

SH7450 Group/SH7451 Group

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Flash Rewrite (CAN Communication)

Introduction

This application note provides the user with an understanding of the rewrite program which receives data through the SH7450 Group/SH7451 Group CAN function and rewrites the received data to the on-chip flash memory.

Target Device

SH74504 (R5F74504KBG)

Precautions

Although the contents of the application note have been verified, refer to the latest hardware manual and evaluate the user system thoroughly before embedding the rewrite program.

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1. Overview

1.1 Specifications

The rewrite program (hereinafter referred to as P/E program) specifications are shown below. An overview of the system configuration is shown in Figure 1.1, and an overview of the P/E program and Flash Rewrite Tool^{*1} flowchart is shown in Figure 1.2.

- The P/E program is stored in the user boot MAT.
- The P/E program starts up in User Boot Mode^{*2}, and rewrites the user MAT area from EB02 to EB19 (Read Address: H'0000 4000 to H'000F FFFF, Write/Erase Address: H'FD80 4000 to H'FD8F FFFF).
- After transferring the P/E program stored in the user boot MAT to the internal IL memory and OL memory, the program is executed.
- Rewrite data is downloaded from the Flash Rewrite Tool by CAN communication.
- Data is downloaded in 256-byte units (ROM write units), and rewritten to the ROM.
- The data download and ROM rewrite processes are repeated until the target user MAT areas are rewritten completely.
- The start trigger for the P/E program and the request to send rewrite data are controlled by CAN communication with a specified command (refer to Table 2.2).
- The P/E program does not use the cache function.

1.2 On-chip Flash Memory

An overview of the SH7450 Group/SH7451 Group on-chip flash memory (hereinafter referred to as ROM) is shown below. Refer to "Section 12 ROM" in the "SH7450 Group, SH7451 Group Hardware Manual" for details.

- There are two kinds of memory area (user MAT and user boot MAT) in the same address space.
 - Memory areas can be switched with the following setting:
 - The start-up mode setting after a hardware reset is executed
 - Bank-switching through ROM-related registers
- *1 The Flash Rewrite Tool controls and sends rewrite data to the rewrite program by CAN communication. *2 User boot mode can rewrite a user MAT area with desired interface. Rewritable user MAT areas are as
 - follows:

SH74504: H'0000 0000 to H'001F FFFF (2 Mbytes) SH74513: H'0000 0000 to H'0017 FFFF (1.5 Mbytes)



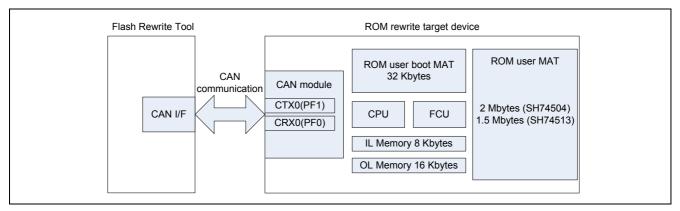


 Figure 1.1
 System Configuration Overview

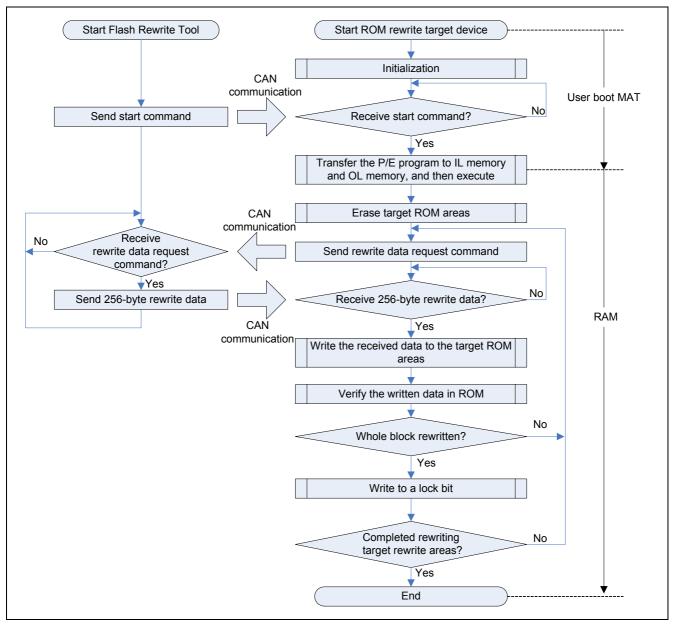


Figure 1.2 Overview of the P/E Program and the Flash Rewrite Tool



1.3 Functions

This section explains the SH7450 Group/SH7451 Group ROM features and registers used by the P/E program.

1.3.1 ROM

Figure 1.3 shows the block allocation and target rewrite areas in the P/E program.

