

RX72T Group, RX63T Group

Differences Between the RX72T Group and the RX63T Group

Summary

This application note is a reference document that lists differences in peripheral modules, I/O registers, and pin functions between the RX72T Group and the RX63T Group. This document also provides important information that needs to be taken into account when replacing the MCU. Unless otherwise indicated the maximum MCU specifications of RX72T Group products with 144 pins (with programmable gain amplifier (PGA) pseudo-differential input and USB pins) and RX63T Group products with 144 pins are described. Refer to the User's Manual: Hardware of each MCU for details of differences in electrical characteristics, usage notes, and setting procedures.

Target Devices

RX72T Group

RX63T Group

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1. Comparison of Built-In Functions of RX72T Group and RX63T Group

Table 1.1 is a comparative listing of the built-in functions of RX72T Group and RX63T Group. For details of each function, refer to section 2, Comparative Overview of Specifications, as well as the documents listed in section 5, Reference Documents.

Table 1.1 Comparison of Built-In Functions of RX72T Group and RX63T Group

Function	RX63T	RX72T
CPU	●	
Operating modes	●	
Address space	▲	
Resets	○	
Option-setting memory	▲	
Voltage detection circuit (LVDA)	●/▲	
Clock generation circuit	●/▲	
Clock frequency accuracy measurement circuit (CAC)	●	
Low power consumption	●/▲	
Register write protection function	●/■	
Exception handling	▲	
Interrupt controller (ICUb): RX63T, (ICUC): RX72T	●	
Buses	●/■	
Memory-protection unit (MPU)	▲	
DMA controller (DMACA): RX63T, (DMACAA): RX72T	●	
Data transfer controller (DTCa)	●	
Event link controller (ELC)	✗	○
I/O ports	●/■	
Multi-function pin controller (MPC)	●/■	
Multi-function timer pulse unit 3 (MTU3): RX63T, (MTU3d): RX72T	●	
Port output enable 3 (POE3): RX63T, (POE3B): RX72T	●	
General PWM timer (GPT): RX63T, (GPTW): RX72T	●	
High resolution PWM waveform generation circuit (HRPWM)	*1	○
GPTW port output enable (POEG)	✗	○
8-bit timer (TMR)	✗	○
Compare match timer (CMT)	●	
Watchdog timer (WDTA)	●	
Independent watchdog timer (IWDTa)	●	
USB 2.0 FS Host/Function module (USBa): RX63T, (USBb): RX72T	●	
Serial communications interface (SCIc, SCId): RX63T, (SCII, SCIII, SCIIh): RX72T	●/■	
I²C bus interface (RIIC): RX63T, (RIICA): RX72T	●/■	
CAN module (CAN)	■	
Serial peripheral interface (RSPI): RX63T, (RSPIc): RX72T	●/■	
CRC calculator (CRC): RX63T, (CRCA): RX72T	●	
Arithmetic unit for trigonometric functions (TFU)	✗	○
Trusted Secure IP (TSIP-Lite)	✗	○
12-bit A/D converter (S12ADB): RX63T, (S12ADH): RX72T	●/▲/■	
10-bit A/D converter (AD)	○	✗
D/A converter (DAa): RX63T, 12-bit D/A converter (R12DAb): RX72T	●	
Temperature sensor (TEMPS)	✗	○
Comparator C (CMPC)	*2	○

Function	RX63T	RX72T
Data operation circuit (DOC)	●	
Digital power supply controller (DPC)	○	✗
RAM	●/▲	
Flash memory	●/▲/■	
Packages	▲/■	

○: Available, ✗: Unavailable, ●: Differs due to added functionality,

▲: Differs due to change in functionality, ■: Differs due to removed functionality.

- Notes:
1. A description of the HRPWM function appears in the General PWM Timer (GPT) section of RX63T Group User's Manual: Hardware.
 2. A description of the comparator function appears in the 12-Bit A/D Converter (S12ADB) section of RX63T Group User's Manual: Hardware.

2. Comparative Overview of Specifications

This section presents a comparative overview of specifications, including registers.

In the comparative overview, **red text** indicates functions which are included only in one of the MCU groups and also functions for which the specifications differ between the two groups.

In the register comparison, **red text** indicates differences in specifications for registers that are included in both groups and **black text** indicates registers which are included only in one of the MCU groups. Differences in register specifications are not listed.

2.1 CPU

Table 2.1 is a comparative overview of CPUs, and Table 2.2 is a comparison of CPU registers.

Table 2.1 Comparative Overview of CPUs

Item	RX63T	RX72T
CPU	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Maximum operating frequency: 100 MHz • 32-bit RX CPU • Minimum instruction execution time: One instruction per state (system clock cycle) • Address space: 4 GB, linear • Register set of the CPU <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — General purpose: Sixteen 32-bit registers — Control: Nine 32-bit registers — Accumulator: One 64-bit register • Basic instructions: 73 • Floating-point instructions: 8 • DSP instructions: 9 • Addressing modes: 10 • Data arrangement <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Instructions: Little endian — Data: Selectable between little endian or big endian • On-chip 32-bit multiplier: $32 \times 32 \rightarrow 64$ bits • On-chip divider: $32 / 32 \rightarrow 32$ bits • Barrel shifter: 32 bits • Memory-protection unit (MPU) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Maximum operating frequency: 200 MHz • 32-bit RX CPU (RXv3) • Minimum instruction execution time: One instruction per state (system clock cycle) • Address space: 4 GB, linear • Register set of the CPU <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — General purpose: Sixteen 32-bit registers — Control: Ten 32-bit registers — Accumulator: Two 72-bit registers • Basic instructions: 77 • Single-precision floating point instructions: 11 • DSP instructions: 23 • Instructions for register bank save function: 2 • Addressing modes: 11 • Data arrangement <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Instructions: Little endian — Data: Selectable between little endian or big endian • On-chip 32-bit multiplier: $32 \times 32 \rightarrow 64$ bits • On-chip divider: $32 / 32 \rightarrow 32$ bits • Barrel shifter: 32 bits • Memory-protection unit (MPU)
FPU	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Single-precision floating point (32 bits) • Data types and floating-point exceptions conform to IEEE 754 standard 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Single-precision floating-point (32 bits) • Data types and floating-point exceptions conform to IEEE 754 standard
Register bank save function	—	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fast collective saving and restoration of the values of CPU registers • 16 save register banks

Table 2.2 Comparison of CPU Registers

Register	Bit	RX63T	RX72T
EXTB	—	—	Exception table register
ACC (RX63T) ACC0, ACC1 (RX72T)	—	Accumulator	Accumulator 0, accumulator 1

2.2 Operating Modes

Table 2.3 is a comparative overview of operating modes, and Table 2.4 is a comparison of operating mode-related registers.

Table 2.3 Comparative Overview of Operating Modes

Item	RX63T		RX72T
	144-, 120-, 112-, and 100-Pin Versions	64- and 48-Pin Versions	
Selection of operating modes by mode-setting pins on release from reset state	Single-chip mode	Single-chip mode	Single-chip mode
	Boot mode	Boot mode	Boot mode (SCI interface)
	USB boot mode	—	Boot mode (USB interface)
	—	—	Boot mode (FINE interface)
	User boot mode	—	User boot mode
Selection of operating modes by register settings	Single-chip mode	Single-chip mode	Single-chip mode
	User boot mode	—	User boot mode
	On-chip ROM disabled extended mode	—	On-chip ROM disabled extended mode
	On-chip ROM enabled extended mode	—	On-chip ROM enabled extended mode
Selection of endian order	Single-chip mode: MDES (endian select register S) User boot mode: MDEB (endian select register B)	Single-chip mode: MDES (endian select register S)	MDE register

Table 2.4 Comparison of Operating Mode-Related Registers

Register	Bit	RX63T		RX72T
		144-, 120-, 112-, and 100-Pin Versions	64- and 48-Pin Versions	
MDSR	—	Mode status register	—	Mode status register
SYSCR0	EXBE	External bus enable bit	—	External bus enable bit
SYSCR1	—	System control register 1		System control register 1
		Initial values after a reset are different.		
VOLSR	ECCRAME	—	—	ECCRAM enable bit
VOLSR	—	—	—	Voltage level setting register

2.3 Address space

Figure 2.1 is a comparative memory map of single-chip mode, Figure 2.2 is a comparative memory map of on-chip ROM enabled extended mode, and Figure 2.3 is a comparative memory map of on-chip ROM disabled extended mode.

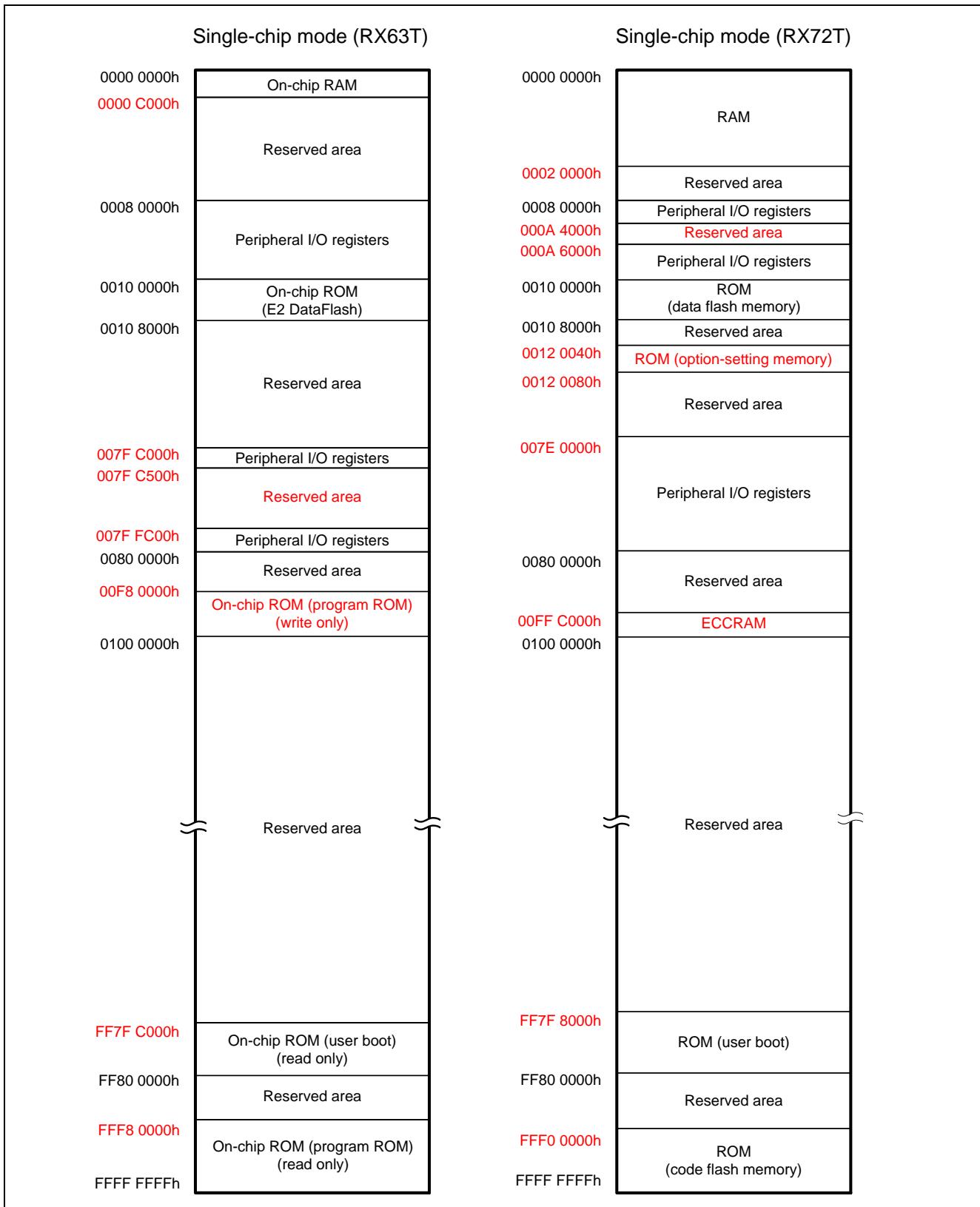


Figure 2.1 Comparative Memory Map of Single-Chip Mode

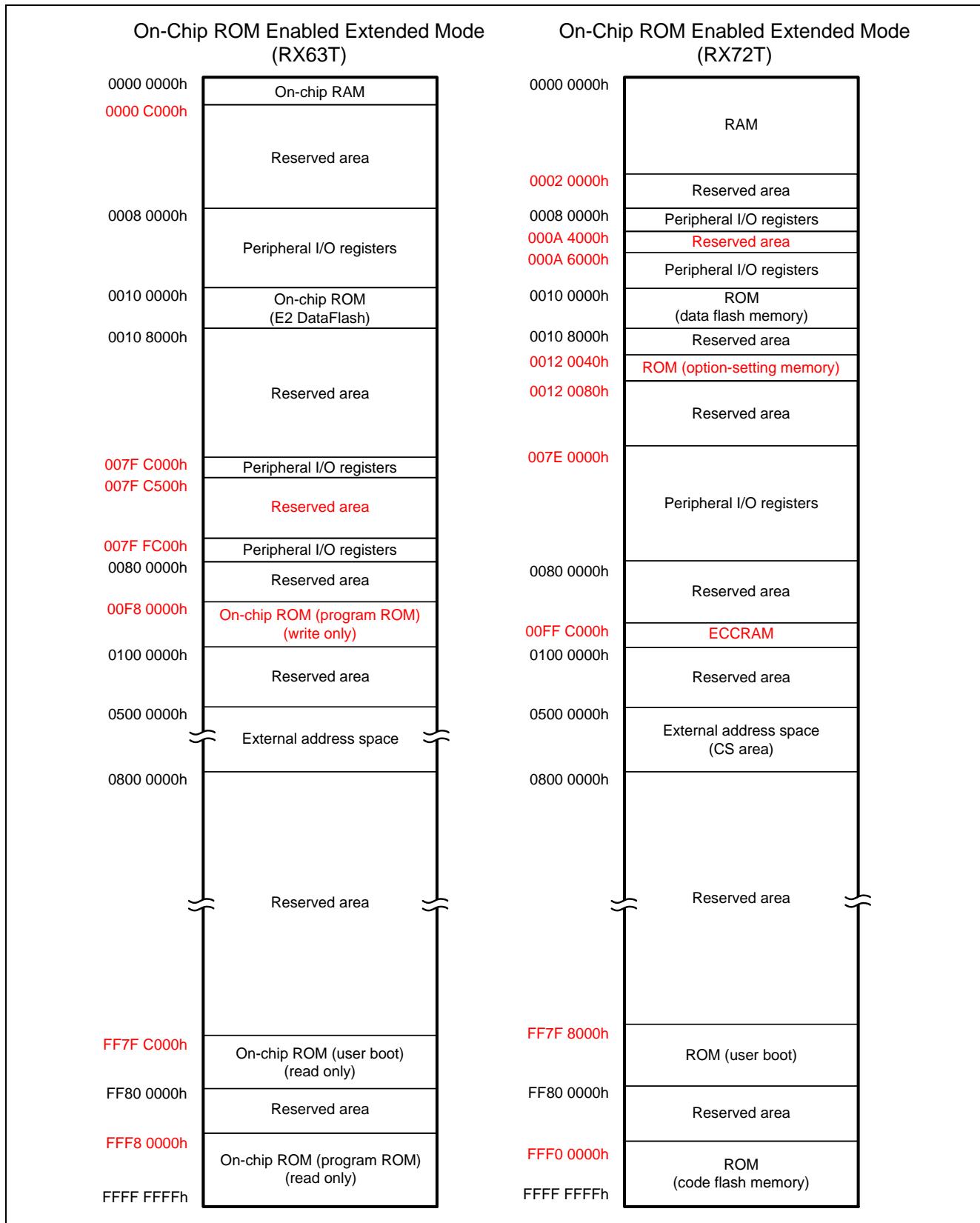


Figure 2.2 Comparative Memory Map of On-Chip ROM Enabled Extended Mode

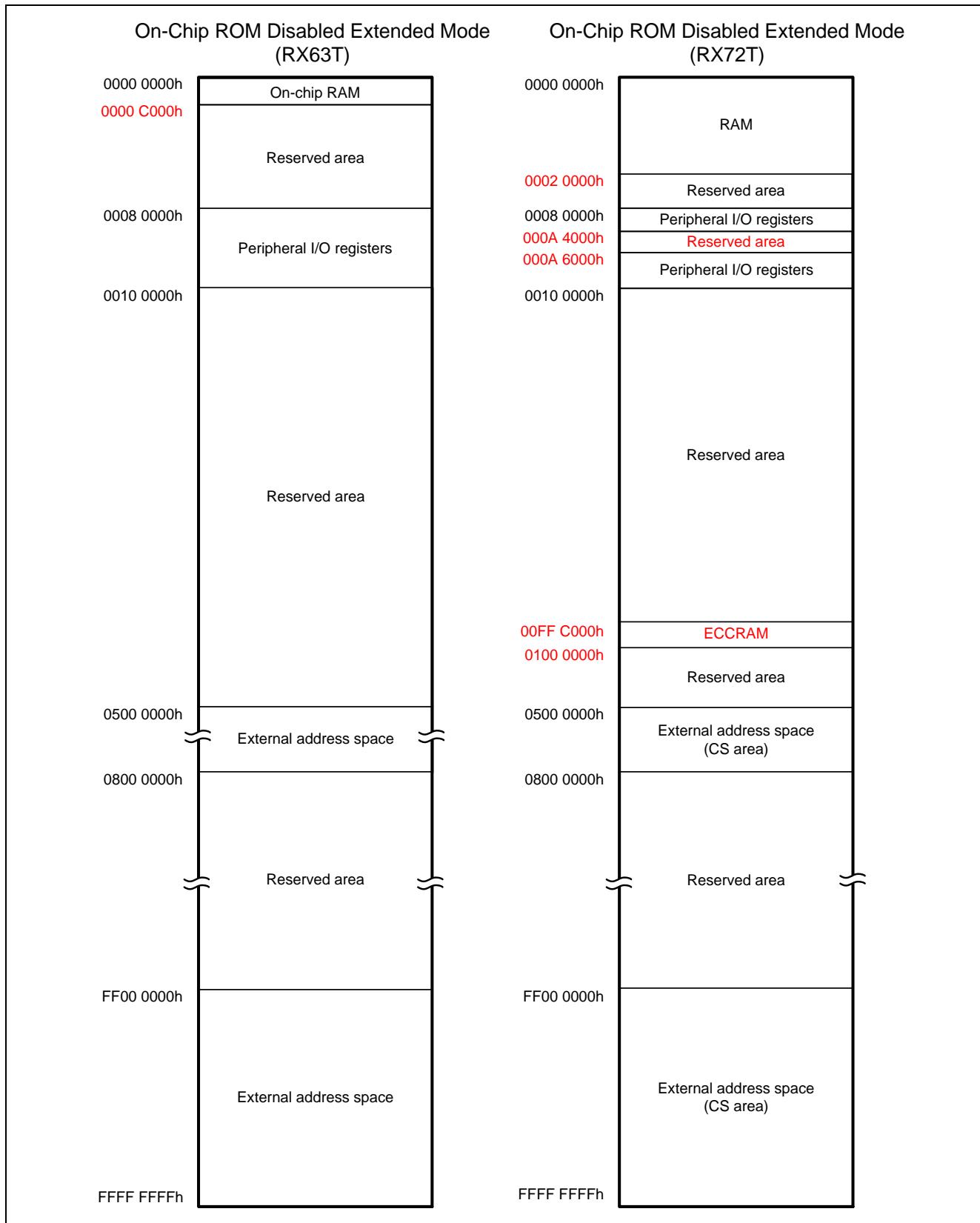


Figure 2.3 Comparative Memory Map of On-Chip ROM Disabled Extended Mode

2.4 Option-Setting Memory

Figure 2.4 is a comparison of option-setting memory areas, and Table 2.5 is a comparison of option-setting memory registers.

