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H8/300L Series

Simultaneous Transmission/Reception in Synchronous Mode (H8/3644)

Introduction

Four bytes of 8-bit data are simultaneously transmitted and received using the serial data transfer function in synchronous mode. Data are transmitted and received LSB first.

Target Device

H8/3644

Contents

1.	Specifications	2
2.	Description of Functions	2
3.	Principles of Operation	5
4.	Description of Software	6
5.	Flowchart	8
6.	Program Listing	9



1. **Specifications**

- 1. As shown in figure 1.1, four bytes of eight-bit data are simultaneously transmitted and received using the serial data transfer function in synchronous mode.
- 2. Simultaneous transmission/reception is performed at a transfer clock cycle of 12.8 µs using an internal clock.
- 3. The length of transmit and receive data is eight bits and data is transmitted/received LSB first, which means the lowest bit of data is transmitted/received first.

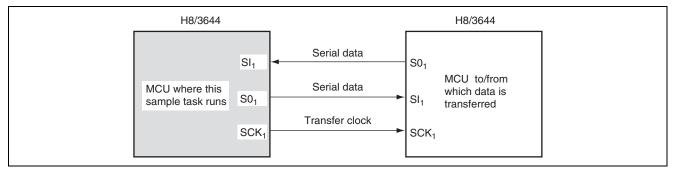


Figure 1.1 Simultaneous Serial Transmission/Reception in Synchronous Mode

2. **Description of Functions**

- 1. In this sample task, serial data is simultaneously transmitted/received in synchronous mode via the serial communication interface (SCI). Figure 2.1 shows a block diagram of simultaneous serial transmission/reception in synchronous mode, and the following is the description for the block diagram:
 - The frequency of the system clock (ϕ) used as the basic clock for the CPU or peripheral-function operation is 5-MHz; this clock is obtained by dividing the 10-MHz OSC clock by 2.
 - The prescaler S (PSS) is a 13-bit counter, to which ϕ is input. PSS counts up on each cycle.
 - The serial control register 1 (SCR1) is an 8-bit readable/writable register that selects operating mode, transfer clock source, and prescaler division ratio.
 - The serial control/status register 1 (SCSR1) is an 8-bit register that indicates operation status, error status, etc. If the synchronous clock is input continuously after the reception completion, reception is not performed but ORER in SCSR1 is set to 1 to indicate an overrun state.
 - The serial data register U (SDRU) is an 8-bit readable/writable register that functions as a data register for the upper 8 bits in 16-bit data transfer. Data written to SDRU is output to SDRL with the LSB first. Then, data is in turn input from the SI₁ pin with the LSB first, and data is shifted from the MSB to the LSB.
 - The serial data register L (SDRL) is an 8-bit readable/writable register that functions as a data register in 8-bit data transfer and as a data register for the lower 8 bits in 16-bit data transfer. In 8-bit data transfer, data written to SDRL is output from the SO₁ pin with the LSB first. Then, data is in turn input from the SI₁ pin with the LSB first, and data is shifted from the MSB to the LSB. In 16-bit data transfer, operation is the same as that in 8-bit data transfer except that data is input from SDRU.
 - SDRU and SDRL should be read or written to after data transmission or reception is complete. If they are read or written to during data transmission or reception, data may not be guaranteed.
 - The transfer clock can be selected from eight internal clocks and external clocks. When an internal clock is selected, the SCK₁ pin is used as an output pin. The selected clock is continuously output from the SCK₁ pin if clock continuous output mode is set. When an external clock is selected, the SCK₁ pin is used as the clock input
 - In this sample task, settings are made so that the transfer clock source is PSS, the frequency of prescaler is divided by 64, and the transfer clock cycle is 12 µs.
 - The SCI1 transfer data format can be selected from 8 bits and 12 bits. Data is transferred in the LSB first method that transmits or receives data from the lowest bit. Transmit data is output from the falling edge of the transfer clock to the next rising edge. Receive data is acquired on the rising edge of the transfer clock.
 - In this sample task, the 8-bit operating mode is set to perform 8-bit data transmission/reception.

