

RZ/T2M Group

HIPERFACE DSL Safety sample program

Introduction

This application note explains a sample program for acquiring and indicating information including safety data from an encoder in conformance with the HIPERFACE DSL® communications protocol specification by using the encoder I/F configuration library ("EC-Lib") of the RZ/T2M.

The features of the program:

- Acquiring angle information, etc. from an encoder (EDM35-2KF0A020A) compliant with the HIPERFACE DSL® communications protocol specification

Target Device

RZ/T2M

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1. Specifications

Table 1.1 lists the peripheral functions to be used and their applications and Figure 1.1 shows the operating environment when the sample code is being executed.

Table 1.1 Peripheral Functions and Applications

Peripheral Module	Application
HIPERFACE DSL controller (HFDSL)	Handling transfer to and from an absolute encoder incorporating a facility for handling the HIPERFACE DSL® communications protocol
Interrupt controller (ICU)	Controlling interrupts from the HFDSL controller
General PWM timer (GPT) channel 0	Generating event cycles for input to the ELC
Event link controller (ELC)	Makes the link between events output from channel 0 of the GPT and the HFDSL module.
Serial Communication Interface (SCI) UART	Asynchronous communications of the SCI are used for COM port communications by using USB interface.

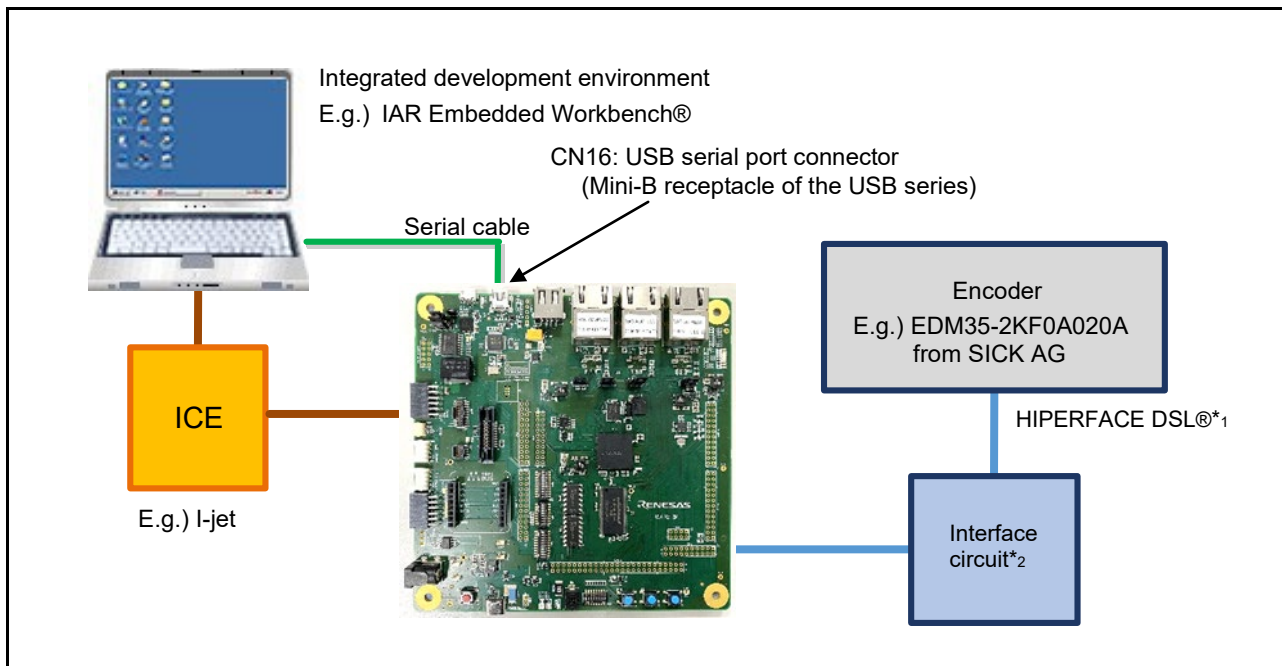


Figure 1-1 Operating Environment

- Note 1. Contact the manufacturer of the encoder you are using regarding the length of the cable that can handle transfer.
- Note 2. Refer to the HIPERFACE DSL® Implementation Manual for details of the interface circuit. The specification can be obtained by contacting SICK AG.

IAR Embedded Workbench is a registered trademark of IAR Systems.

2. Operating Environment

The sample code covered in this application note is for the environment below.

Table 2.1 Operating Environment

Item	Description
Microcomputer	RZ/T2M group
Operating frequency	CPUCLK = 800MHz
Operating voltage	1.1V(Core) / 1.8V(PLL, etc.) / 3.3V(I/O)
Integrated development environment *1	IAR Systems Embedded Workbench® for ARM RENESAS e2 studio
Board	RZ/T2M Evaluation Board (RTK9RZT2M0CW1000BE)
Devices	None

Note 1. Refer to the release note for the RZ/T2M Group Encoder I/F HIPERFACE DSL Safety sample program to check the version number of the integrated development environment.

3. Peripheral Functions

The basics of the peripheral modules, operating modes, and registers are described in the “RZ/T2M Group User’s Manual: Hardware”

3.1 Pins

The pins used and their functions are listed in the table below.

Table 3.1 Pins Used and Their Functions

Channel	Pin Name (Pin Function Name)	I/O	I/O Port	Description
HFDSL0	dsl_in0 (ENCIF0)	Input	P01_6	Data input pin
	dsl_out0- (ENCIF2)	Output	P02_0	Data output pin
	dsl_en0 (ENCIF3)	Output	P02_2	Driving/reception control pin
HFDSL1	dsl_in1 (ENCIF5)	Input	P17_3	Data input pin
	dsl_out1 (ENCIF7)	Output	P17_5	Data output pin
	dsl_en1 (ENCIF8)	Output	P03_0	Driving/reception control pin

4. Software

4.1 HFDSL Driver Function

The functions of the HFDSL driver are listed below.

1. Initial settings
2. Acquiring positional data
3. Transmitting and receiving messages

4.2 File Structure

For the file structure, refer to the release note for the RZ/T2M Group Encoder I/F HIPERFACE DSL Safety sample program.

4.3 Functions

The functions to be used are listed in the table below.

Table 4.1 Functions

Category	Function Name	Page Number
HFDSL driver API functions	R_HFDSL_Open	8
	R_HFDSL_Close	8
	R_HFDSL_GetVersion	9
	R_HFDSL_CheckInitSeq	9
	R_HFDSL_Control	9
User-defined functions	hfdsl_int_nml_callback	17
	hfdsl_int_err_callback	17
	hfdsl_int_raw_callback	18
	hfdsl_int_safety_callback	18
	hfdsl_int_mrcv_callback	19
	hfdsl_int_init_callback	19
Interrupt handlers	hfdsl_int_nml_isr_ch0	20
	hfdsl_int_nml_isr_ch1	20
	hfdsl_int_err_isr_ch0	20
	hfdsl_int_err_isr_ch1	21
	hfdsl_int_tovr_isr_ch0	21
	hfdsl_int_tovr_isr_ch1	21

4.4 Specifications of API Functions

4.4.1 R_HFDSL_Open

R_HFDSL_Open													
Synopsis	Starts controlling operation of the encoder.												
Header	r_hfdsl_rzt2_if.h r_hfdsl_rzt2_dat.h												
Declaration	int32_t R_HFDSL_Open(const int32_t id, r_hfdsl_info_t* pinfo);												
Description	Call this function before using the HFDSL driver. It initializes the driver. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Setting the interrupts • Setting the callback functions 												
Argument	<table border="0"> <tr> <td>id</td> <td>Specifies the ID to be used.</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>R_HFDSL0_ID</td> <td>: Specifies channel 0</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>R_HFDSL1_ID</td> <td>: Specifies channel 1</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>Other than those above</td> <td>: Setting is not allowed</td> </tr> </table> <p>pinfo Holder for the initial settings of the driver Set the pointer to the r_hfdsl_info_t structure which holds the information on the initial settings of the driver.</p>	id	Specifies the ID to be used.			R_HFDSL0_ID	: Specifies channel 0		R_HFDSL1_ID	: Specifies channel 1		Other than those above	: Setting is not allowed
id	Specifies the ID to be used.												
	R_HFDSL0_ID	: Specifies channel 0											
	R_HFDSL1_ID	: Specifies channel 1											
	Other than those above	: Setting is not allowed											
Returned value	R_HFDSL_SUCCESS: Normal termination R_HFDSL_ERR_INVALID_ARG: Abnormal termination (a value for a member variable of the r_hfdsl_info_t structure for a value for id or pinfo has not been specified) R_HFDSL_ERR_ACCESS: Abnormal termination												
Note	Before calling this function, be sure to use the EC-Lib to configure and start the multi-protocol encoder IF. Calling this API function from within a callback function is prohibited.												

4.4.2 R_HFDSL_Close

R_HFDSL_Close									
Synopsis	Ending control of the encoder								
Header	r_hfdsl_rzt2_if.h r_hfdsl_rzt2_dat.h								
Declaration	int32_t R_HFDSL_Close(const int32_t id);								
Description	This function stops controlling operation of the encoder on the designated channel.								
Argument	<table border="0"> <tr> <td>id</td> <td>: Specifies the ID to be used.</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>R_HFDSL0_ID : Specifies Channel 0</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>R_HFDSL1_ID : Specifies Channel 1</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>Other than above : Setting is not allowed</td> </tr> </table>	id	: Specifies the ID to be used.		R_HFDSL0_ID : Specifies Channel 0		R_HFDSL1_ID : Specifies Channel 1		Other than above : Setting is not allowed
id	: Specifies the ID to be used.								
	R_HFDSL0_ID : Specifies Channel 0								
	R_HFDSL1_ID : Specifies Channel 1								
	Other than above : Setting is not allowed								
Return Value	R_HFDSL_SUCCESS: Normal termination R_HFDSL_ERR_INVALID_ARG: Abnormal termination (the value of id was not the value specified for the encoder)								
Note	Before calling this function, be sure to call R_HFDSL_Open. Calling this API function from within a callback function is prohibited								

4.4.3 R_HFDSL_GetVersion

R_HFDSL_GetVersion

Synopsis	Acquire the version number of the encoder interface driver.
Header	r_hfdsl_rzt2_if.h r_hfdsl_rzt2_dat.h
Declaration	uint32_t R_HFDSL_GetVersion(void);
Description	This function acquires the version number of the HFDSL driver.
Argument	None
Return value	The major part of the version number is stored in the sixteen higher-order bits and the minor part of the version number is stored in the sixteen lower-order bits.
Note	Before calling this function, be sure to use the EC-Lib to configure and start the multi-protocol encoder IF.

4.4.4 R_HFDSL_CheckInitSeq

R_HFDSL_CheckInitSeq

Synopsis	Acquire status of the encoder initialization sequence.
Header	r_hfdsl_rzt2_if.h r_hfdsl_rzt2_dat.h
Declaration	uint32_t R_HFDSL_CheckInitSeq(const int32_t id);
Description	This function acquires status of the encoder initialization sequence.
Argument	id : Designates the ID code to be used. R_HFDSL0_ID : Specifies channel 0 R_HFDSL1_ID : Specifies channel 1 Other than above : Setting is not allowed
Return value	0 ~ 3: Shows INIT[1:0] bit value of the EVENT register R_HFDSL_ERR_INVALID_ARG: Abnormal termination (the id is not a stipulated value.)

4.4.5 R_HFDSL_Control

R_HFDSL_Control

Synopsis	Controlling operation of the encoder.
Header	r_hfdsl_rzt2_if.h r_hfdsl_rzt2_dat.h
Declaration	int32_t R_HFDSL_Control(const int32_t id, const r_hfdsl_cmd_t cmd, void *const pbuf);
Description	This function controls operations of the encoder by using the cmd argument. See Section 4.4.5(1), Protocol Initialization Commands and Section 4.4.5(2), Control Commands for the operation of the control com
Argument	id : Designates the ID code to be used. R_HFDSL0_ID : Specifies channel 0 R_HFDSL1_ID : Specifies channel 1 Other than above : Setting is not allowed cmd : Command For details, see Section 4.4.5(1), Protocol Initialization Commands and Section 4.4.5(2), Control Commands. pbuf : Arguments corresponding to each cmd.
Return value	R_HFDSL_SUCCESS: Normal termination R_HFDSL_ERR_INVALID_ARG: Abnormal termination (the id or cmd is not a stipulated value.) See Section 4.4.5(1), Protocol Initialization Commands and Section 4.4.5(2), Control Commands for other returned values.

(1) Protocol Initialization Commands**(a) R_HFDSL_CMD_INIT1**

R_HFDSL_CMD_INIT1	
Synopsis	Protcol initialization1
Header	r_hfdsl_rzt2_if.h r_hfdsl_rzt2_dat.h
Declaration	int32_t R_HFDSL_Control (const int32_t id, const r_hfdsl_cmd_t cmd, void *const pbuf);
Description	Call this function after executing function R_HFDSL_Open or after a protocol reset. Call the protocol initialization commands R_HFDSL_CMD_INIT2 to R_HFDSL_CMD_INIT6 after calling this function. For how to detect a protocol reset, see Section 4.5.2 hfdsl_int_err_callback.
Argument	id : Specifies the ID to be used. R_HFDSL0_ID : Specifies channel 0 R_HFDSL1_ID : Specifies channel 1 : Setting is not allowed cmd : Specifies R_HFDSL_CMD_INIT1 pbuf : Specify NULL
Return value	R_HFDSL_SUCCESS: Normal termination R_HFDSL_ERR_INVALID_ARG: Abnormal termination (a value for id or pbuf is invalid) R_HFDSL_ERR_ACCESS: Abnormal termination (R_HFDSL_Open has not been executed.)
Note	Calling this API function from within a callback function is prohibited.

(b) R_HFDSL_CMD_INIT2

R_HFDSL_CMD_INIT2	
Synopsis	Protocol initialization 2
Header	r_hfdsl_rzt2_if.h r_hfdsl_rzt2_dat.h
Declaration	int32_t R_HFDSL_Control (const int32_t id, const r_hfdsl_cmd_t cmd, void *const pbuf);
Description	Execute the protocol initialization command R_HFDSL_CMD_INIT1, and then execute this function after the INIT bits in the EVENT register have been set to 1. Execute the protocol initialization command R_HFDSL_CMD_INIT3 following a call of this function.
Argument	id : Specifies the ID to be used. R_HFDSL0_ID : Specifies channel 0 R_HFDSL1_ID : Specifies channel 1 : Setting is not allowed cmd : Specifies R_HFDSL_CMD_INIT2 pbuf : Specify NULL
Return value	R_HFDSL_SUCCESS: Normal termination R_HFDSL_ERR_INVALID_ARG: Abnormal termination (a value for id or pbuf is invalid) R_HFDSL_ERR_ACCESS: Abnormal termination (R_HFDSL_CMD_INIT1 has not been executed)
Note	Calling this API function from within a callback function is prohibited.

(c) R_HFDSL_CMD_INIT3

R_HFDSL_CMD_INIT3	
Synopsis	Protocol initialization 3
Header	r_hfdsl_rzt2_if.h r_hfdsl_rzt2_dat.h
Declaration	int32_t R_HFDSL_Control (const int32_t id, const r_hfdsl_cmd_t cmd, void *const pbuf);
Description	Execute the protocol initialization command R_HFDSL_CMD_INIT2, and then execute this function. Execute the protocol initialization command R_HFDSL_CMD_INIT4 following a call of this function. The settings for the individual registers are the constants listed in Table 4.3 User-Defined Constants for the HFDSL Driver (r_hfdsl_rzt2_config.h). When changing operation of the HFDSL controller, change these constants.
Argument	id : Specifies the ID to be used R_HFDSL0_ID : Specifies channel 0 R_HFDSL1_ID : Specifies channel 1 Those than above : Setting is not allowed cmd : Specifies R_HFDSL_CMD_INIT3 pbuf : Specify NULL
Return value	R_HFDSL_SUCCESS: Normal termination R_HFDSL_ERR_INVALID_ARG: Abnormal termination (a value for id is invalid) R_HFDSL_ERR_ACCESS: Abnormal termination (R_HFDSL_CMD_INIT2 has not been executed)
Note	Calling this API function from within a callback function is prohibited.

