# Old Company Name in Catalogs and Other Documents

On April 1<sup>st</sup>, 2010, NEC Electronics Corporation merged with Renesas Technology Corporation, and Renesas Electronics Corporation took over all the business of both companies. Therefore, although the old company name remains in this document, it is a valid Renesas Electronics document. We appreciate your understanding.

Renesas Electronics website: <a href="http://www.renesas.com">http://www.renesas.com</a>

April 1<sup>st</sup>, 2010 Renesas Electronics Corporation

Issued by: Renesas Electronics Corporation (<a href="http://www.renesas.com">http://www.renesas.com</a>)

Send any inquiries to http://www.renesas.com/inquiry.



#### Notice

- 1. All information included in this document is current as of the date this document is issued. Such information, however, is subject to change without any prior notice. Before purchasing or using any Renesas Electronics products listed herein, please confirm the latest product information with a Renesas Electronics sales office. Also, please pay regular and careful attention to additional and different information to be disclosed by Renesas Electronics such as that disclosed through our website.
- Renesas Electronics does not assume any liability for infringement of patents, copyrights, or other intellectual property rights
  of third parties by or arising from the use of Renesas Electronics products or technical information described in this document.
  No license, express, implied or otherwise, is granted hereby under any patents, copyrights or other intellectual property rights
  of Renesas Electronics or others.
- 3. You should not alter, modify, copy, or otherwise misappropriate any Renesas Electronics product, whether in whole or in part.
- 4. Descriptions of circuits, software and other related information in this document are provided only to illustrate the operation of semiconductor products and application examples. You are fully responsible for the incorporation of these circuits, software, and information in the design of your equipment. Renesas Electronics assumes no responsibility for any losses incurred by you or third parties arising from the use of these circuits, software, or information.
- 5. When exporting the products or technology described in this document, you should comply with the applicable export control laws and regulations and follow the procedures required by such laws and regulations. You should not use Renesas Electronics products or the technology described in this document for any purpose relating to military applications or use by the military, including but not limited to the development of weapons of mass destruction. Renesas Electronics products and technology may not be used for or incorporated into any products or systems whose manufacture, use, or sale is prohibited under any applicable domestic or foreign laws or regulations.
- 6. Renesas Electronics has used reasonable care in preparing the information included in this document, but Renesas Electronics does not warrant that such information is error free. Renesas Electronics assumes no liability whatsoever for any damages incurred by you resulting from errors in or omissions from the information included herein.
- 7. Renesas Electronics products are classified according to the following three quality grades: "Standard", "High Quality", and "Specific". The recommended applications for each Renesas Electronics product depends on the product's quality grade, as indicated below. You must check the quality grade of each Renesas Electronics product before using it in a particular application. You may not use any Renesas Electronics product for any application categorized as "Specific" without the prior written consent of Renesas Electronics. Further, you may not use any Renesas Electronics product for any application for which it is not intended without the prior written consent of Renesas Electronics. Renesas Electronics shall not be in any way liable for any damages or losses incurred by you or third parties arising from the use of any Renesas Electronics product for an application categorized as "Specific" or for which the product is not intended where you have failed to obtain the prior written consent of Renesas Electronics. The quality grade of each Renesas Electronics product is "Standard" unless otherwise expressly specified in a Renesas Electronics data sheets or data books, etc.
  - "Standard": Computers; office equipment; communications equipment; test and measurement equipment; audio and visual equipment; home electronic appliances; machine tools; personal electronic equipment; and industrial robots.
  - "High Quality": Transportation equipment (automobiles, trains, ships, etc.); traffic control systems; anti-disaster systems; anti-crime systems; safety equipment; and medical equipment not specifically designed for life support.
  - "Specific": Aircraft; aerospace equipment; submersible repeaters; nuclear reactor control systems; medical equipment or systems for life support (e.g. artificial life support devices or systems), surgical implantations, or healthcare intervention (e.g. excision, etc.), and any other applications or purposes that pose a direct threat to human life.
- 8. You should use the Renesas Electronics products described in this document within the range specified by Renesas Electronics, especially with respect to the maximum rating, operating supply voltage range, movement power voltage range, heat radiation characteristics, installation and other product characteristics. Renesas Electronics shall have no liability for malfunctions or damages arising out of the use of Renesas Electronics products beyond such specified ranges.
- 9. Although Renesas Electronics endeavors to improve the quality and reliability of its products, semiconductor products have specific characteristics such as the occurrence of failure at a certain rate and malfunctions under certain use conditions. Further, Renesas Electronics products are not subject to radiation resistance design. Please be sure to implement safety measures to guard them against the possibility of physical injury, and injury or damage caused by fire in the event of the failure of a Renesas Electronics product, such as safety design for hardware and software including but not limited to redundancy, fire control and malfunction prevention, appropriate treatment for aging degradation or any other appropriate measures. Because the evaluation of microcomputer software alone is very difficult, please evaluate the safety of the final products or system manufactured by you.
- 10. Please contact a Renesas Electronics sales office for details as to environmental matters such as the environmental compatibility of each Renesas Electronics product. Please use Renesas Electronics products in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations that regulate the inclusion or use of controlled substances, including without limitation, the EU RoHS Directive. Renesas Electronics assumes no liability for damages or losses occurring as a result of your noncompliance with applicable laws and regulations.
- 11. This document may not be reproduced or duplicated, in any form, in whole or in part, without prior written consent of Renesas Electronics
- 12. Please contact a Renesas Electronics sales office if you have any questions regarding the information contained in this document or Renesas Electronics products, or if you have any other inquiries.
- (Note 1) "Renesas Electronics" as used in this document means Renesas Electronics Corporation and also includes its majority-owned subsidiaries.
- (Note 2) "Renesas Electronics product(s)" means any product developed or manufactured by or for Renesas Electronics.



