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M34282T2-CPE

User's Manual

Compact Emulator for 720 Series 4282 and 4283
Groups

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\\SUPPORT\Product-name\SUPPORT.TXT

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Important

Before using this product, be sure to read the user's manual (this manual).

Keep this user's manual, and refer to this when you have questions about this product.

Emulator:

The emulator in this document refers to the following products that are manufactured by Renesas Technology Corporation:

- (1) Compact emulator main unit
- (2) Package conversion board for connecting the user system

The emulator herein does not include the customer's user system and host machine.

Purpose of use of the emulator:

This emulator is a device to support the development of a system that uses the 720 Series 4282 and 4283 Groups of Renesas 4-bit single-chip MCUs. It provides support for system development in both software and hardware.

Be sure to use this emulator correctly according to said purpose of use. Please avoid using this emulator for other than its intended purpose of use.

For those who use this emulator:

This emulator can only be used by those who have carefully read the user's manual and know how to use it.

Use of this emulator requires the basic knowledge of electric circuits, logical circuits, and MCUs.

When using the emulator:

- (1) This product is a development supporting unit for use in your program development and evaluation stages. In mass-producing your program you have finished developing, be sure to make a judgment on your own risk that it can be put to practical use by performing integration test, evaluation, or some experiment else.
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- (4) This product has been developed by assuming its use for program development and evaluation in laboratories. Therefore, it does not fall under the application of Electrical Appliance and Material Safety Law and protection against electromagnetic interference when used in Japan.
- (5) This product is not qualified under UL or other safety standards and IEC or other industry standards. This fact must be taken into account when taking this product from Japan to some other country.
- (6) We cannot predict all possible situations or possible cases of misuse where a potential danger exists. Therefore, the warnings written in this user's manual and the warning labels attached to this emulator do not necessarily cover all of such possible situations or cases. Please be sure to use this emulator correctly and safely on your own responsibility.

Usage restrictions:

This emulator has been developed as a means of supporting system development by users. Therefore, do not use it as a device used for equipment-embedded applications. Also, do not use it for developing the systems or equipment used for the following purposes either:

- (1) Transportation and vehicular
- (2) Medical (equipment where human life is concerned)
- (3) Aerospace
- (4) Nuclear power control
- (5) Undersea repeater

If you are considering the use of this emulator for one of the above purposes, please be sure to consult your local distributor.

About product changes:

We are constantly making efforts to improve the design and performance of this emulator. Therefore, the specification or design of this emulator or its user's manual may be changed without prior notice.

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About diagrams:

The diagrams in this user's manual may not all represent exactly the actual object.

IMPORTANT

Notes on Differences between the Actual MCU and Emulator:

- Before using this product, be sure to read "4.2 Differences between the Actual MCU and Emulator" (page 55).
- Before using this product, be sure to read "4.5 Notes on Using This Product" (page 60).
- Be sure to evaluate your system with an evaluation MCU. Before starting mask production, evaluate your system and make final confirmation with a CS (Commercial Sample) version MCU.

Precautions for Safety

Definitions of Signal Words

In both the user's manual and on the product itself, several icons are used to insure proper handling of this product and also to prevent injuries to you or other persons, or damage to your properties.

This chapter describes the precautions which should be taken in order to use this product safely and properly. Be sure to read this chapter before using this product.



This symbol represents a warning about safety. It is used to arouse caution about a potential danger that will possibly inflict an injury on persons. To avoid a possible injury or death, please be sure to observe the safety message that follows this symbol.



DANGER indicates an imminently dangerous situation that will cause death or heavy wound unless it is avoided. However, there are no instances of such danger for the product presented in this manual.



WARNING indicates a potentially dangerous situation that will cause death or heavy wound unless it is avoided.



CAUTION indicates a potentially dangerous situation that will cause a slight injury or a medium-degree injury unless it is avoided.

CAUTION

CAUTION with no safety warning symbols attached indicates a potentially dangerous situation that will cause property damage unless it is avoided.

IMPORTANT

This is used in operation procedures or explanatory descriptions to convey exceptional conditions or cautions to the user.

In addition to the five above, the following are also used as appropriate.

△ means WARNING or CAUTION.

Example:



CAUTION AGAINST AN ELECTRIC SHOCK

⊘ means PROHIBITION.

Example:



DISASSEMBLY PROHIBITED

● means A FORCIBLE ACTION.

Example:



UNPLUG THE POWER CABLE FROM THE RECEPTACLE.

⚠ WARNING**Warnings for AC Power Supply:**

- If the attached AC power cable does not fit the receptacle, do not alter the AC power cable and do not plug it forcibly. Failure to comply may cause electric shock and/or fire.

- Use an AC power cable which complies with the safety standard of the country.

- Do not touch the plug of the AC power cable when your hands are wet. This may cause electric shock.

- This product is connected signal ground with frame ground. If your developing product is transformless (not having isolation transformer of AC power), this may cause electric shock. Also, this may give an unrepairable damage to this product and your developing one.

While developing, connect AC power of the product to commercial power through isolation transformer in order to avoid these dangers.

- If other equipment is connected to the same branch circuit, care should be taken not to overload the circuit.



- When installing this equipment, insure that a reliable ground connection is maintained.



- If you smell a strange odor, hear an unusual sound, or see smoke coming from this product, then disconnect power immediately by unplugging the AC power cable from the outlet.

Do not use this as it is because of the danger of electric shock and/or fire. In this case, contact your local distributor.

- Before setting up this emulator and connecting it to other devices, turn off power or remove a power cable to prevent injury or product damage.

Warnings to Be Taken for This Product:

- Do not disassemble or modify this product. Personal injury due to electric shock may occur if this product is disassembled and modified. Disassembling and modifying the product will void your warranty.

- Make sure nothing falls into the cooling fan on the top panel, especially liquids, metal objects, or anything combustible.

Warning for Installation:

- Do not set this product in water or areas of high humidity. Make sure that the product does not get wet. Spilling water or some other liquid into the product may cause unrepairable damage.

Warning for Use Environment:

- This equipment is to be used in an environment with a maximum ambient temperature of 35°C. Care should be taken that this temperature is not exceeded.

 **CAUTION****Note on Connecting the Power Supply of the Emulator:**

- Do not use any power cable other than the one that is included with the product.
- The power cable included with the product has its positive and negative poles color-coded by red and black, respectively.
- Pay attention to the polarities of the power supply. If its positive and negative poles are connected in reverse, the internal circuit may be broken.
- Do not apply any voltages exceeding the product's rated power supply voltage (5.0 V \pm 5%). Extreme voltages may cause a burn due to abnormal heat or cause the internal circuit to break down.

Cautions to Be Taken for Turning On the Power:

- Turn ON/OFF the power of the emulator and user system as simultaneously as possible.
- Do not leave either the emulator or user system powered on, because of leakage current the internal circuits may be damaged.
- When turning on the power again after shutting off the power, wait about 10 seconds.

Cautions to Be Taken for Handling This Product:

- Use caution when handling the main unit. Be careful not to apply a mechanical shock.
- Do not touch the connector pins of the emulator main unit and the target MCU connector pins directly. Static electricity may damage the internal circuits.
- Excessive flexing or force of the flexible cable for connecting this product to the emulation probe may break connector.

Cautions to Be Taken for System Malfunctions:

- If the emulator malfunctions because of interference like external noise, do the following to remedy the trouble.
 - (1) Press the RESET button on the emulator front panel.
 - (2) If normal operation is not restored after step (1), shut OFF the emulator once and then reactivate it.

Preface

The M34282T2-CPE is a compact emulator with the real-time trace functions for the 4282 and 4283 Groups. This user's manual mainly describes specifications of the M34282T2-CPE and how to set up and operate it. For details on the emulator debugger M3T-PD72M and absolute assembler ASM72, refer to each product's online manual. If there is any question about this product, contact your local distributor.

To check the components of this product, refer to "1.1 Package Components" (page 14). If there is any suggestion, opinion or question about this product, please contact your local distributor.

The related manuals are listed below.

Related manuals

| | |
|-------------------|-------------------------|
| Emulator debugger | M3T-PD72M User's Manual |
| Assembler | ASM72 User's Manual |

User Registration

When you have purchased the emulator presented in this manual, please register your name and address. Your registered information is used for only after-sale services, and not for any other purposes. Without user registration, you will not be able to receive maintenance services such as a notification of field changes or trouble information. So be sure to register your name and address.

To get reference information about user registration, please visit the Web site shown below.

[Renesas Tools Homepage] <http://www.renesas.com/en/tools/>

[Inquiries] regist_tool@renesas.com

Terminology

Some specific words used in this user's manual are defined as follows:

- Emulator M34282T2-CPE

This means the compact emulator M34282T2-CPE (this product) for the 4282 and 4283 Groups.

- Emulator system

This means an emulator system built around the M34282T2-CPE emulator. The M34282T2-CPE emulator system is configured with the emulator M34282T2-CPE, emulator debugger M3T-PD72M and host machine.

- Emulator debugger M3T-PD72M

This means a software tool to control the emulator from the host machine through a USB interface.

- Firmware

This means a program stored in the flash ROM of the emulator. It analyzes contents of communication with the emulator debugger and controls the emulator. This program is downloadable from the emulator debugger to upgrade firmware.

- Host machine

This means a personal computer used to control the emulator.

- Target MCU

This means the microcomputer you are going to debug.

- User system

This means a user's application system using the microcomputer to be debugged.

- User program

This means a user's application program to be debugged.

- Evaluation MCU

This means a microcomputer mounted on the emulator which is operated in the special mode for the emulator.

- *

In this user's manual, this symbol is used to show active LOW. (e.g. RESET*)

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Chapter 1. Outline

This chapter describes the package components, the system configuration and the preparation for using this product for the first time.

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1.1 Package Components

The M34282T2-CPE package consists of the following items. When unpacking it, check to see if your M34282T2-CPE contains all of these items.

Table 1.1 Package components

| Item | Quantity |
|--|----------|
| M34282T2-CPE compact emulator | 1 |
| 20-conductor standard-pitch cable for connecting user system | 1 |
| External trace/trigger signal input cable | 1 |
| OSC-2 (4MHz) oscillator circuit board (preinstalled to emulator) | 1 |
| OSC-2 (500kHz) oscillator circuit board | 1 |
| OSC-2 oscillator circuit board (bare board) | 1 |
| USB interface cable for connecting host machine and emulator | 1 |
| Power supply cable for compact emulator | 1 |
| Hardware tool user registration FAX sheet (English) | 1 |
| Hardware tool user registration FAX sheet (Japanese) | 1 |
| M34282T2-CPE User's Manual (this manual) | 1 |
| M34282T2-CPE User's Manual (Japanese) | 1 |
| M34282T2-CPE Supplementary Document (English) | 1 |
| M34282T2-CPE Supplementary Document (Japanese) | 1 |
| CD-ROM: Emulator debugger M3T-PD72M Assembler ASM72 | 1 |

* Please keep the M34282T2-CPE's packing box and cushion material in your place for reuse at a later time when sending your product for repair or other purposes. Always use these packing box and cushion material when transporting this product.

* If there is any question or doubt about the packaged product, contact your local distributor.

1.2 System Configuration

1.2.1 System Configuration

Figure 1.1 shows a configuration of this product.

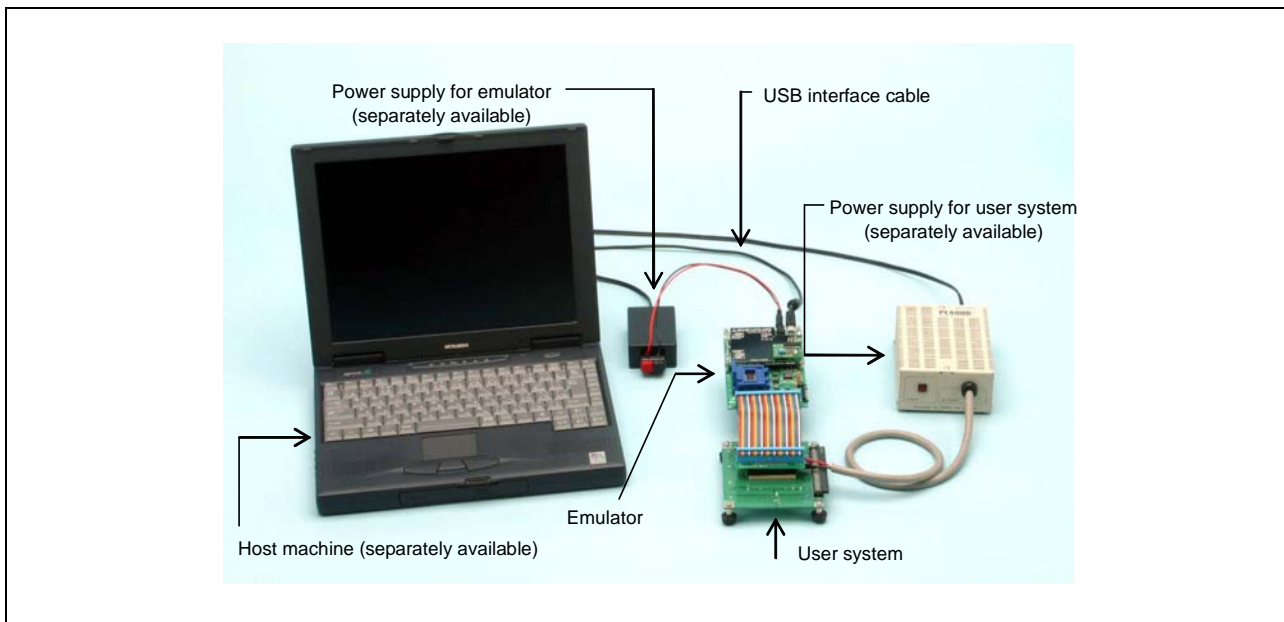


Figure 1.1 System configuration

(1) Compact emulator M34282T2-CPE (included)

This is a compact emulator for the 4282 and 4283 Groups with the real-time trace functions (hereafter, emulator).

(2) USB interface cable (included)

This is an interface cable for the host machine and the emulator.

(3) Power supply for emulator

This is a power supply for the emulator. Supply 5.0 V \pm 5% (DC).

Prepare a power supply separately. The power cable is included with this product.

* Be aware that depending on the AC adapter used, the power supply voltage may fluctuate significantly due to loading. We recommend using an AC adapter that incorporates a switching power supply or a voltage-regulator power supply.

(4) User system

This is your application system. This emulator can be used without the user system.

(5) Power supply for user system

This is a power supply for the user system. As this emulator cannot supply the power to the user system, supply the power to the user system separately from the emulator.

(6) Host machine

This is a personal computer for controlling the emulator.

1.2.2 Names and Functions of the Emulator

Figure 1.2 shows the names of the LEDs on the upper panel of the emulator.

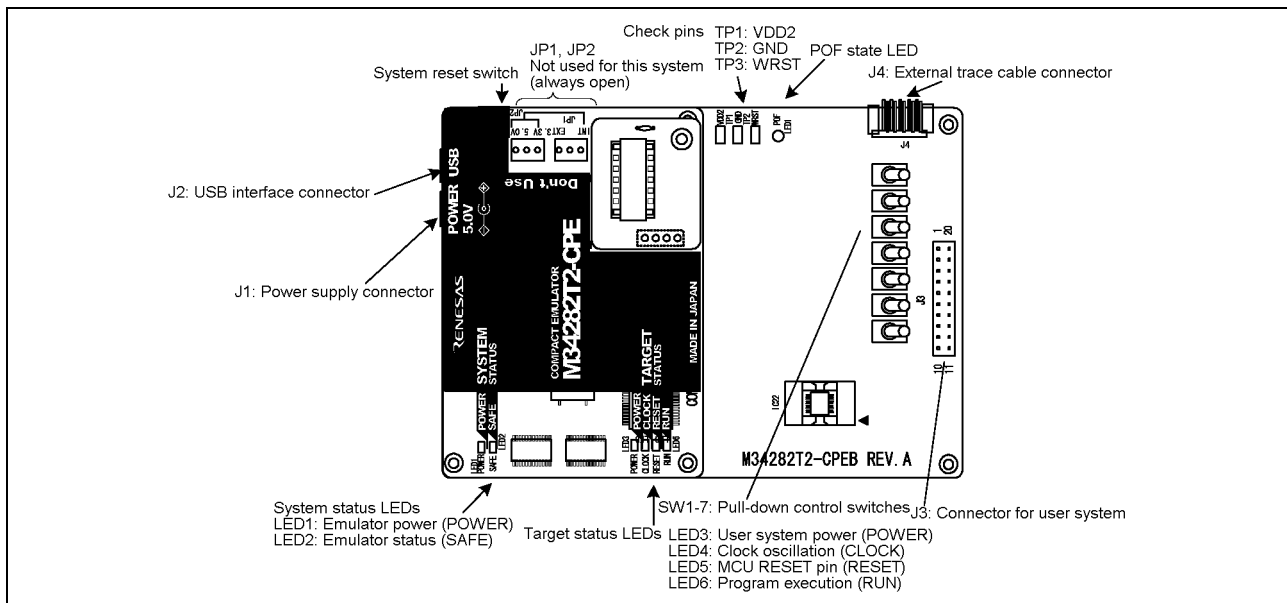


Figure 1.2 Names of the LEDs on the upper panel of the emulator (upper side)

(1) System Status LEDs

The system status LEDs indicate the emulator's operating status etc. Table 1.2 lists the definition of the system status LEDs.

Table 1.2 Definition of the system status LEDs

| Name | No. | Color | State | Function |
|-------|------|--------|-------|---|
| POWER | LED1 | Orange | ON | Power is supplied to the emulator. |
| | | | OFF | Power is not supplied to the emulator. |
| SAFE | LED2 | Green | ON | Emulator system has started normally. |
| | | | OFF | Emulator system has not started normally. |

(2) Target Status LEDs

The target status LEDs indicate the target MCU's power supply and operating status. Table 1.3 lists the definition of the target status LEDs.

Table 1.3 Definition of the target status LEDs

| Name | No. | Color | State | Function |
|-------|------|--------|-------|---|
| POWER | LED3 | Orange | ON | Power is supplied to the user system. |
| | | | OFF | Power is not supplied to the user system. |
| CLOCK | LED4 | Green | ON | Internal clock of the emulator is output. |
| | | | OFF | Internal clock of the emulator is not output. |
| RESET | LED5 | Red | ON | Target MCU is being reset. |
| | | | OFF | Target MCU is not being reset. |
| RUN | LED6 | Green | ON | User program is being executed. |
| | | | OFF | User program is not being executed. |

(3) System Reset Switch

By pressing the system reset switch, you can initialize the emulator system. Table 1.4 shows the functions of the system reset switch depending on the state of the emulator.