(d) R_HFDSL_CMD_INIT4

R_HFDSL_CMD_INIT4	
Synopsis	Protocol initialization 4
Header	r_hfdsl_rzt2_if.h r_hfdsl_rzt2_dat.h
Declaration	int32_t R_HFDSL_Control (const int32_t id, const r_hfdsl_cmd_t cmd, void *const pbuf);
Description	Execute the protocol initialization command R_HFDSL_CMD_INIT3, and then execute this function, after waiting for 1 ms following the INIT bits in the EVENT register having been set to 2. Execute the protocol initialization command R_HFDSL_CMD_INIT5 following a call of this function. If the value returned is R_HFDSL_ERR_INIT and the protocol is to be initialized again, start over again from the protocol initialization command R_HFDSL_CMD_INIT1 after executing the control command R_HFDSL_CMD_RST.
Argument	id : Specifies the ID to be used. R_HFDSL0_ID : Specifies channel 0 R_HFDSL1_ID : Specifies channel 1 Those than above : Setting is not allowed cmd : Specifies R_HFDSL_CMD_INIT4 pbuf : Specify NULL
Return value	R_HFDSL_SUCCESS: Normal termination R_HFDSL_ERR_INVALID_ARG: Abnormal termination (a value for id or pbuf is invalid) R_HFDSL_ERR_ACCESS: Abnormal termination (R_HFDSL_CMD_INIT3 has not been executed) R_HFDSL_ERR_INIT: Abnormal termination (EDGES register value is NG)
Note	Calling this API function from within a callback function is prohibited.

(e) R_HFDSL_CMD_INIT5

R_HFDSL_CMD_INIT5	
Synopsis	protocol initialization 5
Header	r_hfdsl_rzt2_if.h r_hfdsl_rzt2_dat.h
Declaration	int32_t R_HFDSL_Control (const int32_t id, const r_hfdsl_cmd_t cmd, void *const pbuf);
Description	<p>Call this function after waiting for at least 24 μs following a call of the R_HFDSL_CMD_INIT4 protocol initialization command. After calling this function, execute the protocol initialization command R_HFDSL_CMD_INIT6.</p> <p>If the value returned is R_HFDSL_ERR_INIT and the protocol is to be initialized again, start over again from the protocol initialization command R_HFDSL_CMD_INIT1 after executing the control command R_HFDSL_CMD_RST. The allowable upper limit on delay time due to the length of the cable is defined in R_HFDSL_DELAY_UPP_LIMIT of Table 4.3, User-Defined Constants for the HFDSL Driver.</p>
Argument	<p>id : Specifies the ID to be used.</p> <p>R_HFDSL0_ID : Specifies channel 0</p> <p>R_HFDSL1_ID : Specifies channel 1</p> <p>Those than above : Setting is not allowed</p> <p>cmd : Specifies R_HFDSL_CMD_INIT5</p> <p>pbuf : Specify NULL</p>
Return value	<p>R_HFDSL_SUCCESS: Normal termination</p> <p>R_HFDSL_ERR_INVALID_ARG: Abnormal termination (a value for id or pbuf is invalid)</p> <p>R_HFDSL_ERR_ACCESS: Abnormal termination (R_HFDSL_CMD_INIT4 has not been executed)</p> <p>R_HFDSL_ERR_INIT: Abnormal termination (transfer may not have proceeded normally due to the cable having caused a large delay time)</p>
Note	Calling this API function from within a callback function is prohibited.

(f) R_HFDSL_CMD_INIT6**R_HFDSL_CMD_INIT6**

Synopsis	Protocol initialization 6
Header	r_hfdsl_rzt2_if.h r_hfdsl_rzt2_dat.h
Declaration	int32_t R_HFDSL_Control (const int32_t id, const r_hfdsl_cmd_t cmd, void *const pbuf);
Description	<p>Call this function after the INIT bits in the EVENT register have been set to 3 following a call of the R_HFDSL_CMD_INIT5 protocol initialization command. The positional value, etc. are acquired after normal return from this function and the INIT_END bit in the EVENT register has been set to 1.</p> <p>If the value returned is R_HFDSL_ERR_INIT and the protocol is to be initialized again, start over again from the protocol initialization command R_HFDSL_CMD_INIT1 after executing the control command R_HFDSL_CMD_RST.</p>
Argument	<p>id : Specifies the ID to be used.</p> <p>R_HFDSL0_ID : Specifies channel 0</p> <p>R_HFDSL1_ID : Specifies channel 1</p> <p>Those than above : Setting is not allowed</p> <p>cmd : Specifies R_HFDSL_CMD_INIT6</p> <p>pbuf : Encoder ID</p> <p>Specify the unit32_t pointer carriable which holds the encoder ID.</p>
Returned value	<p>R_HFDSL_SUCCESS: Normal termination</p> <p>R_HFDSL_ERR_INVALID_ARG: Abnormal termination (a value for id is invalid or pbuf is null)</p> <p>R_HFDSL_ERR_ACCESS: Abnormal termination (R_HFDSL_CMD_INIT5 has not been executed)</p> <p>R_HFDSL_ERR_INIT: Abnormal termination (the ID of the connected encoder does not match the specified ID value)</p>
Note	Calling this API function form within a callback function is prohibited.

(2) Control Commands**(a) R_HFDSL_CMD_POS**

R_HFDSL_CMD_POS	
Synopsis	Acquiring the fast position
Header	r_hfdsl_rzt2_if.h r_hfdsl_rzt2_dat.h
Declaration	int32_t R_HFDSL_Control(const int32_t id, const r_hfdsl_cmd_t cmd, void *const pbuf);
Description	This function acquires the fast position by reading the fast position register H (POS_H) and fast position register (POS).
Argument	id : Specifies the ID to be used. R_HFDSL0_ID : Specifies channel 0 R_HFDSL1_ID : Specifies channel 1 Other than above : Setting is not allowed cmd : Specifies R_HFDSL_CMD_POS pbuf : Fast position Specifies the pointer to the r_hfdsl_pos_t structure which holds the fast position value. For details, see Section 4.10.1(2) r_hfdsl_pos_t.
Return value	R_HFDSL_SUCCESS: Normal termination R_HFDSL_ERR_INVALID_ARG: Abnormal termination (a value for id is invalid or pbuf is null)

(b) R_HFDSL_CMD_VPOS

R_HFDSL_CMD_VPOS	
Synopsis	Acquiring the safe position
Header	r_hfdsl_rzt2_if.h r_hfdsl_rzt2_dat.h
Declaration	int32_t R_HFDSL_Control (const int32_t id, const r_hfdsl_cmd_t cmd, void *const pbuf);
Description	This function acquires the safe position by reading the safe position register H (VPOS_H), safe position register (VPOS), and safe position CRC register (VPOSCRC).
Argument	id : Specifies the ID to be used. R_HFDSL0_ID : Specifies channel 0 R_HFDSL1_ID : Specifies channel 1 Other than above : Setting is not allowed cmd : Specifies R_HFDSL_CMD_VPOS pbuf : Safe position Specifies the pointer to the r_hfdsl_vpos_t structure which holds the safe position value. For details, see Section 4.10.1(3) r_hfdsl_vpos_t.
Return value	R_HFDSL_SUCCESS: Normal termination R_HFDSL_ERR_INVALID_ARG: Abnormal termination (a value for id is invalid or pbuf is null)

(c) R_HFDSL_CMD_VEL

R_HFDSL_CMD_VEL	
Synopsis	Acquiring the rotational velocity of the motor.
Header	r_hfdsl_rzt2_if.h r_hfdsl_rzt2_dat.h
Declaration	int32_t R_HFDSL_Control (const int32_t id, const r_hfdsl_cmd_t cmd, void *const pbuf);
Description	This function acquires the rotational velocity of the motor by reading the velocity register (VEL).
Argument	id : Specifies the ID used R_HFDSL0_ID : Specifies channel 0 R_HFDSL1_ID : Specifies channel 1 Other than above : Setting is not allowed cmd : Specifies R_HFDSL_CMD_VEL pbuf : Rotational velocity of the motor Specifies the pointer to uint32_t which holds the rotational velocity of the motor
Return value	R_HFDSL_SUCCESS: Normal termination R_HFDSL_ERR_INVALID_ARG: Abnormal termination (a value for id is invalid or pbuf is null)

(d) R_HFDSL_CMD_MSG

R_HFDSL_CMD_MSG	
Synopsis	Transmitting messages
Header	r_hfdsl_rzt2_if.h r_hfdsl_rzt2_dat.h
Declaration	int32_t R_HFDSL_Control (const int32_t id, const r_hfdsl_cmd_t cmd, void *const pbuf);
Description	This function transmits messages. The data received is indicated by function hfdsl_int_mrcv_callback. For details of the function, see Section 4.5.5 hfdsl_int_mrcv_callback.
Argument	id : Specifies the ID to be used. R_HFDSL0_ID : Specifies channel 0 R_HFDSL1_ID : Specifies channel 1 Other than above : Setting is not allowed cmd : Specifies R_HFDSL_CMD_MSG pbuf : Message data for transmission Specifies the pointer to the r_hfdsl_send_msg_t structure which holds message data for transmission. For details, see Section 4.10.1(4) r_hfdsl_send_msg_t
Return value	R_HFDSL_SUCCESS: Normal termination R_HFDSL_ERR_INVALID_ARG: Abnormal termination (a value for id is invalid or pbuf is null) R_HFDSL_ERR_ACCESS: Abnormal termination (the protocol initialization function described in Section 4.4.5(1) Protocol Initialization Functions, has not been executed)
Note	Calling this API function from within a callback function is prohibited. To proceed with a next transmission, execute this function following a call of the hfdsl_init_mrcv_callback function.

(e) R_HFDSL_CMD_RST

R_HFDSL_CMD_RST	
Synopsis	Protocol reset
Header	r_hfdsl_rzt2_if.h r_hfdsl_rzt2_dat.h
Declaration	int32_t R_HFDSL_Control (const int32_t id, const r_hfdsl_cmd_t cmd, void *const pbuf);
Description	<p>This function resets the protocol.</p> <p>After this function is called. An INT_err interrupt is generated in response to the PRST bit in the EVENT_ERR being set to 1.</p> <p>To resume communications, call the functions described in Section 4.4.5(1), Protocol Initialization Commands.</p>
Argument	<p>id : Specifies the ID to be used</p> <p>R_HFDSL0_ID : Specifies channel 0</p> <p>R_HFDSL1_ID : Specifies channel 1</p> <p>Other than above : Setting is not allowed</p> <p>cmd : R_HFDSL_CMD_RST</p> <p>pbuf : Specify NULL</p>
Return value	<p>R_HFDSL_SUCCESS: Normal termination</p> <p>R_HFDSL_ERR_INVALID_ARG: Abnormal termination (a value for id or pbuf is invalid)</p>

4.5 Specification of User-defined Functions

4.5.1 hfdsI_int_nml_callback

hfdsI_int_nml_callback	
Synopsis	Indicating the generation of an INT_nml interrupt
Header	r_hfdsI_rzt2_if.h
Declaration	void hfdsI_int_nml_callback(uint8_t event);
Description	<p>This callback function is registered with the member variable pcb_nml of the argument r_hfdsI_info_t structure of the R_HFDSL_Open function. It is called when an INT_nml interrupt is generated in response to the MIN, POS_RDY, or POS_UPD bit in the EVENT register being set to 1. If the setting of the POS_RDY or POS_UPD bit in the EVENT register is 1, the fast position register H (POS_H) or the fast position register (POS) has been updated. In such cases, the fast position can be acquired by executing the function R_HFDSL_Control (R_HFDSL_CMD_POS) from within this function.</p> <p>This function is in the context of an interrupt handler. To secure responsiveness to interrupts, make sure that this function is returned immediately. The function name given above is only an example and can be freely set.</p>
Argument	<p>event : Source of the INT_nml interrupt</p> <p> Holds the value of the EVENT register.</p> <p> The value of this argument is only valid within this function.</p>
Return value	None
Note	This function is not called when an INT_nml interrupt is generated in response to the MRCV, or INIT_END bit in the EVENT register being set to 1.

4.5.2 hfdsI_int_err_callback

hfdsI_int_err_callback	
Synopsis	Indicating the generation of an INT_err interrupt
Header	r_hfdsI_rzt2_if.h
Declaration	void hfdsI_int_err_callback(uint32_t event_err);
Description	<p>This callback function is registered with the member variable pcb_err of the argument r_hfdsI_info_t structure of the R_HFDSL_Open function. It is called when an INT_err interrupt is generated.</p> <p>This function is in the context of an interrupt handler. To secure responsiveness to interrupts, make sure that this function is returned immediately. The function name given above is only an example and can be freely set.</p>
Argument	<p>event_err : Source of the INT_err interrupt</p> <p> Holds the value of the EVENT_ERR register.</p> <p> The value of this argument is only valid within this function.</p>
Return value	None

4.5.3 hfdsI_int_raw_callback

hfdsI_int_raw_callback

Synopsis	Indicating the generation of an INT_tovr interrupt and notifying that a value is stored in the FIFO.
Header	r_hfdsI_rzt2_if.h
Declaration	void hfdsI_int_raw_callback (uint16_t* raw_data);
Description	This callback function is registered with the member variable pcb_raw of the argument r_hfdsI_info_t structure of the R_HFDSL_Open function. It is called when an INT_tovr interrupt is generated and notify that a value is stored in the FIFO. This function is in the context of an interrupt handler. To secure responsiveness to interrupts, make sure that this function is returned immediately. The function name given above is only an example and can be freely set.
Argument	raw_data[] : FIFO_DATA register value Holds the FIFO_DATA register value. The value of this argument remains valid until the next INT_tovr interrupt is generated.
Return value	None

4.5.4 hfdsI_int_safety_callback

hfdsI_int_safety_callback

Synopsis	Indicates that the INT_tovr interrupt has occurred and the data storage of the Vertical channel/Secondary channel has been completed.
Header	r_hfdsI_rzt2_if.h
Declaration	void hfdsI_int_safety_callback(uint16_t* msg_data);
Description	This callback function is registered with the member variable pcb_safety of the argument r_hfdsI_info_t structure of the R_HFDSL_Open function. It is called when the INT_tovr interrupt occurs and the data storage of the Vertical channel/Secondary channel is completed. This function is in the context of an interrupt handler. To secure responsiveness to interrupts, make sure that this function is returned immediately. The function name given above is only an example and can be freely set.
Argument	safety1_data[] : FIFO_DATA register value (Vertical channel) Holds 8 FIFO_DATA register (Vertical channel) values. The value of this argument remains valid until the next INT_tovr interrupt is generated. safety2_data[] : FIFO_DATA register value (Secondary channel) Holds 8 FIFO_DATA register (Secondary channel) values. The value of this argument remains valid until the next INT_tovr interrupt is generated.
Return value	None

4.5.5 hfdsI_int_mrcv_callback

hfdsI_int_mrcv_callback	
Synopsis	Indicates that the INT_tovr interrupt has occurred and the data storage of the received message has been completed.
Header	r_hfdsI_rzt2_if.h
Declaration	void hfdsI_int_mrcv_callback(uint16_t* msg_data);
Description	This callback function is registered with the R_HFDSL_Control (R_HFDSL_CMD_MSG) function. It is called when the INT_tovr interrupt occurs and data storage of the received message is completed. This function is in the context of an interrupt handler. To secure responsiveness to interrupts, make sure that this function is returned immediately. The function name given above is only an example and can be freely set.
Argument	msg_data[] : FIFO_DATA register value (short and long messages) The FIFO_DATA register (short and long messages) values are stored for the number of received data sizes. The value of this argument remains valid until the next INT_tovr interrupt is generated.
Return value	None

4.5.6 hfdsI_int_init_callback

hfdsI_int_init_callback	
Synopsis	Indicating the generation of an INT_nml interrupt in response to the INT_END bit in the EVENT register veing set to 1
Header	r_hfdsI_rzt2_if.h
Declaration	void hfdsI_int_init_callback (void);
Description	This callback function is registered with the member variable pcb_init of the argument r_hfdsI_info_t structure of the R_HFDSL_Open function. It is called when an INT_nml interrupt is generated in response to the INIT_END bit in the EVENT register being set to 1. This function is in the context of an interrupt handler. To secure responsiveness to interrupts, make sure that this function is returned immediately. The function name given above is only an example and can be freely set.
Argument	None
Return value	None