A 0x0000 0000 0x0000 2000 0x0000 2000 0x0000 2FFF 0x0000 2FFF 0x000 2FFF 0x000 2FFF 0x		Read Address	ROM	Write/Erase Address
- -	A A		EB00 (8 Kbytes)	
- -		0x0000 2000	EB01 (8 Kbytes)	0xFD80 2000
- BA0000 2FFF - 0x0000 8000 - 0x0000 80000 - 0x0000 8000 - 0x00		0x0000 4000	,	0xFD80 4000
0x0000 6000 0x0000 8FFF 0x0000 C000 0x0000 8FFF 0x0000 C000 0x0000 8FFF 0x0000 C000 0x0000 FFFF 0x0000 C000 0x000 FFFF 0x0000 C000 0x000 FFFF 0x0000 C000 0x000 FFFF 0x0000 C000 0x000 FFFF 0x000 C000 0x000 FFFF 0x000 C000 0x000 FFFF 0x000 C000 0x000 FFFF 0x000 C000 0x000 FFFF 0x0000 C000 0xFBB FFFF 0x000 C000 0xFBB FFFF 0x000 C000 0xFBB FFFF			,	
- 0x0000 9FFF 0x0000 0000 -0x0000 PFFF 0x0000 0000 -0x0000 0FFF 0x0000 0000 -0x0001 0FFF 0x0000 0000 -0x0001 FFFF 0x0000 0000 -0x0002 FFFF 0x00000 0000 -0x0002 FFFF 0x0000 0000 -0x0002 FFFF 0x0000 0		0x0000 7FFF	,	0xFD80 7FFF
-bx0000 BFFF 0x0000 C000 0x0000 FFFF 0x0000 0000 0x0000		0x0000 9FFF	,	0xFD80 9FFF
-0x0000 EFFF 0x0000 E000 -0x0001 FFFF 0x0000 E000 -0x0001 FFFF 0x0000 E000 -0x0001 FFFF 0x0000 E000 -0x0001 FFFF 0x0000 E000 -0x0001 FFFF 0x0000 E000 -0x0000 FFFF 0x0000 EFFF 0x0000 EEB11 (128 Kbytes) EB19 (128 Kbytes) EB22 (128 Kbytes) EB23 (128 Kbytes) EB23 (128 Kbytes) EB23 (128 Kbytes) EB23 (128 Kbytes) EB24 (128 Kbyte		0x0000 BFFF	EB05 (8 Kbytes)	0xFD80 BFFF
0x0000 FFFF 0x0002 0000 0x0002 FFFF 0x0003 0000 0x0002 FFFF 0x0003 0000 0x0002 FFFF 0x0003 0000 0x0003 FFFF 0x0004 0000 0x0003 FFFF 0x0004 0000 0x0005 FFFF 0x0005 0000 0x0005 FFFF 0x0005 0000 0x0005 FFFF 0x0005 0000 0x0005 FFFF 0x0005 0000 0x0005 FFFF 0x0005 0000 0x0005 FFFF 0x0005 FFFF F 0x0005 FFFF F 0x005 FFFF F 0x05 FFF F 0x05 FFF F 0x05 FFF F 0x05 FFF F 0x05 FFF F 0x05 FFF F F			EB06 (8 Kbytes)	
0x0001 1000 0x0002 FFFF 0x0003 0000 0x0003 FFFF 0x0003 0000 0x0003 FFFF 0x0003 0000 0x0003 FFFF 0x0005 5000 0x0005 FFFF 0x0006 0000 0x0006 FFFF 0x0006 0000 0x0006 FFFF 0x0006 0000 0x0006 FFFF 0x0006 0000 0x0006 FFFF 0x0006 0000 0x0008 FFFF 0x0006 0000 0xFD88 FFFF 0x0006 0000 0xFD88 FFFF 0xFD80			EB07 (8 Kbytes)	
0x0001 FFFF 0x0002 0000 0x0003 FFFF 0x0003 0000 0x0003 FFFF 0x0004 FFFF 0x0006 0000 0x0005 FFFF 0x0008 0000 0x0005 FFFF 0x0008 0000 0x0008 FFFF 0x0008 FFFF F 0x0008 FFFF F F 0x0008 FFFF F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F		0x0001 0000	EB08 (64 Kbytes)	0xFD81 0000
-0x0003 FFFF 0x0003 0000 -0x003 0000 0x0004 FFFF -0xFD83 0000 0xFD83 0000 -0xFD83 0000 -0xFD83 0000 -0xFD83 0000 -0xFD83 0000 -0xFD83 0000 -0xFD84 0000 -0xFD84 0000 -0xFD83 0000 -0xFD81 FFFF -0xFD81 0000 -0xFD81 FFFF -0xFD81 0000 -0xFD81				
Ox0003 FFFF 0x0004 4000 0xFD83 0000 0x0005 0000 0x0005 0000 0x0005 0000 0x0005 0000 0x0005 0000 0x0005 0000 0x0005 FFF 0x0000 0000 0x0005 FFF 0x0012 0000 0x0011 FFFF 0x0012 0000 0x0013 FFFF 0x0012 0000 0x0013 FFFF 0x0015 FFFF 0x0015 FFFF 0x0015 FFFF 0x0015 FFFF 0x0015 FFFF 0x0015 FFFF 0x0015 0000 0x0015 FFFF 0x0015 FFFF 0x0015 FFFF 0x0015 0000 0x0015 FFFF 0x0015 0000 0x0015 FFFF 0x0015 0000 0x0015 FFFF 0x0015 0000 0x0015 FFFF 0x0015 0000 0x0015 FFFF 0x0015 0000 0x0015 FFFF 0x0015 0000 0xFD93 FFFF 0xFD93 0000 0xFD93 FFFF 0xFD93 0000 0xFD93 FFFF 0xFD93 0000 The target rewrite/erase ROM areas by the P/E program 0xFD83 FFFF 0x0005 0xFD83 FFFF 0xFD80 0000 0xFD83 FFFF 0xFD93 0000 0xFD81 FFFF 0xFD93 0000 0xFD93 FFFF 0xFD93 0000 0xFD93 FFFF 0xFD93 0000 0xFD93 FFFF 0xFD93 0000 0xFD93 FFFF 0xFD93 0000 0x015 0000 0x0016 0000 EB22 (128 Kbytes) 0xFD93 FFFF 0xFD93 0000 0xFD95 FFFF 0xFD93 0000 0x015 0000 0x0015 0000 EB22 (128 Kbytes) 0xFD95 FFFF 0xFD93 0000 0xFD95 FFFF 0xFD93 0000			EB09 (64 KDytes)	
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Ox0015 FFFF Ox0016 0000 OxFD95 FFFF 0x0017 FFFF EB23 (128 Kbytes) 0xFD97 FFFF SH74513 0x0018 0000 EB24 (128 Kbytes) 0xFD98 0000				
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(1 5 Mbytes) EB24 (128 Kbytes)	×	0x0017 FFFF		0xFD97 FFFF
			EB24 (128 Kbytes)	0xFD98 0000
0x001A 0000 0xFD9A 0000		<u></u>		
EB25 (128 Kbytes)			EB25 (128 Kbytes)	
0x001B FFFF 0x001C 0000 0xFD9B FFFF 0xFD9C 0000		0x001B FFFF 0x001C 0000		
EB26 (128 Kbytes)			EB26 (128 Kbytes)	
0x001D FFFF 0x001E 0000		0x001E 0000		
EB27 (128 Kbytes)		0x001F FFFF	EB27 (128 Kbytes)	0xFD9F FFFF
SH74504				
(2 Mbytes)	(2 Mbytes)			

