

APPLICATION NOTE

M16C/63, 64A, 65, and 65C Groups Remote Control Signal Receiver Setting by Format Type

R01AN0390EJ0100 Rev. 1.00 Dec. 28, 2010

Abstract

This document describes remote control signal reception by format type for the M16C/63, 64A, 65, and 65C Groups.

Products

MCUs: M16C/63, 64A, 65, and 65C Groups

When using this application note with other Renesas MCUs, careful evaluation is recommended after making modifications to comply with the alternate MCU.



Contents

1.	Remote Control Signal Receive Waveform	3
2.	Remote Control Signal Receiver Initialization	5
3.	Individual Operation of the PMC0 Circuit in Pattern Match Mode	7
3.1	Remote Control Signal Reception without Header Pattern	7
3.2	Receive Operation of the Remote Control Format with Header Pattern	
3.2	2.1 Receive Error of the PMC0 Circuit in Pattern Match Mode	
3.3	Remote Control Signal Receiver with Special Header Pattern	15
4.	Individual Operation of the PMC1 Circuit in Pattern Match Mode	
4.1	Remote Control Signal Reception without Header Pattern	
4.2	Remote Control Format with Header Pattern Reception	
4.3	Bi-Phase Remote Control Format Reception	
5.	Combined Operation of the PMC0 and PMC1 Circuits in Pattern	
5.1	Remote Control Signal Receiver with Header Pattern and Spacer	29
5.2	Remote Control Signal Receiver with Header Pattern and Repeat Code	
6.	PMC0 Circuit Individual Operation in Pattern Match Mode using	
6.	Timer Measure Interrupt	
6.1	Remote Control Signal Receiver with Header Pattern and Spacer	39
7.	Structure	
8.	Function Tables	43
9.	Sample Code	
10.	Reference Documents	
11.	Website and Support	



1. Remote Control Signal Receive Waveform

This application note describes the six format waveforms shown in Figure 1.1 to Figure 1.6 as the receive operation example using PMC0 circuit and PMC1 circuit pattern match mode.

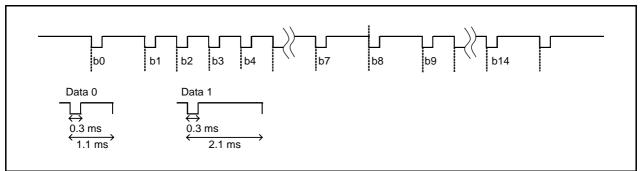


Figure 1.1 Pattern 1: Remote Control Format without Header Pattern

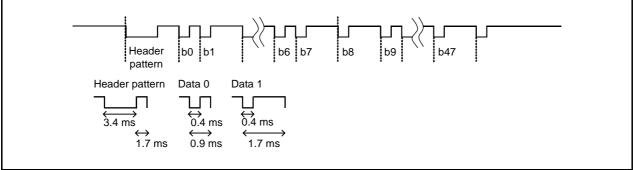


Figure 1.2 Pattern 2: Remote Control Format with Header Pattern

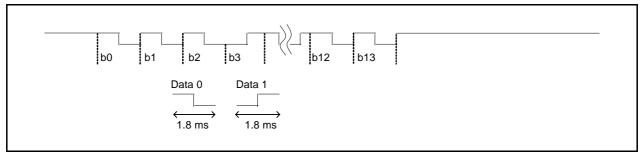


Figure 1.3 Pattern 3: Bi-Phase Remote Control Format

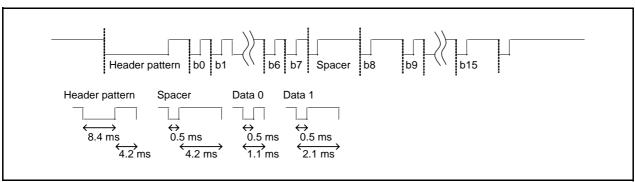


Figure 1.4 Pattern 4: Remote Control Format with Header Pattern and Spacer



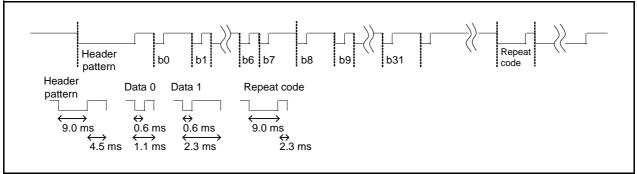


Figure 1.5 Pattern 5: Remote Control Format with Header Pattern and Repeat Code

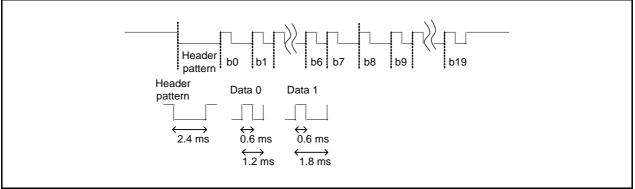




Table 1.1 lists the Reception in Pattern Match Operation Corresponding Circuit.

Table 1.1	Reception in Pattern Match Operation Corresponding Circuit
-----------	--

Pattern	PMC0 Independent Operation	PMC1 Independent Operation	PMC0/PMC1 Combined Operation
Pattern 1	See 3.1. ⁽¹⁾	See 4.1. ⁽¹⁾	Not needed
Pattern 2	See 3.2. ⁽¹⁾	See 4.2. ⁽¹⁾	Not needed
Pattern 3	Not needed	See 4.3. ⁽¹⁾	Not needed
Pattern 4	See 6. ⁽²⁾	See 6. ⁽²⁾	See 5.1. ⁽¹⁾
Pattern 5	See 6. ⁽²⁾	See 6. ⁽²⁾	See 5.2. ⁽³⁾
Pattern 6	See 3.3. ⁽¹⁾	Not needed	Not needed

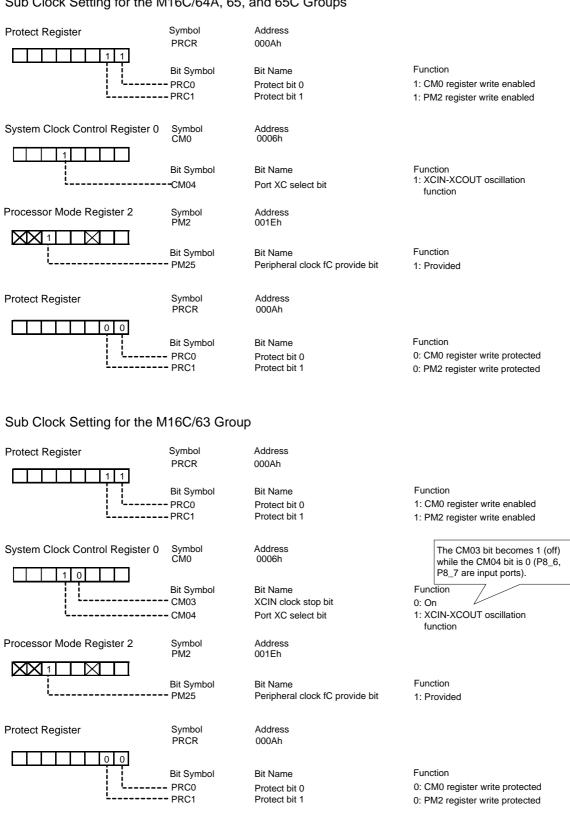
Notes:

- 1. Available without timer measure interrupt (low software process load).
- 2. Available by software processed pulse width analysis with timer measure interrupt (causes software process load for pulse width analysis).
- 3. Another timer is used for the repeat code.



2. Remote Control Signal Receiver Initialization

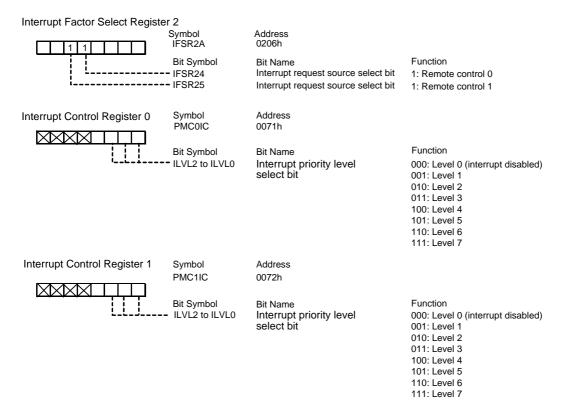
To enable the remote control signal receiver, follow the procedure below to set the registers. This procedure will set the "Sub Clock Control" and "Enabling Remote Control Signal Receive Interrupt".



Sub Clock Setting for the M16C/64A, 65, and 65C Groups



Enabling the Remote Control Signal Receive interrupt

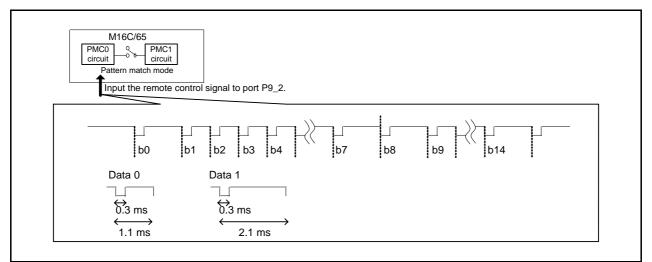




3. Individual Operation of the PMC0 Circuit in Pattern Match Mode

3.1 Remote Control Signal Reception without Header Pattern

Figure 3.1 shows how to receive the remote control signal when using the pattern match mode of the PMC0 circuit.

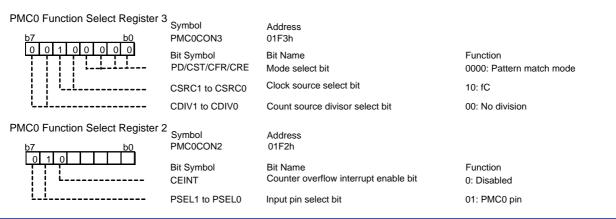




The detection pattern is designed to accept a tolerance of $\pm 10\%$ from the format width shown in Figure 3.1. See the following table for settings.