Table 1.4 Functions of the system reset switch

| State of Emulator | Function |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| When the user program is halted | Initializes the emulator and waits for a command from the emulator debugger. |
| When the user program is executed | Stops the user program, initializes the emulator, and waits for a command from the emulator debugger. |

IMPORTANT

Notes on a System Reset:

- After pressing the system reset switch, reboot the emulator debugger M3T-PD72M. Otherwise the display of the emulator debugger and the actual value (in the emulator) may not match.
- When the emulator debugger does not start up normally even after rebooting, turn off the emulator and then turn on again.

(4) POF State Indicator LED

The POF status indicator LED is used to indicate that the MCU is placed into the POF state.

Table 1.5 Display of the POF state indicator LED

| Name | Color | State | Function |
|------|--------|-------|--|
| POF | Orange | ON | Indicates that the MCU is in the POF state. |
| | | OFF | Indicates that the MCU is in the normal state, and not in the POF state. |

(5) Connector for Power Supply (J1)

This is a connector for connecting the power supply to this product. For details on connection to the power supply, refer to “2.3 Connecting the Power Supply for Emulator” (page 24).

(6) USB Cable Connector (J2)

This is a USB cable connector for connecting the host machine to this product. For details on the connection with the host machine, “2.4 Connecting the Host Machine” (page 25).

1.3 Specifications

Table 1.6 lists specifications of the M34282T2-CPE.

Table 1.6 Specifications of the M34282T2-CPE

| Item | Description | |
|-------------------------------------|--|---|
| Applicable MCUs | 4282 and 4283 Groups | |
| Evaluation MCU | M34282E2GP ROM size: 2048 words, RAM size: 64 words | |
| Max. operating frequency | 3.0 V | STCK=f(XIN)/8 selected 4.0 MHz |
| | | STCK=f(XIN) selected 500 kHz |
| Applicable target power supply | 3.0 V ±10% Supplied from emulator only. Cannot be supplied from user system. | |
| Basic debugging functions | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Download - Software break (max. 8 points, break after execution) - Program execution/stop (allows free-run execution supporting software breaks) - Memory reference/setting - Register reference/setting - Disassemble display etc. | |
| Real-time trace function | Recordable information | 32768 cycles |
| | Trace point | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Address: 2 points (pass count can be set, range specifiable) - External trigger: 1 point |
| | Trace mode | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Before Break mode (Records 32768 cycles before program stopped) - Before Trace mode (Records 32768 cycles before event met) - About Trace mode (Records 32768 cycles before and after event met) - After Trace mode (Records 32768 cycles after event met) |
| Hardware break function | Hardware break point | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Address: 2 points (pass count can be set, range specifiable) - External trigger: 1 point |
| | Break mode | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Address break or trigger break - Stack over/under flow - Trace event - Trace termination break - Timer |
| Execution time measurement function | Time measurement point | Specified 2 points (range specifiable) |
| | Resolution | 100n seconds |
| | Measurement range | 8 types |
| | Count source | Timer of emulator, MCU cycle |
| Coverage | C0 coverage | |
| Connection to the user system | See "2.7 Connecting the User System" (page 30). | |
| Power supply for emulator | DC 5.0 V±5%/2 A externally supplied (prepare a power supply separately) | |
| Host machine interface | USB (USB 1.1 full-speed, mini-B standard connector used) | |

1.4 Operating Environment

When using this emulator, be sure to keep with the operating environmental of the emulator and host machine listed in Tables 1.7 and 1.8.

Table 1.7 Operating environmental conditions

| Item | Description |
|-----------------------|----------------------|
| Operating temperature | 5 to 35°C (no dew) |
| Storage temperature | -10 to 60°C (no dew) |

Table 1.8 Operating environment of host machine

| Item | Description |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Host machine | IBM PC/AT compatibles with USB1.1 |
| OS | Windows Me Windows 98 Windows XP Windows 2000 |
| CPU | Pentium II 233 MHz or more recommended |
| Memory | 128 MB or more recommended |
| Pointing device such as mouse | Mouse or any other pointing device usable with the above OS that can be connected to the main body of the host machine. |
| CD drive | Needed to install the emulator debugger or refer to the user's manual |

MEMO

Chapter 2. Setup

This chapter describes switch settings required for using this product and how to connect this product to the emulator and the user system.

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2.1 Starting Up the Emulator

The procedure for starting up the emulator is shown in Figure 2.1. For details, refer to each section. When the emulator does not start up, refer to “Chapter 5. Troubleshooting” (page 63).

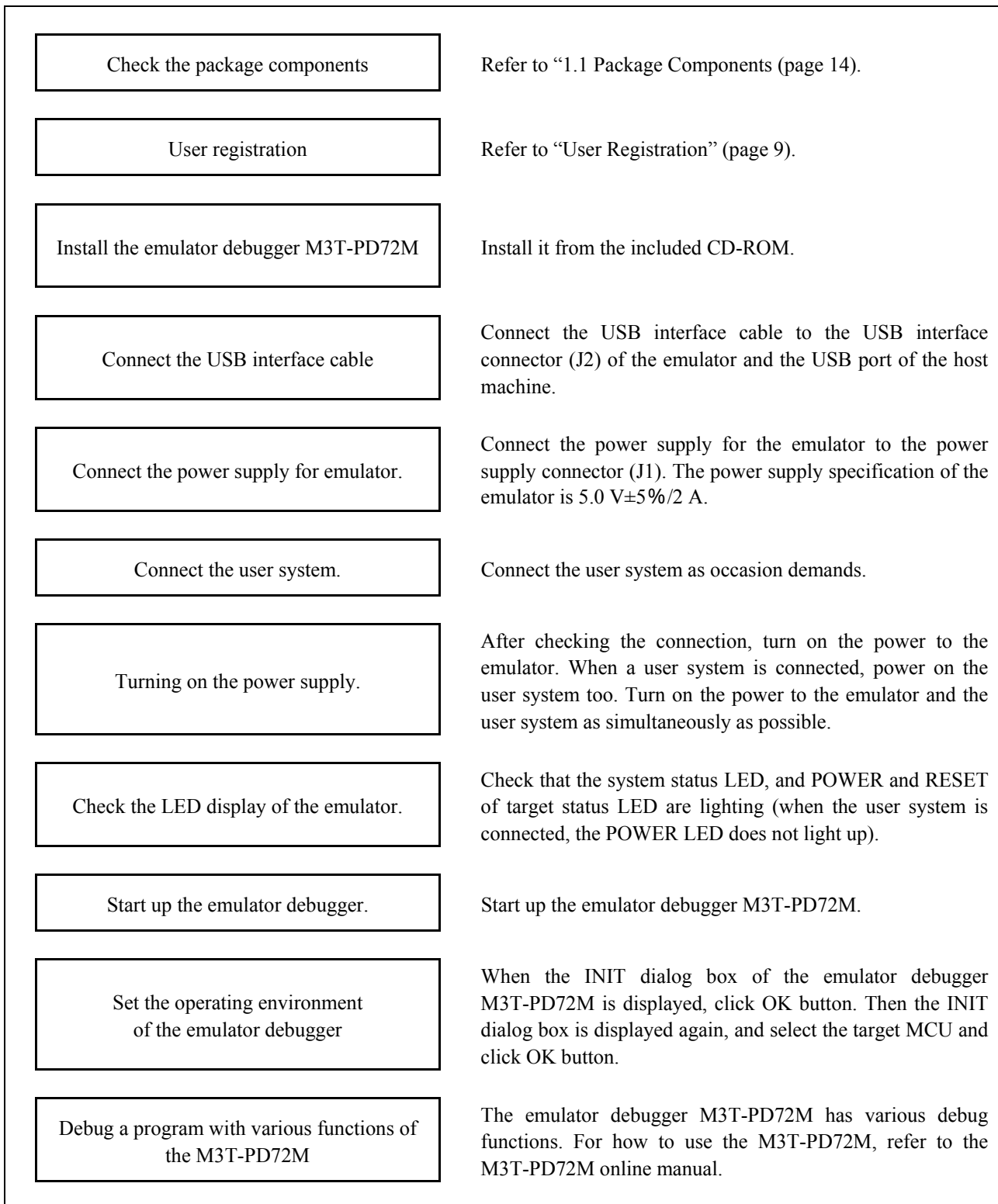


Figure 2.1 Flowchart of setting up the emulator

2.2 Installing the Emulator Debugger

If the OS used in your host machine is Windows XP or 2000, this installation must be executed by a user with administrator rights.

Be aware that users without administrator rights cannot complete the installation.

2.2.1 Installing the Emulator Debugger M3T-PD72M

From the CD-ROM included with your product, install the emulator debugger M3T-PD72M following the procedure described below.

(1) Launching the installer

From Windows Explorer, etc., start the “setup.exe” program present in the \PD72M\W95E folder of the product disc.

(2) Entering the user information

In the “user information” dialog box, enter the user information (contractor, section, contact address, and host machine). The supplied information will be turned into a format by which technical support will be provided by e-mail.

(3) Selecting components

In the “component selection” dialog box, select the components you want to install. In this dialog box you can change the directory in which to install.

(4) Completing the installation

A dialog box will be displayed indicating that setup has been completed. It means that the installation you made is completed.

2.2.2 Installing the USB Device Driver

Install the USB device driver following the procedure described below.

(1) Connect the host machine and the compact emulator M34282T2-CPE with USB cable.

(2) Turn on the power to the compact emulator M34282T2-CPE.

(3) USB device will be detected, and the wizard to install the corresponding device driver will start up.

Follow the instructions of the wizard, and a dialog box for specifying the setup information file (inf file) will appear. In this dialog box, specify the musbdrv.inf file present in or below the directory in which you installed the M3T-PD72M (e.g., c:\mtool\pdxx\drivers).

While you are installing, a message may be output indicating that the device driver proper musbdrv.sys cannot be found. Because musbdrv.sys is stored in the same directory as is the musbdrv.inf file, look into the directory and specify it.

2.3 Connecting the Power Supply for Emulator

Connect the power supply for the emulator to the power connector (J1). The specification of the power supply for the emulator is listed in Table 2.1.

Table 2.1 Specification of power supply of the emulator

| | |
|----------------------|-----------------------|
| Power supply voltage | DC 5.0 V \pm 5%/2 A |
|----------------------|-----------------------|

Figures 2.2 and 2.3 show the specifications of the power connector (J1) and an applicable plug, respectively.

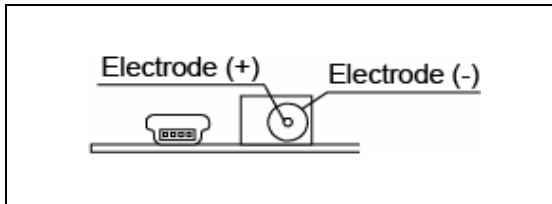


Figure 2.2 Specification of the power connector

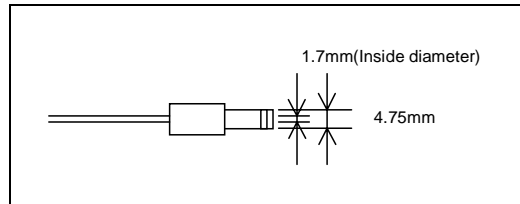


Figure 2.3 Specification of an applicable plug

CAUTION

Notes on Connecting a Power Supply of the Emulator:



- The power cable included in this product package is colored red (+) and black (-).
- Be careful about the polarity of the power supply. Connecting to the wrong electrode could destroy internal circuits.
- Do not apply a voltage exceeding the specified voltage of the product (5.0 V \pm 5%), because it may cause burn injuries and the failure of internal circuits.

2.4 Connecting the Host Machine

Connect the emulator and the host machine with the USB interface cable.

Connect the USB interface cable (included) to the USB interface connector (J2) and the USB port of the host machine (see Figure 2.4).

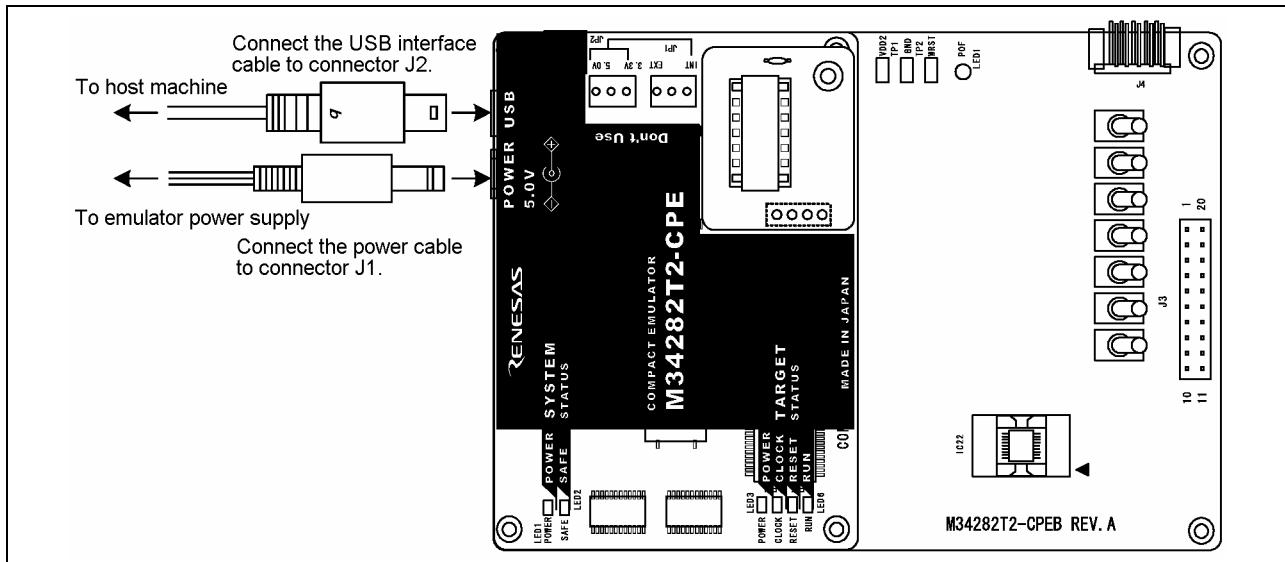


Figure 2.4 Connecting the emulator system

2.5 Turning ON the Power Supply

2.5.1 Checking Connections of the Emulator System

Before turning the power ON, check the connection of the interface cable to the host machine, emulator, and user system.

2.5.2 Turning ON/OFF the Power

Turn ON/OFF the power of the emulator and user system as simultaneously as possible.

Do not leave either the emulator or user system powered on, because of leakage current the internal circuits may be damaged.

When turning ON the power again after shutting OFF the power, wait for about 10 seconds.

2.5.3 Power Supply to the User System

This emulator cannot supply the power to the user system. Therefore design your system so that the user system is powered separately.

The voltage of the user system should be $3.0\text{ V} \pm 10\%$. Do not change the voltage of the user system after turning on the power.

2.5.4 LED Display When the Emulator Starts Up Normally

After the emulator starts up, check the status of the LEDs to see whether the emulator operation is enabled or not. Figure 2.5 shows the positions of the emulator status LEDs.

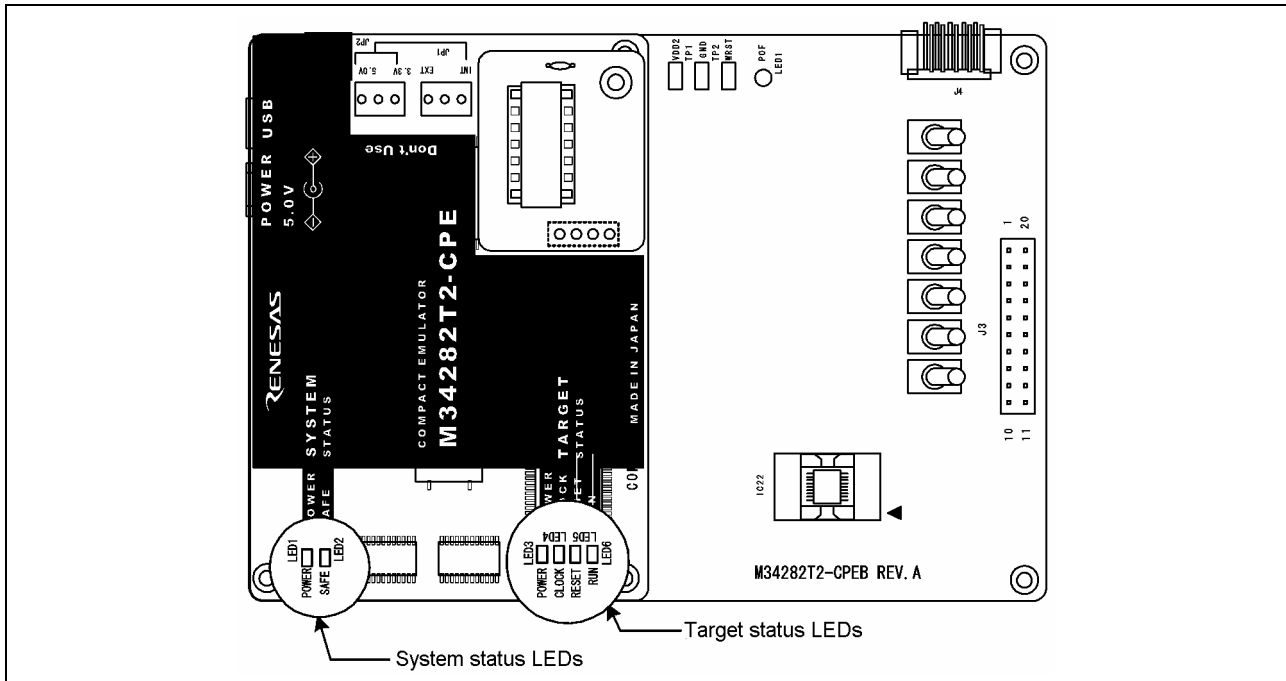


Figure 2.5 Positions of the system status LEDs and target status LEDs

(1) System status LEDs

Check that the LED1 of the system status LEDs is lit immediately after the power is activated. If it is not lit, shut off the emulator and check the power supply for the emulator is properly connected.

(2) Target status LEDs

Target status LEDs light as shown in Figure 2.6 when the user system is not connected and as shown in Figure 2.7 when a user system is connected. When the self-check is terminated, SAFE LED (LED2) lights on and the target status LEDs display as shown in Figures 2.6 and 2.7.

When the SAFE LED (LED2) does not light up, or the target status LEDs do not display as shown in Figures 2.6 and 2.7, refer to “Chapter 5. Troubleshooting” (page 63).

