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1. Introduction

This document describes the procedures for configuring IDT's ZMID520x Inductive Position Sensor ICs as needed to achieve a monotonic output characteristic over the target position swing when operating in Linear Output Mode. This includes instructions for setting up the switch fabric, which routes the signal from the coils to the next signal processing stage, and for setting up the receiver signal polarity in order to start measurements with the device in user applications using the Linear Output Mode.

This application note provides an explanation, from the trigonometric point of view, of the application of the available settings (section 2) and then illustrates the impact of the settings on the ZMID520x output behavior (section 3).

The steps provided here are required when configuring a new device in a user application. These procedures can also be applied to any of the ZMID520x application modules provided by IDT if default settings must be modified.

Recommendation: Read the following documents before using this document.

- ZMID520x Datasheet: <u>https://www.idt.com/document/dst/zmid520x-datasheet</u>
- ZMID520x User Guide for Getting Started: <u>https://www.idt.com/document/man/zmid520x-user-guide-getting-started</u>
- ZMID520x Evaluation Kit User Manual: https://www.idt.com/document/man/zmid520x-evaluation-kit-user-manual-application-modules

2. Switch Fabric and Receiver Signal Polarity Inversion

This section provides a basic description of the ZMID520x switch fabric and receiver signal polarity inversion functionality.

The input signal generated by the coils (R1 and R2) is sampled by the internal ADC and fed to the switch fabric. The switch fabric allows routing the sampled signal to the Xsine and Ycosine internal lines (Figure 1). The switch fabric allows swapping either the amplitude or the polarity of each input (R1 input after ADC, R2 input after ADC).

The ZMID520x offers design freedom via internal routing and differential input signal polarity swapping features so that the PCB can be designed with the R1 and R2 coil terminals connected to the ZMID520x's receiver input pins with either polarity.

For applications using the ZMID520x in the Linear Output Mode, these functionalities allow the user to achieve a monotonic output characteristic over the target position swing (start to end of travel range and vice versa). Signals configured with the "swap_rc_pol" and "swap_rc_amp" bits control this functionality as shown in Figure 1. See section 3.1 regarding constraints on the combinations of these bits. The "invppr1/2" signal is used for setting the CORDIC angle in the proper quadrant (polar coordinates; see section 2.1.3).

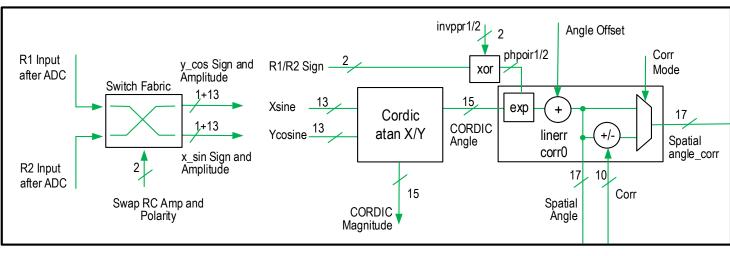


Figure 1. Functional Block Diagram of the Switch Fabric and Polarity Inversion

— = Signal Flow

2.1 Meeting Processing Requirements via the Switch Fabric and Post-CORDIC Polarity Inversion

2.1.1 Switch Fabric

The switch fabric defines which receivers are the numerator and denominator for the atan (CORDIC) calculation: atan (R1/R2) or atan(R2/R1).

2.1.2 Polarity Inversion

The individual inversion of the receiver signal polarity allows varying the expansion of the spatial angle (SPA) from a 0 to 90° range (output of the CORDIC block) to a 0 to 360° range.

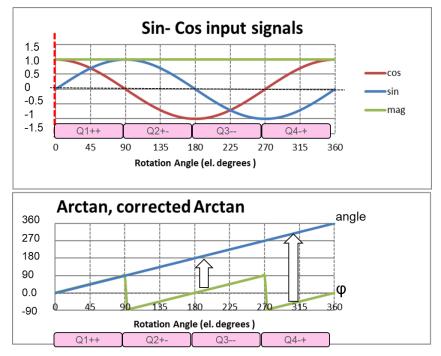
Three different scenarios are be possible:

- Denominator of the atan is sign inverted: The output has a 90° shift.
- Inverted sign of both receivers: This corresponds to a shift of 180° in the coordinate system.
- Numerator of the atan is sign inverted: The output has a 270° shift.

2.1.3 Cordic and Spatial Angle Expansion

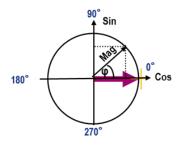
The CORDIC (Coordinate to Rotation Digital Computer) block converts rectangular coordinates (sin, cos) into polar coordinates (angle, magnitude). A graphical representation of the CORDIC operation in provided in Figure 2 and Figure 3.