# M16C/Tiny Series

# Memory to Memory DMA Transfer

### 1. Abstract

The following are steps for changing both source address and destination address to transfer data from memory to another. The DMA transfer utilizes the workings that assign a higher priority to the DMA0 transfer if transfer requests simultaneously occur in two DMA channels.

Use the following peripheral functions:

- •Timer mode of timer A
- •Two DMAC channels
- •One-byte temporary RAM (address 0400<sub>16</sub>)

### 2. Introduction

The explanation of this issue is applied to the following condition: Applicable MCU: M16C/26, M16C/26A, M16C/28, M16C/29 Group

This program can be used for the other M16C Families which have the same SFR (Special Function Register) as the one in the M16C/26, M16C/26A, M16C/28, M16C/29 However, since some functions may be modified such as added functions, check it in a manual. Execute sufficient evaluation when using this application note.



# 3. Explain of Example Usage

# 3.1 Specifications

- (1) Transfer the content of memory extending over 128 bytes from address F0000<sub>16</sub> to a 128-byte area starting from address 0440<sub>16</sub>. Transfer the content every time a timer A0 interrupt request occurs.
- (2) Use DMA0 for a transfer from the source to temporary RAM, and DMA1 for a transfer from temporary RAM to the destination.

# 3.2 Operation

- (1) A timer A interrupt request occurs. Though both a DMA0 transfer request and a DMA1 transfer request occur simultaneously, the former is executed first.
- (2) DMA0 receives a transfer request and transfers data from the source to the temporary RAM. At this time, the source address is incremented.
- (3) Next, DMA1 receives a transfer request and transfers data involved from temporary RAM to the destination. At this time, the destination address is incremented.

Figure 1 shows the operation timing, Figure 2 shows the block diagram.