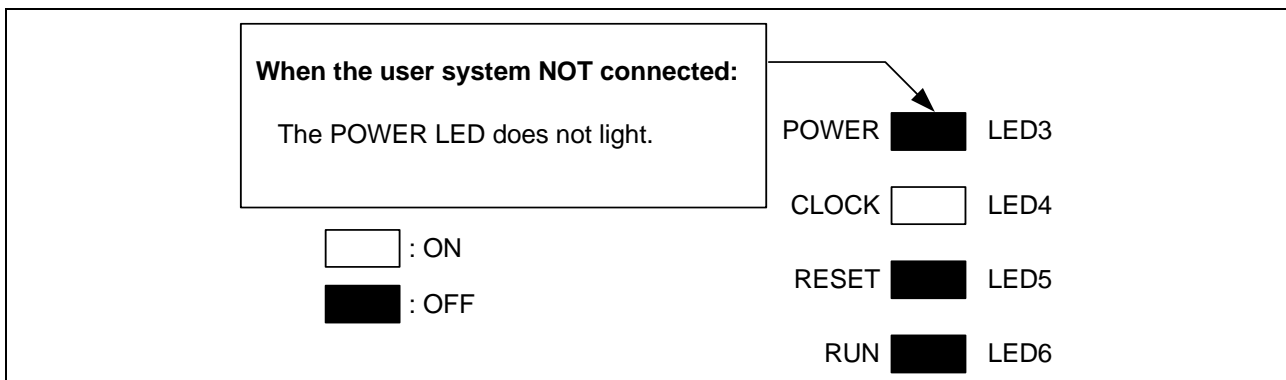


Figure 2.6 LED display when the emulator starts up normally (user system not connected)

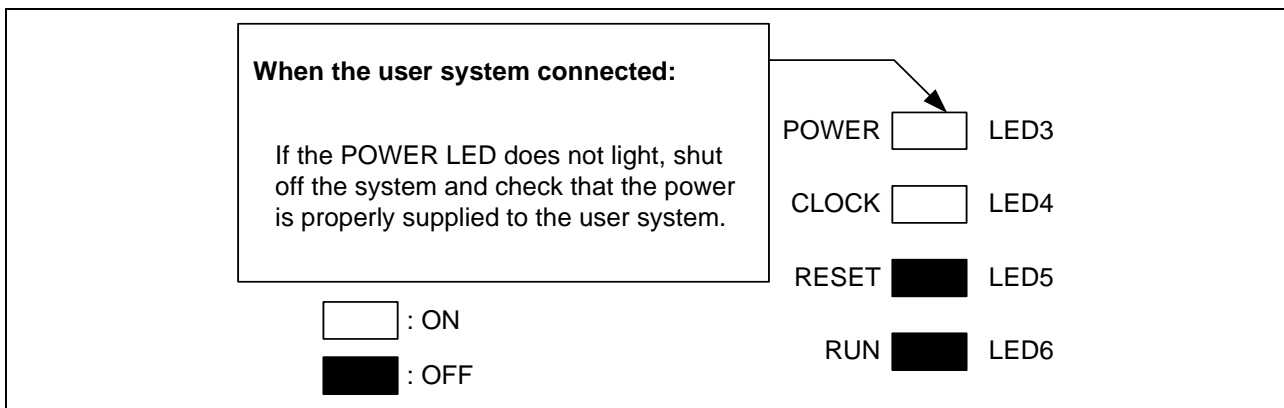


Figure 2.7 LED display when the emulator starts up normally (user system connected)

2.6 Self-check

2.6.1 Self-check Procedure

To run the self-check of the emulator, do so as explained here below. While the self-check is in progress, the LEDs will change as shown in Figure 2.8.

- (1) If the user system is connected, disconnect it.
- (2) Set the switches as the factory-settings to execute the self-check (see Table 2.2).
- (3) Within 2 seconds of activating power to the emulator, press the system reset switch on the emulator front panel.
- (4) Check the SAFE LED starts flashing and then press the system reset switch again.
- (5) The self-check will start. If the normal result is displayed in about 20 seconds, the self-check terminated normally.

Table 2.2 Switch settings for the self-check

| Switch | Setting |
|----------------------------------|---------|
| Pull down control switches SW1-7 | OFF |

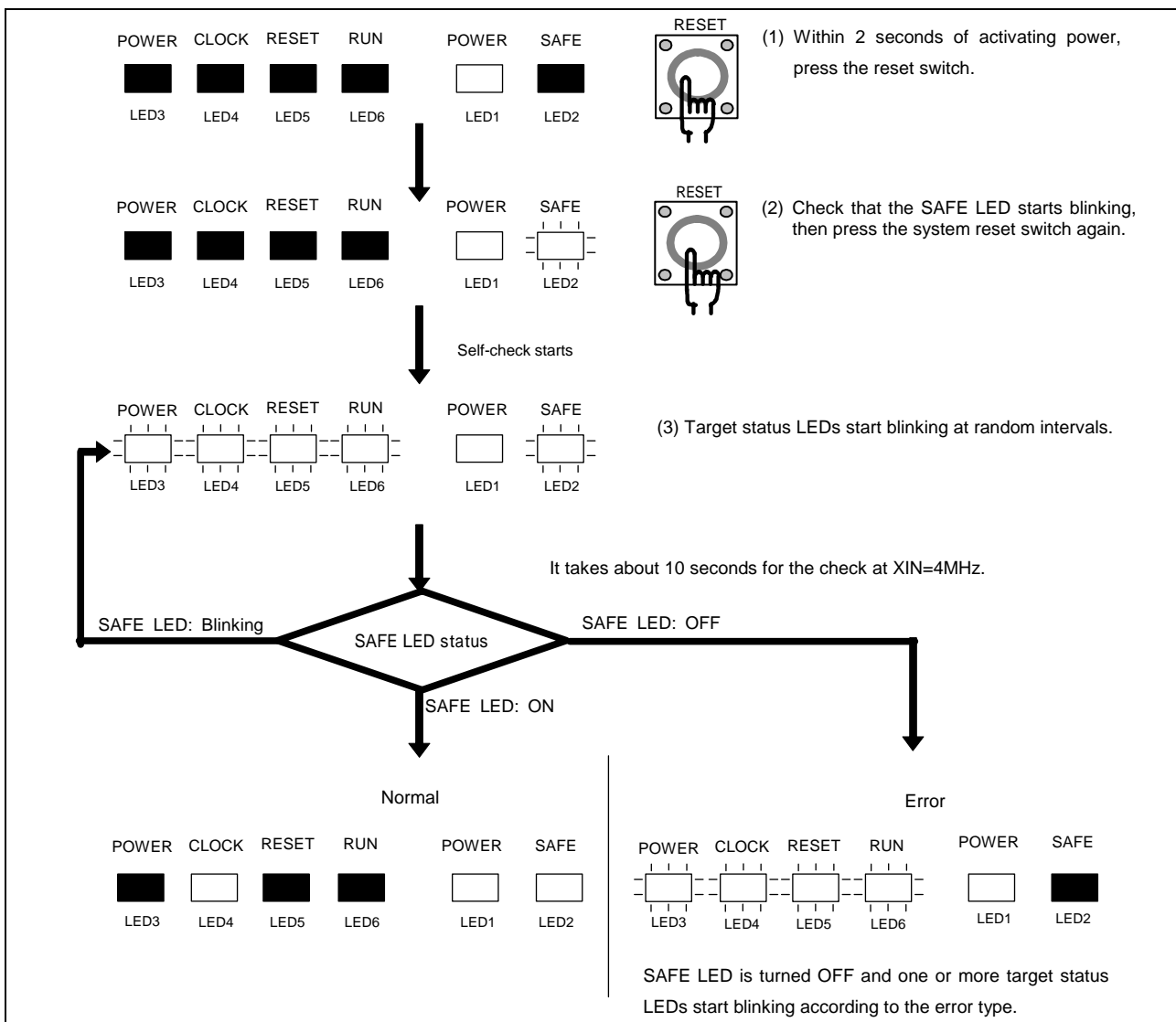


Figure 2.8 LED display while executing the self-check

2.6.2 If an Error is Detected in the Self-check

Table 2.3 lists how to remedy the troubles if the target status LED display is abnormal in the self-check. When an error is detected, shut off the emulator and the user system and follow the steps in the Table 2.3. Then, reactivate the power of the emulator and the user system.

Table 2.3 Error display in the self-check and how to remedy it

| LED display | | | | Problem & Remedy |
|-------------|----------|-------|-----|--|
| POWER | CLOCK | RESET | RUN | |
| OFF | Blinking | | | |
| ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | The emulator system does not work properly. - Check that power is supplied to the emulator. |
| ■ | ■ | ■ | □ | - The emulator may be damaged. Contact your local distributor. |
| ■ | ■ | □ | ■ | |
| ■ | □ | ■ | ■ | A clock is not supplied to the emulator. - Check that the oscillator circuit board (OSC-2) is attached. - Check that the oscillator on the oscillator circuit board (OSC-2) or the oscillation module is oscillating properly. |
| ■ | □ | □ | □ | The MCU cannot be controlled. - Check that the MCU is properly attached. - Check that the oscillation frequency of the oscillator circuit board is within the specified range. |
| Others | | | | The emulator system is not working properly. - The emulator may be damaged. Contact your local distributor. |

IMPORTANT

Notes on the Self-check:

- **Be sure to disconnect the user system** before executing the self-check.
- Use the preinstalled oscillator circuit board (OSC-2, 4 MHz) to execute the self-check.
- If the self-check does not result normally (excluding target status errors), the emulator may be damaged. Then, contact your local distributor.

2.7 Connecting the User System

Figure 2.9 shows the connection of the M34282T2-CPE and the user system.

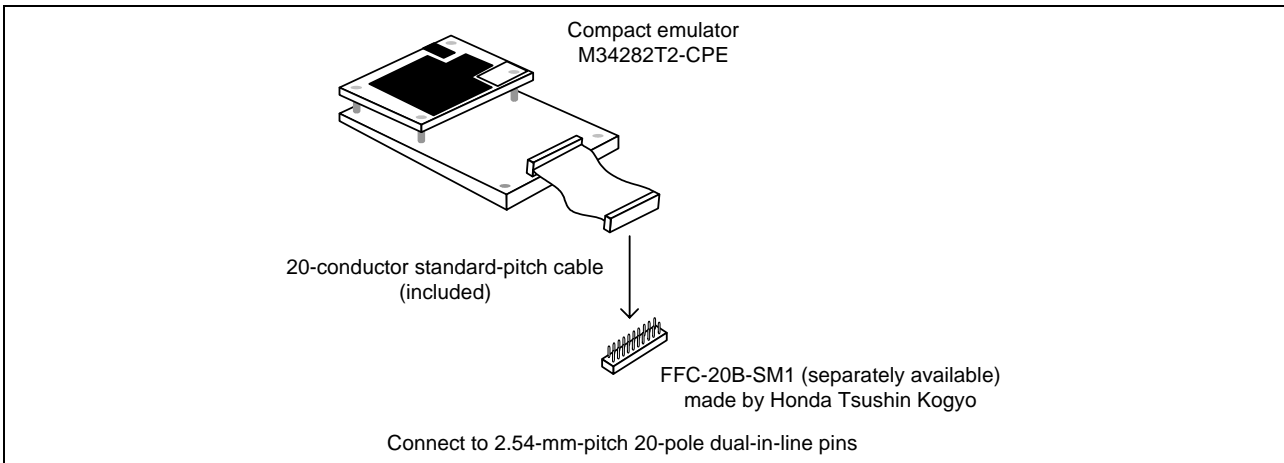


Figure 2.9 Connection of M34282T2-CPE and user system

CAUTION

Note on Connecting the User System:



- Take care not to attach the converter board in a wrong direction. It may cause a fatal damage to the emulator.

2.7.1 Connecting to 2.54-mm-pitch 20-pole Dual-in-line Pins

Connect this product to 20-pole dual-in-line pins using the included 20-conductor standard-pitch cable.

Table 2.4 lists the connector assignments of the 20-conductor standard-pitch cable, and Figure 2.10 shows the pin layout of the 20-conductor standard-pitch cable. Be careful not to connect the cable in a wrong direction, because it may cause a fatal damage to the emulator and user system.

Table 2.4 Connector assignments of the 20-conductor standard-pitch cable

| Connector pin No. | MCU pin No. | Signal | Connector pin No. | MCU pin No. | Signal |
|-------------------|-------------|--------|-------------------|-------------|--------|
| 1 | 1 | VSS | 20 | 20 | VDD |
| 2 | 2 | E2 | 19 | 19 | CARR |
| 3 | 3 | E1 | 18 | 18 | D0 |
| 4 | 4 | XIN | 17 | 17 | D1 |
| 5 | 5 | XOUT | 16 | 16 | D2 |
| 6 | 6 | E0 | 15 | 15 | D3 |
| 7 | 7 | G0 | 14 | 14 | D4 |
| 8 | 8 | G1 | 13 | 13 | D5 |
| 9 | 9 | G2 | 12 | 12 | D6 |
| 10 | 10 | G3 | 11 | 11 | D7 |

* VDD is connected for the emulator system to monitor power supply of the user system, and the emulator system does not supply power to the user system.

* Pins XIN and XOUT are not connected. XIN is input from the oscillator board OSC-2 on the emulator, and it is not input from an oscillator circuit on the user system. To change a system clock frequency, change the frequency of the oscillator board OSC-2.

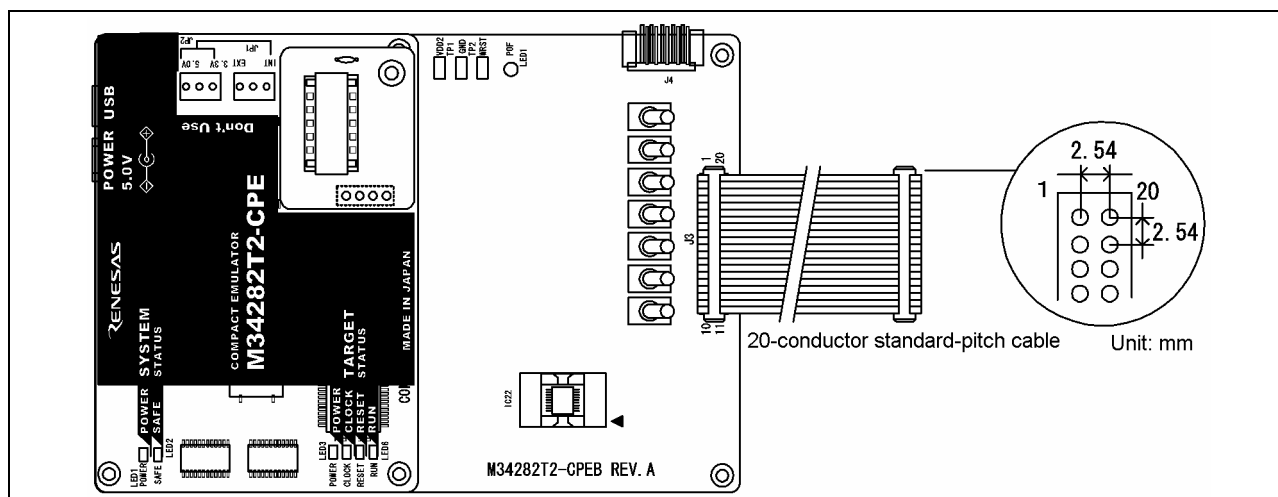


Figure 2.10 Pin arrangement of the 20-conductor standard-pitch cable

⚠ CAUTION

Note on Connecting the User System:



- Take care not to attach the converter board in a wrong direction. It may cause a fatal damage to the emulator.

2.8 Changing Settings

2.8.1 Pull-down Control Switches

With this product, pull-down control of G0-G3, D4-D7 and E0 by the pull-down control resistors (PU0 and PU1) is not available. Use the pull-down control switches SW1-SW7 to select the function (pull-down control or not).

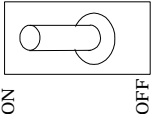
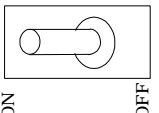
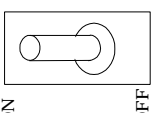
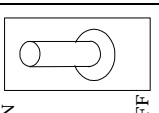
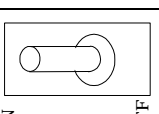
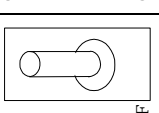
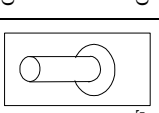
| Switch | | Description | |
|--------|---|---|--|
| Name | Factory-setting | | |
| SW1 |  | ON side: Pulls down the G0/G1 port with a resistance of 150 kΩ. | OFF side: Does not pull down the G0/G1 port. |
| SW2 |  | ON side: Pulls down the G2/G3 port with a resistance of 150 kΩ. | OFF side: Does not pull down the G2/G3 port. |
| SW3 |  | ON side: Pulls down the D4 port with a resistance of 150 kΩ. | OFF side: Does not pull down the D4 port. |
| SW4 |  | ON side: Pulls down the D5 port with a resistance of 150 kΩ. | OFF side: Does not pull down the D5 port. |
| SW5 |  | ON side: Pulls down the D6 port with a resistance of 150 kΩ. | OFF side: Does not pull down the D6 port. |
| SW6 |  | ON side: Pulls down the D7 port with a resistance of 150 kΩ. | OFF side: Does not pull down the D7 port. |
| SW7 |  | ON side: Pulls down the E0 port with a resistance of 150 kΩ. | OFF side: Does not pull down the E0 port. |

Table 2.5 Pull-down control switch settings

CAUTION

Note on Switch Settings:



- Always shut OFF the emulator before changing switch settings and connecting the cable, etc. Otherwise the internal circuit may cause a break.

2.8.2 Selecting a Clock Supplied to the MCU

This product uses the internal oscillator circuit as a clock supply to the MCU. How to change the oscillator circuit in the emulator is described below.

(1) Types of Oscillator Circuit Boards

To use this product at a frequency of your setting, build the desired oscillator circuit on the included OSC-2 oscillator circuit board (bare board) and replace the board installed in this product when shipped from the factory. Figure 2.11 shows an external view of the OSC-2 oscillator circuit board (bare board) and where connector pins are located. Figure 2.12 shows the circuitry of the OSC-2 oscillator circuit board (bare board). Use the number of oscillator circuits recommended by the oscillator manufacturer.