Figure 1.3 Block Allocation and the P/E Program Target Rewrite/Erase Areas



1.3.2 ROM-Related Registers

ROM-related registers used by the P/E program, which starts in user boot mode, are shown below. ROM-related registers must be set by a program which performs in any areas except the ROM.

(1) ROM MAT Selection Register (ROMMAT)

- Used to switch the ROM MAT.
- This register is write enabled when H'3B is set to the KEY bits in 16-bit units.

Address	Bit		Function
	15 to 8	KEY	These bits enable or disable ROMSEL bit modification. The data written to these bits are not retained.
H'FDFF A820	7 to 1	-	Reserved Bits (should always be 0)
	0	ROMSEL	0: Selects the user MAT
			1: Selects the user boot MAT

(2) Flash P/E Mode Entry Register (FENTRYR)

- Used to set ROM mode.
- This register is write enabled when H'AA is set to the FEKEY bits in 16-bit units.
- This register is write disabled when all ROM blocks are not in read mode (H'0000), and the blocks are set to P/E mode.
- This register is write disabled if a value other than H'01 or H'02 is written to the lower 8 bits (b0 to b7).
- When an invalid data is set to this register, the flash control unit (FCU) initializes this register to H'0000.

Address	Bit		Function			
	15 to 8	FEKEY	These bits enable or disable rewriting of bits FENTRY1 and FENTRY0. Write data to these bits are not retained.			
	7 to 2	-	Reserved Bits (should always be 0)			
H'FDFF A902	1	FENTRY1	0: The block of ROM from EB20 to EB27 (1MB) is in read mode ^{*3} 1: The block of ROM from EB20 to EB27 (1MB) is in P/E mode ^{*4}			
	0	FENTRY0	0: The block of ROM from EB00 to EB19 (1MB) is in read mode 1: The block of ROM from EB00 to EB19 (1MB) is in P/E mode			

(3) Flash Protect Register (FPROTR)

- Set the lock bits^{*5} to enable/disable write/erase protection.
- This register is write enabled when H'55 is set to the FPKEY bits in 16-bit units in P/E mode.
- When an invalid data is set to this register, the FCU initializes this register to H'0000.

Address	Bit		Address		
	15 to 8	FPKEY	These bits enable or disable FPROTCN bit modification. The data written to these bits are not retained.		
H'FDFF A904	7 to 1	-	Reserved Bits (should always be 0)		
	0	FPROTCN	0: Enables protection through the lock bits1: Disables protection through the lock bits		

*3 The mode to read ROM.

*4 The mode to write/erase ROM.

*5 The bit for write/erase protection which is located at each ROM block.



(4) Flash Reset Register (FRESETR)

- Used to initialize the FCU.
- This register is write enabled when H'CC is set to the FRKEY bits in 16-bit units.
- When a reset is issued to the FCU during a ROM write/erase operation, the current process is aborted, and the FCU is initialized.
- After initializing the FCU (FRESET bit is 1) by software and maintaining the initialized state for 100 µs, by releasing FCU initialization (FRESET bit is 0), the FCU initialization process is completed.

Address	Bit		Function		
	15 to 8	FRKEY	These bits enable or disable FRESET bit modification. The data written		
	15 10 0		to these bits are not retained.		
H'FDFF A906	7 to 1	-	Reserved Bits (should always be 0)		
	0 FRESET 0: Issue no reset to the FCU.	0: Issue no reset to the FCU.			
	0	FRESET	1: Issues a reset to the FCU.		

- (5) Flash Access Status Register (FASTAT)
 - Used to check the status of a ROM access error.
 - When an unauthorized access occurs on ROM, the FCU sets the corresponding error bit.
 - Used to check FCU command lock status.