4.6 Interrupt Handler

4.6.1 hfdsI_int_nml_isr_ch0

hfdsI_int_nml_isr_ch0	
Synopsis	Interrupt handler for the INT_nml ch0
Header	-
Declaration	static void hfdsI_int_nml_isr_ch0(void);
Description	An interrupt handler for the INT_nml interrupt. If the source of an interrupt is the INT_END bit of the EVENT register, function hfdsI_int_init_callback is called as a callback function. If the source of an interrupt is other bits of the EVENT register, function hfdsI_int_nml_callback is called as a callback function.
Argument	None
Return value	None

4.6.2 hfdsI_int_nml_isr_ch1

hfdsI_int_nml_isr_ch1	
Synopsis	Interrupt handler for the INT_nml ch1
Header	-
Declaration	static void hfdsI_int_nml_isr_ch1(void);
Description	An interrupt handler for the INT_nml interrupt. If the source of an interrupt is the INT_END bit of the EVENT register, function hfdsI_int_init_callback is called as a callback function. If the source of an interrupt is other bits of the EVENT register, function hfdsI_int_nml_callback is called as a callback function.
Argument	None
Return value	None

4.6.3 hfdsI_int_err_isr_ch0

hfdsI_int_err_isr_ch0	
Synopsis	Interrupt handler for the INT_err ch0
Header	-
Declaration	static void hfdsI_int_err_isr_ch0(void);
Description	An interrupt handler for the INT_err interrupt. If the interrupt is generated, function hfdsI_int_err_callback is called as a callback function.
Argument	None
Return value	None

4.6.4 hfdsI_int_err_isr_ch1

hfdsI_int_err_isr_ch0

Synopsis	Interrupt handler for the INT_err ch1
Header	-
Declaration	static void hfdsI_int_err_isr_ch1(void);
Description	An interrupt handler for the INT_err interrupt. If the interrupt is generated, function hfdsI_int_err_callback is called as a callback function.
Argument	None
Return value	None

4.6.5 hfdsI_int_tovr_isr_ch0

hfdsI_int_tovr_isr_ch0

Synopsis	Interrupt handler for the INT_tovr ch0
Header	-
Declaration	static void hfdsI_int_tovr_isr_ch0(void);
Description	An interrupt handler for the INT_tovr interrupt. If message reception is completed, function hfdsI_int_mrcv_callback is called as a callback function. If reception of one H-frame is completed, function hfdsI_int_raw_callback is called as a callback function. If reception of 8 H-frames is completed and reception of the Vertical channel / Secondary channel is completed, function hfdsI_int_safety_callback is called as a callback function.
Argument	None
Return value	None

4.6.6 hfdsI_int_tovr_isr_ch1

hfdsI_int_tovr_isr_ch1

Synopsis	Interrupt handler for the INT_nml ch1
Header	-
Declaration	static void hfdsI_int_tovr_isr_ch1(void);
Description	An interrupt handler for the INT_tovr interrupt. If message reception is completed, function hfdsI_int_mrcv_callback is called as a callback function. If reception of one H-frame is completed, function hfdsI_int_raw_callback is called as a callback function. If reception of 8 H-frames is completed and reception of the Vertical channel / Secondary channel is completed, function hfdsI_int_safety_callback is called as a callback function.
Argument	None
Return value	None

4.7 Interrupts

Table 4.2 lists the interrupts for the HFDSL driver.

Table 4.2 Interrupts for the HFDSL Driver

Interrupts	ID	Outline
INT_nml0 (ENCIF_INT0)	372	This interrupt is generated when the value of any bit in the ch0 EVENT register is updated to 1.
INT_nml1 (ENCIF_INT4)	376	This interrupt is generated when the value of any bit in the ch1 EVENT register is updated to 1.
INT_err0 (ENCIF_INT1)	373	This interrupt is generated when the value of any bit in the ch0 EVENT_ERR register is updated to 1.
INT_err1 (ENCIF_INT5)	377	This interrupt is generated when the value of any bit in the ch1 EVENT_ERR register is updated to 1.
INT_tovr0 (ENCIF_INT2)	374	This interrupt is generated when the number of receptions in the ch0 FIFO_DATA register exceeds the threshold.
INT_tovr1 (ENCIF_INT6)	378	This interrupt is generated when the number of receptions in the ch1 FIFO_DATA register exceeds the threshold.

4.8 Constants and Error Codes

The tables below list the constants and error codes. For the definitions, see the respective tables.

Table 4.3 User-Defined Constants for the HFDSL Driver (r_hfddl_rzt2_config.h)

Constant Name	Setting	Description
R_HFDSL_ES_PRDY	0008h	Setting of the ES and PRDY bits in the SYS_CTRL register
R_HFDSL_MAXACC	1023	Setting of the MAXACC register
R_HFDSL_ACC_ERR	31	Setting of the ACC_ERR register
R_HFDSL_MAXDEV	65535	Setting of the MAXDEV register
R_HFDSL_MASK	64h	Setting of the MASK_ERR register*1
R_HFDSL_MASK_ERR	00FF33DFh	Setting of the MASK_ERR register*1
R_HFDSL_RAW_EN	FFh	Setting of the RAW_EN register*2 *3
R_HFDSL_DELAY_UPP_LIMIT	09h	The allowable upper limit on the delay time due to the length of the cable*4
R_HFDSL_STUFF	08h	Setting of the STUFF register
R_HFDSL_EXLEN	00h	Setting of the EXLEN register
R_HFDSL_EXTRA	0003h	Setting of the EXTRA register

Note 1. To change R_HFDSL_MASK and R_HFDSL_MASK_ERR, change processing of the hfddl_int_nml_isr_ch0 function, hfddl_int_nml_isr_ch1 function, hfddl_int_err_isr_ch0 function, hfddl_int_err_isr_ch1 function in accord with the settings in R_HFDSL_MASK and R_HFDSL_MASK_ERR.

Note 2. To change R_HFDSL_TH_RAW and R_HFDSL_RAW_EN, change the shub variable given in Table 5.6, Main Static Variables, and the hfddl_shub and hfddl_int_raw_callback functions in accord with the settings in R_HFDSL_TH_RAW and R_HFDSL_RAW_EN. In this sample program, the array shub holds eleven value for the FIFO_DATA register.

Note 3. If the CHEN1 bit is 0, hfddl_int_safety_callback will not work. Also, if the CHEN0 and CHEN5 bits are 0, the corresponding data of hfddl_int_safety_callback argument will be empty.

Note 4. The allowable upper limit on delay time due to the length of the cable is set to a value from 900 ns to 1000 ns (corresponding to a length of approximately 100 m). If the allowable upper limit is to be changed, change the setting of this constant.

Table 4.4 Error Codes

Constant Name	Setting	Description
R_HFDSL_SUCCESS	0	Normal termination
R_HFDSL_ERR_INVALID_ARG	-1	Argument error
R_HFDSL_ERR_ACCESS	-2	API execution order error
R_HFDSL_ERR_INIT	-3	Failure in initialization of the HFDSL controller and encoder

4.9 Fixed-Width integers

Table 5.5 lists the fixed-width integers for the sample code. The fixed-width integers used in the sample code are defined in the standard library. Note that they are defined in platform.h in the case of the e2studio.

Table 4.5 Fixed-Width integers for the Sample code

Symbols	Description
int8_t	8-bit signed integer
int16_t	16-bit signed integer
int32_t	32-bit signed integer
int64_t	64-bit signed integer
uint8_t	8-bit unsigned integer
uint16_t	16-bit unsigned integer
uint32_t	32-bit unsigned integer
uint64_t	64-bit unsigned integer

4.10 Structures, Unions, and Enumerations

The main structures, unions, and enumerations are listed below.

4.10.1 Structures

(1) r_hfdsl_info_t

Information on initialization of the HFDSL driver

```
typedef struct
{
    r_hfdsl_int_nml_cb_t    pcb_nml;    Pointer to the callback function to be called when an
                                INT_nml interrupt is generated.
                                For details, see Section 4.5.1, hfdsl_int_nml_callback.
                                *1, *2
    r_hfdsl_int_err_cb_t    pcb_err;    Pointer to the callback function to be called when an
                                INT_err interrupt is generated.
                                For details, see Section 4.5.2, hfdsl_int_err_callback.
                                *1
    r_hfdsl_int_fifo_raw_cb_t  pcb_raw;    Pointer to the callback function to be called when an
                                INT_tovr interrupt is generated.
                                For details, see Section 4.5.3, hfdsl_int_raw_callback.
                                *1
    r_hfdsl_int_fifo_safety_cb_t  pcb_safety;    Pointer to the callback function that is called when the
                                INT_tovr interrupt is generated and reception of the
                                Vertical channel/Secondary channel is completed.
                                For details, see Section 4.5.4,
                                hfdsl_int_safety_callback. *1
    r_hfdsl_int_init_cb_t    pcb_init    Pointer to the callback function to be called when an
                                INT_nml interrupt is generated in response to the
                                INIT_END bit in the EVENT register being set to 1.
                                For details, see Section 4.5.6, hfdsl_int_init_callback. *1
} r_hfdsl_info_t
```

Note 1. This function is not called if NULL is specified.

Note 2. This function is not called when an INT_nml interrupt is generated in response to the MRCV or INIT_END bit in the EVENT register being set to 1.

(2) r_hfdsl_pos_t

For storing fast position

```
typedef struct
{
    bool                all;            Enables the member variable posh.
                                (true: The member variable posh is enabled,
                                false: The member variable is disabled)
    uint8_t             posh;           Holds bits [39:32] of the fast position.
                                The value is updated when the member variable all is
                                true.
    uint32_t            pos;           Holds bits [31:0] of the fast position.
} r_hfdsl_pos_t
```

(3) r_hfdsl_vpos_t

For storing the safe position

```

typedef struct
{
    uint8_t          vposh;          Holds bits [39:32] of the safe position.
    uint32_t         vpos;          Holds bits [31:0] of the safe position.
    uint16_t         crc;          Holds the CRC of the vertical channel
} r_hfdsl_vpos_t

```

(4) r_hfdsl_send_msg_t

For storing message data for transmission.

```

typedef struct
{
    uint16_t         *pdata;        Pointer to the array which holds message data for
                                   transmission
                                   Set the pointer to the array which holds message data
                                   for transmission. If the size of data for transmission
                                   exceeds 14, R_HFDSL_ERR_INVALID_ARG occurs.
    r_hfdsl_msg_cb_t pcb_msg;      Pointer to the callback function to be called when a
                                   message is received.
                                   For details, see Section 4.5.5, hfdsl_int_mrcv_callback.
                                   Be sure to set the address of hfdsl_int_mrcv_callback.
} r_hfdsl_send_msg_t

```

4.10.2 Unions

Not used

4.10.3 Enumerations

Not used

4.11 Description of the Sample Program

4.11.1 Outline of Operations

This sample program supports the encoder (EDM35-2KF0A020A from SICK AG) compliant with the HIPERFACE DSL® communications protocols specification. It handles the following processing.

- 1) Indicates the following information by using a command input from the console.
 - A) Fast and safe positions
 - B) Rotational velocity of the motor
 - C) Results of transmission and reception of long messages (the type of the encoder among the resources)
 - D) SensorHub Channel data
 - E) Vertical channel/Secondary channel data
- 2) Runs in SYNC mode.
- 3) This sample program ends by a protocol reset.

(1) System Block Diagram

Figure 4-1 shows a block diagram of the system.

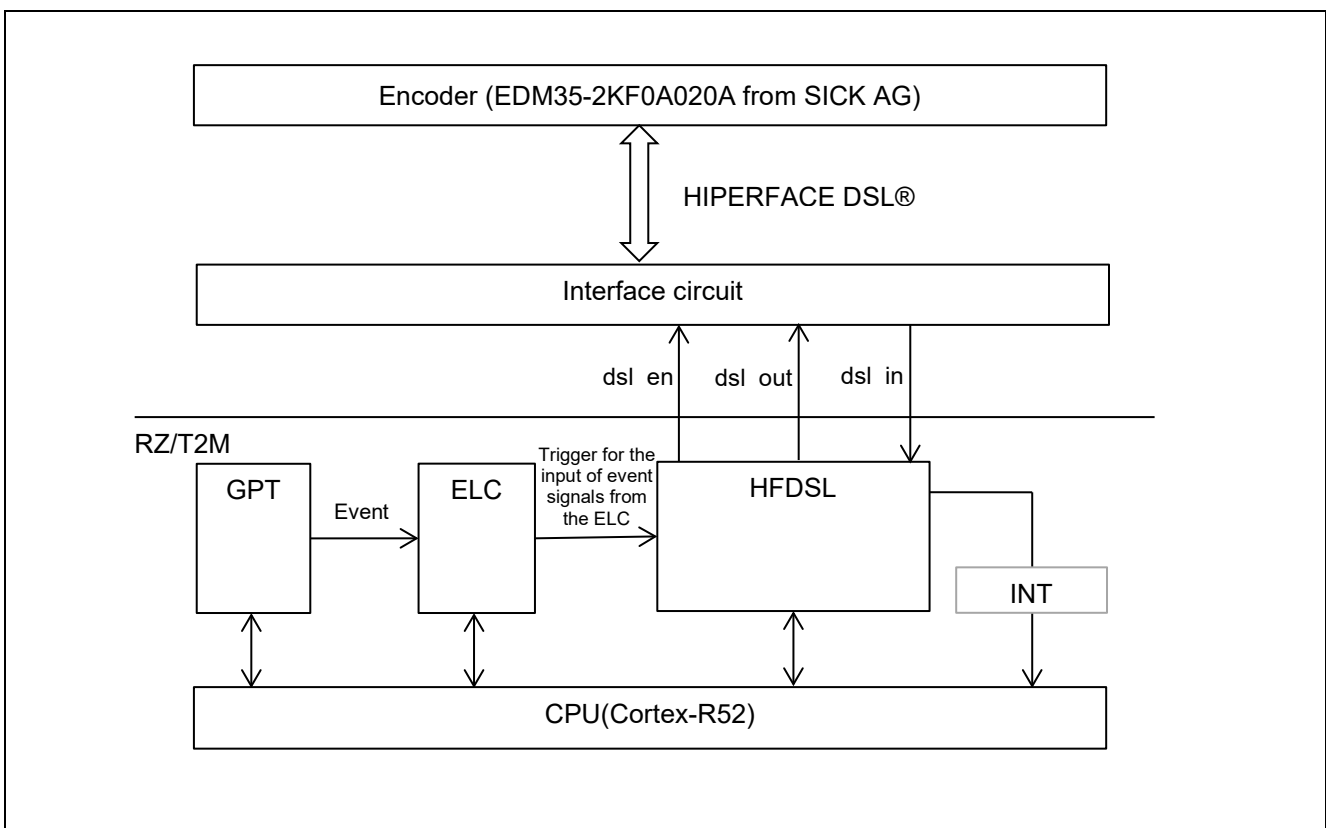


Figure 4-1 System Block Diagram

(2) Software Configuration

Figure 4-2 is a block diagram of the software.

The HFDSL driver has six sections: the opening processing part configured of function R_HFDSL_Open, the closing processing part configured of function R_HFDSL_Close, the protocol initialization, positional value acquisition, and message transmission parts configured of function R_HFDSL_Control, and the data reception part (interrupt handler) configured of the callback function.

The HFDSL driver control section of the sample program controls the HFDSL driver, acquires the positional value, and sends messages and the results indication section (callback) indicates the result of data reception.

