

RX231 Group

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On-chip Flash Memory Programming Solution using Capacitive

Touch Sensing Unit and USB Memory

RX Driver Package Application

Introduction

This document is an application note of the on-chip flash memory programming solution using RX231 built-in Capacitive Touch Sensing Unit (CTSU) and USB Memory.

This application note includes the main program that writes the program stored in the USB memory into the RX231 on-chip flash memory and execute it.

The main program of the application note is used in combination with FAT file system, USB driver, Flash memory module included in the RX110, RX111, RX113, RX231 Group RX Driver Package.

Target Device

RX231 Group

When using this application note with other Renesas MCUs, careful evaluation is recommended after making modifications to comply with the alternate.

Related Documents

- Firmware Integration Technology User's Manual (R01AN1833EU)
- RX Family Board Support Package Module Using Firmware Integration Technology (R01AN1685EU)
- RX Family Adding Firmware Integration Technology Modules to Projects (R01AN1723EU)
- RX Family Adding Firmware Integration Technology Modules to CubeSuite+ Projects (R01AN1826EJ)

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1. Overview

1.1 This Application Note

This application note describes the procedure for main program evaluation by combining the Board Support Package (referred to as “BSP”), Flash memory (referred to as “Flash API”), USB driver (Host Mass Storage Class Driver “USB HMSC” and “Basic Firmware”), M3S-TFAT-Tiny FAT file system (referred to as “TFAT”) of Firmware Integration Technology (referred to as “FIT”) modules included in the RX110/RX111/RX113/RX231 Group RX Driver Package, and Capacitive Touch Sensor Unit (CTSUs).

This application note operates on the Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX231 (referred to as “RSK” in the remainder of this document)

The program (Sample program) executed after the programming is also available. The sample program is stored in the “demo” folder in each project.

1.2 Operating Environment

The table below lists the operating environment of the main program and the sample program.

Table 1-1 Operating Environment

Items	Contents
Microcontroller	RX231 Group
Evaluation board	Renesas Starter Kit for RX231 (Part No.: R0K505231S000BE)
Integrated development environment (IDE)	e2 studio, V4.1.0 or later
C Compiler	RX Family C/C++ Compiler Package V2.03.00 or later
Emulator	E1
Endian	Little endian
RX Driver Package	RX110/RX111/RX113/RX231 Group RX Driver Package Ver.1.01 (R01AN2670EJ)*

Note:* Operation of this application note has been verified when the modules in the RX Driver Package mentioned above are incorporated. If any of the modules used in this application note are replaced with a different module, the user must verify the operation.

1.3 Module Structure

Figure 1-1 shows Module structure of the main program, and Table 1-1 lists the FIT modules to be included in the main program. Some modules are included in the sample program.

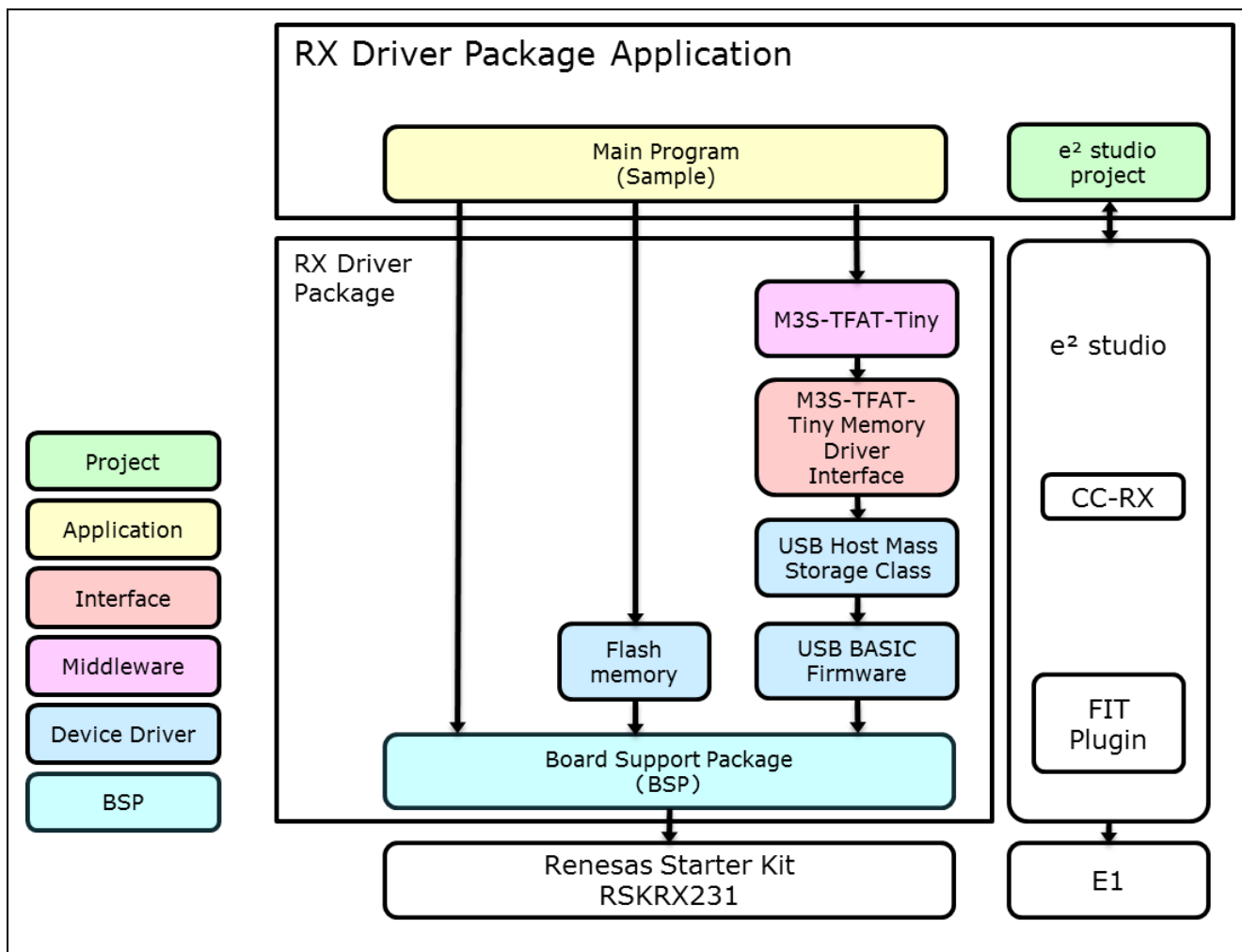


Figure 1-1 Module Structure

Table 1-1 Modules

Type	Module	FIT Module Name	Rev.
BSP	Board Support Package (BSP)	r_bsp	3.01
Middleware	M3S-TFAT-Tiny FAT file system (TFAT)	r_tfat_rx	3.02
	M3S-TFAT-Tiny Memory Driver Interface	r_tfat_driver_rx	1.02
Device Driver	USB Basic Firmware	r_usb_basic	1.01
	USB Host Mass Storage Class (USB HMSC)	r_usb_hmsc	1.01
	Flash memory (Flash API)	r_flash_rx	1.30
Application	Main program FIT module	r_flash_writer_rx231	1.00

1.4 File Structure

Figure 1-2 shows the file structure used in this application note.

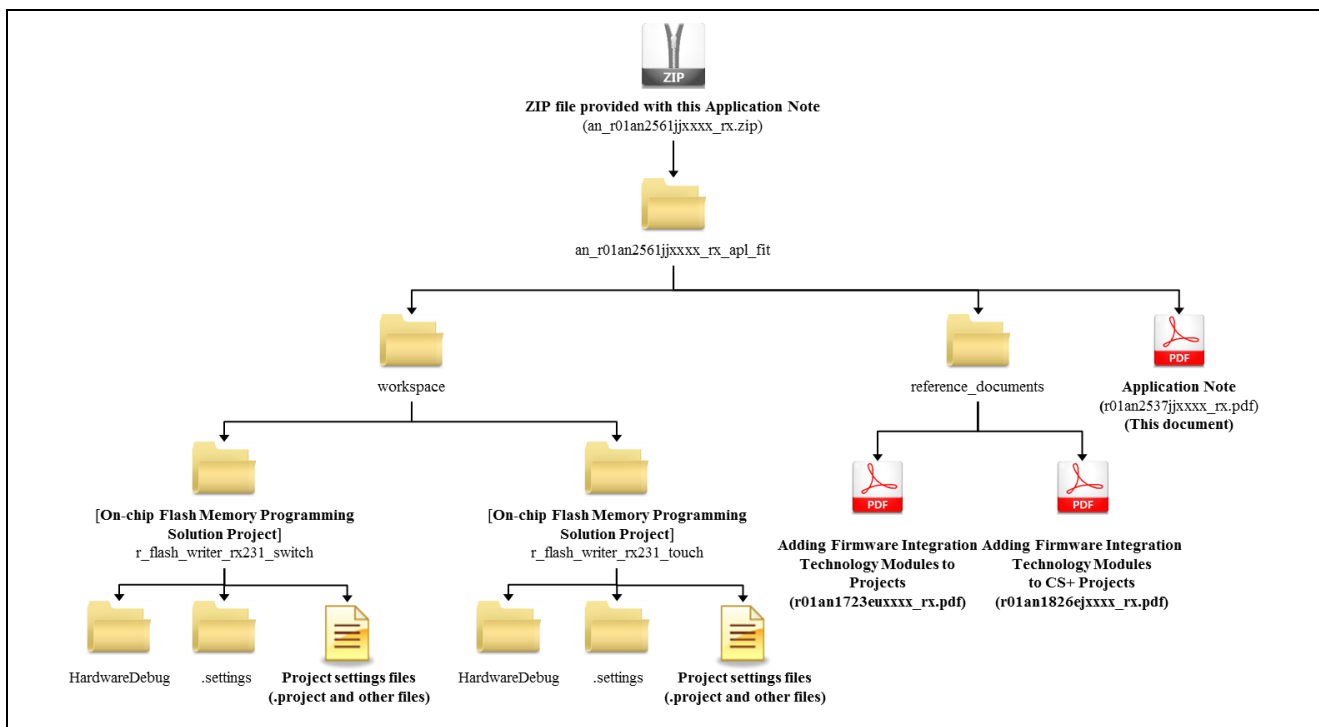


Figure 1-2 File Structure

When the ZIP file provided with this application note is decompressed, a folder with the same name is created, and the various folders and files are created within that folder

The “workspace” folder is the project to build “On-chip Flash Memory Programming application using the USB memory”. To use the e² studio, import the project into the workspace.

Documents that describe using the FIT modules in various development environments are included in the **reference_documents** folder. The document “Adding Firmware Integration Technology Modules to Projects” (R01AN1723EU) describes the method for including the FIT modules, as a FIT plugin, in an e² studio project. The document “Adding Firmware Integration Technology Modules to CS+ Projects” (R01AN1826EJ) describes the method for including the FIT modules in a CubeSuite+ project.

2. Acquiring a Development Environment

2.1 Acquire and install e² studio

Access the following URL and download the e² studio.

http://japan.renesas.com/e2studio_download

This document requires you to use e² studio V4.1.0 or later. If the version older than V4.1.0 is used, some functions of the e² studio may not be available. For download, obtain the latest version of the e² studio on the website

2.2 Acquire a Compiler Package

Access the following URL and download the RX Family C/C++ Compiler Package.

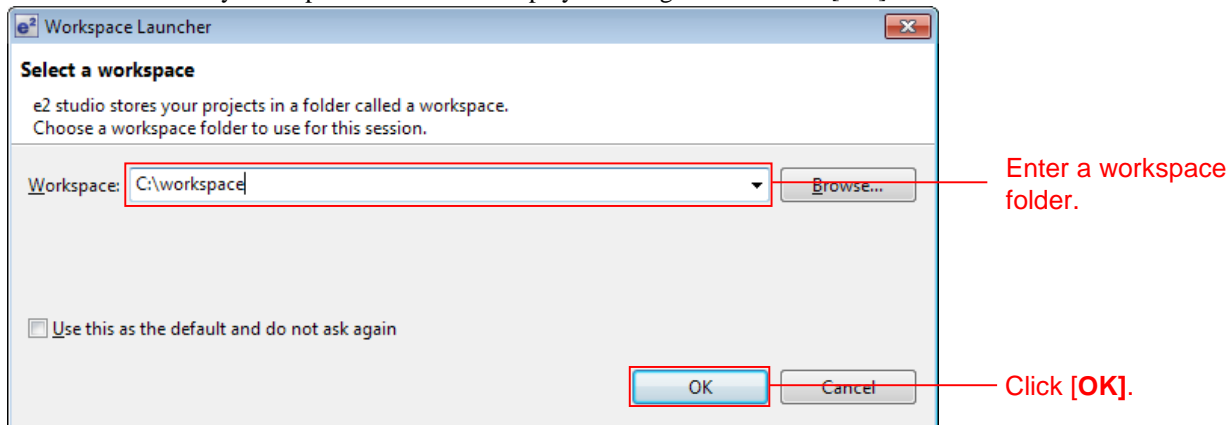
http://japan.renesas.com/e2studio_download

3. Building a Project

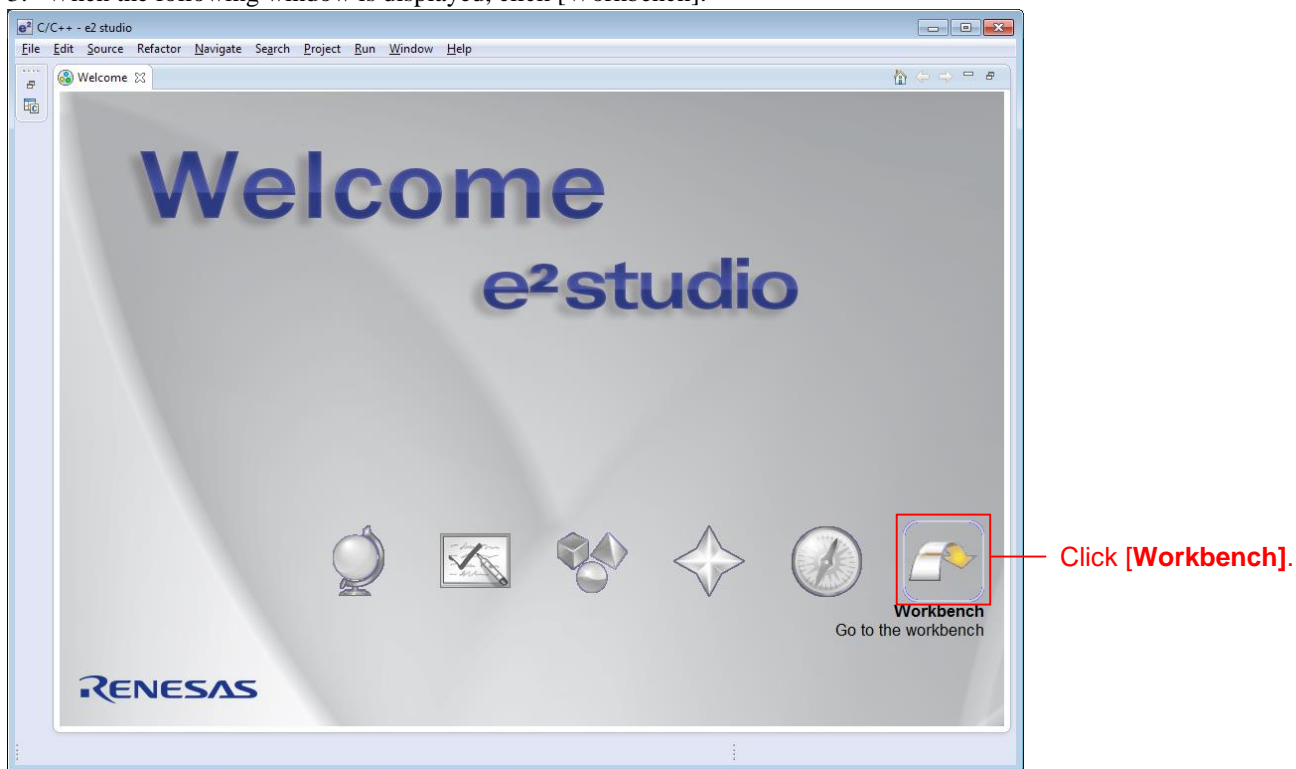
This application note includes environment-built project. The procedure to import a Project using e2 studio Smart browser is described below.

3.1 Create a Workspace

1. Start e² studio.
2. Enter an arbitrary workspace folder in the displayed dialog box and click [OK].



3. When the following window is displayed, click [Workbench].

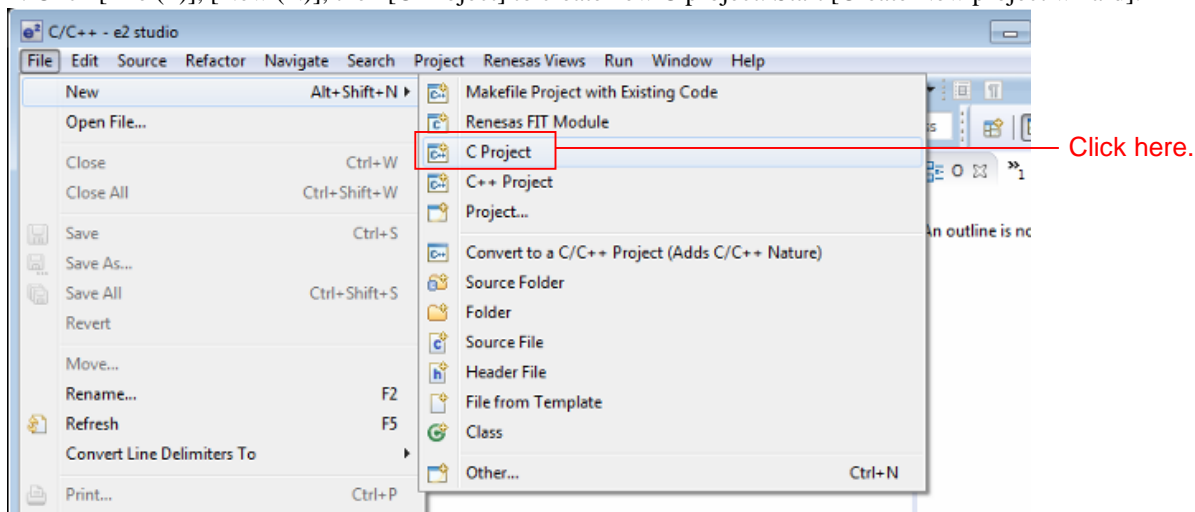


3.2 Create a Project

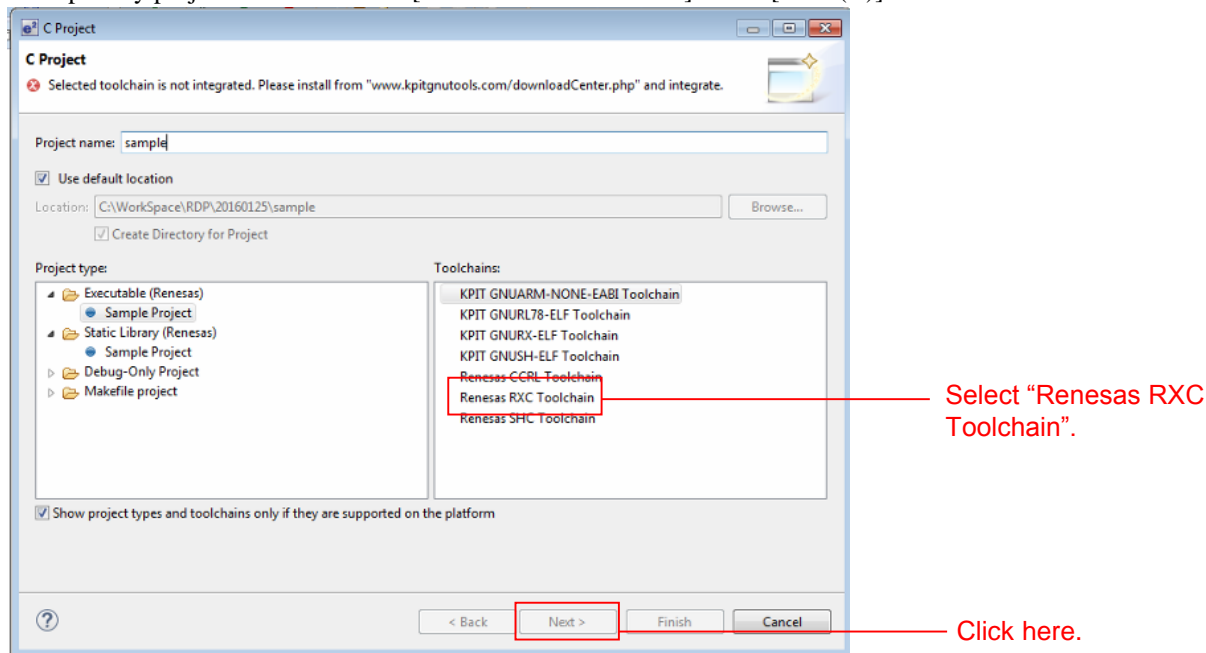
When using the Smart browser function, the target project or file needs to be selected. To use this function, create the project that specified the target device (Note 1).

Note 1: The project to be created here is a dummy to use the Smart browser.