Address	Bit		Function
	7	ROMAE	0: No ROM access error has occurred.
	'	ROWAE	1: A ROM access error has occurred.
H'FDFF A810	6 to 5	-	Reserved Bits (should always be 0)
TIFDEF AOTO	4	CMDLK	0: The FCU is not in a command-locked state
	4	CIVIDER	1: The FCU is in a command-locked state
	3 to 0	-	Reserved Bits

(6) Flash Status Register 0 (FSTATR0)

- Used to check the FCU status and various error states.
- When an error occurs during a write/erase operation, the corresponding error bit is set.
- When the FCU detects an unauthorized command or unauthorized ROM access, the corresponding error bit is set.

Address	Bit		Function
	7	FRDY	0: Programming or erasure process, or lock bit read command processing.1: None of the above is in progress.
	6	ILGLERR	0: The FCU has not detected any illegal command or illegal ROM access1: The FCU has detected an illegal command or illegal ROM access
H'FDFF A900	5	ERSERR	0: Erasure process has been completed successfully 1: An error has occurred during erasure
	4	PRGERR	0: Programming has been completed successfully 1: An error has occurred during programming
	3	FCUSO	0: Sequence stopped 1: Sequence is in progress
	2 to 0	-	Reserved Bits (should always be 0)



SH7450 Group/SH7451 Group

- (7) Flash Status Register 1 (FSTATR1) Used to check the FCU status and read lock bit data.
 - When an error occurs during CPU processing, the FCU sets the corresponding error bit.
 - When an error occurs while the FCU accesses internal data, the corresponding error bit is set.

Address	Bit		Function		
	7	FCUERR	0: No error has occurred during the CPU process in the FCU.1: An error has occurred during the CPU process in the FCU.		
	6 to 5	-	Reserved Bits (should always be 0)		
	4 3 to 2 1	FLOCKST	0: Protect status		
H'FDFF A901			1: Non-protected status		
		-	Reserved Bits (should always be 0)		
		FRDTCT	0: No FCU data access error has occurred.		
			1: An FCU data access error has occurred.		
	0	-	Reserved Bit (should always mask this bit because the read value from this bit is undefined)		



1.3.3 Controller Area Network (CAN) Channel 0

CAN channel 0 is used for transmitting and receiving control commands and receiving (downloading) rewrite data. The CAN communication specifications and control commands in the P/E program are shown in "2.1 Initial Settings".

1.3.4 Timer Unit (TMU) Channel 0

TMU channel 0 is used for the wait time control and timeout detection during rewrite processing. The timer setting in the P/E program is shown in "2.3 Initial Setting of the P/E Program".

1.4 **Operating Conditions**

The operating conditions of the P/E program are shown in Table 1.1.

Item	Contents
MCU	SH7450 Group/SH7451 Group
Input frequency	20 MHz
Clock frequencies	CPU clock (lck): 240 MHz
	Periphery clock (Pck): 40 MHz
Operating mode	Single-chip mode: User boot mode
Development tool	Renesas Electronics
	High-performance Embedded Workshop Version 4.08.00.011
C/C++ compiler	Renesas Electronics
	C/C++ Compiler Package for SuperH RISC Engine Family V.9.03 Release 02

Table 1.1Operating Conditions



2. Program Specifications

This section explains the operation and specifications of the P/E program. The contents follow the order in the Figure 2.1 flowchart.

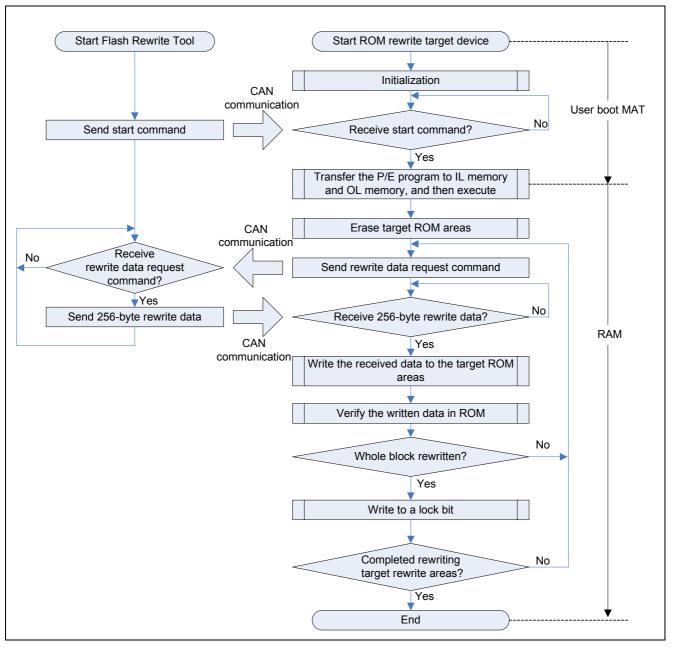


Figure 2.1 Overview of the P/E Program and the Flash Rewrite Tool

2.1 Initial Settings

The initial setting executes programs in the user boot MAT. The initial setting flowchart is shown in Figure 2.2.

(1) Pin function settings

Set "I/O Port: PF0" to the CAN input pin function CRX0. Set "I/O Port: PF1" to the CAN output pin function CTX0.

(2) CAN module initial settings

In the CAN module initial settings, command transmission/reception and rewrite data reception settings are performed. The CAN communication specifications in the P/E program are shown in Table 2.1, and control command specifications are shown in Table 2.2.