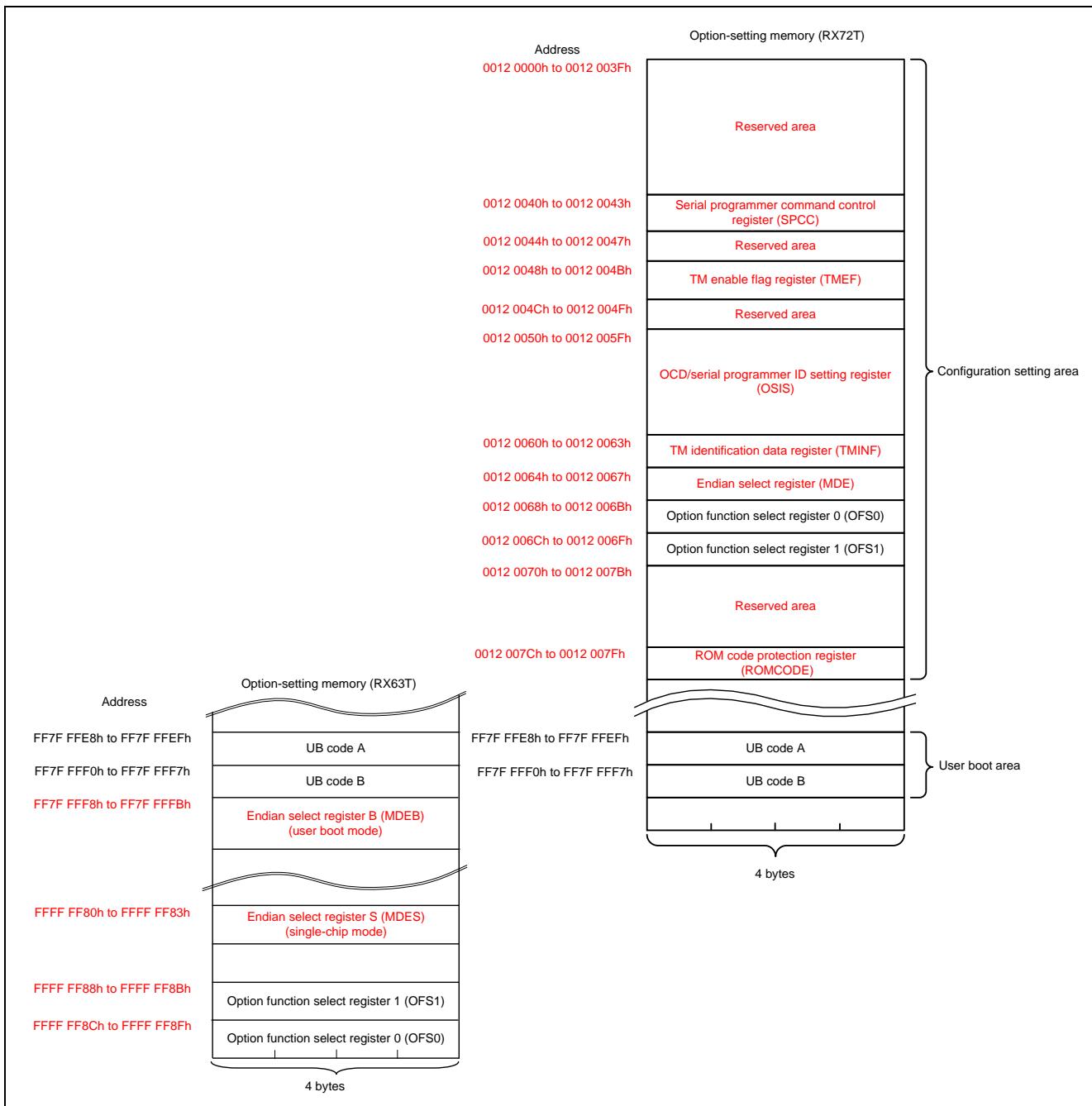


Figure 2.4 Comparison of Option-Setting Memory Areas

Table 2.5 Comparison of Option-Setting Memory Registers

Register	Bit	RX63T	RX72T (OFSM)
SPCC	—	—	Serial programmer command control register
OSIS	—	—	OCD/serial programmer ID setting register
OFS0	IWDTRSTIRQS	IWDT reset interrupt request select bit 0: Non-maskable interrupt requests are enabled. 1: Resets are enabled.	IWDT reset interrupt request select bit 0: Non-maskable interrupt requests or plain interrupt requests are enabled. 1: Resets are enabled.
	WDTRSTIRQS	WDT reset interrupt request select bit 0: Non-maskable interrupt requests are enabled. 1: Resets are enabled.	WDT reset interrupt request select bit 0: Non-maskable interrupt requests or plain interrupt requests are enabled. 1: Resets are enabled.
OFS1	VDSEL	—	Voltage detection 0 level select bit
	HOCOEN	—	HOCO oscillation enable bit
MDES	—	Endian select register S (single-chip mode)	—
MDEB	—	Endian select register B (user boot mode)	—
MDE	—	—	Endian select register
TMEF	—	—	TM enable flag register
TMINF	—	—	TM identification data register
ROMCODE	—	—	ROM code protection register

2.5 Voltage Detection Circuit

Table 2.6 is a comparative overview of voltage detection circuit, and Table 2.7 is a comparison of voltage detection circuit registers.

In addition, Table 2.8 is a comparative listing of setting procedures for Vdet1 monitoring, Table 2.9 a comparative listing of setting procedures for Vdet2 monitoring, Table 2.10 a comparative listing of setting procedures for voltage monitoring 1 interrupt and voltage monitoring 1 reset-related bit operation, and Table 2.11 a comparative listing of setting procedures for voltage monitoring 2 interrupt and voltage monitoring 2 reset-related bit operation.

Table 2.6 Comparative Overview of Voltage Detection Circuit

Item		RX63T (LVDA)			RX72T (LVDA)		
		Voltage Monitoring 0	Voltage Monitoring 1	Voltage Monitoring 2	Voltage Monitoring 0	Voltage Monitoring 1	Voltage Monitoring 2
VCC monitoring	Monitored voltage	Vdet0	Vdet1	Vdet2	Vdet0	Vdet1	Vdet2
	Detected event	Voltage drops past Vdet0.	Voltage rises or drops past Vdet1.	Voltage rises or drops past Vdet2.	Voltage drops past Vdet0.	Voltage rises or drops past Vdet1.	Voltage rises or drops past Vdet2.
	Detection voltage	One level, fixed	Voltage specified by LVDLVL.R.LVD1LVL[3:0] bits [144-, 120-, 112-, and 100-pin versions] Selectable among three different levels [64- and 48-pin versions] One level, fixed	Voltage specified by LVDLVL.R.LVD2LVL[3:0] bits [144-, 120-, 112-, and 100-pin versions] Selectable among three different levels [64- and 48-pin versions] One level, fixed	Selectable between two different levels using OFS1.VDSEL[1:0] bits	Selectable between five different levels using LVDLVL.R.LVD1LVL[3:0] bits	Selectable between five different levels using LVDLVL.R.LVD2LVL[3:0] bits
	Monitoring flag	No	LVD1SR.LVD1 MON flag: Monitors whether voltage is higher or lower than Vdet1.	LVD2SR.LVD2 MON flag: Monitors whether voltage is higher or lower than Vdet2.	No	LVD1SR.LVD1 MON flag: Monitors whether voltage is higher or lower than Vdet1.	LVD2SR.LVD2 MON flag: Monitors whether voltage is higher or lower than Vdet2.
			LVD1SR.LVD1 DET flag: Vdet1 passage detection	LVD2SR.LVD2 DET flag: Vdet2 passage detection		LVD1SR.LVD1 DET flag: Vdet1 passage detection	LVD2SR.LVD2 DET flag: Vdet2 passage detection
Processing upon voltage detection	Reset	Voltage monitoring 0 reset	Voltage monitoring 1 reset	Voltage monitoring 2 reset	Voltage monitoring 0 reset	Voltage monitoring 1 reset	Voltage monitoring 2 reset
		Reset when Vdet0 > VCC; CPU restart after specified duration of VCC > Vdet0	Reset when Vdet1 > VCC; CPU restart timing selectable: after specified duration of VCC > Vdet1 or after specified duration of Vdet1 > VCC	Reset when Vdet2 > VCC; CPU restart timing selectable: after specified duration of VCC > Vdet2 or after specified duration of Vdet2 > VCC	Reset when Vdet0 > VCC; CPU restart after specified duration of VCC > Vdet0	Reset when Vdet1 > VCC; CPU restart timing selectable: after specified duration of VCC > Vdet1 or after specified duration of Vdet1 > VCC	Reset when Vdet2 > VCC; CPU restart timing selectable: after specified duration of VCC > Vdet2 or after specified duration of Vdet2 > VCC

Item		RX63T (LVDA)			RX72T (LVDA)		
		Voltage Monitoring 0	Voltage Monitoring 1	Voltage Monitoring 2	Voltage Monitoring 0	Voltage Monitoring 1	Voltage Monitoring 2
Processing upon voltage detection	Interrupt	No	Voltage monitoring 1 interrupt	Voltage monitoring 2 interrupt	No	Voltage monitoring 1 interrupt	Voltage monitoring 2 interrupt
			Non-maskable interrupt	Non-maskable interrupt		Non-maskable interrupt or maskable interrupt, selectable	Non-maskable interrupt or maskable interrupt, selectable
			Interrupt request both when Vdet1 > VCC and when VCC > Vdet1, or when one or the other occurs	Interrupt request both when Vdet2 > VCC and when VCC > Vdet2, or when one or the other occurs		Interrupt request both when Vdet1 > VCC and when VCC > Vdet1, or when one or the other occurs	Interrupt request both when Vdet2 > VCC and when VCC > Vdet2, or when one or the other occurs
Digital filter	Enabled/disabled switching	No digital filter function	Yes	Yes	No digital filter function	Yes	Yes
	Sampling time	—	1/n LOCO frequency × 2 (n: 1, 2, 4, 8)	1/n LOCO frequency × 2 (n: 1, 2, 4, 8)	—	1/n LOCO frequency × 2 (n: 2, 4, 8, 16)	1/n LOCO frequency × 2 (n: 2, 4, 8, 16)
Event link function		—	—	—	No	Yes Output of event signal at detection of Vdet passage	Yes Output of event signal at detection of Vdet passage

Table 2.7 Comparison of Voltage Detection Circuit Registers

Register	Bit	RX63T (LVDA)		RX72T (LVDA)
		144-, 120-, 112-, and 100-Pin Versions	64- and 48-Pin Versions	
LVD1CR1	LVD1IRQSEL	—		Voltage monitoring 1 interrupt type select bit
LVD2CR1	LVD2IRQSEL	—		Voltage monitoring 2 interrupt type select bit
LVDLVLR	LVD1LVL [3:0]	<p>Voltage detection 1 level select bits (standard voltage during drop in voltage)</p> <p>[3 V products] b3 b0 1 0 0 0: 2.90 V 1 0 0 1: 2.85 V 1 0 1 0: 2.88 V Settings other than the above are prohibited.</p> <p>[5 V products] b3 b0 1 0 0 0: 4.77 V 1 0 0 1: 4.23 V 1 0 1 0: 4.50 V Settings other than the above are prohibited.</p>	<p>Voltage detection 1 level select bits (standard voltage during drop in voltage)</p> <p>b3 b0 1 0 1 0: 2.95 V Settings other than the above are prohibited.</p>	<p>Voltage detection 1 level select bits (standard voltage during drop in voltage)</p> <p>b3 b0 0 1 0 0: 4.57 V (Vdet1_0) 0 1 0 1: 4.47 V (Vdet1_1) 0 1 1 0: 4.32 V (Vdet1_2) 1 0 1 0: 2.93 V (Vdet1_3) 1 0 1 1: 2.88 V (Vdet1_4) Settings other than the above are prohibited.</p>
	LVD2LVL [3:0]	<p>Voltage detection 2 level select bits (standard voltage during drop in voltage)</p> <p>[3 V products] b7 b4 1 0 0 0: 2.90 V 1 0 0 1: 2.85 V 1 0 1 0: 2.88 V Settings other than the above are prohibited.</p> <p>[5 V products] b7 b4 1 0 0 0: 4.77 V 1 0 0 1: 4.23 V 1 0 1 0: 4.50 V Settings other than the above are prohibited.</p>	<p>Voltage detection 2 level select bits (standard voltage during drop in voltage)</p> <p>b7 b4 1 0 1 0: 2.95 V Settings other than the above are prohibited.</p>	<p>Voltage detection 2 level select bits (standard voltage during drop in voltage)</p> <p>b7 b4 0 1 0 0: 4.57 V (Vdet2_0) 0 1 0 1: 4.47 V (Vdet2_1) 0 1 1 0: 4.32 V (Vdet2_2) 1 0 1 0: 2.93 V (Vdet2_3) 1 0 1 1: 2.88 V (Vdet2_4) Settings other than the above are prohibited.</p>

Register	Bit	RX63T (LVDA)		RX72T (LVDA)
		144-, 120-, 112-, and 100-Pin Versions	64- and 48-Pin Versions	
LVD1CR0	LVD1FSAMP [1:0]	Sampling clock select bits b5 b4 0 0: 1/1 LOCO frequency 0 1: 1/2 LOCO frequency 1 0: 1/4 LOCO frequency 1 1: 1/8 LOCO frequency		Sampling clock select bits b5 b4 0 0: 1/2 LOCO frequency 0 1: 1/4 LOCO frequency 1 0: 1/8 LOCO frequency 1 1: 1/16 LOCO frequency
LVD2CR0	LVD2FSAMP [1:0]	Sampling clock select bits b5 b4 0 0: 1/1 LOCO frequency 0 1: 1/2 LOCO frequency 1 0: 1/4 LOCO frequency 1 1: 1/8 LOCO frequency		Sampling clock select bits b5 b4 0 0: 1/2 LOCO frequency 0 1: 1/4 LOCO frequency 1 0: 1/8 LOCO frequency 1 1: 1/16 LOCO frequency

Table 2.8 Comparative Listing of Setting Procedures for Vdet1 Monitoring

Item		RX63T (LVDA)	RX72T (LVDA)
Setting procedure for Vdet1 monitoring	1	Specify the detection voltage by setting the LVDLVL.R.LVD1LVL[3:0] bits.	Specify the detection voltage by setting the LVDLVL.R.LVD1LVL[3:0] bits.
	2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Digital filter is in use Select the sampling clock for the digital filter by setting the LVD1CR0.LVD1FSAMP[1:0] bits. • Digital filter not in use Set the LVD1CR0.LVD1DFDIS bit to 1 (digital filter disabled). 	Set LVCMP.R.LVD1E = 1 (voltage detection 1 circuit enabled).
	3	Set the LVD1CR0.LVD1CMPE bit to 1 (output of voltage monitoring 1 circuit comparison results enabled).	Wait for at least td(E-A) (LVD operation stabilization time after LVD is enabled).
	4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Digital filter is in use Wait for at least one cycle of LOCO. • Digital filter not in use — (No procedure) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Digital filter is in use Select the sampling clock for the digital filter by setting the LVD1CR0.LVD1FSAMP[1:0] bits. • Digital filter not in use — (No procedure)
	5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Digital filter is in use Clear the LVD1CR0.LVD1DFDIS bit to 0 (digital filter enabled). • Digital filter not in use — (No procedure) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Digital filter is in use Set LVD1CR0.LVD1DFDIS = 0 (digital filter enabled). • Digital filter not in use — (No procedure)
	6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Digital filter is in use Wait for at least $2n + 3$ cycles of LOCO (where $n = 1, 2, 4$, or 8, and the sampling clock for the digital filter is the LOCO frequency divided by n). • Digital filter not in use — (No procedure) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Digital filter is in use Wait for at least $2n + 3$ cycles of LOCO (where $n = 2, 4, 8$, or 16, and the sampling clock for the digital filter is the LOCO frequency divided by n). • Digital filter not in use — (No procedure)
	7	Set the LVCMP.R.LVD1E bit to 1 (voltage detection 1 circuit enabled).	Set LVD1CR0.LVD1CMPE = 1 (output of voltage monitoring 1 circuit comparison results enabled).

Table 2.9 Comparative Listing of Setting Procedures for Vdet2 Monitoring

Item		RX63T (LVDA)	RX72T (LVDA)
Setting procedure for Vdet2 monitoring	1	Specify the detection voltage by setting the LVDLVL.R.LVD2LVL[3:0] bits.	Specify the detection voltage by setting the LVDLVL.R.LVD2LVL[3:0] bits.
	2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Digital filter is in use Select the sampling clock for the digital filter by setting the LVD2CR0.LVD2FSAMP[1:0] bits. • Digital filter not in use Set the LVD2CR0.LVD2DFDIS bit to 1 (digital filter disabled). 	Set LVCMP.R.LVD2E = 1 (voltage detection 2 circuit enabled).
	3	Set the LVD2CR0.LVD2CMPE bit to 1 (output of voltage monitoring 2 circuit comparison results enabled).	Wait for at least td(E-A) (LVD operation stabilization time after LVD is enabled).
	4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Digital filter is in use Wait for at least one cycle of LOCO. • Digital filter not in use — (No procedure) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Digital filter is in use Select the sampling clock for the digital filter by setting the LVD2CR0.LVD2FSAMP[1:0] bits. • Digital filter not in use — (No procedure)
	5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Digital filter is in use Clear the LVD2CR0.LVD2DFDIS bit to 0 (digital filter enabled). • Digital filter not in use — (No procedure) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Digital filter is in use Set LVD2CR0.LVD2DFDIS = 0 (digital filter enabled). • Digital filter not in use — (No procedure)
	6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Digital filter is in use Wait for at least $2n + 3$ cycles of LOCO (where $n = 1, 2, 4$, or 8, and the sampling clock for the digital filter is the LOCO frequency divided by n). • Digital filter not in use — (No procedure) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Digital filter is in use Wait for at least $2n + 3$ cycles of LOCO (where $n = 2, 4, 8$, or 16, and the sampling clock for the digital filter is the LOCO frequency divided by n). • Digital filter not in use — (No procedure)
	7	Set the LVCMP.R.LVD2E bit to 1 (voltage detection 2 circuit enabled).	Set LVD2CR0.LVD2CMPE = 1 (output of voltage monitoring 2 circuit comparison results enabled).

Table 2.10 Comparative Listing of Setting Procedures for Voltage Monitoring 1 Interrupt and Voltage Monitoring 1 Reset-Related Bit Operation

Item		RX63T (LVDA)	RX72T (LVDA)
Setting procedure for voltage monitoring 1 interrupt-related bit operation	1	Specify the detection voltage by setting the LVDLVL.R.LVD1LVL[3:0] bits.	Specify the detection voltage by setting the LVDLVL.R.LVD1LVL[3:0] bits.
	2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Digital filter is in use Select the sampling clock for the digital filter by setting the LVD1CR0.LVD1FSAMP[1:0] bits. Digital filter not in use Set the LVD1CR0.LVD1DFDIS bit to 1 (digital filter disabled). 	Set LVCMPCR.LVD1E = 1 (voltage detection 1 circuit enabled).
	3	Clear the LVD1CR0.LVD1RI bit to 0 (voltage monitoring 1 interrupt).	Wait for at least $td(E-A)$ (LVD operation stabilization time after LVD is enabled).
	4	Select the timing of interrupt requests by setting the LVD1CR1.LVD1IDTSEL[1:0] bits.	—
	5	Set the LVD1CR0.LVD1CMPE bit to 1 (output of voltage monitoring 1 circuit comparison results enabled).	—
	6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Digital filter is in use Wait for at least one cycle of LOCO. Digital filter not in use — (No procedure) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Digital filter is in use Select the sampling clock for the digital filter by setting the LVD1CR0.LVD1FSAMP[1:0] bits. Digital filter not in use — (No procedure)
	7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Digital filter is in use Clear the LVD1CR0.LVD1DFDIS bit to 0 (digital filter enabled). Digital filter not in use — (No procedure) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Digital filter is in use Set LVD1CR0.LVD1DFDIS = 0 (digital filter enabled). Digital filter not in use — (No procedure)
	8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Digital filter is in use Wait for at least $2n + 3$ cycles of LOCO (where $n = 1, 2, 4$, or 8, and the sampling clock for the digital filter is the LOCO frequency divided by n). Digital filter not in use — (No procedure) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Digital filter is in use Wait for at least $2n + 3$ cycles of LOCO (where $n = 2, 4, 8$, or 16, and the sampling clock for the digital filter is the LOCO frequency divided by n). Digital filter not in use — (No procedure)
	9	—	Set LVD1CR0.LVD1RI = 0 (voltage monitoring 1 interrupt).
	10	—	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Select the timing of interrupt requests by setting the LVD1CR1.LVD1IDTSEL[1:0] bits. Select the type of interrupt by setting the LVD1CR1.LVD1IRQSEL bit.
	11	Clear the LVD1SR.LVD1DET flag to 0.	Set LVD1SR.LVD1DET = 0.