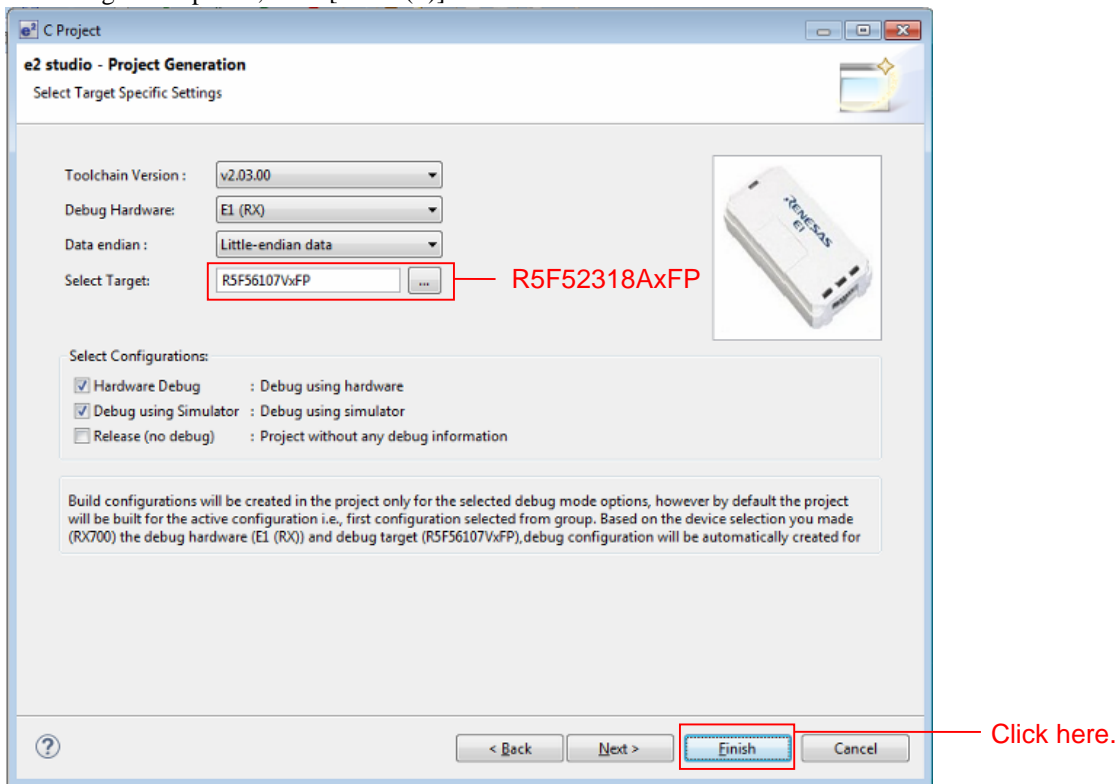
1. Click [File (F)], [New (N)], then [C Project] to create new C project. Start [Create New project wizard].



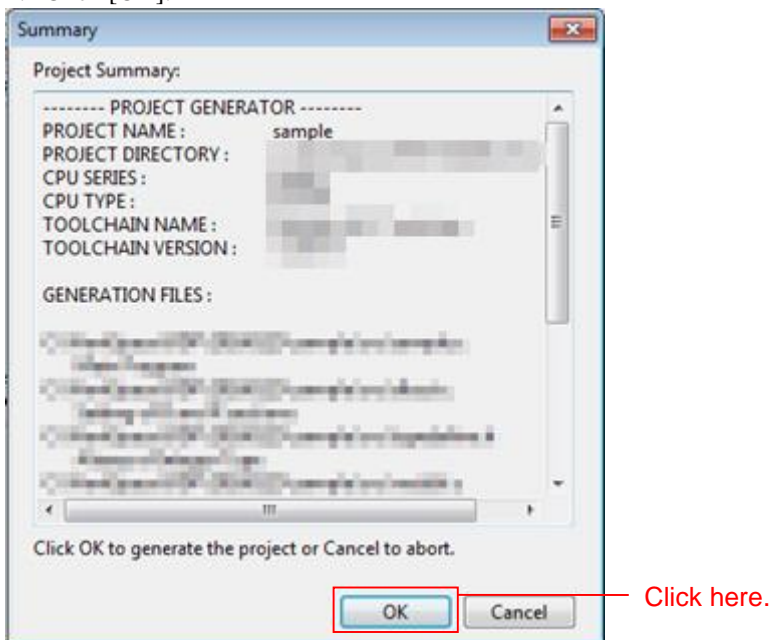
2. Input any project name and select [Renesas RXC Toolchain]. Click [Next (N)].



- 3. Set Select Target to R5F52318AxFP for RX231 100 Pin device. For other items, any setting is OK. When the setting is completed, click [Finish(F)].



- 4. Click [OK].



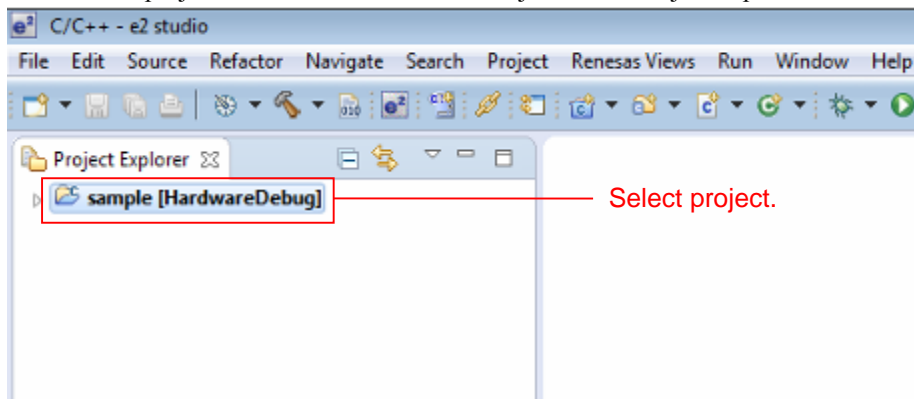
3.3 Import a Project

Import the project of Main program in the workspace created.

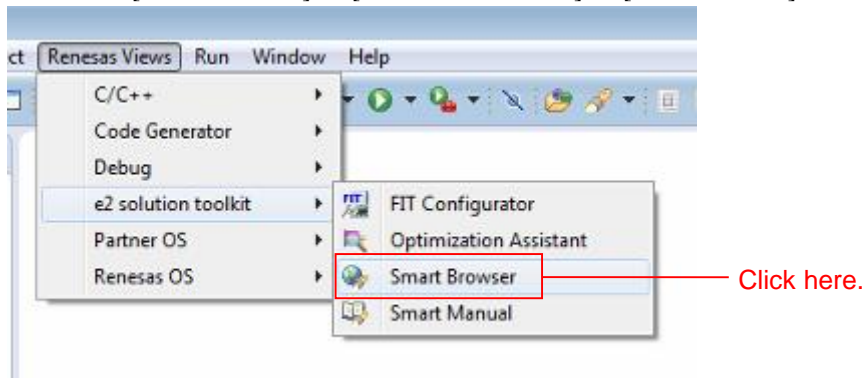
This application note includes the projects that select a file by;

- Capacitive Touch Sensor Unit (CTSU)
- Switch

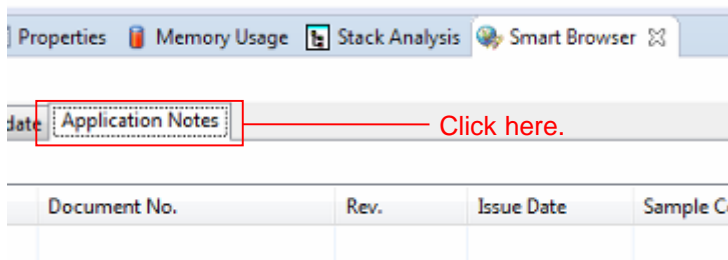
1. Select the project created in "3.2 Create a Project" from Project explorer.



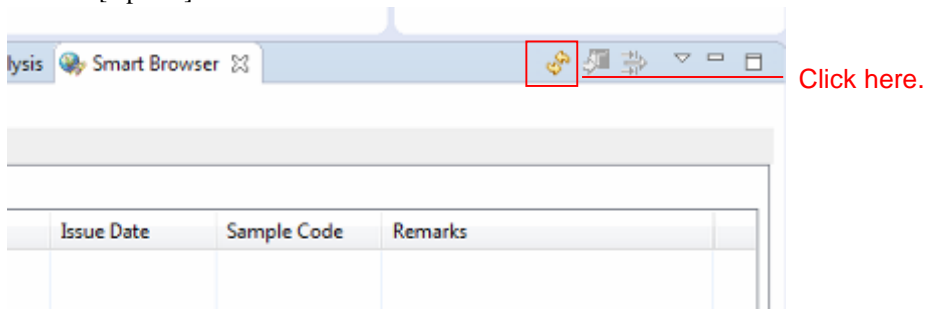
2. Click on [Renesas Views] → [e2 Solution Tool kit] → [Smart browser] to start the Smart browser.



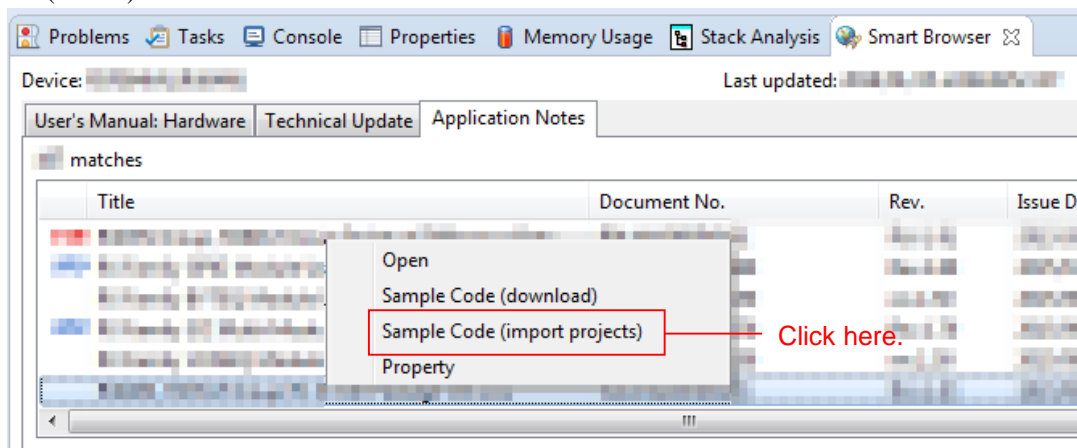
3. Click on the [Application Note] on the [Smart browser] tabbed page.



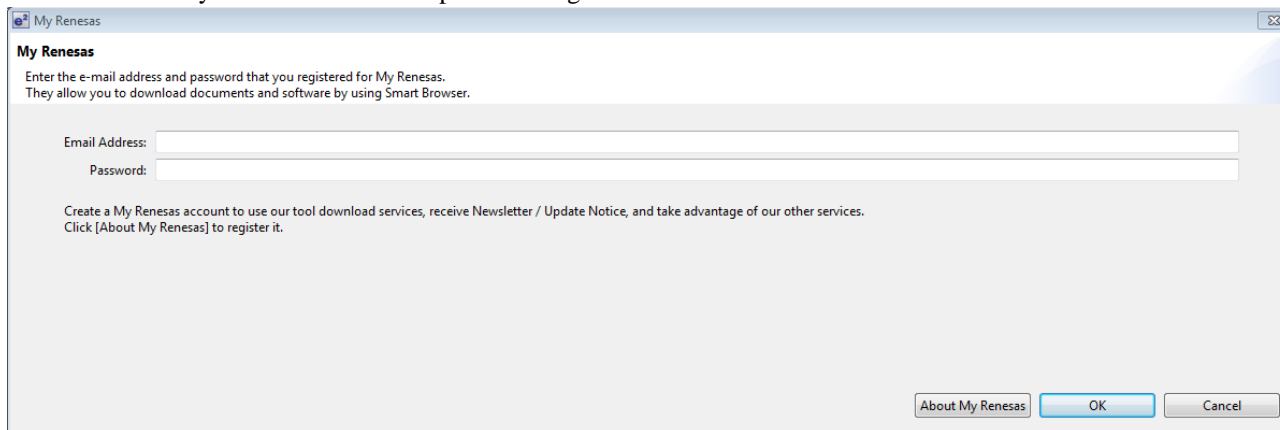
4. Click [Update]. 



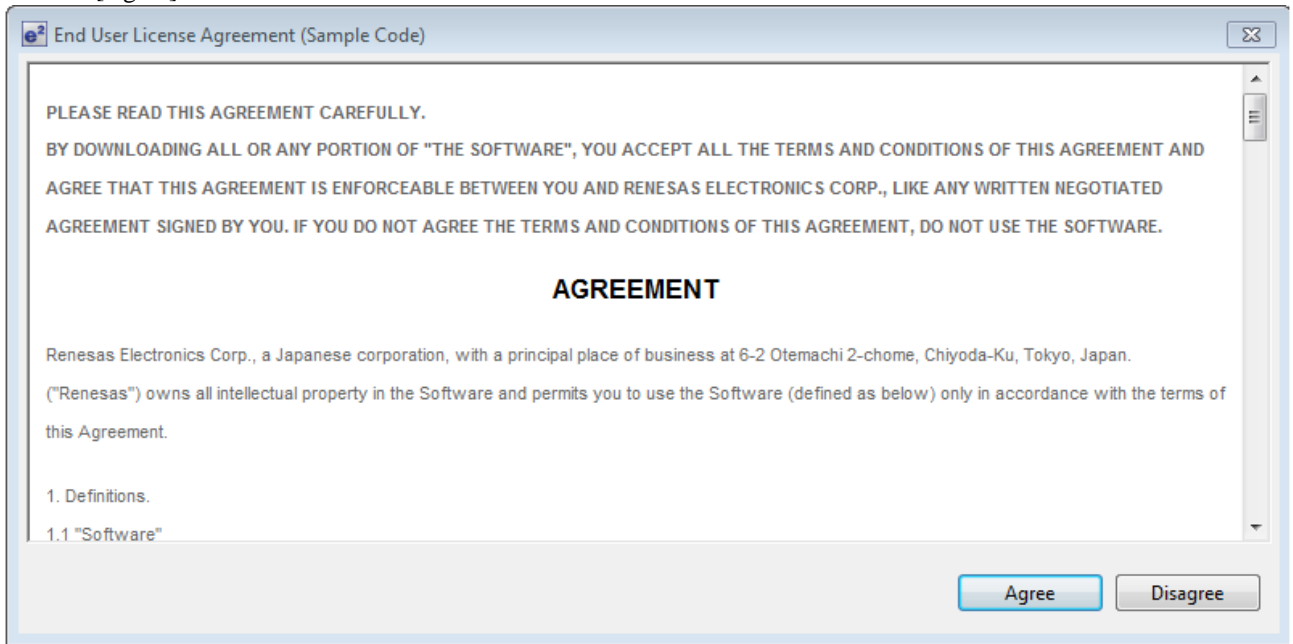
5. Select the application note and right-click. Then, click on [Sample code(Project import)] in the context menu. (Note 1).



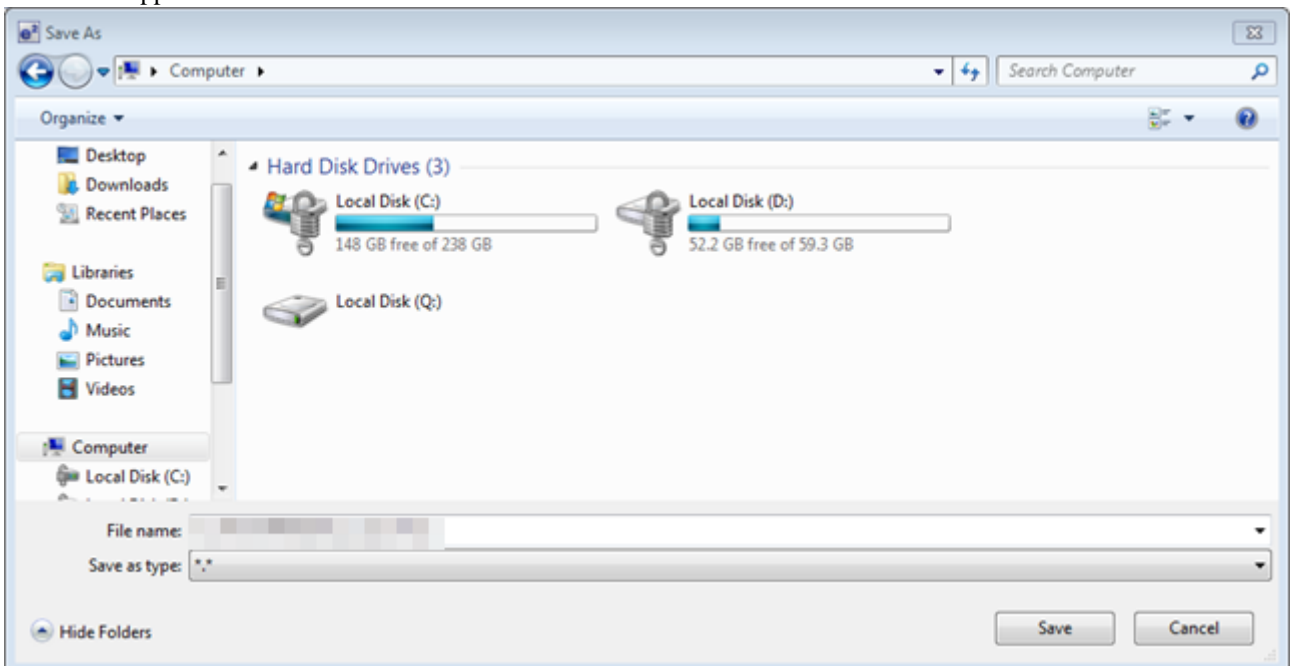
Note 1: If authentication by My Renesas has never been performed, "My Renesas" dialog opens when downloading the file. Enter your mail address and password registered in the Renesas website.



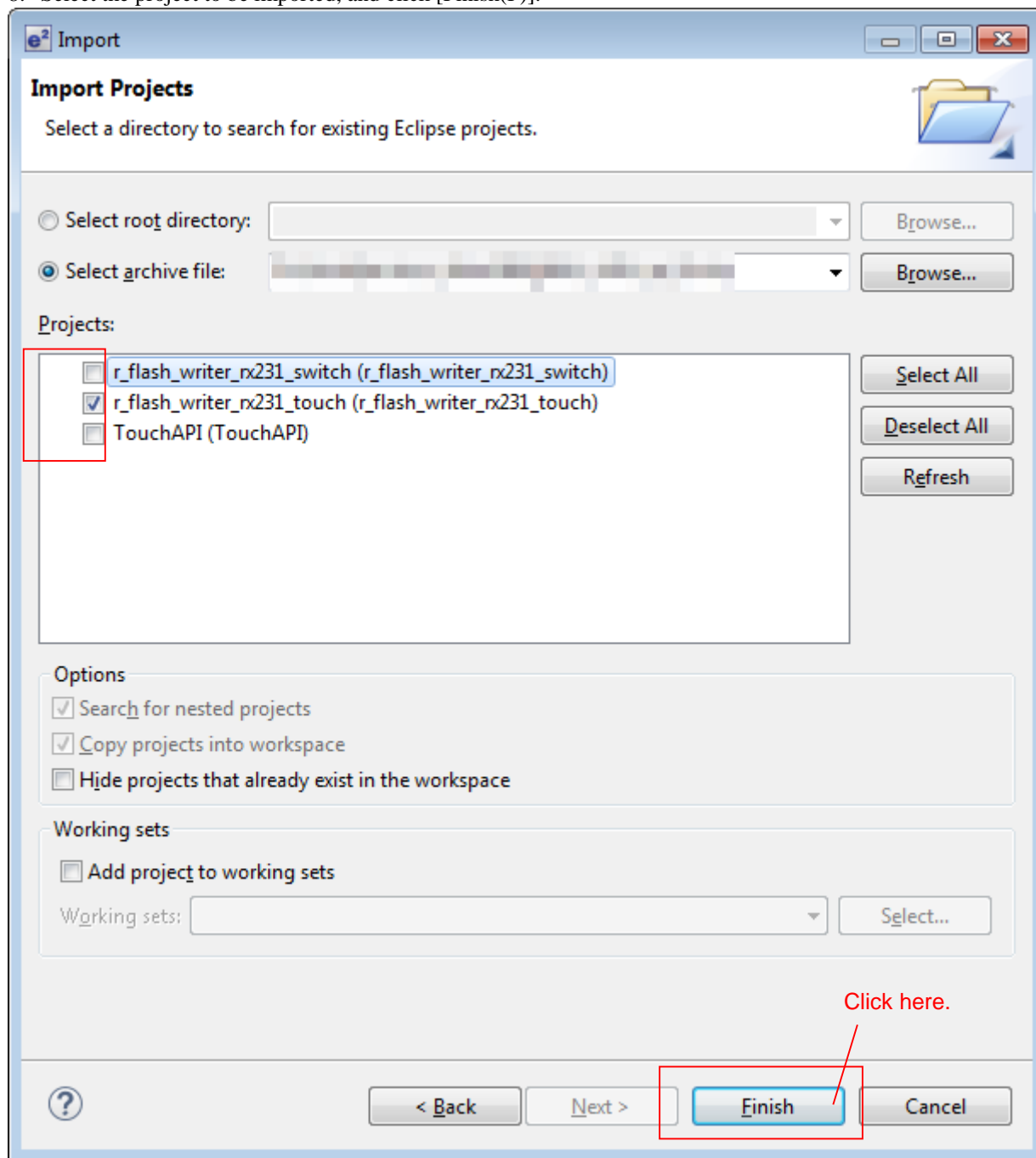
6. Click [Agree].



7. Save the application note.



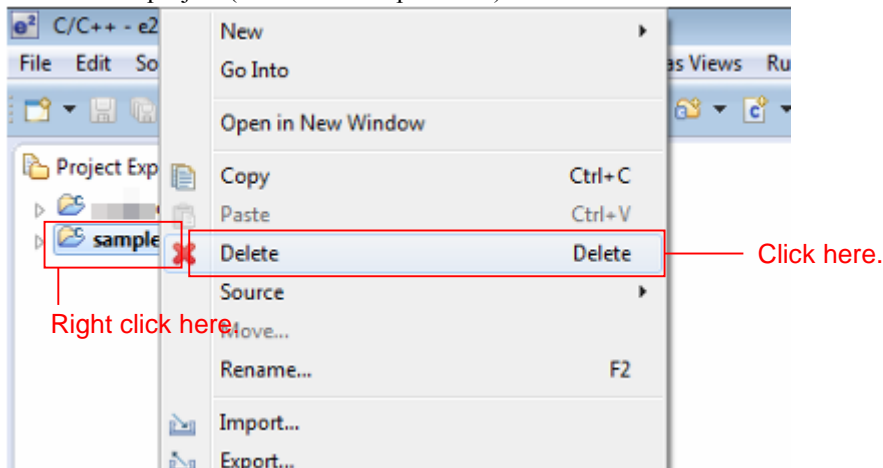
8. Select the project to be imported, and click [Finish(F)].



