Value	R/W	Description
6	CCLR1	0	R/W	Counter clear 1, 0
5	CCLR0	1	R/W	Select the TCNT_2 counter clearing source.
				CCLR1 = 0, CCLR0 = 1: TCNT_2 cleared by TGRA_2 input capture
4	CKEG1	0	R/W	Clock edge 1, 0
3	CKEG0	0	R/W	Select the TCNT_2 input clock edge.
				CKEG1 = 0, CKEG0 = 0: Counts at the rising edge
2	TPSC2	0	R/W	Timer prescaler 2, 1, 0
1	TPSC1	0	R/W	Select the TCNT_2 clock source.
0	TPSC0	0	R/W	TPSC2 = 0, TPSC1 = 0, TPSC0 = 0: Counts on internal clock φ

•	TMDR_2 Tir	ner mode registe	er_2	Address: H'F051
Bit	Bit Name	Set Value	R/W	Description
1	MD1	0	R/W	Mode 1, 0
0	MD0	0	R/W	Select the TPU_2 operating mode.
				MD1 = 0, MD0 = 0: TPU_2 set to normal operation mode

• T	TOR_2 Time	r I/O control re	gister_2	Address: H'F052	
Bit	Bit Name	Set Value	R/W	Description	
3	IOA3	1	R/W	I/O control A3 to A0	
2	IOA2	X	R/W	Select the function of TGRA_2.	
1	IOA1	0	R/W	IOA3 = 1, IOA2 = x, IOA1 = 0, IOA0 = 0: TGRA_2 function is input	
0	IOA0	0	R/W	capture register, input capture at the rising edge of TIOCA2 pin	

x: Don't care



•	TCNT_2 Time	er counter_2	Address	: H'F056
Bit	Bit Name	Set Value	R/W	Description
15	Bit 15	0	R/W	Timer counter_2
14	Bit 14	0	R/W	16-bit readable/writable counter. TCNT_2 is initialized to H'0000 at a
13	Bit 13	0	R/W	reset. TCNT_2 cannot be accessed in 8-bit units, and must always be accessed in 16-bit units.
12	Bit 12	0	R/W	
11	Bit 11	0	R/W	In cascaded operation, TCNT_2 functions as the lower 16 bits of the 32-bit timer counter.
10	Bit 10	0	R/W	
9	Bit 9	0	R/W	
8	Bit 8	0	R/W	
7	Bit 7	0	R/W	
6	Bit 6	0	R/W	
5	Bit 5	0	R/W	
4	Bit 4	0	R/W	
3	Bit 3	0	R/W	
2	Bit 2	0	R/W	
1	Bit 1	0	R/W	
0	Bit 0	0	R/W	

•	TGRA_2 Timer general register A_2		ter A_2	Address: H'F058
Bit	Bit Name	Set Value	R/W	Description
15	Bit 15	_	R/W	Timer general register A_2
14	Bit 14	_	R/W	A 16-bit readable/writable register, functioning as either output
13	Bit 13	_	R/W	compare or input capture register. TGRA_2 is initialized to H'FFFF at a reset. TGRA_2 cannot be accessed in 8-bit units, and must always
12	Bit 12	_	R/W	be accessed in 16-bit units.
11	Bit 11	_	R/W	In cascaded operation, TGRA 2 stores the lower 16-bit (TCNT 2)
10	Bit 10	_	R/W	value of the 32-bit timer counter at the rising edge of a pulse input to
9	Bit 9	_	R/W	the TIOCA2 pin.
8	Bit 8	_	R/W	
7	Bit 7		R/W	
6	Bit 6	_	R/W	
5	Bit 5	_	R/W	
4	Bit 4	_	R/W	
3	Bit 3	_	R/W	
2	Bit 2	_	R/W	
1	Bit 1		R/W	
0	Bit 0	_	R/W	



### 4.4 Constants Used

No constants are used in this sample task.

# 4.5 RAM Usage

Table 3 describes RAM usage in this sample task.

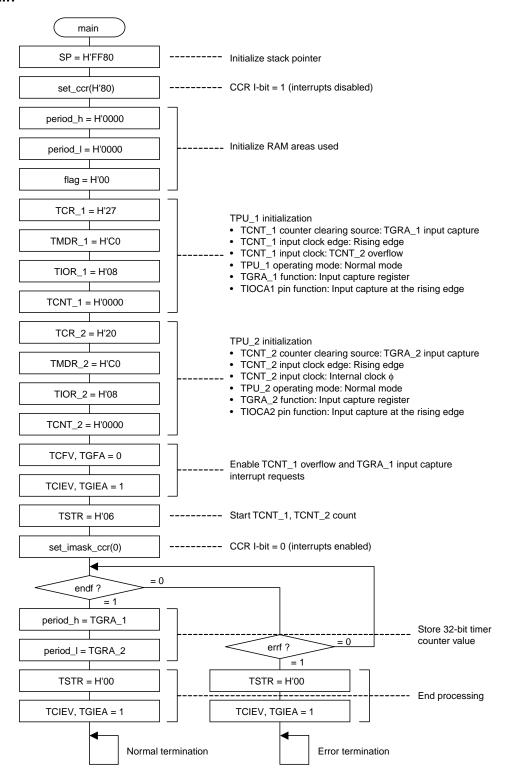
Table 3 RAM Usage

Label period_h		Description	<b>Amount of Memory Used</b>	Used in main	
		Stores upper 16 bits of 32-bit timer counter value from rising edge of TIOCA1 pin, TIOCA2 pin input pulse to next rising edge.	1 word		
period	_l	Stores lower 16 bits of 32-bit timer counter value from rising edge of TIOCA1 pin, TIOCA2 pin input pulse to next rising edge.	1 word	main	
flag	endf	Flag indicating end of measurement	1 bit	main, int_tg1a	
	strf	Flag indicating start of measurement	1 bit	int_tg1a, int_tci1v	
	errf	Flag indicating that TCNT_1 has overflowed	1 bit	main, int_tci1v	



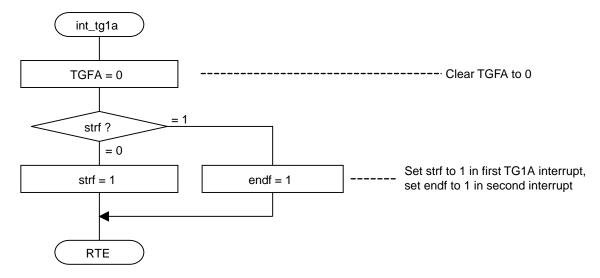
### 5. Flowcharts

#### 5.1 main

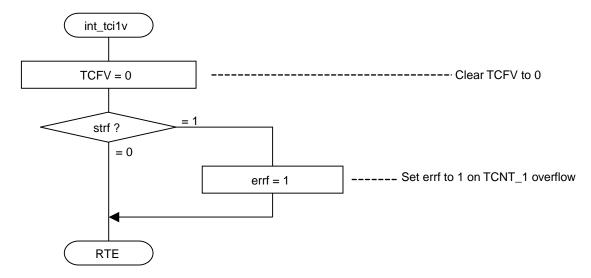




# 5.2 int\_tg1a



## 5.3 int\_tci1v



### • Link Address Specifications

Section Name	Address
CV1	H'0000
CV2	H'003A
CV3	H'003E
Р	H'0100
В	H'F780



# **Revision Record**

_		4.
1100	Crir	ntian
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