	Table	2.1 CAN	Commu	unicatio	n Specificatio	ons	
	Item		Specification				
Communicat	tion transmission rate	500 kbps					
Format		Standard ID) format				
Pins	Transmission side	CTX0 (PF1	CTX0 (PF1)				
PINS	Reception side	CRX0 (PF0)					
		Mailbox	Tx/Rx	ID	Data Length	Usage	
		C0MB0	Rx	H'100	1-byte	Receive start command	
Mailboxes	C0MB1	Rx	H'111	8-byte	Receive ROM rewrite data		
		C0MB32	Тx	H'101	1-byte	Send rewrite data request command	
Sample poin	t	62.50%	<u> </u>	1		command	

Table 2.2 Control Command Specifications						
Command	Data	Function				
Start command	H'11	Request to start ROM rewrite process				
Rewrite data request command	H'22	Request to send 256-byte rewrite data				

(3) Preparation for reception

According to the above CAN communication specifications, initialize mailbox 0 to receive the start command.

(4) Start command reception

After receiving the start command from the Flash Rewrite Tool by CAN communication, the P/E program transfer is performed.

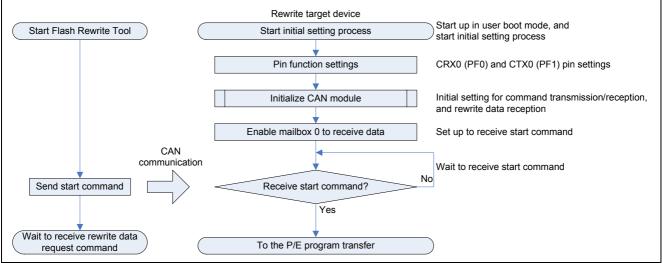


Figure 2.2 **Initial Setting Process**



2.2 Transfer and Execution of the P/E Program

The P/E program transfer process is executed in the user boot MAT area. After the initial settings are completed, if the start command is received from the Flash Rewrite Tool, the transfer process starts. After masking all the interrupt requests except NMI, the P/E program is transferred from the user boot MAT to IL memory and OL memory. After the P/E program transfer is completed, the P/E program in the IL memory and OL memory areas is executed.

The flowchart of transfer and execution process of the P/E program is shown in Figure 2.3.

(1) P/E program transfer

The P/E program in the user boot MAT area is transferred to IL memory and OL memory.

(2) P/E program execution

The P/E program transferred to the IL memory is executed.

P/E program processing is executed in the following order: Initial setting \rightarrow ROM erase \rightarrow ROM write.

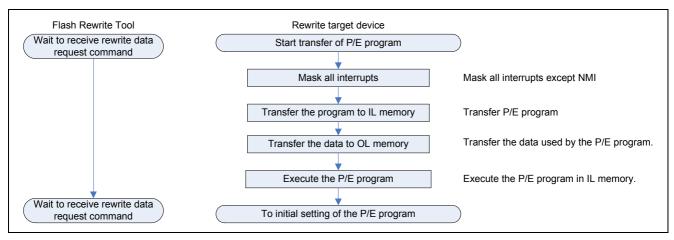


Figure 2.3 Transfer and Execution Process of the P/E Program

Notes on the NMI Interrupt

When an NMI interrupt is generated, perform the procedure below in the NMI interrupt handler. During ROM erase/write, if an NMI interrupt is generated and the procedure below is not performed before turning off the power, ROM may fail.

In the attached sample code, the BL bit in the SR register is 1 (mask an interrupt request), and the NMIB bit in the ICR0 register is 0 (NMI interrupts will be deferred when BL is 1), so an NMI interrupt may not be generated.

- (1) Wait until the FCU is in an idle state (the FRDY bit in the FSTATR0 register is 1).
- (2) Check the current ROM mode. If it is in P/E mode, switch to read mode.
- (3) After performing (1) and (2), perform an appropriate interrupt handler.



2.3 Initial Setting of the P/E Program

After executing the P/E program that was transferred to the IL memory and OL memory areas. perform the initial settings necessary to rewrite ROM. Figure 2.4 shows the flowchart of the initial settings for the P/E program.

(1) ROM MAT switch

The ROM memory areas are switched from the user boot MAT (the P/E program stored area) to the user MAT (target rewrite/erase area). If an error is detected, the process moves to "2.7 Error Processing (2)".

(2) Timer unit initial setting for the wait and timeout detection

The timer count is stopped, and then the counter clock is initialized. The wait and timeout detection for each process in the P/E program are shown in Table 2.3.

	Definition Label	Setting Value	Unit	
Wait time FRESET "1" setting time		tRESW2	100	μs
Timeout detection time	256-byte write time	tP256	12	ms
	8 Kbytes block erase time	tE8K	150	ms
	64 Kbytes block erase time	tE64K	1120	ms
	128 Kbytes block erase time	tE128K	2240	ms

Table 2.3 Wait/Timeout Detection Time

Besides the above table, mode transition standby time (tMODEW = 1µs) and timeout of lock bit read (tLCKR = 10µs) are used to follow usage examples of ROM in the hardware manual.

(3) FCU initialization process

After setting the FRESET bit in the FRESETR register to 1 (issues reset to the FCU) by software and maintaining the initialized state for 100 µs, reset the FRESET bit to 0 (issues no reset to the FCU).