This application note includes the following projects.

Project name	Contents
r_flash_writer_rx231_switch	Project that selects a file by switch
r_flash_writer_rx231_touch	Project that selects a file by touch
TouchAPI	Project used to control the touch sensor unit using Workbench6. Not used for the sample project.

9. Delete the project (shown as “sample” here) created to use the Smart browser as this is not required.



3.4 Modify Configuration

In this project, the configuration file setting and project setting for each FIT module are changed to configure the application. The detail is shown as follows.

Refer to this information when building new project. To use the project imported, go to “4. Verify Operation”.

3.4.1 Change Configuration

The configuration files for each FIT module configuring this application require modification.

Refer to the manuals and other files in the **doc** folder for each FIT module for details on the items and the settings in the configuration files.

The places to be changed in the configuration files are shown below.

(1) Change the number of drives for USB Mini

Change the number of drives for USB Mini defined by `r_tfata_driver_rx` configuration file as follows.

【r_config/r_tfata_driver_rx_config.h】

```
/* Number of logical drives to be used.
   Setting to 0 : unused memory
   other : number of logical drives
   (USB and SDHI can be used together.)
*/
#define TFAT_USB_DRIVE_NUM (0)
#define TFAT_SDHI_DRIVE_NUM (0)
#define TFAT_USB_MINI_DRIVE_NUM (1)
```

(2) Change the device allocation

Allocate the device to the drive number. In this sample, drive 0 is allocated to USB Mini.

【r_config/r_tfata_driver_rx_config.h】

```
#define TFAT_DRIVE_ALLOC_NUM_0 TFAT_CTRL_USB_MINI
#define TFAT_DRIVE_ALLOC_NUM_1 NULL
#define TFAT_DRIVE_ALLOC_NUM_2 NULL
#define TFAT_DRIVE_ALLOC_NUM_3 NULL
#define TFAT_DRIVE_ALLOC_NUM_4 NULL
#define TFAT_DRIVE_ALLOC_NUM_5 NULL
#define TFAT_DRIVE_ALLOC_NUM_6 NULL
#define TFAT_DRIVE_ALLOC_NUM_7 NULL
```

(3) Change DTC transfer setting

The following DTC definition is described in `r_usb_basic_mini_config.h`.

Enable the "USB_NOUSE" definition, as DTC transfer is not performed in the sample.

[r config/r usb basic mini config.h]

```
/* DTC DEFINE */
#define DTC_USE_PIPE_NUM    USB_NOUSE
//#define DTC_USE_PIPE_NUM    USB_PIPE1
//#define DTC_USE_PIPE_NUM    USB_PIPE2
//#define DTC_USE_PIPE_NUM    USB_PIPE3
//#define DTC_USE_PIPE_NUM    USB_PIPE4
//#define DTC_USE_PIPE_NUM    USB_PIPE5
```

(4) Change TFAT setting

TFAT definition is described in `r_usb_hmsc_mini_config.h`. To use TFAT, enable the following macro.

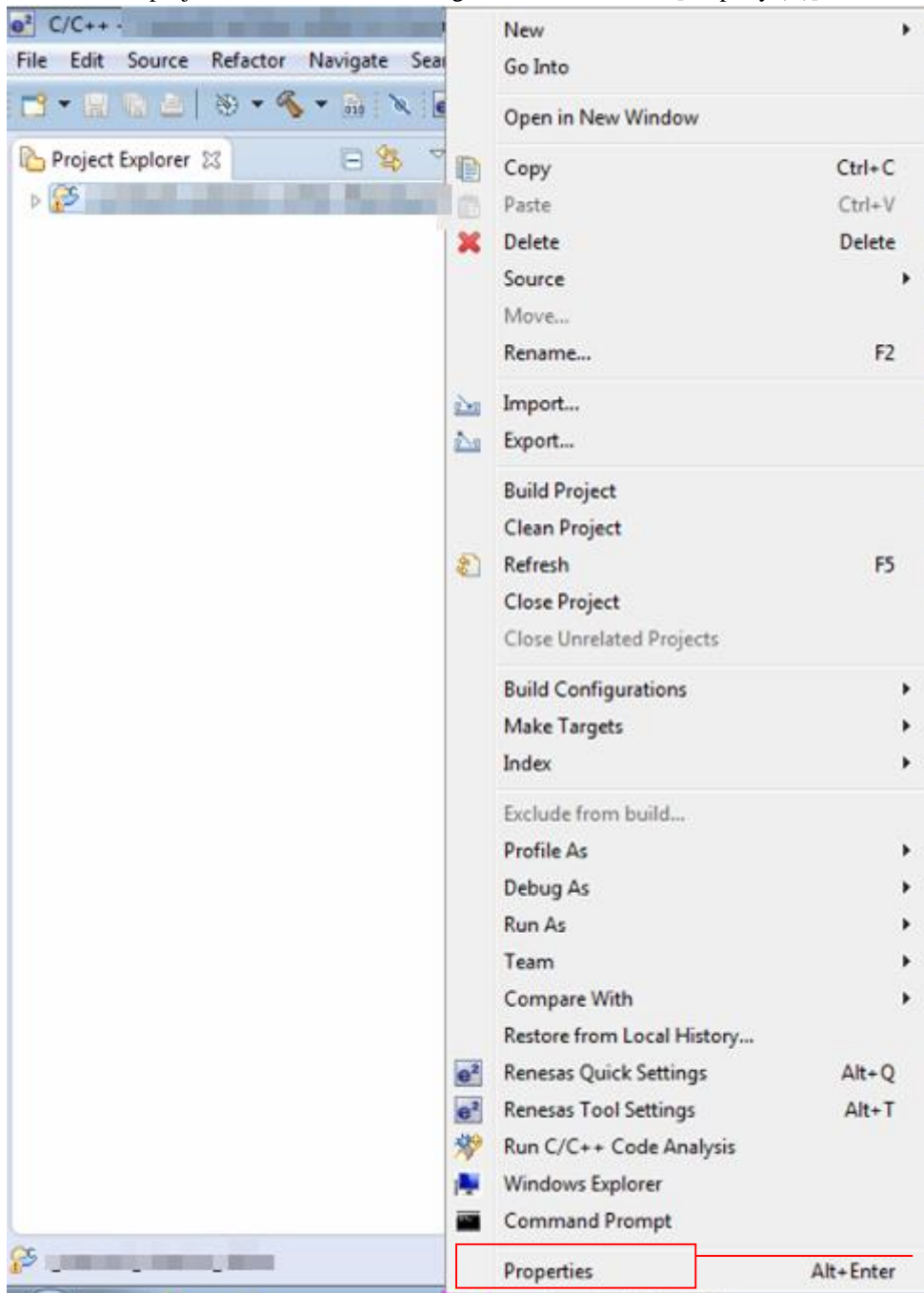
[r config/r usb hmsc mini config.h]

```
#define USB_TFAT_USE_PP
```


3.4.2 Change Project Setting

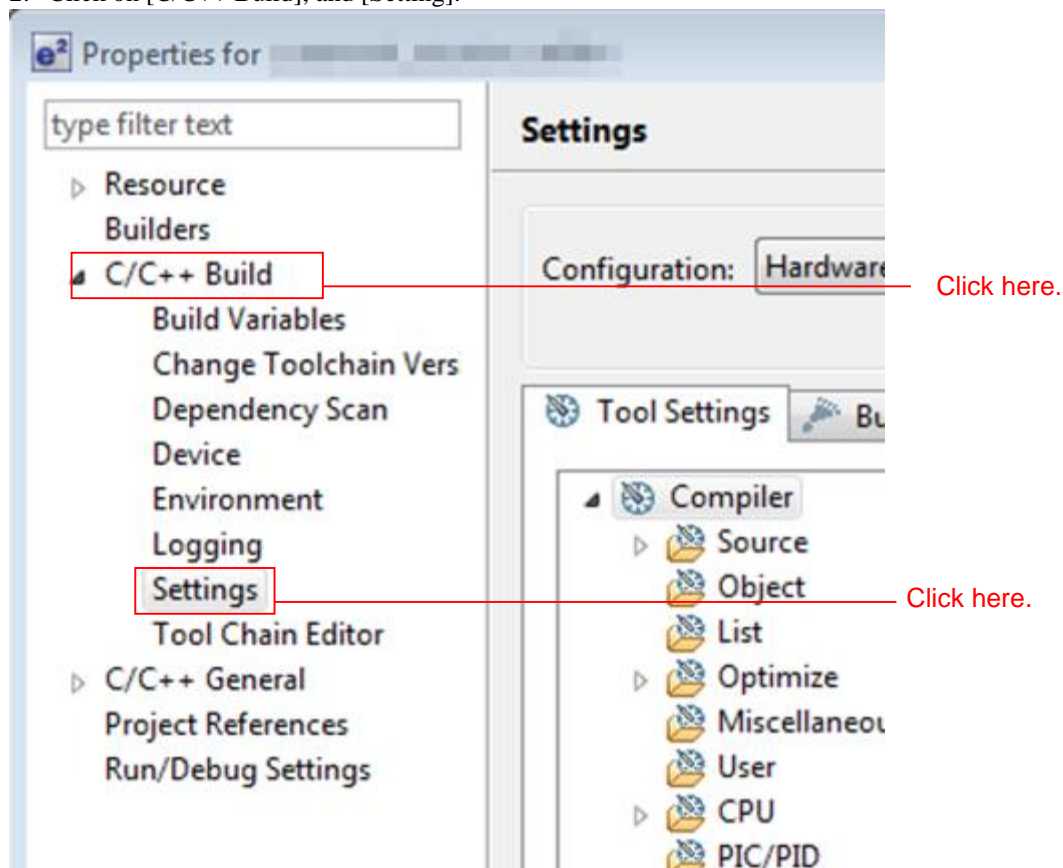
The contents changed from default setting of the project setting is shown. To check the project setting, use the following procedure.

1. Select the project for the e² studio and right-click. Then, click [Property (R)].



Click here.

2. Click on [C/C++ Build], and [Setting].



— Project setting of the main program

The main program setting is changed from default setting to the contents listed in Table 3-1 for building, and in Table 3-2 for debugging

Table 3-1 Changed build setting

Items	Changed contents	Description
Compiler - Object	Check "Generate debug information"	Outputs the debug information required when debugging.
Assembler - Object	Check "Generate debug information"	Outputs the debug information to a relocatable file.
Linker - Input	Add "\${workspace_loc}/\${ProjName}/r_tfat_rx/lib/tfat_rx200_little.lib" (Note)	Requires the setting when using TFAT. (required when using TFAT)
Linker - Section	Remove PResetPRG and PIntPRG from section definition (Note)	Requires the setting when using BSP (required when using FIT)
	Change P Section to P* Section (Note)	Requires the setting when using BSP (required when using FIT)
	Add RPFram Section after R Section (Note)	Requires the setting of the area Flash API uses (required when using Flash API)
Linker - Output	Map from ROM to RAM Add PFRAM=RPFram to the section (Note)	Requires the setting of the area Flash API uses (required when using Flash API)

Note The setting change is required when creating the project that includes each FIT module for BSP, TFAT, and Flash API. For the setting, refer to the manuals, etc. in the **doc** folder of each FIT module.

Table 3-2 Changed debug setting

Items	Changed contents	Description
Debugger - Debug tool setting	Change "Re-write the on-chip program ROM" to "Yes"	Required when debugging the program re-writing on-chip flash memory.

— Project setting of the sample program

The changed contents from default setting when building is listed in Table 3-1 Sample1 & sample2, and in Table 3-2 for Sample3.

Table 3-3 Changed build setting (sample1 & sample2)

Items	Changed contents	Description
Linker - Section	Remove PResetPRG and PIntPRG from section definition (Note)	Requires the setting when using BSP (required when using FIT)
	Change P Section to P* Section (Note)	Requires the setting when using BSP (required when using FIT)
	Change the address of C_1 section to "0xFFFF 0000"	Define start address to program
	Change the address of EXCEPTVECT section to "0xFFFF BF80"	After using the start-up program protection feature, set the address that becomes "0xFFFF FF80"
	Change the address of RESETVECT section to "0xFFFF BFFC"	After using the start-up program protection feature, set the address that becomes "0xFFFF FFFC"
Linker - Output	Change output file/type to "Binary via absolute"	Set the file type to write in the USB memory

Note The setting change is required when creating the project that includes each BSP FIT module. For the setting, refer to the manuals, etc. in the **doc** folder of each BSP FIT module.

Table 3-4 Changed build setting (sample3)

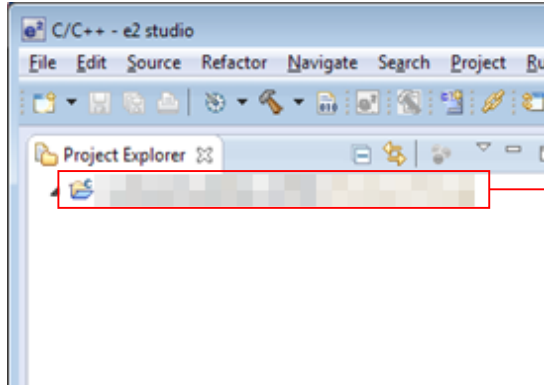
Items	Changed contents	Description
Linker - Section	Remove PResetPRG and PIntPRG from section definition (Note)	Requires the setting when using BSP (required when using FIT)
	Change P Section to P* Section (Note)	Requires the setting when using BSP (required when using FIT)
	Change the address of C_1 section to "0xFFFF 0000"	Define start address to program
	Add _MDEREG section (address "0xFFFF BF80")	After using the start-up program protection feature, set the address that becomes "0xFFFF FF80", and change the source code as follows. Source/HwResource/r_cg_vecttbl.c Old: #pragma address id_code=0xfffffa0 New: #pragma section C ID_CODE
	Add OFS1_LOCATION section (address "0xFFFF BF88")	After using the start-up program protection feature, set the address that becomes "0xFFFF FF88", and change the source code as follows. Source/HwResource/r_cg_vecttbl.c Old: #pragma address id_code=0xfffffa0 New: #pragma section C ID_CODE
	Add OFS0_LOCATION section (address "0xFFFF BF8C")	After using the start-up program protection feature, set the address that becomes "0xFFFF FF8C", and change the source code as follows. Source/HwResource/r_cg_vecttbl.c Old: #pragma address id_code=0xfffffa0 New: #pragma section C ID_CODE
	Add ID_CODE section (address "0xFFFF BFA0")	After using the start-up program protection feature, set the address that becomes "0xFFFF BFA0", and change the source code as follows. Source/HwResource/r_cg_vecttbl.c Old: #pragma address id_code=0xfffffa0 New: #pragma section C ID_CODE
	Add FIXEDVECT section (address "0xFFFF BFD0")	After using the start-up program protection feature, set the address that becomes "0xFFFF BFD0".
Linker - Output	Change output file/type to "Binary via absolute"	Set the file type to write in the USB memory.

4. Verify Operation

4.1 Build the Project

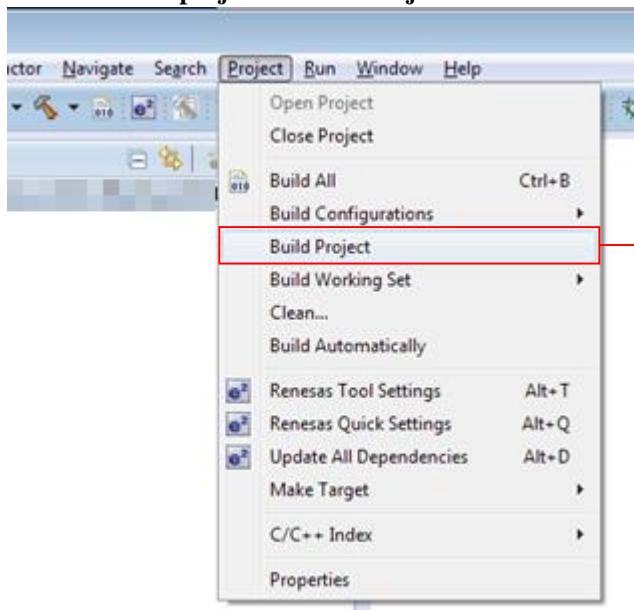
Use the following procedure to build the project and generate a load module.

1. Click the project to build from the **Project Explorer**.



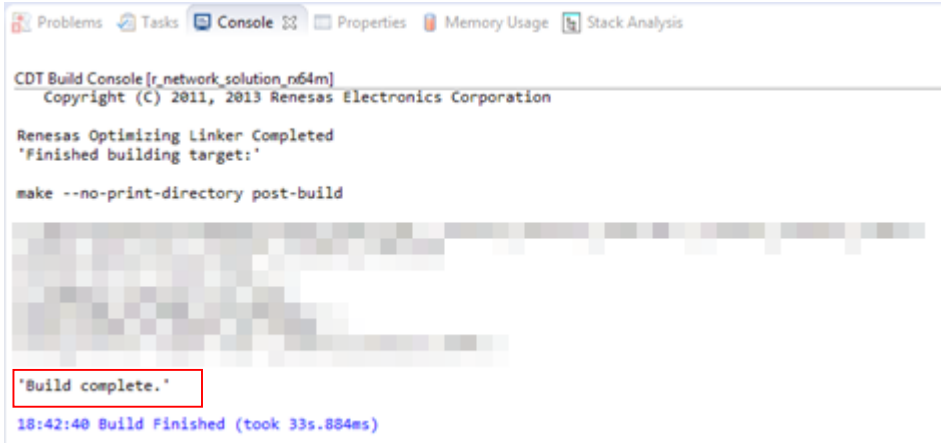
Click here.

2. Click **Build project** from the **Project** menu.



Click here.

3. When “Build complete” is displayed on the **Console panel**, the build will have completed.



The screenshot shows the CDT Build Console interface. At the top, there are tabs for Problems, Tasks, Console, Properties, Memory Usage, and Stack Analysis. The Console tab is active, displaying the following text:

```
CDT Build Console [r_network_solution_n64m]
Copyright (C) 2011, 2013 Renesas Electronics Corporation

Renesas Optimizing Linker Completed
'finished building target:'

make --no-print-directory post-build

[Blurred output text]

'Build complete.'
18:42:40 Build Finished (took 33s.884ms)
```

The message “Build complete.” is highlighted with a red rectangular box.

4.2 Prepare for Debugging

4.2.1 Configure Hardware

The evaluation board must be configured before starting debugging.

A table of the required equipment and its configuration are shown below.

Table 4-1 Hardware Configuration

Device	Supplementary Information
Development PC	
RSK	Evaluation board
E1 Emulator	Included in Renesas Starter Kit for RX231
USB memory	Memory that is formatted as either FAT or FAT32.

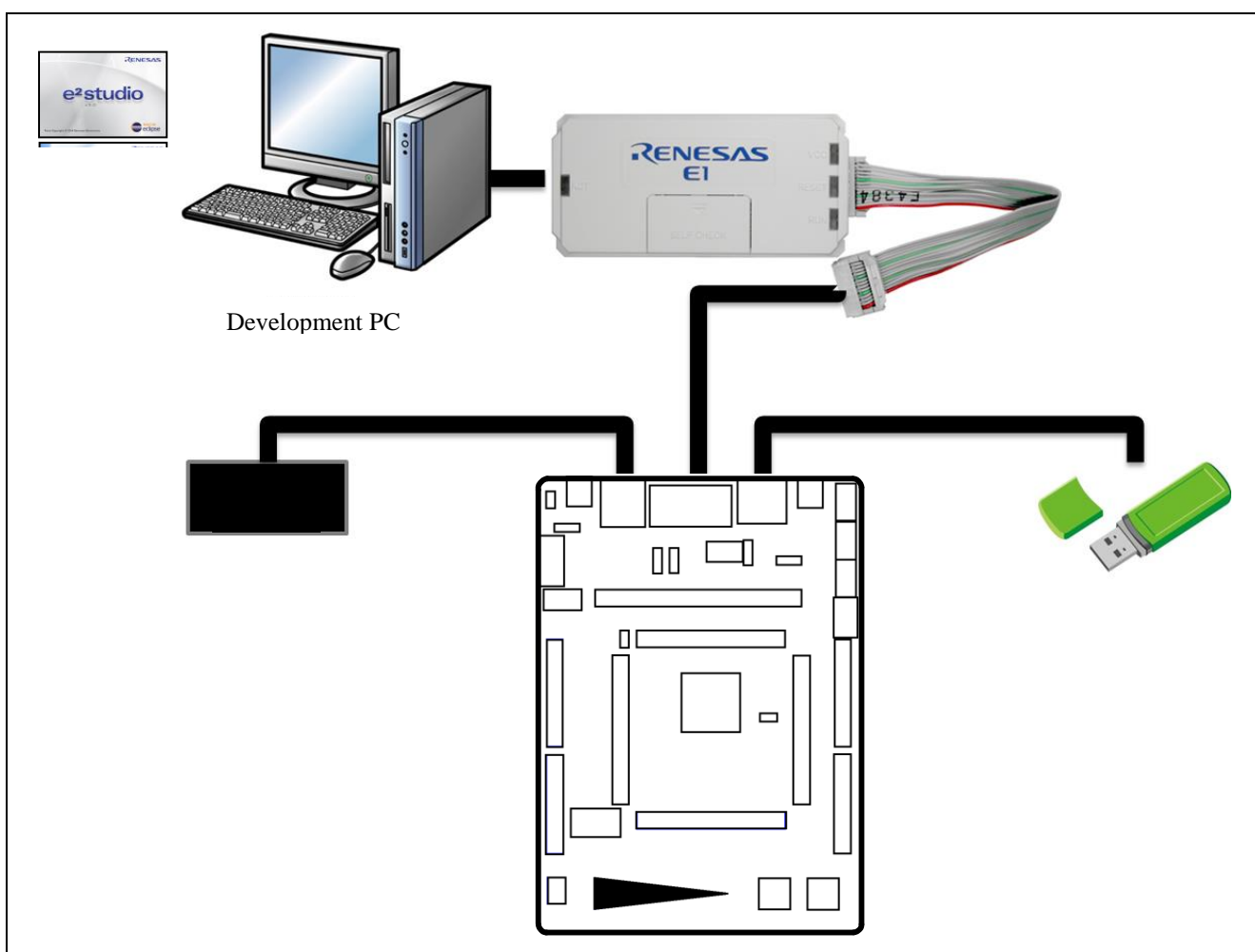


Figure 4-1 Operating environment example

4.2.2 Set up the RSK

The RSK settings required to operate the main program are shown below.