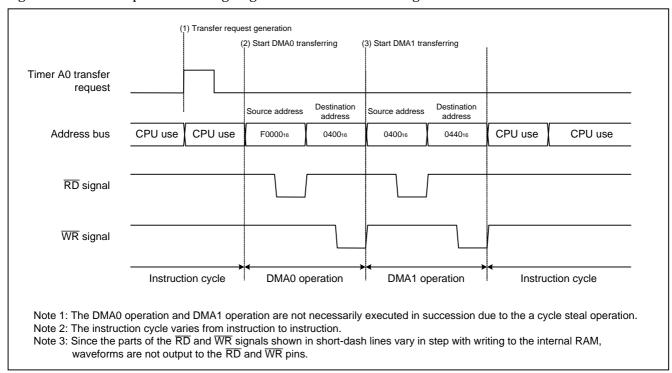


Figure 1. Operation Timing of Memory to Memory DMA Transfer



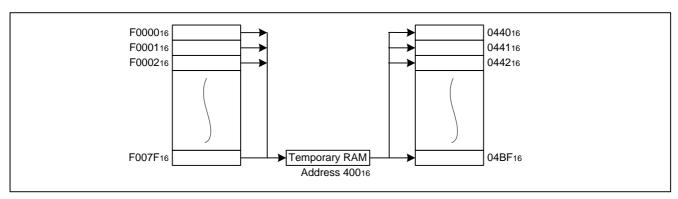
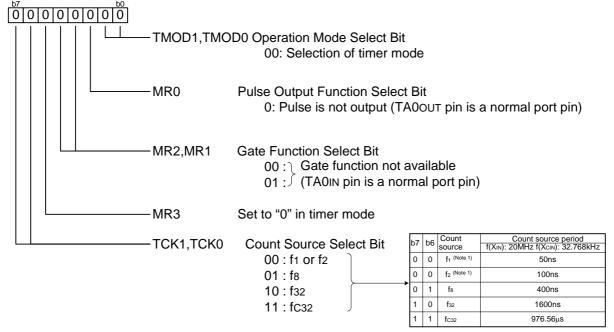


Figure 2. Block Diagram of Memory to Memory DMA Transfer

# 3.3 Register Setting

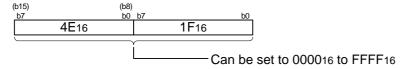
To enable the operation defined in "Section 3. Operation of A/D Converter", the following register settings must be taken place step by step. For detail configuration of each register, please refer to M16C/26 Group hardware manual, M16C/26A Group hardware manual, M16C/28 Group hardware manual, M16C/29 Group hardware manual.

## (1) Setting timer A0 mode register



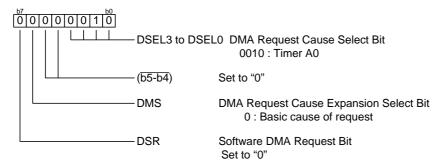
Note 1: Count source is f2 if PCLK0 bit in the PCLKR register is "0", f1 if PCLK0 bit in the PCLKR register is "1".

# (2) Setting timer A0 register

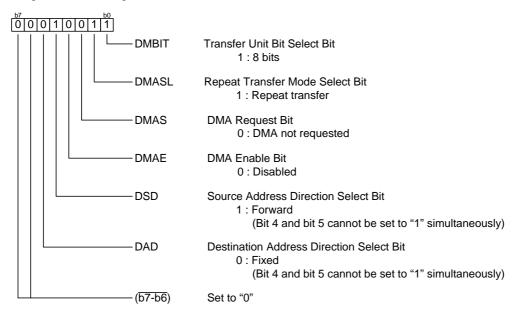




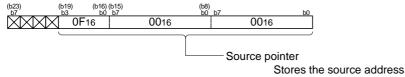
### (3) Setting DMA0 request cause select register



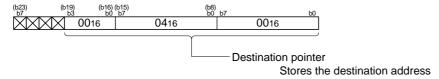
### (4) Setting DMA0 control register



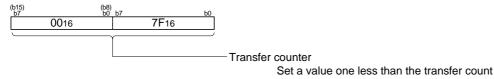
## (5) Setting DMA0 source pointer



#### (6) Setting DMA0 destination pointer

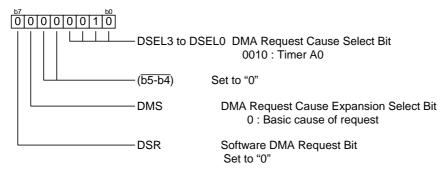


# (7) Setting DMA0 transfer counter

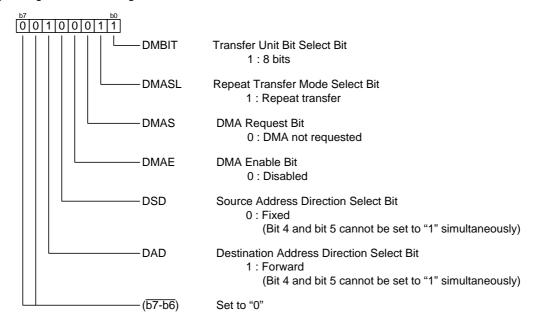




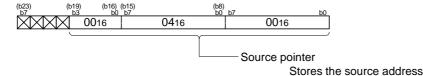
## (8) Setting DMA1 request cause select register