Item	ו	Description		
Count sources	Clock source	fC		
Count sources	Division	No division		
Operation mode		Pattern match mode		
	Detect patterns	Data 0 or data 1 match		
Pattern match mode	Interrupt request generation timing	Completion of data reception		
Pattern match mode		Input signal inversion		
	Selectable functions	Digital filter		
		Error flag hold		
Input port		P9_2		

Register Settings





PMC0 Function Select Register 0 Address Symbol PMC0CON0 01F0h Function Bit Symbol Bit Name ΕN PMC0 operation enable bit 0: Operation disabled SINV Input signal polarity invert bit 1: Inverted FIL Filter enable bit 1: Filter enabled EHOLD Error flag hold bit Status of the REFLG bit in the PMC0STS register: 1: Held even after next data received HDEN Header pattern enable bit 0: Header disabled SDEN Special data pattern enable bit 0: Special data pattern disabled -----DRINT1 to DRINT0 Receive interrupt control bit 11: Interrupt request is generated when compare match and no receive error occurs, and reception completed ⁽¹⁾ PMC0 Function Select Register 1 Address Symbol PMC0CON1 01F1h 0 XX 0 Bit Symbol Function Bit Name 00: Period measurement (between rising edge TYP1 to TYP0 Receive mode select bit and rising edge) 0: Counters operate individually --- CSS Counter start control bit Special pattern detect block select bit 0. BWC0 ----- EXSDEN ---- EXHDEN Header pattern detect block select bit 0: PMC0 PMC0 Interrupt Source Register Symbol Address PMC0INT 01F5h 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 Bit Name Bit Symbol Function CPINT Compare match flag interrupt enable bit 0: Disabled REINT Receive error flag interrupt enable bit 0: Disabled Data reception complete interrupt enable bit 1: Enabled DRINT Receive buffer full flag interrupt enable bit 0: Disabled BFULINT PTHDINT Header match flag interrupt enable bit 0. Disabled PTDINT Data 0/1 match flag interrupt enable bit 0: Disabled -----TIMINT Timer measure interrupt enable bit 0: Disabled ----- SDINT Special data match flag interrupt enable bit 0: Disabled PMC0 Compare Control Register Address Symbol PMC0CPC 01F6h Bit Symbol Bit Name Function CPN2 to CPN0 Compare bit specified bit Bits 4 to 0 are compared See Note 2. CPEN Compare enable bit 1: Compare enabled PMC0 Compare Data Register Symbol Address PMC0CPD 01F7h b0 0 0 0 0 0 Function Compare with 00000b PMC0 Data 0 Pattern Set Register (MIN) Symbol Address **PMC0D0PMIN** D084h Function 1.1 [ms] × (1 - 0.1) / (1 / 32.768 [kHz]) - 1 = 31 PMC0 Data 0 Pattern Set Register (MAX) Symbol Address PMC0D0PMAX D085h Function 1.1 [ms] × (1 + 0.1) / (1 / 32.768 [kHz]) - 1 = 39 PMC0 Data 1 Pattern Set Register (MIN) Symbol Address PMC0D1PMIN D086h Function 2.1 [ms] × (1 - 0.1) / (1 / 32.768 [kHz]) - 1 = 61 PMC0 Data 1 Pattern Set Register (MAX) Symbol Address PMC0D1PMAX D087h Function • 2.1 [ms] × (1 + 0.1) / (1 / 32.768 [kHz]) - 1 = 75 PMC0 Function Select Register 0 Symbol Address PMC0CON0 01F0h 1 Bit Symbol Bit Name Function EN PMC0 operation enable bit 1: Operation enabled Notes: 1. Set bits DRINT1 to DRINT0 to 00b when the compare match function is not used. 2. Set all bits to 0 when the compare match function is not used.

Check the specification to set the compared value when the compare match function is used.



- (1) The receive operation starts at the falling edge of b0 in the receive data.
- (2) During the receive operation, the receive data is stored bit by bit in the PMC0DATi register (i = 0 to 5).
- (3) After receiving the 15th bit, if there is no falling edge during the maximum time set to data 0 or data 1, a data reception complete interrupt is generated.
- (4) Read registers PMC0DATi and PMC0RBIT in the data reception complete interrupt.

Figure 3.2 shows the condition of the status flags and the interrupt request generation timing of the PMC0 circuit in remote control reception.

Remote control	Data 1 b0	Data 0 b1	Data 0 b2	Data 0 b3	Data 0 b4			b8		ь1:] 	b14	See Note 1.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ЬО	b1
PMC0DATi register		:	PMC0	DAT0	:	:						PMC0D	AT1	÷	PMC0	DAT0
PMC0RBIT register	0	1	2	3	4	5		8		13		14	15		0	1
DRFLG bit	:	:				://-							•	1	<u> </u>	
PTD0FLG bit			:			<u>:</u> //-	:		://				: 		:	
PTD1FLG bit			: 				: []						:]	•	:]	
CPFLG bit 		CPFLG b			after	j)ata re nterru		complete	<u>.</u> Л	i	
DRFLG, PT i = 0 to 5	D0FLG, PTD1	FLG, ar	Id CPFL	_G: Bits	in the	PMC0S	STS r	egister	//							
- The SINV compare m - The PMC0	hatch and no r	OCONO eceive e 04h (da	register error occ ata rece	curs, an	d receptor	otion co e interru	mple pt er	eted). habled)).			,	rupt request is bits 4 to 0 are o			
Note: 1. The da	ta reception c	omplete	interrup	ot is ger	nerated	when t	he co	ounter	value	is bigge	er tha	n register	r PMC0D0PM	AX or PM	C0D1PI	MAX.
Figure 3.2 F	PMC0 Red	eive	Oper	ation	of t	he Re	emo	ote C	ont	rol F	orm	at witl	hout Head	ler Pa	ttern	



3.2 Receive Operation of the Remote Control Format with Header Pattern

Figure 3.3 shows how to receive the remote control signal when using the pattern match mode of the PMC0 circuit.

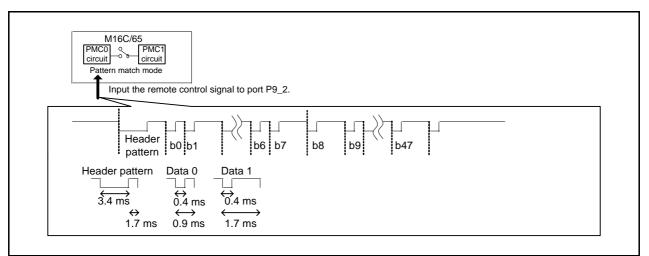


Figure 3.3 Outline of the Remote Control Format with Header Pattern

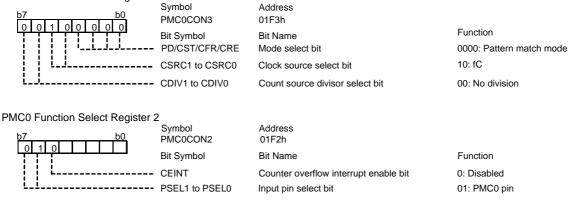
The detection pattern is designed to accept a tolerance of $\pm 10\%$ from the format width shown in Figure 3.3. See the following table for settings.

Table 3.2	PMC0 Circuit Settings
-----------	-----------------------

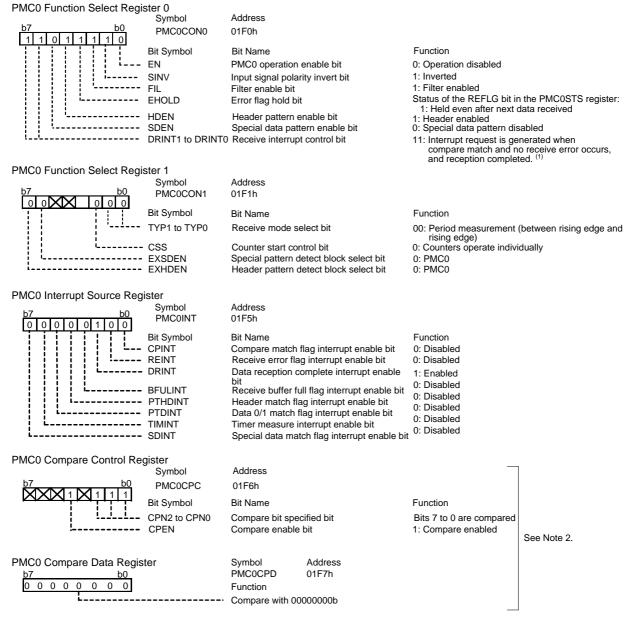
li	tem	Description		
Count sources	Clock source	fC		
Count sources	Division	No division		
Operation mode		Pattern match mode		
	Dotoct pattorns	Header		
	Detect patterns	Data 0 or data 1 match		
Pattern match mode	Interrupt request generation timing	Completion of data reception		
		Input signal inversion		
	Selectable functions	Digital filter		
		Error flag hold		
Input port		P9_2		

Register settings

PMC0 Function Select Register 3







Notes:

1. Set bits DRINT1 to DRINT0 to 00b when the compare match function is not used.

2. Set all bits to 0 when the compare match function is not used.

Check the specification to set the compared value when the compare match function is used.



PMC0 Header Pattern Set Registe <u>b15 b8 b7 b0</u> XXXXXX III	Function	Symbol PMC0HDPMIN ns] × (1 - 0.1) / (1 ,		
PMC0 Header Pattern Set Registe <u>b15 b8 b7 b0</u> XXXXXX III	Function	Symbol PMC0HDPMAX ns] × (1 + 0.1) / (1		
	Function	Symbol PMC0D0PMIN - 0.1) / (1 / 32.768		26
PMC0 Data 0 Pattern Set Register	Function	Symbol PMC0D0PMAX + 0.1) / (1 / 32.76	D085h	= 31
PMC0 Data 1 Pattern Set Register	Function	Symbol PMC0D1PMIN - 0.1) / (1 / 32.768	D086h	49
PMC0 Data 1 Pattern Set Register	Function	Symbol PMC0D1PMAX + 0.1) / (1 / 32.76	D087h	60
PMC0 Function Select Register 0	Symbol PMC0CON0 Bit Symbol -EN		n enable bit	Function 1: Operation enabled



- (1) The receive operation starts at the first falling edge of the header.
- (2) The receive data is stored bit by bit in PMC0DATi (i = 0 to 5).
- (3) After receiving the 48th bit, if a falling edge is not detected by the time the maximum time set to the header, data 0, or data 1 has elapsed, a data reception complete interrupt is generated.
- (4) Read registers PMC0DATi and PMC0RBIT in the data reception complete interrupt.

Figure 3.4 shows the condition of the status flags and the interrupt generation timing of the PMC0 circuit in remote control reception.

Remote control signal (PCM0 pin input)	Header	b0 b1	Ь6 Ь7 I	D8 D9	b47	See Note 1.	Header b0	b1
PMC0DATi —	F	PMCODATO			PMC0	DAT5	PMC0DAT0	<u> </u>
register <u>—</u>			P	MC0DAT1				
PMC0RBIT	0	1 2	. 6 7	8 9	47	48	0	1
DRFLG bit								
PTHDFLG bit					/			
PTD0FLG bit				/-			<u>:</u> [
PTD1FLG bit		[it becomes 1 when register value is 48.	1	
BFULFLG bit	The CI	PFLG bit become	<u>. 1 when</u>		•		<u> </u>	
CPFLG bit		mpare matches.	s i wnen →		Data reception	n complete	1	
IR bit in the				//	interrupt	<u>∕_</u> :		
PMC0IC register			1	/				
i = 0 to 5 The above a - The SINV (interrupt r - The PMC0 - The CPEN Note:	ssumes the follo bit in the PMC00 equest is genera NNT register is 0 I bit in the PMC0	CONO register is ated when compa 94h (data receptio 9CPC register is 1	1 (inverted), the re match and no n complete inter (compare enab	HDEN bit is 1 o receive error rrupt enabled). led), and bits ((header enable occurs, and rec CPN2 to CPN0	egister d), and bits DRINT1 ar eption completed). are 111b (bits 7 to 0 a an register PMC0HDF	re compared).	¥
	OD1PMAX.	ipiere interrupt is	generated witen		ande is bigget til			Μ,
Figure 3.4 F	PMC0 Rece	ive Operation	on of the R	emote Co	ontrol Forn	nat with Heade	r Pattern	



3.2.1 Receive Error of the PMC0 Circuit in Pattern Match Mode

Figure 3.5 shows the change of the status flags and the interrupt generation timing when a receive error is generated in 3.2 "Receive Operation of the Remote Control Format with Header Pattern". The SFR settings in section 3.2 enable the receive error interrupt.