Simultaneous Transmission/Reception in Synchronous

- The SCI1 clock pin (SCK₁) functions as a clock input/output pin for the SCI1.
- The SCI1 data output pin (SO₁) functions as a transmit data output pin for the SCI1.
- The SCI1 data input pin (SI₁) functions as a receive data input pin for the SCI1.
- When the SCI1 completes data transfer, the SCI1 interrupt request flag bit (IRRS1) in the interrupt request register 2 (IRR2) is set to 1. SCI1 interrupt requests can be enabled/disabled with the SCI1 interrupt enable bit (IENS1) in the interrupt enable register 2 (IENR2).

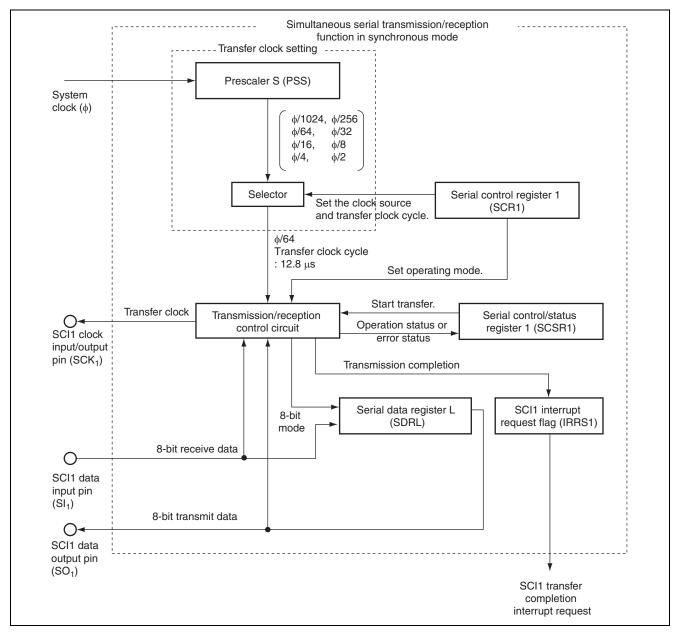


Figure 2.1 Block Diagram of Simultaneous Serial Transmission/Reception Function in Synchronous Mode

2. Table 2.1 shows the allocation of functions used in this sample task. Functions are allocated as shown in table 1 to perform simultaneous serial transmission/reception in synchronous mode.

Table 2.1 Function Allocation

Function	Function Allocation
SCR1	Operating mode, transfer clock source and prescaler division ratio are set.
SCSR1	Operation status or error status is indicated.
SDRL	Data register for 8-bit transmit/receive data
SCK ₁	Transfer clock output pin of SCI1
SO ₁	Transmit data output pin of SCI1
SI ₁	Receive data input pin of SCI1
IRRS1	SCI1 transfer completion is indicated.
IENS1	Enabling/disabling of SCI1 interrupt requests is controlled.
PMR3	P3 ₂ /SO ₁ , P3 ₁ /SI ₁ and P3 ₀ /SCK ₁ pin functions are set.
PMR7	Turning on/off of the P3 ₂ /SO ₁ pin output buffer PMOS is controlled.



3. **Principles of Operation**

1. Figure 3.1 shows the principles of operation. Simultaneous serial transmission/reception is performed in synchronous mode with the hardware and software processing shown in the figure.