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Figure 3. Expansion in Polar Coordinates



$\tan(\varphi) = \frac{a \times \sin(\varphi)}{a \times \cos(\varphi)}$
$\arctan(\frac{a \times \sin(\phi)}{a \times \cos(\phi)}) = \arctan(\tan(\phi)) = \phi$
Q1: angle = ϕ Q2,Q3: angle = ϕ +180 Q4:angle = ϕ + 360
$Mag = \sqrt{(a \times \sin(\varphi))^2 + (a \times \cos(\varphi))^2}$

3. Linear Mode Operation

For an overview on the Linear Mode operation, refer to the following documents (see section 1 for document links):

- ZMID520x Evaluation Kit User Manual
- ZMID520x-User-Guide-Getting-Started

3.1 SPA Characteristics

The SPA is the angle value calculated by the CORDIC processor block, expanded to a 360° range (see Figure 2). This is the angle value before the calibration and linear error correction. To achieve a monotonic characteristic for the sensor output, proper selections must be made for the "swap_rc_pol" and "swap_rc_amp" bits in register 09_{HEX} and the "invppr1/2" bit in register 09_{HEX} .

An example is provided below using the ZMID5203 Inductive Arc Application Module described in the ZMID520xMARC13003 Arc Application Module User Manual available at the following link: <u>https://www.idt.com/document/man/zmid520xmarc-application-module-user-manual</u>

Figure 4 shows the GUI tab with the configuration bits to be used in the configuration.

ZMID520x EVKIT Application × FILE SETTINGS TOOLS HELP D) ZMID5203 CALIBRATION COMMAND CONSOLE MEMORY EDIT **CONNECTION** MAIN CONFIGURE ACTIVE DEVICES INPUT OUTPUT DIAGNOSTICS Disconnect Refresh Shown memory type EEPROM Device: D: Name: ZMID5203 IC STATUS 16 Vddt_trim Lc_cal 7 FW:00.05.1000 Powered Device: COM20 4 Sampl_cycle Ext O Busy Name: ZMID5203 Gain_stage Swap_rc_pol Off O APP mode FW:00.05.1000 O CMD mode ap_rc_amp Off Invppr2 On SW parity error On Invppr1 Osr 32 samples Read Status Agc_mode Aac interlink Gain adaptat 🐣 Gain off & In Y Agc_sat_mode Off I/O FUNCTIONS Read EEPROM Write EEPROM Copy SWR To EEPROM Reset IC

Figure 4. GUI Configure Tab

For application purposes, the "Swap_rc_pol" and "Swap_rc_amp" entry fields must have the same values: either both "On" or both "Off"; i.e., bits set to 00_{BIN} or 11_{BIN} in register 09_{HEX} (see Table 1). The remaining combinations are intended for test purposes only. The combinations permitted for the "swap_rc_pol" and "swap_rc_amp" bits and the "invppr1/2" bits are listed in the Table 1.

Configuration #	swap_rc_pol (Bit 3)	swap_rc_amp (Bit 2)	invppr2 (Bit 1)	invppr1 (Bit 0)
1	off	off	off	off
2	off	off	on	off
3	off	off	off	on
4	off	off	on	on
5	on	on	off	off
6	on	on	on	off
7	on	on	off	on
8	on	on	on	on

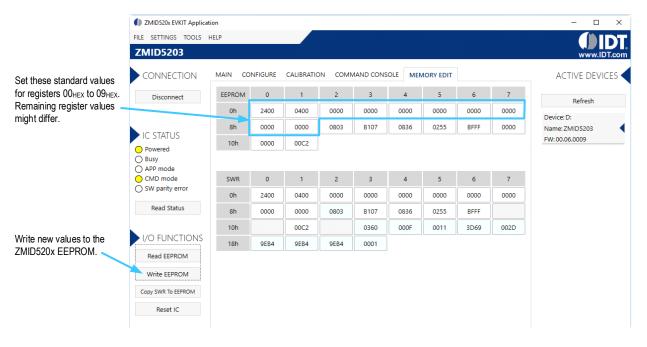
Table 1. Combinations Permitted for Configuration Bits in Register 09_{HEX}

3.2 Configuration Examples using the ZMID5203 Inductive Arc Application Module

3.2.1 Output Mode Selection

Use the Linear Output Mode. Set the following register values as shown in Figure 5: register 00_{HEX} = 2400 $_{HEX}$; register 01_{HEX} = 0400 $_{HEX}$; and registers 02_{HEX} through 09_{HEX} = 0000 $_{HEX}$.

