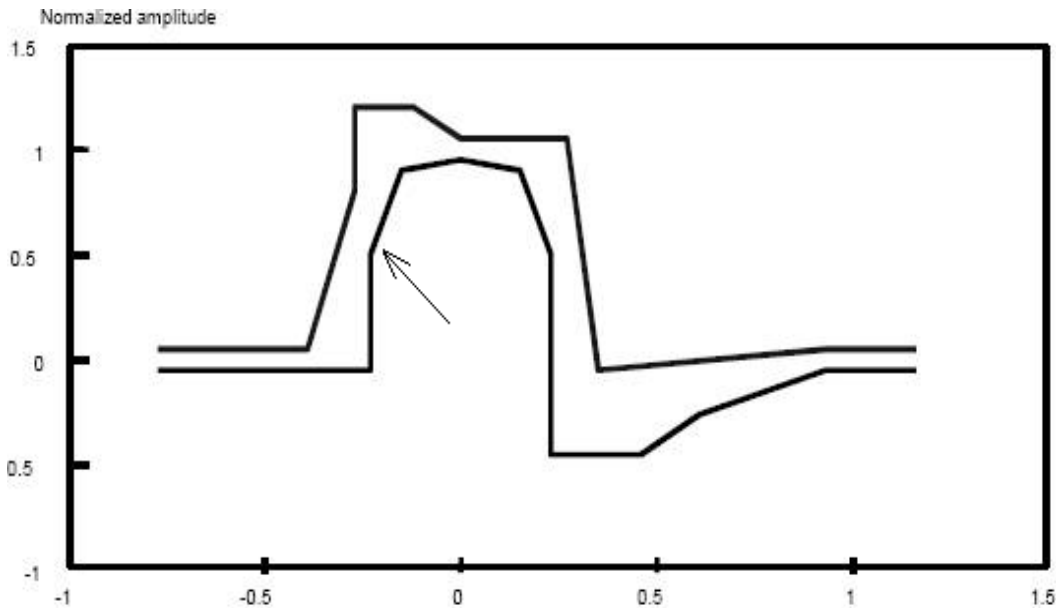


Introduction

Some customer applications have been discovered in which an excessive jitter is observed when 82P2288 T1 short-haul pulse shape is measured by ANT-20 (by Spirent Communications). The following paragraph introduces some details of the measurement and a suggested workaround to fix this seemingly false measurement. No problem of this nature has ever been reported in E1 mode. This application note only focuses on T1 mode.

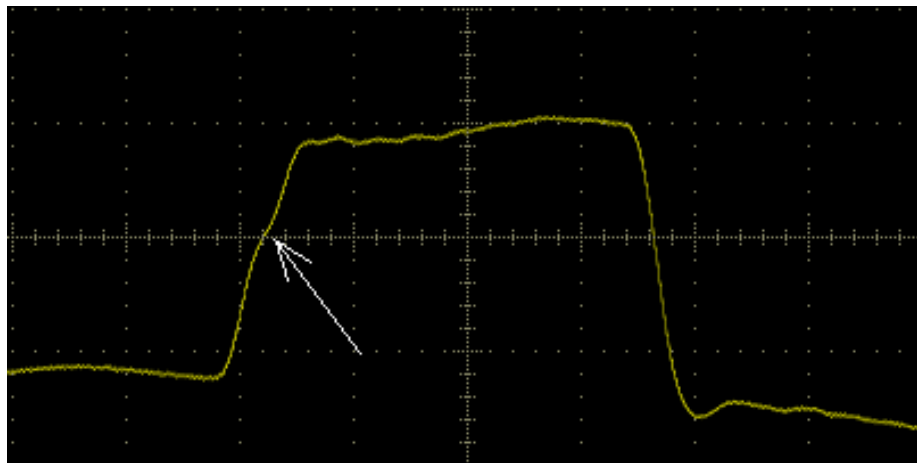
In G.703, T1 short haul pulse shape mask is specified as:

Figure 1. Normalized T1 Short Haul Pulse Shape Specified in G.703



In the rising edge of the defined pulse shape mask, there is a turn point (an "elbow" shape), as pointed by an arrow. 82P2288 transmitter constructs its pulse shape accordingly. Its built-in ROM-based pulse shape looks like the following:

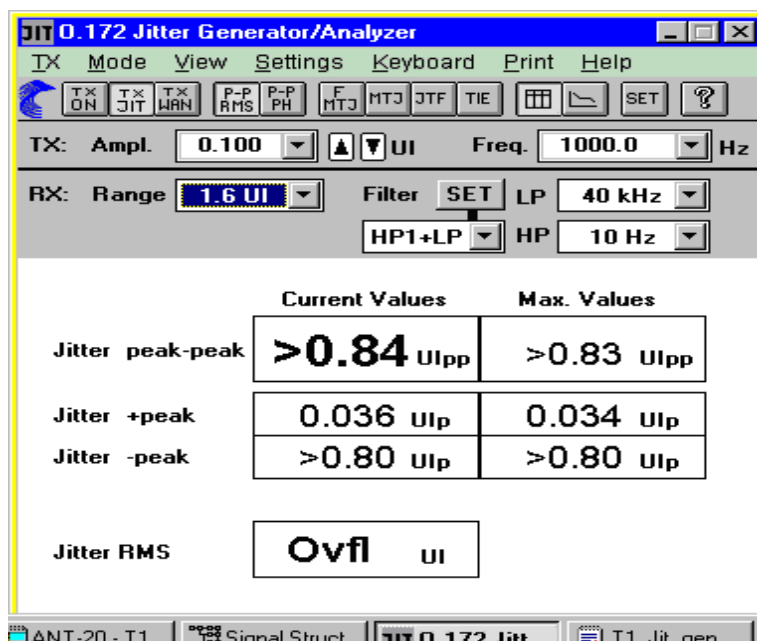
Figure 2. ROM-based Transmitted Pulse Shape from an 82P2288 Port



The transmitted pulse shape from 82P2288 meets G.703 specification mentioned above when the line condition are met (i.e., impedance matching is achieved). When an OmniBER-718 (by Agilent) is used to measure jitter generation from the transmitted port, it meets 0.05UI specification.

However, when using ANT-20 to measure the jitter generation on customer systems using 82P2288, a few violations have been reported from the customers. In one instance (see [Figure 3](#)), the measurement was greater than 0.84UI.

Figure 3. A Customer Example of Excessive Jitter Measurement



The possible reason for this excessive jitter measurement is construed to be the coincidence of ANT-20's sampling point and the "turn point" in the rising edge of the transmitted pulse shape, as described above.

There are two facts that provide the support for the statement above.

1. With the same transmitted pulse shape, other instruments, such as OmniBER-718, measures the jitter generation within range;
2. When AWG (Arbitrary Waveform Generator) is used in 82P2288 to remove the "elbow" shape in the rising edge of T1 pulse, the same ANT-20 measures the same parameter; that is, the jitter generation of the transmit port is also within range.

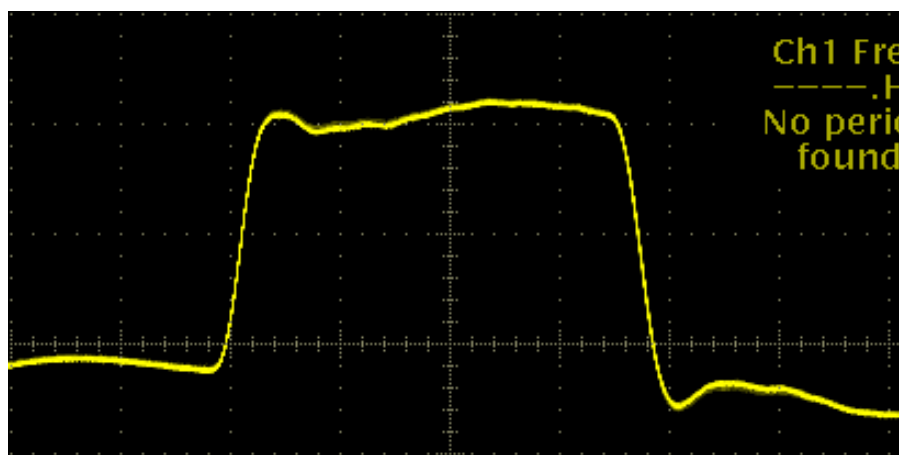
Suggested Workaround

The following introduces further details of the AWG-generated pulse shape, the new measurement of AWG-generated pulse shape with ANT-20. As a result, AWG is recommended as a workaround for customers when experiencing the same jitter measurement problem by ANT-20.