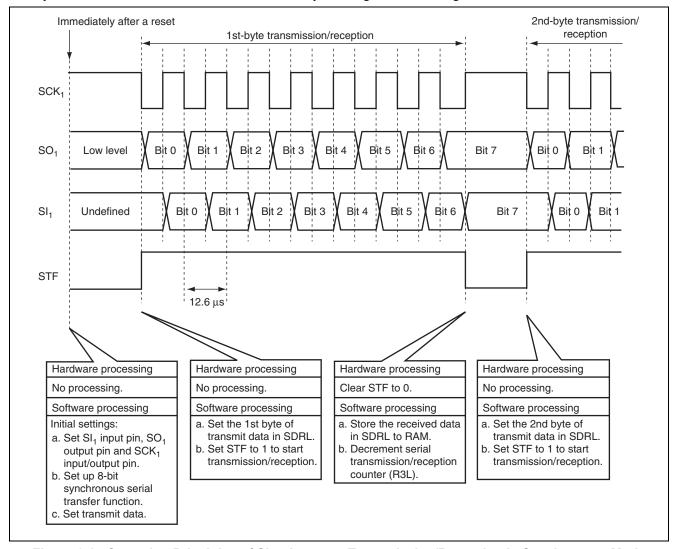


Figure 3.1 Operation Principles of Simultaneous Transmission/Reception in Synchronous Mode

Description of Software 4.

4.1 **Module**

Table 4.1 describes the module used in this sample task.

Table 4.1 **Description of Module**

Module	Label	Function
Main routine	main	Initializes the stack pointer, sets transfer data, sets for synchronous serial data transmission/reception, enables interrupts, stores receive data to RAM, and ends when 4 bytes of data have been transmitted/received.

4.2 **Arguments**

Table 4.2 describes the arguments used in this sample task.

Table 4.2 Description of Modules

Argument	Function	Used in	Data Length	Input/ Output
STD0 to STD3	Data for synchronous serial transmission	Main routine	1 byte	Input
SRD0 to SRD3	Data received in synchronous mode	Main routine	1 byte	Output

4.3 **Internal Registers**

The internal registers used in this sample task are described in table 4.3.

Table 4.3 Description of Internal Registers

Register		Function		Setting
SCR1 SNC1		Serial Control Register 1 (Operating Mode Select 1, 0)	H'FFA0	SNC1 = 0
	SNC0	When SNC1 = 0 and SNC0 = 0, operating mode is set to 8-bit	Bit 7	SNC0 = 0
		mode.	Bit 6	
	MRKON	Serial Control Register 1 (Tail Mark Control)	H'FFA0	0
		When MRKON = 0, a tail mark is not output.	Bit 5	
	CKS3	Serial Control Register 1 (Clock Source Select 3)	H'FFA0	0
		When CKS3 = 0, prescaler S is selected for the clock source.	Bit 3	
	CKS2	Serial Control Register 1 (Clock Source Select 2, 1, 0)	H'FFA0	CKS2 = 0
	CKS1	When CKS2 = 0, CKS1 = 1 and CKS0 = 0, prescaler division	Bit 2	CKS1 = 1
	CKS0	ratio is set to 64 and the transfer clock cycle is set to 12.8 μs .	Bit 1	CKS0 = 0
			Bit 0	
SCSR1	SOL	Serial Control/Status Register 1 (Expansion Data Bit)	H'FFA1	0
		When SOL = 0, the SO_1 pin output level is changed to low.	Bit 6	
		When SOL = 1, the SO_1 pin output level is changed to high.		
	ORER	Serial Control/Status Register 1 (Overrun Error Flag)	H'FFA1	0
		When ORER = 0, indicates that no overrun error occurred.	Bit 5	
		When ORER = 1, indicates that an overrun error occurred.		
	STF	Serial Control/Status Register 1 (Start Flag)	H'FFA1	0
		When STF = 0, transfer operation is complete.	Bit 0	
		When STF = 1, transfer operation starts.		