(4) ROM P/E mode setting

Depending on a target block, set the FENTRY1 or FENTRY0 bit in the FENTRYR register to 1 (a target ROM block is in P/E mode), and wait 1 µs by software for mode transition.

The ROM P/E mode entry bit correspondence table is shown in Table 2.4. EB02 to EB19 (H'FD80 4000 to H'FD8F FFFF) is the write/erase target area in the P/E program, so the P/E program sets the FENTRY0 bit to 1.

Table 2.4 ROM P/E Mode Entry Bit Correspondence Table				
Model Name Bit Nam		Target Block Number	Writing/Erase ROM Address	
SH74504	FENTRY1	EB20 to EB27	H'FD90 0000 to H'FD9F FFFF	
	FENTRY0	EB00 to EB19	H'FD80 0000 to H'FD8F FFFF	
SH74513	FENTRY1	EB20 to EB23	H'FD90 0000 to H'FD97 FFFF	
	FENTRY0	EB00 to EB19	H'FD80 0000 to H'FD8F FFFF	

After the initial setting, the target block erase process is executed.



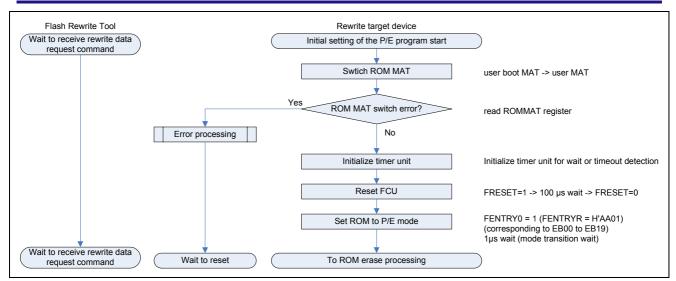


Figure 2.4 P/E Program Initial Setting Process



2.4 ROM Erase

Erase target ROM areas. The ROM erase flowchart is shown in Figure 2.5.

(1) Disable lock bit protection

If erase block is protected, disable the lock bit protect. Refer to "2.6 Disabling Lock Bit Protection" for details.

(2) Erase block

Use the block erase command to erase the target block. In case an error is detected during this process, the process moves to "2.7 Error Processing (1)".

Processes (1) and (2) above are repeated until all target blocks are erased. After ROM is erased, ROM write is executed.

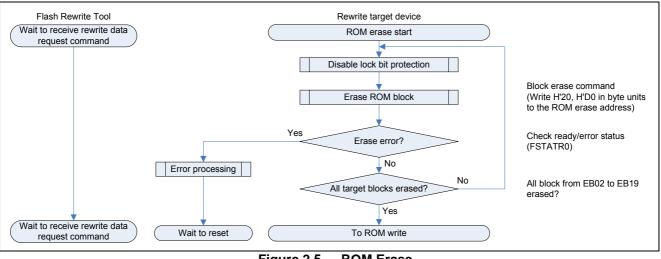


Figure 2.5 ROM Erase



2.5 ROM Write

The data downloaded from the Flash Rewrite Tool is written in the target ROM areas. In this process, (1) is executed before writing to each ROM block. Steps (2) to (4) are repeated successively in 256-byte units until all target blocks are written. When a block is successfully written, (5) is executed to protect the data.

Details of steps (2) to (5) are show in 2.5.1 to 2.5.4.

- (1) Disable lock bit protection (refer to "2.6 Disabling Lock Bit Protection")
- (2) Download rewrite data from the Flash Rewrite Tool.
- (3) Write the download data to ROM.
- (4) Verify the written data in ROM.
- (5) Write lock bit.

If an error is detected in step (3) or (5), the process moves to "2.7 Error Processing (1)". If an error is detected in step (4), the process moves to "2.7 Error Processing (2)".

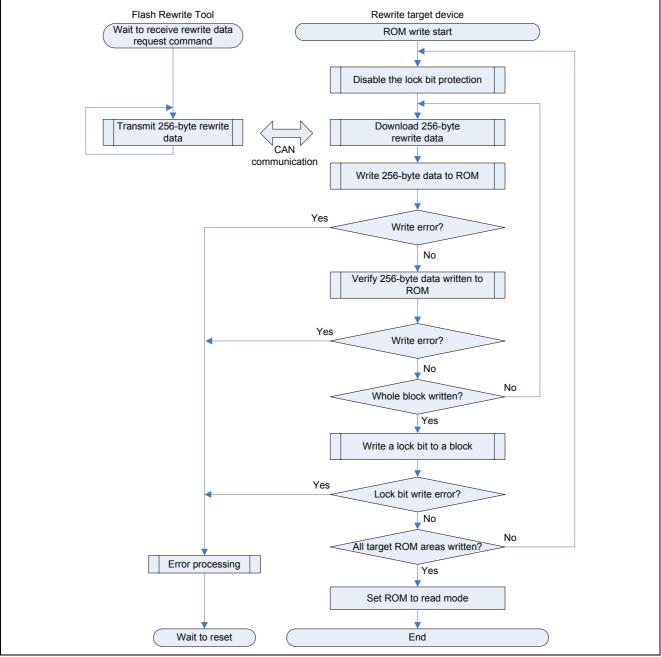


Figure 2.6 ROM Write Overview



2.5.1 Rewrite Data Download from the Flash Rewrite Tool

Transmit the rewrite data request command to the Flash Rewrite Tool, and receive (download) 256-byte rewrite data from the Flash Rewrite Tool by CAN communication.