Set the USB mode (Host/Peripheral). Set jumper J15 to match the setting of USB_FUNCSEL_PP in r_usb_basic_mini_config.h.

Table 4-2 Jumper Settings

Devices	Jumper	Setting contents
When use USB in host mode. (USB_FUNCSEL_PP = USB_HOST_PP)	J15	Short 1 to 2. (*selected this time)
When use USB in peripheral mode. (USB_FUNCSEL_PP = USB_PERI_PP)	J15	Short 2 to 3.

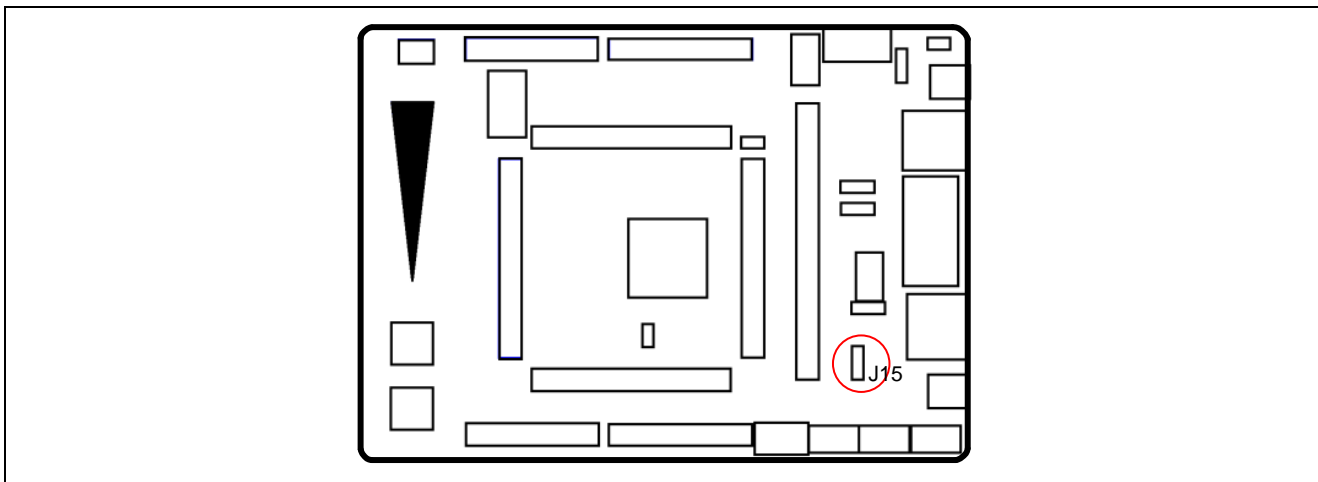
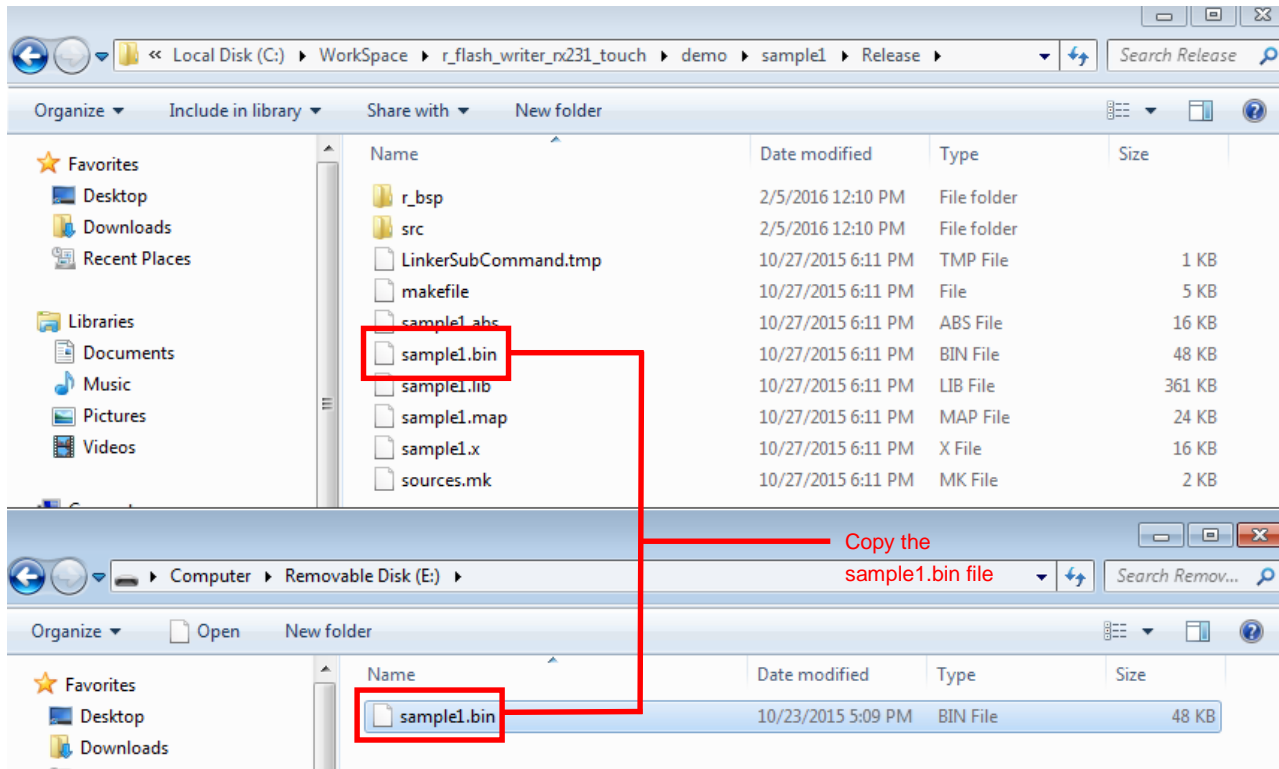


Figure 4-2 RSK Jumper Locations

4.2.3 Prepare USB Memory

Store the binary file of the sample program on the USB memory.

Open the **demo** folder in the project of the main program, and decompress the **sample1.zip** file and save it into the desired location (folder). Copy the **sample1.bin** file in the decompressed **sample1/release** folder to the USB memory.



The **sample2.zip** file included in **demo** folder can be used as a sample program as with **sample1.zip**. For use, copy **sample2.bin** file in the **sample2/release** folder to the USB memory.

For **sample3.zip** file, copy **sample3.bin** file in **sample3/DefaultBuild** folder to the USB memory.

For the operation of sample1 program, sample2 program, and sample3, refer to 4.4 Verify operation of Sample program.

4.3 Debug the Project

Use the following procedure to start debugging the project.

1. Connect the development PC to the E1 emulator with a USB cable, and connect E1 emulator to the RSK with user system interface cable.
2. Connect the RSK to the adapter and turn on the power.

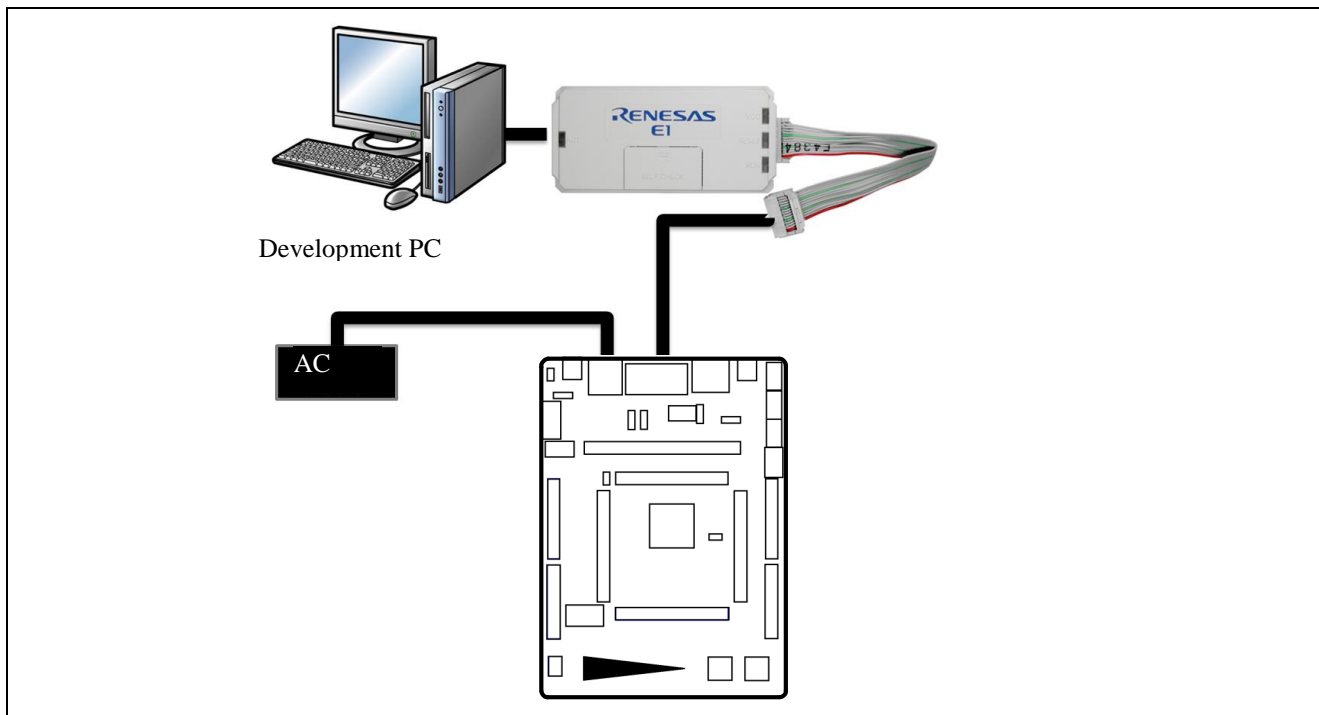
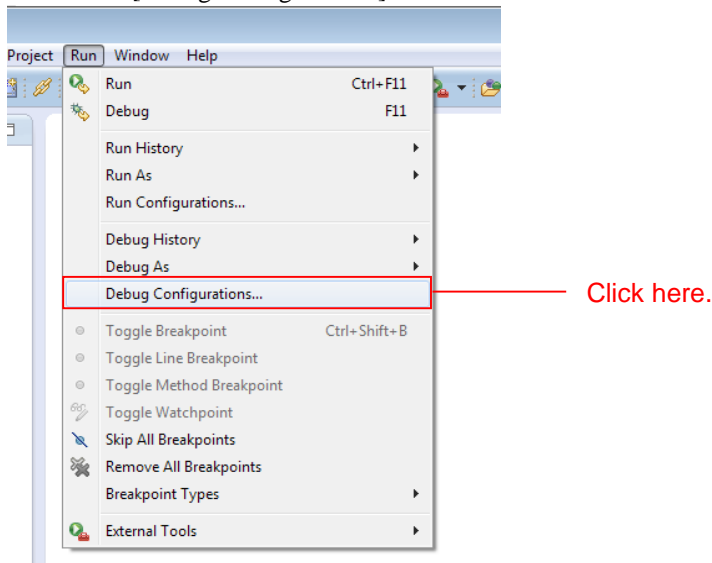
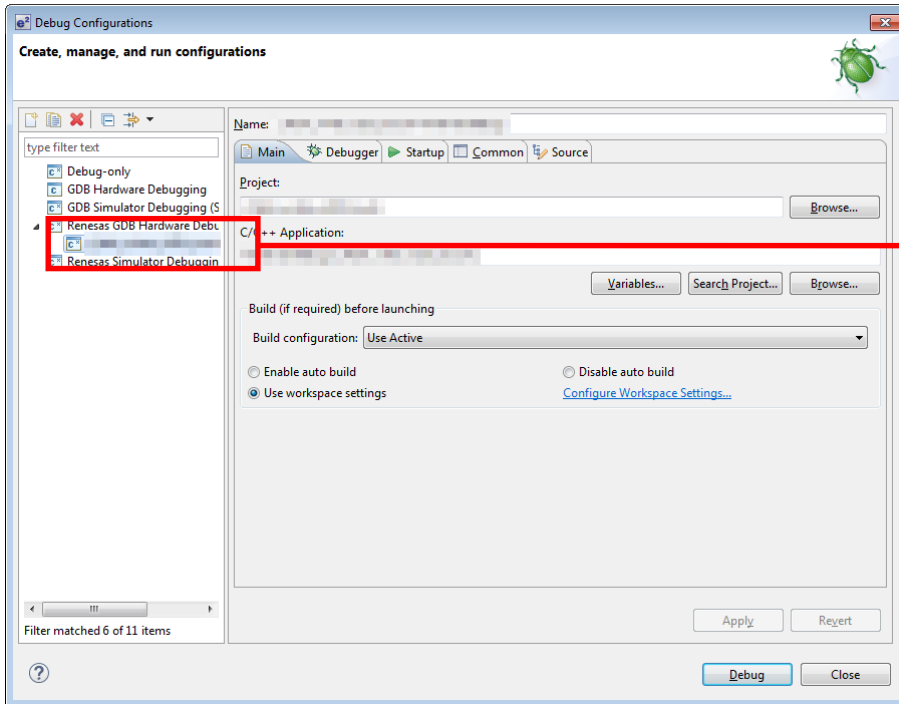


Figure 4-3 RSK Jumper Locations

3. Click on [Debug Configurations] in the e2 studio Run menu.

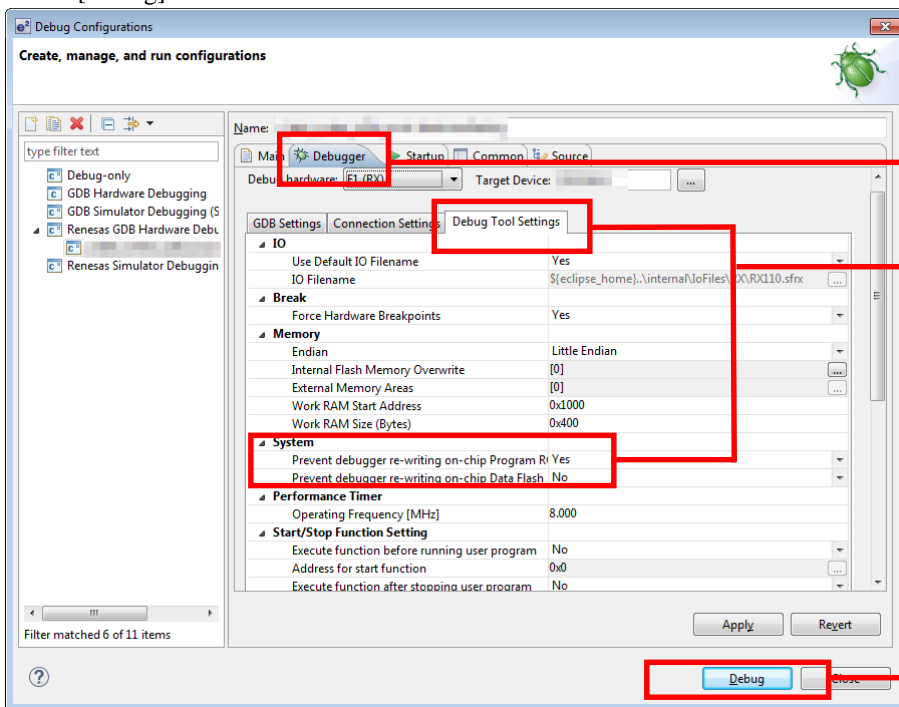


4. Click on [r_flash_writer_rx231.x] under [Renesas GDB Hardware Debugging].



Select [r_flash_writer_rx231.x]

5. Click on [Debug Tool setting] → [System] → [Re-write the on-chip program ROM] and select [Yes], then, click on [Debug].

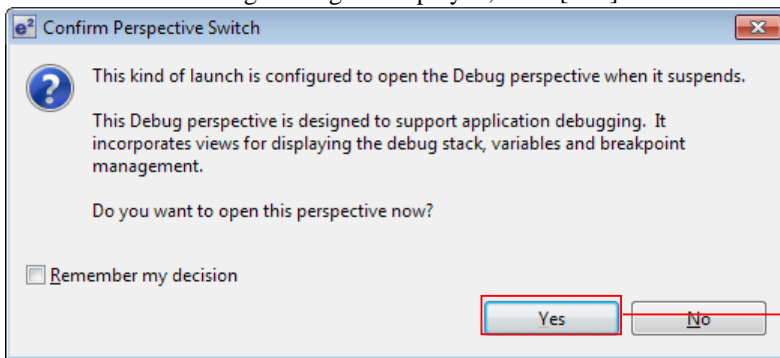


Select [Debugger]

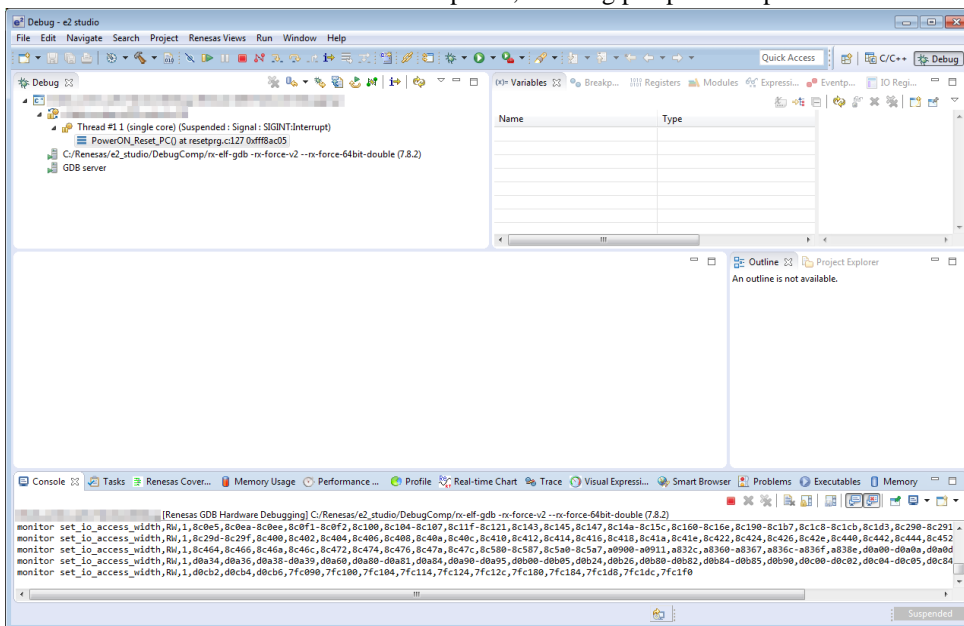
Select [Debug Tool setting] → [System] → [Re-write the on-chip program ROM] and select [Yes]

Click on [Debug]

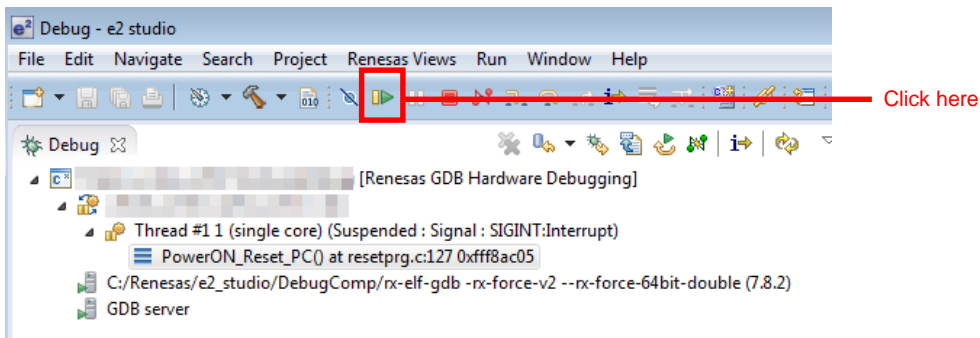
6. When the following message is displayed, click [Yes].