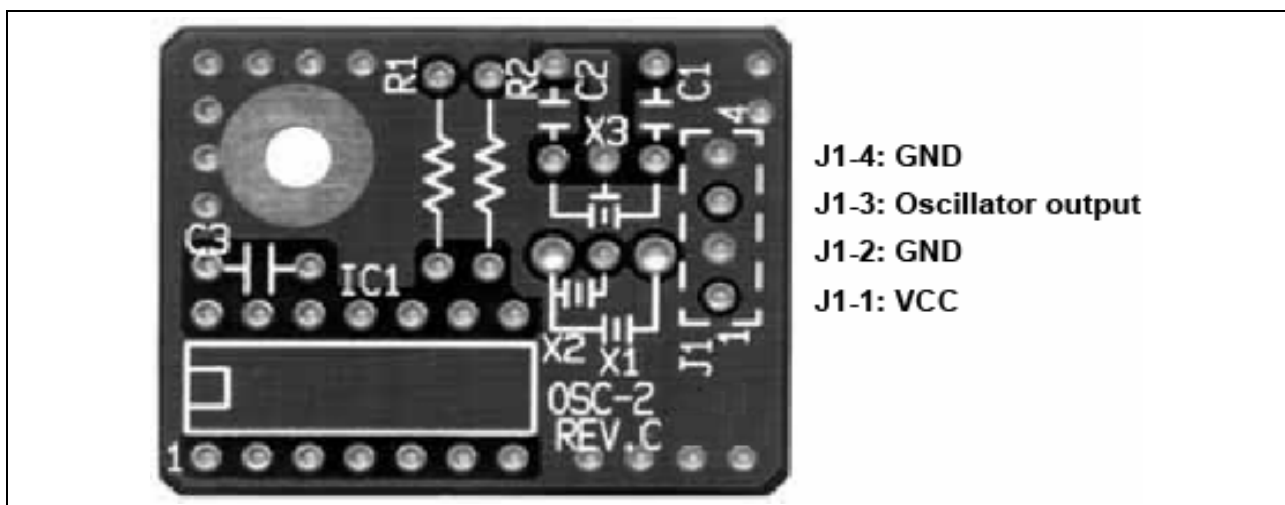


Figure 2.11 External view of the oscillator board (OSC-2) and connector pin assignment

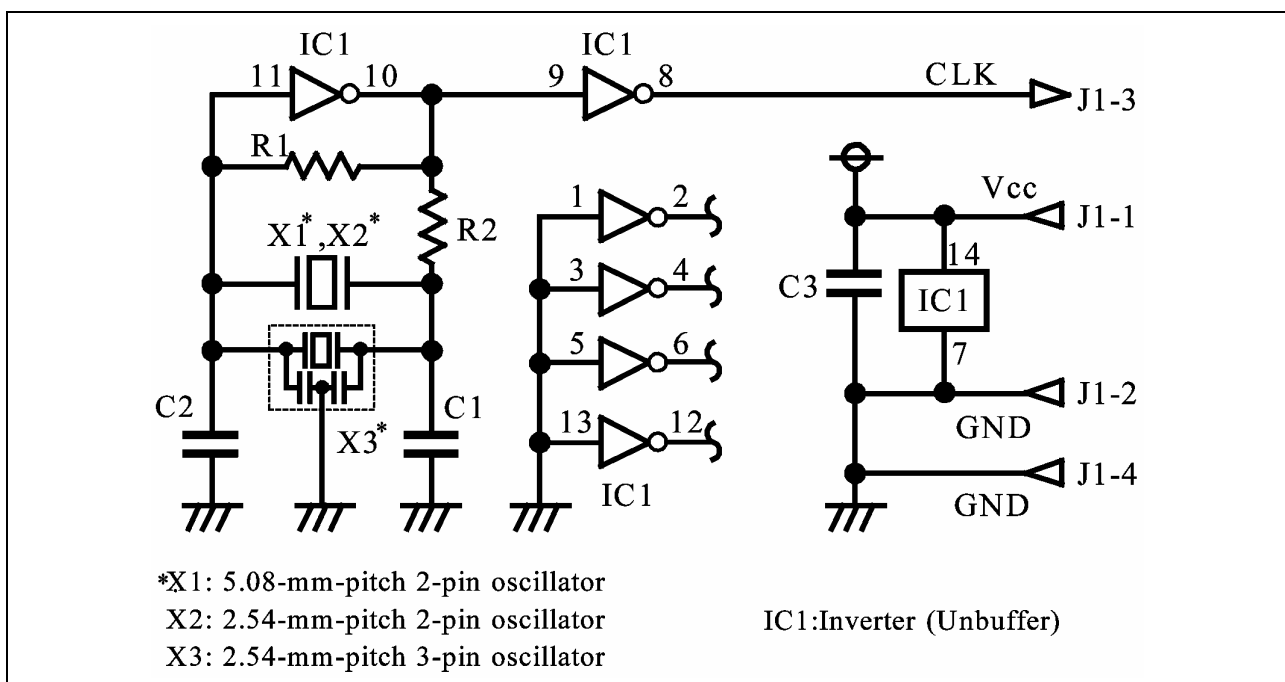


Figure 2.12 Circuit of the oscillator circuit board (OSC-2)

(2) Replacing Oscillator Circuit Boards

Figure 2.13 shows how to replace oscillator circuit boards.

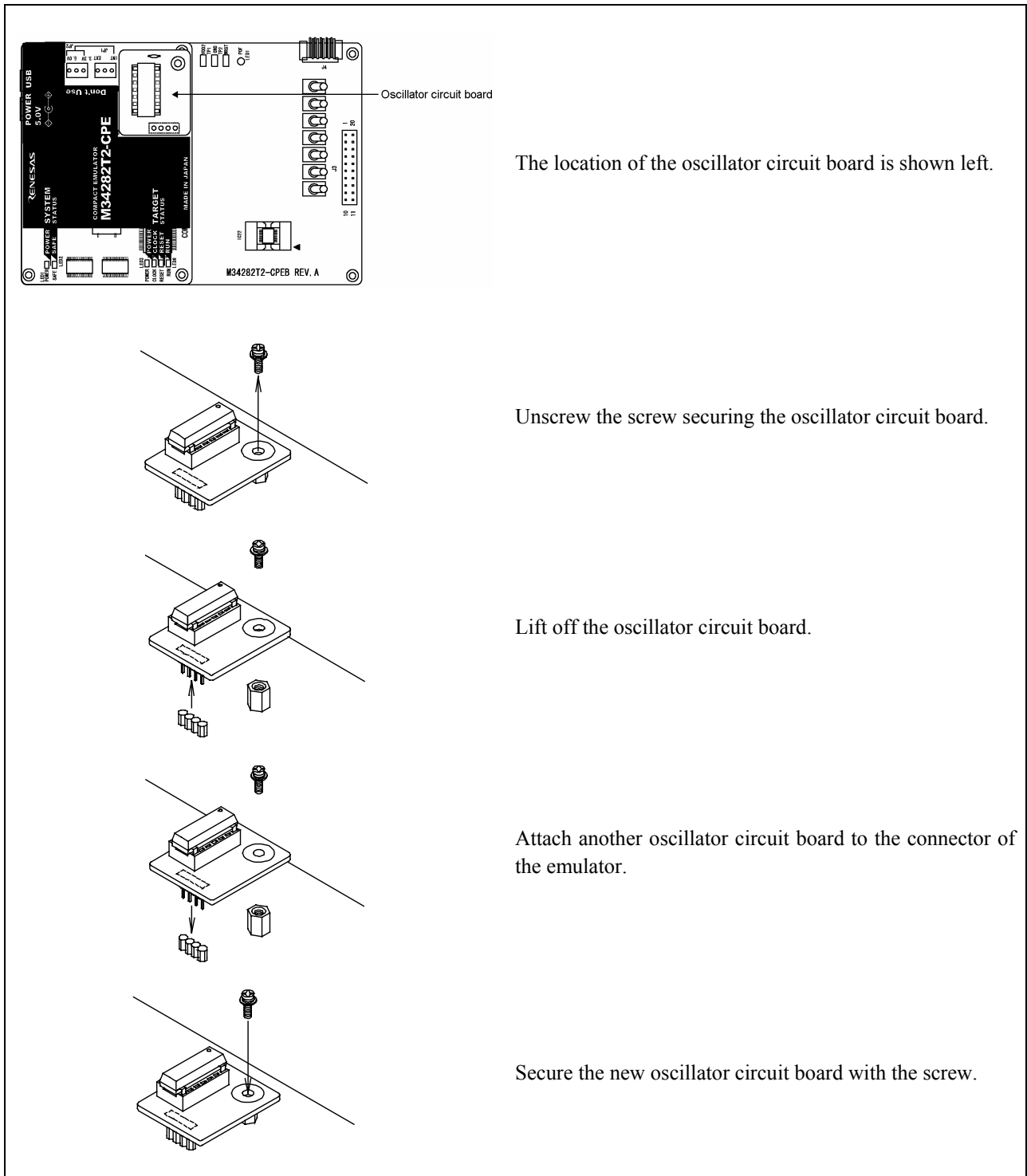


Figure 2.13 Replacing oscillator circuit boards

CAUTION

Note on Replacing the Oscillator Circuit Board:



- When removing the upper cover or replacing the oscillator circuit boards, be sure to shut OFF the power supply. Otherwise the internal circuit may cause a break.

2.9 Connecting the External Trace/Trigger Cable

This cable allows you to record or inspect the changes of external signal levels by means of externally triggered hardware breaks or in the trace window.

2.9.1 Connecting the External Trace/Trigger Cable to the Emulator System

Connect the external trace/trigger cable to the J4 connector of the emulator.

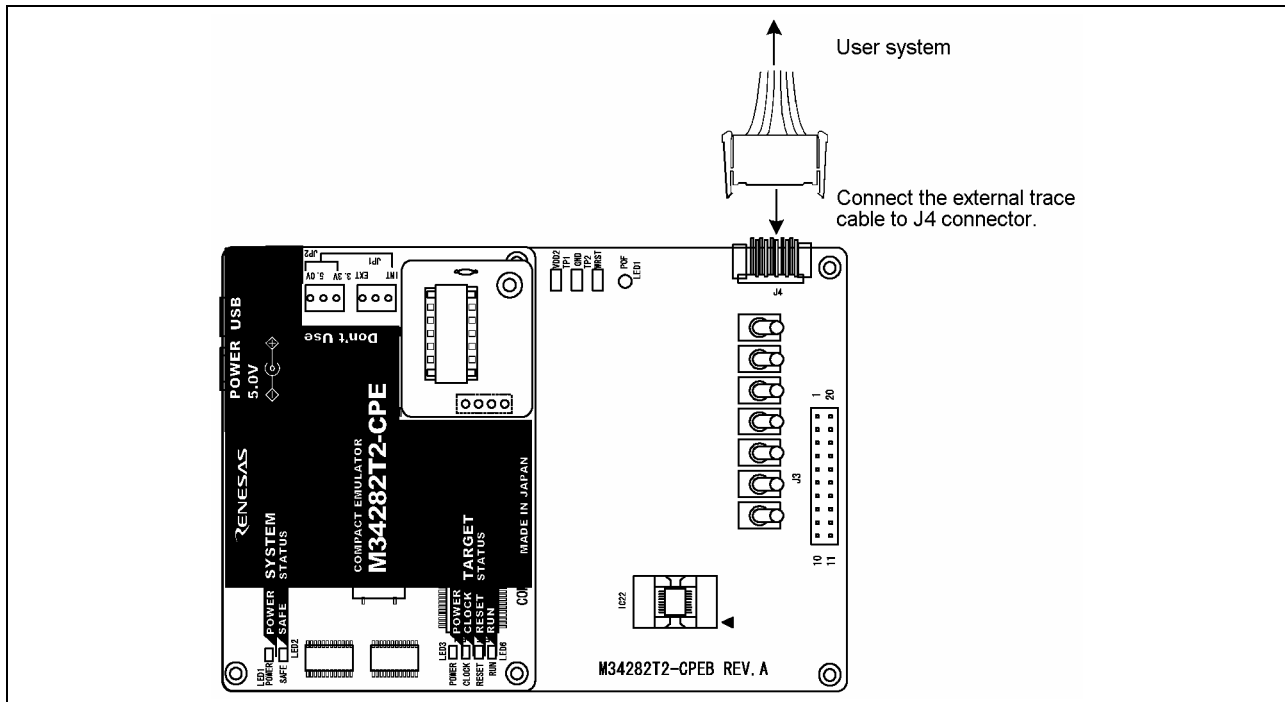


Figure 2.14 Connecting the external trace/trigger cable

2.9.2 Connecting the External Trace/Trigger Cable to the User System

Connect the GND and EXT0-EXT3 of the external trace cable to the user system.

The pin assignments of the external trace cable are shown in Figure 2.15.

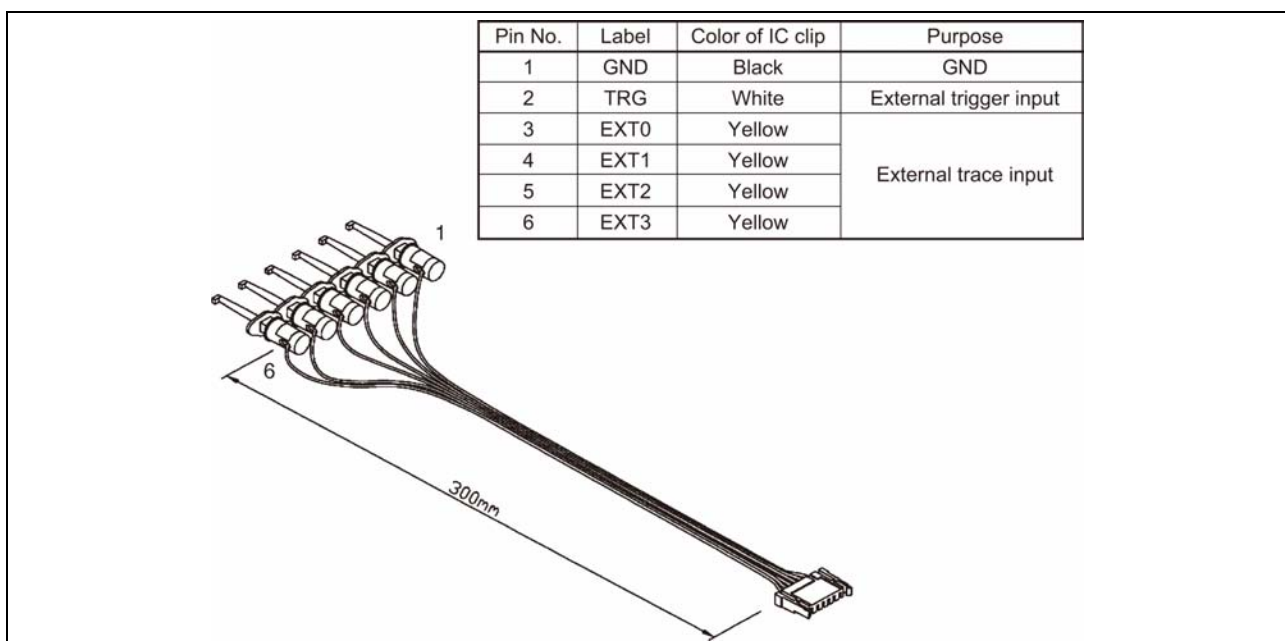


Figure 2.15 Specifications of the external trace cable

2.9.3 Specifications of the External Trace/Trigger Cable

Voltage input characteristics of external trace input and external trigger input are as follows.

Table 2.6 Voltage input characteristics of external trace input and external trigger input

| Item | Symbol | Minimum | Maximum |
|-------------------------|----------|---------|---------|
| Input voltage | V_{IN} | 0 V | 5.5 V |
| “H” level input voltage | V_{IH} | 2.0 V | - |
| “L” level input voltage | V_{IL} | - | 0.8 V |

The external trace input is latched in the timing shown in Figure 2.16 and the external trigger input is latched in the timing shown in Figure 2.17.

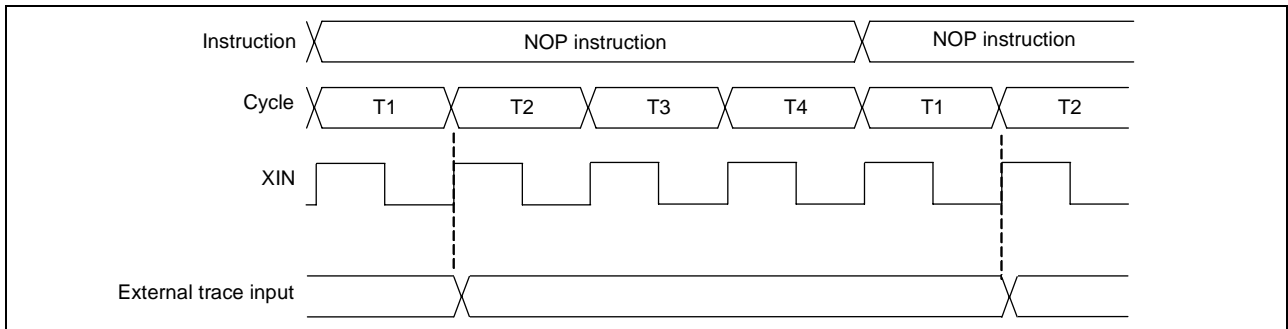


Figure 2.16 External trace input timing

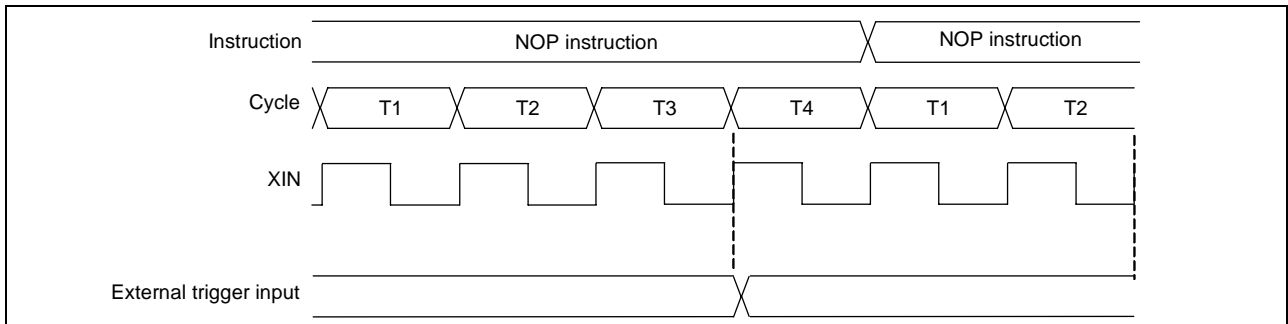


Figure 2.17 External trigger input timing

2.10 Watchdog Timer Initialization Cycle Check Pin

With this product, the watchdog function cannot be used.

However, the watchdog timer initialization cycle can be verified by observing the waveform at the check pin (WRST) of the emulator.

2.10.1 Check Pin WRST (TP3) on the Emulator

Figure 2.18 shows the location of the WRST (TP3) and GND (TP2).