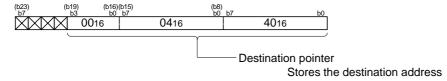
### (9) Setting DMA1 control register



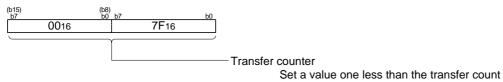
### (10) Setting DMA1 source pointer



### (11) Setting DMA1 destination pointer



## (12) Setting DMAi transfer counter

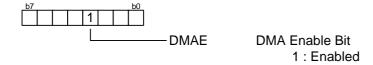




(13) DMA enable (Setting DMA0 control register)



(14) DMA enable (Setting DMA1 control register)



(15) Setting count start flag





## 4. Sample Program

```
/***********************
                FILE NAME :
              CPU : M16C/Tiny series
Function : Aplicatoin of DMAC
                                                             (Memory to Memory DMA transfer)
                Copyright (C)2004, Renesas Technology Corp.
                Copyright (C)2004, Renesas Solutions Corp.
   *******************
               include file
   *********
#include "sfr28.h"
/********
   * Function Definition
   **********
voidtimerA0_init(void);
/***********
   * Global variable declaration
   ************
const static char src_data[] = {
              0x01,0x02,0x03,0x04,0x05,0x06,0x07,0x08,0x09,0x0a,0x0b,0x0c,0x0d,0x0e,0x0f,0x10,
              0x11,0x12,0x13,0x14,0x15,0x16,0x17,0x18,0x19,0x1a,0x1b,0x1c,0x1d,0x1e,0x1f,0x20,
              0 \times 21, 0 \times 22, 0 \times 23, 0 \times 24, 0 \times 25, 0 \times 26, 0 \times 27, 0 \times 28, 0 \times 29, 0 \times 2a, 0 \times 2b, 0 \times 2c, 0 \times 2d, 0 \times 2e, 0 \times 2f, 0 \times 30, 0 \times 2e, 0 \times 
              0 \times 31, 0 \times 32, 0 \times 33, 0 \times 34, 0 \times 35, 0 \times 36, 0 \times 37, 0 \times 38, 0 \times 39, 0 \times 3a, 0 \times 3b, 0 \times 3c, 0 \times 3d, 0 \times 3e, 0 \times 3f, 0 \times 40, 0 \times 3e, 0 \times 
              0x51,0x52,0x53,0x54,0x55,0x56,0x57,0x58,0x59,0x5a,0x5b,0x5c,0x5d,0x5e,0x5f,0x60,
              0x61,0x62,0x63,0x64,0x65,0x66,0x67,0x68,0x69,0x6a,0x6b,0x6c,0x6d,0x6e,0x6f,0x70,
              0x71,0x72,0x73,0x74,0x75,0x76,0x77,0x78,0x79,0x7a,0x7b,0x7c,0x7d,0x7e,0x7f,0x80};
unsigned short tmp;
#pragma ADDRESS dst_data 0440h
unsigned short dst_data [128];
/********
               main
   ********
void main(void) {
              timerA0_init();
              dm0ic = 0;
              dm0sl = 0x02; /* Setting DMA0 request cause select register
                                                         DMA request cause select bit is selected to timer AO
              dm0con = 0x13;
                                                                     /* Setting DMA0 control register
                                                                                        Transfer unit bit select bit is selected to 8 bit
                                                                                        Repeat transfer mode select bit is selected to repeat transfer
                                                                                        {\tt DMA} request bit is set to {\tt DMA} not request
                                                                                        DMA enable bit is set to disable
                                                                                        Source address direction select bit is set to forward
                                                                                        Destination address direction select bit is set to fixed
              sar0\_addr.byte.high = (char)((unsigned long)(\&src\_data) >> 16);
             /* Setting DMA0 destination pointer */
              dar0_addr.byte.high = (char)((unsigned long)(&tmp) >> 16 );
                                                                                    /* Setting DMA0 transfer counter */
              tcr0 = 128-1;
              dmlic = 0;
              dm1sl = 0x02; /*
                                                                                        Setting DMA0 request cause select register
                                                                                        DMA request cause select bit is selected to timer AO
```