7. When the load module download completes, a Debug perspective opens.



8. Click [Resume] on the toolbar. The program will be executed and a break will occur at the start of the main function.



9. After the break at the start of the main function, click [Resume] on the tool bar again.
From then on, run the main program by operating the RSK to check the information displayed on the RSK Pmod LCD.
10. When Pmod LCD displays "MAIN", insert RSK USB – A connector (USB0-1) to the USB memory. (Pmod LCD displays "ATTACH")
11. For Touch key, to move the cursor up, touch the touch key(+). To move the cursor down, touch the touch key(-).
Select the sample to write, and touch the touch key (1).
For SW, to move the cursor up, press S/W1. To move the cursor down, press S/W2. Select the sample to write and press S/W3.
12. Main program reads the data from the USB memory, and writes the read the data to on-chip flash memory
(Pmod LCD displays "START", "STOP", then, "DETACH")

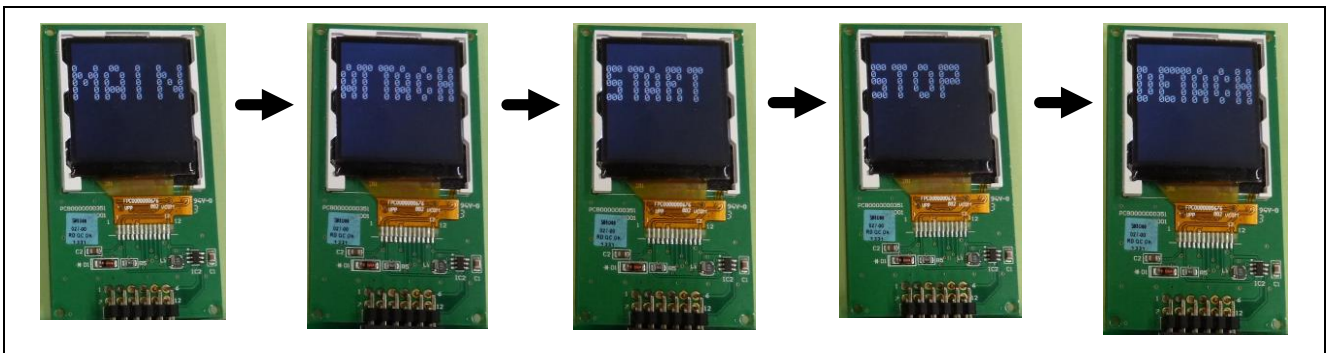


Figure 4-4 LCD display

13. RSK Pmod LCD is initialized and the sample program is displayed.
(sample program is read from the USB memory and written to on-chip flash memory.)
For the display contents, refer to "4.4 Verify operation of Sample program".

4.4 Verify operation of Sample program

(1) For sample1/sample1.bin, and "TEST!"

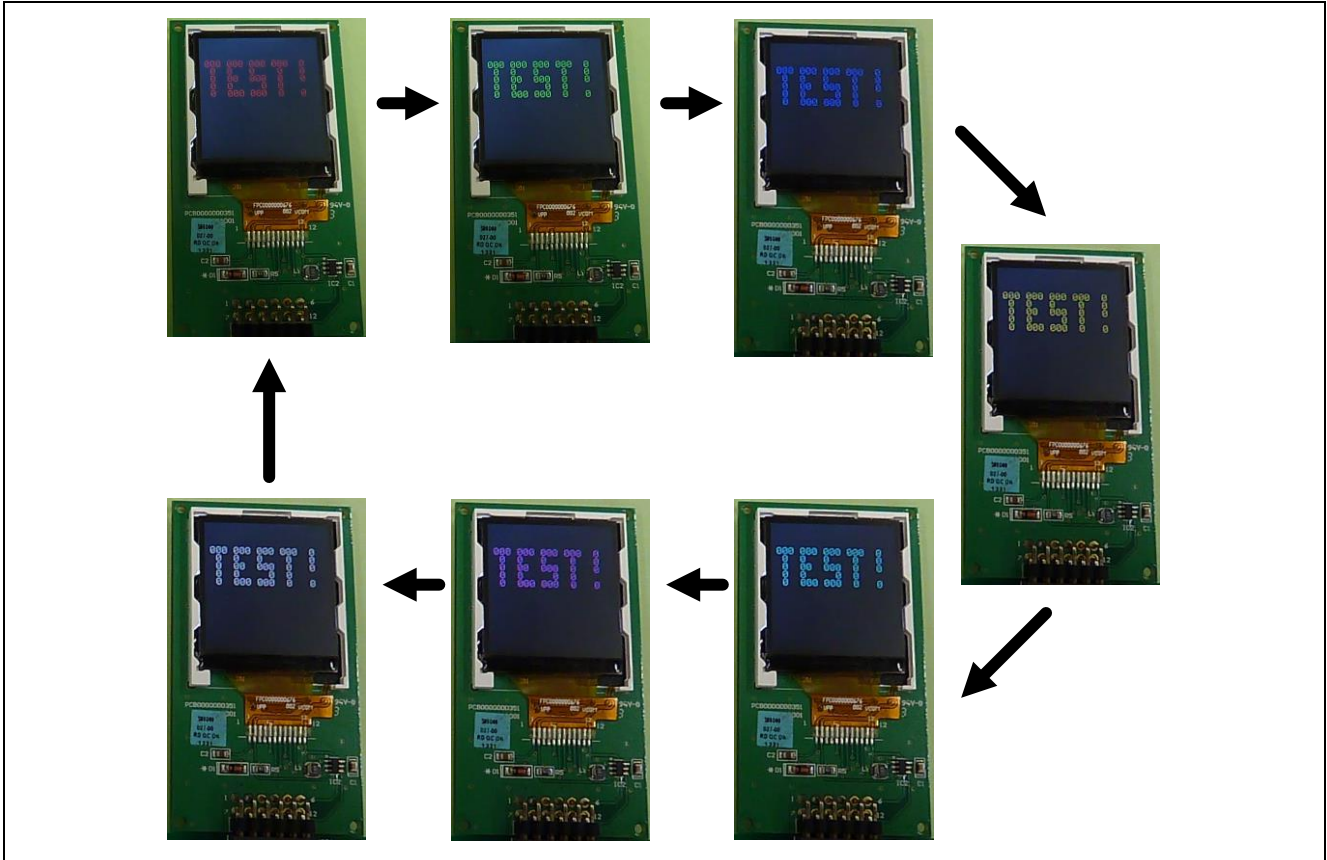


Figure 4-5 LCD display (sample1.bin)

(2) For sample2/sample2.bin, "DEMO"

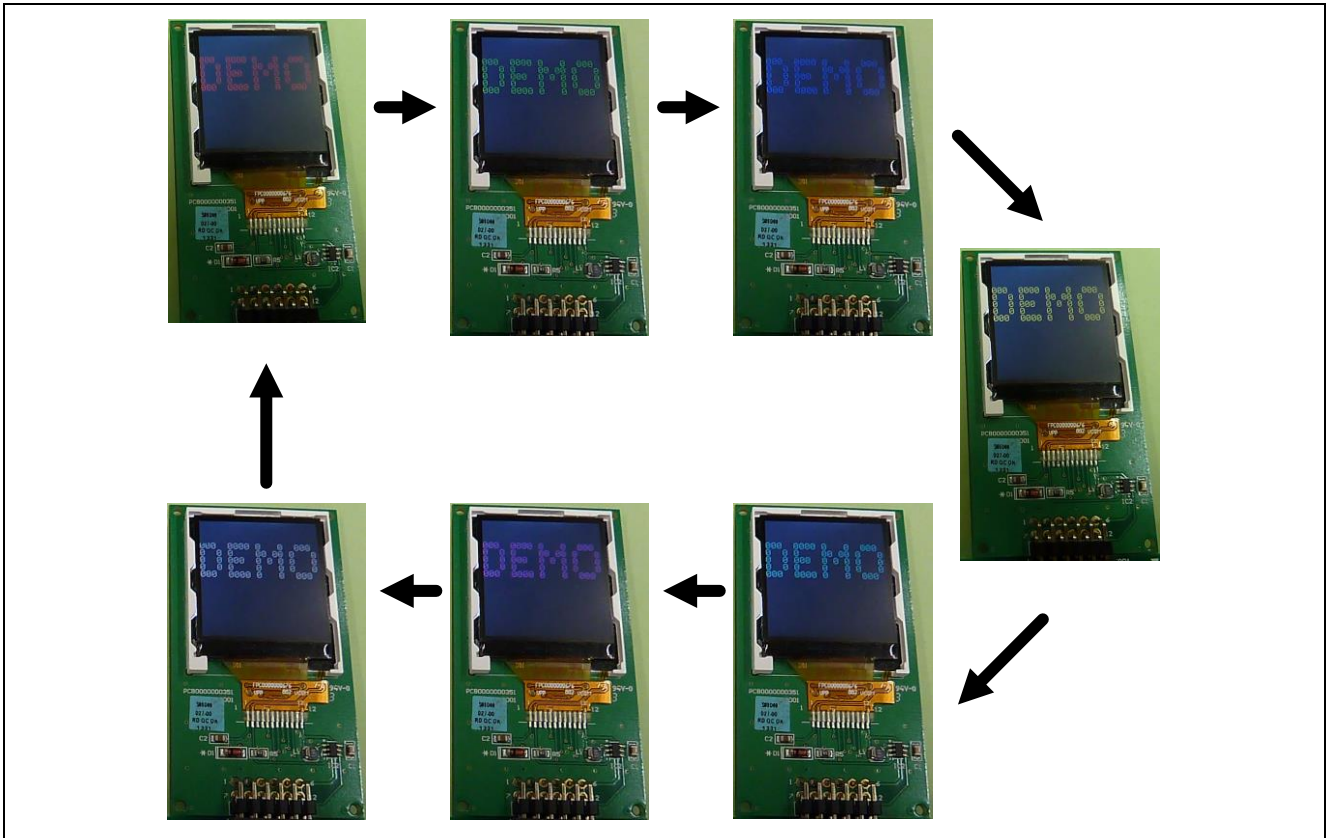


Figure 4-6 LCD display (sample2.bin)

(3) For sample3/sample3.bin, "Touch"

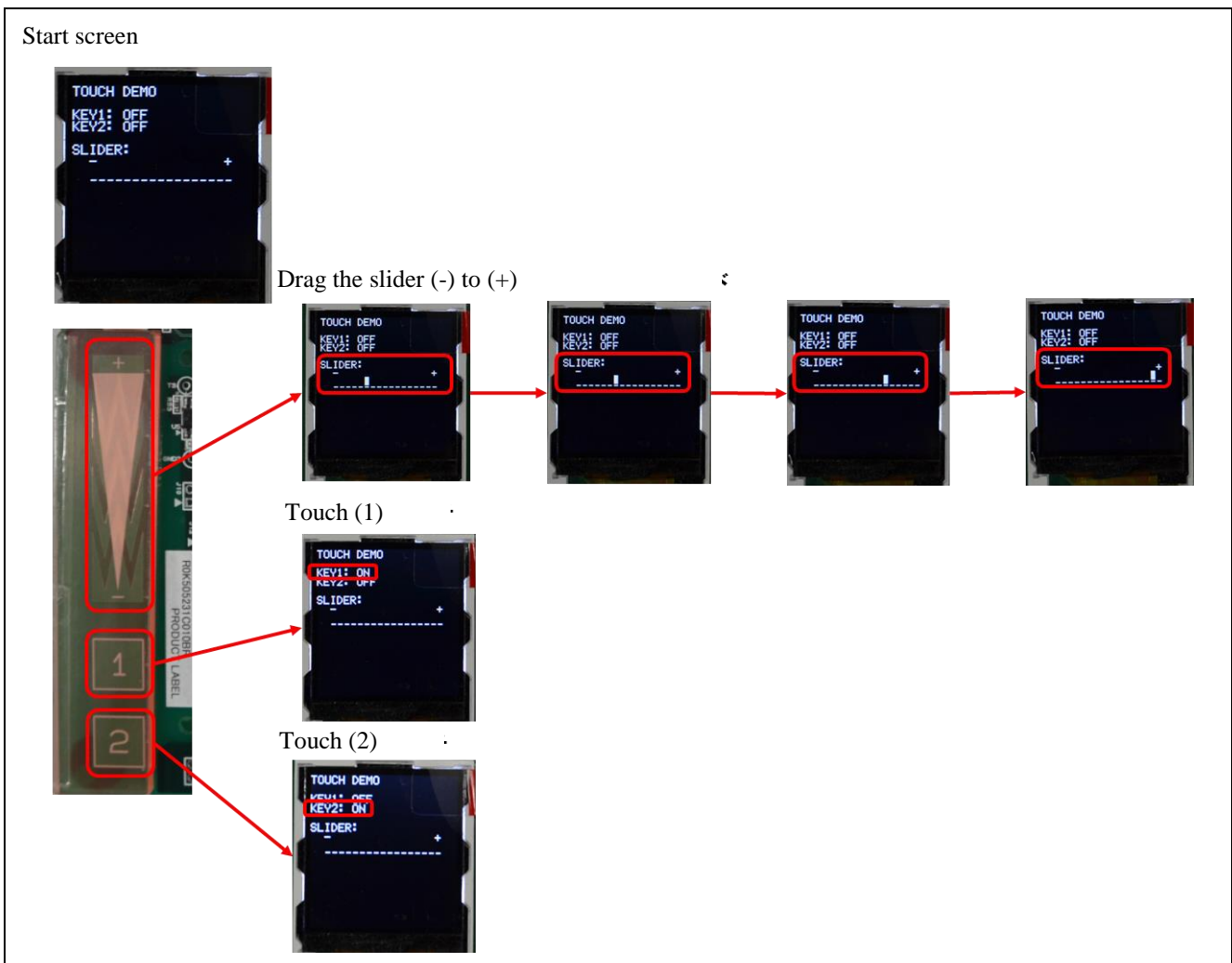


Figure 4-7 LCD display (sample3.bin)

5. Application overview

This application consists of main program and sample program.

Using the main program, binary file of the sample program in the USB memory is read and written to on-chip flash memory. When the write is completed, the sample program is run using the start-up program protection feature. When reset after that, an original program starts.

The start-up program protection feature can select either Retain or Do not retain the reset vector information switching after reset. In this application, Do not retain is selected. Therefore, information change of reset vector returns to the state that the original main program starts when reset. For the details, refer to “Start-up Program Protection feature” section of user’s manual (hardware).

Figure 5-1 shows the transition of the application status.

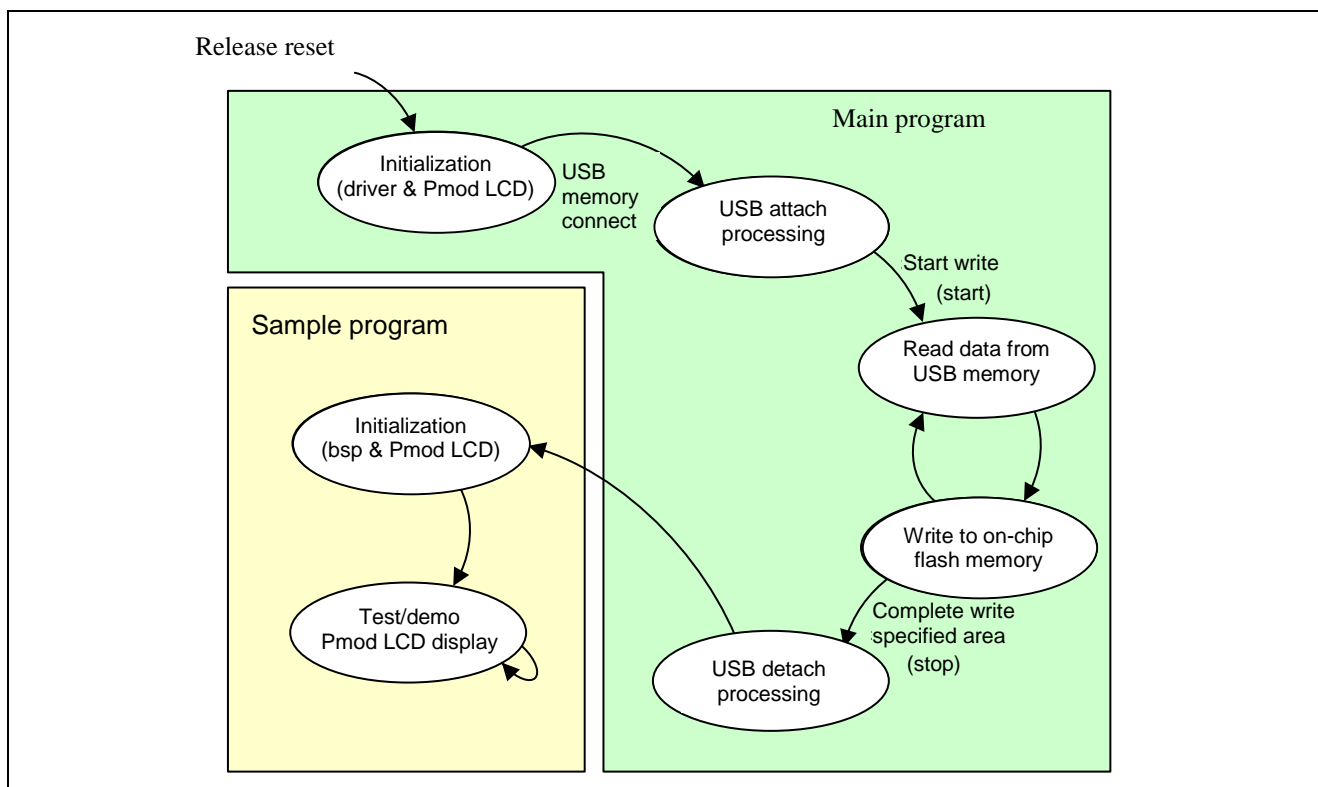


Figure 5-1 Application status

- (1) Initialize each driver, and Pmod LCD
- (2) Connect USB by using the USB driver
- (3) Read the data (Note 1) from the USB memory by using the USB driver and FAT file system
- (4) Write the data (Note 1) to on-chip flash memory by using the Flash API.
- (5) After disconnecting the USB, switch the start-up program by using the Flash API
- (6) Jump to the written data (Note 1)
 - This concludes the execution of the main program ---
- (7) Initialize BSP and Pmod LCD
- (8) Display the data on Pmod LCD

Note 1. Refers to Sample program execution binary file.

5.1 Memory structure

It shows RX231 MCU memory map on the RSKRX231 used in this application.

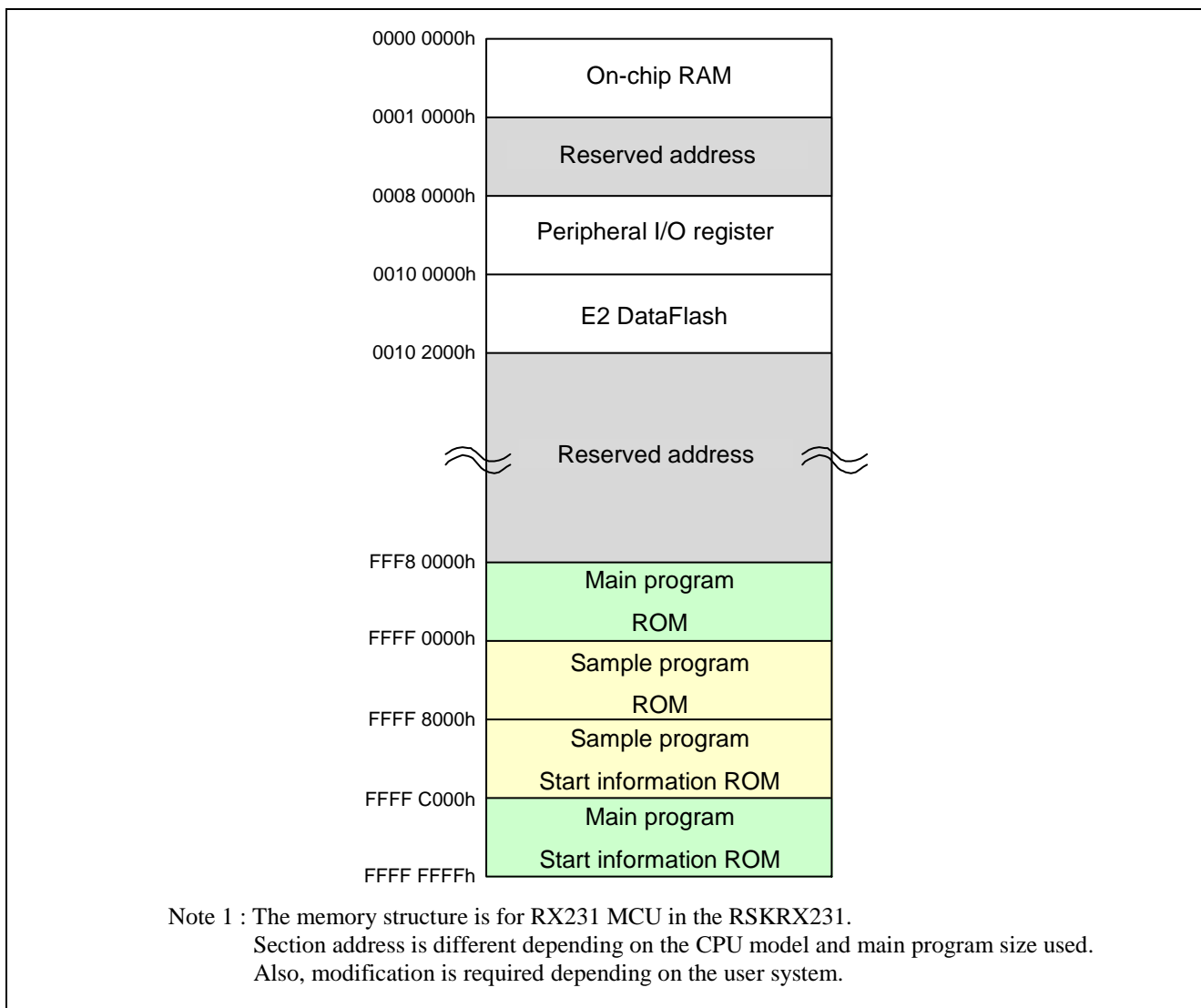


Figure 5-2 Memory map

6. Main Program Specifications

6.1 Files

The main program is included in the program. The source files of the main program is included in the **src** folder.

The main program FIT module name is “r_flash_writer_rx231”. The source files are included in **src** folder.

The file structure of the FIT modules and the main program files are listed below.

The main program files are listed in Table 6-1, and the FIT modules used are listed in Table 6-2.