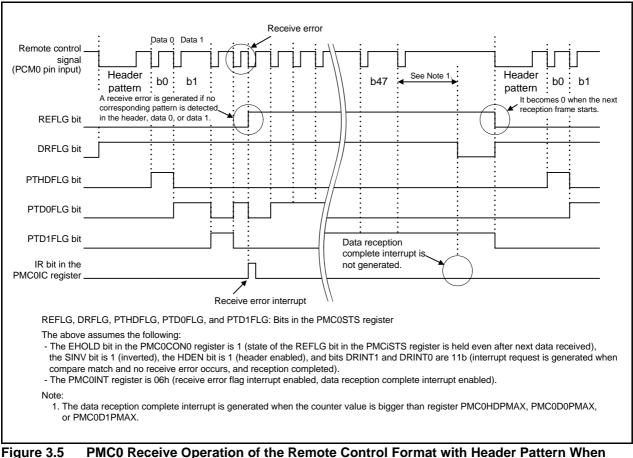


Figure 3.5 PMC0 Receive Operation of the Remote Control Format with Header Pattern When Receive Error Occurs

A receive error is generated if no corresponding pattern is detected in the header, data 0, or data 1, and a receive error interrupt request is generated.

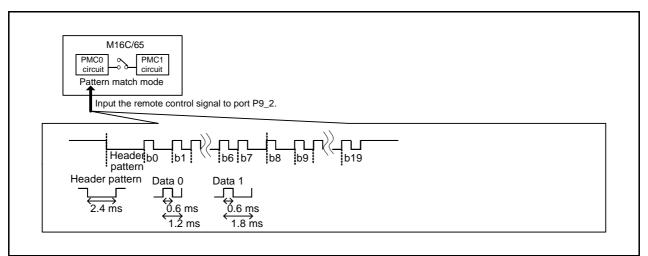
Acknowledge the receive error in the receive error interrupt handling.

A data reception complete interrupt will not be generated at this time because bits DRINT1 to DRINT0 are 11b (interrupt request is generated when a compare match and no receive error occurs, and reception completed).



3.3 Remote Control Signal Receiver with Special Header Pattern

Figure 3.6 shows the outline of the remote control format with special header reception of the PMC0 individual circuit operation in the pattern match mode.





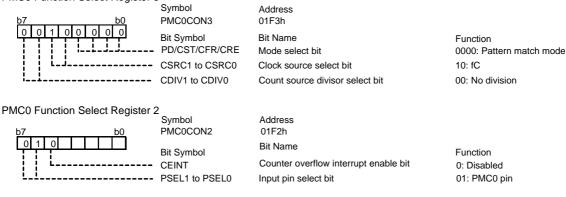
The detection pattern is designed to accept a tolerance of $\pm 10\%$ from the format width shown in Figure 3.6. See the following table for settings.

Table 3.3 PMC0 Circuit Setting	gs
--------------------------------	----

li	tem	Description		
Count sources	Clock source	fC		
Count sources	Division	No division		
Operation mode		Pattern match mode		
	Dotoct pattorns	Header		
	Detect patterns	Data 0 or data 1 match		
Pattern match mode	Interrupt request generation timing	Completion of data reception		
		Input signal not inverted		
	Selectable functions	Digital filter		
		Error flag hold		
Input port		P9_2		

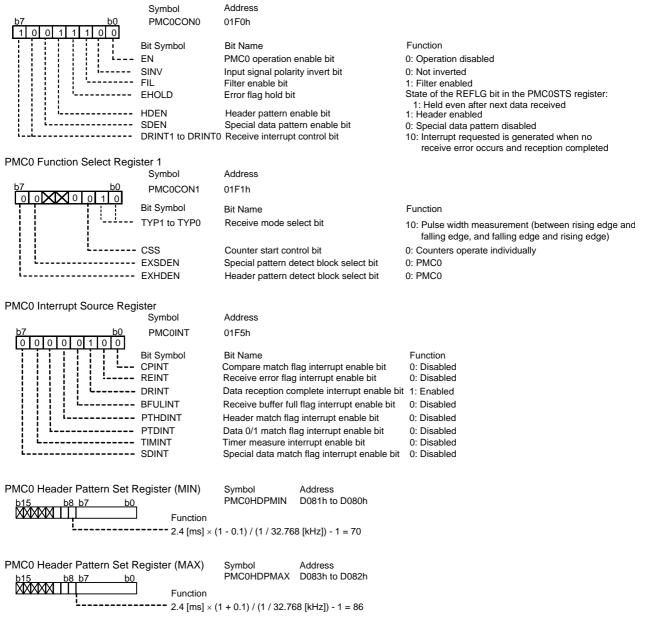
Register settings

PMC0 Function Select Register 3

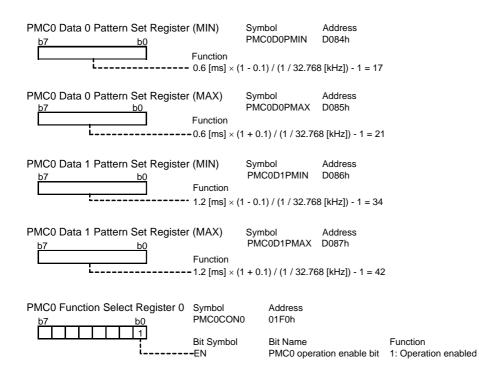




PMC0 Function Select Register 0



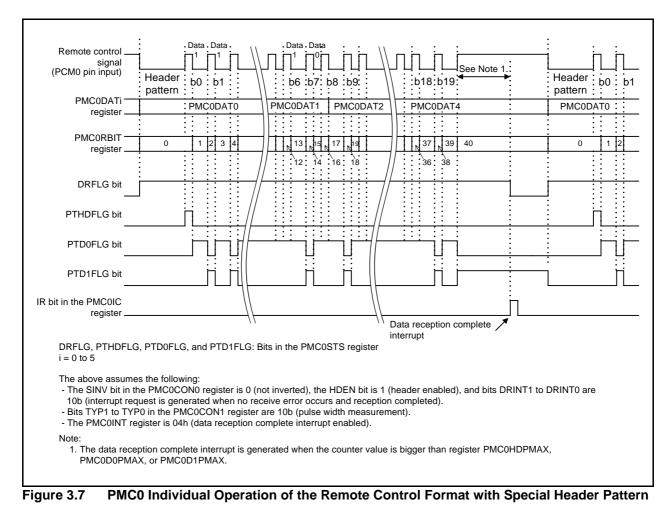






- (1) The receive operation starts at the falling edge of the header.
- (2) The pulse width of the remote control signal measured at every edge is stored in PMC0DATi in order when the receive operation starts (i = 0 to 5).
- (3) After receiving the 20th bit, if there is no falling edge during the maximum time set to the header, data 0, or data 1, a data reception complete interrupt is generated.
- (4) Read registers PMC0DATi and PMC0RBIT in the data reception complete interrupt. The data read is encoded.

Figure 3.7 shows the condition of the status flags and the interrupt request generation timing of the PMC0 circuit in remote control reception.





Encoding process

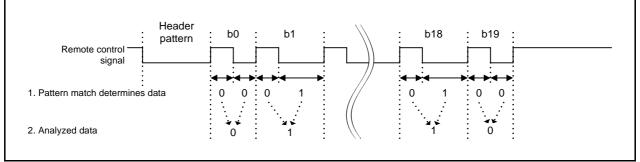


Figure 3.8 Analytical Operation Example of Format with Special Header Pattern

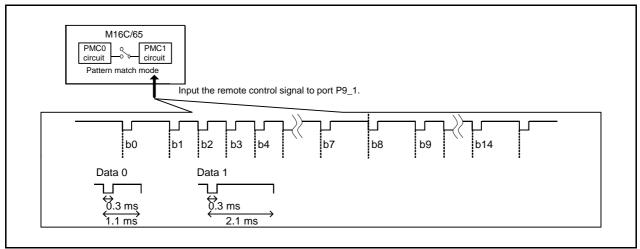
- (1) The pulse width is measured in pattern match mode.
- (2) Every 2 bits of data measured after the receive operation is completed.When the data is 00b, it is determined to be data 0 and converted.When the data is 01b, it is determined to be data 1 and converted.



4. Individual Operation of the PMC1 Circuit in Pattern Match Mode

4.1 Remote Control Signal Reception without Header Pattern

Figure 4.1 shows how to receive the remote control signal when not using the pattern match mode of the PMC1 circuit.



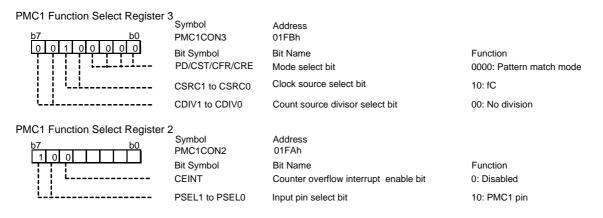


The detection pattern is designed to accept a tolerance of $\pm 10\%$ from the format width shown in Figure 4.1. See the following table for settings.