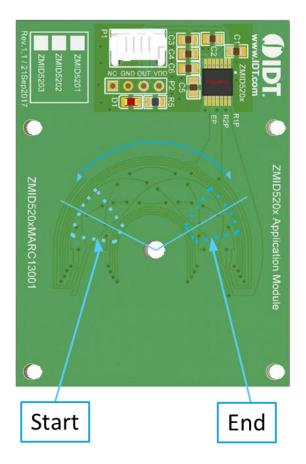
Figure 5. EEPROM Memory Values – ZMID5203 Example for the Linear Output Mode Settings



3.2.2 Definition of Target Movements

Figure 6 identifies the start and the end positions for the target movement. The definitions of the start and the end positions are arbitrary, and the two points can be swapped.

Figure 6. Example Target Start and End Positions for the ZMID520xMARC13003 Arc Application Module



3.2.3 SPA Characteristic Graphs

Figure 7 and Figure 8 show the effects of the GUI settings for the configuration bits per configurations 7 and 8 respectively as given in Table 1.

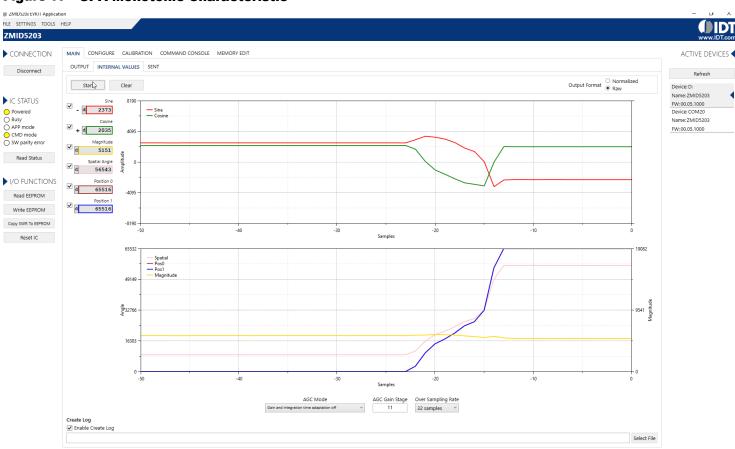


Figure 7. SPA Monotonic Characteristic

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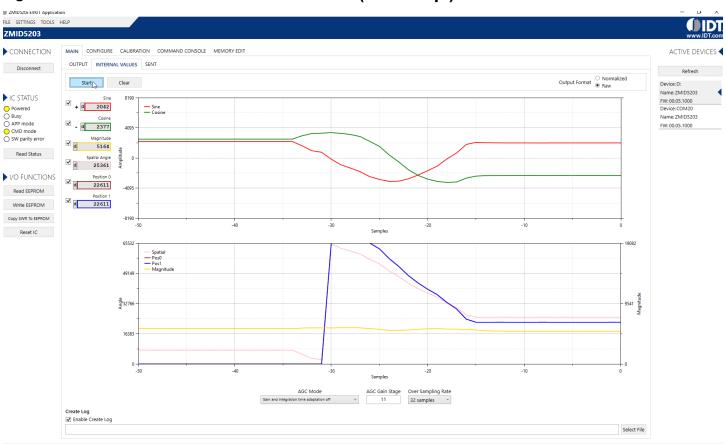


Figure 8. SPA with Non-monotonic Characteristic (with "Jump")

In both cases the target has been moved from the start to the end position as per Figure 6.

Figure 8 shows a SPA (and hence POS1) that does not have a monotonic characteristic (note the "jump"), which prevents acquiring the actual target position. In Figure 7, the SPA (hence POS1) has a monotonic characteristic allowing the identification the position of the target.

When the target moves from the start to end positions (see Figure 6), a complete analysis of the SPA characteristic for each configuration combination listed in Table 1 gives the results summarized in Table 2, which includes the output slope for POS1: positive, negative, or NA (with "jump"). In Table 2, the pink shading indicates the two configuration bits sets that result in a monotonic output: configurations #2 and #4. The abbreviation "n.a." in the "Slope" column indicates that the slope does not have a constant sign.

Table 2.	Valid Configuration Bits Combinations with Resulting Slope

Config #	swap_rc_pol	swap_rc_amp	invppr1	invppr2	Slope Sign
1	off	off	off	off	n.a.
2	off	off	off	on	positive
3	off	off	on	off	n.a.
4	off	off	on	on	negative
5	on	on	off	off	n.a.
6	on	on	off	on	n.a.
7	on	on	on	off	n.a.
8	on	on	on	on	n.a.

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Configuration #2 allows the user to have a positive output slope moving the target from the start position to the end position. Configuration #4 has a negative output for the same target movement.

These considerations have general validity and apply to both linear and arc sensors when Linear Output Mode is selected.

4. Glossary

Acronym	Definition
ADC	Analog Digital Converter
SPA	Spatial Angle (register)
POS1	Position 1 (register)

5. Revision History

Revision Date	Description of Change
March 7, 2019	Initial release.

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