Item		RX63T (LVDA)	RX72T (LVDA)
Setting procedure for voltage monitoring 1 interrupt-related bit operation	12	Set the LVD1CR0.LVD1RIE bit to 1 (voltage monitoring 1 interrupt/reset enabled).	Set LVD1CR0.LVD1RIE = 1 (voltage monitoring 1 interrupt/reset enabled).
	13	Set the LVCMPCCR.LVD1E bit to 1 (voltage detection 1 circuit enabled).	Set LVD1CR0.LVD1CMPE = 1 (output of voltage monitoring 1 circuit comparison results enabled).
Setting procedure for voltage monitoring 1 reset-related bit operation	1	Specify the detection voltage by setting the LVDLVL.R.LVD1LVL[3:0] bits.	Specify the detection voltage by setting the LVDLVL.R.LVD1LVL[3:0] bits.
	2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Digital filter is in use Select the sampling clock for the digital filter by setting the LVD1CR0.LVD1FSAMP[1:0] bits. Digital filter not in use Set the LVD1CR0.LVD1DFDIS bit to 1 (digital filter disabled). 	Set LVCMPCCR.LVD1E = 1 (voltage detection 1 circuit enabled).
	3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Set the LVD1CR0.LVD1RI bit to 1 (voltage monitoring 1 reset). Select the type of reset negation by setting the LVD1CR0.LVD1RN bit. 	Wait for at least $td(E-A)$ (LVD operation stabilization time after LVD is enabled).
	4	Set the LVD1CR0.LVD1CMPE bit to 1 (output of voltage monitoring 1 circuit comparison results enabled).	—
	5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Digital filter is in use Wait for at least one cycle of LOCO. Digital filter not in use — (No procedure) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Digital filter is in use Select the sampling clock for the digital filter by setting the LVD1CR0.LVD1FSAMP[1:0] bits. Digital filter not in use — (No procedure)
	6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Digital filter is in use Clear the LVD1CR0.LVD1DFDIS bit to 0 (digital filter enabled). Digital filter not in use — (No procedure) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Digital filter is in use Set LVD1CR0.LVD1DFDIS = 0 (digital filter enabled). Digital filter not in use — (No procedure)
	7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Digital filter is in use Wait for at least $2n + 3$ cycles of LOCO (where $n = 1, 2, 4$, or 8, and the sampling clock for the digital filter is the LOCO frequency divided by n). Digital filter not in use — (No procedure) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Digital filter is in use Wait for at least $2n + 3$ cycles of LOCO (where $n = 2, 4, 8$, or 16, and the sampling clock for the digital filter is the LOCO frequency divided by n). Digital filter not in use — (No procedure)
	8	—	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Set LVD1CR0.LVD1RI = 1 (voltage monitoring 1 reset). Select the type of reset negation by setting the LVD1CR0.LVD1RN bit.
	9	—	Set LVD1SR.LVD1DET = 0.

Item		RX63T (LVDA)	RX72T (LVDA)
Setting procedure for voltage monitoring 1 reset-related bit operation	10	Set the LVD1CR0.LVD1RIE bit to 1 (voltage monitoring 1 interrupt/reset enabled).	Set LVD1CR0.LVD1RIE = 1 (voltage monitoring 1 interrupt/reset enabled).
	11	Set the LVCMPCR.LVD1E bit to 1 (voltage detection 1 circuit enabled).	Set LVD1CR0.LVD1CMPE = 1 (output of voltage monitoring 1 circuit comparison results enabled).
Setting procedure for voltage monitoring 1 interrupt and voltage monitoring 1 reset-related bit operation	1	Clear the LVCMPCR.LVD1E bit to 0 (voltage detection 1 circuit disabled).	Set LVD1CR0.LVD1CMPE = 0 (output of voltage monitoring 1 circuit comparison results disabled).
	2	Wait for at least one cycle of LOCO.	Wait for at least $2n + 3$ cycles of LOCO (where $n = 2, 4, 8$, or 16 , and the sampling clock for the digital filter is the LOCO frequency divided by n).
	3	Clear the LVD1CR0.LVD1RIE bit to 0 (voltage monitoring 1 interrupt/reset disabled).	Set LVD1CR0.LVD1RIE = 0 (voltage monitoring 1 interrupt/reset disabled).
	4	Clear the LVD1CR0.LVD1CMPE bit to 0 (output of voltage monitoring 1 circuit comparison results disabled).	Set LVD1CR0.LVD1DFDIS = 1 (digital filter disabled).
	5	Aside from the LVCMPCR.LVD1E, LVD1CR0.LVD1CMPE, and LVD1CR0.LVD1RIE bits, modify the settings of voltage detection circuit-related registers.	Set LVCMPCR.LVD1E = 0 (voltage detection 1 circuit disabled).

Table 2.11 Comparative Listing of Setting Procedures for Voltage Monitoring 2 Interrupt and Voltage Monitoring 2 Reset-Related Bit Operation

Item		RX63T (LVDA)	RX72T (LVDA)
Setting procedure for voltage monitoring 2 interrupt-related bit operation	1	Specify the detection voltage by setting the LVDLVL.R.LVD2LVL[3:0] bits.	Specify the detection voltage by setting the LVDLVL.R.LVD2LVL[3:0] bits.
	2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Digital filter is in use Select the sampling clock for the digital filter by setting the LVD2CR0.LVD2FSAMP[1:0] bits. Digital filter not in use Set the LVD2CR0.LVD2DFDIS bit to 1 (digital filter disabled). 	Set LVCMPCR.LVD2E = 1 (voltage detection 2 circuit enabled).
	3	Clear the LVD2CR0.LVD2RI bit to 0 (voltage monitoring 2 interrupt).	Wait for at least $td(E-A)$ (LVD operation stabilization time after LVD is enabled).
	4	Select the timing of interrupt requests by setting the LVD2CR1.LVD2IDTSEL[1:0] bits.	—
	5	Set the LVD2CR0.LVD2CMPE bit to 1 (output of voltage monitoring 2 circuit comparison results enabled).	—
	6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Digital filter is in use Wait for at least one cycle of LOCO. Digital filter not in use — (No procedure) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Digital filter is in use Select the sampling clock for the digital filter by setting the LVD2CR0.LVD2FSAMP[1:0] bits. Digital filter not in use — (No procedure)
	7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Digital filter is in use Clear the LVD2CR0.LVD2DFDIS bit to 0 (digital filter enabled). Digital filter not in use — (No procedure) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Digital filter is in use Set LVD2CR0.LVD2DFDIS = 0 (digital filter enabled). Digital filter not in use — (No procedure)
	8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Digital filter is in use Wait for at least $2n + 3$ cycles of LOCO (where $n = 1, 2, 4$, or 8, and the sampling clock for the digital filter is the LOCO frequency divided by n). Digital filter not in use — (No procedure) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Digital filter is in use Wait for at least $2n + 3$ cycles of LOCO (where $n = 2, 4, 8$, or 16, and the sampling clock for the digital filter is the LOCO frequency divided by n). Digital filter not in use — (No procedure)
	9	—	Set LVD2CR0.LVD2RI = 0 (voltage monitoring 2 interrupt).
	10	—	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Select the timing of interrupt requests by setting the LVD2CR1.LVD2IDTSEL[1:0] bits. Select the type of interrupt by setting the LVD2CR1.LVD2IRQSEL bit.
	11	Clear the LVD2SR.LVD2DET flag to 0.	Set LVD2SR.LVD2DET = 0.

Item		RX63T (LVDA)	RX72T (LVDA)
Setting procedure for voltage monitoring 2 interrupt-related bit operation	12	Set the LVD2CR0.LVD2RIE bit to 1 (voltage monitoring 2 interrupt/reset enabled).	Set LVD2CR0.LVD2RIE = 1 (voltage monitoring 2 interrupt/reset enabled).
	13	Set the LVCMPCCR.LVD2E bit to 1 (voltage detection 2 circuit enabled).	Set LVD2CR0.LVD2CMPE = 1 (output of voltage monitoring 2 circuit comparison results enabled).
Setting procedure for voltage monitoring 2 reset-related bit operation	1	Specify the detection voltage by setting the LVDLVL.R.LVD2LVL[3:0] bits.	Specify the detection voltage by setting the LVDLVL.R.LVD2LVL[3:0] bits.
	2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Digital filter is in use Select the sampling clock for the digital filter by setting the LVD2CR0.LVD2FSAMP[1:0] bits. Digital filter not in use Set the LVD2CR0.LVD2DFDIS bit to 1 (digital filter disabled). 	Set LVCMPCCR.LVD2E = 1 (voltage detection 2 circuit enabled).
	3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Set the LVD2CR0.LVD2RI bit to 1 (voltage monitoring 2 reset). Select the type of reset negation by setting the LVD2CR0.LVD2RN bit. 	Wait for at least $td(E-A)$ (LVD operation stabilization time after LVD is enabled).
	4	Set the LVD2CR0.LVD2CMPE bit to 1 (output of voltage monitoring 2 circuit comparison results enabled).	—
	5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Digital filter is in use Wait for at least one cycle of LOCO. Digital filter not in use — (No procedure) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Digital filter is in use Select the sampling clock for the digital filter by setting the LVD2CR0.LVD2FSAMP[1:0] bits. Digital filter not in use — (No procedure)
	6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Digital filter is in use Clear the LVD2CR0.LVD2DFDIS bit to 0 (digital filter enabled). Digital filter not in use — (No procedure) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Digital filter is in use Set LVD2CR0.LVD2DFDIS = 0 (digital filter enabled). Digital filter not in use — (No procedure)
	7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Digital filter is in use Wait for at least $2n + 3$ cycles of LOCO (where $n = 1, 2, 4$, or 8, and the sampling clock for the digital filter is the LOCO frequency divided by n). Digital filter not in use — (No procedure) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Digital filter is in use Wait for at least $2n + 3$ cycles of LOCO (where $n = 2, 4, 8$, or 16, and the sampling clock for the digital filter is the LOCO frequency divided by n). Digital filter not in use — (No procedure)
	8	—	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Set LVD2CR0.LVD2RI = 1 (voltage monitoring 2 reset). Select the type of reset negation by setting the LVD2CR0.LVD2RN bit.
	9	—	Set LVD2SR.LVD2DET = 0.

Item		RX63T (LVDA)	RX72T (LVDA)
Setting procedure for voltage monitoring 2 reset-related bit operation	10	Set the LVD2CR0.LVD2RIE bit to 1 (voltage monitoring 2 interrupt/reset enabled).	Set LVD2CR0.LVD2RIE = 1 (voltage monitoring 2 interrupt/reset enabled).
	11	Set the LVCMPCR.LVD2E bit to 1 (voltage detection 2 circuit enabled).	Set LVD2CR0.LVD2CMPE = 1 (output of voltage monitoring 2 circuit comparison results enabled).
Setting procedure for voltage monitoring 2 interrupt and voltage monitoring 2 reset-related bit operation	1	Clear the LVCMPCR.LVD2E bit to 0 (voltage detection 2 circuit disabled).	Set LVD2CR0.LVD2CMPE = 0 (output of voltage monitoring 2 circuit comparison results disabled).
	2	Wait for at least one cycle of LOCO.	Wait for at least $2n + 3$ cycles of LOCO (where $n = 2, 4, 8$, or 16 , and the sampling clock for the digital filter is the LOCO frequency divided by n).
	3	Clear the LVD2CR0.LVD2RIE bit to 0 (voltage monitoring 2 interrupt/reset disabled).	Set LVD2CR0.LVD2RIE = 0 (voltage monitoring 2 interrupt/reset disabled).
	4	Clear the LVD2CR0.LVD2CMPE bit to 0 (output of voltage monitoring 2 circuit comparison results disabled).	Set LVD2CR0.LVD2DFDIS = 1 (digital filter disabled).
	5	Aside from the LVCMPCR.LVD2E, LVD2CR0.LVD2CMPE, and LVD2CR0.LVD2RIE bits, modify the settings of voltage detection circuit-related registers.	Set LVCMPCR.LVD2E = 0 (voltage detection 2 circuit disabled).

2.6 Clock Generation Circuit

Table 2.12 is a comparative overview of clock generation circuit, and Table 2.13 is a comparison of clock generation circuit registers.

Table 2.12 Comparative Overview of Clock Generation Circuit

Item	RX63T		RX72T
	144-, 120-, 112- and 100-Pin Versions	64- and 48-Pin Versions	
Use	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Generates the system clock (ICLK) supplied to the CPU, DMAC, DTC, ROM, and RAM. Generates the peripheral module clock (PCLKA) supplied to the MTU3, GPT and DPC. Generates the peripheral module clock (PCLKB) supplied to the peripheral modules. Generates the AD clock (PCLKC) supplied to the AD. Generates the S12AD clock (PCLKD) supplied to the S12AD. Generates the FlashIF clock (FCLK) supplied to the FlashIF. Generates the external bus clock (BCLK) supplied to the external bus. Generates the USB clock (UCLK) supplied to the USB. Generates the CAC clock (CACMCLK) supplied to the CAC. Generates the CAN clock (CANMCLK) supplied to the CAN. Generates the IWDT-dedicated clock (IWDTCLOCK) supplied to the IWDT. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Generates the system clock (ICLK) supplied to the CPU, DMAC, DTC, code flash memory, and RAM. Generates the peripheral module clock (PCLKA) supplied to the RSPI, SCi, MTU3 (internal peripheral buses), GPTW (internal peripheral buses), and HRPWM (internal peripheral buses). Generates the peripheral module clock (PCLKB) supplied to peripheral modules. Generates the counter reference clock for the peripheral module supplied to the MTU3 and GPTW and the reference clock (PCLKC) for the HRPWM. Generates the peripheral module clocks (for analog conversion) (PCLKD) supplied to S12AD. Generates the flash-IF clock (FCLK) supplied to the flash interface. Generates the external bus clock (BCLK) supplied to the external bus. Generates the USB clock (UCLK) supplied to the USBB. Generates the CAC clock (CACCLK) supplied to the CAC. Generates the CAN clock (CANMCLK) supplied to the CAN. Generates the IWDT-dedicated clock (IWDTCLOCK) supplied to the IWDT. 	

Item	RX63T		RX72T
	144-, 120-, 112- and 100-Pin Versions	64- and 48-Pin Versions	
Operating frequency	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ICLK: 100 MHz (max.) PCLKA: 100 MHz (max.) PCLKB: 50 MHz (max.) PCLKC: 100 MHz (max.) PCLKD: 50 MHz (max.) FCLK: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — 4 MHz to 50 MHz (for programming and erasing the ROM and E2 DataFlash) — 50 MHz (max.) (for reading from the E2 DataFlash) BCLK: 50 MHz (max.) BCLK pin output: 50 MHz (max.) UCLK: 48 MHz (max.) CACMCLK: Same as clocks from respective oscillators. CANMCLK: 14 MHz (max.) IWDTCLOCK: 125 kHz 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ICLK: 200 MHz (max.) PCLKA: 120 MHz (max.) PCLKB: 60 MHz (max.) PCLKC: 200 MHz (max.) PCLKD: 8 MHz to 60 MHz (for conversion with 12-bit A/D converter) FCLK: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — 4 MHz to 60 MHz (for programming and erasing the code flash memory and data flash memory) — 60 MHz (max.) (for reading from the data flash memory) BCLK: 60 MHz (max.) BCLK pin output: 40 MHz (max.) UCLK: 48 MHz (max.) CACCLK: Same as clocks from respective oscillators. CANMCLK: 24 MHz (max.) IWDTCLOCK: 120 kHz
Main clock oscillator	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Resonator frequency: 8 MHz to 12.5 MHz External clock input frequency: 14 MHz (max.) Connectable resonator or additional circuit: ceramic resonator, crystal resonator Connection pins: EXTAL, XTAL Oscillation stop detection function: When oscillation stop is detected on the main clock, the system clock source is switched to LOCO, and MTU and GPT outputs can be forcedly driven high-impedance. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Resonator frequency: 4 MHz to 16 MHz External clock input frequency: 20 MHz (max.) Connectable resonator or additional circuit: ceramic resonator, crystal resonator Connection pins: EXTAL, XTAL Oscillation stop detection function: When oscillation stop is detected on the main clock, the system clock source is switched to LOCO, and MTU and GPT outputs can be forcedly driven high-impedance. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Resonator frequency: 8 MHz to 24 MHz External clock input frequency: 24 MHz (max.) Connectable resonator or additional circuit: ceramic resonator, crystal resonator Connection pins: EXTAL, XTAL Oscillation stop detection function: When oscillation stop is detected on the main clock, the system clock source is switched to LOCO, and MTU3 and GPTW output can be forcedly driven high-impedance.

Item	RX63T		RX72T
	144-, 120-, 112- and 100-Pin Versions	64- and 48-Pin Versions	
PLL frequency synthesizer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Input clock source: Main clock Input pulse frequency division ratio: Selectable among 1, 2, and 4 Input frequency: 8 MHz to 12.5 MHz Frequency multiplication ratio: Selectable among 8, 10, 12, 16, 20, 24, 25, and 50 VCO oscillation frequency: 104 MHz to 200 MHz 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Input clock source: Main clock Input pulse frequency division ratio: Selectable among 1, 2, and 4 Input frequency: 4 MHz to 16 MHz Frequency multiplication ratio: Selectable among 8, 10, 12, 16, 20, 24, 25, and 50 VCO oscillation frequency: 104 MHz to 200 MHz 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Input clock source: Main clock, HOCO Input pulse frequency division ratio: Selectable among 1, 2, and 3 Input frequency: 8 MHz to 24 MHz Frequency multiplication ratio: Selectable from 10 to 30 (in increments of 0.5) Output clock frequency of the PLL frequency synthesizer: 120 MHz to 240 MHz
High-speed on-chip oscillator (HOCO)	—	—	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Selectable among 16 MHz, 18 MHz, and 20 MHz HOCO power supply control
Low-speed on-chip oscillator (LOCO)	Oscillation frequency: 125 kHz	—	Oscillation frequency: 240 kHz
IWDT-dedicated on-chip oscillator	Oscillation frequency: 125 kHz	—	Oscillation frequency: 120 kHz
Control of output on BCLK pin	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Selectable between BCLK clock output or high-level output Selectable between BCLK or BCLK/2 	—	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Selectable between BCLK clock output or high output Selectable between BCLK or BCLK/2
Event link function (output)	—	—	Detection of stopping of the main clock oscillator
Event link function (input)	—	—	Switching of the clock source to the low-speed on-chip oscillator

Table 2.13 Comparison of Clock Generation Circuit Registers

Register	Bit	RX63T	RX72T
MEMWAIT	—	—	Memory wait cycle setting register
SCKCR2	UCK[3:0]	USB clock (UCLK) select bits b7 b4 0 0 0 1: ×1/2 0 0 1 0: ×1/3 0 0 1 1: ×1/4 Settings other than the above are prohibited when the USB is in use. When the USB is not in use, these bits are read as 0001b. The write value should be 0001b.	USB clock (UCLK) select bits b7 b4 0 0 0 1: ×1/2 0 0 1 0: ×1/3 0 0 1 1: ×1/4 0 1 0 0: ×1/5 Settings other than the above are prohibited when the USB is in use. When the USB is not in use, these bits are read as 0001b. The write value should be 0001b.
SCKCR3	CKSEL[2:0]	Clock source select bits b10 b8 0 0 0: LOCO 0 1 0: Main clock oscillator 1 0 0: PLL circuit Settings other than the above are prohibited.	Clock source select bits b10 b8 0 0 0: LOCO 0 0 1: HOCO 0 1 0: Main clock oscillator 1 0 0: PLL circuit Settings other than the above are prohibited.
PLLCR	PLIDIV[1:0]	PLL input frequency division ratio select bits b1 b0 0 0: ×1 0 1: ×1/2 1 0: ×1/4 1 1: Setting prohibited.	PLL input frequency division ratio select bits b1 b0 0 0: ×1 0 1: ×1/2 1 0: ×1/3 1 1: Setting prohibited.
	PLLSRCSEL	—	PLL clock source select bit
	STC[5:0]	Frequency multiplication factor select bits b13 b8 0 0 0 1 1 1: ×8 0 0 1 0 0 1: ×10 0 0 1 0 1 1: ×12 0 0 1 1 1 1: ×16 0 1 0 0 1 1: ×20 0 1 0 1 1 1: ×24 0 1 1 0 0 0: ×25 1 1 0 0 0 1: ×50 Settings other than the above are prohibited.	Frequency multiplication factor select bits b13 b8 0 1 0 0 1 1: ×10.0 0 1 0 1 0 0: ×10.5 0 1 0 1 0 1: ×11.0 0 1 0 1 1 0: ×11.5 0 1 0 1 1 1: ×12.0 0 1 1 0 0 0: ×12.5 : 1 1 1 0 0 1: ×29.0 1 1 1 0 1 0: ×29.5 1 1 1 0 1 1: ×30.0 Settings other than the above are prohibited.
	HOCOCR	—	High-speed on-chip oscillator control register
HOCOCR2	—	—	High-speed on-chip oscillator control register 2
OSCOVFSR	—	—	Oscillation stabilization flag register

Register	Bit	RX63T	RX72T
MOSCWTCR	—	See 2.8, Low Power Consumption.	Main clock oscillator wait control register
MOFCR	MOFXIN	Main clock oscillator forced oscillation bit	—
	MODRV2[1:0]	—	Main clock oscillator driving ability 2 switching bits
	MOSEL	—	Main clock oscillator switching bit
HOCOPCR	—	—	High-speed on-chip oscillator power supply control register

2.7 Clock Frequency Accuracy Measurement Circuit

Table 2.14 is a comparative overview of clock frequency accuracy measurement circuit, and Table 2.15 is a comparison of clock frequency accuracy measurement circuit registers.

