

RX Family

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RSPI Sequence Control and Interrupt Generation Timing

Abstract

This document describes the sequence control for the serial peripheral interface (hereinafter referred to as RSPI) and interrupt timing for the RX Family MCUs.

Products

RX Family

When using this application note with other Renesas MCUs, careful evaluation is recommended after making modifications to comply with the alternate MCU.

Contents

1.	Peripheral Functions	3
	1.1 RSPI Master Mode and Sequence Control	3
	1.2 Number of Transmit/Receive Frames Per Sequence and Interrupt Generation Timing	4
2.	Application Example	6
	2.1 Sequence Control Application Example	
3.	Reference Documents	8

1. Peripheral Functions

1.1 RSPI Master Mode and Sequence Control

For RSPI master mode, in accordance with the sequence length set in the SPSCR register, data can be sequentially transmitted or received switching up to eight transfer formats by hardware.

Figure 1.1 shows the Configuration Diagram of the RSPI Operating in Master Mode.

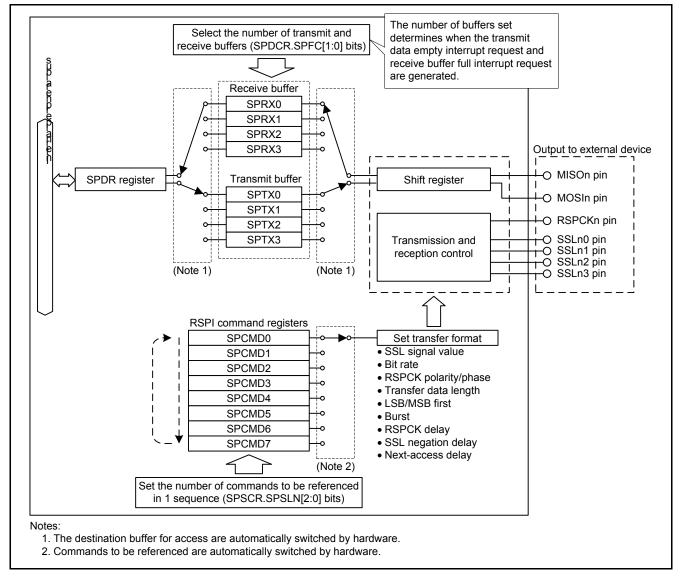


Figure 1.1 Configuration Diagram of the RSPI Operating in Master Mode

Output to an external device is determined by the transfer format setting specified by the RSPI command (hereinafter referred to as command) and the data written to the transmit buffer. The frame consists of data and commands that relate to output to an external device.

Figure 1.2 shows the Basic Concept of a Frame.

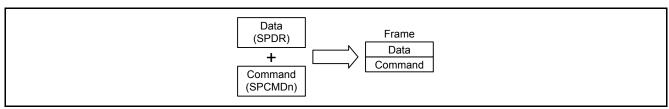


Figure 1.2 Basic Concept of a Frame

1.2 Number of Transmit/Receive Frames Per Sequence and Interrupt Generation Timing

The number of transmit/receive frames in a sequence is determined by a combination of sequence length set with the SPSCR.SPSLN[2:0] bits and number of frames set with the SPDCR.SPFC[1:0] bits.

The number of commands in a sequence is determined by the sequence length, and the transmit/receive frame commands are set in registers SPCMD0 to SPCMD7.

The timing to generate a transmit buffer empty interrupt request and a receive buffer full interrupt request for each sequence is determined by the number of frames. When data transmission starts for the frame of the set number, a transmit buffer empty interrupt request is generated; when data reception starts, a receive buffer full interrupt request is generated.

Figure 1.3 shows the Number of Frames Per Sequence and Interrupt Generation Timing. Operation is not guaranteed if settings other than those shown in the figure are made to the SPSCR.SPSLN[2:0] bits and SPDCR.SPFC[1:0] bits.