Table 4.1 PMC1 Circuit Settings

Item		Description	
Count sources	Clock source	fC	
	Division	No division	
Operation mode		Pattern match mode	
	Detect patterns	Data 0 or data 1 match	
Pattern match mode	Interrupt request	Data 0 or data 1 match	
	generation timing	Completion of data reception	
	Selectable functions	Input signal inversion	
		Digital filter	
Input port		P9_1	

Register settings





PMC1 Function Select Register 0 Symbol Address PMC1CON0 01F8h Bit Name Function Bit Symbol PMC1 operation enable bit 0: Operation disabled FΝ Input signal polarity invert bit SINV 1: Inverted ---- FII Filter enable bit 1: Filter enabled L Header pattern enable bit 0: Header disabled ----- HDEN PMC1 Function Select Register 1 Address Symbol PMC1CON1 01F9h 0 0 Bit Symbol Bit Name Function 00: Period measurement (between rising edge and rising edge) TYP1 to TYP0 Receive mode select bit PMC1 Interrupt Source Register Symbol Address PMC1INT 01FDh 0 1 0 🗙 1 Bit Symbol Bit Name Function REINT Receive error flag interrupt enable bit 0: Disabled DRINT 1: Enabled Data reception complete interrupt enable bit PTHDINT Header match flag interrupt enable bit 0: Disabled Data 0/1 match flag interrupt enable bit PTDINT 1: Enabled Timer measure interrupt enable bit TIMINT 0: Disabled PMC1 Data 0 Pattern Set Register (MIN) Symbol Address PMC1D0PMIN D098h Function ----- 1.1 [ms] × (1 - 0.1) / (1 / 32.768 [kHz]) - 1 = 31 PMC1 Data 0 Pattern Set Register (MAX) Symbol Address PMC1D0PMAX D099h b0 Function • 1.1 [ms] × (1 + 0.1) / (1 / 32.768 [kHz]) - 1 = 39 PMC1 Data 1 Pattern Set Register (MIN) Symbol Address PMC1D1PMIN D09Ah Function --- 2.1 [ms] × (1 - 0.1) / (1 / 32.768 [kHz]) - 1 = 61 PMC1 Data 1 Pattern Set Register (MAX) Symbol Address PMC1D1PMAX D09Bh Function ----- 2.1 [ms] × (1 + 0.1) / (1 / 32.768 [kHz]) - 1 = 75 PMC1 Function Select Register 0 Symbol Address PMC1CON0 01F8h 1 Bit Name Function Bit Symbol PMC1 operation enable bit ΕN 1: Operation enabled



- (1) The receive operation starts at the first falling edge.
- (2) When receiving data, store the receive data bit by bit using the data 0/1 match flag interrupt in the program.
- (3) After receiving the 15th bit, if a falling edge is not detected by the time the maximum time set to data 0 or data 1 has elapsed, a data reception complete interrupt is generated.
- (4) The receive data is stored to an array in the data reception complete interrupt.

Figure 4.2 shows the condition of the status flags and the interrupt generation timing of the PMC1 circuit when receiving the remote control signal.

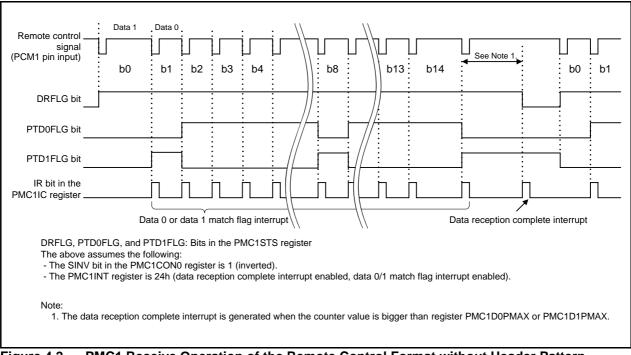


Figure 4.2 PMC1 Receive Operation of the Remote Control Format without Header Pattern



4.2 Remote Control Format with Header Pattern Reception

Figure 4.3 shows the outline of receiving remote control format with header using the pattern match mode of PMC1 circuit.

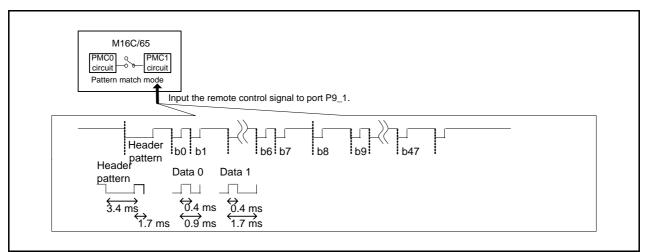


Figure 4.3 Outline of the Remote Control Format with Header Pattern

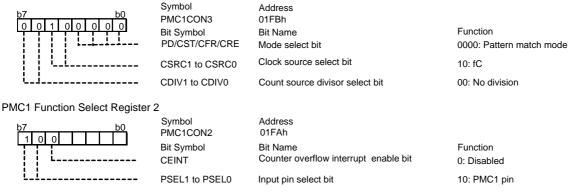
The detection pattern is designed to accept a tolerance of $\pm 10\%$ from the format width shown in Figure 4.3. See the following table for settings.

Table 4.2 PMC1 Circuit Settings

Item		Description	
Count sources	Clock source	fC	
	Division	No division	
Operation mode		Pattern match mode	
Detect pottorno		Header	
	Detect patterns	Data 0 or data 1 match	
Pattern match mode	Interrupt request	Data 0 or data 1 match	
Pattern match mode	generation timing	Completion of data reception	
	Selectable functions	Input signal inversion	
		Digital filter	
Input port		P9_1	

Register settings

PMC1 Function Select Register 3





PMC1 Function Select Register 0 Symbol Address PMC1CON0 01F8h Bit Symbol Bit Name Function PMC1 operation enable bit 0: Operation disabled FN Input signal polarity invert bit 1: Inverted SINV Filter enable bit 1: Filter enabled FIL HDEN Header pattern enable bit 1: Header enabled PMC1 Function Select Register 1 Address Symbol PMC1CON1 01F9h \mathbf{N}_{0} 0 Bit Symbol Bit Name Function 00: Period measurement (between rising edge and TYP1 to TYP0 Receive mode select bit rising edge) PMC1 Interrupt Source Register Symbol Address PMC1INT 01FDh Bit Symbol Bit Name Function Receive error flag interrupt enable bit RFINT 0: Disabled Data reception complete interrupt enable DRINT 1: Enabled bit Header match flag interrupt enable bit PTHDINT 0: Disabled Data 0/1 match flag interrupt enable bit PTDINT 1: Enabled TIMINT Timer measure interrupt enable bit 0: Disabled PMC1 Header Pattern Set Register (MIN) Symbol Address PMC1HDPMIN D095h to D094h Function - (3.4 + 1.7) [ms] × (1 - 0.1) / (1 / 32.768 [kHz]) - 1 = 149 PMC1 Header Pattern Set Register (MAX) Symbol Address PMC1HDPMAX D097h to D096h Func tion (3.4 + 1.7) [ms] × (1 + 0.1) / (1 / 32.768 [kHz]) - 1 = 183 PMC1 Data 0 Pattern Set Register (MIN) Symbol Address PMC1D0PMIN D098h Function ---- 0.9 [ms] × (1 - 0.1) / (1 / 32.768 [kHz]) - 1 = 26 PMC1 Data 0 Pattern Set Register (MAX) Symbol Address PMC1D0PMAX D099h Function -• 0.9 [ms] × (1 + 0.1) / (1 / 32.768 [kHz]) - 1 = 31 Symbol PMC1 Data 1 Pattern Set Register (MIN) Address PMC1D1PMIN D09Ah b0 b7 Function --- 1.7 [ms] × (1 - 0.1) / (1 / 32.768 [kHz]) - 1 = 49 PMC1 Data 1 Pattern Set Register (MAX) Address Symbol PMC1D1PMAX D09Bh Function ----- 1.7 [ms] × (1 + 0.1) / (1 / 32.768 [kHz]) - 1 = 60 PMC1 Function Select Register 0 Symbol Address PMC1CON0 01F8h 1 Function Bit Symbol Bit Name PMC1 operation enable bit ΕN 1: Operation enabled



- (1) The receive operation starts at the first falling edge of the header.
- (2) Store the receive data bit by bit using data 0/1 match flag interrupt in the program when receiving data.
- (3) After receiving the 48th bit, if a falling edge is not detected by the time the maximum time set to the header, data 0, or data 1 has elapsed, a data reception complete interrupt is generated.
- (4) The receive data is stored to an array in the data reception complete interrupt.

Figure 4.4 shows the condition of the status flags and the interrupt generation timing of the PMC1 circuit in remote control reception.

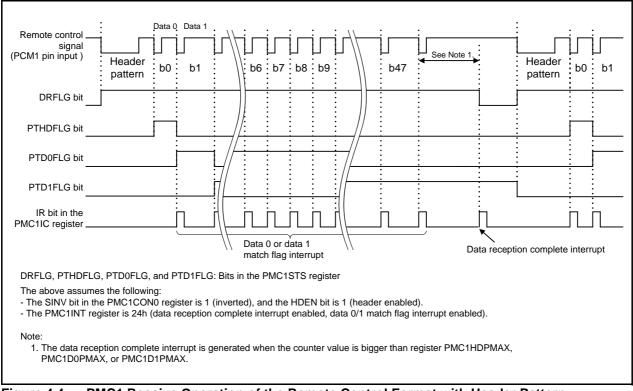


Figure 4.4 PMC1 Receive Operation of the Remote Control Format with Header Pattern



4.3 Bi-Phase Remote Control Format Reception

Figure 4.5 shows the outline of receiving bi-phase remote control format using the pattern match mode of PMC1 circuit.

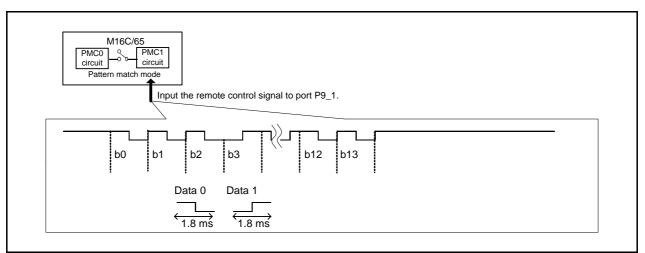


Figure 4.5 Outline of the Bi-Phase Remote Control Format

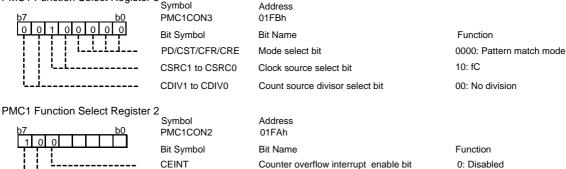
The detection pattern is designed to accept a tolerance of $\pm 20\%$ from the format width shown in Figure 4.5. See the following table for settings.