Table 2.14 Comparative Overview of Clock Frequency Accuracy Measurement Circuit

Item	RX63T (CAC)	RX72T (CAC)
Measurement target clocks	<p>The frequencies of the following clocks can be measured:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Clock output from main clock oscillator (CACMCLK) • IWDT-dedicated clock (IWDTCLK) • Peripheral module clock (PCLK) 	<p>The frequencies of the following clocks can be measured:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Main clock • HOCO clock • LOCO clock • IWDTCLK clock • Peripheral module clock B (PCLKB)
Measurement reference clocks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • External clock input on CACREF pin • Clock output from main clock oscillator (CACMCLK) • IWDT-dedicated clock (IWDTCLK) • Peripheral module clock (PCLK) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • External clock input on CACREF pin • Main clock • HOCO clock • LOCO clock • IWDTCLK clock • Peripheral module clock B (PCLKB)
Selectable function	Digital filter function	Digital filter function
Interrupt sources	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Measurement end interrupt • Frequency error interrupt • Overflow 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Measurement end interrupt • Frequency error interrupt • Overflow interrupt
Low power consumption function	Ability to specify transition to module stop state	Ability to specify transition to module stop state

Table 2.15 Comparison of Clock Frequency Accuracy Measurement Circuit Registers

Register	Bit	RX63T (CAC)	RX72T (CAC)
CACR1	FMCS[2:0]	<p>Frequency measurement clock select bits</p> <p>b3 b1</p> <p>0 0 0: Clock output from main clock oscillator (CACMCLK)</p> <p>0 0 1: Setting prohibited.</p> <p>0 1 0: Setting prohibited.</p> <p>0 1 1: Setting prohibited.</p> <p>1 0 0: IWDT-dedicated clock (IWDTCLK)</p> <p>1 0 1: Peripheral module clock (PCLK)</p> <p>1 1 0: Setting prohibited.</p> <p>1 1 1: Setting prohibited.</p>	<p>Measurement target clock select bits</p> <p>b3 b1</p> <p>0 0 0: Main clock</p> <p>0 1 0: HOCO clock</p> <p>0 1 1: LOCO clock</p> <p>1 0 0: IWDTCLK clock</p> <p>1 0 1: Peripheral module clock B (PCLKB)</p> <p>Settings other than the above are prohibited.</p>
CACR2	RSCS[2:0]	<p>Reference signal generation clock select bits</p> <p>b3 b1</p> <p>0 0 0: Clock output from main clock oscillator (CACMCLK)</p> <p>0 0 1: Setting prohibited.</p> <p>0 1 0: Setting prohibited.</p> <p>0 1 1: Setting prohibited.</p> <p>1 0 0: IWDT-dedicated clock (IWDTCLK)</p> <p>1 0 1: Peripheral module clock (PCLK)</p> <p>1 1 0: Setting prohibited.</p> <p>1 1 1: Setting prohibited.</p>	<p>Measurement reference clock select bits</p> <p>b3 b1</p> <p>0 0 0: Main clock</p> <p>0 1 0: HOCO clock</p> <p>0 1 1: LOCO clock</p> <p>1 0 0: IWDTCLK clock</p> <p>1 0 1: Peripheral module clock B (PCLKB)</p> <p>Settings other than the above are prohibited.</p>

2.8 Low Power Consumption

Table 2.16 is a comparison of procedures for entering and exiting low power consumption modes and operating states in each mode, and Table 2.17 is a comparison of low power consumption registers.

Table 2.16 Comparison of Procedures for Entering and Exiting Low Power Consumption Modes and Operating States in Each Mode

Mode	Entering and Exiting Low Power Consumption Modes and Operating States	RX63T	RX72T
Sleep mode	Transition method	Control register + instruction	Control register + instruction
	Method of cancellation other than reset	Interrupt	Interrupt
	State after cancellation	Program execution state (interrupt processing)	Program execution state (interrupt processing)
	Main clock oscillator	Operation possible	Operation possible
	High-speed on-chip oscillator	—	Operation possible
	Low-speed on-chip oscillator	Operation possible	Operation possible
	IWDT-dedicated on-chip oscillator	Operation possible	Operation possible
	PLL	Operation possible	Operation possible
	CPU	Stopped (retained)	Stopped (retained)
	On-chip RAM0 (0000 0000h to 0000 BFFFh): RX63T RAM, ECCRAM: RX72T	Operation (retained)	Operation (retained)
	Flash memory	Operation	Operation
	USB 2.0 Host/Function module (USBa: RX63T, USBb: RX72T)	Operation possible	Operation possible
	Watchdog timer (WDTA)	Stopped (retained)	Stopped (retained)
	Independent watchdog timer (IWDTa)	Operation possible	Operation possible
	Port output enable (POE3: RX63T, POE3B: RX72T)	Operation possible	Operation possible
	8-bit timer (unit 0, unit 1) (TMR)	—	Operation possible
	Voltage detection circuit (LVDA)	Operation possible	Operation possible
	Power-on reset circuit	Operation	Operation
	Peripheral modules	Operation possible	Operation possible
	I/O ports	Operation	Operation
All-module clock stop mode	Transition method	Control register + instruction	Control register + instruction
	Method of cancellation other than reset	Interrupt	Interrupt
	State after cancellation	Program execution state (interrupt processing)	Program execution state (interrupt processing)
	Main clock oscillator	Operation possible	Operation possible
	High-speed on-chip oscillator	—	Operation possible
	Low-speed on-chip oscillator	Operation possible	Operation possible
	IWDT-dedicated on-chip oscillator	Operation possible	Operation possible
	PLL	Operation possible	Operation possible
	CPU	Stopped (retained)	Stopped (retained)
	On-chip RAM0 (0000 0000h to 0000 BFFFh): RX63T RAM, ECCRAM: RX72T	Stopped (retained)	Stopped (retained)
	Flash memory	Stopped (retained)	Stopped (retained)

Mode	Entering and Exiting Low Power Consumption Modes and Operating States	RX63T	RX72T
All-module clock stop mode	USB 2.0 Host/Function module (USBa: RX63T, USBb: RX72T)	Stopped	Stopped
	Watchdog timer (WDTA)	Stopped (retained)	Stopped (retained)
	Independent watchdog timer (IWDTa)	Operation possible	Operation possible
	Port output enable (POE3: RX63T, POE3B: RX72T)	Operation possible* ¹	Operation possible* ¹
	8-bit timer (unit 0, unit 1) (TMR)	—	Operation possible
	Voltage detection circuit (LVDA)	Operation possible	Operation possible
	Power-on reset circuit	Operation	Operation
	Peripheral modules	Stopped (retained)	Stopped (retained)
	I/O ports	Retained	Retained
Software standby mode	Transition method	Control register + instruction	Control register + instruction
	Method of cancellation other than reset	Interrupt	Interrupt
	State after cancellation	Program execution state (interrupt processing)	Program execution state (interrupt processing)
	Main clock oscillator	Operation possible	Stopped
	High-speed on-chip oscillator	—	Stopped
	Low-speed on-chip oscillator	Stopped	Stopped
	IWDT-dedicated on-chip oscillator	Operation possible	Operation possible
	PLL	Stopped	Stopped
	CPU	Stopped (retained)	Stopped (retained)
	On-chip RAM0 (0000 0000h to 0000 BFFFh): RX63T RAM, ECCRAM: RX72T	Stopped (retained)	Stopped (retained)
	Flash memory	Stopped (retained)	Stopped (retained)
	USB 2.0 Host/Function module (USBa: RX63T, USBb: RX72T)	Stopped	Stopped
	Watchdog timer (WDTA)	Stopped (retained)	Stopped (retained)
	Independent watchdog timer (IWDTa)	Operation possible	Operation possible
	Port output enable (POE3: RX63T, POE3B: RX72T)	Stopped (retained)	Stopped (retained)
	8-bit timer (unit 0, unit 1) (TMR)	—	Stopped (retained)
Deep software standby mode	Voltage detection circuit (LVDA)	Operation possible	Operation possible
	Power-on reset circuit	Operation	Operation
	Peripheral modules	Stopped (retained)	Stopped (retained)
	I/O ports	Retained	Retained
	Transition method	Control register + instruction	Control register + instruction
	Method of cancellation other than reset	Interrupt	Interrupt
	State after cancellation	Program execution state (reset processing)	Program execution state (reset processing)
	Main clock oscillator	Operation possible	Stopped
	High-speed on-chip oscillator	—	Stopped

Mode	Entering and Exiting Low Power Consumption Modes and Operating States	RX63T	RX72T
Deep software standby mode	On-chip RAM0 (0000 0000h to 0000 BFFFh): RX63T RAM, ECCRAM: RX72T	Stopped (undefined)	Stopped (undefined)
	Flash memory	Stopped (retained)	Stopped (retained)
	USB 2.0 Host/Function module (USBa: RX63T, USBb: RX72T)	Stopped (undefined)	Stopped (undefined)
	Watchdog timer (WDTA)	Stopped (undefined)	Stopped (undefined)
	Independent watchdog timer (IWDTa)	Stopped (undefined)	Stopped (undefined)
	Port output enable (POE3: RX63T, POE3B: RX72T)	Stopped (undefined)	Stopped (undefined)
	8-bit timer (unit 0, unit 1) (TMR)	—	Stopped (undefined)
	Voltage detection circuit (LVDA)	Operation possible	Operation possible
	Power-on reset circuit	Operation	Operation
	Peripheral modules	Stopped (undefined)	Stopped (undefined)
I/O ports	Retained	Retained	Retained

Notes: "Operation possible" means that whether the state is operating or stopped is controlled by the control register setting.

"Stopped (retained)" means that internal register values are retained and internal operations are suspended.

"Stopped (undefined)" means that internal register values are undefined and power is not supplied to the internal circuit.

1. If POE interrupts are enabled and a POE interrupt source occurs while the chip is in all-module clock stop mode, return from all-module clock stop mode does not occur but the state of the interrupt source flag is retained. If a different source initiates return from all-module clock stop mode in this state, the POE interrupt is generated after the return.

Table 2.17 Comparison of Low Power Consumption Registers

Register	Bit	RX63T	RX72T
MSTPCRA	MSTPA2	—	8-bit timer 7/6 (unit 3) module stop bit
	MSTPA3	—	8-bit timer 5/4 (unit 2) module stop bit
	MSTPA4	—	8-bit timer 3/2 (unit 1) module stop bit
	MSTPA5	—	8-bit timer 1/0 (unit 0) module stop bit
	MSTPA6	General PWM timer (unit 1) module stop bit	—
	MSTPA7	General PWM timer (unit 0) module stop bit	General PWM timer/high resolution PWM/GPTW-dedicated port output enable module stop bit
	MSTPA19	D/A converter module stop bit	12-bit D/A converter module stop bit
	MSTPA23	10-bit A/D converter module stop bit	12-bit A/D converter (unit 2) module stop bit
	MSTPA24	12-bit A/D converter control section module stop bit	Module stop A24 bit

Register	Bit	RX63T	RX72T
MSTPCRB	MSTPB0	—	CAN module 0 module stop bit
	MSTPB1	CAN module 1 module stop bit	—
	MSTPB9	—	Event link controller module stop bit
	MSTPB10	—	Comparator C module stop bit
	MSTPB16	Serial peripheral interface 1 module stop bit	—
	MSTPB20	I ² C bus interface 1 module stop bit	—
	MSTPB25	—	Serial communication interface 6 module stop bit
	MSTPB26	—	Serial communication interface 5 module stop bit
	MSTPB28	Serial communication interface 3 module stop bit	—
	MSTPB29	Serial communication interface 2 module stop bit	—
	MSTPB31	Serial communication interface 0 module stop bit	—
MSTPCRC	MSTPC6	—	ECCRAM module stop bit
	MSTPC24	—	Serial communication interface 11 module stop bit
	MSTPC26	—	Serial communication interface 9 module stop bit
	MSTPC27	—	Serial communication interface 8 module stop bit
	MSTPC31	Digital power supply control circuit module stop bit	—
MSTPCRD	—	—	Module stop control register D
RSTCKCR	—	—	Sleep mode return clock source switching register
MOSCWTCR	—	Main clock oscillator wait control register	See 2.6, Clock Generation Circuit.
PLLWTCR	—	PLL wait control register	—
DPSIER1	—	—	Deep standby interrupt enable register 1
DPSIFR1	—	—	Deep standby interrupt flag register 1
DPSIEGR1	—	—	Deep standby interrupt edge register 1

2.9 Register Write Protection Function

Table 2.18 is a comparative overview of register write protection function.

Table 2.18 Comparative Overview of Register Write Protection Function

Item	RX63T	RX72T
PRC0 bit	Registers related to the clock generation circuit: SCKCR, SCKCR2, SCKCR3, PLLCR, PLLCR2, BCKCR, MOSCCR, LOCOCR, ILOCOCR, OSTDCR, OSTDSR	Registers related to the clock generation circuit: SCKCR, SCKCR2, SCKCR3, PLLCR, PLLCR2, BCKCR, MOSCCR, LOCOCR, ILOCOCR, HOCOCR , HOCOCR2 , OSTDCR, OSTDSR
PRC1 bit	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Registers related to the operating modes: SYSCR0, SYSCR1 Registers related to the low power consumption functions: SBYCR, MSTPCRA, MSTPCRB, MSTPCRC, MOSCWTCR, PLLWTCR, DPSBYCR, DPSIER0, DPSIER2, DPSIFR0, DPSIFR2, DPSIEGR0, DPSIEGR2 Registers related to the clock generation circuit: MOFCR Software reset register: SWRR 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Registers related to the operating modes: SYSCR0, SYSCR1, VOLSR Registers related to the low power consumption functions: SBYCR, MSTPCRA, MSTPCRB, MSTPCRC, MSTPCRD, RSTCKCR, DPSBYCR, DPSIER0, DPSIER1, DPSIER2, DPSIFR0, DPSIFR1, DPSIFR2, DPSIEGR0, DPSIEGR1, DPSIEGR2 Registers related to the clock generation circuit: MOSCWTCR, MOFCR, HOCOPCR Software reset register: SWRR
PRC3 bit	Registers related to LVD: LVCMPCR, LVLDLVR, LVD1CR0, LVD1CR1, LVD1SR, LVD2CR0, LVD2CR1, LVD2SR	Registers related to LVD: LVCMPCR, LVLDLVR, LVD1CR0, LVD1CR1, LVD1SR, LVD2CR0, LVD2CR1, LVD2SR

2.10 Exception Handling

Table 2.19 is a comparative listing of vectors, and Table 2.20 is a comparative listing of instructions for returning from exception handling routines.

Table 2.19 Comparison of Vectors

Item	RX63T	RX72T	
Undefined instruction exception	Fixed vector table	Exception vector table (EXTB)	
Privileged instruction exception	Fixed vector table	Exception vector table (EXTB)	
Access exception	Fixed vector table	Exception vector table (EXTB)	
Floating-point exception (RX63T)/single-precision floating-point exception (RX72T)	Fixed vector table	Exception vector table (EXTB)	
Reset	Fixed vector table	Exception vector table (EXTB)	
Non-maskable interrupt	Fixed vector table	Exception vector table (EXTB)	
Interrupt	Fast interrupt Other than fast interrupt	FINTV Relocatable vector table (INTB)	Interrupt vector table (INTB)
Unconditional trap	Relocatable vector table (INTB)	Interrupt vector table (INTB)	

Table 2.20 Comparison of Instructions for Returning from Exception Handling Routines

Item	RX63T	RX72T
Undefined instruction exception	RTE	RTE
Privileged instruction exception	RTE	RTE
Access exception	RTE	RTE
Floating-point exception (RX63T)/single-precision floating-point exception (RX72T)	RTE	RTE
Reset	Return not possible	Return not possible
Non-maskable interrupt	Return not possible	Prohibited
Interrupt	Fast interrupt Other than fast interrupt	RTFI RTE
Unconditional trap	RTE	RTE

2.11 Interrupt controller

Table 2.21 is a comparative overview of interrupt controller, and Table 2.22 is a comparison of interrupt controller registers.