Table 6-1 Main Program Files

Folder Name	File Name	Description
Src	main.c	Main processing
	main.h	Application setting header file (Setting for the read file name and the write area)
	r_usb_hmsc_apl.c	USB main program processing
	r_usb_hmsc_apl.h	r_usb_hmsc_apl.c header file
	r_rsk_flashdriver.c	Flash memory program processing
	r_rsk_flashdriver.h	r_rsk_flashdriver.c header file
	r_rsk_leddriver.c	Program for LED output
	r_rsk_leddriver.h	r_rsk_leddriver.c header file
	lcd.c, ascii.c, r_cg_sci.c, r_cg_sci_user.c	Program for Pmod LCD display
	lcd.h, ascii.h, r_cg_sci.h, r_cg_macrodriver.h	header file of the program for Pmod LCD display
	r_rsk_keydrive.c	Program for Push S/W output
	r_rsk_keydriver.h	r_rsk_keydriver.c header file

Table 6-2 FIT modules used

Folder name	Contents
r_bsp	Board Support Package (BSP) file group
r_flash_rx	Flash memory (Flash API) file group
r_usb_basic_mini	USB Basic Firmware file group
r_usb_hmsc_mini	USB Host Mass Storage Class (USB HMSC) file group
r_tfat_rx	M3S-TFAT-Tiny FAT file system (TFAT) file group
r_tfat_driver_rx	M3S-TFAT-Tiny Memory driver interface file group
r_config	FIT module config file

6.2 Modules

The following table lists the modules.

Table 6-3 Modules

File Name	Module Name	Description
main.c	Main	Main processing
	usb_mcu_init	Port initialization of USB
	usb_board_init	Initialization of LCD, and USB interrupt enable setting
	apl_init	Initialization of Application management table
	jmp_user_program	Jump to user's program
r_usb_hmsc_apl.c	usb_driver_init	USB driver initialization
	msc_registration	USB callback function registration
	usb_hmsc_driver	USB HMSC driver task processing
	msc_connect_wait	Wait for USB device detection
	msc_drive	USB device connection, and TFAT file system mount
	msc_data_ready	Setting before read state
	msc_data_read	Data read from USB memory, and data write to flash memory
	msc_detach_device	USB disconnection
	usb_hsmpl_device_state	USB driver callback processing
	msc_configured	USB device detection notice
	msc_drive_complete	USB device connection notice
	msc_detach	USB device disconnection notice
	msc_event_set	Event setting processing
msc_event_get	Event acquisition processing	
r_rsk_flashdriver.c lcd.c (Note)	SAMPLE_FLASH_Write	Flash memory rewrite processing
	Init_LCD	Pmod LCD initialization
	Display_LCD	Pmod LCD display processing
	DisplaySetFontColour	Pmod LCD font color change processing
r_rsk_leddriver.c (Note)	usb_cpu_LedInitial	Initialization of LEDs
	usb_cpu_led_set_data	LED display processing
r_rsk_keydrive.c	usb_cpu_key_read_touch	Touch sensor read processing
	usb_cpu_key_read	S/W read processing
	usb_cpu_sw_data	Discrimination processing for file selection operation
	usb_cpu_sw1_data	Discrimination processing for operation of file selection "Up"
	usb_cpu_sw2_data	Discrimination processing for operation of file selection "Down"
	usb_cpu_sw3_data	Discrimination processing for operation of file selection "Enter"
TouchAPI	-	Touch-related processing Workbench6 output file

(Note) For the LED/LCD processing, refer to Application note for Renesas Starter Kit Sample code.

6.3 Flowcharts

(1) Main processing

Figure 6-1 & Figure 6-2 show the flowcharts for the main processing.

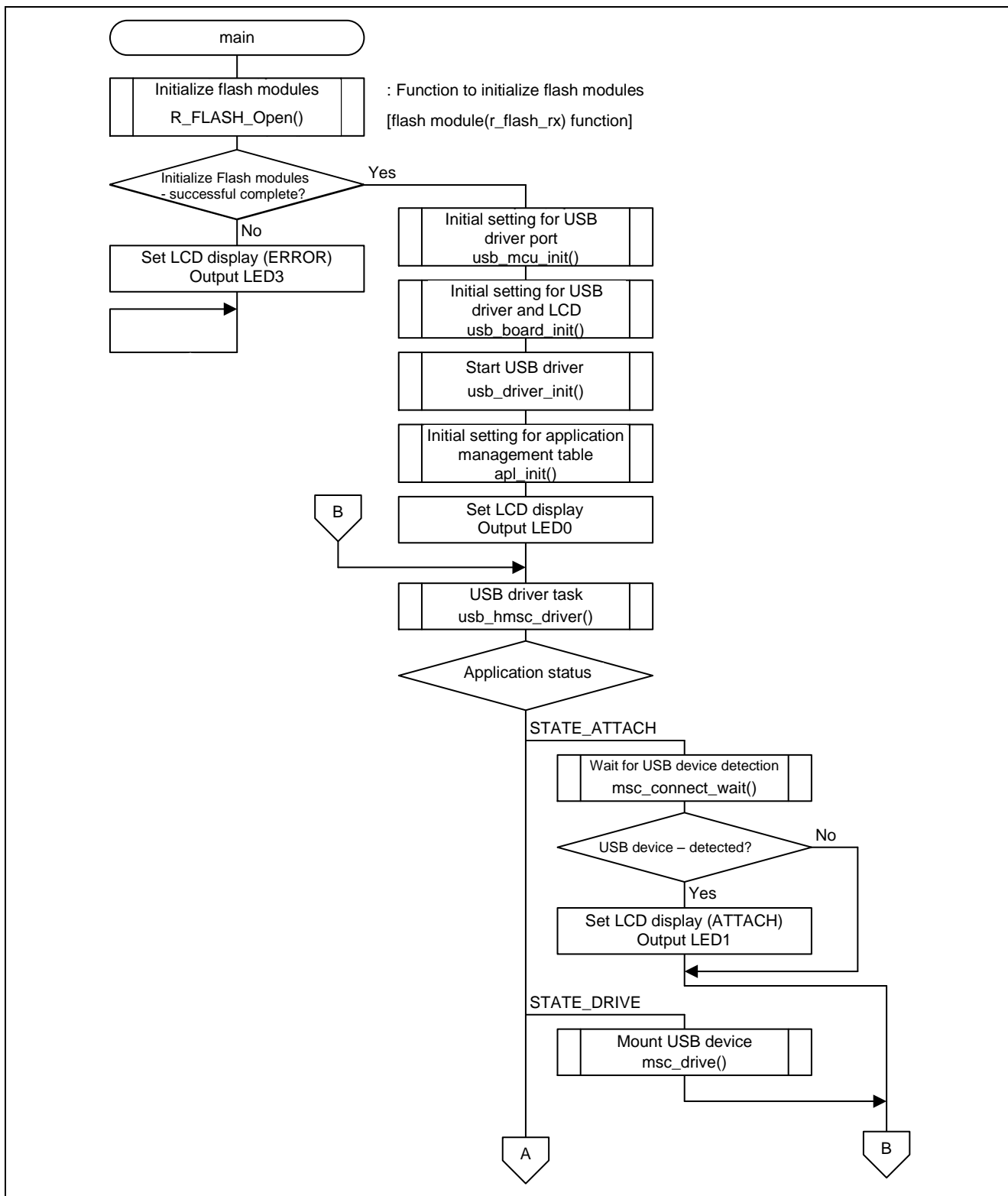


Figure 6-1 Main processing (1)

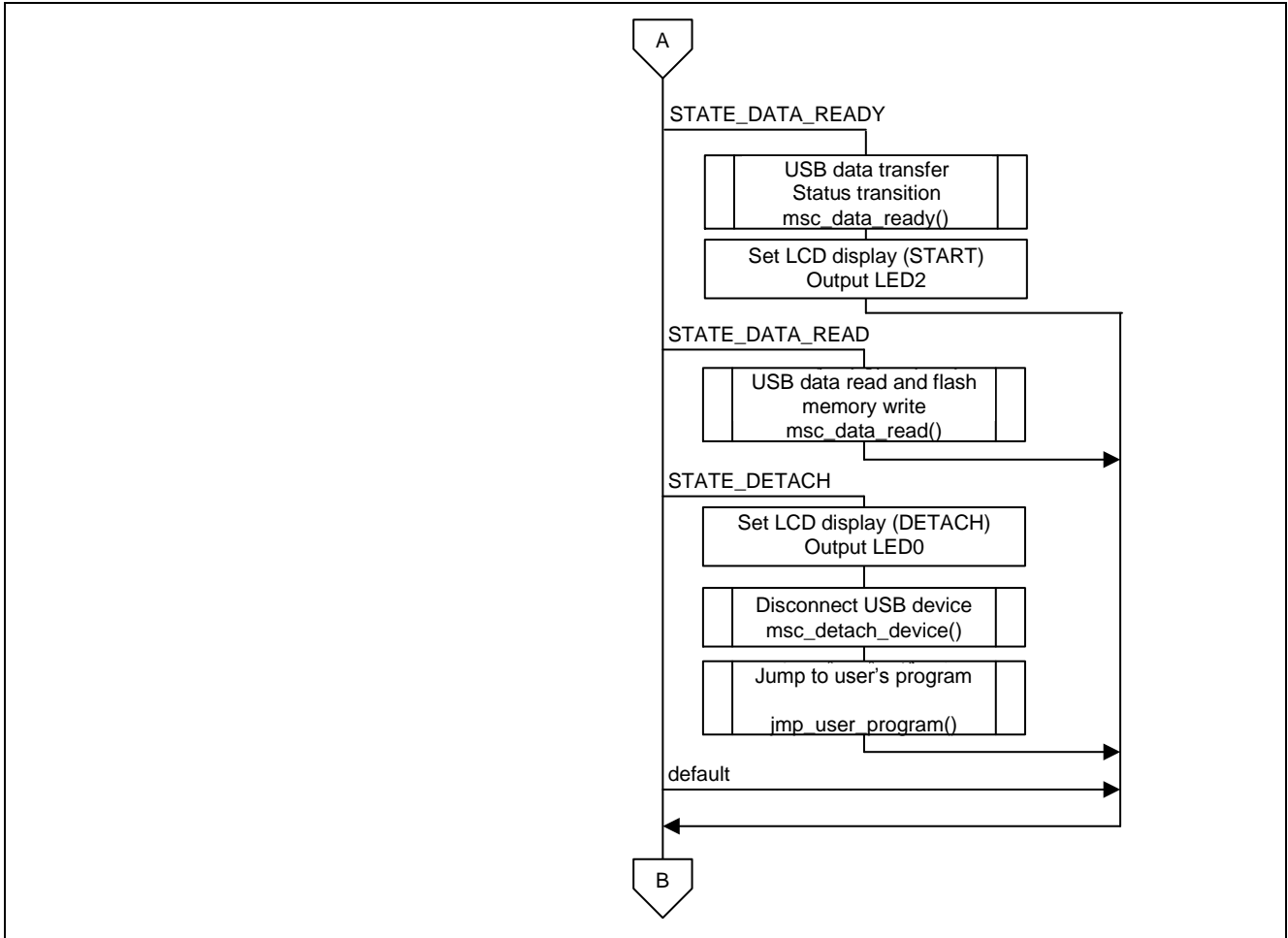


Figure 6-2 Main processing (2)

(2) Port initialization of USB

Figure 6-3 shows the flowchart for Port initialization of USB

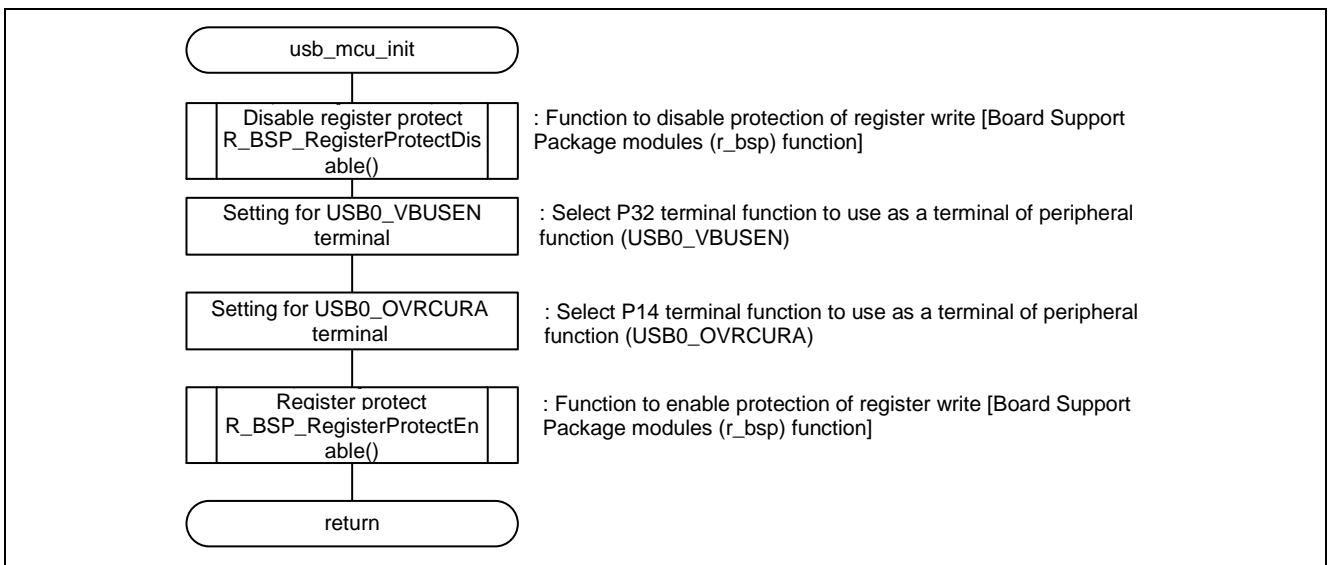


Figure 6-3 Port initialization of USB

(3) Initialization of LCD, and USB interrupt enable setting

Figure 6-4 shows the flowchart of Initialization of LCD, and USB interrupt enable setting.

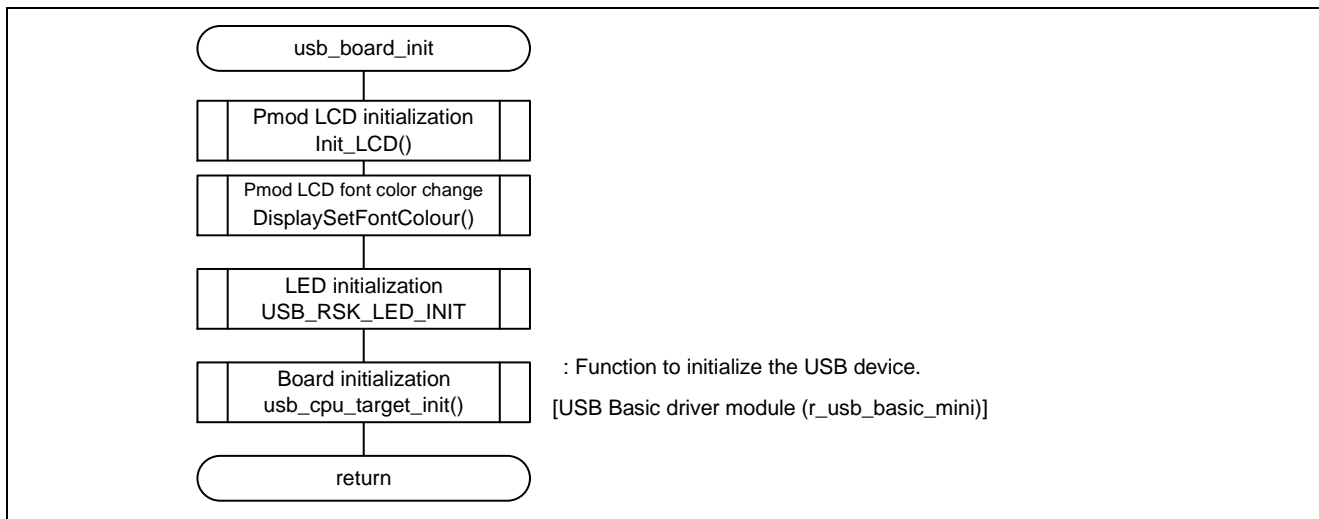


Figure 6-4 Initialization of LED and LCD, and USB interrupt enable setting

(4) Initialization of Application management table

Figure 6-5 shows the flowchart of Initialization of Application management table.

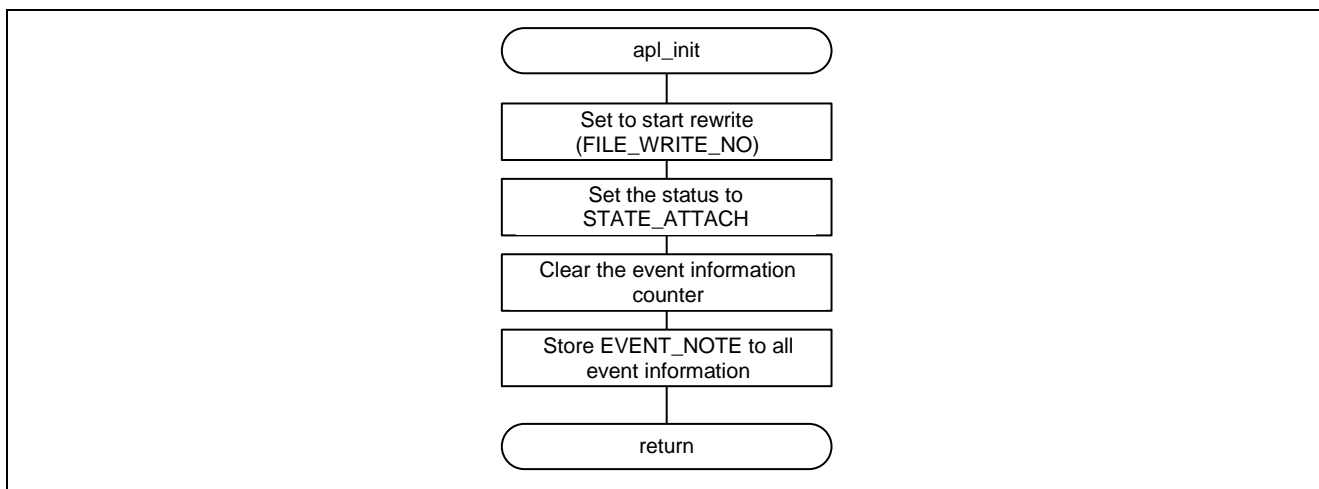


Figure 6-5 Initialization of Application management table

(5) Jump to user's program

Figure 6-6 shows the flowchart of jump to user's program

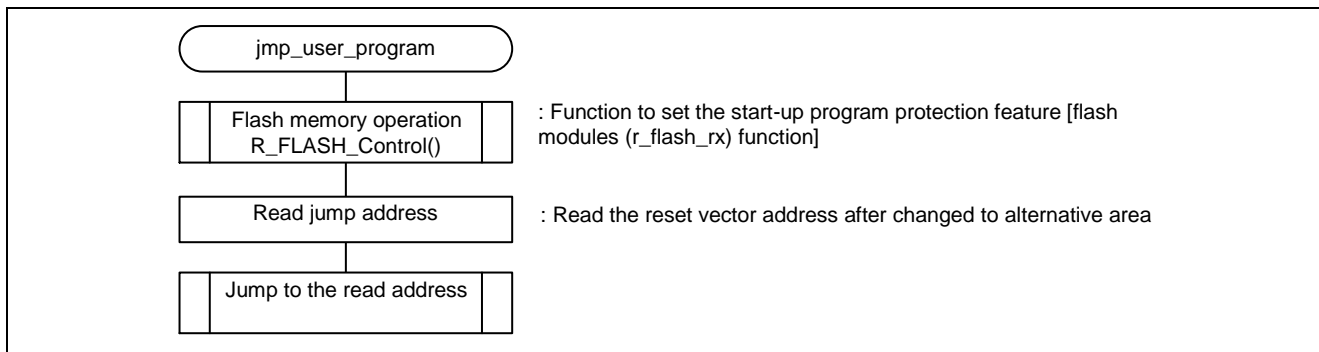


Figure 6-6 Jump to user's program

(6) USB driver initialization

Figure 6.7 shows the flowchart of USB driver initialization .

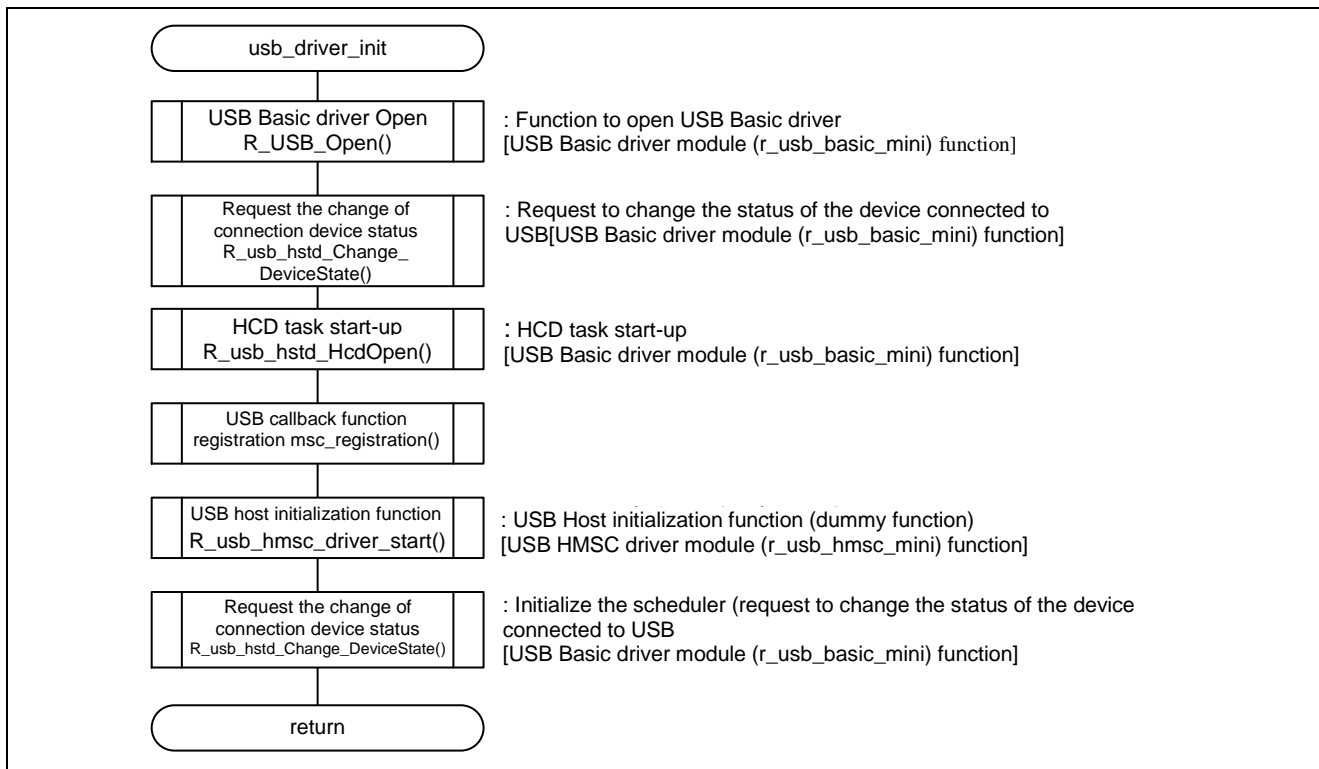


Figure 6.7 USB driver initialization

(7) USB callback function registration

Figure 6-8 shows the flowchart of USB callback function registration.