\* /

```
dm1con = 0x23;
                       Setting DMA0 control register
                       Transfer unit bit select bit is selected to 8 bit
                       Repeat transfer mode select bit is selected to repeat transfer
                       DMA request bit is set to DMA not request
                       DMA enable bit is set to disable
                       Source address direction select bit is set to fixed
                       Destination address direction select bit is set to forward
   /* Setting DMA0 source pointer */
   sar1\_addr.byte.high = (char)((unsigned long)(&tmp) >> 16);
   /* Setting DMA0 destination pointer */
   dar1_addr.byte.high = (char)((unsigned long)(&dst_data) >> 16 );
                      /* Setting DMA0 transfer counter */
   tcr1 = 128-1;
   dmae_dm0con = 1; /* DMA enabled */
dmae_dm1con = 1; /* DMA enabled */
   ta0s = 1;
                      /* timer A0 start */
   while (1) {
void timerA0_init() {
   ta0ic = 0;
   ta0mr = 0x00;
                       /* Timer A0 mode register
                          Selection of tiemr mode
                           Pulse is not output (TA00UT pin is normal pin)
                          Gate function is not available (TA0OUT pin is normal pin)
                          Cout source is fl
   ta0 = 20000-1;
                      /* 1msec @20MHz */
}
```



## 5. Reference

# Renesas Technology Corporation Home Page

http://www.renesas.com/

# E-mail Support

E-mail: csc@renesas.com

## Hardware Manual

M16C/26, M16C/26A, M16C/28, M16C/29 Group Hardware Manual (Use the latest version on the home page: http://www.renesas.com)

# TECHNICAL UPDATE/TECHNICAL NEWS

(Use the latest information on the home page: http://www.renesas.com)



# **REVISION HISTORY**

Rev.	Date	Description	
		Page	Summary
1.00	2005.06.30	-	First edition issued



## Keep safety first in your circuit designs!

 Renesas Technology Corporation puts the maximum effort into making semiconductor products better and more reliable, but there is always the possibility that trouble may occur with them. Trouble with semiconductors may lead to personal injury, fire or property damage.
 Remember to give due consideration to safety when making your circuit designs, with appropriate measures such as (i) placement of substitutive, auxiliary circuits, (ii) use of nonflammable material or (iii) prevention against any malfunction or mishap.

#### Notes regarding these materials

- These materials are intended as a reference to assist our customers in the selection of the Renesas Technology Corporation product best suited to the customer's application; they do not convey any license under any intellectual property rights, or any other rights, belonging to Renesas Technology Corporation or a third party.
- 2. Renesas Technology Corporation assumes no responsibility for any damage, or infringement of any third-party's rights, originating in the use of any product data, diagrams, charts, programs, algorithms, or circuit application examples contained in these materials.
- 3. All information contained in these materials, including product data, diagrams, charts, programs and algorithms represents information on products at the time of publication of these materials, and are subject to change by Renesas Technology Corporation without notice due to product improvements or other reasons. It is therefore recommended that customers contact Renesas Technology Corporation or an authorized Renesas Technology Corporation product distributor for the latest product information before purchasing a product listed herein.
  - The information described here may contain technical inaccuracies or typographical errors. Renesas Technology Corporation assumes no responsibility for any damage, liability, or other loss rising from these inaccuracies or errors.
  - Please also pay attention to information published by Renesas Technology Corporation by various means, including the Renesas Technology Corporation Semiconductor home page (http://www.renesas.com).
- 4. When using any or all of the information contained in these materials, including product data, diagrams, charts, programs, and algorithms, please be sure to evaluate all information as a total system before making a final decision on the applicability of the information and products. Renesas Technology Corporation assumes no responsibility for any damage, liability or other loss resulting from the information contained herein.
- 5. Renesas Technology Corporation semiconductors are not designed or manufactured for use in a device or system that is used under circumstances in which human life is potentially at stake. Please contact Renesas Technology Corporation or an authorized Renesas Technology Corporation product distributor when considering the use of a product contained herein for any specific purposes, such as apparatus or systems for transportation, vehicular, medical, aerospace, nuclear, or undersea repeater use.
- 6. The prior written approval of Renesas Technology Corporation is necessary to reprint or reproduce in whole or in part these materials.
- 7. If these products or technologies are subject to the Japanese export control restrictions, they must be exported under a license from the Japanese government and cannot be imported into a country other than the approved destination.
  - Any diversion or reexport contrary to the export control laws and regulations of Japan and/or the country of destination is prohibited.
- 8. Please contact Renesas Technology Corporation for further details on these materials or the products contained therein.