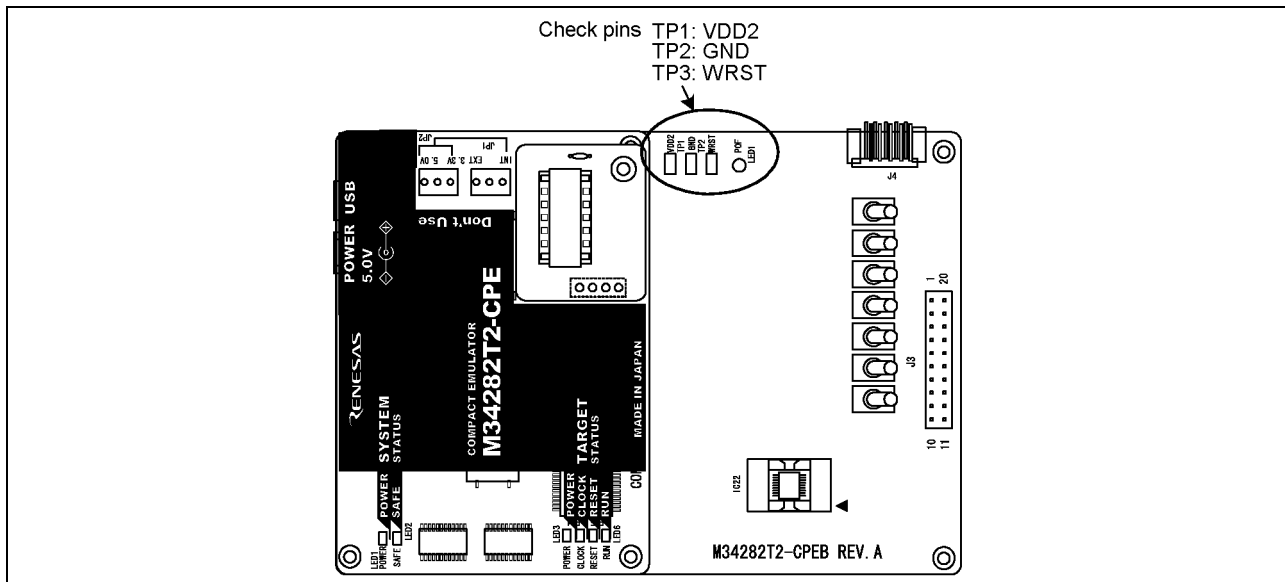


Figure 2.18 Location of the check pin

2.10.2 Output Waveform of Check Pin WRST

A waveform similar to the one shown in Figure 2.19 is output when executing the WRST instruction that initializes the watchdog timer. By observing a period in which the check pin (WRST) goes high, you can know when the watchdog timer is initialized.

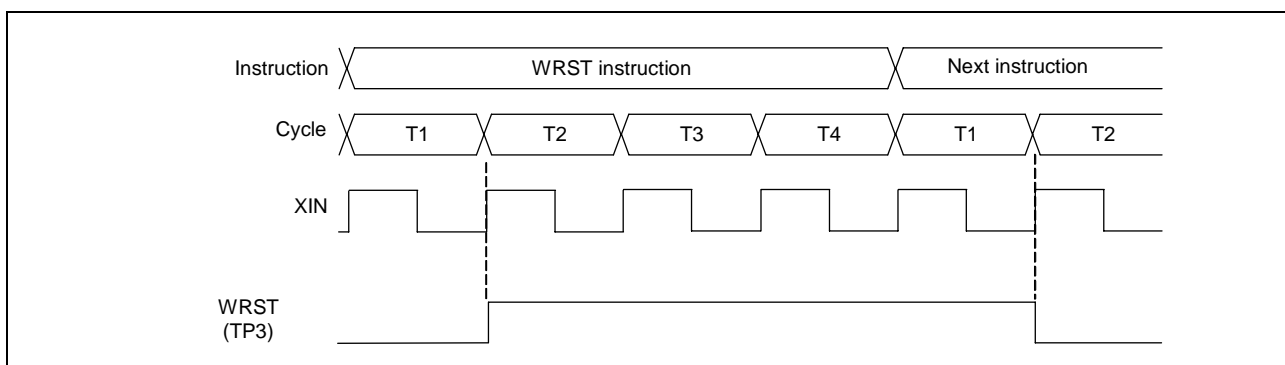


Figure 2.19 Output waveform of check pin WRST

MEMO

Chapter 3. Usage (How to Use the Emulator Debugger)

This chapter describes how to start up the emulator debugger and how to use the main windows.

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| 3.1 Launching the Emulator Debugger (Init Dialog) | 40 |
| 3.2 Program Window | 42 |
| 3.3 Hardware Breakpoints | 46 |
| 3.4 Trace Window..... | 48 |
| 3.5 Time Measurement..... | 52 |

3.1 Launching the Emulator Debugger (Init Dialog)

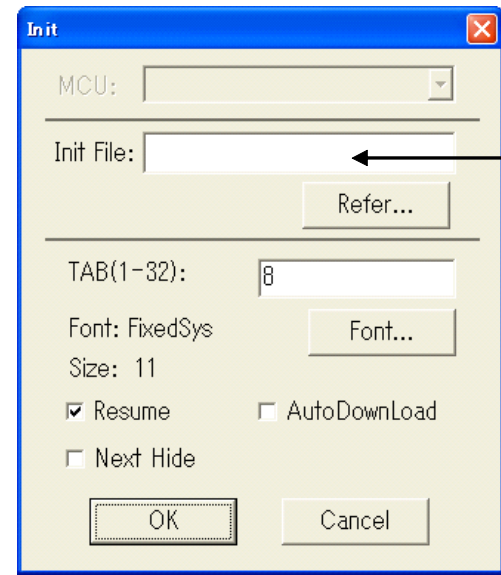
To launch the emulator debugger, click the Start menu of Windows and then select Programs >> RENESAS-TOOLS >> PD72M V.xx.xx Release x >> PD72M. When the emulator debugger started up, the Init dialog box appears.

After starting up the emulator debugger, the Init dialog box appears.

(1) Filling in the Init dialog box (1)

Make settings described below and then press the OK button.

1) Automatic execution of script commands

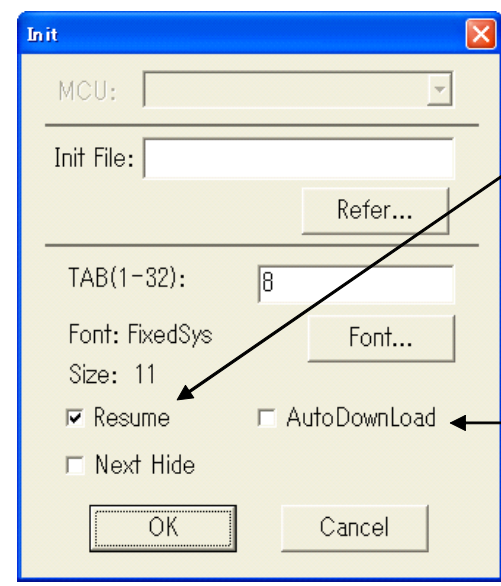


Automatic execution of script commands
 To automatically execute script commands at the debugger startup time, click the Refer button and specify the script file you want to execute.

Clicking the Refer button brings up a dialog box in which you can select a file. The scrip file you specified is displayed in the Init File: text box. If you do not want to automatically execute script commands, delete the string displayed in the Init File: text box.

The contents you've set here are reflected only when the emulator debugger starts up. If you set newly again in the Init dialog box after startup, what you have set will not take effect (unless you restart the emulator debugger).

2) Restoring the last window state



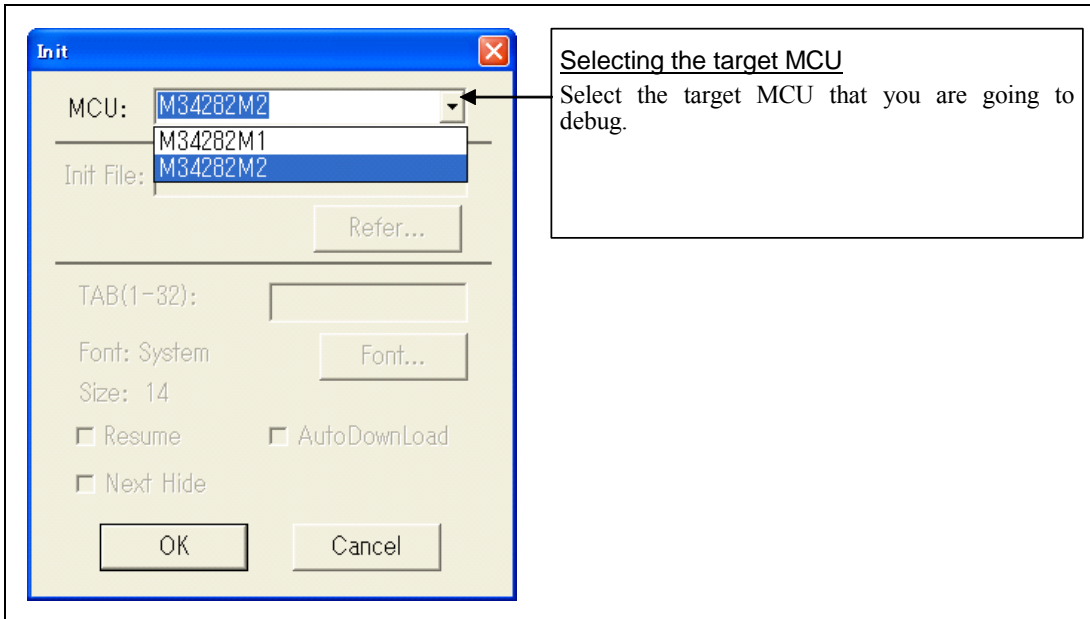
Restoring the last window state
 To restore the state of the window in which it was when it was finished previously (e.g., window position and size), select the "Resume" check box (flagged by a check mark when selected). (By default, it is selected.)

Downloading the load module again
 To download the load module (user program) again, select the "AutoDownLoad" check box. (By default, it is unselected.)

(2) Filling in the Init dialog box (2)

The Init dialog box will be displayed again, so set the target MCU and then press the OK button.

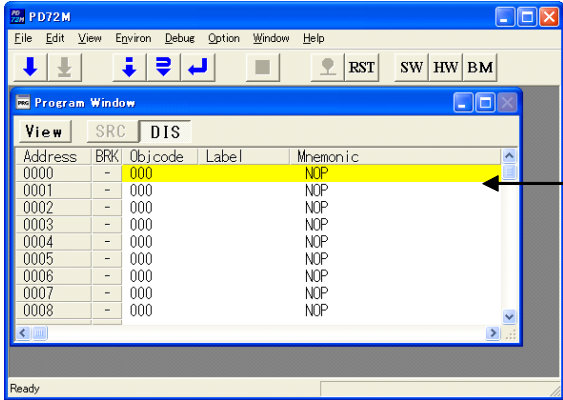
1) Selecting the target MCU



3.2 Program Window

(1) Downloading of the program

1) Initial values of the program window



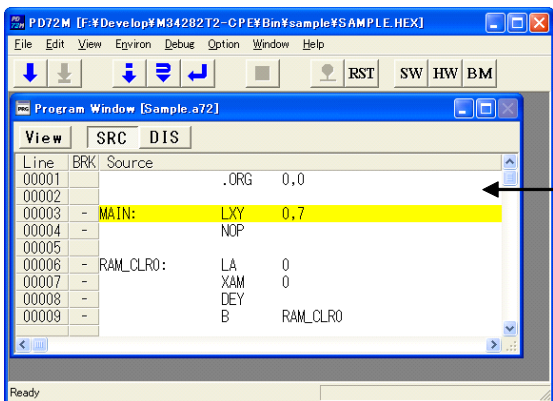
Initial screen of the program window

The program window is a window that always shows the content of the source file corresponding to the current position of the program counter. It automatically opens when the emulator starts up. The program counter position is identified by the yellow background color. Here, you can execute the program up to the cursor position, set or clear software breakpoints, and line-assemble the source file.

The ROM area at the emulator startup time is initialized to '000h' (NOP instruction).

2) Downloading of the program

| Menu | Menu item | Function |
|------|-----------------|--|
| File | Download | Downloads the target program. |
| | Load Module... | Downloads machine language data and debug information. |
| | Memory Image... | Downloads only machine language data. |
| | Symbol... | Downloads only debug information. |
| | Reload... | Reloads the target program. |
| | Upload... | Uploads the target program. |
| | Save Disasm... | Saves the disassembled result. |



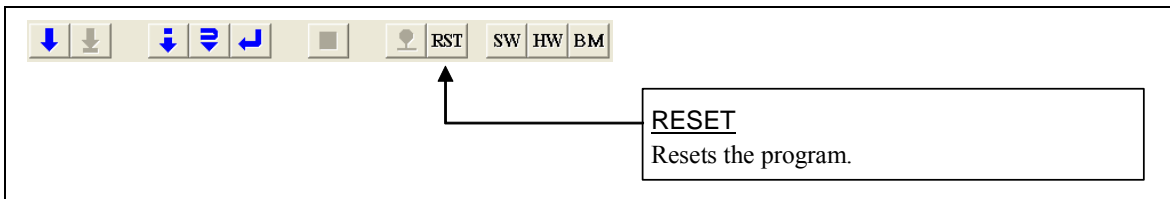
Display after downloading the program

The program window has the following two display modes.

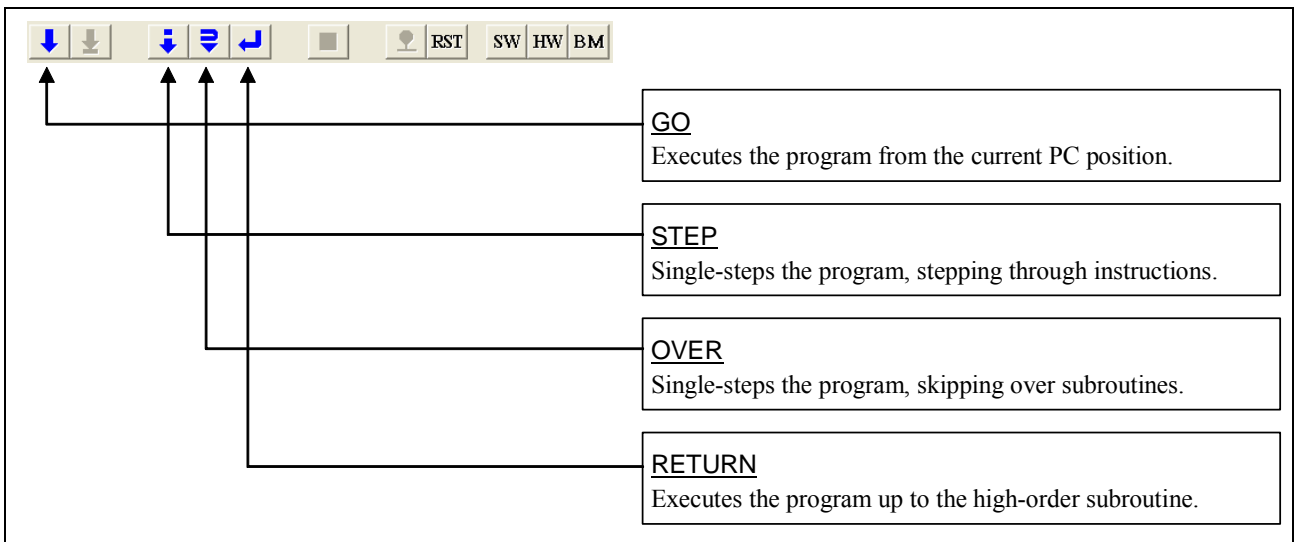
- Source display mode
Shows the source file of the target program.
- Disassemble display mode
Shows the disassembled result of the target program.

(2) Program execution

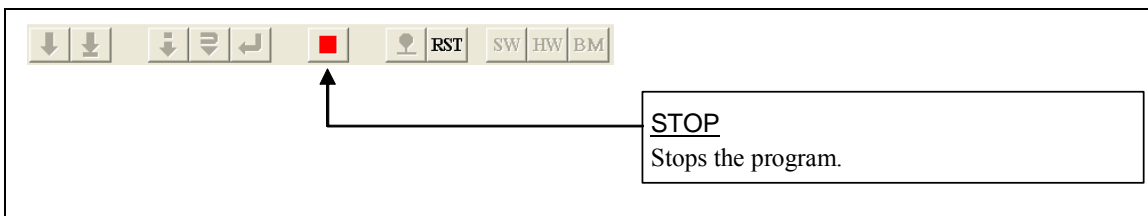
1) Resetting the target program



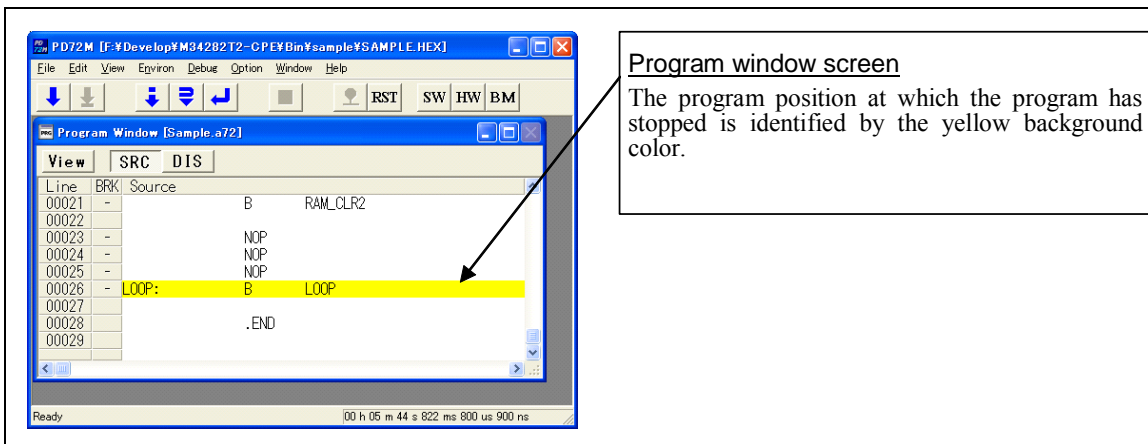
2) Executing the target program



3) Stopping the target program



4) Program window screen after the target program has stopped



(3) Setting breakpoints

1) Screen after breakpoint setup

Breakpoint setup screen

There are two types of breakpoints as described below.