Other than ROM-based pulse shape, 82P2288 also provides RAM-based pulse generator. Customers can arbitrarily re-construct the transmitted pulse shape by downloading 64-byte of data into a per-port based RAM space.

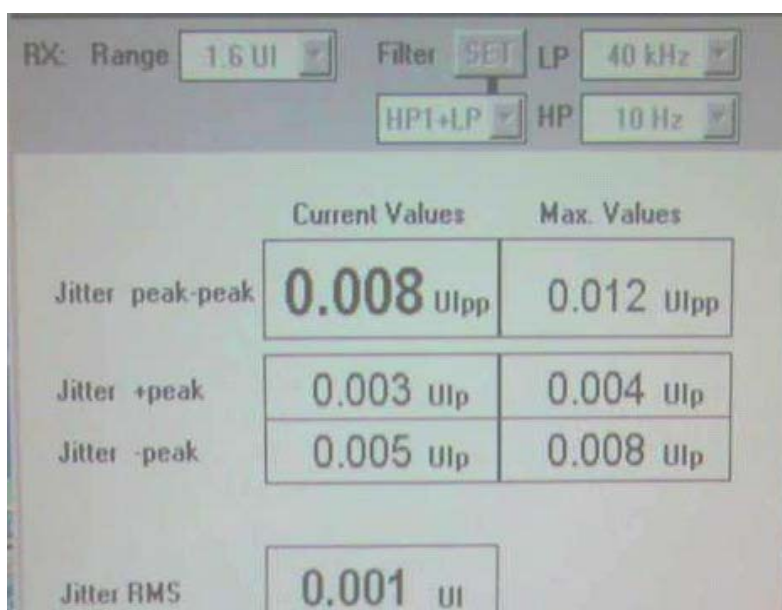
In the situation described in [Figure 1](#) and [Figure 3](#), a fine-tune set of data (64-bytes) is downloaded into the port, the newly constructed pulse shape from the same port looks like:

Figure 4. Pulse Shape by AWG



As shown in Figure 4, the rising edge “elbow” shape was removed. This new pulse shape still meets G.703 pulse shape mask. Using ANT-20 to measure jitter generation resulted in satisfactory readings (0.008UI), as shown in Figure 5.

Figure 5. New ANT-20 Measurement with AWG-generated Pulse Shape



IMPORTANT NOTICE AND DISCLAIMER

RENESAS ELECTRONICS CORPORATION AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES ("RENESAS") PROVIDES TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS AND RELIABILITY DATA (INCLUDING DATASHEETS), DESIGN RESOURCES (INCLUDING REFERENCE DESIGNS), APPLICATION OR OTHER DESIGN ADVICE, WEB TOOLS, SAFETY INFORMATION, AND OTHER RESOURCES "AS IS" AND WITH ALL FAULTS, AND DISCLAIMS ALL WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, OR NON-INFRINGEMENT OF THIRD-PARTY INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS.

These resources are intended for developers who are designing with Renesas products. You are solely responsible for (1) selecting the appropriate products for your application, (2) designing, validating, and testing your application, and (3) ensuring your application meets applicable standards, and any other safety, security, or other requirements. These resources are subject to change without notice. Renesas grants you permission to use these resources only to develop an application that uses Renesas products. Other reproduction or use of these resources is strictly prohibited. No license is granted to any other Renesas intellectual property or to any third-party intellectual property. Renesas disclaims responsibility for, and you will fully indemnify Renesas and its representatives against, any claims, damages, costs, losses, or liabilities arising from your use of these resources. Renesas' products are provided only subject to Renesas' Terms and Conditions of Sale or other applicable terms agreed to in writing. No use of any Renesas resources expands or otherwise alters any applicable warranties or warranty disclaimers for these products.

(Disclaimer Rev.1.01)

Corporate Headquarters

TOYOSU FORESIA, 3-2-24 Toyosu,
Koto-ku, Tokyo 135-0061, Japan
www.renesas.com

Contact Information

For further information on a product, technology, the most up-to-date version of a document, or your nearest sales office, please visit www.renesas.com/contact-us/.

Trademarks

Renesas and the Renesas logo are trademarks of Renesas Electronics Corporation. All trademarks and registered trademarks are the property of their respective owners.