Table 2.21 Comparative Overview of Interrupt Controller

Item	RX63T (ICUb)	RX72T (ICUC)
Interrupts	<p>Peripheral function interrupts</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Interrupts from peripheral modules • Number of sources: 169 • Interrupt detection: Edge detection/level detection Edge detection or level detection is fixed for each source of connected peripheral modules. • Interrupt grouping: Multiple interrupt requests can be allocated to a single interrupt vector. Number of groups for edge detection interrupts: 1 (group 0) Number of groups for level detection interrupts: 1 (group 12) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Interrupts from peripheral modules • Number of sources: 256 • Interrupt detection method: Edge detection/level detection (fixed for each interrupt source) • Group interrupts: Multiple interrupt sources are grouped together and treated as a single interrupt source. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Group BE0 interrupt: Interrupt sources of peripheral modules that use PCLKB as the operating clock (edge detection) — Group BL0/BL1 interrupts: Interrupt sources of peripheral modules that use PCLKB as the operating clock (level detection) — Group AL0 interrupt: Interrupt sources of peripheral modules that use PCLKA as the operating clock (level detection) • Software configurable interrupt A: Any of the interrupt sources for peripheral modules that use PCLKA as the operating clock can be assigned to interrupt vector numbers 208 to 255.
	<p>External pin interrupts</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Number of sources: 8 • Interrupt detection: Low level, falling edge, rising edge, or rising and falling edges • Digital filter function: Supported 	<p>Interrupts by input signals on IRQ<i>i</i> pins (<i>i</i> = 0 to 15)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Number of sources: 16 • Interrupt detection: Ability to set as source detection of low level, falling edge, rising edge, or rising and falling edges • A digital filter can be used to remove noise.
	<p>Software interrupts</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Interrupt generation by writing to a register • Number of sources: 1 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • An interrupt request can be generated by writing to a register. • Number of sources: 2
	<p>Interrupt priority levels</p> <p>Specification of priority by means of register setting</p>	<p>The priority level is set by writing to interrupt source priority register r (IPR<i>r</i>) (<i>r</i> = 000 to 255).</p>

Item		RX63T (ICUb)	RX72T (ICUC)
Interrupts	Fast interrupt function	Faster CPU interrupt processing can be specified for a single interrupt source only.	The CPU's interrupt response time can be reduced. This setting can be used for one interrupt source only.
	DTC control	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> An interrupt source can be used to start the DTC. Number of DTC activating sources: 124 (115 peripheral function interrupts + 8 external pin interrupts + 1 software interrupt) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> An interrupt source can be used to start the DTC. Number of DTC activating sources: 129 (111 peripheral function interrupts + 16 external pin interrupts + 2 software interrupts)
	DMAC control	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> An interrupt source can be used to start the DMAC. Number of DMAC activating sources: 119 (111 peripheral function interrupts + 8 external pin interrupts) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> An interrupt source can be used to start the DMAC. Number of DMAC activating sources: 107 (91 peripheral function interrupts + 16 external pin interrupts)
Non-maskable interrupts	NMI pin interrupt	<p>Interrupt from the NMI pin</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Interrupt detection: Falling edge/rising edge Digital filter function: Supported 	<p>Interrupt by the input signal on the NMI pin</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Interrupt detection: Falling edge or rising edge Digital filter can be used to remove noise.
	Voltage monitoring 1 interrupt	Voltage monitoring interrupt of voltage detection circuit 1 (LVD1)	Interrupt from voltage detection circuit 1 (LVD1)
	Voltage monitoring 2 interrupt	Voltage monitoring interrupt of voltage detection circuit 2 (LVD2)	Interrupt from voltage detection circuit 2 (LVD2)
	Oscillation stop detection interrupt	Interrupt on detection of oscillation having stopped	Interrupt occurs at detection of main clock oscillation having stopped.
	WDT underflow/refresh error interrupt	Interrupt at underflow of the down-counter or occurrence of a refresh error	Interrupt occurs when the watchdog timer underflows or a refresh error occurs.
	IWDT underflow/refresh error interrupt	Interrupt at underflow of the down-counter or occurrence of a refresh error	Interrupt occurs when the independent watchdog timer underflows or a refresh error occurs.
	RAM error interrupt	—	Interrupt occurs when a parity check error is detected in the RAM or an ECC error is detected in the ECCRAM.

Item		RX63T (ICUb)	RX72T (ICUC)
Return from low power consumption state	Sleep mode	Exit sleep mode by non-maskable interrupt, any interrupt source.	Exit sleep mode by any interrupt source.
	All-module clock stop mode	Exit all-module clock stop mode by NMI pin interrupt, external pin interrupt, or peripheral function interrupt (voltage monitoring 1, voltage monitoring 2, oscillation stop detection interrupt, USB resume, or IWDT).	Exit all-module clock stop mode by NMI pin interrupt, external pin interrupt, or peripheral function interrupt (voltage monitoring 1, voltage monitoring 2, oscillation stop detection interrupt, USB resume, IWDT, or TMR0 to TMR3).
	Software standby mode	Exit software standby mode by NMI pin interrupt, external pin interrupt, or peripheral function interrupt (voltage monitoring 1, voltage monitoring 2, USB resume, or IWDT).	Exit software standby mode by NMI pin interrupt, external pin interrupt, or peripheral function interrupt (voltage monitoring 1, voltage monitoring 2, USB resume, or IWDT).
	Deep software standby mode	Exit deep software standby mode by NMI pin interrupt, any of certain external pin interrupts, or peripheral function interrupt (voltage monitoring 1 or voltage monitoring 2).	Exit deep software standby mode by NMI pin interrupt, any of certain external pin interrupts, or peripheral function interrupt (voltage monitoring 1 or voltage monitoring 2).

Table 2.22 Comparison of Interrupt Controller Registers

Register	Bit	RX63T (ICUb)	RX72T (ICUC)
IRn* ¹	—	Interrupt request register n (n = 016 to 252)	Interrupt request register n (n = 016 to 255)
IPRn* ¹	—	Interrupt source priority register n (n = 000 to 250)	Interrupt source priority register n (n = 000 to 255)
SWINT2R	—	—	Software interrupt 2 generation register
DTCERn* ¹	—	DTC activation enable register n (n = 027 to 251)	DTC transfer request enable register n (n = 026 to 255)
DMRSRm	—	DMAC activation request select register m (m = 0 to 3)	DMAC trigger select register m (m = 0 to 7)
IRQCRi	—	IRQ control register i (i = 0 to 7)	IRQ control register i (i = 0 to 15)
IRQFLTE1	—	—	IRQ pin digital filter enable register 1
IRQFLTC1	—	—	IRQ pin digital filter setting register 1
NMISR	RAMST	—	RAM error interrupt status flag
NMIER	RAMEN	—	RAM error interrupt enable bit
GRPm	—	Group m interrupt source register (m = 00 or 12)	—
GRPBE0, GRPBLO/GRPBL1, GRPAL0	—	—	Group BE0, BL0/BL1, and AL0 interrupt request registers
GENm	—	Group m interrupt enable register (m = 00 or 12)	—
GENBE0, GENBLO/GENBL1, GENAL0	—	—	Group BE0, BL0/BL1, and AL0 interrupt request enable registers
GCRm	—	Group m interrupt clear register (m = 00)	—
GCRBE0	—	—	Group BE0 interrupt clear register

Register	Bit	RX63T (ICUb)	RX72T (ICUC)
PIARK	—	—	Software configurable interrupt A request register k (k = 0h to 12h)
SLIARn	—	—	Software configurable interrupt A source select register n (n = 208 to 255)
SLIPRCR	—	—	Software configurable interrupt source select register write protect register

Note: 1. On the RX63T Group n = 253 to 255 correspond to a reserved area.

2.12 Buses

Table 2.23 is a comparative overview of bus, Table 2.24 is a comparative overview of external bus, and Table 2.25 is a comparison of bus registers.

Table 2.23 Comparative Overview of Bus

Item	RX63T	RX72T
CPU buses	Instruction bus	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Connected to the CPU (for instructions) Connected to on-chip memory (RAM, ROM) Operates in synchronization with the system clock (ICLK)
	Operand bus	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Connected to the CPU (for operands) Connected to on-chip memory (RAM, ROM) Operates in synchronization with the system clock (ICLK)
Memory buses	Memory bus 1	Connected to RAM
	Memory bus 2	Connected to ROM
	Memory bus 3	—
Internal main buses	Internal main bus 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Connected to the CPU Operates in synchronization with the system clock (ICLK)
	Internal main bus 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Connected to the DMAC and DTC Connected to on-chip memory (RAM, ROM) Operates in synchronization with the system clock (ICLK)
Internal peripheral buses	Internal peripheral bus 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Connected to peripheral modules (DTC, DMAC, interrupt controller, and bus error monitoring section) Operates in synchronization with the system clock (ICLK)
	Internal peripheral bus 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Connected to peripheral modules (modules other than those connected to internal peripheral buses 1, 3, 4, and 5) Operates in synchronization with the peripheral-module clock (PCLKB)
	Internal peripheral bus 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Connected to peripheral modules (USB) Operates in synchronization with the peripheral-module clock (PCLKB)

Item		RX63T	RX72T
Internal peripheral buses	Internal peripheral bus 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Connected to peripheral modules (MTU3, GPT, and DPC) Operates in synchronization with the peripheral-module clock (PCLKA) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Connected to peripheral modules (MTU3, GPTW, HRPWM, RSPI, and SCII) Operates in synchronization with the peripheral-module clock (PCLKA)
	Internal peripheral bus 5	Reserved area	Reserved area
	Internal peripheral bus 6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Connected to ROM (P/E) and E2 DataFlash memory Operates in synchronization with the FlashIF clock (FCLK) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Connected to code flash (in P/E) and data flash memory Operates in synchronization with the FlashIF clock (FCLK)
External bus	CS area	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Connected to external devices Operates in synchronization with the external-bus clock (BCLK: 50 MHz (max.)) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Connected to external devices Operates in synchronization with the external-bus clock (BCLK: 40 MHz (max.))

Table 2.24 Comparative Overview of External Bus

Item	RX63T	RX72T
External address space	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The external address space is divided into four CS areas (CS0: 1 MB, CS1: 1 MB, CS2: 1 MB, CS3: 1 MB) for management. Chip select signals can be output for each area. Bus width can be set for each area. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Separate bus: An 8 or 16-bit bus space is selectable. Address/data multiplexed bus: An 8 or 16-bit bus space is selectable. The endian mode can be specified for each area. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The external address space is divided into four CS areas (CS0: 2 MB, CS1: 2 MB, CS2: 2 MB, CS3: 2 MB) for management. Chip select signals can be output for each area. Bus width can be set for each area. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Separate bus: An 8 or 16-bit bus space is selectable. Address/data multiplexed bus: An 8 or 16-bit bus space is selectable. The endian mode can be specified for each area.
CS area controller	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Recovery cycles can be inserted. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Read recovery: Up to 15 cycles Write recovery: Up to 15 cycles Cycle wait function: Wait for up to 31 cycles (page access: up to 7 cycles) Wait control can be used to specify the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Timing of assertion and negation for chip-select signals (CS0# to CS3#) Timing of assertion of the read signal (RD#) and write signals (WR0#/WR# and WR1#) Timing with which data output starts and ends Write access mode: Single write strobe mode/byte strobe mode Separate bus or address/data multiplexed bus can be set for each area. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Recovery cycles can be inserted. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Read recovery: Up to 15 cycles Write recovery: Up to 15 cycles Cycle wait function: Wait for up to 31 cycles (page access: up to 7 cycles) Wait control can be used to specify the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Timing of assertion and negation for chip-select signals (CS0# to CS3#) Timing of assertion of the read signal (RD#) and write signals (WR0#/WR# and WR1#) Timing with which data output starts and ends Write access mode: Single write strobe mode/byte strobe mode Separate bus or address/data multiplexed bus can be set for each area.
Write buffer function	When write data from the bus master has been written to the write buffer, write access by the bus master ends.	When write data from the bus master has been written to the write buffer, write access by the bus master ends.
Frequency	The CS area controller (CSC) operates in synchronization with the external-bus clock (BCLK).	The CS area controller (CSC) operates in synchronization with the external-bus clock (BCLK).
Address buses	A19 to A0	A20 to A0

Table 2.25 Comparison of Bus Registers

Register	Bit	RX63T	RX72T
BUSPRI	BPRA[1:0]	Memory bus 1 (on-chip RAM) priority control bits	Memory buses 1 and 3 (RAM/ ECCRAM) priority control bits

2.13 Memory-Protection Unit

Table 2.26 is a comparative overview of memory-protection unit, and Table 2.27 is a comparison of memory-protection unit registers.

Table 2.26 Comparative Overview of Memory-Protection Unit

Item	RX63T (MPU)	RX72T (MPU)
Region covered by memory protection and processor mode	0000 0000h to FFFF FFFFh (in user mode) No memory protection in supervisor mode	0000 0000h to FFFF FFFFh (in user mode) No memory protection in supervisor mode
Number of regions	8	8
Page size (smallest unit of protection)	16 bytes	16 bytes
Specification of addresses of individual regions	Specification by start page number and end page number	Specification by start page number and end page number
Setting to enable memory protection for individual regions	Enabled for each region by the V (valid) bit in the corresponding region-n end page number register (REPAGEn) (n = 0 to 7).	Enabled for each region by the V (valid) bit in the corresponding region-n end page number register (REPAGEn) (n = 0 to 7).
Access-control information settings for individual regions	Instruction execution: Permission to execute Operand access: Permission to read, permission to write	Instruction execution: Permission to execute Operand access: Permission to read, permission to write
Start of memory-protection operation	After the memory-protection function has been enabled, access monitoring starts at the transition to user mode.	After the memory-protection function has been enabled, access monitoring starts at the transition to user mode.
Memory-protection error processing	At occurrence of access exception	At occurrence of access exception
Addresses where memory-protection errors are generated	Instruction execution address: The PC value is preserved on the stack. Operand access address: The address is stored in the data memory-protection error address register (MPDEA).	Instruction execution address: The PC value is preserved on the stack. Operand access address: The address is stored in the data memory-protection error address register (MPDEA).
Determining sources of memory-protection errors	Sources are stored in the memory-protection error status register (MPESTS).	Sources are stored in the memory-protection error status register (MPESTS).
Background region setting	Access-control information can be set for the background region (the entire address space).	Access-control information can be set for the background region (the entire address space).
Processing where regions overlap	If there is overlap between regions at a given address, and the access-control information of the regions differ, permission is given priority.	If there is overlap between regions at a given address, and the access-control information of the regions differ, permission is given priority.
Transition to user mode	After updating the registers related to the memory-protection unit, be sure to read the registers that were last written to and check that the settings have taken effect before transitioning to user mode.	After updating the registers related to the memory-protection unit, be sure to read one of the registers that were last written to and check that the settings have taken effect before transitioning to user mode.

Table 2.27 Comparison of Memory-Protection Unit Registers

Register	Bit	RX63T (MPU)	RX72T (MPU)
MPESTS	IA (RX63T) IMPER (RX72T)	Instruction memory-protection error generated bit	Instruction memory-protection error generated bit
	DA (RX63T) DMPER (RX72T)	Data memory-protection error generation bit	Data memory-protection error generation bit

2.14 DMA Controller

Table 2.28 is a comparative overview of DMA controller, and Table 2.29 is a comparison of DMA controller registers.

Table 2.28 Comparative Overview of DMA Controller

Item	RX63T (DMACA)	RX72T (DMACAA)
Number of channels	4 channels (DMACm (m = 0 to 3))	8 channels (DMACm (m = 0 to 7))
Transfer space	512 MB (within 00000000h to 0FFFFFFFh or F0000000h to FFFFFFFFh, excluding reserved areas)	512 MB (within 00000000h to 0FFFFFFFh or F0000000h to FFFFFFFFh, excluding reserved areas)
Max. transfer data count	1 million data units (maximum transfer count in block transfer mode: 1,024 data units × 1,024 blocks)	64 million data units (maximum transfer count in block transfer mode: 1,024 data units × 65,536 blocks)
DMAC activation source	Ability to select activation source for each channel <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Software trigger • Interrupt requests from peripheral module/trigger input on external interrupt input pin 	Ability to select activation source for each channel <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Software trigger • Interrupt requests from peripheral module/trigger input on external interrupt input pin
Channel priority	Channel 0 > Channel 1 > Channel 2 > Channel 3 (Channel 0: Highest priority)	Channel 0 > Channel 1 > Channel 2 > Channel 3 ... > Channel 7 (Channel 0: Highest priority)
Transfer data	Single data unit	Bit length: 8, 16, or 32 bits
	Block size	Data count: 1 to 1,024 data units
Transfer modes	Normal transfer mode	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • One data transfer per DMA transfer request • Ability to specify mode in which total number of data transfers is not set (free running mode)
	Repeat transfer mode	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • One data transfer per DMA transfer request • Return to the transfer start address on completion of data transfer equal to repeat size specified for transfer source or destination. • Max. settable repeat size: 1,024
	Block transfer mode	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • One block data transfer per DMA transfer request • Max. settable block size: 1,024 data units
Selectable function	Extended repeat area function	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ability to repeat address values in a specified range with the upper bit values in the transfer address register fixed • Ability to specify extended repeat area of 2 bytes to 128 MB for transfer source and destination separately

Item		RX63T (DMACA)	RX72T (DMACAA)
Interrupt requests	Transfer end interrupt	Generated on completion of transfer of data count specified by transfer counter.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Generated when the specified number of transfers is completed in normal transfer mode. Generated when the specified repeat count of transfers is completed in repeat transfer mode. Generated when the specified block count of transfers is completed in block transfer mode.
	Transfer escape end interrupt	Generated on completion of data transfer equal to repeat size or when extended repeat area overflows.	Generated on completion of data transfer equal to repeat size or when extended repeat area overflows.
Event link function		—	An event link request is generated after each data transfer (for block transfer, after each block is transferred).
Low power consumption function		Ability to specify transition to module stop state	Ability to specify transition to module stop state

Table 2.29 Comparison of DMA Controller Registers

Register	Bit	RX63T (DMACA)	RX72T (DMACAA)
DMCRB	—	DMA block transfer count register (b9 to b0)	DMA block transfer count register (b15 to b0)
DMIST	—	—	DMAC74 interrupt status monitor register

2.15 Data Transfer Controller

Table 2.30 is a comparative overview of data transfer controller.

Table 2.30 Comparative Overview of Data Transfer Controller

Item	RX63T (DTCa)	RX72T (DTCa)
Transfer modes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Normal transfer mode <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A single activation leads to a single data transfer. Repeat transfer mode <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A single activation leads to a single data transfer. The transfer address returns to the transfer start address when the number of data transfers equals the repeat size. The maximum repeat size is 256. Block transfer mode <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A single activation leads to the transfer of a single block of data. The maximum block size is 256 data units. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Normal transfer mode <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A single activation leads to a single data transfer. Repeat transfer mode <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A single activation leads to a single data transfer. The transfer address returns to the transfer start address when the number of data transfers equals the repeat size. The maximum number of repeat transfers is 256, and the maximum data transfer size is 256×32 bits, or 1,024 bytes. Block transfer mode <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A single activation leads to the transfer of a single block of data. The maximum block size is 256×32 bits = 1,024 bytes.
Number of transfer channels	Ability to transfer data on number of channels corresponding to number of interrupt sources (transfer from the ICU by DTC activation request)	Equal to number of all interrupt sources that can start a DTC transfer.
Chain transfer function	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Data can be transferred on multiple channels by a single activation source (chain transfer). Either “executed when counter = 0” or “always executed” can be selected for chain transfer. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Multiple data transfer types can be executed sequentially in response to a single transfer request. Either “performed only when the transfer counter reaches 0” or “every time” can be selected.
Transfer space	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 16 MB in short-address mode (within 00000000h to 007FFFFh or FF800000h to FFFFFFFFh, excluding reserved areas) 4 GB in full-address mode (within 0000 0000h to FFFF FFFFh, excluding reserved areas) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 16 MB in short-address mode (within 00000000h to 007FFFFh or FF800000h to FFFFFFFFh, excluding reserved areas) 4 GB in full-address mode (within 0000 0000h to FFFF FFFFh, excluding reserved areas)
Data transfer units	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Bit length of single data unit: 8, 16, or 32 bits Number of data units in a single block: 1 to 256 data units 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Single data unit: 1 byte (8 bits), 1 word (16 bits), or 1 longword (32 bits) Single block size: 1 to 256 data units
CPU interrupt sources	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> An interrupt request to the CPU can be generated by a DTC activation interrupt. An interrupt request to the CPU can be generated after a single data transfer. An interrupt request to the CPU can be generated after transfer of the specified number of data units. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> An interrupt request to the CPU can be generated by a DTC activation interrupt. An interrupt request to the CPU can be generated after a single data transfer. An interrupt request to the CPU can be generated after transfer of the specified number of data units.

Item	RX63T (DTCA)	RX72T (DTCA)
Event link function	—	An event link request is generated after each data transfer (for block transfer, after each block is transferred).
Read skip	Transfer information read skipping can be specified.	Reading of the transfer information can be skipped when the same transfer is repeated.
Write-back skip	When the transfer source address or transfer destination address is fixed, write-back skipping is supported.	Write-back of transferred data that is not updated can be skipped when the address of the transfer source or destination is fixed.
Low power consumption function	Ability to specify transition to module stop state	Ability to transition to module stop state

2.16 I/O Ports

Table 2.31 to

Table 2.33 are comparative overviews of I/O ports for each package, Table 2.34 is a comparison of I/O port functions, and Table 2.35 is a comparison of I/O port registers.