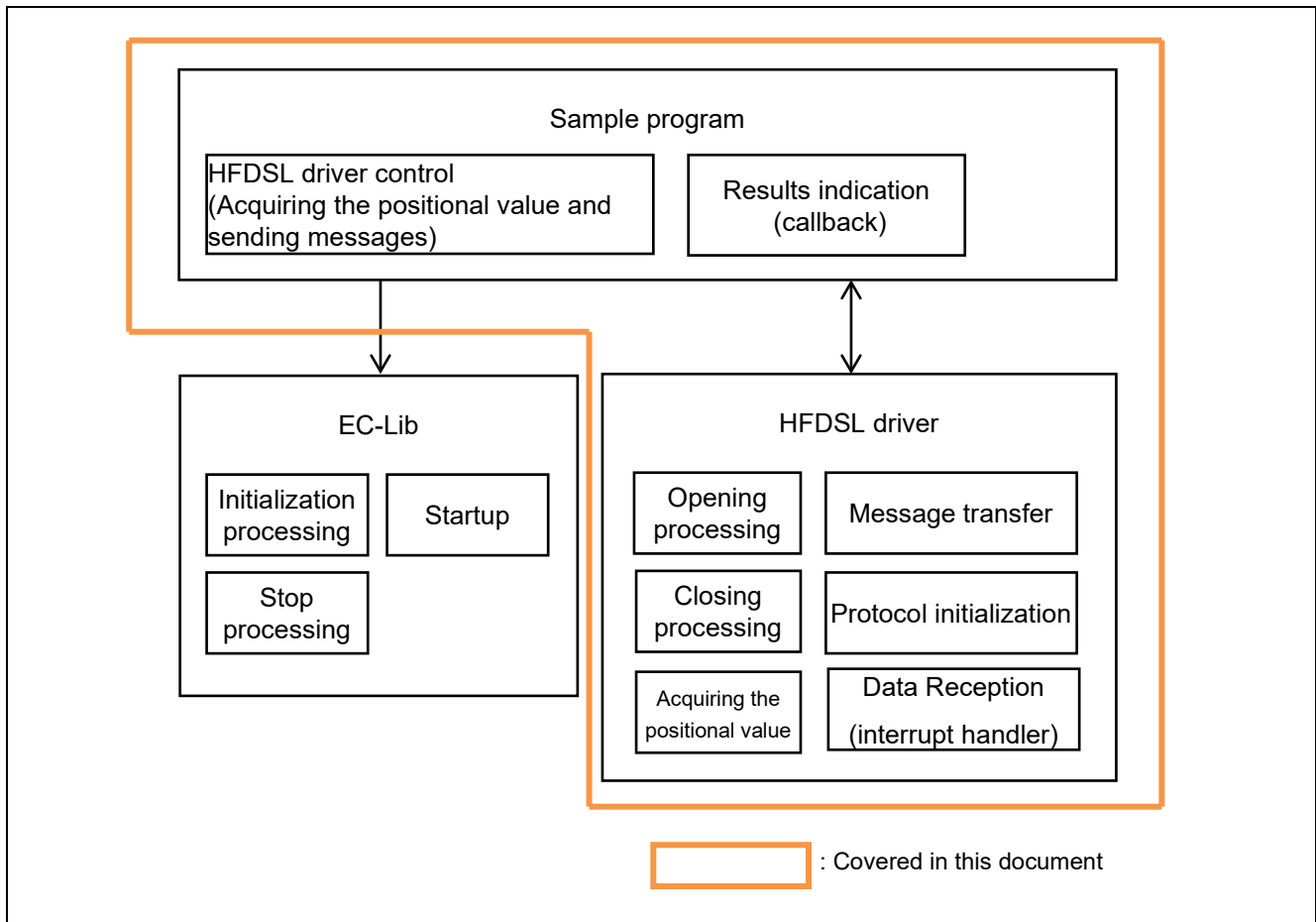


Figure 4-2 Software Configuration

4.11.2 Variables for the Sample Program

Table 4.6 lists the main static variables.

Table 4.6 Main Static Variables

Type	Variable Name	Description
bool	mrcv_flg	Message transfer completed flag (true: Transfer of messages has been completed false: Transfer of messages is in progress)
uint32_t	err_info	Holds the INT_err interrupt source.
uint32_t	pos_rot	Holds the number of rotations with the fast position.
uint32_t	pos_res	Holds the angle of the fast position.
uint32_t	vpos_rot	Holds the number of rotations with the safe positions.
uint32_t	vpos_res	Holds the angle of the safe position.
uint32_t	vpos_rot_safe	Holds the number of rotations with the safe positions when the Vertical channel data is acquired.
uint32_t	vpos_res_safe	Holds the angle of the safe position when the Vertical channel data is acquired.
uint32_t	vel	Holds the rotational velocity of the motor.
uint16_t	lmsg_rcv[LMSG_RECV_SIZE]	Holds received data in long messages.
uint16_t	shub[FIFO_DEP_MAX]	Holds the sensor hub data including received data.
uint16_t	safety1[SAFETY_CNT_MAX]	Holds the received data including Vertical channel data.
uint16_t	safety2[SAFETY_CNT_MAX]	Holds the received data including Secondary channel data.
bool	init_end_flg	Protocol initialization completion flag (true: Initialization of the protocol has been completed; false: Initialization of the protocol has not been completed)

4.11.3 Constants for the Sample Program

Table 5.7 lists the main constants for the sample program.

Table 4.7 Main Constants

Constant Name	Setting	Description
ENC_ID	00000153h	Encoder ID of EDM35-2KF0A020A *1 *2
RES_BIT	0	Position of the least significant bit of the positional information in the POS register *1
RES_MASK	000FFFFFFh	Masking of the positional information in the POS register *1
RES_MASK_H	00000000h	Masking of the positional information in the POS_H register *1
ROT_BIT	20	Position of the least significant bit of the rotational information in the POS register *1
ROT_MASK	00000FFFh	Masking of the number of rotations in the POS register *1
ROT_MASK_H	000FF000h	Masking of the number of rotations in the POS_H register *1
LMSG_RECV_SIZE	16	Maximum size of received data in long messages
FIFO_DEP_MAX	11	Data size of FIFO_DATA register
SAFETY_CNT_MAX	8	Vertical/Secondary channel data size
TIMEOUT_UNIT	1000	Setting of timeout unit (1ms)
TIMEOUT_COUNT	1000	Setting of timeout (1ms x 1000)

Note 1. To run the sample program with an encoder other than an EDM35-2KF0A020A, change the settings to suit the specifications of the connected encoder.

Note 2. Refer to the *HIPERFACE DSL® Implementation Manual* for the details. The manual can be obtained by contacting SICK AG.

The figure below shows the mechanism for storing the positional and rotational information.

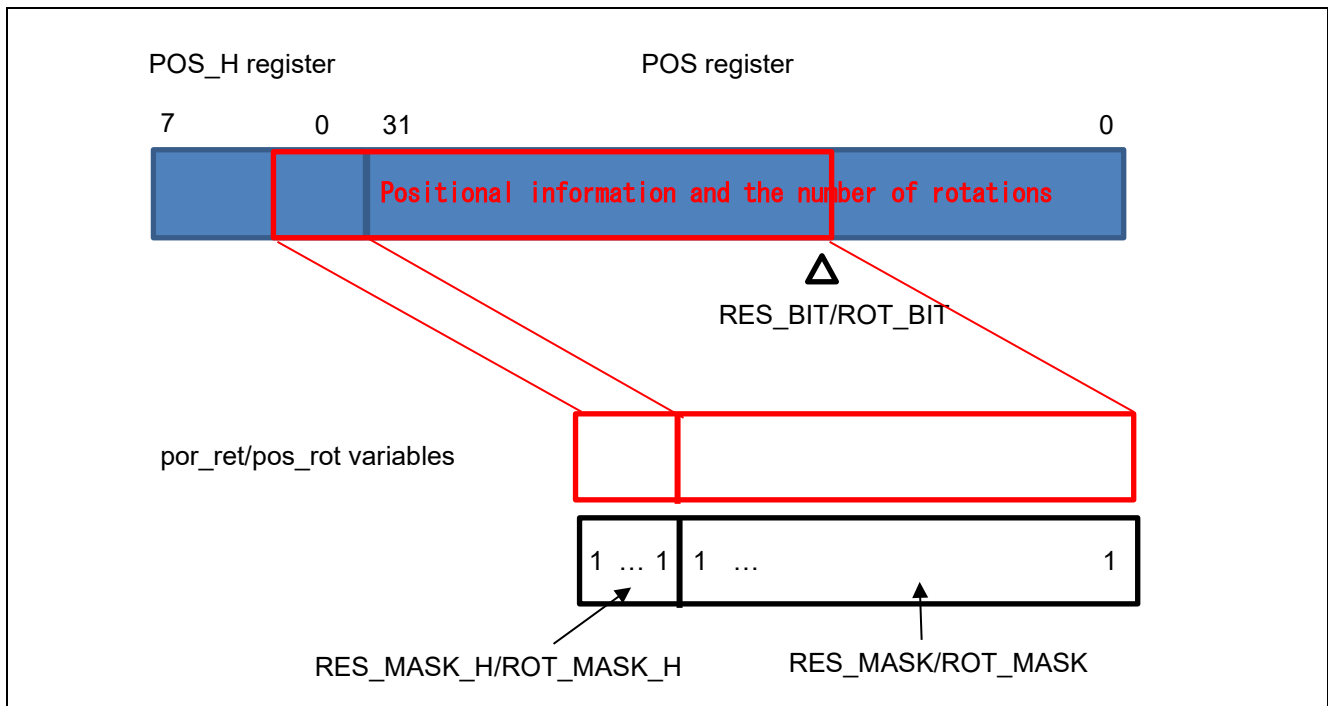


Figure 4-3 Mechanism for Storing the Positional and Rotational Information

4.11.4 Flowchart of Main Processing

The flowchart below shows processing by the main function.

Processing marked with * in the figure is shown separately in a subsequent flowchart.

(1) Flowchart enc_main

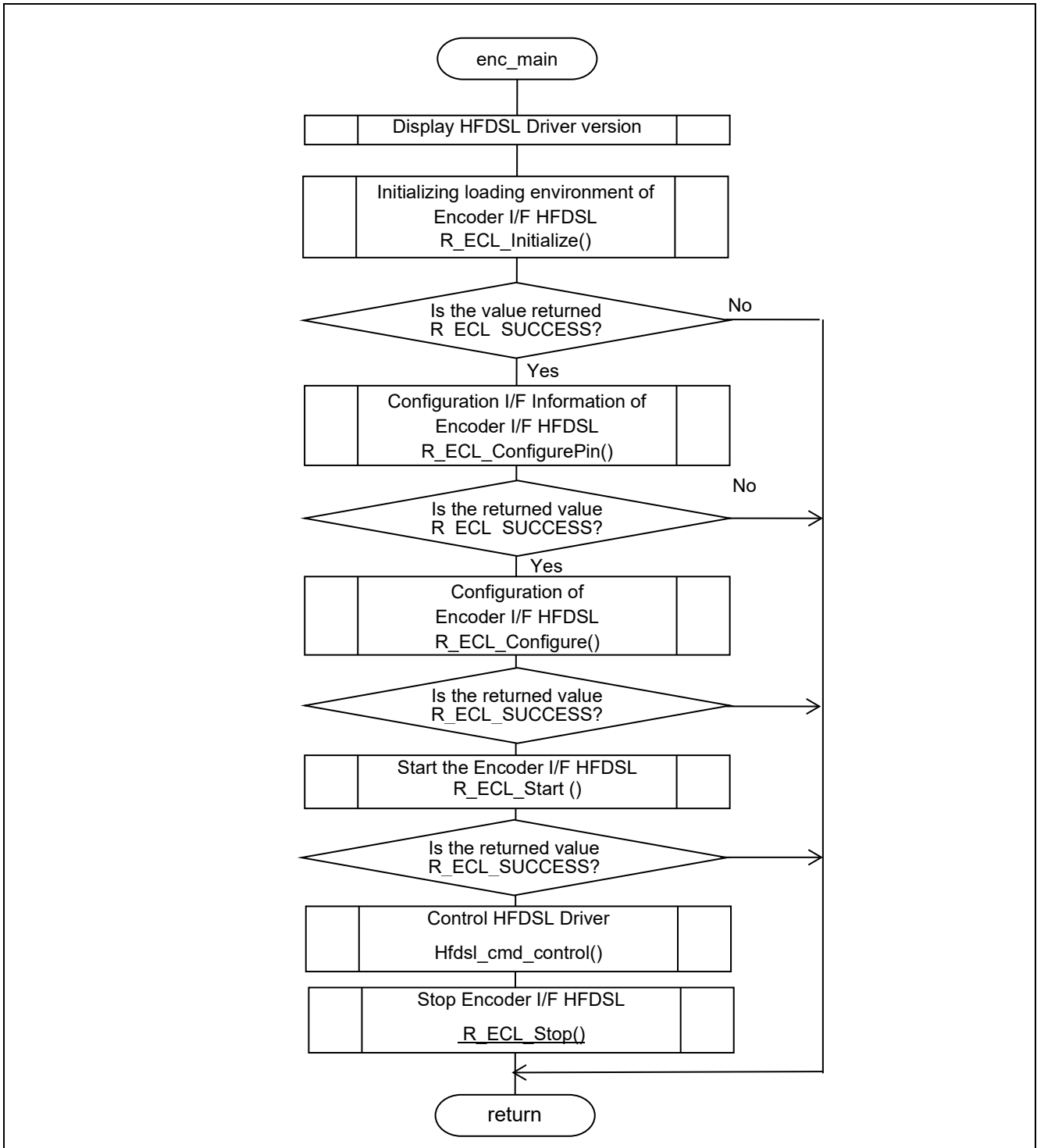
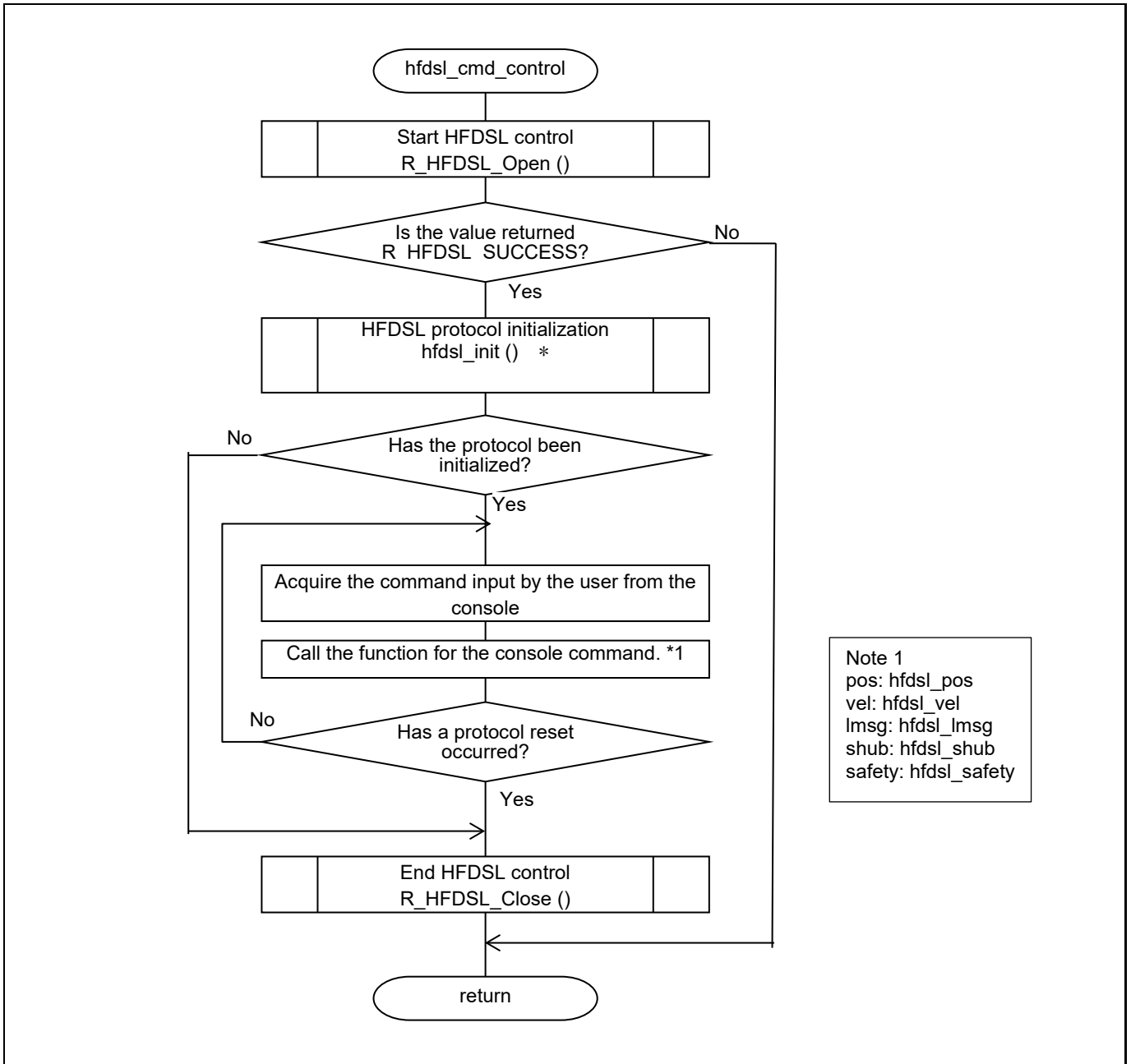


Figure 4-4 Flowchart of the enc_main Function

(2) Flowchart of hfdsI_cmd_control



Note 1
 pos: hfdsI_pos
 vel: hfdsI_vel
 lmsg: hfdsI_lmsg
 shub: hfdsI_shub
 safety: hfdsI_safety

Figure 4-5 Flowchart hfdsI_cmd_control

(3) Flowchart hfdsl_init

This function initializes the protocol.