The flowchart of downloading the 256-byte rewrite data is shown in Figure 2.7.

(1) Transmission of the rewrite data request command

According to the CAN communication specification (Table 2.1) and control command specification (Table 2.2), the rewrite data request command is transmitted to the Flash Rewrite Tool.

(2) Download 256-byte rewrite data

According to the CAN communication specification (Table 2.1), 256-byte rewrite data is downloaded from the Flash Rewrite Tool. The downloaded data is stored in OL memory.

When the 256-byte data download is completed, that data is written to ROM. Even if there is no rewrite data in a part of the ROM area, the P/E program must receive consecutive 256-byte data, so the Flash Rewrite Tool must send H'FF (initial ROM data) data instead of no rewrite data.

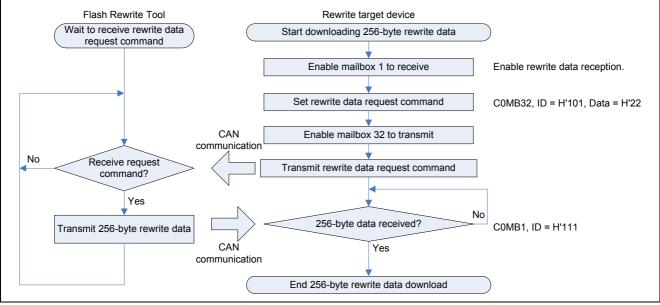


Figure 2.7 256-byte Rewrite Data Download



2.5.2 256-byte Data Write to ROM

Downloaded 256-byte data in 2.5.1 is written to ROM. The flowchart of the 256-byte data write to ROM is shown in Figure 2.8.

- (1) 256-byte data write to ROM
 - 256-byte data is written to ROM by a program command. If an error is detected, the process moves to "2.7Error Processing (1)".

After writing 256-byte data to ROM, the ROM data is read and verified.

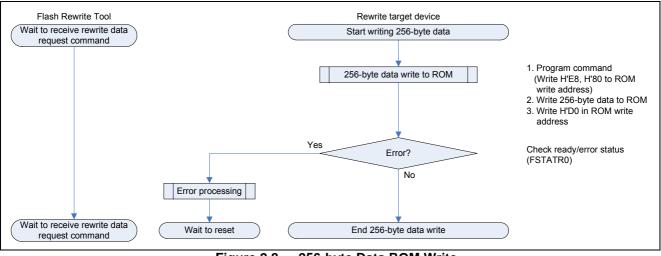


Figure 2.8 256-byte Data ROM Write



2.5.3 Verifying 256-byte Data Written to ROM

Compare 256-byte data in ROM (2.5.2) with the 256-byte data in OL memory (2.5.1) to check data integrity of the written data in ROM. The flowchart of ROM data verification is shown in Figure 2.9.

(1) Setting ROM read mode

Set bits FENTRY1 and FENTRY0 in the FENTRYR register to 0 (ROM read mode). Wait 1 µs for ROM mode transition by software.

(2) Comparing 256-byte data

Compare the 256-byte data in ROM with the 256-byte data in the OL memory. When a difference in the data is detected, the P/E program judges this as an error. If the error is detected, the process moves to "2.7 Error Processing (2)".

(3) Setting ROM P/E mode

Set the target blocks to P/E mode. Refer to "2.3 Initial Setting of the P/E Program (4)" for details.

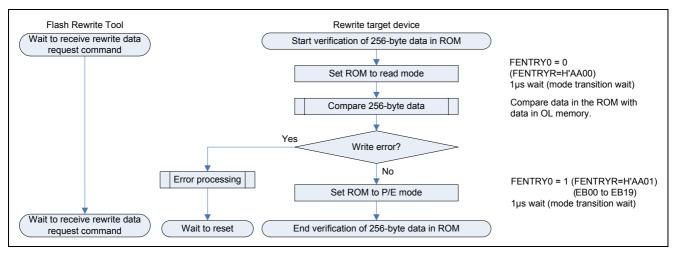


Figure 2.9 ROM Data Verification



2.5.4 Lock Bit Write

After writing to a block, write the lock bit to protect the data. The flowchart of the lock bit write is shown in Figure 2.10. Refer to Figure 1.3 for details of each block size.

(1) Writing the lock bit

Use the lock bit program command to write the lock bit of the target block. If an error is detected, the process moves to "2.7 Error Processing (2)".

Processing is complete when all target areas (H'FD80 4000 to H'FD8F FFFFF (EB02 to EB19)) have been written.

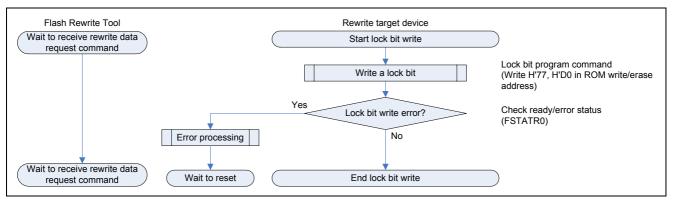


Figure 2.10 Lock Bit Write



2.6 Disabling Lock Bit Protection

Read the status of the lock bit for each block. If the block is protected, disable the lock bit protection. The flowchart for Disabling Lock Bit Protection is shown in Figure 2.11.