RENESAS Simultaneous Transmission/Reception in Synchronous

Register		Function		Setting
SDRL		Serial Data Register L	H'FFA3	_
		Stores 8-bit receive data during 8-bit transfer		
IENR2	IENS1	Interrupt Enable Register 2 (SCI1 Interrupt Enable)	H'FFF5	0
		When IENS1 = 0, SCI1 interrupt requests are disabled.	Bit 4	
		When IENS1 = 1, SCI1 interrupt requests are enabled.		
IRR2	IRRS1	Interrupt Request Register 2 (SCI1 Interrupt Request Flag)	H'FFF8	0
		When IRRS1 = 0, SCI1 interrupt requests are not requested.	Bit 4	
		When IRRS1 = 1, SCI1 interrupt requests are requested.		
PMR3	SO1	Port Mode Register 3 (P3 ₂ /SO ₁ Pin Function Switch)	H'FFFD	1
		When SO1 = 1, this pin functions as SO_1 output pin.	Bit 2	
	SI1	Port Mode Register 3 (P3 ₁ /SI ₁ Pin Function Switch)	H'FFFD	1
		When SI1 = 1, this pin functions as SI_1 output pin.	Bit 1	
	SCK1	Port Mode Register 3 (P3 ₀ /SCK ₁ Pin Function Switch)	H'FFFD	1
		When SCK1 = 1, this pin functions as SCK_1 input/output pin.	Bit 0	
PMR7	PMR7 PQF1 Port Mode Register 7 (P3 ₂ /SO ₁ Pin PMOS Control)		H'FFFF	0
		When POF1 = 0, CMOS output is performed.	Bit 0	

Description of RAM 4.4

Table 4.4 describes the RAM used in this sample task.

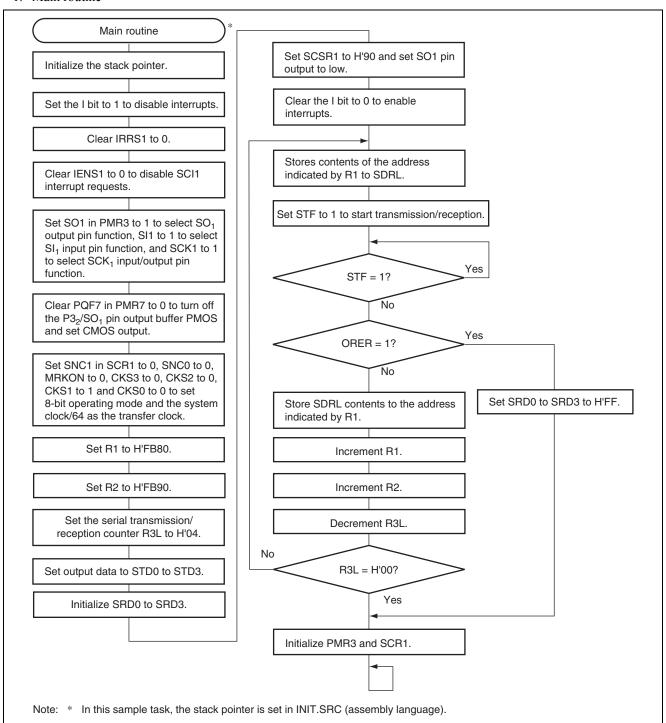
Table 4.4 **Description of RAM**

Label	Function	Address	Used in
STD0	Stores the first byte of data for synchronous serial transmission.	H'FB80	Main routine
STD1	Stores the second byte of data for synchronous serial transmission.	H'FB81	Main routine
STD2	Stores the third byte of data for synchronous serial transmission.	H'FB82	Main routine
STD3	Stores the fourth byte of data for synchronous serial transmission.	H'FB83	Main routine
SRD0	Stores the first byte of data received in synchronous mode.	H'FB90	Main routine
SRD1	Stores the second byte of data received in synchronous mode.	H'FB91	Main routine
SRD2	Stores the third byte of data received in synchronous mode.	H'FB92	Main routine
SRD3	Stores the fourth byte of data received in synchronous mode.	H'FB93	Main routine