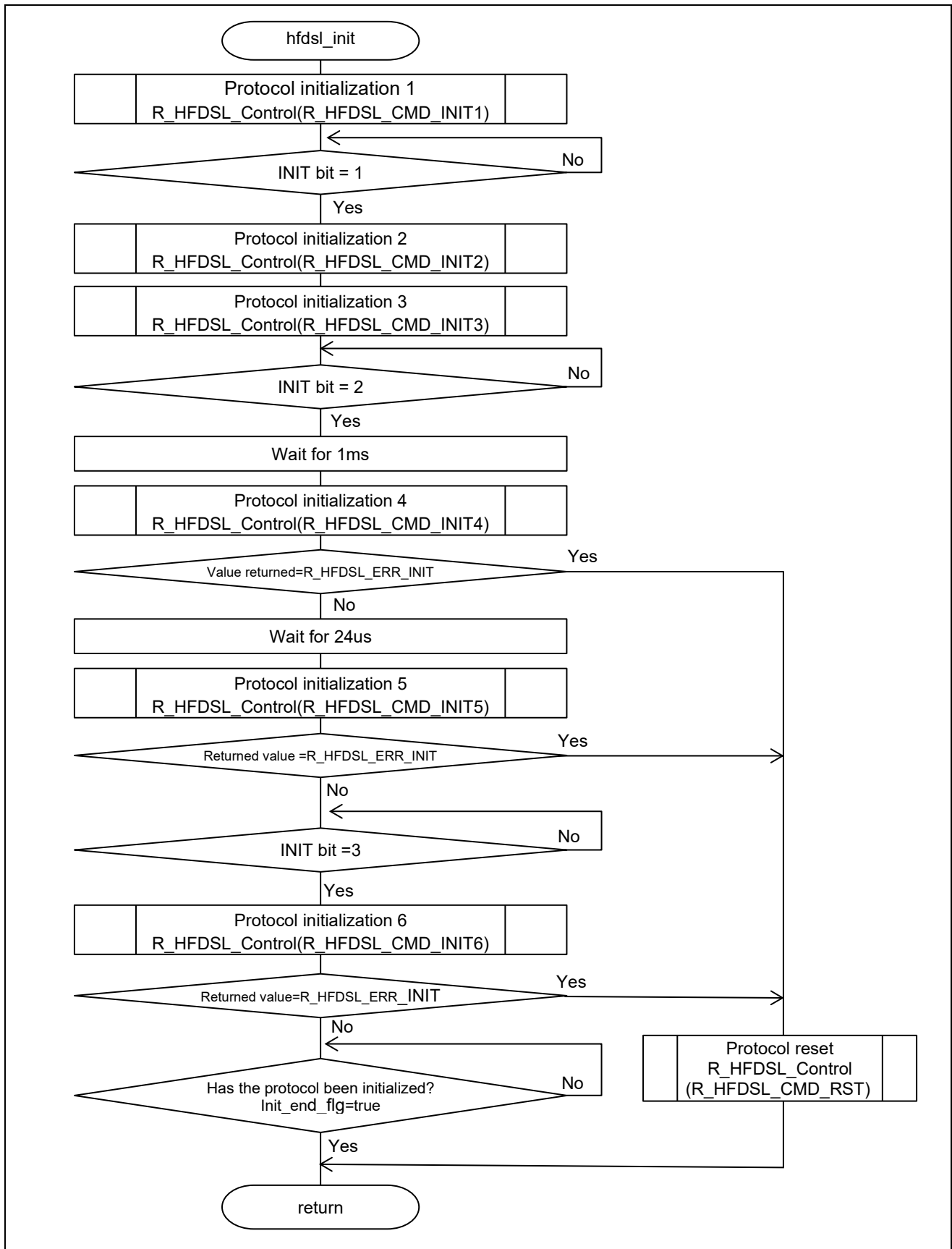


Figure 4-6 Flowchart of the hfdsl_init

(4) Flowchart hfdsl_pos, hfdsl_vel, hfdsl_shub, hfdsl_safety

These functions are executed in response to input of the console commands “pos”, “vel”, “shub” and “safety” and indicate the acquired data. The functions corresponding to the respective console commands and details of the items displayed are below.

Table 4.8 Functions Corresponding to the Console Commands “pos”, “vel”, “shub”, “safety”

Console Command	Corresponding Function	Items Displayed
pos	hfdsl_pos	pos_rot, pos_res vpos_rot, vpos_res err_info
vel	hfdsl_vel	vel, err_info
shub	hfdsl_shub	shub, err_info
safety	hfdsl_safety	vpos_rot_safe, vpos_res_safe safety1, safety2

Since the procedures for processing of the hfdsl_pos, hfdsl_vel, hfdsl_shub, and hfdsl_safety functions are similar, they are shown in the same flowchart.

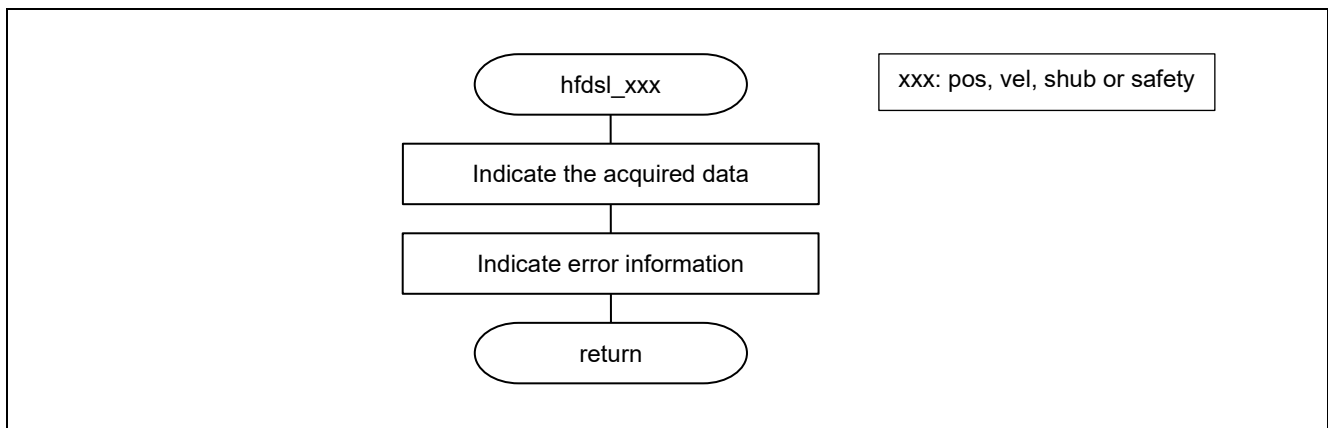


Figure 4-7 Flowchart of the hfdsl_pos, hfdsl_vel, hfdsl_shub, hfdsl_safety

(5) Flowchart hfdsl_lmsg

This function is executed in response to input of the console command "lmsg".

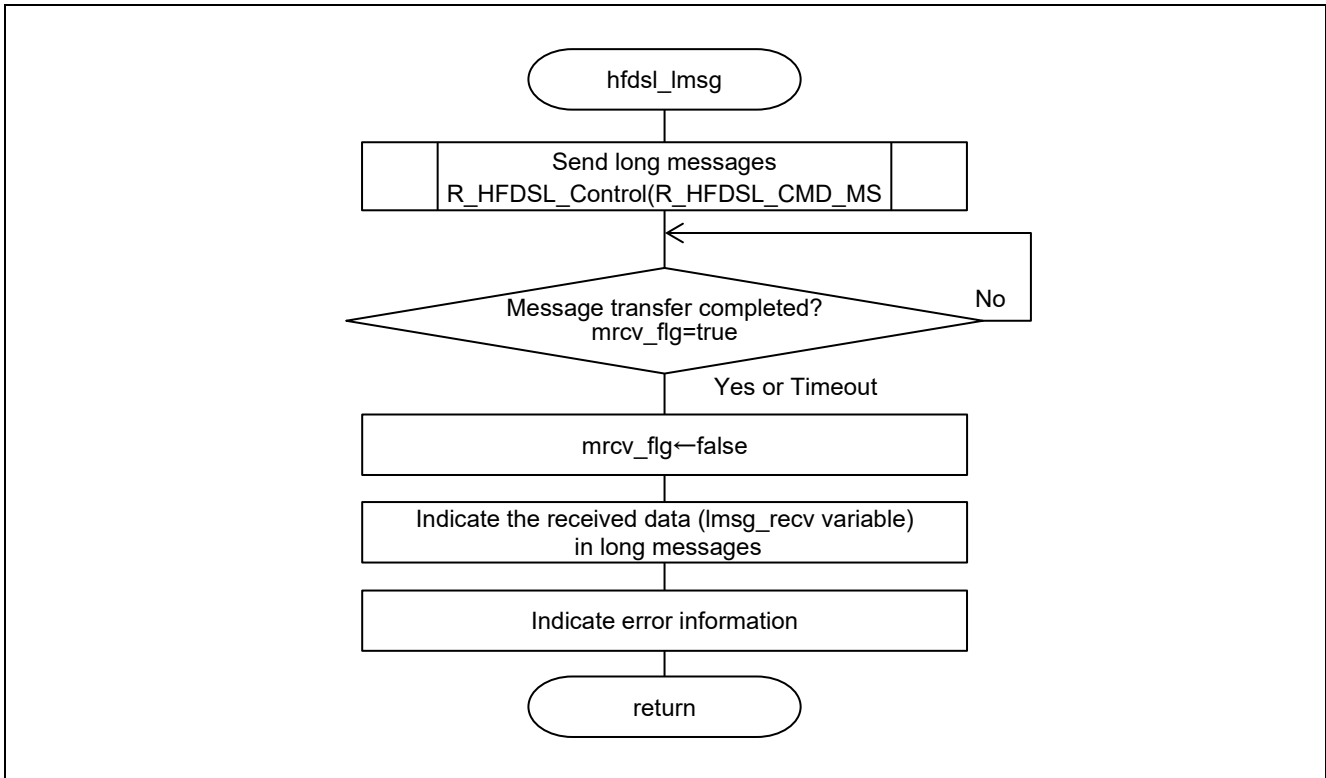


Figure 4-8 Flowchart of the hfdsl_lmsg

(6) Flowchart hfdsI_int_nml_callback

This callback function is called in response to generation of an INT_nml interrupt.

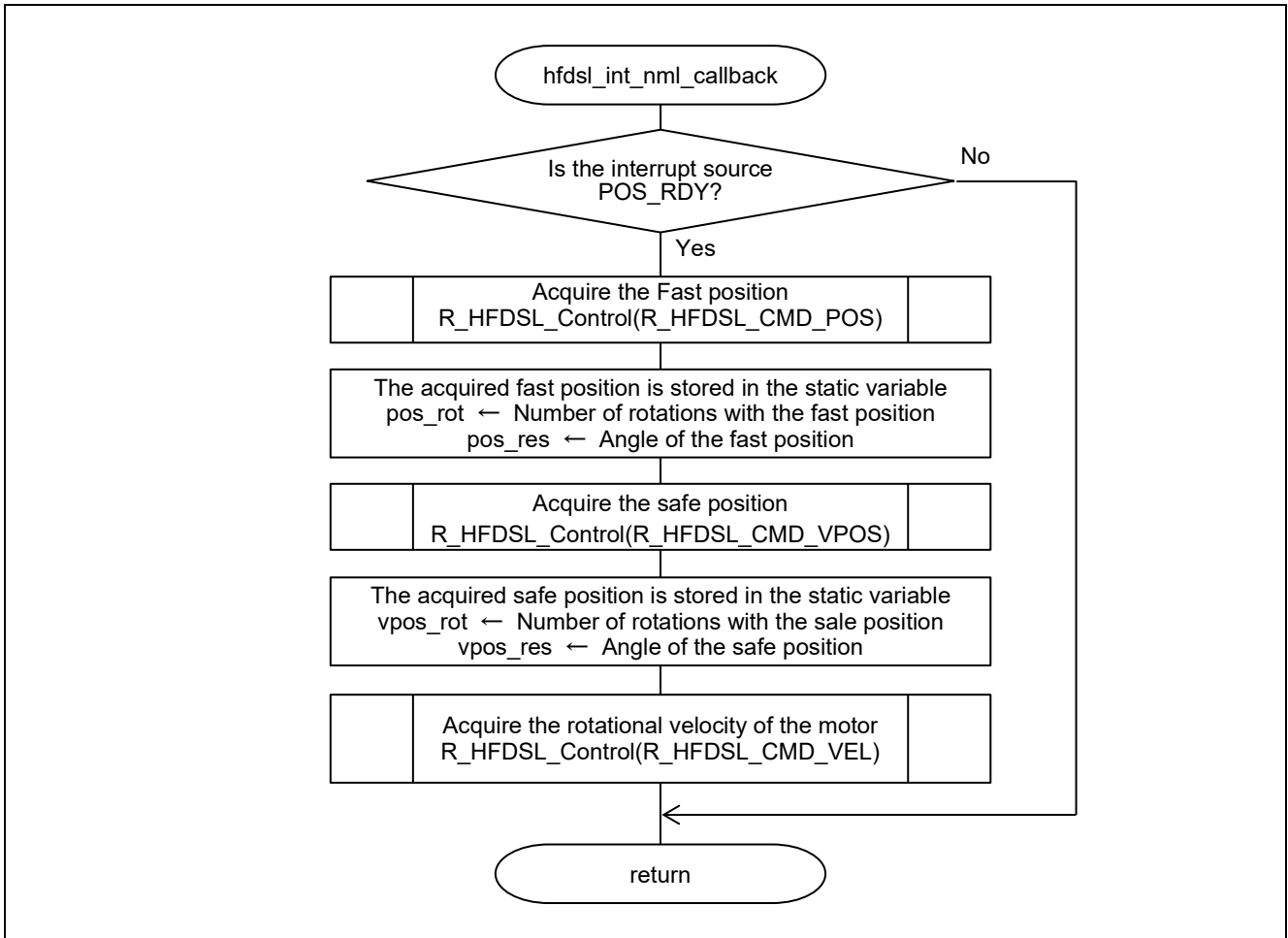


Figure 4-9 Flowchart of the hfdsI_int_nml_callback

(7) Flowchart of hfdsI_int_err_callback

This callback function is called in response to generation of an INT_err interrupt.

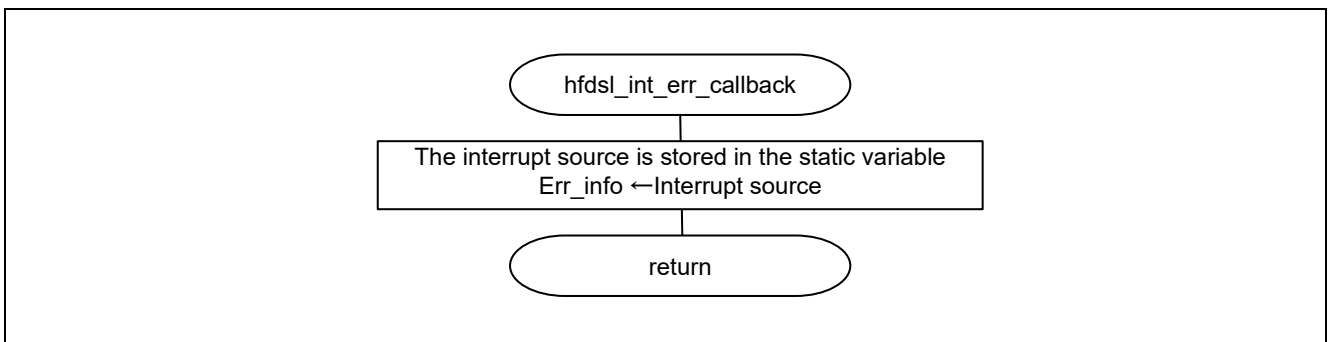


Figure 4-10 Flowchart of the hfdsI_int_err_callback

(8) Flowchart of hfdsl_int_raw_callback

This callback function is called when an INT_tovr interrupt is generated.