Table 4.3 PMC1 Circuit Settings

Item		Description	
Count sources	Clock source	fC	
	Division	No division	
Operation mode		Pattern match mode	
	Detect patterns	Data 0 or data 1 match	
Pattern match mode	Interrupt request	Data 0 or data 1 match	
	generation timing	Completion of data reception	
	Selectable functions	Input signal not inverted	
		Digital filter	
Input port		P9_1	

Register settings

PMC1 Function Select Register 3 Symbol



Input pin select bit

PSEL1 to PSEL0



PMC1 Function Select Register 0 Symbol Address PMC1CON0 01F8h 0 Bit Symbol Bit Name Function PMC1 operation enable bit 0:Operation disabled FΝ Input signal polarity invert bit 0: Not inverted SINV Filter enable bit 1: Filter enabled ---- FIL 0: Header disabled L----- HDEN Header pattern enable bit PMC1 Function Select Register 1 Symbol Address PMC1CON1 01F9h 1 0 Bit Symbol Bit Name Function 10: Pulse width measurement (between rising edge and falling edge, and falling edge and rising edge) TYP1 to TYP0 Receive mode select bit PMC1 Interrupt Source Register Symbol Address PMC1INT 01FDh 1 0 X Bit Symbol Bit Name Function REINT Receive error flag interrupt enable bit 0: Disabled ---- DRINT Data reception complete interrupt enable bit 1: Enabled PTHDINT Header match flag interrupt enable bit 0: Disabled -- PTDINT Data 0/1 match flag interrupt enable bit 1: Enabled ---- TIMINT Timer measure interrupt enable bit 0: Disabled PMC1 Data 0 Pattern Set Register (MIN) Symbol Address PMC1D0PMIN D098h b0 Function - 0.9 [ms] × (1 - 0.2) / (1 / 32.768 [kHz]) - 1 = 23 PMC1 Data 0 Pattern Set Register (MAX) Symbol Address PMC1D0PMAX D099h b0 Function ---- 0.9 [ms] × (1 + 0.2) / (1 / 32.768 [kHz]) - 1 = 36 PMC1 Data 1 Pattern Set Register (MIN) Symbol Address PMC1D1PMIN D09Ah b0 Function -- 1.7 [ms] × (1 - 0.2) / (1 / 32.768 [kHz]) - 1 = 47 PMC1 Data 1 Pattern Set Register (MAX) Symbol Address PMC1D1PMAX D09Bh b0 Function ---- 1.7 [ms] × (1 + 0.2) / (1 / 32.768 [kHz]) - 1 = 71 PMC1 Function Select Register 0 Symbol Address PMC1CON0 01F8h 1 Bit Symbol Bit Name Function PMC1 operation enable bit ΕN 1: Operation enabled



- (1) The receive operation starts at the falling edge of b0.
- (2) Store the receive data bit by bit using the data 0/1 match flag interrupt in the program when receiving data.
- (3) After receiving the 14th bit, if a falling edge is not detected by the time the maximum time set to data 0 or data 1 has elapsed, a data reception complete interrupt is generated.
- (4) The receive data is stored to an array in the data reception complete interrupt.

Figure 4.6 shows the condition of the status flags and the interrupt generation timing of the PMC1 circuit in remote control reception.

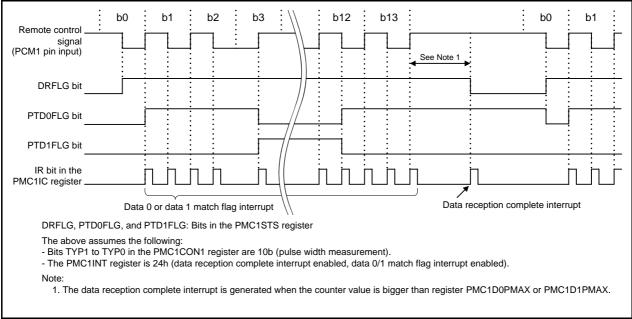


Figure 4.6 PMC1 Receive Operation of the Bi-Phase Remote Control Format

Encoding process

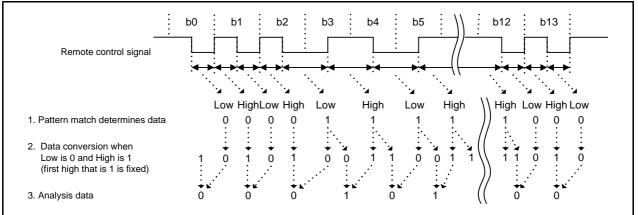


Figure 4.7 Analytical Operation Example of Bi-Phase Format

- (1) The pulse width measurement is set for monitoring the signal determined data 0 or data 1 in pattern match mode.
- (2) Based in Figure 6.6 PMC1 circuit receive timing, high and low periods are measured. Convert to:

High period is long: 11b, high period is short: 1.

Low period is long: 00b, low period is short: 0.

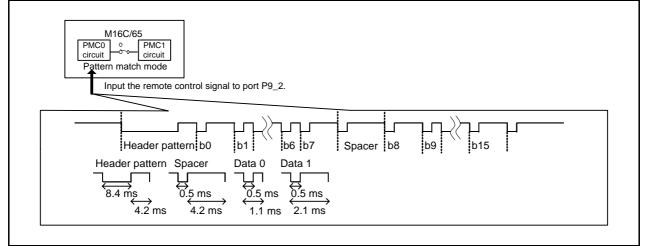
(3) The 2 bits of data converted in step 2 converted to 1 bit in bi-phase format.

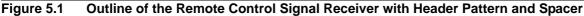
RENESAS

5. Combined Operation of the PMC0 and PMC1 Circuits in Pattern

5.1 Remote Control Signal Receiver with Header Pattern and Spacer

Figure 5.1 shows the outline of receiving remote control format with header and spacer using the pattern match mode of the PMC0 and PMC1 circuits.



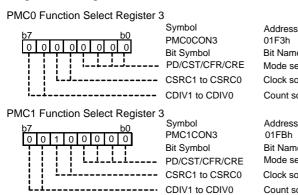


The detection pattern is designed to accept a tolerance of $\pm 10\%$ from the format width shown in Figure 5.1. See the following table for settings.

	Table 5.1	PMC0/PMC1	Circuit	Settings
--	-----------	-----------	---------	----------

Item		Description	
		PMC0 circuit	PMC1 circuit
Count sources	Clock source Division	fC	
Count sources		No division	
Operation mode		Pattern match mode	
	Detect pottorpa	Special data	Header
	Detect patterns	Data 0 or data 1 match	
Pattern match mode	Interrupt request generation timing	Completion of data reception	
		Input signal inversion	
Selectat	Selectable functions	Digital filter	
		Error flag hold	
Input port		P9_2	

Register settings



01F3h Bit Name Mode select bit Clock source select bit Count source divisor select bit

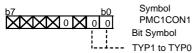
Address 01FBh Bit Name Mode select bit Clock source select bit Count source divisor select bit Function 0000: Pattern match mode 00: Same as PMC1 00: No division

Function 0000: Pattern match mode 10: fC 00: No division



PMC0 Function Select Register 2 Symbol Address PMC0CON2 01F2h 0 0 Λ Bit Symbol Bit Name Function CEINT Counter overflow interrupt enable bit 0. Disabled PSEL1 to PSEL0 00: Same as PMC1 Input pin select bit PMC1 Function Select Register 2 Address Symbol 01FAh PMC1CON2 0 1 0 Bit Symbol Bit Name Function CEINT Counter overflow interrupt enable bit 0: Disabled PSEL1 to PSEL0 Input pin select bit 01: PMC0 pin -----PMC0 Function Select Register 0 Symbol Address PMC0CON0 01F0h 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 Function Bit Symbol Bit Name ΕN PMC0 operation enable bit 0: Operation disabled Input signal polarity invert bit SINV Set to 0 ---Filter enable bit Set to 0 Status of the REFLG bit in the PMC0STS FIL ----- EHOLD Error flag hold bit register: 1: Held even after next data received Header pattern enable bit HDEN 1: Header enabled ----1: Special data pattern enabled SDEN Special data pattern enable bit Interrupt request is generated when compare match and no receive error occurs, and reception completed ----- DRINT1 to DRINT0 Receive interrupt control bit PMC1 Function Select Register 0 Address Symbol PMC1CON0 01F8h Bit Symbol Bit Name Function ΕN PMC1 operation enable bit 0: Operation disabled SINV Input signal polarity invert bit 1: Inverted Filter enable bit 1: Filter enabled FII Header pattern enable bit 1: Header enabled HDEN -----PMC0 Function Select Register 1 Address Symbol PMC0CON1 01F1h Bit Symbol Bit Name Function 00: Period measurement (between TYP1 to TYP0 Receive mode select bit rising edge and rising edge) 0: Counters operate individually CSS Counter start control bit Special pattern detect block select bit ----- EXSDEN 0: PMC0 Header pattern detect block select bit 1: PMC1 ----- EXHDEN

PMC1 Function Select Register 1

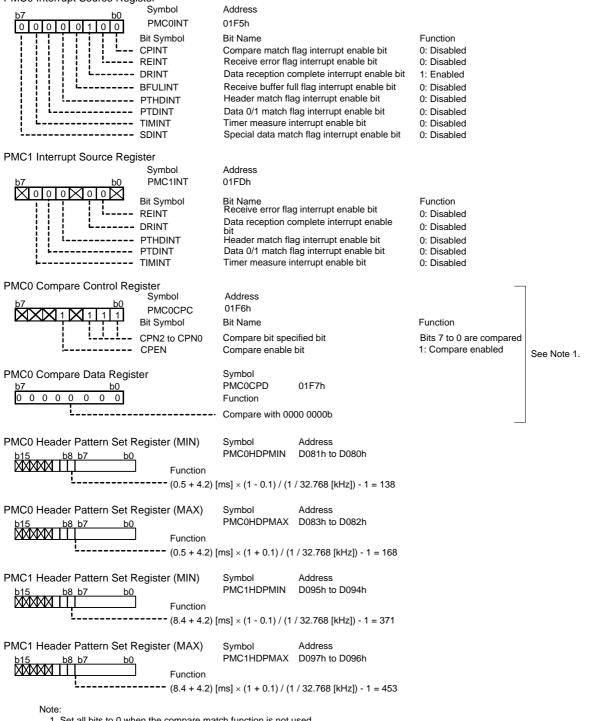


Address 01F9h Bit Name Receive mode select bit

Function 00: Period measurement (between rising edge and rising edge)



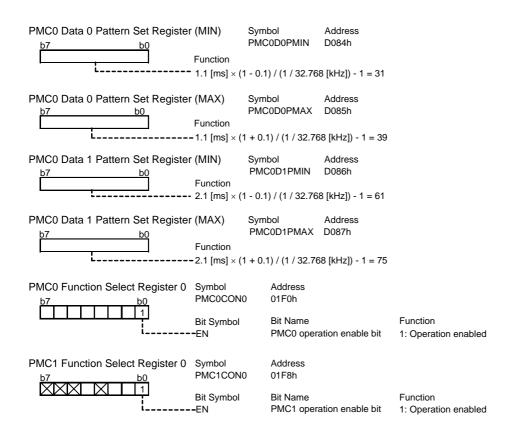
PMC0 Interrupt Source Register



1. Set all bits to 0 when the compare match function is not used.

Check the specification to set the compared value when the compare match function is used.