Table 2.31 Comparative Overview of I/O Ports on 144-Pin Packages

Item	RX63T (144-Pin)	RX72T (144-Pin) (With PGA Pseudo-Differential Input and USB Pin)
PORT0	P00 to P05	P00, P01
PORT1	P10 to P14	P10 to P17
PORT2	P20 to P26	P20 to P27
PORT3	P30 to P35	P30 to P37
PORT4	P40 to P47	P40 to P47
PORT5	P50 to P57	P50 to P55
PORT6	P60 to P65	P60 to P65
PORT7	P70 to P76	P70 to P76
PORT8	P80 to P82	P80 to P82
PORT9	P90 to P96	P90 to P96
PORTA	PA0 to PA6	PA0 to PA7
PORTB	PB0 to PB7	PB0 to PB7
PORTC	PC0 to PC5	PC0 to PC6
PORTD	PD0 to PD7	PD0 to PD7
PORTE	PE0 to PE5	PE0 to PE6
PORTF	PF0 to PF4	PF0 to PF3
PORTG	PG0 to PG6	PG0 to PG2
PORTH	—	PH0 to PH7
PORTK	—	PK0 to PK2

**Table 2.32 Comparative Overview of I/O Ports on 100-Pin Packages
(RX72T: With PGA Pseudo-Differential Input)**

Item	RX63T (100-Pin)	RX72T (100-Pin)	
		With PGA Pseudo-Differential Input and USB Pin	With PGA Pseudo-Differential Input and Without USB Pin
PORT0	P00, P01	P00, P01	P00, P01
PORT1	P10, P11	P10, P11	P10, P11
PORT2	P20 to P24	P20 to P24, P27	P20 to P24, P27
PORT3	P30 to P33	P30 to P33, P36, P37	P30 to P33, P36, P37
PORT4	P40 to P47	P40 to P47	P40 to P47
PORT5	P50 to P55	P52 to P55	P52 to P55
PORT6	P60 to P65	P60 to P65	P60 to P65
PORT7	P70 to P76	P70 to P76	P70 to P76
PORT8	P80 to P82	P80 to P82	P80 to P82
PORT9	P90 to P96	P90 to P96	P90 to P96
PORTA	PA0 to PA5	PA0 to PA5	PA0 to PA5
PORTB	PB0 to PB7	PB0 to PB6	PB0 to PB7
PORTD	PD0 to PD7	PD2 to PD7	PD0 to PD7
PORTE	PE0 to PE5	PE0 to PE5	PE0 to PE5
PORTH	—	PH0, PH4	PH0, PH4

**Table 2.33 Comparative Overview of I/O Ports on 100-Pin Packages
(RX72T: Without PGA Pseudo-Differential Input)**

Item	RX63T (100-Pin)	RX72T (100-Pin) (Without PGA Pseudo-Differential Input and USB Pin)
PORT0	P00, P01	P00, P01
PORT1	P10, P11	P10, P11
PORT2	P20 to P24	P20 to P24
PORT3	P30 to P33	P30 to P33, P36, P37
PORT4	P40 to P47	P40 to P47
PORT5	P50 to P55	P50 to P55
PORT6	P60 to P65	P60 to P65
PORT7	P70 to P76	P70 to P76
PORT8	P80 to P82	P80 to P82
PORT9	P90 to P96	P90 to P96
PORTA	PA0 to PA5	PA0 to PA5
PORTB	PB0 to PB7	PB0 to PB7
PORTD	PD0 to PD7	PD0 to PD7
PORTE	PE0 to PE5	PE0 to PE5

Table 2.34 Comparison of I/O Port Functions

Item	Port Symbol	RX63T		RX72T
		144-/120-/112-/100-Pin Versions	64-/48-Pin Versions	
Input pull-up	PORT0	—	—	P00, P01
	PORT1	—	—	P10 to P17
	PORT2	—	—	P20 to P27
	PORT3	—	—	P30 to P37
	PORT4	—	—	P43, P47
	PORT5	—	—	P50 to P55
	PORT6	—	—	P60 to P65
	PORT7	—	—	P70 to P76
	PORT8	—	—	P80 to P82
	PORT9	—	—	P90 to P96
	PORTA	—	—	PA0 to PA7
	PORTB	—	—	PB0 to PB7
	PORTC	—	—	PC0 to PC6
	PORTD	—	—	PD0 to PD7
	PORTE	—	—	PE0, PE1, PE3 to PE6
	PORTF	—	—	PF0 to PF3
	PORTG	—	—	PG0 to PG2
	PORTH	—	—	PH1 to PH3, PH5 to PH7
	PORTK	—	—	PK0 to PK2

Item	Port Symbol	RX63T	RX72T
		144-/120-/112-/100-Pin Versions	
Open-drain output	PORT0	P02, P03	—
	PORT1	—	—
	PORT2	P22, P23, P26	P24
	PORT3	P34, P35	P30
	PORT4	—	—
	PORT5	—	—
	PORT6	—	—
	PORT7	—	—
	PORT8	P80, P81	—
	PORT9	P95, P96	P93, P94
	PORTA	PA1, PA2, PA4, PA5	—
	PORTB	PB1, PB2, PB5, PB6	PB1, PB2, PB5, PB6
	PORTC	—	—
	PORTD	PD3, PD5	PD3, PD5
	PORTE	—	—
	PORTF	PF2, PF3	—
	PORTG	PG0, PG1, PG3, PG4	—
	PORTH	—	—
	PORTK	—	—
Driving ability switching	PORT0	P00, P01, P05	—
	PORT1	P11, P12	—
	PORT2	P20 to P26	—
	PORT3	P30 to P33	—
	PORT4	—	—
	PORT5	P52, P53	—
	PORT6	P60 to P65	—
	PORT7	P70 to P76	—
	PORT8	P80, P81	—
	PORT9	P90 to P96	—
	PORTA	PA0 to PA6	—
	PORTB	PB0, PB3 to PB7	—
	PORTC	—	—
	PORTD	PD0 to PD2, PD6, PD7	—
	PORTE	PE0, PE1, PE3 to PE5	—
	PORTF	PF2, PF4	—
	PORTG	PG6	—
	PORTH	—	—
	PORTK	—	—

Item	Port Symbol	RX63T		RX72T
		144-/120-/112-/100-Pin Versions	64-/48-Pin Versions	
5 V tolerant	PORT0	—	P00, P01	—
	PORT1	—	P10, P11	—
	PORT2	—	P22 to P24	—
	PORT3	—	P30 to P34	—
	PORT7	—	P70 to P76	—
	PORT9	—	P91 to P94	—
	PORTA	—	PA2 to PA5	—
	PORTB	—	PB0 to PB7	PB1, PB2
	PORTC	—	—	PC0
	PORTD	—	PD3 to PD7	PD2

Table 2.35 Comparison of I/O Port Registers

Register	Bit	RX63T	RX72T
PDR	B0 to B7	Pm0 to Pm7 I/O select bits (m = 0 to 3, 7 to 9, A, B, D to G)	Pm0 to Pm7 I/O select bits (m = 0 to 9, A to H, K)
PODR	B0 to B7	Pm0 to Pm7 output data store bits (m = 0 to 3, 7 to 9, A, B, D to G)	Pm0 to Pm7 output data store bits (m = 0 to 9, A to H, K)
PIDR	B0 to B7	Pm0 to Pm7 bits (m = 0 to 9, A to G)	Pm0 to Pm7 bits (m = 0 to 9, A to H, K)
PMR	B0 to B7	Pm0 to Pm7 pin mode control bits (m = 0 to 3, 7 to 9, A, B, D to G)	Pm0 to Pm7 pin mode control bits (m = 0 to 9, A to H, K)
ODR0	B0	Pm0 output type select bit (m = 3, 8, G)	Pm0 output type select bit (m = 0 to 9, A to H, K)
	B2	Pm1 output type select bit (m = 8, A, B, G)	Pm1 output type select bit (m = 0 to 9, A to H, K)
	B4	Pm2 output type select bit (m = 0, 2, A, B, F)	Pm2 output type select bit (m = 0 to 9, A to H, K)
	B6	Pm3 output type select bit (m = 0, 2, 9, D, F, G)	Pm3 output type select bit (m = 0 to 9, A to H, K)
ODR1	B0	Pm4 output type select bit (m = 2, 3, A, G)	Pm4 output type select bit (m = 1 to 7, 9, A to E, H)
	B2	Pm5 output type select bit (m = 3, 9, A, B, D)	Pm5 output type select bit (m = 1 to 7, 9, A to E, H)
	B4	Pm6 output type select bit (m = 2, 9, B)	Pm6 output type select bit (m = 1 to 7, 9, A to E, H)
	B6	—	Pm7 output type select bit (m = 1 to 7, 9, A to E, H)
PCR	—	—	Pull-up resistor control register
DSCR	—	—	Driving ability control register
DSCR1	—	Driving ability control register 1	—
DSCR2	B0 to B5	—	Pm0 to Pm5 drive capacity control bit 2 (m = 7 to 9, B, D)

Register	Bit	RX63T	RX72T
DSCR2	B6	RSPI pins (MISON, SSLn0 to SSLn3) driving ability control bit MISON: P22, PA5, PD1 SSLn0: P30, PA3, PD6 SSLn1: P31, PA2, PD7 SSLn2: P32, PA1, PE0 SSLn3: P33, PA0, PE1 (n = A or B)	Pm6 drive capacity control bit 2 (m = 7 to 9, B, D)
	B7	RSPI pins (RSPCKn, MOSIn) driving ability control bit RSPCKn: P24, PA4, PD0 MOSIn: P23, PB0, PD2 (n = A or B)	—

2.17 Multi-Function Pin Controller

Table 2.36 is a comparison of the assignments of multiplexed pins, and Table 2.37 to Table 2.56 are comparisons of multi-function pin controller registers.

In the following comparison of the assignments of multiplexed pins, **light blue text** designates pins that exist on the RX72T Group only and **orange text** pins that exist on the RX63T Group only. A circle (○) indicates that a function is assigned, a cross (×) that the pin does not exist or that no function is assigned, and grayed out items mean that the function is not implemented.

Table 2.36 Comparison of Multiplexed Pin Assignments

Module/ Function	Pin Function	Port Allocation	RX63T (MPC)		RX72T (MPC)	
			144-Pin	100-Pin	144-Pin	100-Pin
Interrupt	NMI (input)	PE2	○	○	○	○
	IRQ0-DS (input)	P10	○	○	○	○
	IRQ0 (input)	PB5	×	×	×	×
		PE5	○	○	○	○
		PG0	○	×	○	×
		P52	×	×	○	○
		P11	○	○	○	○
	IRQ1 (input)	P93	×	×	×	×
		PE4	○	○	○	○
		PG1	○	×	○	×
		P53	×	×	○	○
		PA5	×	×	○	○
	IRQ2-DS (input)	P00	×	×	×	×
		PE3	○	○	○	○
	IRQ2 (input)	PB6	○	○	○	○
		PG2	○	×	○	×
		P00	×	×	○	○
		P54	×	×	○	○
		PD4	×	×	○	○
	IRQ3-DS (input)	PB4	○	○	○	○
	IRQ3 (input)	P34	○	×	○	×
		P82	○	○	○	○
		P55	×	×	○	○
		PE6	×	×	○	×
	IRQ4-DS (input)	P01	×	×	×	×
		P96	○	○	○	○
	IRQ4 (input)	P24	○	○	○	○
		PB1	○	○	○	○
		P01	×	×	○	○
		P60	×	×	○	○
	IRQ5-DS (input)	P70	○	○	○	○
	IRQ5 (input)	P80	○	○	○	○
		PF2	○	×	○	×
		P61	×	×	○	○
		PD6	×	×	○	○
	IRQ6-DS (input)	P21	○	○	○	○

Module/ Function	Pin Function	Port Allocation	RX63T (MPC)		RX72T (MPC)	
			144-Pin	100-Pin	144-Pin	100-Pin
Interrupt	IRQ6 (input)	PD5	○	○	○	○
		PG4	○	×	×	×
		P31	×	×	○	○
		P35	×	×	○	×
		P62	×	×	○	○
	IRQ7-DS (input)	P20	○	○	○	○
	IRQ7 (input)	P03	○	×	×	×
		PE0	○	○	○	○
		P30	×	×	○	○
		P63	×	×	○	○
		PA6	×	×	○	×
	IRQ8-DS (input)	PK1			○	×
	IRQ8 (input)	P64			○	○
		PB0			○	○
		PD7			○	○
	IRQ9-DS (input)	PK2			○	×
	IRQ9 (input)	P12			○	×
		P65			○	○
		PB3			○	○
	IRQ10-DS (input)	PC5			○	×
	IRQ10 (input)	P13			○	×
		P22			○	○
		P25			○	×
	IRQ11-DS (input)	PC6			○	×
	IRQ11 (input)	P14			○	×
		P23			○	○
		P26			○	×
	IRQ12-DS (input)	P32			○	○
	IRQ12 (input)	P15			○	×
		PC0			○	×
		PF0			○	×
	IRQ13-DS (input)	P33			○	○
	IRQ13 (input)	P16			○	×
		PC1			○	×
		PF1			○	×
	IRQ14-DS (input)	PA1			○	○
	IRQ14 (input)	P17			○	×
		PC3			○	×
		PF3			○	×
	IRQ15-DS (input)	PK0			○	×
	IRQ15 (input)	P27			○	○* ¹
		PC2			○	×
		PE1			○	○
Multi-function timer unit 3	MTIOC0A (input/output) / MTIOC0A# (input/output)	P31	○	○	○	○
		PB3	○	○	○	○
	MTIOC0B (input/output) / MTIOC0B# (input/output)	P30	○	○	○	○
		PB2	○	○	○	○
		PC0	×	×	○	×

Module/ Function	Pin Function	Port Allocation	RX63T (MPC)		RX72T (MPC)	
			144-Pin	100-Pin	144-Pin	100-Pin
Multi-function timer unit 3	MTIOC0C (input/output) / MTIOC0C# (input/output)	P27	×	×	○	○ *1
		PB1	○	○	○	○
		PC1	×	×	○	×
	MTIOC0D (input/output) / MTIOC0D# (input/output)	PB0	○	○	○	○
		PC2	×	×	○	×
	MTIOC1A (input/output) / MTIOC1A# (input/output)	P27	×	×	○	○ *1
		PA5	○	○	○	○
		PC6	×	×	○	×
	MTIOC1B (input/output) / MTIOC1B# (input/output)	PA4	○	○	○	○
		PC5	×	×	○	×
	MTIOC2A (input/output) / MTIOC2A# (input/output)	P35	×	×	○	×
		PA3	○	○	○	○
	MTIOC2B (input/output) / MTIOC2B# (input/output)	P34	×	×	○	×
		PA2	○	○	○	○
	MTIOC3A (input/output) / MTIOC3A# (input/output)	P11	×	×	○	○
		P33	○	○	○	○
	MTIOC3B (input/output) / MTIOC3B# (input/output)	P12	×	×	○	×
		P71	○	○	○	○
	MTIOC3C (input/output) / MTIOC3C# (input/output)	P32	○	○	○	○
		P15	×	×	○	×
	MTIOC3D (input/output) / MTIOC3D# (input/output)	P74	○	○	○	○
		P13	×	×	○	×
	MTIOC4A (input/output) / MTIOC4A# (input/output)	P72	○	○	○	○
		P14	×	×	○	×
	MTIOC4B (input/output) / MTIOC4B# (input/output)	P73	○	○	○	○
		P16	×	×	○	×
	MTIOC4C (input/output) / MTIOC4C# (input/output)	P75	○	○	○	○
		P17	×	×	○	×
	MTIOC4D (input/output) / MTIOC4D# (input/output)	P76	○	○	○	○
		P24	×	×	○	○
	MTIC5U (input) / MTIC5U# (input)	P82	○	○	○	○
		P23	×	×	○	○
	MTIC5V (input) / MTIC5V# (input)	P81	○	○	○	○
		P22	×	×	○	○
	MTIC5W (input) / MTIC5W# (input)	P80	○	○	○	○
		P33	×	×	×	×
	MTIOC6A (input/output) / MTIOC6A# (input/output)	PA1	○	○	○	○
		P71	×	×	×	×
	MTIOC6B (input/output) / MTIOC6B# (input/output)	P95	○	○	○	○
		P32	×	×	×	×
	MTIOC6C (input/output) / MTIOC6C# (input/output)	PA0	○	○	○	○
		P74	×	×	×	×
	MTIOC6D (input/output) / MTIOC6D# (input/output)	P92	○	○	○	○
		P72	×	×	×	×
	MTIOC7A (input/output) / MTIOC7A# (input/output)	P94	○	○	○	○

Module/ Function	Pin Function	Port Allocation	RX63T (MPC)		RX72T (MPC)	
			144-Pin	100-Pin	144-Pin	100-Pin
Multi-function timer unit 3	MTIOC7B (input/output) / MTIOC7B# (input/output)	P73	×	×	×	×
		P93	○	○	○	○
	MTIOC7C (input/output) / MTIOC7C# (input/output)	P75	×	×	×	×
		P91	○	○	○	○
	MTIOC7D (input/output) / MTIOC7D# (input/output)	P76	×	×	×	×
		P90	○	○	○	○
	MTIOC9A (input/output) / MTIOC9A# (input/output)	P00			○	○
		P21			○	○
		P26			○	×
		P35			○	×
		PD7			○	○
	MTIOC9B (input/output)	P22			○	○
	MTIOC9B (input/output) / MTIOC9B# (input/output)	P10			○	○
		P34			○	×
		PC4			○	×
		PE0			○	○
	MTIOC9C (input/output) / MTIOC9C# (input/output)	P01			○	○
		P20			○	○
		P25			○	×
		PC6			○	×
		PD6			○	○
	MTIOC9D (input/output)	P11			○	○
	MTIOC9D (input/output) / MTIOC9D# (input/output)	PC3			○	×
		PC5			○	×
		PE1			○	○
		PE5			○	○
MTCLKA (input) / MTCLKA# (input)	P21	○	○	○	○	○
	P22	×	×	×	×	×
	P33	○	○	○	○	○
	PB3	×	×	×	×	×
	PA7	×	×	○	×	×
	MTCLKB (input) / MTCLKB# (input)	P20	○	○	○	○
		P23	×	×	×	×
		P32	○	○	○	○
		PB2	×	×	×	×
		PA6	×	×	○	×
MTCLKC (input) / MTCLKC# (input)	P11	○	○	○	○	○
	P24	×	×	×	×	×
	P31	○	○	○	○	○
	PA7	×	×	○	×	
	PE4	○	○	○	○	○
MTCLKD (input) / MTCLKD# (input)	P10	○	○	○	○	○
	P22	×	×	○	○	○
	P30	○	○	○	○	○
	PA6	×	×	○	○	×
	PE3	○	○	○	○	○
ADSM0 (output)	PA7			○	×	
	PB2			○	○	
	PC2			○	×	

Module/ Function	Pin Function	Port Allocation	RX63T (MPC)		RX72T (MPC)	
			144-Pin	100-Pin	144-Pin	100-Pin
Multi-function timer unit 3	ADSM1 (output)	PA6			○	×
		PB1			○	○
		PC1			○	×
Port output enable 3	POE0# (input)	P70	○	○	○	○
	POE4# (input)	P96	○	○	○	○
	POE8# (input)	PB4	○	○	○	○
	POE9# (input)	P11			○	○
		P27			○	○ ^{*1}
	POE10# (input)	PE4	○	○	○	○
		PE2	○	○	○	○
		PE6	×	×	○	×
	POE11# (input)	PE3	○	○	○	○
		PB5	×	×	×	×
	POE12# (input)	PG5	○	×	×	×
		P01	×	×	○	○
		P10	×	×	○	○
		PK2	×	×	○	×
	POE13# (input)	PK1			○	×
	POE14# (input)	PK0			○	×
General PWM timer	GTIOC0A (input/output) / GTIOC0A# (input/output)	P12	×	×	○	×
		P71	○	○	○	○
		PD2	×	×	○	○
		PD7	○	○	○	○
		PG1	×	×	○	×
	GTIOC0B (input/output) / GTIOC0B# (input/output)	P15	×	×	○	×
		P74	○	○	○	○
		PD1	×	×	○	○ ^{*4}
		PD6	○	○	○	○
		PG2	×	×	○	×
	GTIOC1A (input/output) / GTIOC1A# (input/output)	P13	×	×	○	×
		P72	○	○	○	○
		PD0	×	×	○	○ ^{*4}
		PD5	○	○	○	○
		PK2	×	×	○	×
	GTIOC1B (input/output) / GTIOC1B# (input/output)	P16	×	×	○	×
		P75	○	○	○	○
		PB7	×	×	○	○ ^{*4}
		PD4	○	○	○	○
		PG0	×	×	○	×
	GTIOC2A (input/output) / GTIOC2A# (input/output)	P14	×	×	○	×
		P73	○	○	○	○
		PB6	×	×	○	○
		PD3	○	○	○	○
		PK0	×	×	○	×