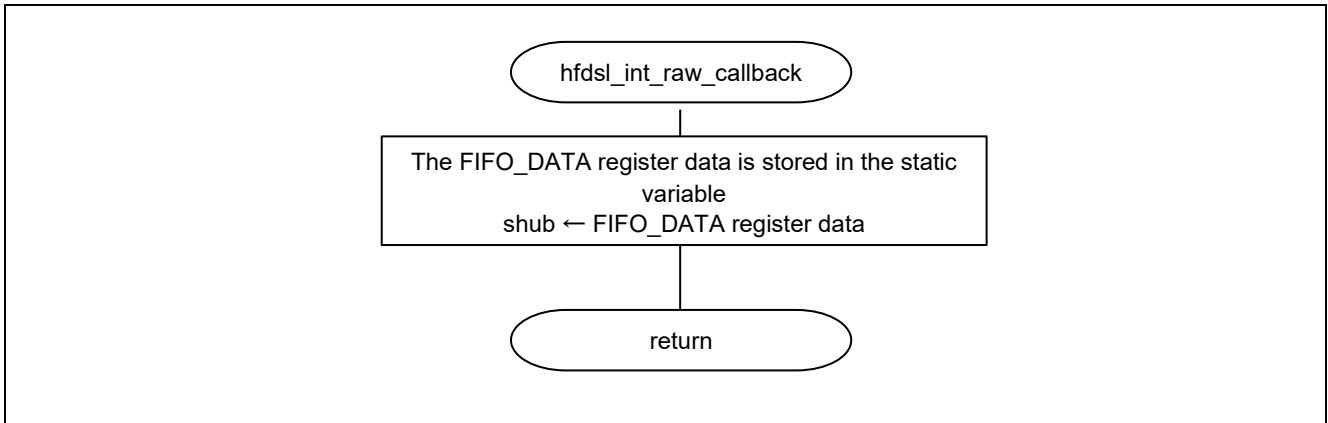


Figure 4-11 Flowchart of the hfdsl_int_raw_callback

(9) Flowchart of hfdsl_int_safety_callback

This callback function is called when the INT_tovr interrupt occurs and the data storage of the Vertical channel/Secondary channel is completed.

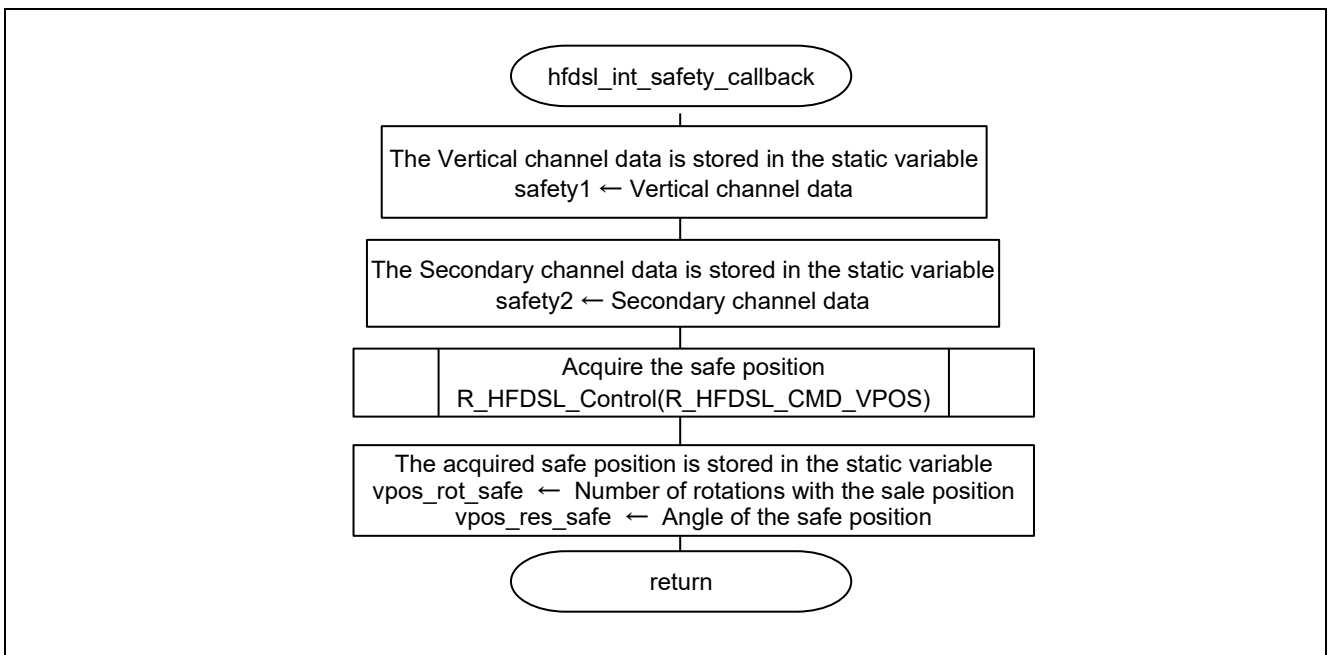


Figure 4-12 Flowchart of the hfdsl_int_safety_callback

(10) Flowchart of hfdsl_int_mrcv_callback

This callback function is called when the INT_tovr interrupt occurs and data storage of the received message is completed.

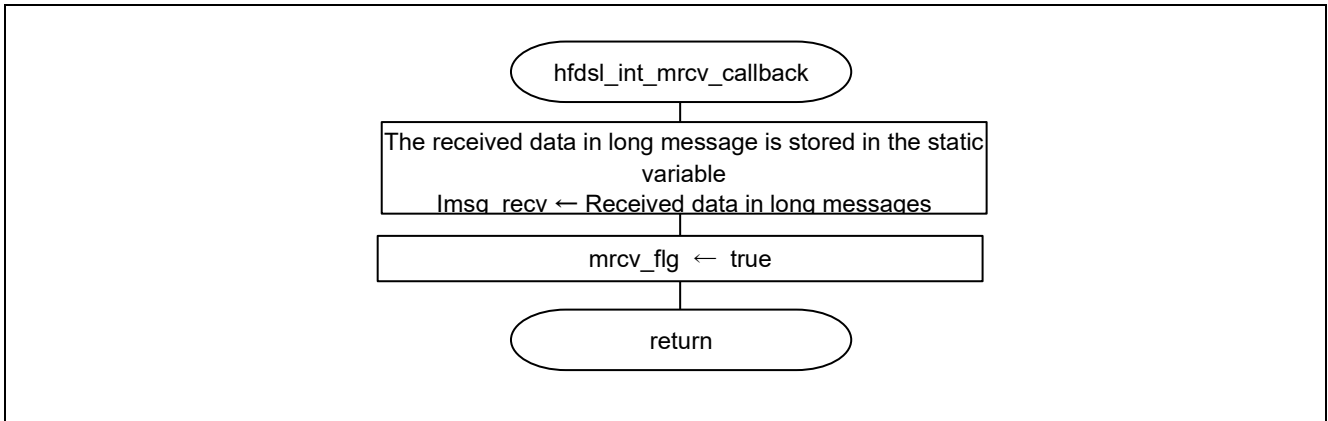


Figure 4-13 Flowchart of the hfdsl_int_mrcv_callback

(11) Flowchart of hfdsl_int_init_callback

This callback function is called when an INT_nml interrupt is generated in response to the INIT_END bit in the EVENT register being set to 1.

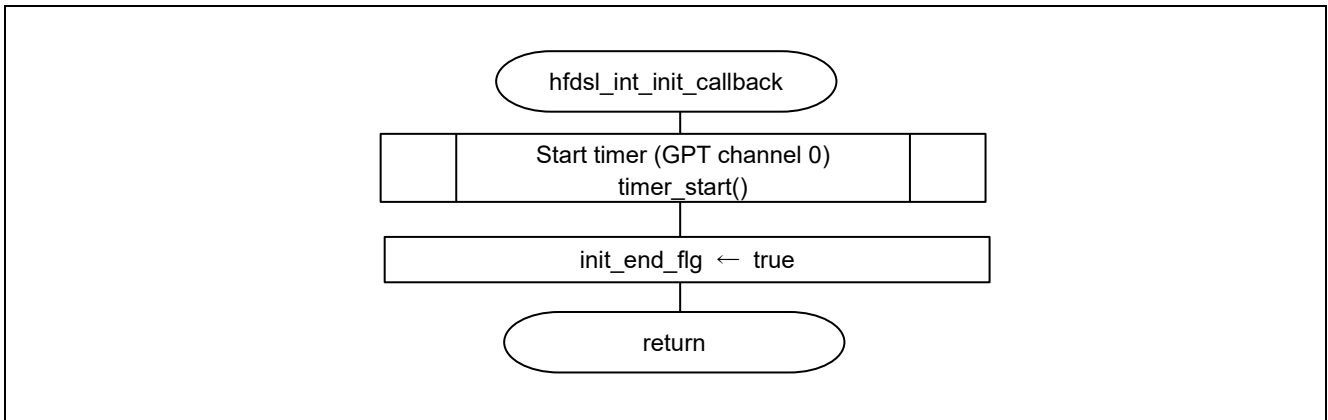


Figure 4-14 Flowchart of the hfdsl_int_init_callback Function

4.11.5 Operation Sequence

(1) Startup Sequence

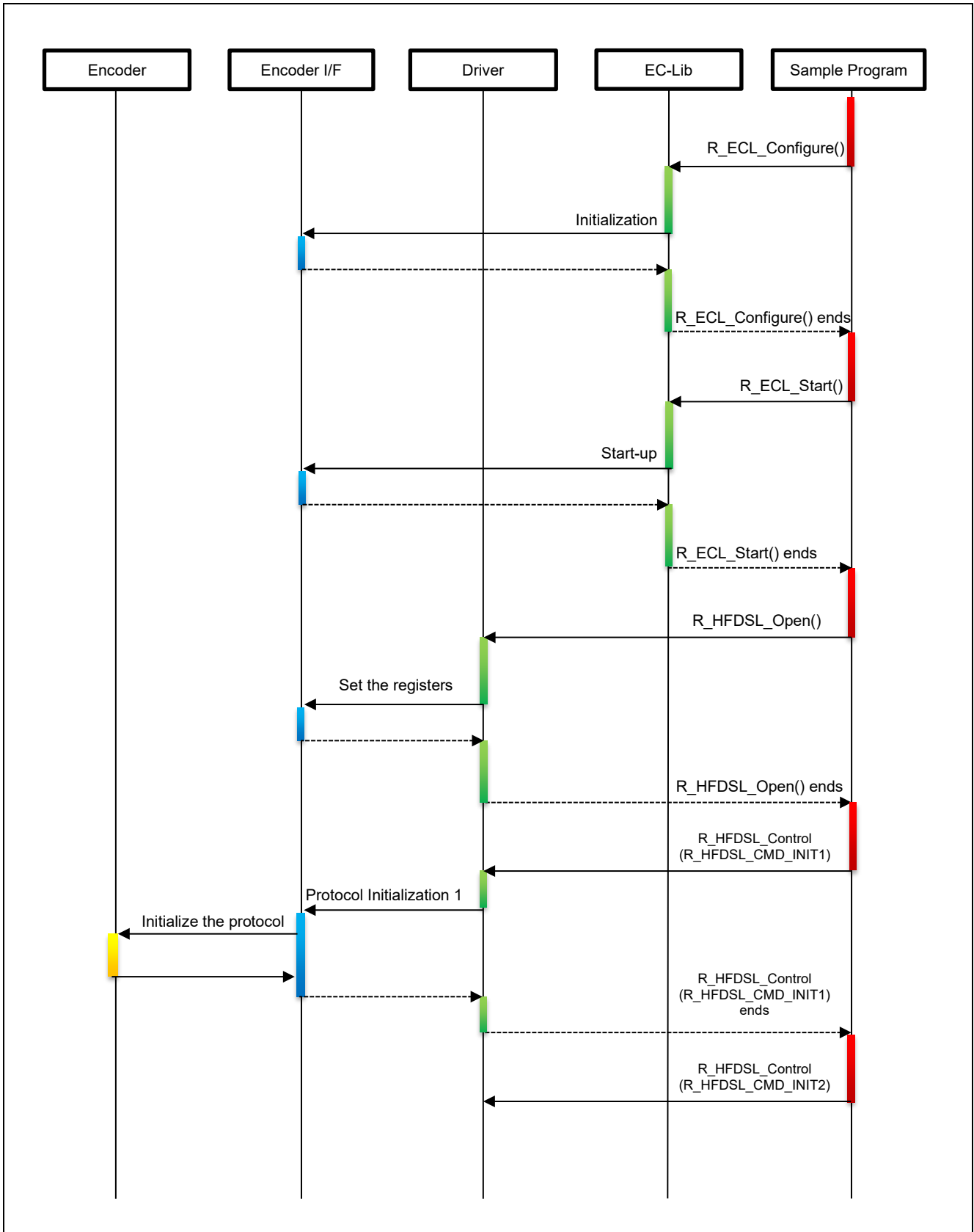


Figure 4-15 Startup Sequence Diagram (1/3)

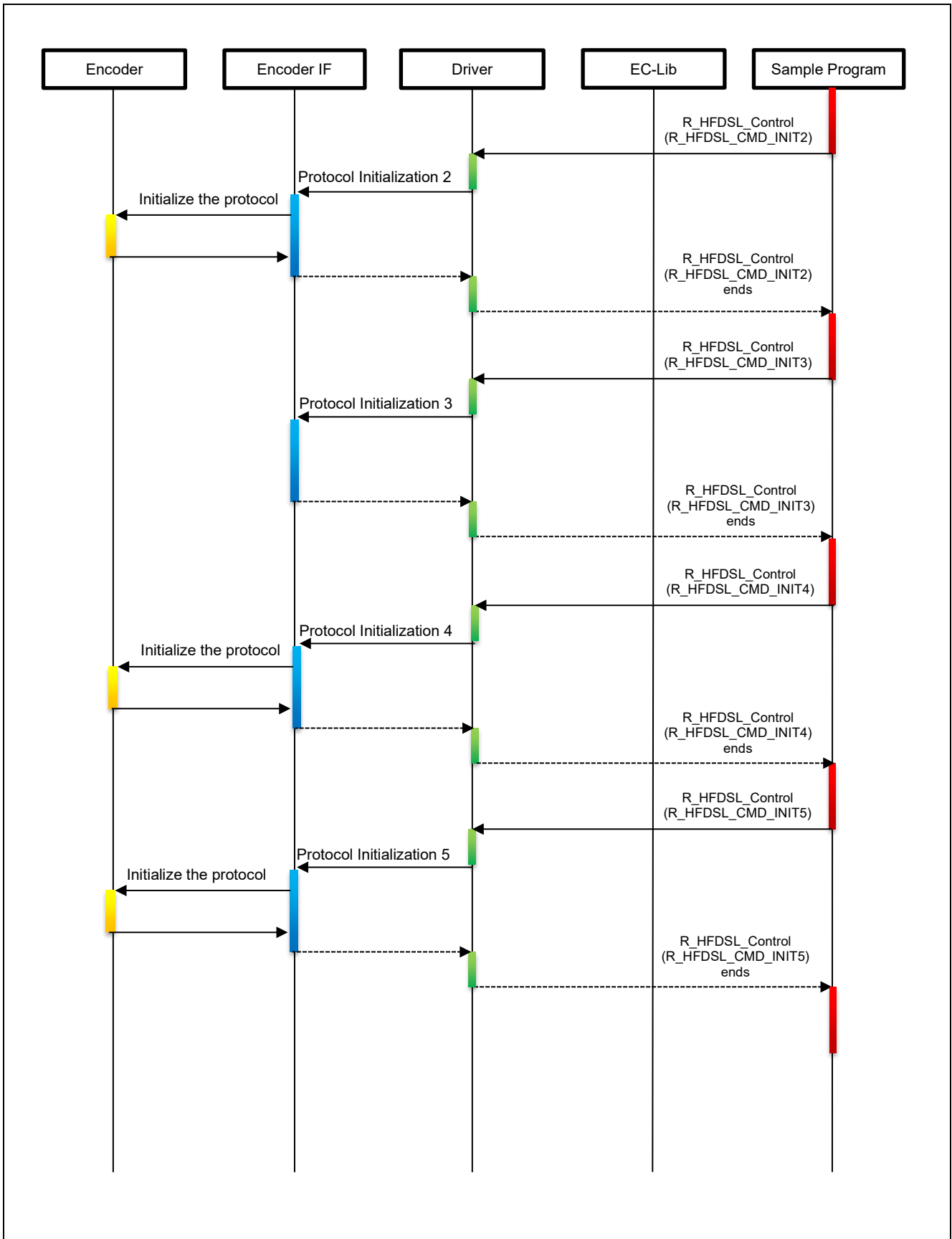


Figure 4-16 Startup Sequence Diagram (2/3)