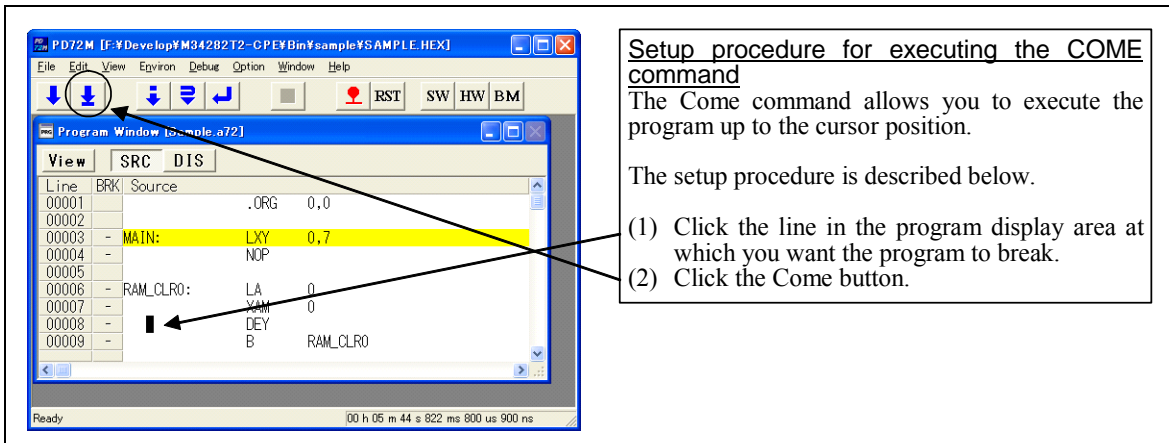
- Software breakpoint
A software breakpoint can be set or cleared by double-clicking the breakpoint display area. If the breakpoint you set is a software breakpoint, the program stops after executing the instruction at the set breakpoint.
Up to eight software breakpoints can be used in a program.
- Hardware breakpoint
For hardware breakpoints, you can select break conditions in the hardware breakpoint setup window.
Up to two hardware breakpoints can be used in a program. The break conditions set can include an address range or an external trigger as the cause of break.

Either type of breakpoint needs to be used depending on break mode.
Break modes are switched over by the break mode select button. The current break mode is shown in the break mode display area.

| | |
|---------|---------------------|
| BM: S/W | Software break mode |
| BM: H/W | Hardware break mode |

(4) Executing up to the cursor position (Come command)

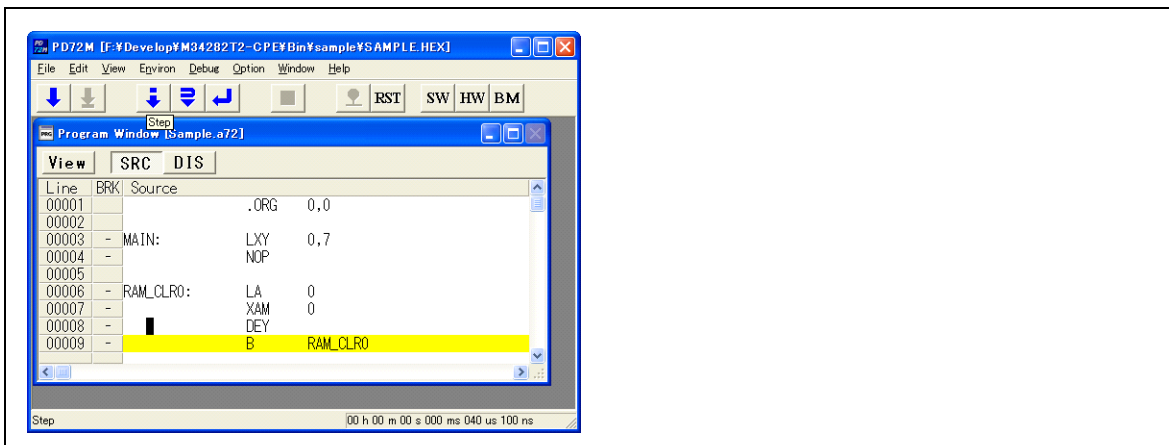
1) Screen after breakpoint setup



Setup procedure for executing the COME command
 The Come command allows you to execute the program up to the cursor position.
 The setup procedure is described below.

- (1) Click the line in the program display area at which you want the program to break.
- (2) Click the Come button.

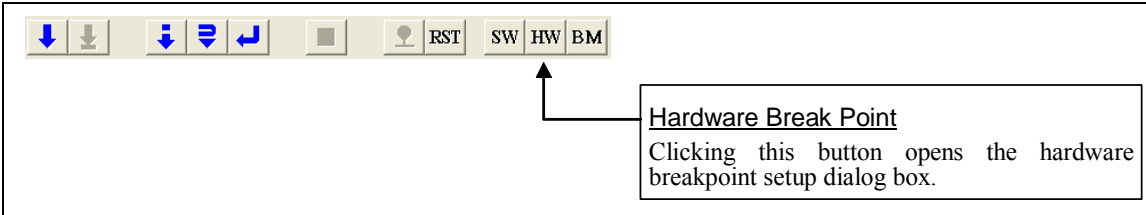
2) After the Come command has finished



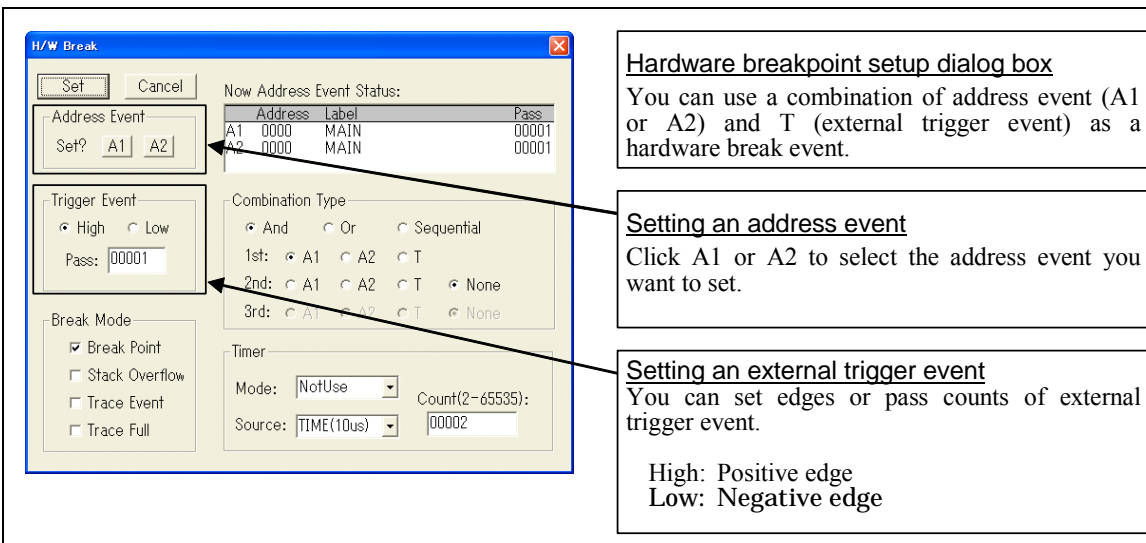
3.3 Hardware Breakpoints

(1) Hardware breakpoint setup dialog box

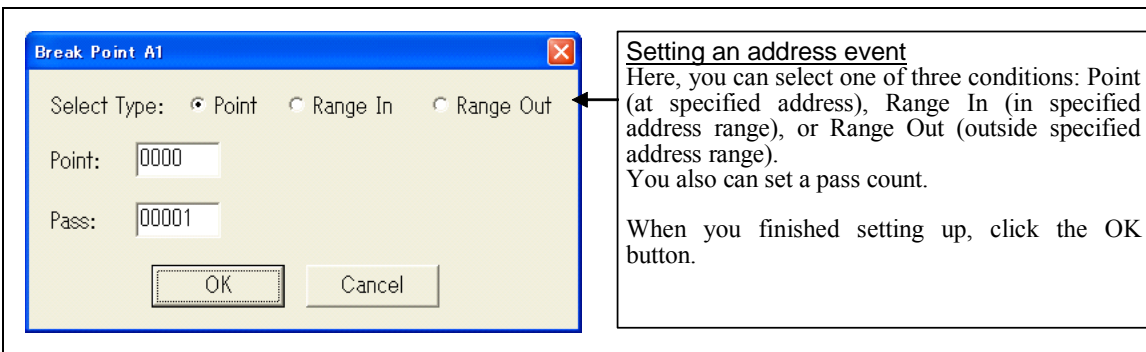
1) Opening the hardware breakpoint setup dialog box



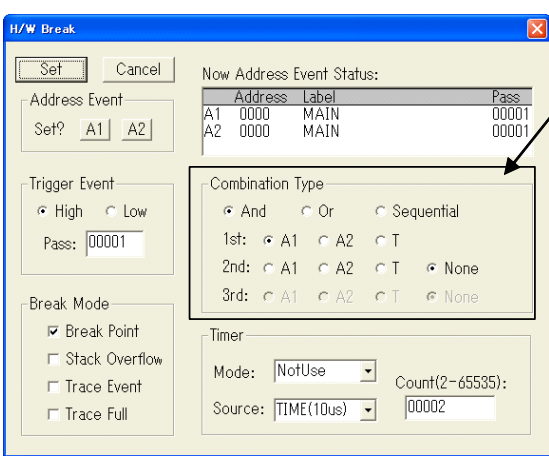
2) Hardware breakpoint setup dialog box



3) Address event setup dialog box



4) Setting combinatorial conditions



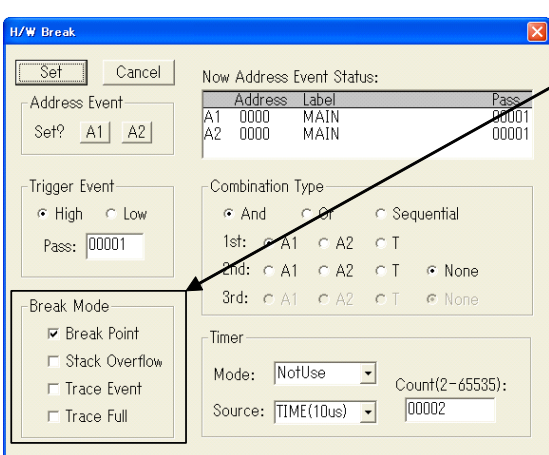
Setting combinatorial conditions
Select a combinatorial condition for A1, A2, and T. One of the following three combinatorial conditions can be selected.

AND: All of the specified conditions are met.

OR: One of the specified conditions is met.

Sequential: The specified conditions are met sequentially in a specified order.

5) Setting break conditions



Break condition setup area
The following four break conditions can be set. You can set two or more break conditions at the same time.

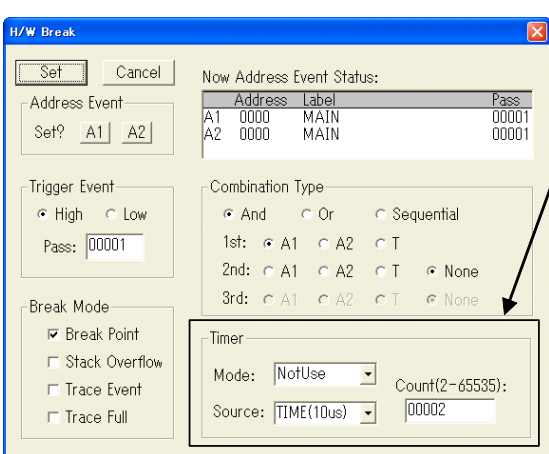
Break Point: The program breaks when a breakpoint is reached.

Stack Overflow: The program breaks when the stack overflows or underflows.

Trace Event: The program breaks when a trace event is met.

Trace Full: The program breaks when it finished writing to the trace memory.

6) Setting up the timer



Timer setup area
The following four operation modes of the timer can be specified.

NotUse: The timer is not used.

TimeOut: The program breaks when a breakpoint is not reached within a specified time.

TimeCount: The program breaks when a specified time has elapsed after it started running.

DelayCount: The program breaks when a specified time has elapsed after a breakpoint is reached.

Furthermore, one of the following two can be specified as the count source for the timer.

TIME (10us): The passage of time is counted using the emulator's timer (10 us fixed).

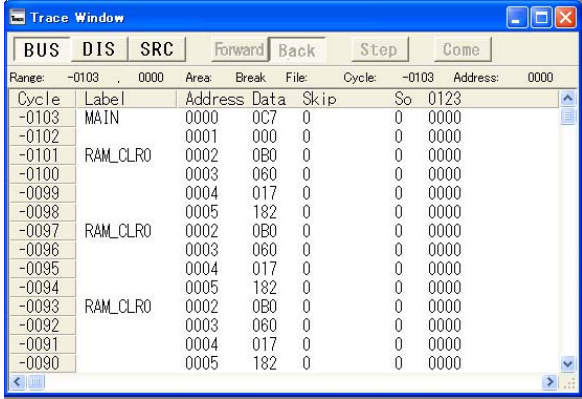
CYCLE MCU: The passage of time is counted using machine cycles.

3.4 Trace Window

(1) Trace window

1) Opening the trace window

| Menu | Menu item | Function |
|--------|--------------|-------------------------|
| Window | Trace Window | Opens the trace window. |



The screenshot shows the 'Trace Window' application. At the top, there are tabs for 'BUS', 'DIS', and 'SRC', with 'BUS' selected. Below the tabs are buttons for 'Forward', 'Back', 'Step', and 'Come'. A status bar at the top of the table shows 'Range: -0103 . 0000 Area: Break File: Cycle: -0103 Address: 0000'. The table itself has columns: Cycle, Label, Address, Data, Skip, and So. The data rows show various cycles and labels like 'MAIN' and 'RAM_CLR0'.

Trace window

The trace window is used to show the results of real-time trace measurements. It has the following three display modes:

- Bus mode (BUS)
Bus information per cycle can be inspected. The contents are displayed in order of execution paths.
- Disassemble mode (DIS)
The execution paths of the executed instructions can be inspected. The contents are displayed in order of execution paths.
- Source mode (SRC)
The execution paths of the source program can be inspected.

These modes can be switched over using the respective toolbar buttons. The trace window shows the measurement result when a real-time trace measurement has finished. The trace window remains blank until the real-time trace measurement in progress finishes.

2) Trace window

Bus display (BUS)

| Cycle | Label | Address | Data | Skip | So |
|-------|----------|---------|------|------|--------|
| -0103 | MAIN | 0000 | 0C7 | 0 | 0 0000 |
| -0102 | | 0001 | 000 | 0 | 0 0000 |
| -0101 | RAM_CLR0 | 0002 | 0B0 | 0 | 0 0000 |
| -0100 | | 0003 | 060 | 0 | 0 0000 |
| -0099 | | 0004 | 017 | 0 | 0 0000 |
| -0098 | | 0005 | 182 | 0 | 0 0000 |
| -0097 | RAM_CLR0 | 0002 | 0B0 | 0 | 0 0000 |
| -0096 | | 0003 | 060 | 0 | 0 0000 |
| -0095 | | 0004 | 017 | 0 | 0 0000 |
| -0094 | | 0005 | 182 | 0 | 0 0000 |
| -0093 | RAM_CLR0 | 0002 | 0B0 | 0 | 0 0000 |
| -0092 | | 0003 | 060 | 0 | 0 0000 |
| -0091 | | 0004 | 017 | 0 | 0 0000 |
| -0090 | | 0005 | 182 | 0 | 0 0000 |

Explanation of the trace window (bus display)

The following explains the displayed contents, from left to right.

- Address
Shows the status of the address bus.
- Data
Shows the status of the data bus.
- Skip
When marked by 1, it means a skipped instruction.
- So
When marked by 1, it means that a stack overflow or underflow has occurred.
- 0123
Shows the signal level of external trace cable.

Disassemble display (DIS)

| Cycle | Address | Obj-code | Label | Mnemonic |
|-------|---------|----------|-----------|-----------------|
| -0103 | 0000 | 0C7 | MAIN: | LXY 07 |
| -0102 | 0001 | 000 | | NOP |
| -0101 | 0002 | 0B0 | RAM_CLR0: | LA 0 MAIN |
| -0100 | 0003 | 060 | | XAM 0 MAIN |
| -0099 | 0004 | 017 | | DEY |
| -0098 | 0005 | 182 | | B 0002(00/02) F |
| -0097 | 0002 | 0B0 | RAM_CLR0: | LA 0 MAIN |
| -0096 | 0003 | 060 | | XAM 0 MAIN |
| -0095 | 0004 | 017 | | DEY |
| -0094 | 0005 | 182 | | B 0002(00/02) F |
| -0093 | 0002 | 0B0 | RAM_CLR0: | LA 0 MAIN |
| -0092 | 0003 | 060 | | XAM 0 MAIN |
| -0091 | 0004 | 017 | | DEY |
| -0090 | 0005 | 182 | | B 0002(00/02) F |

Source display (SRC)

| Line | Now | Source |
|-------|-----|----------------|
| 00001 | | .ORG 0,0 |
| 00002 | | |
| 00003 | >>> | MAIN: LXY 0,7 |
| 00004 | | NOP |
| 00005 | | |
| 00006 | - | RAM_CLR0: LA 0 |
| 00007 | | XAM 0 |
| 00008 | | DEY |
| 00009 | | B RAM_CLR0 |
| 00010 | | |
| 00011 | | LXY 1,7 |
| 00012 | - | RAM_CLR1: LA 0 |
| 00013 | | XAM 0 |
| 00014 | | DEY |

(2) Trace point setup dialog box

1) Opening the trace point setup dialog box

| Menu | Menu item | Function |
|---------------|---------------------|---|
| <u>D</u> ebug | <u>T</u> race Point | Sets up the trace point setup dialog box. |

2) Trace point setup dialog box

The screenshot shows the 'Trace Point' dialog box with several sections:

- Address Event:** A table titled 'Now Address Event Status:' with columns 'Address', 'Label', and 'Pass'. It lists two events: A1 (Address: 0000, Label: MAIN, Pass: 00001) and A2 (Address: 0000, Label: MAIN, Pass: 00001). Below the table are buttons for 'Set?' and 'A1', 'A2'.
- Trigger Event:** Radio buttons for 'High' and 'Low', and a 'Pass:' field with '00001'.
- Combination Type:** Radio buttons for 'And', 'Or', and 'Sequential'. Below are three rows for '1st:', '2nd:', and '3rd:' events, each with radio buttons for 'A1', 'A2', 'T', and 'None'.
- Trace Range:** Radio buttons for 'Before Break', 'Before Trace', 'About Trace', and 'After Trace'.
- Timer:** 'Mode:' dropdown set to 'NotUse', 'Count(2-65535):' field with '00002', and 'Source:' dropdown set to 'TIME(10us)'.