(1) Reading the current lock bit status

Use the lock bit read command to read the block protection status. If the block is protected (FLOCKST bit in the FSTATR1 register is 0), (2) is executed. If the block is not protected (FLOCKST bit

in the FSTATR1 register is 1), the process ends.

If an error is detected, the process moves to "2.7 Error Processing (1)".

(2) Disabling lock bit protection

Set the FLOCKST bit in the FSTATR1 register to 1 and disable the lock bit protect of a block.

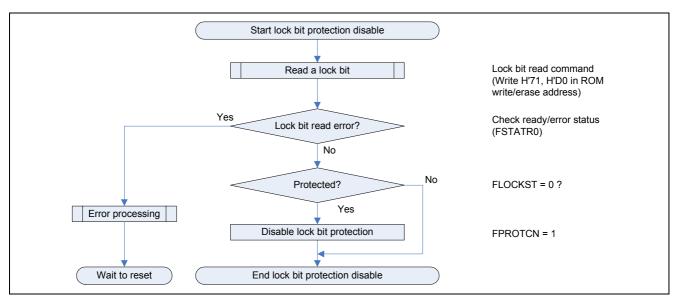


Figure 2.11 Disabling Lock Bit Protection



2.7 Error Processing

Explain about error processing during the ROM rewrite process. An error processing flowchart is shown in Figure 2.12.

(1) Error processing while ROM is in P/E mode

Abort the current process, reset the FCU, and wait until a hardware reset is executed.

(2) Error processing while ROM is in read mode

Abort the current process and wait until a hardware reset is executed.

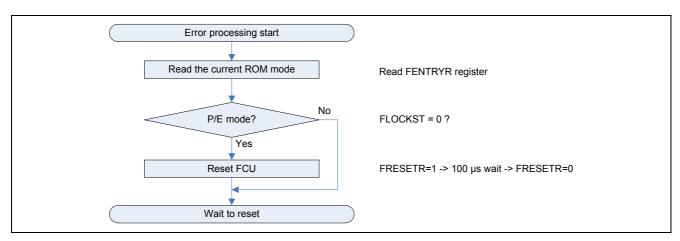


Figure 2.12 Error Processing



2.8 File Structure

The file structure of the P/E program is shown in Table 2.5.

Table 2.5	File Structure

File Name	Contents		
dbsct.c	B section and D section setting file		
env.inc	Address definition of exception event register and interrupt event register		
main.c	Main function program		
platform.h	Type declaration file		
resetprg.c	Reset program		
rom_rewrite_ubm.h	Macro definition file for the P/E program		
sh7450_iodefine_20100625.h	SH7450 Group/SH7451 Group SFR definition file		
stacksct.h	Stack size definition file		
typedefine.h	Type declaration file (project generator created)		
vect.inc	Vector definition file		
vecttbl.src	Interrupt vector table definition file		
vhandler.src	Interrupt handler program		



2.9

2.9 Section setting The section setting in the P/E program is shown in Table 2.6

Address	Мар	Section Name	Explanation	
H'0000 0000		RSTHandler	Reset handler	
		INTHandler	Exception/Interrupt handler	
H'0000 0800		VECTTBL	Vector table	
		INTTBL	Interrupt mask table	
H'0000 1000		PResetPRG	Reset program	
H'0000 2000	Internal	P_UB_PRG_TOP	P/E program storage area	
110000 2000	ROM	D_UB_data	Rewrite address data in ROM area	
		Р	Program area	
		С	Constant area	
H'0000 3000		C\$BSEC	B section initialization table	
		C\$DSEC	D section initialization table	
		D	Initialization data area	
H'E500 E000	OL memory	R_UB_data_RAM	Rewrite address data in RAM area	
		В	Non-initialized data area	
		R	Initialization data area	
		S	Stack address area	
H'E520 0000	IL memory	P UB PRG RAM P/E program transfer and execution area		

Table 2.6 User Boot MAT Section Setting

Sections mapped from ROM to RAM

ROM	RAM
D	R
P_UB_PRG_TOP	P_UB_PRG_RAM
D_UB_data	R_UB_data_RAM



2.10 Function List

The functions used in the P/E program are listed below.

Function name	can_init
Argument	None
Return value	None
Function	The CAN module and the I/O port used by the CAN module are initialized.
Note	None

Function name	ubrom_ram
Argument	None
Return value	None
Function	Transfer the P/E program stored in the user boot MAT area to IL memory and OL
	memory.
Note	Execute the can_init function before calling this function.

Function name	rom_rewrite_start
Argument	None
Return value	None
Function	Download rewrite data by CAN communication, and write 1008 Kbytes of data in the
	target user MAT area (ROM address: H '0000 4000 to H' 000F FFFF).
Note	Execute the can_init function before calling this function.



3. Reference Documents

Hardware manual SH7450 Group, SH7451 Group Hardware Manual Rev.1.00 (REJ09B0454-0100) The latest version can be downloaded from the Renesas Electronics website.

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REVISION HISTORY

SH7450 Group/SH7451 Group Flash rewrite (CAN communication)

Rev. Date			Description
		Page	Summary
1.00	Aug 26, 2010	-	First edition issued

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- The states of internal circuits in the LSI are indeterminate and the states of register settings and pins are undefined at the moment when power is supplied.
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