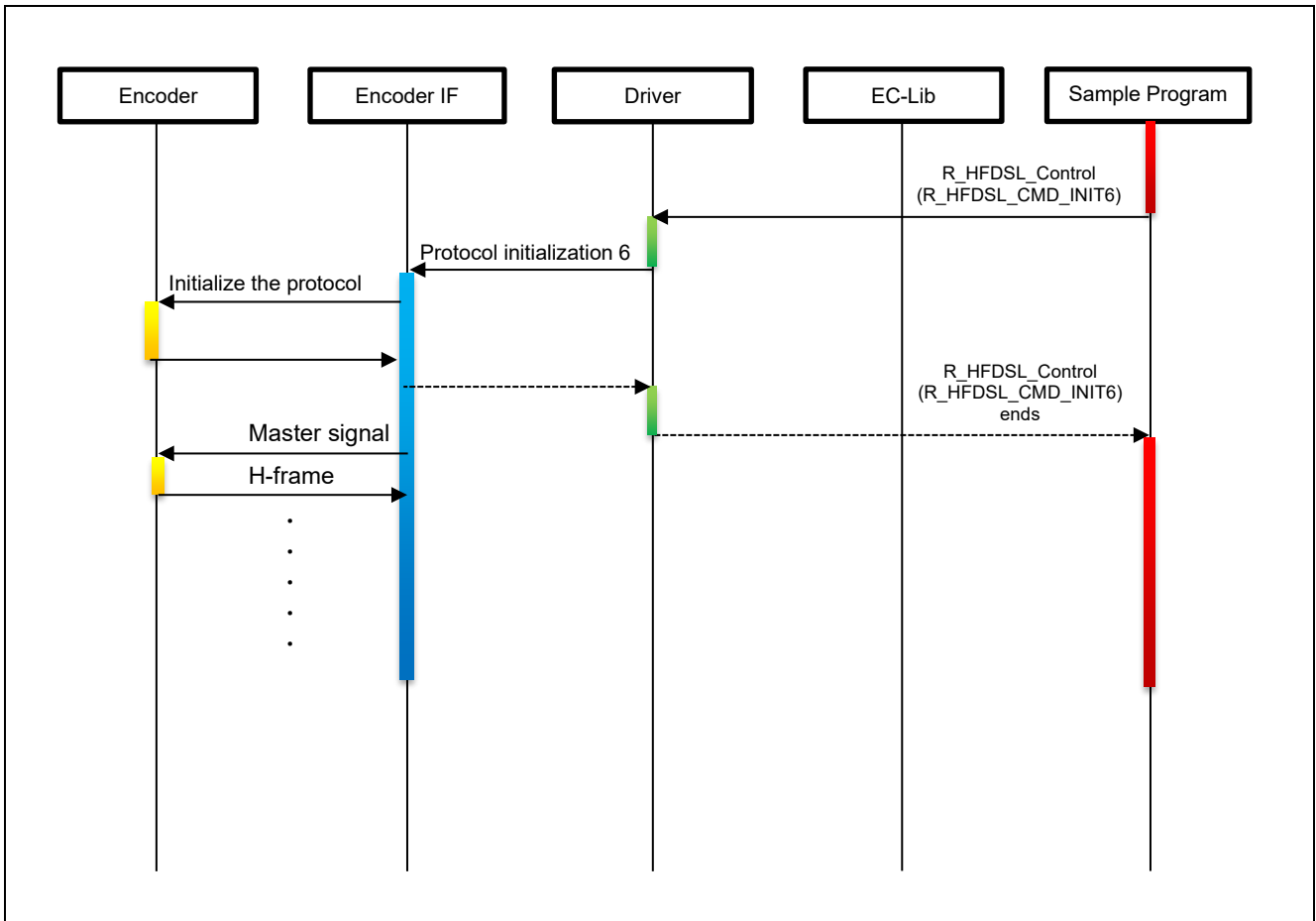


Figure 4-17 Startup Sequence Diagram (3/3)