Module/ Function	Pin Function	Port Allocation	RX63T (MPC)		RX72T (MPC)	
			144-Pin	100-Pin	144-Pin	100-Pin
General PWM timer	GTIOC2B (input/output) / GTIOC2B# (input/output)	P17	×	×	○	×
		P76	○	○	○	○
		PB5	×	×	○	○
		PB6	×	×	×	×
		PB7	×	×	×	×
		PD2	○	○	○	○
		PK1	×	×	○	×
	GTIOC3A (input/output) / GTIOC3A# (input/output)	P32	×	×	○	○
		P00	×	×	×	×
		PD1	○	○	○	○*4
		PD7	×	×	○	○
		PE5	×	×	○	○
	GTIOC3B (input/output) / GTIOC3B# (input/output)	P11	×	×	○	○
		P33	×	×	○	○
		P01	×	×	×	×
		PD0	○	○	○	○*4
		PD6	×	×	○	○
	GTIOC4A (input/output) / GTIOC4A# (input/output)	P71	×	×	○	○
		P95	○	○	○	○
	GTIOC4B (input/output) / GTIOC4B# (input/output)	P74	×	×	○	○
		P92	○	○	○	○
	GTIOC5A (input/output) / GTIOC5A# (input/output)	P72	×	×	○	○
		P94	○	○	○	○
	GTIOC5B (input/output) / GTIOC5B# (input/output)	P75	×	×	○	○
		P91	○	○	○	○
	GTIOC6A (input/output) / GTIOC6A# (input/output)	P73	×	×	○	○
		P93	○	○	○	○
		PG3	○	×	×	×
	GTIOC6B (input/output) / GTIOC6B# (input/output)	P76	×	×	○	○
		P90	○	○	○	○
		PG4	○	×	×	×
	GTIOC7A (input/output) / GTIOC7A# (input/output)	P12	×	×	○	×
		P95	×	×	○	○
		PG0	○	×	×	×
	GTIOC7B (input/output) / GTIOC7B# (input/output)	P15	×	×	○	×
		P92	×	×	○	○
		PG1	○	×	×	×
	GTIOC8A (input/output) / GTIOC8A# (input/output)	P13			○	×
		P94			○	○
	GTIOC8B (input/output) / GTIOC8B# (input/output)	P16			○	×
		P91			○	○
	GTIOC9A (input/output) / GTIOC9A# (input/output)	P14			○	×
		P93			○	○
	GTIOC9B (input/output) / GTIOC9B# (input/output)	P17			○	×
		P90			○	○
	GTETRG/GTETRG0	PB4	○	○		
	GTETRG1	P34	○	×		

Module/ Function	Pin Function	Port Allocation	RX63T (MPC)		RX72T (MPC)	
			144-Pin	100-Pin	144-Pin	100-Pin
General PWM timer	GTETRGA (input)	P01			○	○
		P11			○	○
		P70			○	○
		P96			○	○
		PB4			○	○
		PD5			○	○
		PE3			○	○
		PE4			○	○
		PE6			○	×
		PF3			○	×
	GTETRGB (input)	PG2			○	×
		P01			○	○
		P10			○	○
		P34			○	×
		P70			○	○
		P96			○	○
		PB4			○	○
		PD4			○	○
		PE3			○	○
		PE4			○	○
	GTETRGC (input)	PE5			○	○
		PE6			○	×
		PF2			○	×
		P01			○	○
		P11			○	○
		P70			○	○
		P96			○	○
		PB4			○	○
		PD3			○	○
		PE3			○	○
	GTETRGD (input)	PE4			○	○
		PE6			○	×
		PF1			○	×
		P01			○	○
		P10			○	○
		P70			○	○
		P96			○	○
		PB4			○	○
		PE3			○	○
		PE4			○	○
	GTADSM0 (output)	PE5			○	○
		PE6			○	×
		PF0			○	×
		P35			○	×
		PA3			○	○
	GTADSM1 (output)	PA7			○	×
		PB2			○	○
		PC2			○	×

Module/ Function	Pin Function	Port Allocation	RX63T (MPC)		RX72T (MPC)	
			144-Pin	100-Pin	144-Pin	100-Pin
General PWM timer	GTADSM1 (output)	P34			○	×
		PA2			○	○
		PA6			○	×
		PB1			○	○
		PC1			○	×
Serial communications interface	RXD0 (input) / SMISO0 (input/output) / SSCL0 (input/output)	P22	○	○		
		PA5	○	○		
		PB1	○	○		
	TXD0 (output) / SMOSI0 (input/output) / SSDA0 (input/output)	P23	○	○		
		PA4	○	○		
		PB2	○	○		
	SCK0 (input/output)	P23	×	×		
		P30	○	○		
		PA3	○	○		
		PB3	○	○		
	CTS0# (input) / RTS0# (output) / SS0# (input)	P00	×	×		
		P01	○	○		
		P22	×	×		
		P24	○	○		
		PD7	○	○		
	RXD1 (input) / SMISO1 (input/output) / SSCL1 (input/output)	P93	×	×	×	×
		P96	○	○	×	×
		PD5	○	○	○	○
		PF2	○	×	×	×
		P34	×	×	○	×
		PC3	×	×	○	×
	TXD1 (output) / SMOSI1 (input/output) / SSDA1 (input/output)	P26	○	×	×	×
		P94	×	×	×	×
		P95	○	○	×	×
		PD3	○	○	○	○
		PF3	○	×	×	×
		P35	×	×	○	×
	SCK1 (input/output)	PC4	×	×	○	×
		P25	○	×	○	×
		P92	×	×	×	×
		PD4	○	○	○	○
	CTS1# (input) / RTS1# (output) / SS1# (input)	PG6	○	×	×	×
		P70	○	○	×	×
		P91	×	×	×	×
		P94	○	○	×	×
		P26	×	×	○	×
	RXD2 (input) / SMISO2 (input/output) / SSCL2 (input/output)	PD6	×	×	○	○
		P03	○	×		
		PA2	○	○		
	TXD2 (output) / SMOSI2 (input/output) / SSDA2 (input/output)	PG1	○	×		
		P02	○	×		
		PA1	○	○		
		PG0	○	×		

Module/ Function	Pin Function	Port Allocation	RX63T (MPC)		RX72T (MPC)	
			144-Pin	100-Pin	144-Pin	100-Pin
Serial communications interface	SCK2 (input/output)	P14	○	✗		
		PA0	○	○		
		PG2	○	✗		
	CTS2# (input) / RTS2# (output) / SS2# (input)	P13	○	✗		
		P93	○	○		
	RXD3 (input) / SMISO3 (input/output) / SSCL3 (input/output)	P34	○	✗		
		PG4	○	✗		
	TXD3 (output) / SMOSI3 (input/output) / SSDA3 (input/output)	P35	○	✗		
		PG3	○	✗		
	SCK3 (input/output)	PG5	○	✗		
	CTS3# (input) / RTS3# (output) / SS3# (input)	PA6	○	✗		
	RXD5 (input) / SMISO5 (input/output) / SSCL5 (input/output)	PB6			○	○
		PE0			○	○
		PK0			○	✗
	TXD5 (output) / SMOSI5 (input/output) / SSDA5 (input/output)	PB5			○	○
		PD7			○	○
		PK1			○	✗
	SCK5 (input/output)	PB7			○	○ *4
		PD2			○	○
		PK2			○	✗
	CTS5# (input) / RTS5# (output) / SS5# (input)	PB4			○	○
		PE1			○	○
	RXD6 (input) / SMISO6 (input/output) / SSCL6 (input/output)	P80			○	○
		PA5			○	○
		PB1			○	○
	TXD6 (output) / SMOSI6 (input/output) / SSDA6 (input/output)	P81			○	○
		PB0			○	○
		PB2			○	○
	SCK6 (input/output)	P82			○	○
		PA4			○	○
		PB3			○	○
	CTS6# (input) / RTS6# (output) / SS6# (input)	P10			○	○
		PA2			○	○
	RXD8 (input) / SMISO8 (input/output) / SSCL8 (input/output)	P22			○	○
		PA5			○	○
		PC0			○	✗
		PD1			○	○ *4
	TXD8 (output) / SMOSI8 (input/output) / SSDA8 (input/output)	P21			○	○
		P23			○	○
		PA4			○	○
		PC1			○	✗
		PD0			○	○ *4

Module/ Function	Pin Function	Port Allocation	RX63T (MPC)		RX72T (MPC)	
			144-Pin	100-Pin	144-Pin	100-Pin
Serial communications interface	SCK8 (input/output)	P20			○	○
		P24			○	○
		P30			○	○
		PA3			○	○
		PC2			○	✗
		PD2			○	○
	CTS8# (input) / RTS8# (output) / SS8# (input)	P20			○	○
		P24			○	○
		P30			○	○
		P35			○	✗
		P96			○	○
		PK1			○	✗
	RXD9 (input) / SMISO9 (input/output) / SSCL9 (input/output)	P00			○	○
		PA2			○	○
		PG0			○	✗
	TXD9 (output) / SMOSI9 (input/output) / SSDA9 (input/output)	P01			○	○
		PA1			○	○
		PA3			○	○
		PG1			○	✗
	SCK9 (input/output)	PA0			○	○
		PE4			○	○
		PE5			○	○
		PG2			○	✗
	CTS9# (input) / RTS9# (output) / SS9# (input)	P34			○	✗
		P70			○	○
		PE3			○	○
		PE5			○	○
		PK2			○	✗
	RXD11 (input) / SMISO11 (input/output) / SSCL11 (input/output)	PA1			○	○
		PA7			○	✗
		PB6			○	○
		PC6			○	✗
		PD5			○	○
		PF1			○	✗
	TXD11 (output) / SMOSI11 (input/output) / SSDA11 (input/output)	PA0			○	○
		PA6			○	✗
		PB5			○	○
		PC5			○	✗
		PD3			○	○
		PF0			○	✗
	SCK11 (input/output)	PA2			○	○
		PB4			○	○
		PB7			○	○ ^{*4}
		PD4			○	○
		PF2			○	✗
	CTS11# (input) / RTS11# (output) / SS11# (input)	PB0			○	○
		PB4			○	○
		PD6			○	○
		PF3			○	✗

Module/ Function	Pin Function	Port Allocation	RX63T (MPC)		RX72T (MPC)	
			144-Pin	100-Pin	144-Pin	100-Pin
Serial communications interface	RXD12 (input) / SMISO12 (input/output) / SSCL12 (input/output) / RXDX12 (input)	P80	○	○	○	○
		PB6	○	○	○	○
		P00	×	×	○	○
		P22	×	×	○	○
		PA7	×	×	○	×
		PC3	×	×	○	×
	TXD12 (output) / SMOSI12 (input/output) / SSDA12 (input/output) / TXDX12 (output) / SIOX12 (input/output)	P81	○	○	○	○
		PB5	○	○	○	○
		P01	×	×	○	○
		P21	×	×	○	○
		P23	×	×	○	○
		PA6	×	×	○	×
		PC4	×	×	○	×
	SCK12 (input/output)	P82	○	○	○	○
		PB7	○	○	○	○ *4
	CTS12# (input) / RTS12# (output) / SS12# (input)	PB4	×	×	×	×
		PE1	○	○	○	○
I ² C bus interface	SCL0 (input/output) / SCL (input/output)	PB1	○	○	○	○
	SDA0 (input/output) / SDA (input/output)	PB2	○	○	○	○
	SCL1 (input/output)	P25	○	×		
	SDA1 (input/output)	P26	○	×		
USB 2.0 FS Host/Function module	USB0_DPUPE	—	○	×		
	USB0_VBUSEN (output)	P13	○	×	×	×
		PA0	×	×	○	○ *3
		PC1	×	×	○	×
		PB5	×	×	○	○ *3
	USB0_OVRCURA (input)	PE1	○	×	×	×
		PA1	×	×	○	○ *3
		PB6	×	×	○	○ *3
		PC2	×	×	○	×
	USB0_VBUS (input)	PE5	○	×	×	×
		PC0	×	×	○	×
		PD2	×	×	○	○ *3
	USB0_EXICEN (output)	PD1	○	×	×	×
		PA0	×	×	○	○ *3
		PC1	×	×	○	×
	USB0_OVRCURB (input)	PE0	○	×	○	○ *3
		P34	×	×	○	×
		PB4	×	×	○	○ *3
		PB7	×	×	○	×
	USB0_ID (input)	PD2	○	×	×	×
		PA1	×	×	○	○ *3
		PC2	×	×	○	×
	USB0_DRPD (output)	P01	○	×		
	USB0_DPRPD (output)	P12	○	×		

Module/ Function	Pin Function	Port Allocation	RX63T (MPC)		RX72T (MPC)	
			144-Pin	100-Pin	144-Pin	100-Pin
CAN module	CRX1 (input) / CRX0 (input)	PE0	○	○	○	○
		P22	○	○	○	○
		PB6	○	○	○	○
		PA1	×	×	○	○
		PA7	×	×	○	×
		PC6	×	×	○	×
		PF3	×	×	○	×
	CTX1 (output) / CTX0 (output)	P23	○	○	○	○
		PB5	○	○	○	○
		PD7	○	○	○	○
		PA0	×	×	○	○
		PA6	×	×	○	×
		PC5	×	×	○	×
		PF2	×	×	○	×
Serial peripheral interface	RSPCKA (input/output)	P24	○	○	○	○
		PA4	○	○	○	○
		PD0	○	○	○	○ ^{*4}
		P20	×	×	○	○
		PB3	×	×	○	○
	MOSIA (input/output)	P23	○	○	○	○
		PB0	○	○	○	○
		PD2	○	○	○	○
		P21	×	×	○	○
	MISOA (input/output)	P22	○	○	○	○
		PA5	○	○	○	○
		PD1	○	○	○	○ ^{*4}
	SSLA0 (input/output)	P30	○	○	○	○
		PA3	○	○	○	○
		PD6	○	○	○	○
	SSLA1 (output)	P31	○	○	○	○
		PA2	○	○	○	○
		PD7	○	○	○	○
	SSLA2 (output)	P32	○	○	○	○
		PA1	○	○	○	○
		PE0	○	○	○	○
	SSLA3 (output)	P33	○	○	○	○
		PA0	○	○	○	○
		PE1	○	○	○	○
	RSPCKB (input/output)	P24	○	○		
		PA4	○	○		
		PD0	○	○		
	MOSIB (input/output)	P23	○	○		
		PB0	○	○		
		PD2	○	○		
	MISOB (input/output)	P22	○	○		
		PA5	○	○		
		PD1	○	○		
	SSLB0 (input/output)	P30	○	○		
		PA3	○	○		
		PD6	○	○		

Module/ Function	Pin Function	Port Allocation	RX63T (MPC)		RX72T (MPC)	
			144-Pin	100-Pin	144-Pin	100-Pin
Serial peripheral interface	SSLB1 (output)	P31	○	○		
		PA2	○	○		
		PD7	○	○		
	SSLB2 (output)	P32	○	○		
		PA1	○	○		
		PE0	○	○		
	SSLB3 (output)	P33	○	○		
		PA0	○	○		
		PE1	○	○		
12-bit A/D converter	AN000 (input)*5	P40	○	○	○	○
	AN001 (input)*5	P41	○	○	○	○
	AN002 (input)*5	P42	○	○	○	○
	AN003 (input)*5	P43	○	○	○	○
	AN004 (input)*5	P44	×	×	×	×
		PH1	×	×	○	×
	AN005 (input)*5	P45	×	×	×	×
		PH2	×	×	○	×
	AN006 (input)*5	P46	×	×	×	×
		PH3	×	×	○	×
	AN007 (input)*5	P47	×	×	×	×
		PH0	×	×	○	○*1
	ADTRG0# (input)	P20	○	○	○	○
		PA4	○	○	○	○
		PA1	×	×	○	○
	ADST0 (output)	P26			○	×
		PD6			○	○
		PE5			○	○
	PGAVSS0 (input)*5	PH0			○	○*1
	AN100 (input)*5	P44	○	○	○	○
	AN101 (input)*5	P45	○	○	○	○
	AN102 (input)*5	P46	○	○	○	○
	AN103 (input)*5	P47	○	○	○	○
	AN104 (input)*5	PH5			○	×
	AN105 (input)*5	PH6			○	×
	AN106 (input)*5	PH7			○	×
	AN107 (input)*5	PH4			○	○*1
	ADTRG1# (input)	P21	○	○	○	○
		PA5	○	○	○	○
	ADST1 (output)	P00			○	○
		P25			○	×
	PGAVSS1 (input)*5	PH4			○	○*1
	AN200 (input)*5	P52			○	○
	AN201 (input)*5	P53			○	○
	AN202 (input)*5	P54			○	○
	AN203 (input)*5	P55			○	○
	AN204 (input)*5	P50			○	○*2
	AN205 (input)*5	P51			○	○*2
	AN206 (input)*5	P60			○	○
	AN207 (input)*5	P61			○	○
	AN208 (input)*5	P62			○	○

Module/ Function	Pin Function	Port Allocation	RX63T (MPC)		RX72T (MPC)	
			144-Pin	100-Pin	144-Pin	100-Pin
12-bit A/D converter	AN209 (input)*5	P63			○	○
	AN210 (input)*5	P64			○	○
	AN211 (input)*5	P65			○	○
	AN216 (input)*5	P20			○	○
	AN217 (input)*5	P21			○	○
	ADTRG2# (input)	P22			○	○
		PB0			○	○
	ADST2 (output)	P01			○	○
		PC4			○	×
10-bit A/D converter	AN0 (input)	P60	○	○		
	AN1 (input)	P61	○	○		
	AN2 (input)	P62	○	○		
	AN3 (input)	P63	○	○		
	AN4 (input)	P64	○	○		
	AN5 (input)	P65	○	○		
	AN6 (input)	P50	○	○		
	AN7 (input)	P51	○	○		
	AN8 (input)	P52	○	○		
	AN9 (input)	P53	○	○		
	AN10 (input)	P54	○	○		
	AN11 (input)	P55	○	○		
	AN12 (input)	P56	○	×		
	AN13 (input)	P57	○	×		
	AN14 (input)	PC0	○	×		
	AN15 (input)	PC1	○	×		
	AN16 (input)	PC2	○	×		
	AN17 (input)	PC3	○	×		
	AN18 (input)	PC4	○	×		
	AN19 (input)	PC5	○	×		
	ADTRG# (input)	P22	○	○		
		PG5	○	×		
D/A converter	DA0 (output)*5	P54	○	○	×	×
		P64	×	×	○	○
	DA1 (output)*5	P55	○	○	×	×
		P65	×	×	○	○
Clock frequency accuracy measurement circuit	CACREF (input)	P00	○	○	○	○
		P01	×	×	×	×
		P23	○	○	○	○
		PB3	○	○	○	○
8-bit timer	TMO0 (output)	P33			○	○
		P35			○	×
		PB0			○	○
		PD3			○	○
	TMCI0 (input)	PB1			○	○
		PD4			○	○
	TMRI0 (input)	PB2			○	○
		PD5			○	○
	TMO1 (output)	PD6			○	○
		PF0			○	×

Module/ Function	Pin Function	Port Allocation	RX63T (MPC)		RX72T (MPC)	
			144-Pin	100-Pin	144-Pin	100-Pin
8-bit timer	TMC1 (input)	PD2			○	○
		PE0			○	○
	TMRI1 (input)	PD7			○	○
	TMO2 (output)	P23			○	○
		PA0			○	○
		PA7			○	✗
		PD1			○	○ ^{*4}
	TMC2 (input)	P24			○	○
	TMRI2 (input)	P22			○	○
	TMO3 (output)	P11			○	○
		PF2			○	✗
	TMC3 (input)	PA5			○	○
	TMRI3 (input)	P10			○	○
	TMO4 (output)	P22			○	○
		P34			○	✗
		P82			○	○
		PA1			○	○
		PD2			○	○
	TMC4 (input)	P21			○	○
		P81			○	○
	TMRI4 (input)	P20			○	○
		P80			○	○
	TMO5 (output)	PE1			○	○
		PF1			○	✗
	TMC5 (input)	PE0			○	○
	TMRI5 (input)	PD7			○	○
	TMO6 (output)	P24			○	○
		P32			○	○
		PA6			○	✗
		PD0			○	○ ^{*4}
	TMC6 (input)	P30			○	○
		PD4			○	○
	TMRI6 (input)	P31			○	○
		PD5			○	○
	TMO7 (output)	PA2			○	○
		PF3			○	✗
	TMC7 (input)	PA4			○	○
	TMRI7 (input)	PA3			○	○
Comparator	COMP0 (output)	P00			○	○
		P24			○	○
		PF3			○	✗
		PG2			○	✗
	COMP1 (output)	P01			○	○
		P23			○	○
		PF2			○	✗
		PG1			○	✗
	COMP2 (output)	P22			○	○
		PF1			○	✗
		PG0			○	✗

Module/ Function	Pin Function	Port Allocation	RX63T (MPC)		RX72T (MPC)	
			144-Pin	100-Pin	144-Pin	100-Pin
Comparator	COMP3 (output)	P30			○	○
		P80			○	○
		PC0			○	✗
		PF0			○	✗
		PK2			○	✗
	COMP4 (output)	P20			○	○
		P81			○	○
		PC1			○	✗
		PC3			○	✗
		PK1			○	✗
	COMP5 (output)	P21			○	○
		P82			○	○
		PC2			○	✗
		PC4			○	✗
		PK0			○	✗
	CVREFC0 (input)*5	PH3			○	✗
	CVREFC1 (input)*5	PH7			○	✗
	CMPCO0 (input)*5	P40			○	○
	CMPCO1 (input)*5	P40			○	○
	CMPCO2 (input)*5	P52			○	○
	CMPCO3 (input)*5	P60			○	○
	CMPCO10 (input)*5	P41			○	○
	CMPCO11 (input)*5	P41			○	○
	CMPCO12 (input)*5	P53			○	○
	CMPCO13 (input)*5	P61			○	○
	CMPCO20 (input)*5	P42			○	○
	CMPCO21 (input)*5	P42			○	○
	CMPCO22 (input)*5	P54			○	○
	CMPCO23 (input)*5	P63			○	○
	CMPCO30 (input)*5	P44			○	○
	CMPCO31 (input)*5	P44			○	○
	CMPCO32 (input)*5	P55			○	○
	CMPCO33 (input)*5	P64			○	○
	CMPCO40 (input)*5	P45			○	○
	CMPCO41 (input)*5	P45			○	○
	CMPCO42 (input)*5	P50			○	○*2
	CMPCO43 (input)*5	P62			○	○
	CMPCO50 (input)*5	P46			○	○
	CMPCO51 (input)*5	P46			○	○
	CMPCO52 (input)*5	P51			○	○*2
	CMPCO53 (input)*5	P65			○	○

Notes: 1. Supported on products with PGA pseudo-differential input only.