5. **Flowchart**

1. Main routine





6. **Program Listing**

```
; *
       H8/300L Series -H8/3644, H8/3657-
;*
; *
      Application Note
;*
; *
       'Synchronous Serial Data Simultaneous
;*
       Transmission/Reception'
; *
; *
     Function
; *
      : Serial Communication Interface
       Synchronous Serial Interface
-Transmitting/Receiving
; *
; *
; *
     External Clock: 10MHz
; *
; *
      Internal Clock: 5MHz
; *
     Sub Clock : 32.768kHz
; *
.cpu
                      300L
;* Symbol Defnition
H'FFA0 ;Serial Control Register 1
7,SCR1 ;Select the Operation Mode 1
6,SCR1 ;Select the Operation Mode 0
5,SCR1 ;TAIL MARK Control
SCR1 .equ
SNC1
        .bequ
SNC0
         .bequ
MRKON
        .bequ
         .bequ
                     4,SCR1
                                   ;LATCH TAIL Select
                     3,SCR1
                                   ;Clock Source Select 3
CKS3
         .bequ
                     2,SCR1
                                   ;Clock Select 2
CKS2
         .bequ
                                   ;Clock Select 1
                     1,SCR1
CKS1
         .bequ
                     0,SCR1
                                    ;Clock Select 0
CKS0
          .bequ
                                   ;Serial Control Status Register 1
                     H'FFA1
SCSR1
          .equ
                      6,SCSR1
5,SCSR1
                                   ;Extended Data Bit
SOL
          .bequ
        .bequ
                                   Overrun Error Flag
ORER
                                  ;TAIL MARK Transmit Flag
MTRF
                     1,SCSR1
        .bequ
                    0,SCSR1
                                   ;Start Flag
STF
        .bequ
SDRU .equ
SDRL .equ
IENR2 .equ
IENS1 .bequ
IRR2 .equ
IRRS1 .bequ
PMR3 .equ
SO1 .bequ
                    H'FFA2
                    H'FFA3
                                   ;Serial Data Register U
                                 ;Serial Data Register U
;Serial Data Register L
;Interrupt Enable Register 2
;SCI1 Interrupt Enable
;Interrupt Request Register 2
;SCI1 Interrupt Request Flag
;Port Mode Register 3
;P32/SO1 Pin Function Switch
;P31/SI1 Pin Function Switch
;P30/SCK1 Pin Function Switch
                   4, IENR2
H'FFF8
4, IRR2
H'FFFD
2, PMR3
1, PMR3
        .bequ
SO1
                    2,PMR3
1,PMR3
0,PMR3
        .bequ
SI1
        .bequ
                                   ;P30/SCK1 Pin Function Switch
SCK1
        .equ
PMR7
                                   ;Port Mode Register 7
                     H'FFFF
POF1
        .bequ
                     0,PMR7
                                   ;P32/S01 Pin Function Switch
```

