



## ClockMatrix

**EEPROM Programming Instructions** 

## Introduction

The 8A3xxxx Family of products from IDT are designed to power-up and operate using internal resources. However there may be cases where it is necessary or convenient to make use of an external I2C serial EEPROM for the device to obtain alternate information from at reset.

This document provides information about the EEPROM hardware connections, how to program the EEPROM using the Clock Matrix chip, and other miscellaneous information.

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## 1. EEPROM Overview

The ClockMatrix 8A3xxxx product family from Renesas is designed to power-up and operate using internal resources. However, there may be cases where it is necessary or convenient to use an external I2C serial EEPROM for the device in order to obtain alternate information at reset.

The external EEPROM can be used to contain one or more of the following:

- · Device configuration information block (Config)
- · Micro-controller Firmware Full Application Load (FW Application)
- Micro-controller Firmware Patch (FW Hotfix)

These blocks may appear in any order in the EEPROM, but only one FW Application or one FW Hotfix will be applied. A FW Hotfix may not be applied to a FW Application block loaded from EEPROM; only to the internal (embedded) firmware. Any number of Config blocks are allowed.

Renesas will provide the EEPROM image in the form of a .hex file that is formatted according to the Intel Hex format. Details of the structure of the EEPROM is beyond the scope of this document.

The following instructions describe the hardware connections for the EEPROM, how to program the EEPROM using the Clock Matrix chip, and other miscellaneous information.

# 2. Hardware Setup

The following is an example setup schematic.

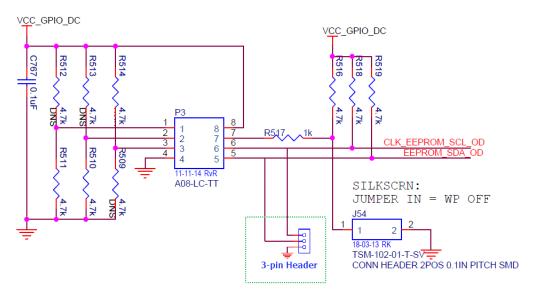


Figure 1. EEPROM Circuit

Connect the SCLK and SDA traces to the ClockMatrix device master I2C port (SCLK and SDA). Another recommendation is to also place a 3-pin header that connects to the EEPROM SCLK, SDA, and GND pin (see green outline in Figure 1). Using this method, an external programmer can be connected to the system for programming. Be aware that external programmers may only support 3.3V levels, so if the VCC\_GPIO on the chip is 1.8V or 2.5V a level translator is required.

In the case of prototype boards, a PDIP socket, such as the DILV8P-223TLF can be used (see <u>Figure 2</u>). This allows for easy removal of the EEPROM so that it can be programmed using an external board, such as the Total Phase EEPROM Socket Board.



Figure 2. PDIP Socket

# 3. Programming the EEPROM

There are three options for programming the EEPROM:

- · External EEPROM flash card
- Header
- · Clock Matrix chip

## 3.1 External Flash Card Option

For this option, use the PDIP socket. Use the Total Phase EEPROM socket board to program the EEPROM and then place the EEPROM into the socket. For more information, see *Programming the 8A3x000 EEPROM with Total Phase*. Alternatively, another vendor's EEPROM flash card can be used.

## 3.2 Header Option

For this option, the EEPROM is installed in the system board and an accompanying 3-pin header is used as described in *Programming the 8A3x000 EEPROM with Total Phase*. However, connect the Total Phase Aardvark card directly to the 3-pin header and use the Total Phase software to program the EEPROM.

## 3.3 Clock Matrix Option

For this option, the ClockMatrix chip serves as the intermediary, transferring the data from the System Device to the EEPROM, as shown in <u>Figure 3</u>. Either a CPU, an FPGA, or a different System device will "talk" to the ClockMatrix device through the Main or Auxiliary Serial port and send it the firmware data. In turn, the ClockMatrix device will send the data to the EEPROM chip. Note that it is the customer's responsibility to parse the .hex file into a format that is usable by their system.



Figure 3. Programming the EEPROM through Clock Matrix

The ClockMatrix device contains a register buffer that functions as an EEPROM read/write buffer. Access to the buffer is obtained using the following registers. For register offset values, see the *8A3xxxx Family Programming Guide* that corresponds to the firmware present in the ROM.

#### **Module: EEPROM**

Access EEPROM.

## Table 369: EEPROM Register Index

Offset	Register Module Base Address: CF68h							
(Hex)	Individual Register Name	Register Description						
000h	EEPROM.EEPROM_I2C_ADDR	EEPROM I2C address.						
001h	EEPROM.EEPROM_SIZE	EEPROM data transfer size.						
002h	EEPROM.EEPROM_OFFSET	EEPROM offset.						
004h	EEPROM.EEPROM_CMD	EEPROM command.						

#### EEPROM.EEPROM\_SIZE

Configure the number of bytes to read or write.

## Table 371: EEPROM.EEPROM\_SIZE Bit Field Locations and Descriptions

Offset Address									
(Hex)							D0		
001h		BYTES[7:0]							

EEPROM_SIZE Bit Field Descriptions							
Bit Field Name	Field Type	Description					
BYTES[7:0]	R/W	0	Number of bytes to read or write. These bytes are transferred through OTP_EEPROM_BUFF. Valid range is 0 to 128.				