Callouts from the right side of the image point to these sections:

- Trace point setup dialog box:** You can use a combination of address event (A1 or A2) and external trigger event T as a trace event.
- Setting an address event:** Click A1 or A2 to select the address event you want to set.
- Setting an external trigger event:** You can set edges or pass counts of external trigger event.
High: Positive edge
Low: Negative edge

3) Address event setup dialog box

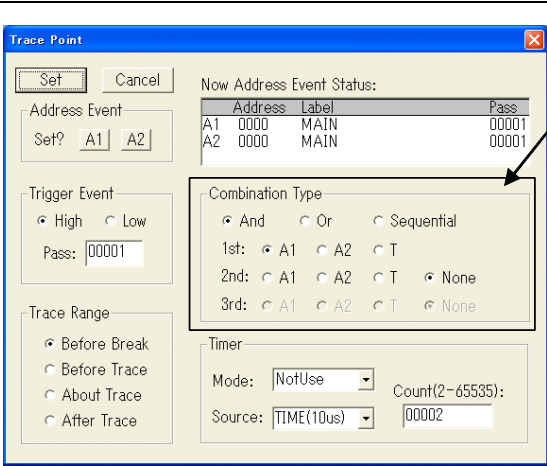
The screenshot shows the 'Trace Point A1' dialog box with the following options:

- Select Type:** Radio buttons for 'Point', 'Range In', and 'Range Out'.
- Point:** Text field with '0000'.
- Pass:** Text field with '00001'.
- Buttons:** 'OK' and 'Cancel'.

A callout from the right side of the image points to the 'Select Type' section:

Setting an address event: Here, you can select one of three conditions: Point (at specified address), Range In (in specified address range), or Range Out (outside specified address range). You also can set a pass count. When you finished setting up, click the OK button.

4) Setting combinatorial conditions



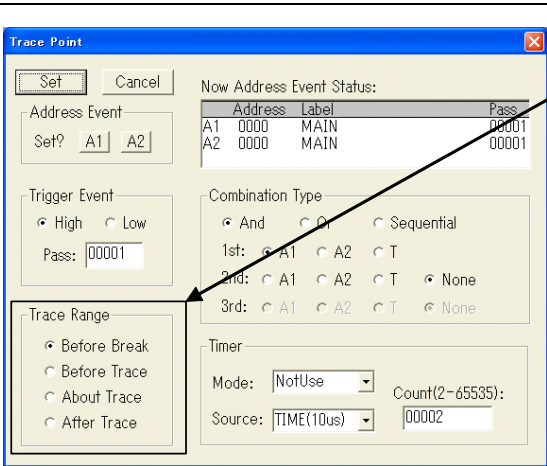
Setting combinatorial conditions
Select a combinatorial condition for A1, A2, and T. One of the following three combinatorial conditions can be selected.

AND: All of the specified conditions are met.

OR: One of the specified conditions is met.

Sequential: The specified conditions are met sequentially in a specified order.

5) Specifying a trace range



Specifying a trace range
You can specify a trace range for the trace event. Two or more choices can be set at the same time.

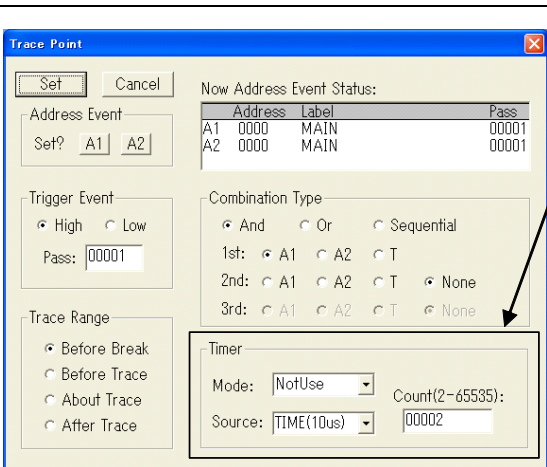
Before Break: 32K cycles of instruction execution before the target program stopped is recorded.

Before Trace: 32K cycles of instruction execution before a trace point condition was met is recorded.

About Trace: 32K cycles of instruction execution before and after a trace point condition was met is recorded.

After Trace: 32K cycles of instruction execution after a trace point condition was met is recorded.

6) Setting up the timer



Timer setup area
The following four operation modes of the timer can be specified.

NotUse: The timer is not used.

TimeOut: Recording of the trace finishes when a trace point is not reached within a specified time.

TimeCount: Recording of the trace finishes when a specified time has elapsed after the program started running.

DelayCount: Recording of the trace finishes when a specified time has elapsed after a trace point is reached.

Furthermore, one of the following two can be specified as the count source for the timer.

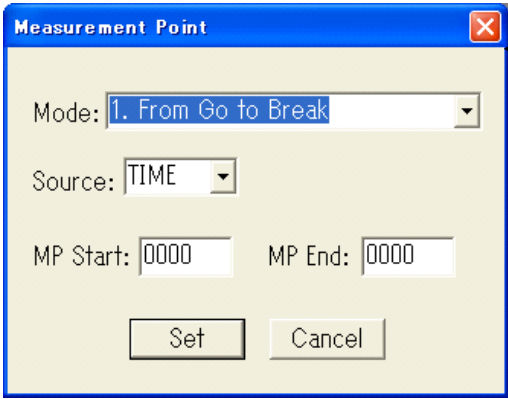
TIME(10us): The passage of time is counted using the emulator's timer (10 us fixed).

CYCLE MCU: The passage of time is counted using machine cycles.

3.5 Time Measurement

(1) Setting time measurement points

| Menu | Menu item | Function |
|-------|-------------------|--|
| Debug | Measurement Point | Sets the time measurement point setup dialog box |



Setting time measurement points
 A time measurement range can be specified by selecting one of the following eight time intervals:

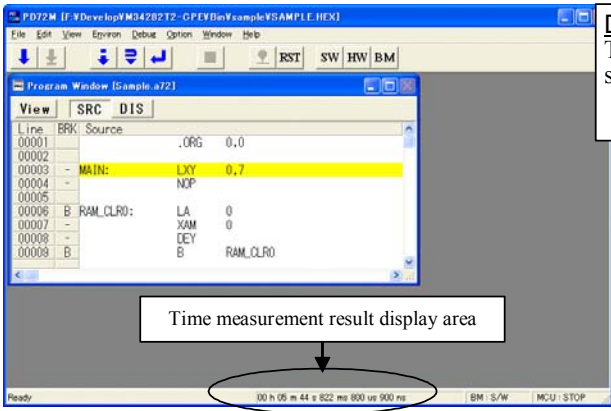
1. From Go to Break
From when the program starts running to when it stops.
2. From Go to MP End
From when the program starts running to when the end of measurement point passed.
3. From Go to Trace Event
From when the program starts running to when a trace event is met.
4. From Trace Event to MP End
From when a trace event is met to when the measurement end point passed.
5. From Trace Event to Break
From when a trace event is met to when execution of the program finished.
6. From MP Start to MP End
From when the measurement start point passed to when the measurement end point passed.
7. From MP Start to Trace Event
From when the measurement start point passed to when a trace event is met.
8. From MP Start to Break
From when the measurement start point passed to when execution of the program finished.

Furthermore, one of the following two can be specified as the count source for the timer.

TIME(100ns): The passage of time is counted using the emulator's timer (100 ns fixed).

CYCLE MCU: The passage of time is counted using machine cycles.

(2) Inspecting the time measurement result



Display of the time measurement result
 The time measurement result is displayed in the status bar at the bottom of the window.

Chapter 4. Hardware Specifications

This chapter describes specifications of this product.

| | |
|--|----|
| 4.1 Target MCU Specifications..... | 54 |
| 4.2 Differences between the Actual MCU and Emulator..... | 55 |
| 4.3 Connection Diagram..... | 57 |
| 4.4 External Dimensions..... | 59 |
| 4.4.1 External Dimensions of the Compact Emulator..... | 59 |
| 4.5 Notes on Using This Product..... | 60 |

4.1 Target MCU Specifications

Table 4.1 lists the specifications of target MCUs which can be debugged with this product.

Table 4.1 Specifications of target MCUs for M34282T2-CPE

| Functions | Specifications | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--|--|-----------------|---|
| Applicable MCU | 720 Series 4282 and 4283 Groups | | | |
| Evaluation MCU | M34282E2GP | | | |
| Power supply voltage of user system | 3.0 V \pm 10% Supplied from emulator only; cannot be supplied from a user system. | | | |
| Max. operating frequency | 3.0 V | STCK=f(XIN)/8 | 4.0 MHz | |
| | | STCK=f(XIN) | 500 kHz | |
| Clock supply | Main clock (X _{IN}) | Clock mounted on emulator (4 MHz: preinstalled, replaceable) | | |
| Port emulation | Pin | Output type | Direction | Device |
| | D0-D3 | P-channel open drain * The pull-down function of G0-G3, E0, D4-D7 is featured by the external switches. | Output | Output: TD62787 (P-ch) Input: 74LCX541 |
| | D4-D7 | | I/O | |
| | G0-G3 | | | I/O |
| | E0 | | | |
| | E1 | - | Input | Output: 74HC4066 |
| | E2 | - | Input | Output: 74HC4066 |
| CARR | CMOS | Output | Output: 74VHC08 | |
| Connection to a user system | Connected by 2.54-mm-pitch 20-pin flat cable | | | |

4.2 Differences between the Actual MCU and Emulator

Differences between the actual MCU and emulator are shown below. When debugging the MCU using this product, be careful about the following precautions.

IMPORTANT

Note on Differences between the Actual MCU and Emulator:

- Operations of the emulator differs from those of actual MCUs as listed below.

(1) Power-on reset

You can reset this emulator system by the reset command of the emulator debugger PD72M, however, this emulator system cannot emulate operation at a power-on reset. Therefore, check the operation at a power-on reset using an actual MCU.

(2) Data values of ROM area at power-on

With the emulator system, the ROM area at power-on is initialized to 000h (NOP instruction).

(3) Electrical characteristics

As the following pins are connected via emulation circuits, the electrical characteristics are different from those of actual MCUs.

- D0-D3
- D4-D7
- G0-G3
- E0-E2
- CARR

(4) Internal pull-down transistor control

Because an emulation circuit exists among ports D4 to D7, G0 to G3 and E0, this emulator system cannot control pull-down transistors by the control register of an MCU. To use the internal pull-down transistor, set SW1 to SW7 to the "ON" side. By the settings, each port is pulled down with a 150 kΩ pull-down resistor.

(5) Low-power detection circuit

Because the operating voltage of this product is fixed to 3 V, it cannot evaluate any system using a low-power detection circuit.

(6) Watchdog timer

With this product, the watchdog function cannot be used. However, the watchdog timer initialization cycle can be verified by observing the waveform at the check pin (WRST) of the emulator. For details, refer to "2.10 Watchdog Timer Initialization Cycle Check Pin" (page 37).

As a pitch converter board and other devices are used between the evaluation MCU and the user system, some characteristics are slightly different from those of the actual MCU. Therefore, be sure to evaluate your system with an evaluation MCU. Before starting mask production, evaluate your system and make final confirmation with a CS (Commercial Sample) version MCU.

IMPORTANT

Notes on Port I/O Timings:

- Port input timings

Port input timings are the same as with the actual MCUs.

- Port I/O timings

Port I/O timings are different from those of the actual MCUs for the following ports that are configured with port emulation circuits:

- D0-D7
- E0
- G0-G3

With the actual MCUs, changes occur at the beginning of the T4 state of an output instruction. With this product, changes occur at the beginning of the T2 state of the next output instruction. Figure 4.1 shows the port I/O timing for this product.

The output timings of ports E1, E2 and CARR are the same as with the actual MCUs.

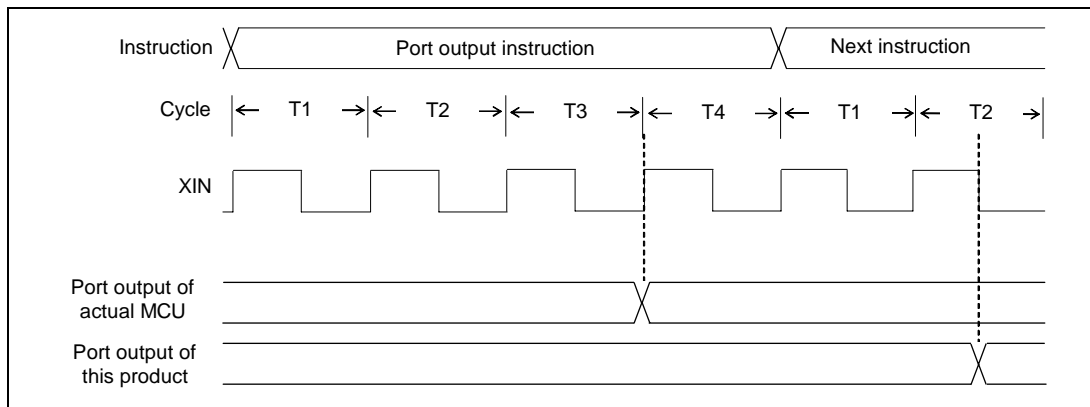


Figure 4.1 Port I/O timings

Note on Port Electrical Characteristics:

- Because the following ports are configured with port emulation circuits, electrical characteristics differ from those of the actual MCU.

- D0-D7
- E0-E2
- G0-G3
- CARR

For more details, refer to “4.3 Connection Diagram” (page 57).

Note on Final Evaluation:

- Be sure to evaluate your system with an evaluation MCU. Before starting mask production, evaluate your system and make final confirmation with a CS (Commercial Sample) version MCU.

4.3 Connection Diagram

Figure 4.2 shows a part of the connection diagram of the M34282T2-CPE. This connection diagram mainly shows the interface section. The circuits not connected to the user system such as the emulator's control system are omitted. The signals not shown in Figure 4.2 connect the evaluation MCU and the user system directly. Tables 4.2 to 4.5 show IC electric characteristics of this product for reference purposes.

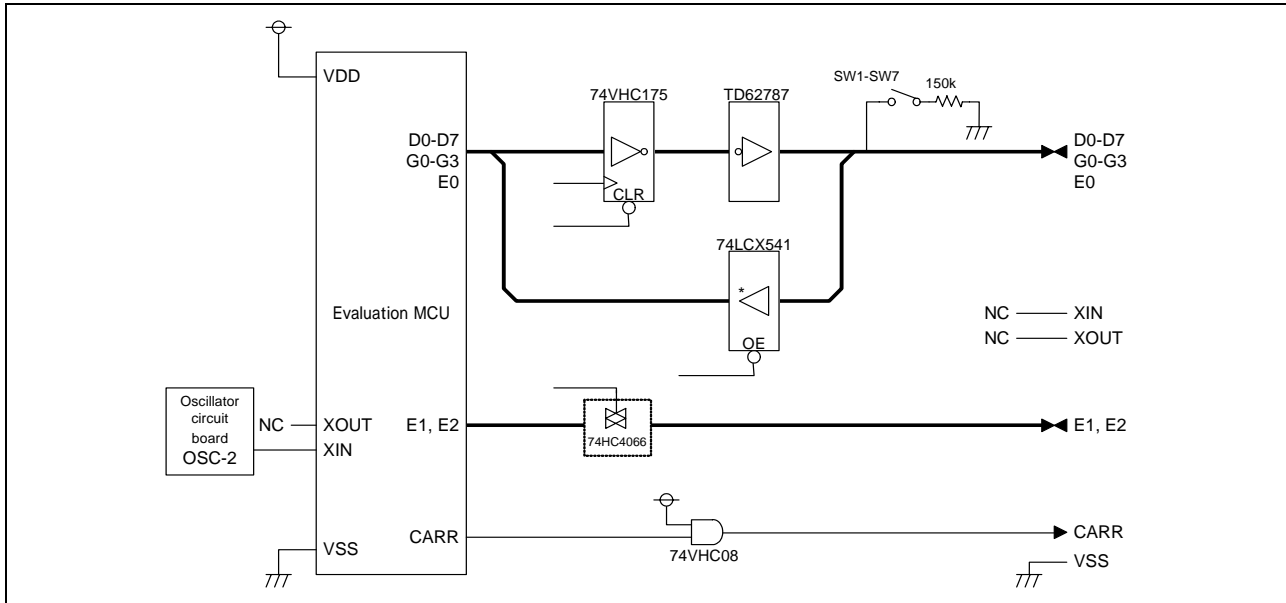


Figure 4.2 Connection diagram of the M34282T2-CPE

Table 4.2 Electrical characteristics of the TD62787

| Signal | Item | Condition | Standard values | | | Unit |
|---------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------|----------|------|---------|
| | | | Min. | Standard | Max. | |
| ICEX | Output leakage current | $V_{OUT} = -50V$ | - | - | -100 | μA |
| $V_{CE(sat)}$ | Output saturated voltage | $V_{IN} = V_{IL}, I_{OUT} = -100mA$ | - | - | -1.8 | V |
| | | $V_{IN} = V_{IL}, I_{OUT} = -350mA$ | - | - | -2.0 | |

Table 4.3 Electrical characteristics of the 74LCX541

| Signal | Item | Condition | Standard values | | | Unit |
|----------|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------|----------|------|------|
| | | | Min. | Standard | Max. | |
| V_{IH} | "H" input voltage | $V_{CC} = 2.7-3.6V$ | 2.0 | - | - | V |
| V_{IL} | "L" input voltage | $V_{CC} = 2.7-3.6V$ | - | - | 0.8 | |

Table 4.4 Electrical characteristics of the 74HC4066

| Signal | Item | Condition | Standard values | | | Unit |
|------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------|----------|------|------|
| | | | Min. | Standard | Max. | |
| R _{ON} | On resistance | V _{CC} =4.5V | - | 96 | 200 | Ω |
| R _{ON} | On resistance difference | V _{CC} =4.5V | - | 10 | - | |
| I _{OFF} | Leakage current (when OFF) | V _{CC} =12.0V | - | - | ± 1 | μA |
| I _{IZ} | Leakage current (ON, output: OPEN) | V _{CC} =12.0V | - | - | ± 1 | |

Table 4.5 Electrical characteristics of the 74HC08

| Signal | Item | Condition | Standard values | | | Unit |
|-----------------|--------------------|---|-----------------|----------|------|------|
| | | | Min. | Standard | Max. | |
| V _{OH} | “H” output voltage | V _{CC} =2.0V, I _{OH} =-50μA | 1.90 | - | - | V |
| | | V _{CC} =4.5V, I _{OH} =-8mA | 3.94 | - | - | |
| V _{OL} | “L” output voltage | V _{CC} =2.0V, I _{OL} =50μA | - | - | 0.10 | |
| | | V _{CC} =4.5V, I _{OL} =8mA | - | - | 0.44 | |

4.4 External Dimensions

4.4.1 External Dimensions of the Compact Emulator

Figure 4.3 shows external dimensions of the emulator.