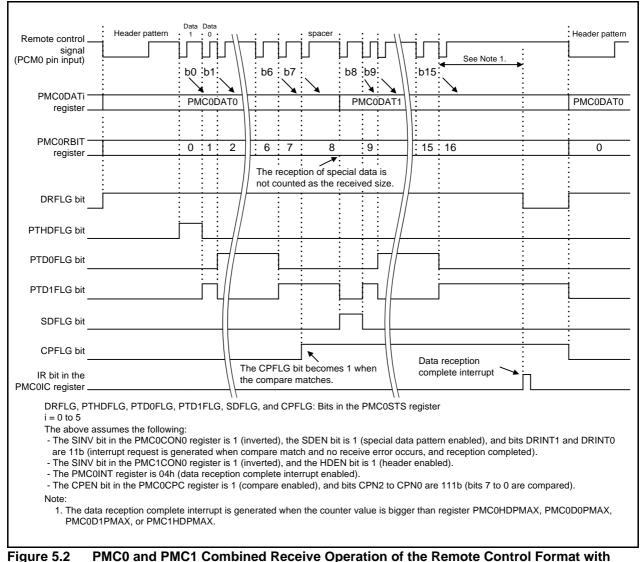






- (1) The receive operation starts at the first falling edge of the header.
- (2) Store the receive data bit by bit to the PMC0DATi register when receiving data (i = 0 to 5).
- (3) After receiving the 16th bit, if a falling edge is not detected by the time the maximum time set to the header, special data, data 0, or data 1 has elapsed, a data reception complete interrupt is generated.
- (4) Read registers PMC0DATi and PMC0RBIT using the program in the data reception complete interrupt (i = 0 to 5).

Figure 5.2 shows the condition of the status flags and the interrupt generation timing of the PMC0 and PMC1 circuits in remote control reception.



Header Pattern and Spacer



5.2 Remote Control Signal Receiver with Header Pattern and Repeat Code

Figure 5.3 shows the outline of the remote control format reception with header and repeat code of the PMC0 and PMC1 combined circuit operation in pattern match mode.

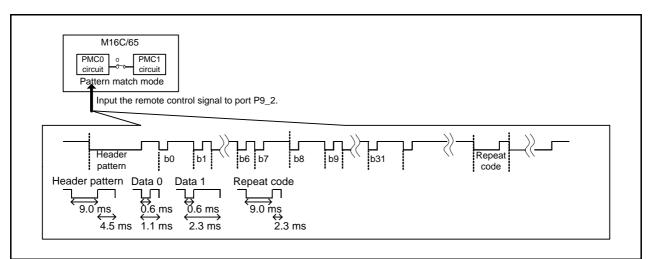


Figure 5.3 Outline of the Remote Control Signal Reception with Header Pattern and Repeat Code

The detection pattern is designed to accept a tolerance of $\pm 10\%$ from the format width shown in Figure 5.3. See the following table for settings.

Item		Description		
		PMC0 circuit	PMC1 circuit	
Count sources	Clock source	fC		
Count sources	Division	No division		
Operation mode		Pattern match mode		
	Detect patterns	Header	Special data pattern	
	Delect patterns	Data 0 or data 1 match		
Pattern match mode generation	Interrupt request	Special data match		
	generation timing	Completion of data reception		
		Input signal inversion		
	Selectable functions	Digital filter		
		Error flag hold		
Input port		P9_2		

Table 5.2 PMC0/PMC1 Circuit Settings

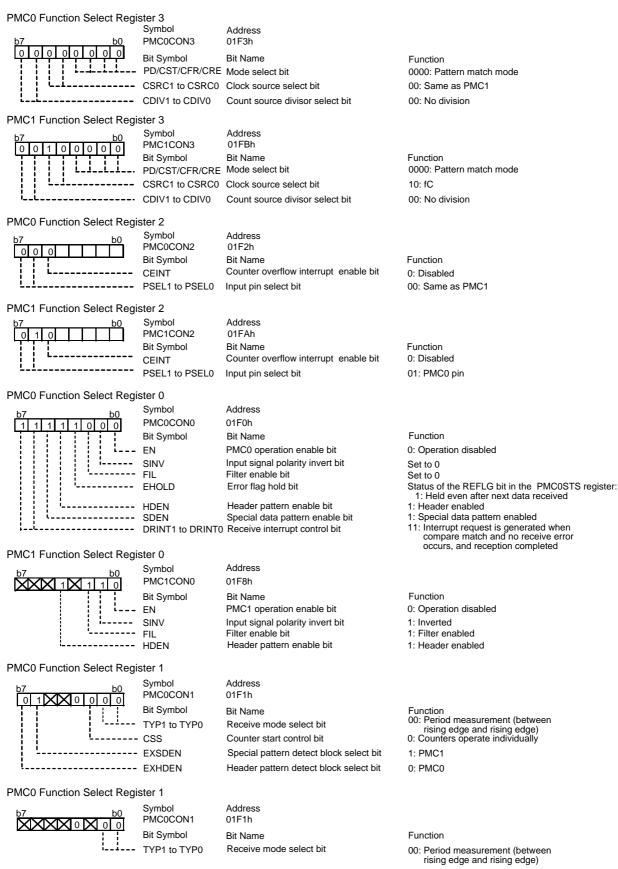
This application note confirms the time measured using timer A0 and repeat code received in the PMC0/PMC1 circuit during a fixed period. Table 5.3 lists the Timer A0 Settings.

Table 5.3Timer A0 Settings

Item	Description
Operation mode	One-shot timer mode
Count source	fC32
TA0 register setting value	200 - 1 (200 ms)
Interrupt priority level	Level 1

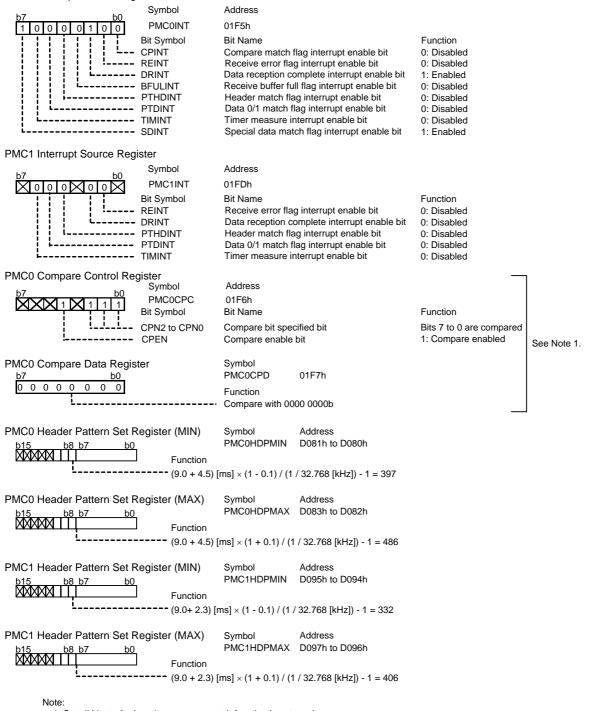


Register settings





PMC0 Interrupt Source Register



1. Set all bits to 0 when the compare match function is not used.

Check the specification to set the compared value when the compare match function is used.



PMC0 Data 0 Pattern Set Register	Function	Symbol PMC0D0PMIN 1 - 0.1) / (1 / 32.76		
PMC0 Data 0 Pattern Set Register	Function	Symbol PMC0D0PMAX 1 + 0.1) / (1 / 32.76		
PMC0 Data 1 Pattern Set Register	Function	Symbol PMC0D1PMIN I - 0.1) / (1 / 32.76	D086h	
PMC0 Data 1 Pattern Set Register	Function	Symbol PMC0D1PMAX I + 0.1) / (1 / 32.76		
PMC0 Function Select Register 0	Symbol PMC0CON(Bit Symbol -EN	Bit Name	ation enable bit	Function 1: Operation enabled
PMC1 Function Select Register 0	Symbol PMC1CON(Bit Symbol –EN	Bit Name	ation enable bit	Function 1: Operation enabled



Operation

- (1) The receive operation starts at the first falling edge of the header.
- (2) Store the receive data bit by bit to the PMC0DATi register when receiving data (i = 0 to 5).
- (3) After receiving the 32nd bit, if a falling edge is not detected by the time the maximum time set to the header, special data, data 0, or data 1 has elapsed, a data reception complete interrupt is generated. Use a program to read registers PMC0DATi and PMC0RBIT in the data reception complete interrupt. Set the HDEN bit in the PMC0CON0 register to 0 (header disabled) to receive the repeat code. Set timer A0 to one-shot timer mode and start.
- (4) The special data match flag interrupt is generated when receiving the repeat code. A trigger for timer A0 is input at the special data match flag interrupt.
- (5) If the repeat code is not input, the timer A0 interrupt is generated when the timer A0 counter value becomes 0000h. Set the HDEN bit to 1 (header enabled) in the timer A0 interrupt.

Figure 5.4 shows the condition of the status flags and the interrupt generation timing of the PMC0 and PMC1 circuits when using the remote control signal receiver.

(1)	(2) 人	(3) :	(4) (5) :
Remote control signal (PMC0 pin input) PMC0DATi	Header pattern Data Data 1 0 b0 b1 b0 b1 PMC0DAT0		See Note 1.	Peat code
register		PMC0DAT1		
PMC0RBIT register	0 1	2 6 7 8 9	31	0
DRFLG bit				
PTHDFLG bit				
PTD0FLG bit			7	
PTD1FLG bit				
SDFLG bit				
CPFLG bit			Data reception	
IR bit in the PMC0IC register			omplete interrupt Special flag inte	data match:
HDEN bit in the — PMC0CON0 register			i	
IR bit in the TA0IC register —				
DRFLG, PTHDFLG, PTD0FLG, PTD1FLG, SDFLG, and CPFLG: Bits in the PMC0STS register i = 0 to 5				
The above assumes the following: - The SINV bit in the PMC0CON0 register is 1 (inverted), the SDEN bit is 1 (special data pattern enabled), and bits DRINT1 to DRINT0 are 11b (interrupt request is generated when compare match and no receive error occurs, and reception completed). - The SINV bit in the PMC1CON0 register is 1 (inverted), and the HDEN bit is 1 (header enabled). - The PMC0INT register is 84h (data reception complete interrupt enabled, special data match flag interrupt enabled). - The CPEN bit in the PMC0CPC register is 1 (compare enabled), and bits CPN2 to CPN0 are 111b (bits 7 to 0 are compared).				
Note: 1. The data reception complete interrupt is generated when the counter value is bigger than register PMC0HDPMAX, PMC0D0PMAX, PMC0D1PMAX, or PMC1HDPMAX.				

Header Pattern and Repeat Code

RENESAS

6. PMC0 Circuit Individual Operation in Pattern Match Mode using Timer Measure Interrupt

6.1 Remote Control Signal Receiver with Header Pattern and Spacer

Figure 6.1 shows the outline of the remote control format reception with header at the PMC0 circuit operation in the pattern match mode.

Every pattern in 1. "Remote Control Signal Receive Waveform" is compatible by using the register settings below.