	First frame of data	Second frame of data	Third frame of data	Fourth frame of data	Fifth frame of data	Sixth frame of data	Seventh frame of data	Eighth frame of data
	Interrupt generated				 		 	
SPSLN[2:0] bits are 000b (sequence length is 1)	SPTX0/SPRX0		! !	! !	! !		! !	
SPFC[1:0] bits are 00b (1 frame)	SPCMD0		 	 	 	 	 	
		Interrupt generated	 	 	 	 	 	
SPSLN[2:0] bits are 000b (sequence length is 1)	SPTX0/SPRX0	SPTX1/SPRX1		 	 	 	 	
SPFC[1:0] bits are 01b (2 frames)	SPCMD0	SPCMD0		 	 	 	 	
		 	Interrupt generated	 	 	 	 	
SPSLN[2:0] bits are 000b (sequence length is 1)	SPTX0/SPRX0	SPTX1/SPRX1	SPTX2/SPRX2		! !	! 		
SPFC[1:0] bits are 10b (3 frames)	SPCMD0	SPCMD0	SPCMD0		 		 	
			 	Interrupt generated	 	 	 	
SPSLN[2:0] bits are 000b (sequence length is 1)	SPTX0/SPRX0	SPTX1/SPRX1	SPTX2/SPRX2	SPTX3/SPRX3		 	i I	i I
SPFC[1:0] bits are 11b (4 frames)	SPCMD0	SPCMD0	SPCMD0	SPCMD0		 	İ I	İ İ
	<u> </u>	Interrupt generated	 	! !	 -	<u> </u> 	 -	
SPSLN[2:0] bits are 001b (sequence length is 2)	SPTX0/SPRX0	SPTX1/SPRX1		 	 	 	 	
SPFC[1:0] bits are 01b (2 frames)	SPCMD0	SPCMD1		 	! 		! 	
		 	Interrupt generated	 	 	i I	 	i I
SPSLN[2:0] bits are 010b (sequence length is 3)	SPTX0/SPRX0	SPTX1/SPRX1	SPTX2/SPRX2		 	 	 	
SPFC[1:0] bits are 10b (3 frames)	SPCMD0	SPCMD1	SPCMD2		 	 	 	
	İ	 	 	Interrupt generated	 	 	 	
SPSLN[2:0] bits are 011b (sequence length is 4)	SPTX0/SPRX0	SPTX1/SPRX1	SPTX2/SPRX2	SPTX3/SPRX3		 	 	
SPFC[1:0] bits are 11b (4 frames)	SPCMD0	SPCMD1	SPCMD2	SPCMD3		 	; 	 -
	Interrupt generated	 	; 	i I				
SPSLN[2:0] bits are 100b (sequence length is 5)	SPTX0/SPRX0	SPTX0/SPRX0	SPTX0/SPRX0	SPTX0/SPRX0	SPTX0/SPRX0		 	
SPFC[1:0] bits are 00b (1 frame)	SPCMD0	SPCMD1	SPCMD2	SPCMD3	SPCMD4		 	
	Interrupt generated	Interrupt generated	Interrupt generated	Interrupt generated	Interrupt generated	Interrupt generated	 	
SPSLN[2:0] bits are 101b (sequence length is 6)	SPTX0/SPRX0	SPTX0/SPRX0	SPTX0/SPRX0	SPTX0/SPRX0	SPTX0/SPRX0	SPTX0/SPRX0		
SPFC[1:0] bits are 00b (1 frame)	SPCMD0	SPCMD1	SPCMD2	SPCMD3	SPCMD4	SPCMD5		
	Interrupt generated							
SPSLN[2:0] bits are 110b (sequence length is 7)	SPTX0/SPRX0	SPTX0/SPRX0	SPTX0/SPRX0	SPTX0/SPRX0	SPTX0/SPRX0	SPTX0/SPRX0	SPTX0/SPRX0	
SPFC[1:0] bits are 00b (1 frame)	SPCMD0	SPCMD1	SPCMD2	SPCMD3	SPCMD4	SPCMD5	SPCMD6	
	Interrupt generated	Interrupt generated	Interrupt generated	Interrupt generated				
SPSLN[2:0] bits are 111b (sequence length is 8)	SPTX0/SPRX0	SPTX0/SPRX0	SPTX0/SPRX0	SPTX0/SPRX0	SPTX0/SPRX0	SPTX0/SPRX0	SPTX0/SPRX0	SPTX0/SPRX
SPFC[1:0] bits are 00b (1 frame)	SPCMD0	SPCMD1	SPCMD2	SPCMD3	SPCMD4	SPCMD5	SPCMD6	SPCMD7
	Frames labeled v	vith "Interrupt ger	nerated" show wh	ere a transmit bu	ffer empty interru	pt or receive buff	er full interrupt is	generated.