(2) Sequence for Acquiring the Fast Position in SYNC Mode

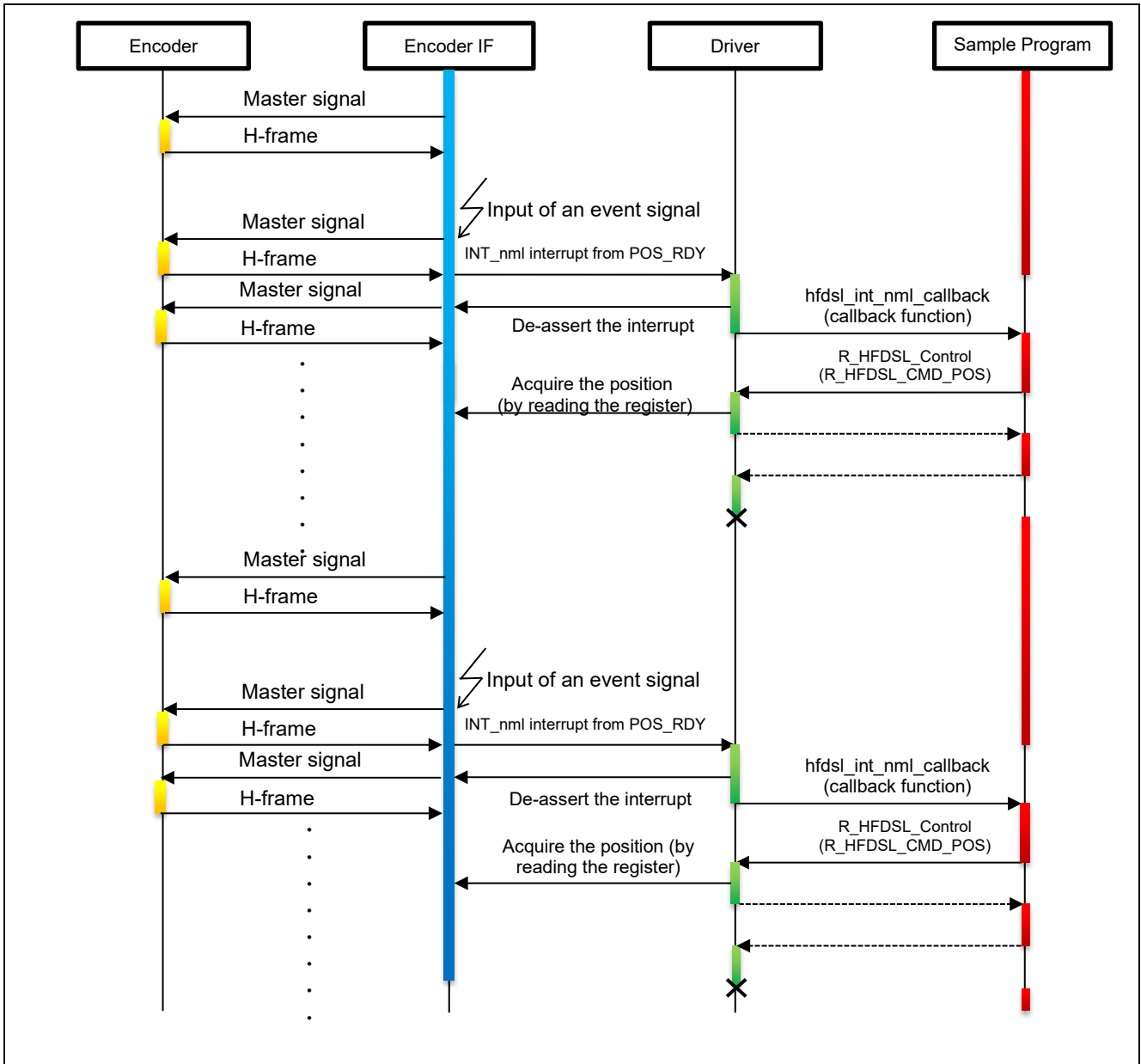


Figure 4-18 Sequence for Acquiring the Fast Position in SYNC Mode

(3) Sequence for Acquiring the Sensor Hub channel

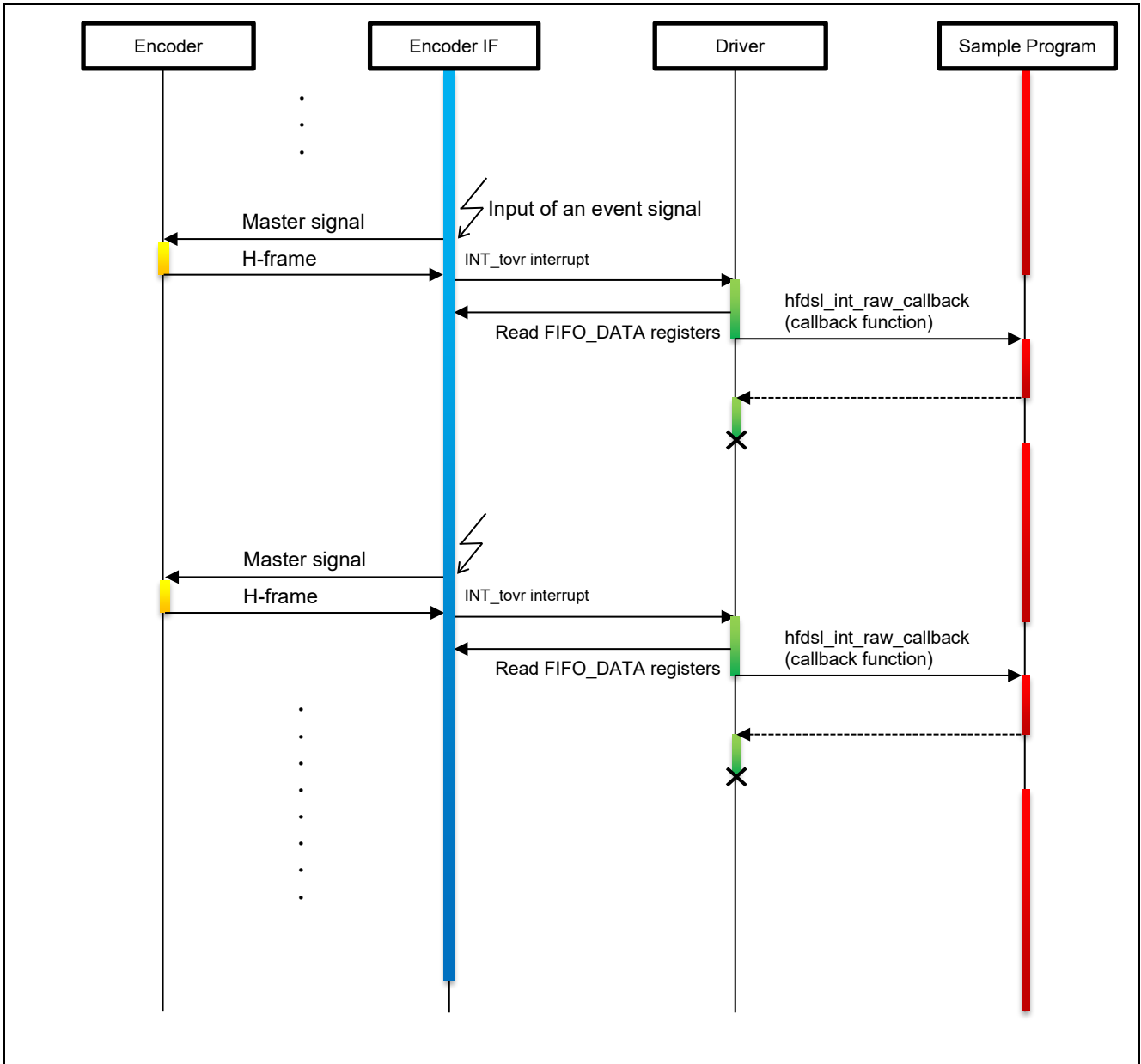


Figure 4-19 Sequence for Acquiring the Sensor Hub channel

(4) Sequence for Acquiring the Vertical channel / Secondary channel data

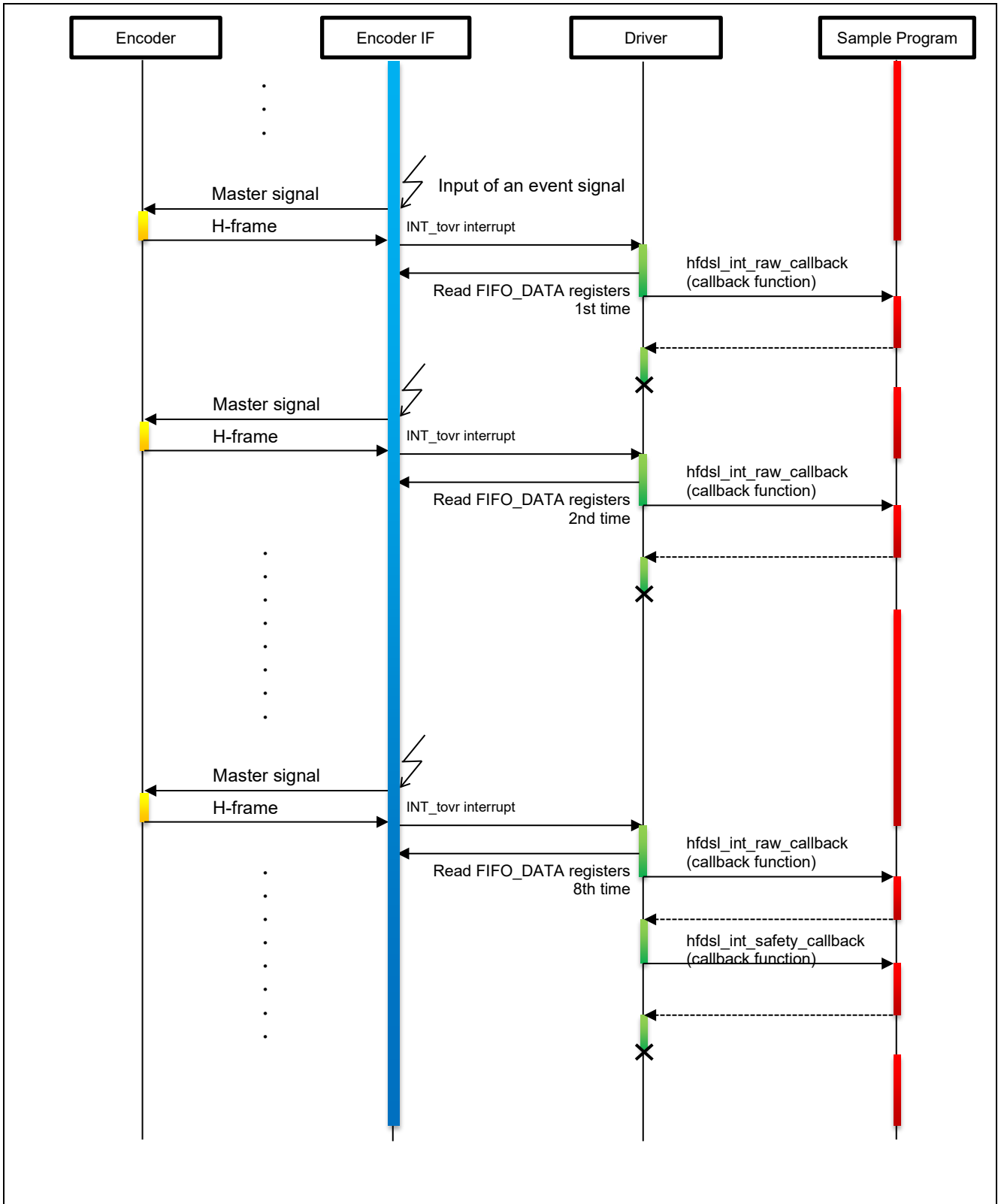


Figure 4-20 Sequence for Acquiring the Vertical channel / Secondary channel data

(5) Message Transfer Sequence

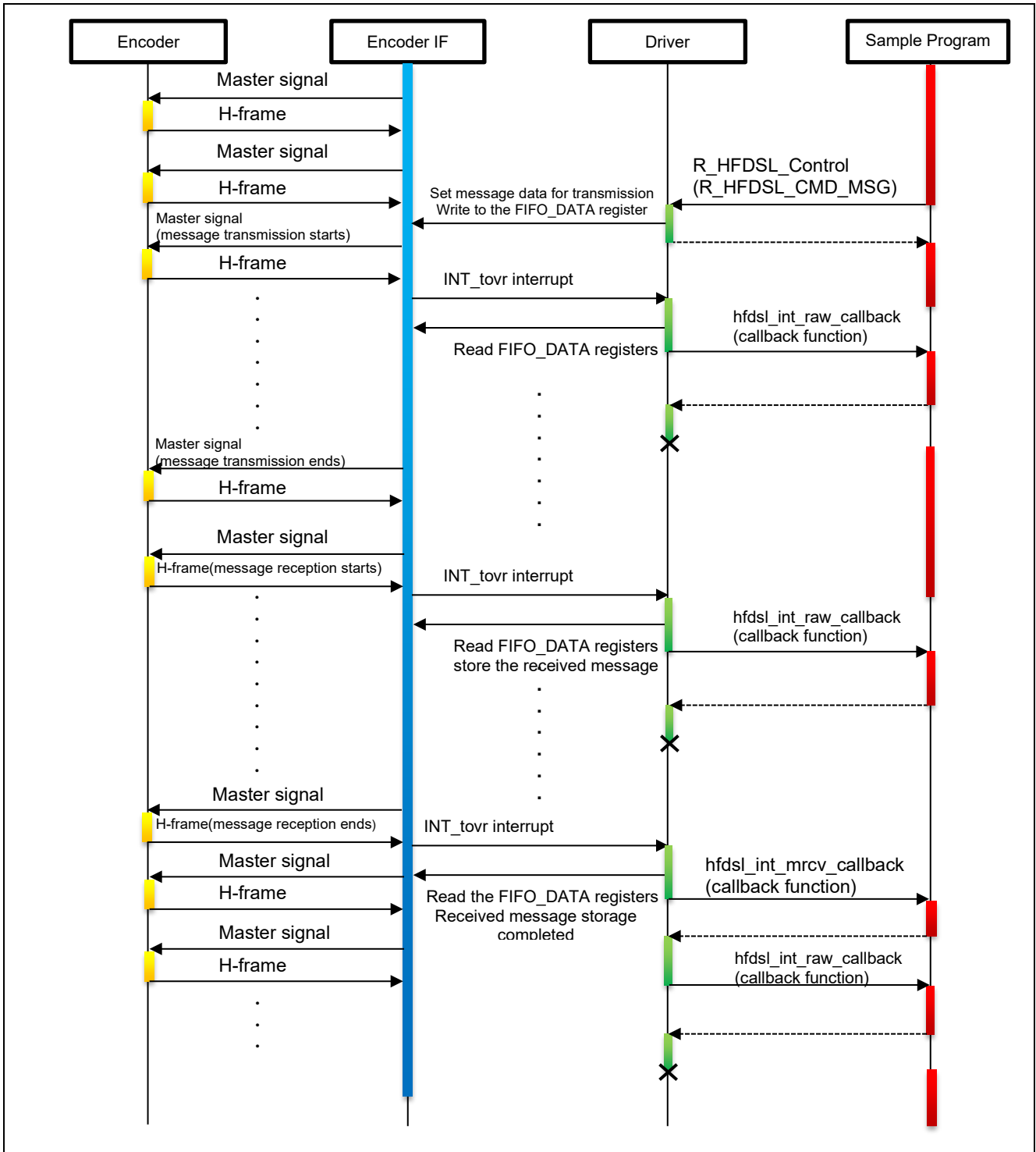


Figure 4-21 Message Transfer Sequence

(6) Stop Sequence

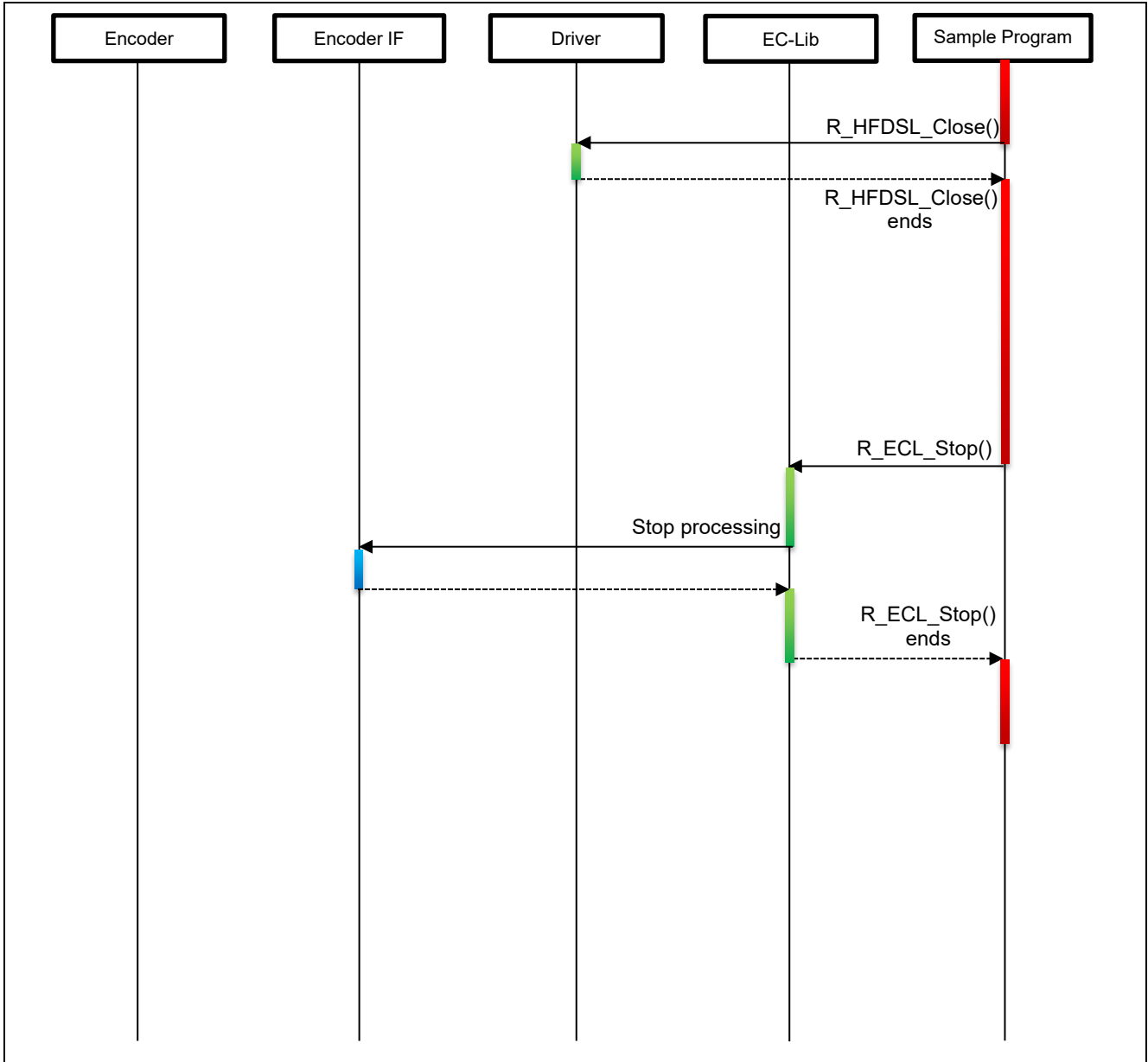


Figure 4-22 Stop Sequence

4.11.6 Console Commands

The commands available for input from the console are listed below.

Table 4.9 Console Commands

Command	Description
pos	Indicates the fast and safe positions
vel	Indicates the rotational velocity of the motor.
Lmsg	Among the encoder resources, acquire the type of the encoder as a long message.
Shub	Indicates a series of received data including sensor hub data.
Safety	Displays received data of Vertical channel / Secondary channel. It also displays the Safe position.

(1) run

After running it will display the command prompt following the version. Enter the command after "hfDSL>".

```
HFDSL Safety sample program start
R_HFDSL_GetVersion = 1.0

hfDSL >
```

(2) pos command

Fast position: The result of R_HFDSL_CMD_POS in the hfDSL_int_nml_callback function is displayed.

Safe position: The result of R_HFDSL_CMD_VPOS in the hfDSL_int_nml_callback function is displayed.

Error information: The result of the hfDSL_int_err_callback function is displayed.

```
HfDSL >pos
Fast position
  Rotations   : 0x000002E1
  Angle       : 0x0002D564
Safe position
  Rotations   : 0x000002E1
  Angle       : 0x0002D564
Error information
  EVENT_ERR   : 0x00050040
```

(3) vel command

Motor rotation speed: The result of R_HFDSL_CMD_VEL in the hfdsl_int_nml_callback function is displayed.

Error information: The result of the hfdsl_int_err_callback function is displayed.

```
Hfdsl >vel
Motor rotation speed
  Speed      : 0x00000026
Error information
  EVENT_ERR  : 0x00050040
```

(4) lmsg command

Motor rotation speed: The result of the hfdsl_int_mrcv_callback function is displayed.

Error information: The result of the hfdsl_int_err_callback function is displayed.

```
Hfdsl >lmsg
Received data
  FIFO_MSGR[00] : 0x0D04
  FIFO_MSGR[01] : 0x0800
  FIFO_MSGR[02] : 0x0000
  FIFO_MSGR[03] : 0x0002
  FIFO_MSGR[04] : 0x0B07
  FIFO_MSGR[05] : 0x0305
Error information
  EVENT_ERR  : 0x00050040
```

(5) shub command

RAW data: The result of the hfdsl_int_raw_callback function is displayed.

Error information: The result of the hfdsl_int_err_callback function is displayed.

```
Hfdsl >shub
RAW data
  vertical    : 0x001F
  s_par      : 0x0030
  pipeline    : 0x01FE
  acc        : 0x0000
  acc_crc    : 0x001F
  secondary   : 0x003F
  pos_h      : 0x0000
  pos[31:16] : 0x2E1F
  pos[15:00] : 0x055E
  event_err  : 0x0000
Error information
  EVENT_ERR  : 0x00050040
```


(6) safety command

SAFETY POSITION 1 data (reg): The result of R_HFDSL_CMD_VPOS in the hfdsl_int_safety_callback function is displayed.

SAFETY POSITION 1 data (RAW): The result of the hfdsl_int_safety_callback function is displayed.

“data” and “sts” are FIFO_DATA register data, “Rotations” and “Angle” are the values after conversion.

SAFETY POSITION 2 data (RAW): The result of the hfdsl_int_safety_callback function is displayed.

“data” and “sts” are FIFO_DATA register data, “Rotations” and “Angle” are the values after conversion.

```
Hfdsl >safety
SAFETY POSITION 1 data (reg)
  Rotations   : 0x000002E1
  Angle       : 0x000F055D
SAFETY POSITION 1 data (RAW)
  Rotations   : 0x000002E1
  Angle       : 0x000F055D
  data : 0x05 0x00 0x2E 0x1F 0x05 0x5D 0x79 0x7F
  sts  : 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x00
SAFETY POSITION 2 data (RAW)
  Rotations   : 0x000002E1
  Angle       : 0x000F05C0
  data : 0x9C 0xFF 0xD1 0xE0 0xFA 0x3F 0x60 0xCE
  sts  : 0x01 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x00
```

5. Sample Code

The sample code can be downloaded from the Renesas Electronics website.

Revision History

Rev.	Date	Description	
		Page	Summary
1.00	Oct.31.22	-	First Edition issued

General Precautions in the Handling of Microprocessing Unit and Microcontroller Unit Products

The following usage notes are applicable to all Microprocessing unit and Microcontroller unit products from Renesas. For detailed usage notes on the products covered by this document, refer to the relevant sections of the document as well as any technical updates that have been issued for the products.

1. Precaution against Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)

A strong electrical field, when exposed to a CMOS device, can cause destruction of the gate oxide and ultimately degrade the device operation. Steps must be taken to stop the generation of static electricity as much as possible, and quickly dissipate it when it occurs. Environmental control must be adequate. When it is dry, a humidifier should be used. This is recommended to avoid using insulators that can easily build up static electricity.

Semiconductor devices must be stored and transported in an anti-static container, static shielding bag or conductive material. All test and measurement tools including work benches and floors must be grounded. The operator must also be grounded using a wrist strap. Semiconductor devices must not be touched with bare hands. Similar precautions must be taken for printed circuit boards with mounted semiconductor devices.

2. Processing at power-on

The state of the product is undefined at the time when power is supplied. The states of internal circuits in the LSI are indeterminate and the states of register settings and pins are undefined at the time when power is supplied. In a finished product where the reset signal is applied to the external reset pin, the states of pins are not guaranteed from the time when power is supplied until the reset process is completed. In a similar way, the states of pins in a product that is reset by an on-chip power-on reset function are not guaranteed from the time when power is supplied until the power reaches the level at which resetting is specified.

3. Input of signal during power-off state

Do not input signals or an I/O pull-up power supply while the device is powered off. The current injection that results from input of such a signal or I/O pull-up power supply may cause malfunction and the abnormal current that passes in the device at this time may cause degradation of internal elements. Follow the guideline for input signal during power-off state as described in your product documentation.

4. Handling of unused pins

Handle unused pins in accordance with the directions given under handling of unused pins in the manual. The input pins of CMOS products are generally in the high-impedance state. In operation with an unused pin in the open-circuit state, extra electromagnetic noise is induced in the vicinity of the LSI, an associated shoot-through current flows internally, and malfunctions occur due to the false recognition of the pin state as an input signal become possible.

5. Clock signals

After applying a reset, only release the reset line after the operating clock signal becomes stable. When switching the clock signal during program execution, wait until the target clock signal is stabilized. When the clock signal is generated with an external resonator or from an external oscillator during a reset, ensure that the reset line is only released after full stabilization of the clock signal. Additionally, when switching to a clock signal produced with an external resonator or by an external oscillator while program execution is in progress, wait until the target clock signal is stable.

6. Voltage application waveform at input pin

Waveform distortion due to input noise or a reflected wave may cause malfunction. If the input of the CMOS device stays in the area between V_{IL} (Max.) and V_{IH} (Min.) due to noise, for example, the device may malfunction. Take care to prevent chattering noise from entering the device when the input level is fixed, and also in the transition period when the input level passes through the area between V_{IL} (Max.) and V_{IH} (Min.).

7. Prohibition of access to reserved addresses

Access to reserved addresses is prohibited. The reserved addresses are provided for possible future expansion of functions. Do not access these addresses as the correct operation of the LSI is not guaranteed.

8. Differences between products

Before changing from one product to another, for example to a product with a different part number, confirm that the change will not lead to problems. The characteristics of a microprocessing unit or microcontroller unit products in the same group but having a different part number might differ in terms of internal memory capacity, layout pattern, and other factors, which can affect the ranges of electrical characteristics, such as characteristic values, operating margins, immunity to noise, and amount of radiated noise. When changing to a product with a different part number, implement a system-evaluation test for the given product.

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