### EEPROM.EEPROM\_I2C\_ADDR

EEPROM I2C address.

## Table 370: EEPROM.EEPROM\_I2C\_ADDR Bit Field Locations and Descriptions

Offset Address		EEPROM.EEPROM_I2C_ADDR Bit Field Locations								
(Hex)						D1	D0			
000h	RESERVED		I2C_ADDR[6:0]							

EEPROM.EEPROM_I2C_ADDR Bit Field Descriptions								
Bit Field Name	Field Type	Default Value	Description					
RESERVED	N/A	-	This field must not be modified from the read value					
I2C_ADDR[6:0]	R/W	0	I2C address of the EEPROM.					

#### EEPROM.EEPROM\_OFFSET

## Table 365: EEPROM.EEPROM\_OFFSET Bit Field Locations and Descriptions

Offset Address (Hex)	EEPROM.EEPROM_OFFSET Bit Field Locations										
	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0			
002h				EEPROM_C	FFSET[7:0]			-			
003h				EEPROM_O	FFSET[15:8]						

	EEPROM_OFFSET Bit Field Descriptions							
Bit Field Name	Field Type	Default Value	Description					
EEPROM_OFFSET[15:0]	R/W	0						

#### EEPROM.EEPROM\_CMD

#### Table 366: EEPROM.EEPROM\_CMD Bit Field Locations and Descriptions

Offset	EEPROM_CMD Bit Field Locations										
Address (Hex)	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0			
004h				EEPROM	_CMD[7:0]						
005h				EEPROM_	CMD[15:8]						

EEPROM_CMD Bit Field Descriptions						
Bit Field Name	Field Type	Default Value	Description			
EEPROM_CMD[15:0]	R/W	0	- EE01 = Read from EEPROM EE02 = Write to EEPROM EE03 = Write (no verify)			

#### GENERAL\_STATUS.EEPROM\_STATUS

## Table 11: GENERAL\_STATUS.EEPROM\_STATUS Bit Field Locations and Descriptions

Offset Address		GENERAL_STATUS.EEPROM_STATUS Bit Field Locations										
(Hex) D7 D6			D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0				
008h		EEPROM_STATUS[7:0]										
009h				EEPROM_S	TATUS[15:8]							

	GENERAL_STATUS.EEPROM_STATUS Bit Field Descriptions									
Bit Field Name	Field Type	Default Value	Description							
EEPROM_STATUS[15:0]	R/O	0	Current status of EEPROM.  0x0000 = no status  0x8000 = ok  0x8001 = unknown command  0x8002 = wrong size  0x8003 = out of range  0x8004 = read failed  0x8005 = write failed  0x8006 = verification failed							

The EEPROM buffer register is 128 bytes long, and is the location where the data is either written to the EEPROM or read from the EEPROM. For PR4.0, the location is 0xCF80.

The following is an example of an SPI 2-byte addressing sequence that shows how to program the first 128 bytes of an EEPROM. This example is based on PR4.0 Firmware. For a different firmware, see the appropriate 8A3xxxx Family Programming Guide.

## 3.4 Write EEPROM Example

```
7F FD 80 10 20  #Set the Clock Matrix page register (SPI 2-byte addressing)
4F 68 50  #Write to CF68, set EEPROM_I2C_ADDR=0x50
4F 69 80  #Write to CF69, set EEPROM_SIZE=128 bytes.
4F 6A 00 00  #Write to CF6A, set EEPROM_OFFSET= 0 (write starting at location 0).
4F 80 85 AA 85 AA 84 AA 84 AA 83 AA 83 AA 82 AA 82 AA 81 AA 81 AA 80 AA 80 AA 79 AA 79 AA 78 AA 78 AA 77 AA 76 AA 76 AA 75 AA 75 AA 74 AA 74 AA 73 AA 73 AA 72 AA 72 AA 71 AA 71 AA 70 AA 70 AA 69 AA 69 AA 68 AA 68 AA 67 AA 67 AA 66 AA 66 AA 65 AA 65 AA 64 AA 64 AA 63 AA 63 AA 62 AA 62 AA 61 AA 61 AA 60 AA 60 AA 59 AA 59 AA 58 AA 57 AA 57 AA 57 AA 56 AA 56 AA 55 AA 55 AA 00 00 00  #Write to CF80, these are the 128 bytes that will be written to the EEPROM.
4F 6C 02 EE  #Write to CF6C, EEPROM CMD="0xEE02", trigger EEPROM write
```

#add a wait time to allow the chip to write to the EEPROM. For now, use 100mS. Alternatively, read back the EEPROM STATUS and verify that it is 0x8000 and then proceed.

Repeat this for each 128 bytes of EEPROM data.

## 3.5 Read EEPROM Example

For instructions on how to update the firmware on an EEPROM on a ClockMatrix evaluation board, see the document *ClockMatrix Evaluation Board: Update Firmware on Device and EEPROM.* 

# 4. Revision History

Rev.	Date	Description
1.00	Feb.10.2020	Initial release.

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