Figure 1.3 Number of Frames Per Sequence and Interrupt Generation Timing

Figure 1.4 shows the frame creation operation when the SPSLN[2:0] bits are 011b (sequence length is 4) and the SPFC[1:0] bits are 11b (4 frames).

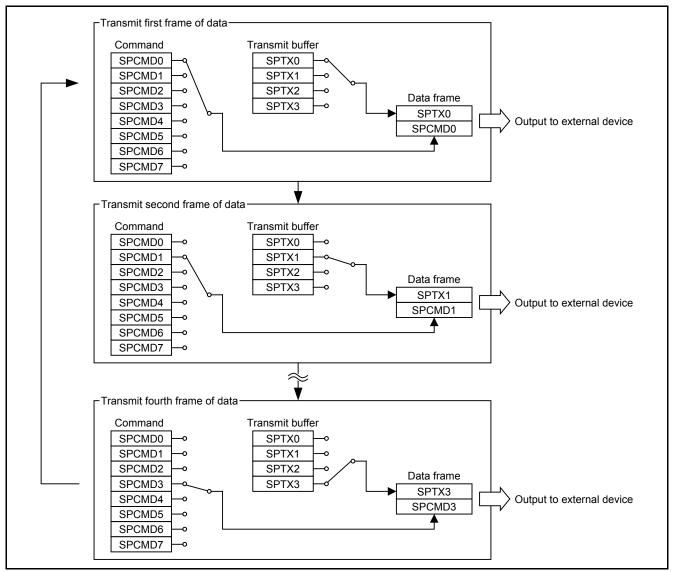


Figure 1.4 Example of Frame Creation Operation

2. Application Example

2.1 Sequence Control Application Example

This section describes an operation example when the SPSCR.SPSLN[2:0] bits are set to 010b (sequence length is 3) and the SPDCR.SPFC[1:0] bits are set to 010b (3 frames).

Figure 2.1 shows an example of connecting the MCU to an external device using the sequence control.

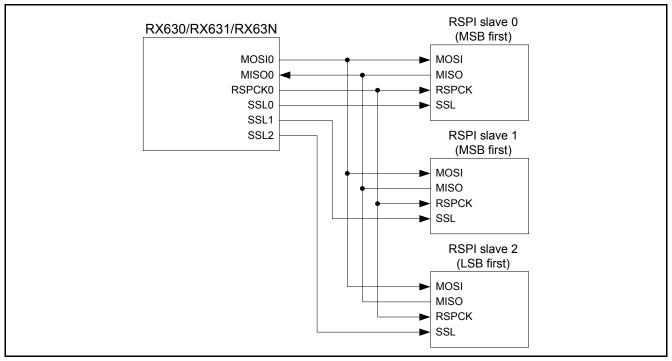


Figure 2.1 Connection Example

- (1) Set commands for the first and third to registers SPCMD0 to SPCMD2.