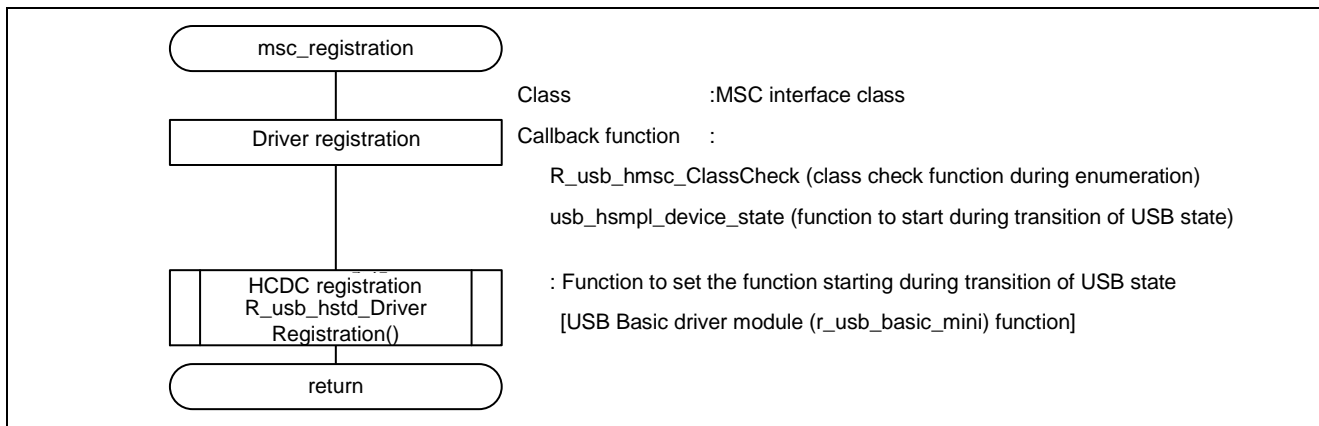


Figure 6-8 USB callback function registration

(8) USB HMSC Driver task

Figure 6-9 shows the flowchart of USB HMSC Driver task.

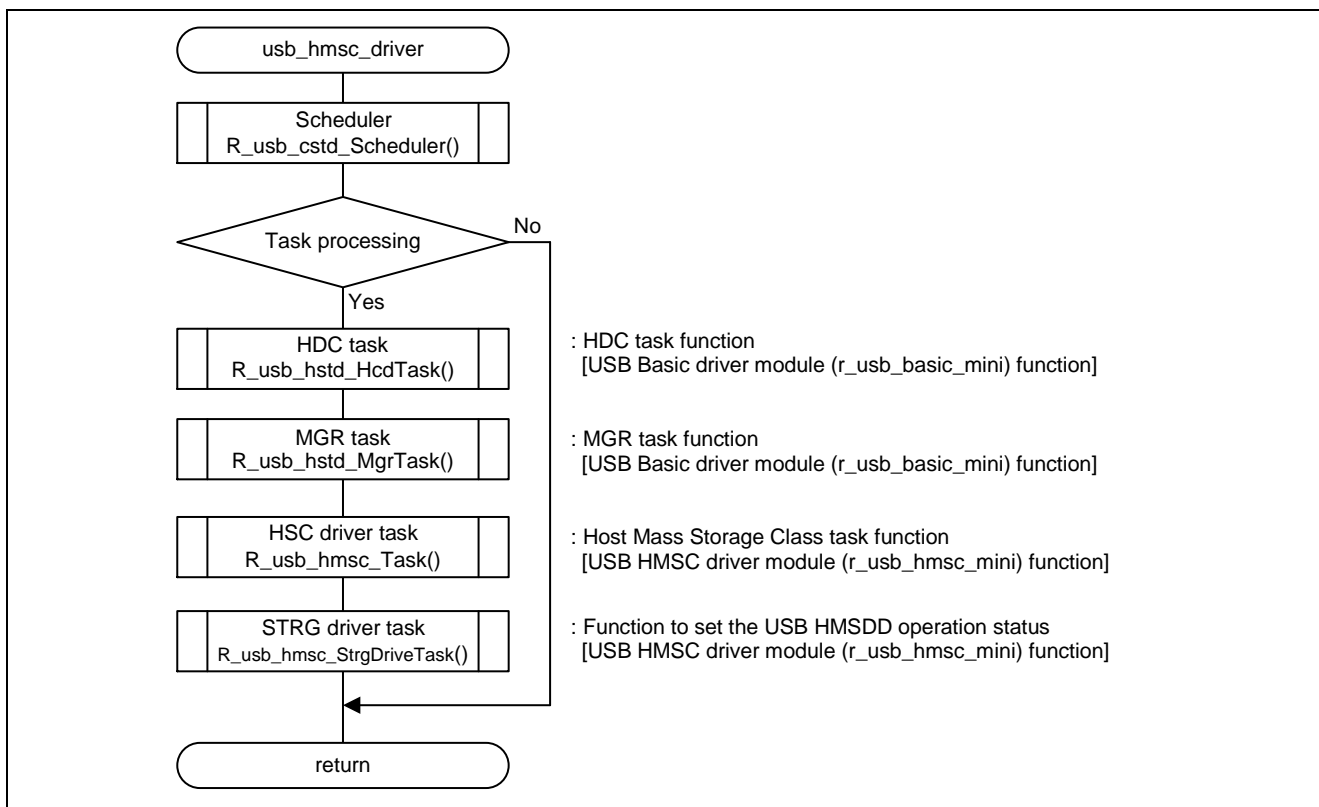


Figure 6-9 USB HMSC Driver task

(9) Wait for USB device detection

Figure 6-10 shows the flowchart of Wait processing for USB device detection

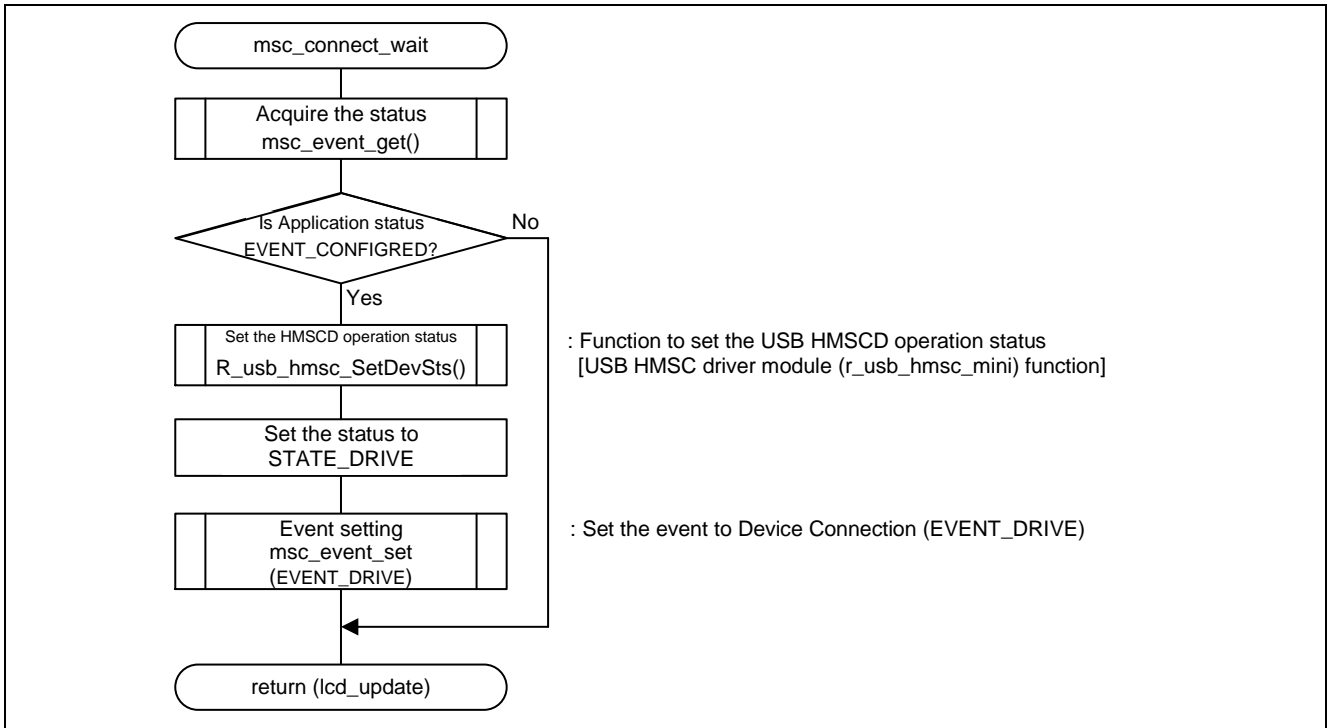


Figure 6-10 Wait for USB device detection

(10) USB device connection, and TFAT file system mount

Figure 6-11 shows USB device connection, and TFAT file system mount.

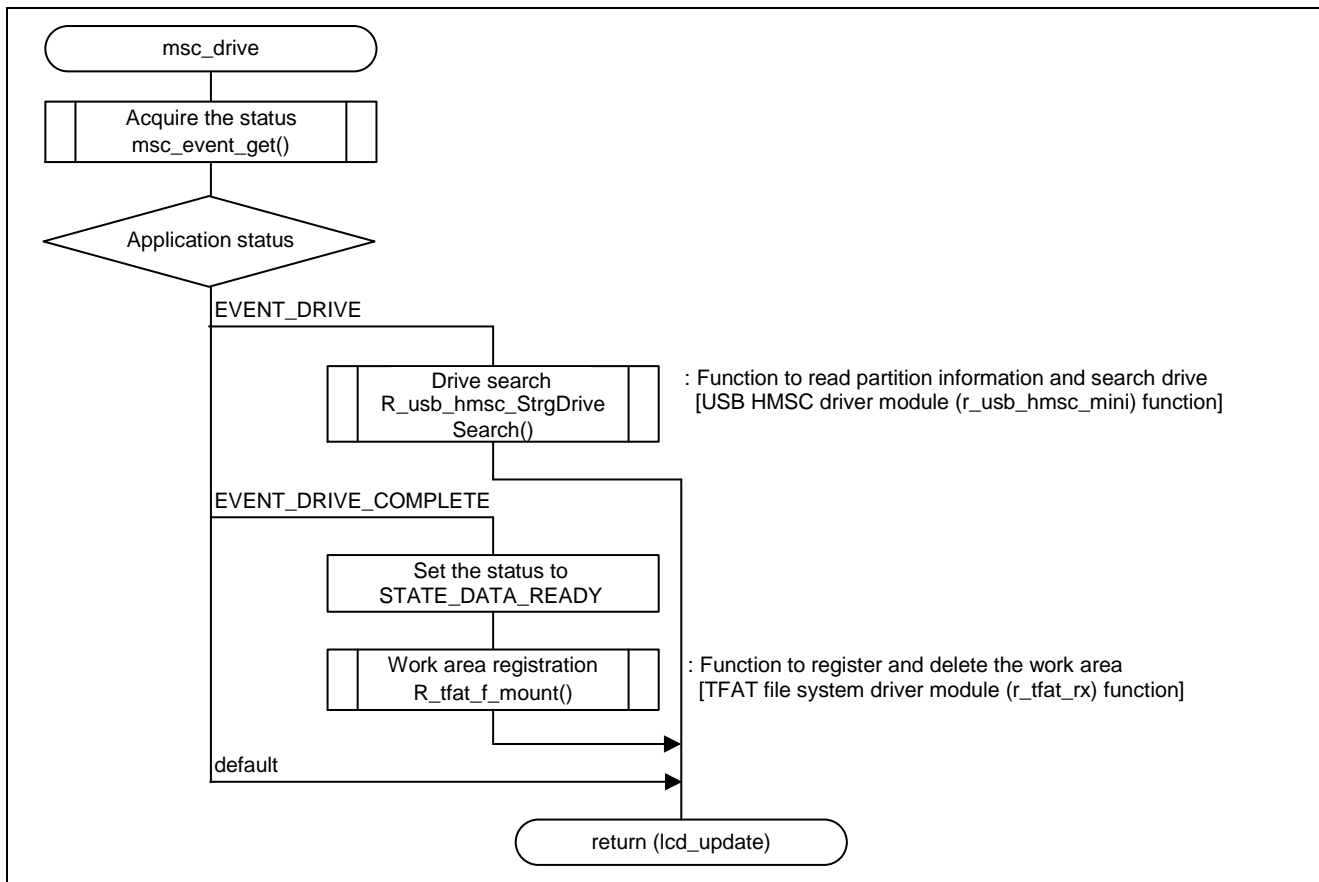


Figure 6-11 USB device connection, and TFAT file system mount

(11) Setting before read state

Figure 6-12 shows the flowchart of Setting processing before read state.

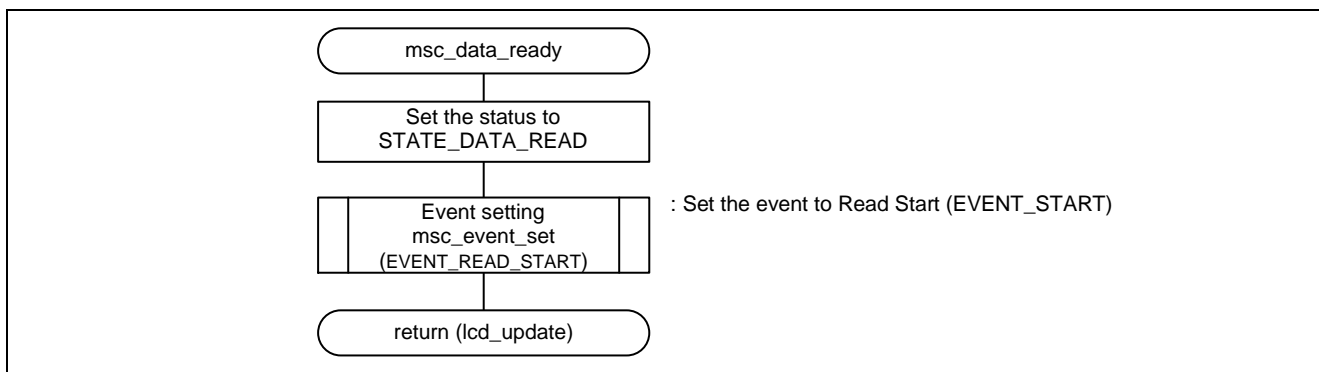


Figure 6-12 Setting before read state

(12) Data read from USB memory, and data write to flash memory

Figure 6-13 and Figure 6-14 show the flowchart of Data read from USB memory, and data write to flash memory. The file name stored in the USB memory, and the start address of rewrite are set by this function.

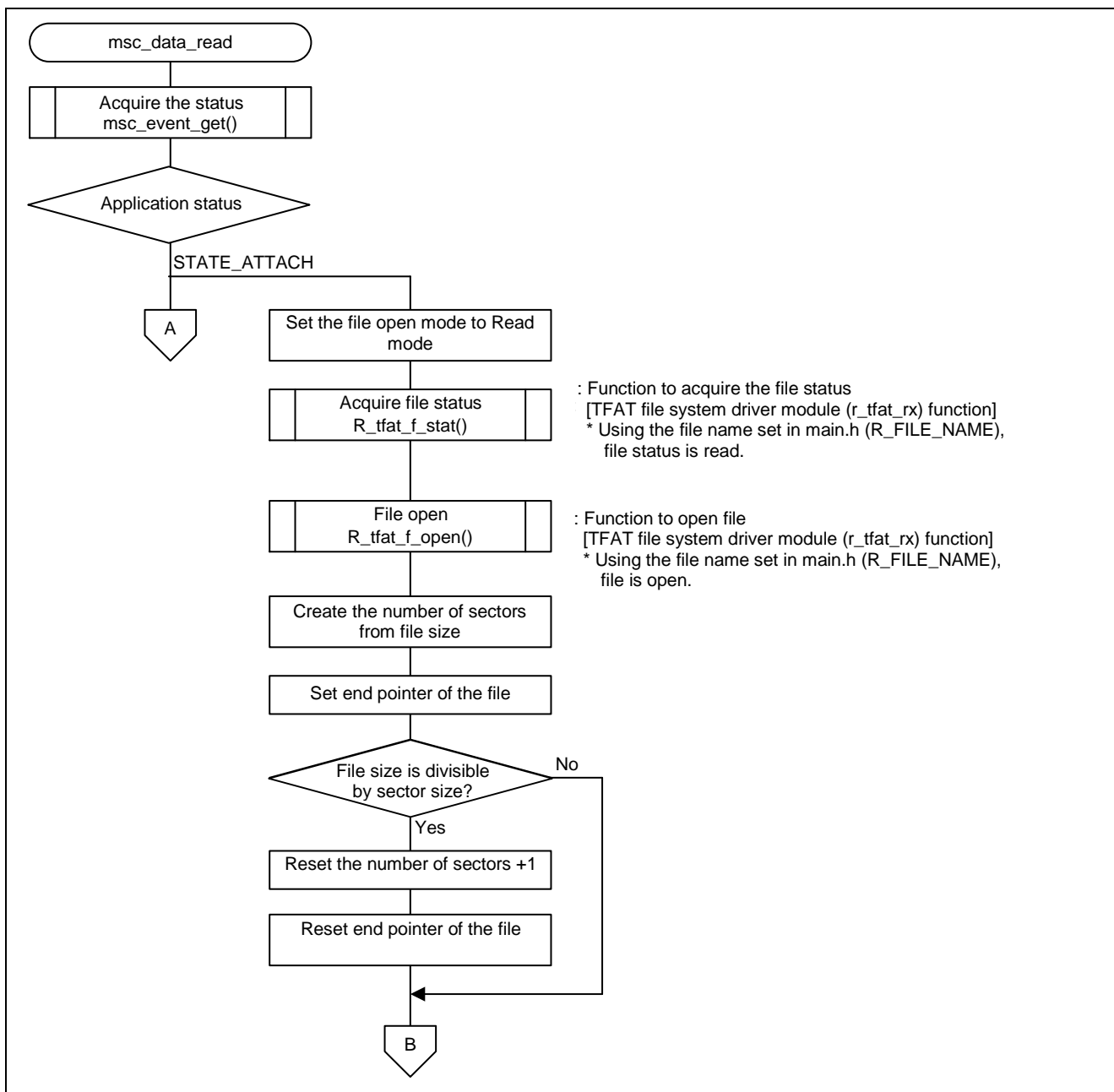


Figure 6-13 Data read from USB memory, and data write to flash memory(1)

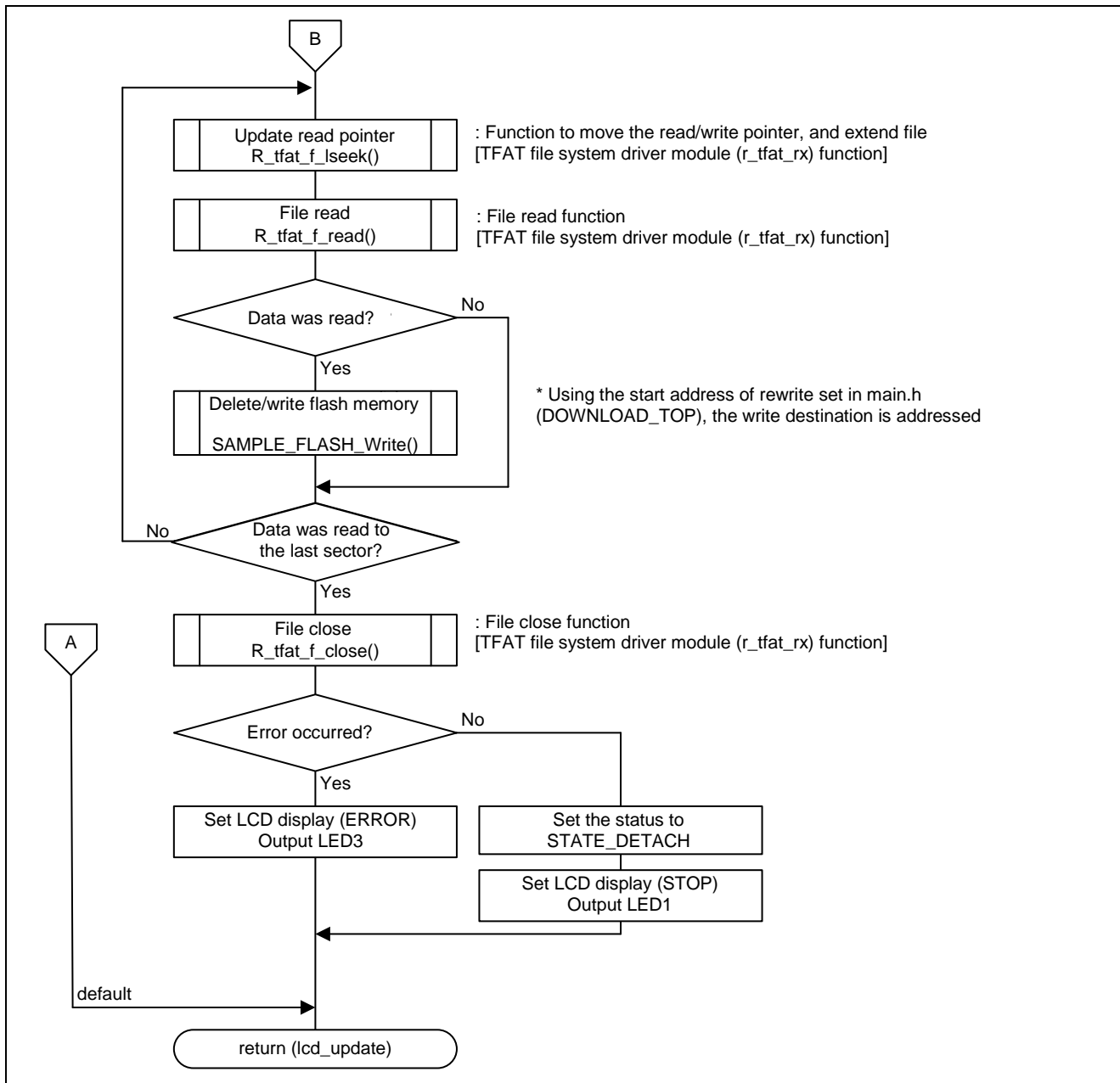


Figure 6-14 Data read from USB memory, and data write to flash memory(2)

(13) USB disconnection

Figure 6-15 shows the flowchart of USB disconnection.