ENESAS Simultaneous Transmission/Reception in Synchronous

```
;* RAM Allocation
;Stack Pointer
                   H'FF80
       .equ
STD0
                               ;Serial Transmitting Data 0
        .equ
                   H'FB80
                  H'FB80 ;Serial Transmitting Data 0
H'FB81 ;Serial Transmitting Data 1
H'FB82 ;Serial Transmitting Data 2
H'FB83 ;Serial Transmitting Data 3
H'FB90 ;Serial Receiving Data 0
H'FB91 ;Serial Receiving Data 1
H'FB92 ;Serial Receiving Data 2
H'FB93 ;Serial Receiving Data 3
STD1
        .equ
       .equ
STD2
STD3
SRD0
       .equ
SRD1
SRD2
       .equ
      .equ
SRD3
;* Vector Address
;
         .org
                   H'0000
         .data.w
                   MAIN
                                ;Reset Interrupt
                   н'0008
         .org
         .data.w
                                ;IRQ0 Interrupt
                    MAIN
         .data.w
                   MAIN
                                ;IRQ1 Interrupt
         .data.w
                   MAIN
                                ;IRQ2 Interrupt
         .data.w MAIN .data.w MAIN
                                ;IRQ3 Interrupt
                                ;INTO - INT7 Interrupt
         .org H'0014
.data.w MAIN
.data.w MAIN
                               ;Timer A Interrupt
                                ;Timer B1 Interrupt
         .org H'0020
.data.w MAIN
.data.w MAIN
                                ;Timer X Interrupt
                                 ;Timer V Interrupt
;
         .org H'0026
.data.w MAIN
                                ;SCI1 Interrupt
         .org
                   H'002A
                                ;SCI3 Interrupt
         .data.w
                   MAIN
         .data.w
                   MAIN
                                ;A/D Converter Interrupt
         .data.w
                   MAIN
                                ;SLEEP Instruction Executed Interrupt
```



```
; * Main Program
H'1000
          .orq
MAIN
          .eau
         MOV.W
                       #STACK, SP
                                     ; Initialize Stack Pointer
          ORC
                       #H'80,CCR
                                     ;Interrupt Disable
;
          BCLR
                       IRRS1
                                     ;Clear IRRS1
          BCLR
                       IENS1
                                     ;SCI1 Interrupt Disable
;
                      #H'07F8,R0
         MOV.W
         MOV.B
                      ROH,@PMR3 ;Initialize SO1 & SI1 & CKS1 Pin Function
         MOV.B
                      ROL,@PMR7
                                    ;Initialize SO1 Pin Function
;
          MOV.B
                       #H'02,ROL
         MOV.B
                       ROL,@SCR1
                                    ;Initialize Synchronous Serial Transfer Function
          MOV.W
                       #H'FB80,R1
                                    ; Initialize Serial Transmitting Data Address
                       #H'FB90,R2
                                     ; Initialize Serial Receiving Data Address
         MOV.W
          MOV.B
                       #H'04,R3L
                                     ; Initialize Serial Data Counter
;
                      #H'0055,R0
         MOV.W
                      ROH,@STDO ;Set Serial Transmitting Data 0
ROL,@STD1 ;Set Serial Transmitting Data 1
         MOV.B
         MOV.B
                      #H'AAFF,R0
         MOV.W
                      ROH,@STD2 ;Set Serial Transmitting Data 2
ROL,@STD3 ;Set Serial Transmitting Data 3
         MOV.B
         MOV.B
                       #H'00,R0L
         MOV.B
         MOV.B
                       ROL,@SRDO
                                    ;Initialize Serial Receiving Data 0
                                    ; Initialize Serial Receiving Data 1
         MOV.B
                       ROL,@SRD1
          MOV.B
                       ROL,@SRD2
                                    ; Initialize Serial Receiving Data 2
                                    ; Initialize Serial Receiving Data 3
         MOV.B
                      ROL,@SRD3
;
                       #H'9C,ROL
         MOV.B
                       ROL,@SCSR1
                                    ; Initialize SO1 Pin Output Level
         MOV.B
;
                       #H'7F,CCR
                                   ; Interrupt Enable
          ANDC
MAIN1
                       $;
          .eau
                       @R1,R0L
                                     ;Load Serial Transmitting Data
          MOV.B
                                     ; Save Serial Transmitting Data
          MOV.B
                       ROL,@SDRL
          BSET
                       STF
                                     ;Start Serial Transmitting/Receiving
```

H8/300L Series Simultaneous Transmission/Reception in Synchronous

MAIN2	.equ BTST BNE	\$ STF MAIN2	;End Serial Transmitting/Receiving ?;No.
;	BTST BNE	ORER MAIN3	;Overrun Error Flag = 1 ? ;Yes.
;	MOV.B MOV.B	@SDRL,R0L R0L,@R2	;Load ;Save
;	ADDS ADDS DEC	#1,R1 #1,R2 R3L	;Increment Serial Transmitting Data Address ;Increment Serial Receiving Data Address ;Decrement Serial Data Counter
;	BNE BRA	MAIN1	;Serial Data Counter = H'00 ? No.
; MAIN3	.equ MOV.B MOV.B MOV.B MOV.B MOV.B	\$ #H'FF,R0L R0L,@SRD0 R0L,@SRD1 R0L,@SRD2 R0L,@SRD3	;Overrun Error ;Overrun Error ;Overrun Error ;Overrun Error
; MAIN4	.equ MOV.B MOV.B MOV.B	\$ #H'00,R0L ROL,@PMR3 ROL,@SCR1	;Initialize SI1 & SCK1 Pin Function ;Initialize Synchronous Serial Transfer Function
; MAIN9 ;	.equ BRA .end	\$ MAIN9	



Revision Record

		Descript	ion	
Rev.	Date	Page	Summary	
1.00	Dec.19.03	_	First edition issued	



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