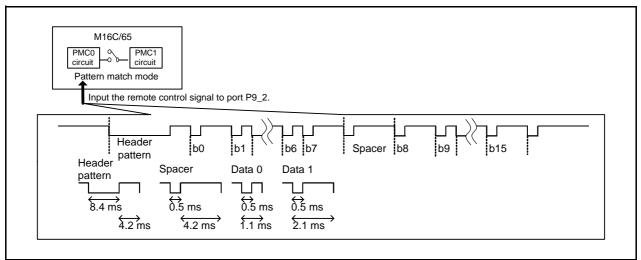


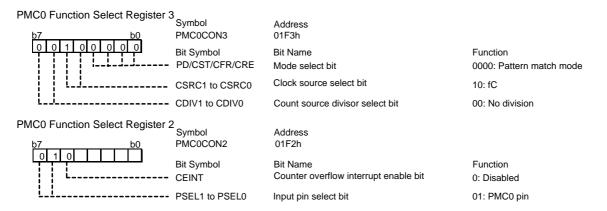
Figure 6.1 Remote Control Signal Receiver with Header Pattern and Spacer

See the following table for settings.

Table 6.1 PMC0 Circuit Settings

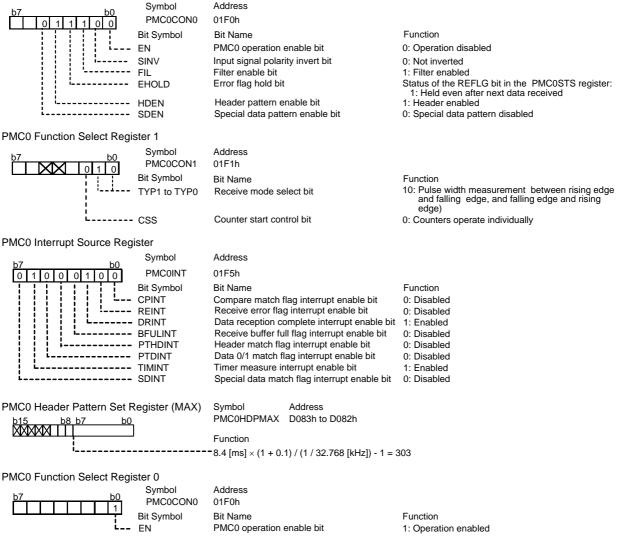
Item		Description	
Count sources	Clock source	fC	
Count sources	Division	No division	
Operation mode		Pattern match mode	
	Interrupt request	Timer measurement	
Pattern match mode	generation timing	Completion of data reception	
	Selectable functions	Digital filter	
Input port		P9_2	

Register settings





PMC0 Function Select Register 0





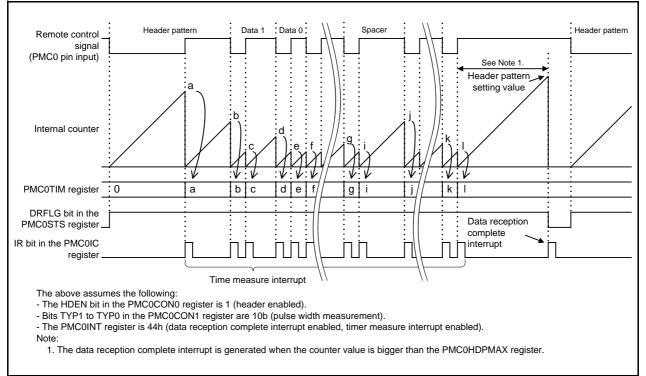


Figure 6.2 Timer Measure Mode Receive Timing in Pattern Match Mode of PMC0 Circuit

In the timer measure interrupt handler, read the PMCOTIM register to obtain each pulse width. ⁽¹⁾ During the period that is at or above the maximum value set to the header pattern, if no edge is detected, a data reception complete interrupt is generated. When this interrupt is generated, perform the receive complete handling operation.

Note:

1. When registers PMC0BC and PMC1BC are read, an undefined value may be read.

Do not use registers PMC0BC and PMC1BC.

When Registers PMC0TIM and PMC1TIM are read while data changes (edge of the PMC internal input signal), an undefined value may be read. Judge the reading values of registers PMC0TIM and PMC1TIM by reading the registers at least two times.



7. Structure

Declaration		U_W_STATUS_PM { struct S_W_STATUS_P unsigned char ri(unsigned char rif unsigned char rrp unsigned char rrp unsigned char rif unsigned char rrf unsigned char rrp unsigned char rrp unsigned char re }bit;): 1; dd0: 1; ot0: 1; rr0: 1; i: 1; dd1: 1; ot1: 1;
	}REM_STATUS_ ri0	ר ועו,	PMC0 receive completion
	rhdd0		PMC0 header pattern detection
	rrpt0		PMC0 special data pattern match
Variable	rerr0		PMC0 receive error
variable	ri1		PMC1 receive completion
	rhdd1		PMC1 header pattern detection
	rrpt1		PMC1 special data pattern match
	rerr1		PMC1 receive error
Description	Maintains the sta	tus of PMC0 and PMC1.	



8. Function Tables

Declaration	unsigned char RemInitialize(unsigned char ch,unsigned char fmt)		
Outline	Function to initialize remote control signal receiver		
	Argument name	Meaning	
ch Argument fmt	ch	Channel selection 0x01: PMC0 0x02: PMC1 0x03: PMC0 and PMC1	
	fmt	Receive format selection 0x00: Remote control format without header pattern 0x01: Remote control format with header pattern 0x02: Bi-phase remote control format 0x03: Remote control format with header pattern and spacer 0x04: Remote control format with header pattern and repeat code 0x05: Remote control format with special data pattern 0x06: Individual Operation of the PMC0 Circuit timer measure interrupt	
	Variable name	Value to store	
Variable (global)	format	Selected format	
	PM_RBIT	Number of received bits	
	Туре	Meaning	
Returned value		INT_OK: Remote control signal receiver setting success	
	unsigned char	INT_NG: Remote control signal receiver setting failed	
Description	Sets the remote control signal receiver.		

Declaration	unsigned char GetRemStatus(void)		
Outline	Function to obtain status of remote control signal receiver		
Argument	None		
Variable (global)	Variable name	Value to store	
valiable (global)	RemStatus.all	The status of remote control signal receiver	
Returned value	Туре	Meaning	
Neturned value	unsigned char	Status stored on the RAM	
Description	Obtains the status stored on the RAM.		

Declaration	unsigned char ClearRemStatus(unsigned char ch)		
Outline	Function to initialize status of remote control signal receiver		
	Argument name	Argument name Meaning	
Argument	ch	Channel selection 0x01: PMC0 0x02: PMC1	
Variable (global)	Variable name	Value to store	
Valiable (global)	RemStatus.all	The status of remote control signal receiver	
Returned value	None		
Description	Initializes the status stored on the RAM.		



Declaration	unsigned char GetPmc0Data(unsigned char *rx_data)	
Outline	Function to store PMC0) buffer data
Argument	Argument name	Meaning
Argument	*rx_data	Pointer to buffer for receive data
	Variable name	Value to store
Variable (global)	rx_data[]	To store receive data
	Pm0RecvBuf[]	Receive buffer for PMC0
	Туре	Meaning
Returned value	unsigned char	0: Storage failed
	unsigned chai	1: Storage successful
Description	Receive data in PMC0 is stored in the receive data buffer.	

Declaration	unsigned char GetPmc1Data(unsigned char *rx_data)		
Outline	Function to store PMC1 buffer data		
	Argument name	Meaning	
Argument	*rx_data	Pointer to buffer for receive data	
	Variable name	Value to store	
Variable (global)	rx_data[]	To store receive data	
	Pm1RecvBuf[]	Receive buffer for PMC1	
	Туре	Meaning	
Returned value		0: Storage failed	
	unsigned char	1: Storage successful	
Description	Receive data in PMC1 is stored in the receive data buffer.		

Declaration	void PM0_PmInt(void)		
Outline	Function to receive PMC	Function to receive PMC0 data	
Argument	None		
	Variable name	Value to store	
Variable (global)	Pm0RecvBuf[]	Receive buffer for PMC0	
	RemStatus.bit	Store the status	
Returned value	None		
Description	Carries out the receive operation in PMC0.		



Declaration	void PM1_PmInt(void)			
Outline	Function to receive PMC	1 data		
Argument	None	None		
	Variable name	Value to store		
	Pm1RecvBuf[]	Receive buffer for PMC1		
	RemStatus.bit	Store the status		
Variable (global)	Pm1RecvBitBuf	Receive buffer every bit		
	Pm1RecvBitCnt	Counter for the number of bits received in 1 byte		
	Pm1RecvByteCnt	Counter for the number of bytes received		
	Pm1BitCnt	Counter for the number of bits received		
Returned value	None			
Description	Carries out the receive operation in PMC1.			

Declaration	void PM0_TmInt(void)		
Outline	Function to store PMC0 measured values		
Argument	None		
	Variable name	Value to store	
Variable (global)	Pm0RecvTimBuf[]	Storage buffer for the PMC0 measured values	
	Pm0RecvTimCnt	Counter for PMC0 measured values	
Returned value	None		
Description	The results of pulse peri	od/pulse width measurement in PMC0 are stored in the buffer.	

Declaration	void PM1_TmInt(void)	
Outline	Function to store PMC1 measured values	
Argument	None	
Variable (global)	Variable name	Value to store
	Pm1RecvTimBuf[]	Store buffer for the PMC1 measured values
	Pm1RecvTimCnt	Counter for PMC1 measured values
Returned value	None	
Description	The results of pulse period/pulse width measurement in PMC1 are stored in the buffer.	



Declaration	unsigned char RC5_Encode(unsigned char *buff)		
Outline	Function to analyze bi-phase format		
Argument	Argument name	Meaning	
	*buff	Receive buffer pointer	
Variable (global)	None		
	Туре	Meaning	
Returned value	unsigned char	0: Encoding failed	
		1: Encoding successful	
Description	Analyzes data received of bi-phase format. The result is stored in buff[0] and buff[1].		

Declaration	unsigned char RC6_Encode(unsigned char *buff)		
Outline	Function to analyze special header format		
Argument	Argument name	Meaning	
Argument	*buff	Receive buffer pointer	
Variable (global)	None		
	Туре	Meaning	
Returned value	unsigned char	0: Encoding failed	
		1: Encoding successful	
Description	Analyzes the receiving data of special header format. The result is stored in buff[0], buff[1] and buff[2].		

Declaration	void SubClk1Wait(void)	
Outline	Function to wait one sub clock cycle	
Argument	None	
Variable (global)	None	
Returned value	None	
Description	Generates wait time of one sub clock cycle.	

Declaration	void _timer_a0(void)	
Outline	Function to handle timer A0 interrupt	
Argument	None	
Variable (global)	None	
Returned value	None	
Description	Sets enables header. (This setting is used when receiving the remote control signal of pattern 6.)	



9. Sample Code

Sample code can be downloaded from the Renesas Electronics website.

10. Reference Documents

M16C/63 Group User's Manual: Hardware Rev.1.00 M16C/64A Group User's Manual: Hardware Rev.1.10 M16C/65 Group User's Manual: Hardware Rev.1.10 M16C/65C Group User's Manual: Hardware Rev.0.10 The latest version can be downloaded from the Renesas Electronics website.

Technical Update/Technical News The latest information can be downloaded from the Renesas Electronics website.