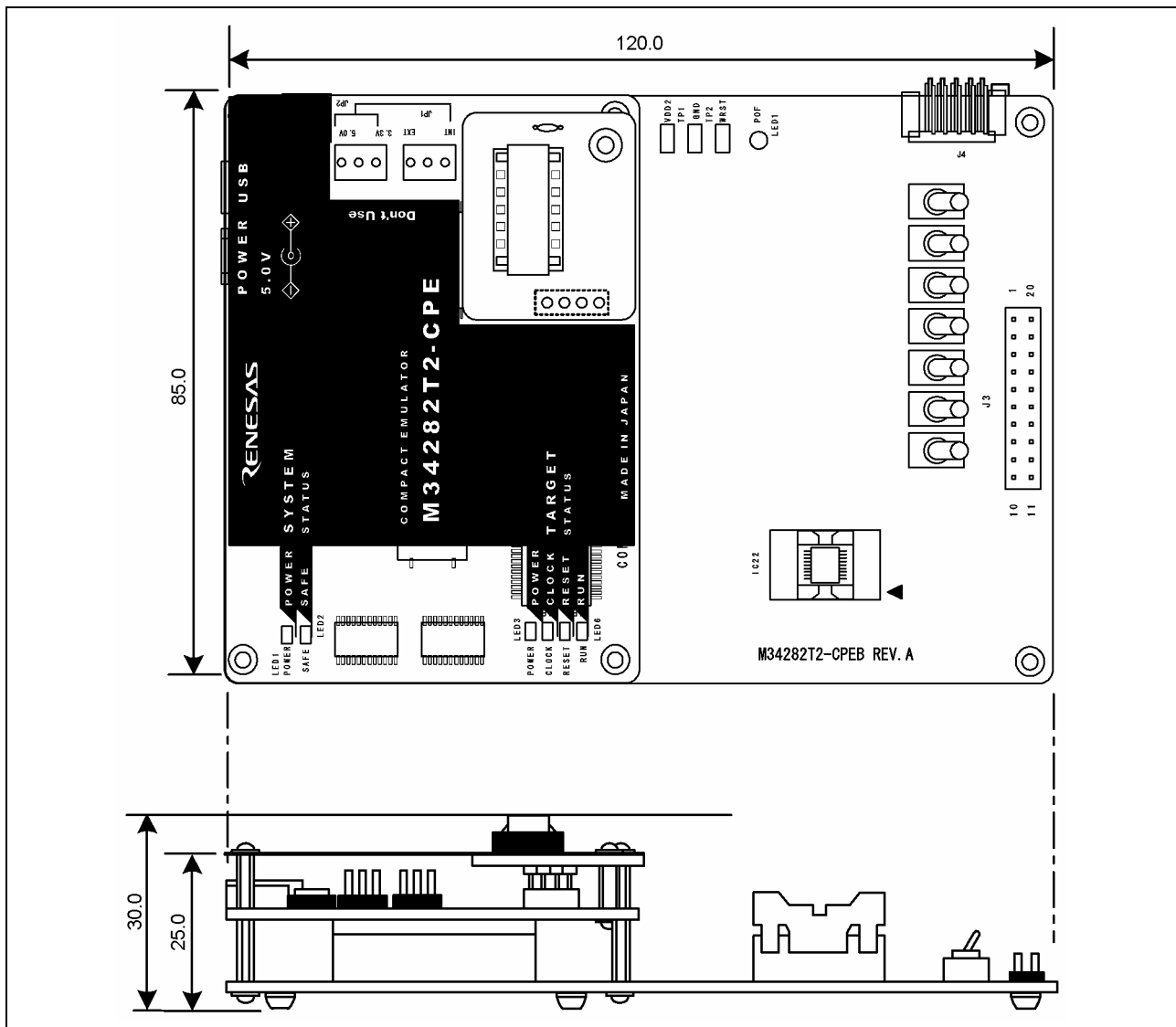


Figure 4.3 Compact emulator external dimensions

4.5 Notes on Using This Product

Notes on using this product are shown below. Be sure to read these notes before using this product.

IMPORTANT

Notes on the Self-check:

- If the self-check does not result normally (excluding user system errors), the emulator may be damaged. Then contact your local distributor.
- Run the self-check with the user system not connected.

Note on Quitting the Emulator Debugger:

- To restart the emulator debugger, always shut power to the emulator module off once and then on again.

Note on Final Evaluation:

- Be sure to evaluate your system with an evaluation MCU. Before starting mask production, evaluate your system and make final confirmation with a CS (Commercial Sample) version MCU.

Notes on the User System (Power Supply, Order of Powering On):

- This emulator cannot supply the power to the user system. Therefore design your system so that the user system is powered separately.
 - The voltage of the user system should be as follows.
3.0 V \pm 10%
 - Do not change the voltage of the user system after turning on the power.
 - Before powering on your emulator system, check that the host machine, the emulator, the converter board and user system are all connected correctly. Next, turn on the power to each equipment following the procedure below.
 - (1) Turn ON/OFF the user system and the emulator as simultaneously as possible.
 - (2) When the emulator debugger starts up, check the target status LEDs on the emulator to see if this product is ready to operate.
 - Is the power supplied? Check that target status LED (POWER) is ON.*1
 - Is the clock supplied? Check that target status LED (CLOCK) is ON.
- *1 When the user system is not connected, the target status LED (POWER) is not lit.

IMPORTANT**Note on the MCU Status While the Program is Idle:**

- In this emulator, the MCU is operating even while the user program remains idle, as well as when the emulator is executing a command. Therefore, the timer and other internal peripheral functions of the MCU are operating.

Note on Clock Supply to the MCU:

- The XIN input to the MCU is supplied from the oscillator circuit board OSC-2 in the emulator, and cannot be supplied from an oscillator circuit in the user system.
To change the system clock frequency, be sure to change the clock frequency of the oscillator circuit board OSC-2.

Note on the RAM Backup Mode:

- Although this emulator allows you to execute a program using POF instructions, execution of such programs is subject to the following limitations:
 - (1) The POF instruction cannot be single-stepped. Therefore, do not attempt to single-step the POF instruction.
 - (2) Execution cycles of the POF instruction are not recorded in the trace memory.
 - (3) No events (hardware breaks or trace points) can be set in execution cycles of the POF instruction. The events set in execution cycles of the POF instruction, if any, have no effect.
 - (4) During power-down mode, no commands of the emulator debugger PD72M can be executed. Exit power-down mode by applying key-on wakeup input or reset input before executing the commands.

Note on a Break Operation in a Train of Successive Instructions:

- The program does not break in a train of successive instructions. If a break operation (hardware, software or forcible break) is attempted in a train of successive instructions, the intended break occurs in an instruction at which the successive instructions ended. An example is shown below.
Example: If a break operation is attempted while executing the instructions at addresses 0000--0003h, the break occurs at address 0004h.

| [ADDR] | [CODE] | |
|-------------|------------|-----------------------------------|
| 0000 | LA 0 | } Successive instructions |
| 0001 | LA 1 | |
| 0002 | LA 2 | |
| 0003 | LA 3 | |
| <u>0004</u> | <u>NOP</u> | < A break occurs at this address. |

Note on a Break Operation When Skipping Instructions

- In cases when the next instruction is skipped by a skip instruction, if a break operation (hardware, software or forcible break) in the skipped instruction is attempted, no break occurs. If a skip and a break occur at the same time, the cause of the break is cleared and the program continues running until the next cause of break occurs.
Example: If a break operation is attempted when executing an instruction at address 0002h, the intended break is canceled and the program continues running.

| [ADDR] | [CODE] | |
|--------|---------|--|
| 0000 | RC | |
| 0001 | SZC | |
| 0002 | TABP 1 | : Skipped instruction |
| 0003 | TAM | |
| 0004 | BL 0004 | : The program continues to execute instruction without breaking. |

IMPORTANT**Note on Register Operation:**

- Table below lists the registers that can be operated from the M3T-PD72M. The “Yes” in the table means that the register can be operated; the “No” means that the register can not be operated.

| Register | Reference | Modification | Register | Reference | Modification |
|----------|-----------|--------------|----------|-----------|--------------|
| PC | Yes | Yes | V1 | No | Yes |
| CY | Yes | Yes | V2 | No | Yes |
| A | Yes | Yes | PU0 | No | Yes |
| B | Yes | Yes | PU1 | No | Yes |
| D | No | Yes | L0 | No | Yes |
| E | Yes | Yes | | | |
| X | Yes | Yes | | | |
| Y | Yes | Yes | | | |
| SP | Yes | No | | | |

Chapter 5. Troubleshooting

This chapter describes how to troubleshoot when this product does not work properly.

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5.1 Flowchart to Remedy the Troubles

Figure 5.1 shows the flowchart to remedy the troubles from when power to the emulator is activated until the emulator debugger starts up. Check this while the user system is disconnected. For the latest FAQs visit the Renesas Tools Homepage.

<http://www.renesas.com/en/tools>

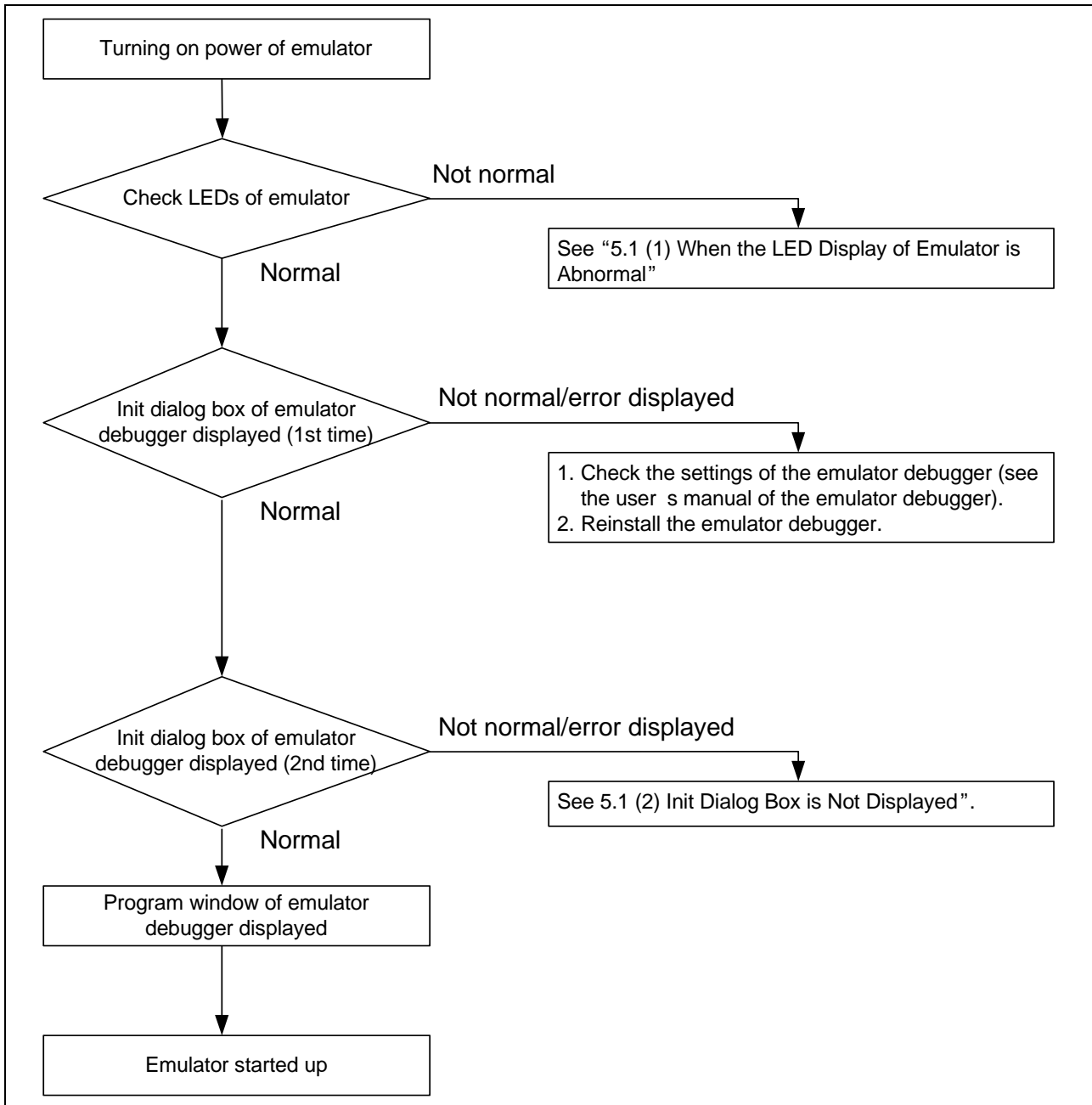


Figure 5.1 Flowchart to remedy the troubles

(1) When the LED Display of Emulator is Abnormal

Table 5.1 lists how to remedy the troubles if the target status LED display is abnormal in the self-check. When an error is detected, shut off the emulator and the user system and follow the steps in the Table 5.1. Then, reactivate the power of the emulator and the user system.

Table 5.1 Error display in the self-check and how to remedy it

| LED display | | | | Problem & Remedy |
|-------------|-------|-------|-----|--|
| POWER | CLOCK | RESET | RUN | |
| ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | The emulator system does not work properly. - Check that power is supplied to the emulator. - The emulator may be damaged. Contact your local distributor. |
| ■ | ■ | ■ | □ | |
| ■ | ■ | □ | ■ | |
| ■ | □ | ■ | ■ | A clock is not supplied to the emulator. - Check that the oscillator circuit board (OSC-2) is attached. - Check that the oscillator on the oscillator circuit board (OSC-2) or the oscillation module is oscillating properly. |
| ■ | □ | □ | □ | The MCU cannot be controlled. - Check that the MCU is properly attached. - Check that the oscillation frequency of the oscillator circuit board is within the specified range. |
| Others | | | | The emulator system is not working properly. - The emulator may be damaged. Contact your local distributor. |

(2) When the Init Dialog Box is Not Displayed

Table 5.2 Checkpoints of errors when starting up the emulator debugger

| Error | Checkpoint |
|---|---|
| Communication error occurred. Data was not sent to the target. | - Check the target status LED display. If the LED is blinking, the emulator did not start up normally. See "5.1 (1) When the LED Display of Emulator is Abnormal" (page 65). - Check that the USB cable is connected properly. See "2.4 Connecting the Host Machine " (page 25). |
| Not compact emulator. | Check that an emulator other than the compact emulator (such as PC4701, PC7501) is not connected. |

5.2 How to Request for Support

After checking the items in "Chapter 5 Troubleshooting", fill in the text file the installer of the emulator debugger generates in the following directory and email to your local distributor.

\\SUPPORT\product-name\SUPPORT.TXT

For prompt response, please specify the following information:

(1) Operating environment

- Operating voltage: _____ [V]
- Operating frequency: _____ [MHz]

(2) Condition

- The emulator debugger starts up/does not start up
- The error is detected/not detected in the self-check
- Frequency of errors: always/frequency (_____)

(3) Problem

Chapter 6. Maintenance and Guarantee

This chapter describes how to maintenance, repair provisions and how to request for repair.

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6.1 User Registration

When you purchase our product, be sure register as a user. For user registration, refer to "User registration" (page 9) of this manual.

6.2 Maintenance

- (1) If dust or dirt collects on any equipment of your emulation system, wipe it off with a dry soft cloth. Do not use thinner or other solvents because these chemicals can cause the equipment's surface coating to separate.
- (2) When you do not use this product for a long period, for safety purposes, disconnect the power cable from the power supply.

6.3 Guarantee

If your product becomes faulty within one year after its purchase while being used under good conditions by observing "Precautions for Safety" described in Chapter 1 of this user's manual, we will repair or replace your faulty product free of charge. Note, however, that if your product's fault is raised by any one of the following causes, we will repair it or replace it with new one with extra-charge:

- Misuse, abuse, or use under extraordinary conditions
- Unauthorized repair, remodeling, maintenance, and so on
- Inadequate user's system or misuse of it
- Fires, earthquakes, and other unexpected disasters

In the above cases, contact your local distributor. If your product is being leased, consult the leasing company or the owner.

6.4 Repair Provisions

- (1) Repair with extra-charge

The products elapsed more than one year after purchase can be repaired with extra-charge.

- (2) Replacement with extra-charge

If your product's fault falls in any of the following categories, the fault will be corrected by replacing the entire product instead of repair, or you will be advised to purchase new one, depending on the severity of the fault.

- Faulty or broken mechanical portions
- Flaw, separation, or rust in coated or plated portions
- Flaw or cracks in plastic portions
- Faults or breakage caused by improper use or unauthorized repair or modification
- Heavily damaged electric circuits due to overvoltage, overcurrent or shorting of power supply
- Cracks in the printed circuit board or burnt-down patterns
- Wide range of faults that makes replacement less expensive than repair
- Unlocatable or unidentified faults

- (3) Expiration of the repair period

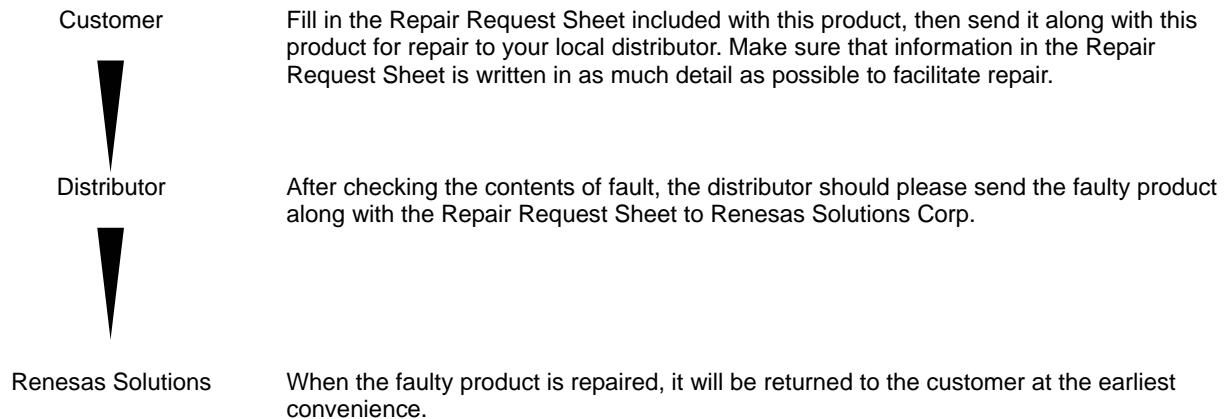
When a period of one year elapses after the model was dropped from production, repairing products of the model may become impossible.

- (4) Transportation fees at sending your product for repair

Please send your product to us for repair at your expense.

6.5 How to Make Request for Repair

If your product is found faulty, follow the procedure below to send your product for repair.



CAUTION

Note on Transporting the Product:

- When sending your product for repair, use the packing box and cushion material supplied with this product when delivered to you and specify handling caution for it to be handled as precision equipment. If packing of your product is not complete, it may be damaged during transportation. When you pack your product in a bag, make sure to use conductive polyvinyl supplied with this product (usually a blue bag). When you use other bags, they may cause a trouble on your product because of static electricity.

MEMO

M34282T2-CPE User's Manual

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