 Command for the first frame of data: SPCMD0 register ← 0400h (MSB first, SSL0 signal asserted)

 Command for the second frame of data: SPCMD1 register ← 0410h (MSB first, SSL1 signal asserted)

 Command for the third frame of data: SPCMD2 register ← 1420h (LSB first, SSL2 signal asserted)
- (2) Transmit and receive operations start when data for three frames are written to the SPDR register.
- (3) In accordance with the SPCMD0 register setting (low signal output from the SSL0 pin (asserted) and MSB first), transfer the first frame of data.
- (4) After the first frame of data has been transferred, transfer the second frame of data in accordance with the SPCMD1 register setting (low signal output from the SSL1 pin (asserted) and MSB first).
- (5) After the second frame of transmit data has been output, data in the SPTX2 register (transmit buffer for the third frame of data) is transferred to the shift register, and a transmit buffer empty interrupt request is generated.
- (6) After the second frame of data has been transferred, transfer the third frame of data in accordance with the SPCMD2 register setting (low signal output from the SSL2 pin (asserted) and LSB first).
- (7) After the third frame of receive data has been transferred to the SPRX2 register (receive buffer for the third frame of data), a reception complete interrupt request is generated.

Figure 2.2 shows an Operation Example of the Sequence Control.

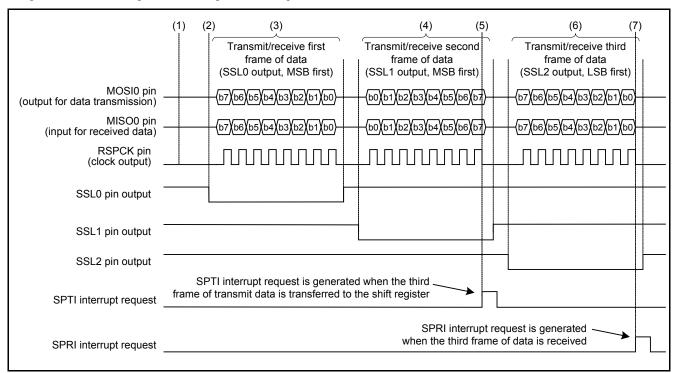


Figure 2.2 Operation Example of the Sequence Control

3. Reference Documents

User's Manual: Hardware

RX630 Group User's Manual: Hardware Rev.1.60 (R01UH0040EJ)

RX63N Group, RX631Group User's Manual: Hardware Rev.1.80 (R01UH0041EJ)

When using products other than the RX630, RX63N, and RX631 Groups, refer to the User's Manual:Hardware for the product used.

The latest versions can be downloaded from the Renesas Electronics website.

Technical Update/Technical News

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Davisian History	RX Family Application Note RSPI Sequence Control and				
Revision History	Interrupt Generation Timing				

Boy	Data	Description				
Rev.	Date	Page	Summary			
1.00	Aug. 1, 2012	_	First edition issued			
1.01	July 1, 2014	1	Changed the target products to the RX family from RX630, RX63N, and RX631 Groups.			

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Handle unused pins in accordance with the directions given under Handling of Unused Pins in the manual.

The input pins of CMOS products are generally in the high-impedance state. In operation with an unused pin in the open-circuit state, extra electromagnetic noise is induced in the vicinity of LSI, an associated shoot-through current flows internally, and malfunctions occur due to the false recognition of the pin state as an input signal become possible. Unused pins should be handled as described under Handling of Unused Pins in the manual.

2. Processing at Power-on

The state of the product is undefined at the moment when power is supplied.

- The states of internal circuits in the LSI are indeterminate and the states of register settings and pins are undefined at the moment when power is supplied.
 In a finished product where the reset signal is applied to the external reset pin, the states of pins are not guaranteed from the moment when power is supplied until the reset process is completed. In a similar way, the states of pins in a product that is reset by an on-chip power-on reset function are not guaranteed from the moment when power is supplied until the power reaches the level at which resetting has been specified.
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Before changing from one product to another, i.e. to a product with a different part number, confirm that the change will not lead to problems.

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