C Compiler Manual M16C Series, R8C Family C Compiler Package V.5.45 C Compiler User's Manual Rev.2.00 The latest version can be downloaded from the Renesas Electronics website.

11. Website and Support

Renesas Electronics website http://www.renesas.com/

Inquiries http://www.renesas.com/inquiry



Revision History	M16C/63, 64A, 65, and 65C Groups	
	Remote Control Signal Receiver Setting by Format Type	

Rev.	ev. Date	Description	
1160.		Page	Summary
1.00	Dec. 28, 2010	_	First edition issued

All trademarks and registered trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

General Precautions in the Handling of MPU/MCU Products

The following usage notes are applicable to all MPU/MCU products from Renesas. For detailed usage notes on the products covered by this manual, refer to the relevant sections of the manual. If the descriptions under General Precautions in the Handling of MPU/MCU Products and in the body of the manual differ from each other, the description in the body of the manual takes precedence.

1. Handling of Unused Pins

Handle unused pins in accord with the directions given under Handling of Unused Pins in the manual.

- The input pins of CMOS products are generally in the high-impedance state. In operation with an unused pin in the open-circuit state, extra electromagnetic noise is induced in the vicinity of LSI, an associated shoot-through current flows internally, and malfunctions occur due to the false recognition of the pin state as an input signal become possible. Unused pins should be handled as described under Handling of Unused Pins in the manual.
- 2. Processing at Power-on

The state of the product is undefined at the moment when power is supplied.

- The states of internal circuits in the LSI are indeterminate and the states of register settings and pins are undefined at the moment when power is supplied.
 - In a finished product where the reset signal is applied to the external reset pin, the states of pins are not guaranteed from the moment when power is supplied until the reset process is completed.

In a similar way, the states of pins in a product that is reset by an on-chip power-on reset function are not guaranteed from the moment when power is supplied until the power reaches the level at which resetting has been specified.

3. Prohibition of Access to Reserved Addresses

Access to reserved addresses is prohibited.

- The reserved addresses are provided for the possible future expansion of functions. Do
 not access these addresses; the correct operation of LSI is not guaranteed if they are
 accessed.
- 4. Clock Signals

After applying a reset, only release the reset line after the operating clock signal has become stable. When switching the clock signal during program execution, wait until the target clock signal has stabilized.

- When the clock signal is generated with an external resonator (or from an external oscillator) during a reset, ensure that the reset line is only released after full stabilization of the clock signal. Moreover, when switching to a clock signal produced with an external resonator (or by an external oscillator) while program execution is in progress, wait until the target clock signal is stable.
- 5. Differences between Products

Before changing from one product to another, i.e. to one with a different part number, confirm that the change will not lead to problems.

— The characteristics of MPU/MCU in the same group but having different part numbers may differ because of the differences in internal memory capacity and layout pattern. When changing to products of different part numbers, implement a system-evaluation test for each of the products.

Notice

- All information included in this document is current as of the date this document is issued. Such information, however, is subject to change without any prior notice. Before purchasing or using any Renesas Electronics products listed herein, please confirm the latest product information with a Renesas Electronics sales office. Also, please pay regular and careful attention to additional and different information to be disclosed by Renesas Electronics such as that disclosed through our website.
- Renesas Electronics does not assume any liability for infringement of patents, copyrights, or other intellectual property rights of third parties by or arising from the use of Renesas Electronics products or technical information described in this document. No license, express, implied or otherwise, is granted hereby under any patents, copyrights or other intellectual property rights of Renesas Electronics or others.
- 3. You should not alter, modify, copy, or otherwise misappropriate any Renesas Electronics product, whether in whole or in part.
- 4. Descriptions of circuits, software and other related information in this document are provided only to illustrate the operation of semiconductor products and application examples. You are fully responsible for the incorporation of these circuits, software, and information in the design of your equipment. Renesas Electronics assumes no responsibility for any losses incurred by you or third parties arising from the use of these circuits, software, or information.
- 5. When exporting the products or technology described in this document, you should comply with the applicable export control laws and regulations and follow the procedures required by such laws and regulations. You should not use Renease Electronics products or the technology described in this document for any purpose relating to military applications or use by the military, including but not limited to the development of weapons of mass destruction. Renease Electronics products and technology may not be used for or incorporated into any products or systems whose manufacture, use, or sale is prohibited under any applicable domestic or foreign laws or regulations.
- 6. Renesas Electronics has used reasonable care in preparing the information included in this document, but Renesas Electronics does not warrant that such information is error free. Renesas Electronics assumes no liability whatsoever for any damages incurred by you resulting from errors in or omissions from the information included herein.
- 7. Renesas Electronics products are classified according to the following three quality grades: "Standard", "High Quality", and "Specific". The recommended applications for each Renesas Electronics product depends on the product's quality grade, as indicated below. You must check the quality grade of each Renesas Electronics product before using it in a particular application. You may not use any Renesas Electronics product for any application categorized as "Specific" without the prior written consent of Renesas Electronics. Further, you may not use any Renesas Electronics product for any application categorized as "Specific" without the prior written consent of Renesas Electronics shall not be in any way liable for any damages or losses incurred by you or third parties arising from the use of any Renesas Electronics product for an application categorized as "Specific" for which the product is not intended where you have failed to obtain the prior written consent of Renesas Electronics. The quality grade of each Renesas Electronics product for which the soften where you have failed to obtain the prior written consent of Renesas Electronics. The quality grade of each Renesas Electronics product of soften an application categorized as "Specific" for which the product is not intended where you have failed to obtain the prior written consent of Renesas Electronics. The quality grade of each Renesas Electronics product of uses of any expression product of the prior written consent of Renesas Electronics.
- "Standard": Computers; office equipment; communications equipment; test and measurement equipment; audio and visual equipment; home electronic appliances; machine tools
- personal electronic equipment; and industrial robots.
 "High Quality": Transportation equipment (automobiles, trains, ships, etc.); traffic control systems; anti-disaster systems; anti-crime systems; safety equipment; and medical equipment not specifically
 designed for life support.
- "Specific": Aircraft; aerospace equipment; submersible repeaters; nuclear reactor control systems; medical equipment or systems for life support (e.g. artificial life support devices or systems), surgical implantations, or healthcare intervention (e.g. excision, etc.), and any other applications or purposes that pose a direct threat to human life.
- 8. You should use the Renesas Electronics products described in this document within the range specified by Renesas Electronics, especially with respect to the maximum rating, operating supply voltage range, movement power voltage range, heat radiation characteristics, installation and other product characteristics. Renesas Electronics shall have no liability for malfunctions or damages arising out of the use of Renesas Electronics products beyond such specified ranges.
- 9. Although Renesas Electronics endeavors to improve the quality and reliability of its products, semiconductor products have specific characteristics such as the occurrence of failure at a certain rate and malfunctions under certain use conditions. Further, Renesas Electronics products are not subject to radiation resistance design. Please be sure to implement safety measures to guard them against the possibility of physical injury, and injury or damage caused by fire in the event of the failure of a Renesas Electronics product, such as safety design for hardware and software including but not limited to redundancy, fire control and malfunction prevention, appropriate treatment for aging degradation or any other appropriate measures. Because the evaluation of microcomputer software alone is very difficult, please evaluate the safety of the final products or system manufactured by you.
- 10. Please contact a Renesas Electronics sales office for details as to environmental matters such as the environmental compatibility of each Renesas Electronics product. Please use Renesas Electronics products in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations that regulate the inclusion or use of controlled substances, including without limitation, the EU RoHS Directive. Renesas Electronics assumes no liability for damages or losses occurring as a result of your noncompliance with applicable laws and regulations.
- 11. This document may not be reproduced or duplicated, in any form, in whole or in part, without prior written consent of Renesas Electronics.
- 12. Please contact a Renesas Electronics sales office if you have any questions regarding the information contained in this document or Renesas Electronics products, or if you have any other inquiries.
- (Note 1) "Renesas Electronics" as used in this document means Renesas Electronics Corporation and also includes its majority-owned subsidiaries.
- (Note 2) "Renesas Electronics product(s)" means any product developed or manufactured by or for Renesas Electronics.

Refer to "http://www.renesas.com/" for the latest and detailed information



SALES OFFICES

Renesas Electronics Corporation

http://www.renesas.com

Renease Electronics America Inc. 2880 Scott Boulevard Santa Clara, CA 95050-2554, U.S.A. Tel: +1-408-588-6000, Fax: +1-408-588-6130 Renease Electronics Canada Limited 1101 Nicholson Road, Newmarket, Ontario L3Y 9C3, Canada Tel: +1-905-898-5441, Fax: +1-905-898-3220 Renease Electronics Europe Limited Dukes Meadow, Millboard Road, Bourne End, Buckinghamshire, SL8 5FH, U.K Tel: +44-1628-585-100, Fax: +44-1628-585-900 Renease Electronics Europe GmbH Arcadiastrasse 10, 40472 Düsseldorf, Germany Tel: +49-211-65030, Fax: +44-1628-585-900 Renease Electronics Corpo GmbH Arcadiastrasse 10, 40472 Düsseldorf, Germany Tel: +49-211-65030, Fax: +44-1628-585-900 Renease Electronics Corpo GmbH Arcadiastrasse 10, 40472 Düsseldorf, Germany Tel: +49-211-65030, Fax: +44-1628-585-900 Renease Electronics (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. 7th Floor, Quantum Plaza, No.27 ZhiChunLu Haidian District, Beijing 100083, P.R.China Tel: +86-12-827-1551, Fax: +86-21-6887-7859 Renease Electronics (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. 10n1 204, 205, AZIA Center, No.1233 Lujiazui Ring Rd., Pudong District, Shanghai 200120, China Tel: +86-21-5877-1818, Fax: +86-21-6887-7858 Renease Electronics Hong Kong Limited Unit 1801-1613, 16/F., Tower 2, Grand Century Place, 193 Prince Edward Road West, Mongkok, Kowloon, Hong Kong Tel: +88-2486-9318, Fax: +882-2486-9022/9044e, 1845-24817-9400, Fax: +882-2486-9022/9044e, 1945-063 Fu Shing North Road Taipei, Taiwan Tel: +882-2486-9300, Fax: +882-24175-9670 Renease Electronics Mangapore Pte. Ltd. 1 harbourFront Avenue, #06-10, keppel Bay Tower, Singapore 098632 Tel: +68-2413-2400, Fax: +885-24175-9670 Renease Electronics Malaysia Sch.Bhd. Unit 906, Block B, Menara Amcorp, Amcorp Trade Centre, No. 18, Jln Persiaran Barat, 46050 Petaling Jaya, Selangor Darul Ehsan, Malaysia Tel: +60-3-7955-9300, Fax: +882-355-9510 Renease Electronics Korea Co., Ltd. 11F, Samik Lavied or Bilde, Tou-27 Yeoksam-Dong, Kangnam-Ku, Seoul 135-080, Korea Tel: +82-2558-3737, Fax: +882-2-558-5141