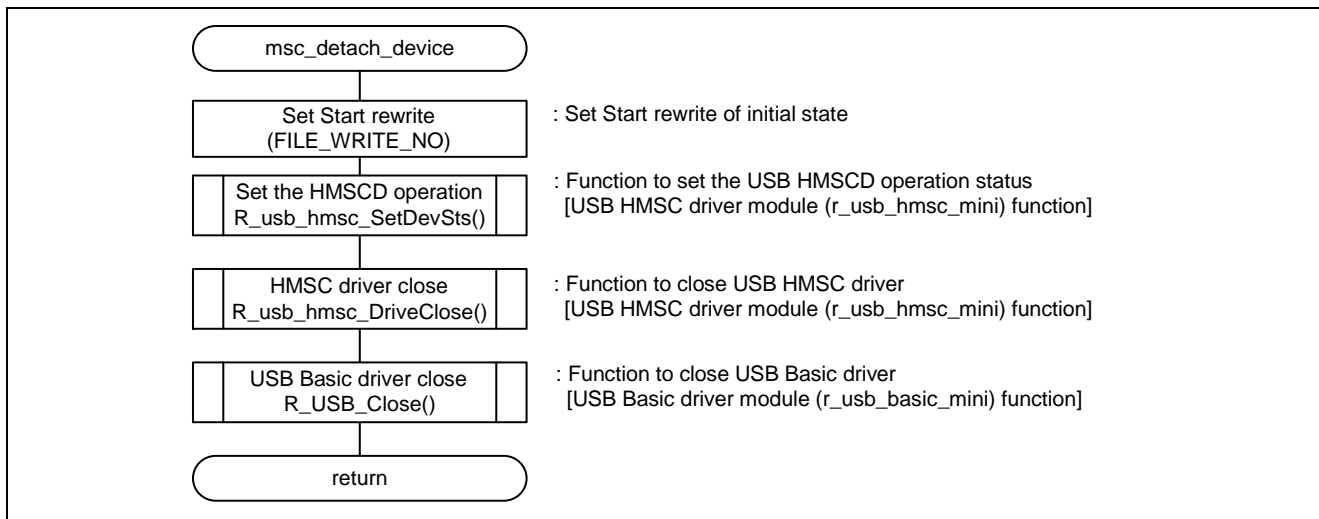


Figure 6-15 USB disconnection

(14) USB driver callback processing

Figure 6-16 shows the flowchart of USB callback function registration.

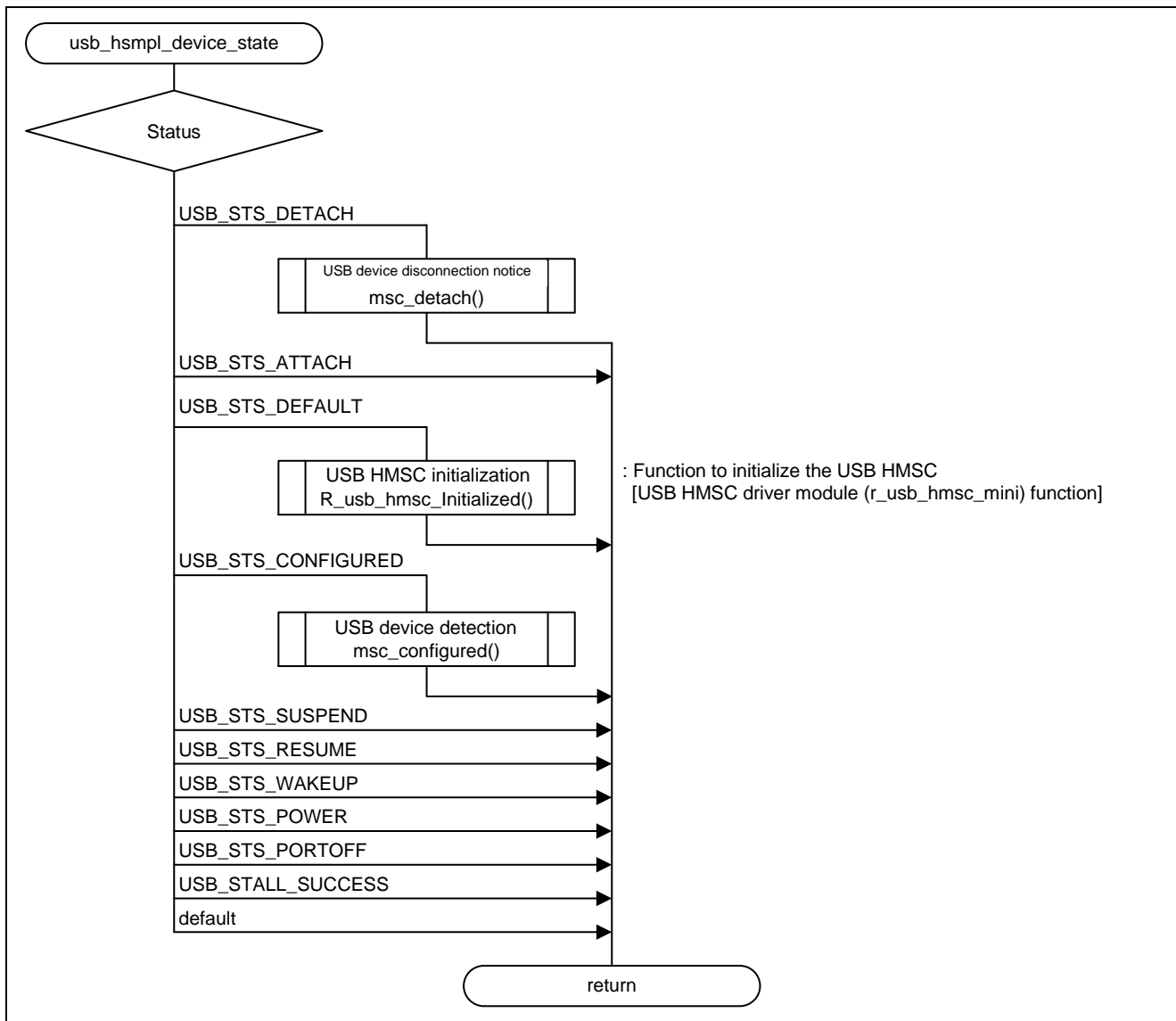


Figure 6-16 USB driver callback processing

(15) USB device detection notice

Figure 6-17 shows the flowchart of USB device detection notice

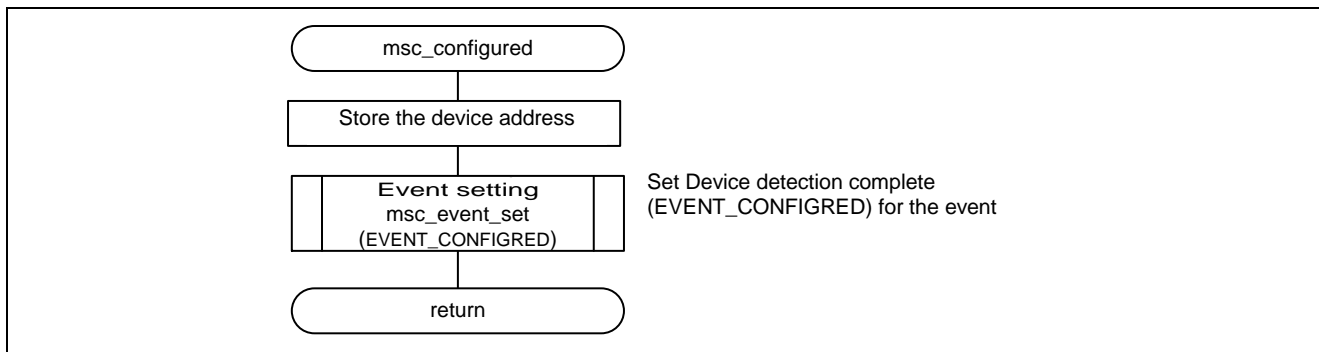


Figure 6-17 USB device detection notice

(16) USB device connection notice

Figure 6-18 shows the flowchart of USB device connection notice.

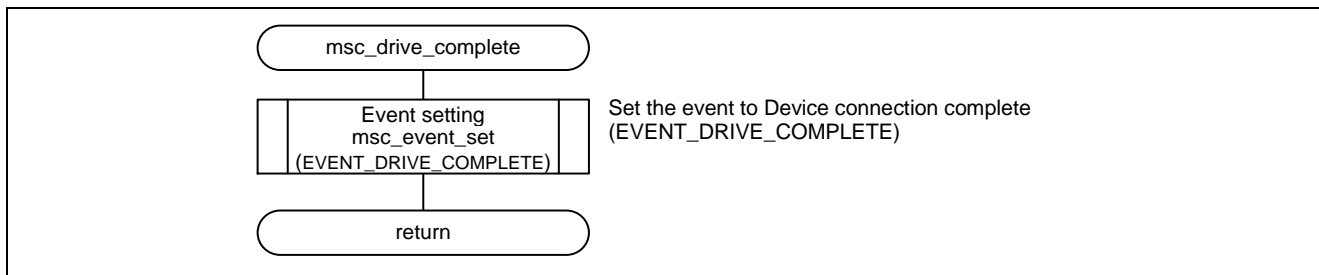


Figure 6-18 USB device connection notice

(17) USB device disconnection notice

Figure 6-19 shows the flowchart of USB device disconnection notice.

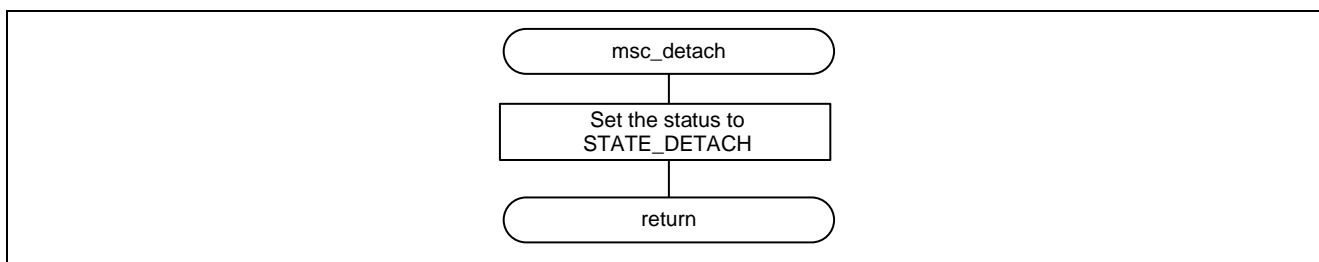


Figure 6-19 USB device disconnection notice

(18) Event setting

Figure 6-20 shows the flowchart of Event setting processing.

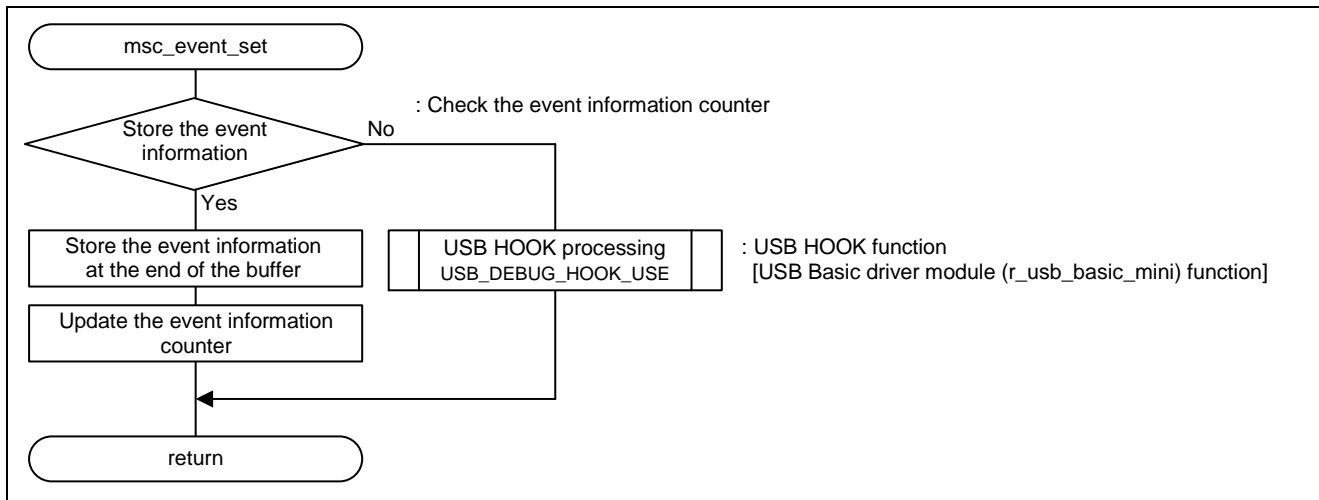


Figure 6-20 Event setting

(19) Event notice

Figure 6-21 shows the flowchart of Event notice processing.

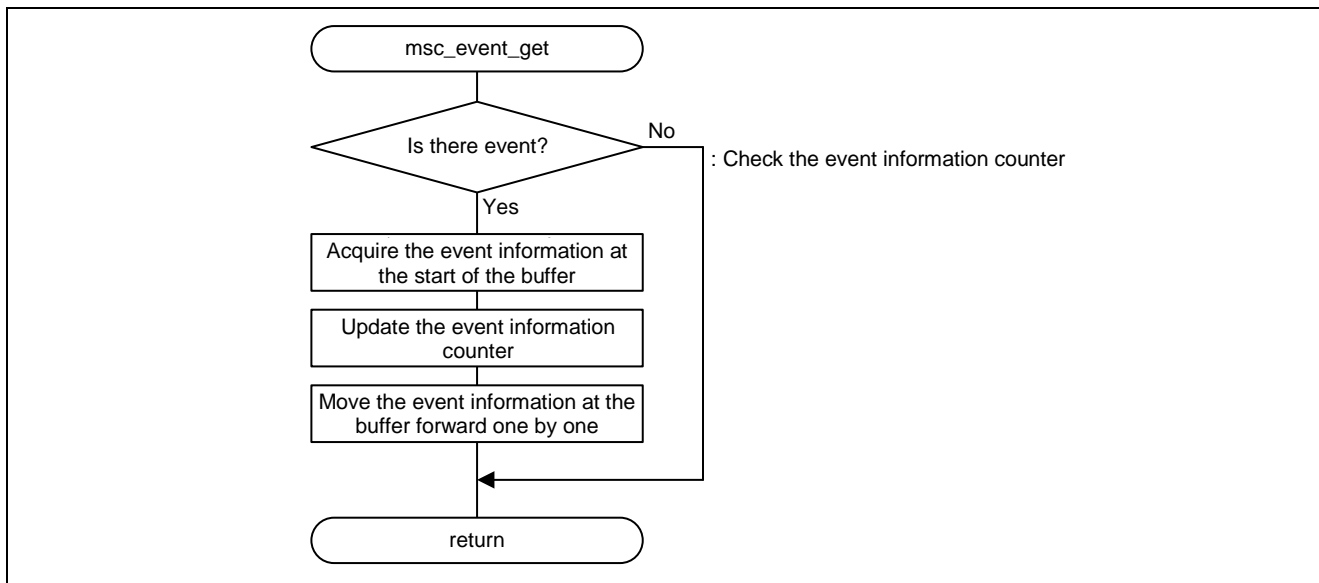


Figure 6-21 Event notice

(20) Flash memory rewrite processing

Figure 6-22 shows the flowchart of Flash memory rewrite processing. The last address for rewrite is set by this function.

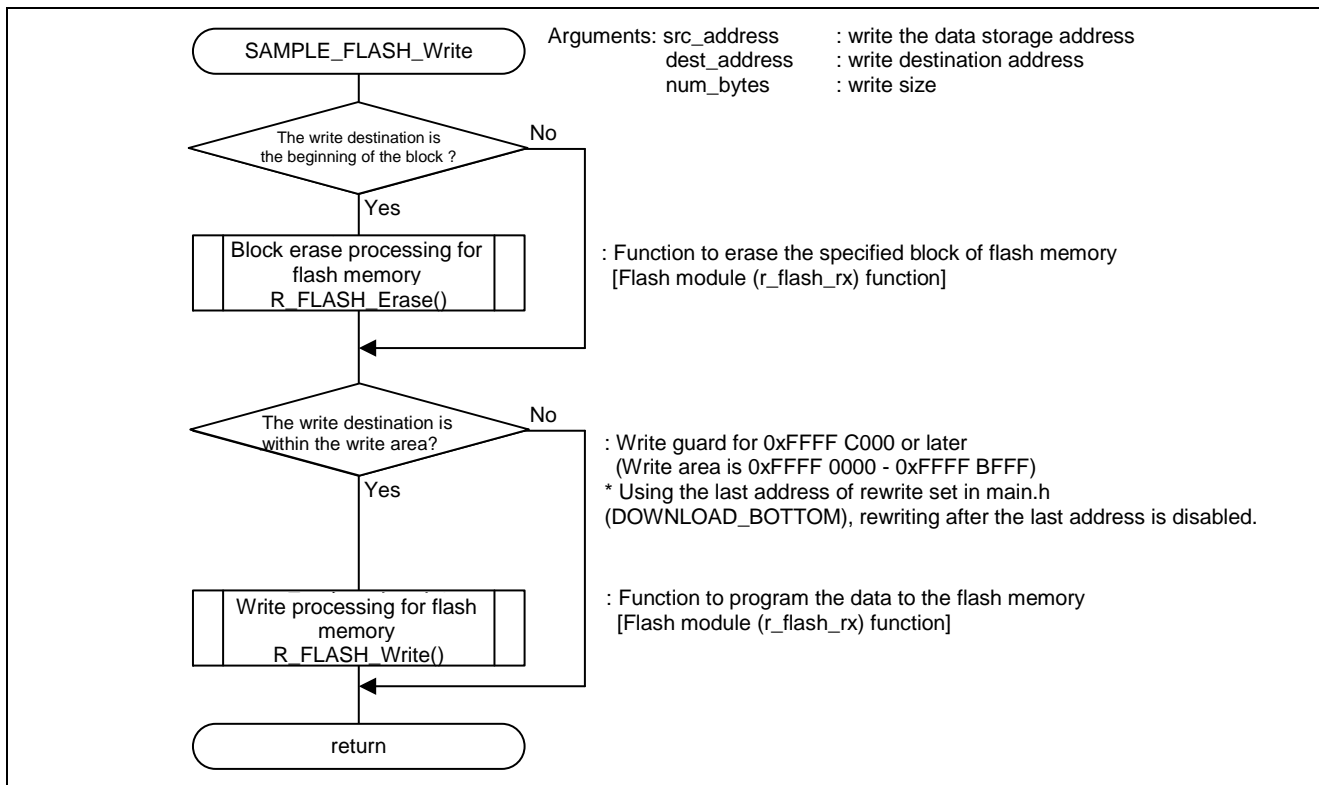


Figure 6-22 Flash memory rewrite processing

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Revision History

Rev.	Date	Description	
		Page	Summary
1.02	Feb 29, 2016	-	First edition issued

General Precautions in the Handling of MPU/MCU Products

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1. Handling of Unused Pins

Handle unused pins in accordance with the directions given under Handling of Unused Pins in the manual.

- The input pins of CMOS products are generally in the high-impedance state. In operation with an unused pin in the open-circuit state, extra electromagnetic noise is induced in the vicinity of LSI, an associated shoot-through current flows internally, and malfunctions occur due to the false recognition of the pin state as an input signal become possible. Unused pins should be handled as described under Handling of Unused Pins in the manual.

2. Processing at Power-on

The state of the product is undefined at the moment when power is supplied.

- The states of internal circuits in the LSI are indeterminate and the states of register settings and pins are undefined at the moment when power is supplied.
In a finished product where the reset signal is applied to the external reset pin, the states of pins are not guaranteed from the moment when power is supplied until the reset process is completed.
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3. Prohibition of Access to Reserved Addresses

Access to reserved addresses is prohibited.

- The reserved addresses are provided for the possible future expansion of functions. Do not access these addresses; the correct operation of LSI is not guaranteed if they are accessed.

4. Clock Signals

After applying a reset, only release the reset line after the operating clock signal has become stable. When switching the clock signal during program execution, wait until the target clock signal has stabilized.

- When the clock signal is generated with an external resonator (or from an external oscillator) during a reset, ensure that the reset line is only released after full stabilization of the clock signal. Moreover, when switching to a clock signal produced with an external resonator (or by an external oscillator) while program execution is in progress, wait until the target clock signal is stable.

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