2. Supported on products without PGA pseudo-differential input only.

3. Supported on products with USB pins only.

4. Supported on products without USB pins only.

5. To use these pins on the RX72T Group, configure them as general purpose input port pins. (Clear the corresponding PORTm.PDR.Bn and PORTm.PMR.Bn bits to 0.)

Table 2.37 Comparison of P0n Pin Function Control Register (P0nPFS)

Register	Bit	RX63T (n = 0 to 3)	RX72T (n = 0, 1)
P00PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 00101b: CACREF	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 000001b: MTIOC9A 000011b: MTIOC9A# 000111b: CACREF 001001b: ADST1 001010b: RXD9/SMISO9/SSCL9 001100b: RXD12/SMISO12/ SSCL12/RDXD12 011110b: COMP0
P01PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 01010b: CTS0#/RTS0#/SS0# 10001b: USB0_DRPD	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 000001b: MTIOC9C 000011b: MTIOC9C# 000111b: POE12# 001001b: ADST2 001010b: TXD9/SMOSI9/SSDA9 001100b: TXD12/SMOSI12/ SSDA12/TXD12/ SIOX12 010100b: GTETRGA 010101b: GTETRGB 010110b: GTETRGC 010111b: GTETRGD 011110b: COMP1
P02PFS	—	P02 pin function control register	—
P03PFS	—	P03 pin function control register	—
P0nPFS	ISEL	Interrupt input function select bit 0: Not used as IRQn input pin 1: Used as IRQn input pin P00: IRQ2-DS (64-pin) P01: IRQ4-DS (64-pin) P03: IRQ7 (144-pin)	Interrupt input function select bit 0: Not used as IRQn input pin 1: Used as IRQn input pin P00: IRQ2 (100/144-pin) P01: IRQ4 (100/144-pin)

Table 2.38 Comparison of P1n Pin Function Control Register (P1nPFS)

Register	Bit	RX63T (n = 0 to 4)	RX72T (n = 0 to 7)
P10PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 00010b: MTCLKD	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 000001b: MTIOC9B 000010b: MTCLKD 000011b: MTIOC9B# 000100b: MTCLKD# 000101b: TMRI3 000111b: POE12# 001010b: CTS6#/RTS6#/SS6# 010101b: GTETRGB 010111b: GTETRGD
P11PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 00010b: MTCLKC	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 000001b: MTIOC3A 000010b: MTCLKC 000011b: MTIOC3A# 000100b: MTCLKC# 000101b: TMO3 000111b: POE9# 001000b: MTIOC9D 010100b: GTIOC3B 010101b: GTETRGA 010110b: GTIOC3B# 010111b: GTETRGC
P12PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 10001b: USB0_DPRPD	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 000001b: MTIOC3B 000011b: MTIOC3B# 010100b: GTIOC0A 010101b: GTIOC7A 010110b: GTIOC0A# 010111b: GTIOC7A#
P13PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 01010b: CTS2#/RTS2#/SS2# 10001b: USB0_VBUSEN	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 000001b: MTIOC4A 000011b: MTIOC4A# 010100b: GTIOC1A 010101b: GTIOC8A 010110b: GTIOC1A# 010111b: GTIOC8A#

Register	Bit	RX63T (n = 0 to 4)	RX72T (n = 0 to 7)
P14PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 01010b: SCK2	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 000001b: MTIOC4B 000011b: MTIOC4B# 010100b: GTIOC2A 010101b: GTIOC9A 010110b: GTIOC2A# 010111b: GTIOC9A#
P15PFS	—	—	P15 pin function control register
P16PFS	—	—	P16 pin function control register
P17PFS	—	—	P17 pin function control register
P1nPFS	ISEL	Interrupt input function select bit 0: Not used as IRQn input pin 1: Used as IRQn input pin P10: IRQ0-DS (64/100/112/120/144-pin) P11: IRQ1-DS (64/100/112/120/144-pin)	Interrupt input function select bit 0: Not used as IRQn input pin 1: Used as IRQn input pin P10: IRQ0-DS (100/144-pin) P11: IRQ1-DS (100/144-pin) P12: IRQ9 (144-pin) P13: IRQ10 (144-pin) P14: IRQ11 (144-pin) P15: IRQ12 (144-pin) P16: IRQ13 (144-pin) P17: IRQ14 (144-pin)

Table 2.39 Comparison of P2n Pin Function Control Register (P2nPFS)

Register	Bit	RX63T (n = 0 to 6)	RX72T (n = 0 to 7)
P20PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 00010b: MTCLKB 01001b: ADTRG0#	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 000001b: MTIOC9C 000010b: MTCLKB 000011b: MTIOC9C# 000100b: MTCLKB# 000101b: TMRI4 001001b: ADTRG0# 001010b: CTS8#/RTS8#/SS8# 001011b: SCK8 001101b: RSPCKA 011110b: COMP4
P21PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 00010b: MTCLKA 01001b: ADTRG1#	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 000001b: MTIOC9A 000010b: MTCLKA 000011b: MTIOC9A# 000100b: MTCLKA# 000101b: TMCI4 001001b: ADTRG1# 001010b: TXD8/SMOSI8/SSDA8 001100b: TXD12/SMOSI12/ SSDA12/TXDX12/ SIOX12 001101b: MOSIA 011110b: COMP5
P22PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 01001b: ADTRG# 01010b: RXD0/SMISO0/SSCL0 01101b: MISOA 01110b: MISOB 10000b: CRX1	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 000001b: MTIC5W 000010b: MTCLKD 000011b: MTIC5W# 000100b: MTCLKD# 000101b: TMRI2 000110b: TMO4 001000b: MTIOC9B 001001b: ADTRG2# 001010b: RXD8/SMISO8/SSCL8 001100b: RXD12/SMISO12/ SSCL12/RXDX12 001101b: MISOA 010000b: CRX0 011110b: COMP2

Register	Bit	RX63T (n = 0 to 6)	RX72T (n = 0 to 7)
P23PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 00101b: CACREF 01010b: TXD0/SMOSI0/SSDA0 01101b: MOSIA 01110b: MOSIB 10000b: CTX1	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 000001b: MTIC5V 000011b: MTIC5V# 000101b: TMO2 000111b: CACREF 001010b: TXD8/SMOSI8/SSDA8 001100b: TXD12/SMOSI12/ SSDA12/TDX12/ SIOX12 001101b: MOSIA 010000b: CTX0 011110b: COMP1
P24PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 01010b: CTS0#/RTS0#/SS0# 01101b: RSPCKA 01110b: RSPCKB	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 000001b: MTIC5U 000011b: MTIC5U# 000101b: TMCI2 000110b: TMO6 001010b: CTS8#/RTS8#/SS8# 001011b: SCK8 001101b: RSPCKA 011110b: COMP0
P25PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 01010b: SCK1 01111b: SCL1	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 000001b: MTIOC9C 000011b: MTIOC9C# 001001b: ADST1 001010b: SCK1
P26PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 01010b: TXD1/SMOSI1/SSDA1 01111b: SDA1	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 000001b: MTIOC9A 000011b: MTIOC9A# 001001b: ADST0 001010b: CTS1#/RTS1#/SS1#
P27PFS	—	—	P27 pin function control register

Register	Bit	RX63T (n = 0 to 6)	RX72T (n = 0 to 7)
P2nPFS	ISEL	<p>Interrupt input function select bit</p> <p>0: Not used as IRQn input pin 1: Used as IRQn input pin</p> <p>P20: IRQ7-DS (100/112/120/144-pin)</p> <p>P21: IRQ6-DS (100/112/120/144-pin)</p> <p>P24: IRQ4 (100/112/120/144-pin)</p>	<p>Interrupt input function select bit</p> <p>0: Not used as IRQn input pin 1: Used as IRQn input pin</p> <p>P20: IRQ7-DS (100/144-pin)</p> <p>P21: IRQ6-DS (100/144-pin)</p> <p>P22: IRQ10 (100/144-pin) P23: IRQ11 (100/144-pin) P24: IRQ4 (100/144-pin) P25: IRQ10 (144-pin) P26: IRQ11 (144-pin) P27: IRQ15 (100^{*1}/144-pin)</p>
	ASEL	—	Analog input function select bit

Note: 1. Supported on products with PGA pseudo-differential input only.

Table 2.40 Comparison of P3n Pin Function Control Register (P3nPFS)

Register	Bit	RX63T (n = 0 to 5)	RX72T (n = 0 to 5)
P30PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	<p>Pin function select bits</p> <p>b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 00001b: MTIOC0B 00010b: MTCLKD</p> <p>01010b: SCK0</p> <p>01101b: SSLA0 01110b: SSLB0</p>	<p>Pin function select bits</p> <p>b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 000001b: MTIOC0B 000010b: MTCLKD 000011b: MTIOC0B# 000100b: MTCLKD# 000101b: TMCI6 001010b: SCK8 001011b: CTS8#/RTS8#/SS8# 001101b: SSLA0</p> <p>011110b: COMP3</p>
P31PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	<p>Pin function select bits</p> <p>b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 00001b: MTIOC0A 00010b: MTCLKC</p> <p>01101b: SSLA1 01110b: SSLB1</p>	<p>Pin function select bits</p> <p>b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 000001b: MTIOC0A 000010b: MTCLKC 000011b: MTIOC0A# 000100b: MTCLKC# 000101b: TMRI6 001101b: SSLA1</p>

Register	Bit	RX63T (n = 0 to 5)	RX72T (n = 0 to 5)
P32PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 00001b: MTIOC3C 00010b: MTCLKB 01101b: SSLA2 01110b: SSLB2	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 000001b: MTIOC3C 000010b: MTCLKB 000011b: MTIOC3C# 000100b: MTCLKB# 000101b: TMO6 001101b: SSLA2 010100b: GTIOC3A 010110b: GTIOC3A#
P33PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 00001b: MTIOC3A 00010b: MTCLKA 01101b: SSLA3 01110b: SSLB3	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 000001b: MTIOC3A 000010b: MTCLKA 000011b: MTIOC3A# 000100b: MTCLKA# 000101b: TMO0 001101b: SSLA3 010100b: GTIOC3B 010110b: GTIOC3B#
P34PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 00110b: GTETRG1 01010b: RXD3/SMISO3/SSCL3	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 000001b: MTIOC2B 000010b: MTIOC9B 000011b: MTIOC2B# 000100b: MTIOC9B# 000101b: TMO4 001010b: CTS9#/RTS9#/SS9# 001011b: RXD1/SMISO1/SSCL1 010001b: USB0_OVRCURB 010100b: GTADSM1 010101b: GTETRGB

Register	Bit	RX63T (n = 0 to 5)	RX72T (n = 0 to 5)
P35PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 01010b: TXD3/SMOSI3/SSDA3	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 000001b: MTIOC2A 000010b: MTIOC9A 000011b: MTIOC2A# 000100b: MTIOC9A# 000101b: TMO0 001010b: CTS8#/RTS8#/SS8# 001011b: TXD1/SMOSI1/SSDA1 010100b: GTADSM0
P3nPFS	ISEL	Interrupt input function select bit 0: Not used as IRQn input pin 1: Used as IRQn input pin P34: IRQ3 (144-pin)	Interrupt input function select bit 0: Not used as IRQn input pin 1: Used as IRQn input pin P30: IRQ7 (100/144-pin) P31: IRQ6 (100/144-pin) P32: IRQ12-DS (100/144-pin) P33: IRQ13-DS (100/144-pin) P34: IRQ3 (144-pin) P35: IRQ6 (144-pin)

Table 2.41 Comparison of P4n Pin Function Control Register (P4nPFS)

Register	Bit	RX63T (n = 0 to 7)	RX72T (n = 0 to 7)
P4nPFS	ASEL	Analog input function select bit 0: Used as other than as analog pin 1: Used as analog pin P40: AN000 (48/64/100/112/120/144-pin) P41: AN001 (48/64/100/112/120/144-pin) P42: AN002 (48/64/100/112/120/144-pin) P43: AN003 (48/64/100/112/120/144-pin) P44: AN004 (48/64-pin)/ AN100(100/112/120/144-pin) P45: AN005 (64-pin)/ AN101 (100/112/120/144-pin) P46: AN006 (64-pin)/ AN102 (100/112/120/144-pin) P47: AN007 (48/64-pin)/ AN103 (100/112/120/144-pin)	Analog input function select bit 0: Used as other than as analog pin 1: Used as analog pin P40: AN000, CMPC00 , CMPC01 (100/144-pin) P41: AN001, CMPC10 , CMPC11 (100/144-pin) P42: AN002, CMPC20 , CMPC21 (100/144-pin) P43: AN003 (100/144-pin) P44: AN100, CMPC30 , CMPC31 (100/144-pin) P45: AN101, CMPC40 , CMPC41 (100/144-pin) P46: AN102, CMPC50 , CMPC51 (100/144-pin) P47: AN103 (100/144-pin)

Table 2.42 Comparison of P5n Pin Function Control Register (P5nPFS)

Register	Bit	RX63T (n = 0 to 7)	RX72T (n = 0 to 5)
P56PFS	—	P56 pin function control register	—
P57PFS	—	P75 pin function control register	—
P5nPFS	ISEL	—	Interrupt input function select bit
	ASEL	Analog input function select bit 0: Used as other than as analog pin 1: Used as analog pin P50: AN6 (100/112/120/144-pin) P51: AN7 (100/112/120/144-pin) P52: AN8 (100/112/120/144-pin) P53: AN9 (100/112/120/144-pin) P54: AN10 (100/112/120/144-pin) P55: AN11 (100/112/120/144-pin) P56: AN12 (144-pin) P57: AN13 (144-pin)	Analog input function select bit 0: Used as other than as analog pin 1: Used as analog pin P50: AN204, CMPC42 (100* ¹ /144-pin) P51: AN205, CMPC52 (100* ¹ /144-pin) P52: AN200, CMPC02 (100/144-pin) P53: AN201, CMPC12 (100/144-pin) P54: AN202, CMPC22 (100/144-pin) P55: AN203, CMPC32 (100/144-pin)

Note: 1. Supported on products without PGA pseudo-differential input only.

Table 2.43 Comparison of P6n Pin Function Control Register (P6nPFS)

Register	Bit	RX63T (n = 0 to 5)	RX72T (n = 0 to 5)
P6nPFS	ISEL	—	Interrupt input function select bit
	ASEL	Analog input function select bit 0: Used as other than as analog pin 1: Used as analog pin P60: AN0 (100/112/120/144-pin) P61: AN1 (100/112/120/144-pin) P62: AN2 (100/112/120/144-pin) P63: AN3 (100/112/120/144-pin) P64: AN4 (100/112/120/144-pin) P65: AN5 (100/112/120/144-pin)	Analog input function select bit 0: Used as other than as analog pin 1: Used as analog pin P60: AN206, CMPC03 (100/144-pin) P61: AN207, CMPC13 (100/144-pin) P62: AN208, CMPC43 (100/144-pin) P63: AN209, CMPC23 (100/144-pin) P64: AN210, CMPC33, DA0 (100/144-pin) P65: AN211, CMPC53, DA1 (100/144-pin)

Table 2.44 Comparison of P7n Pin Function Control Register (P7nPFS)

Register	Bit	RX63T (n = 0 to 6)	RX72T (n = 0 to 6)
P70PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 00111b: POE0# 01010b: CTS1#/RTS1#/SS1#	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 000111b: POE0# 001010b: CTS9#/RTS9#/SS9# 010100b: GTETRGA 010101b: GTETRGB 010110b: GTETRGC 010111b: GTETRGD
P71PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 00001b: MTIOC3B 00110b: GTIOC0A	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 000001b: MTIOC3B 000011b: MTIOC3B# 010100b: GTIOC0A 010101b: GTIOC4A 010110b: GTIOC0A# 010111b: GTIOC4A#
P72PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 00001b: MTIOC4A 00110b: GTIOC1A	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 000001b: MTIOC4A 000011b: MTIOC4A# 010100b: GTIOC1A 010101b: GTIOC5A 010110b: GTIOC1A# 010111b: GTIOC5A#
P73PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 00001b: MTIOC4B 00110b: GTIOC2A	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 000001b: MTIOC4B 000011b: MTIOC4B# 010100b: GTIOC2A 010101b: GTIOC6A 010110b: GTIOC2A# 010111b: GTIOC6A#

Register	Bit	RX63T (n = 0 to 6)	RX72T (n = 0 to 6)
P74PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 00001b: MTIOC3D 00110b: GTIOC0B	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 000001b: MTIOC3D 000011b: MTIOC3D# 010100b: GTIOC0B 010101b: GTIOC4B 010110b: GTIOC0B# 010111b: GTIOC4B#
P75PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 00001b: MTIOC4C 00110b: GTIOC1B	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 000001b: MTIOC4C 000011b: MTIOC4C# 010100b: GTIOC1B 010101b: GTIOC5B 010110b: GTIOC1B# 010111b: GTIOC5B#
P76PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 00001b: MTIOC4D 00110b: GTIOC2B	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 000001b: MTIOC4D 000011b: MTIOC4D# 010100b: GTIOC2B 010101b: GTIOC6B 010110b: GTIOC2B# 010111b: GTIOC6B#

Table 2.45 Comparison of P8n Pin Function Control Register (P8nPFS)

Register	Bit	RX63T (n = 0 to 2)	RX72T (n = 0 to 2)
P80PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 00001b: MTIC5W 01100b: RXD12/SMISO12/ SSCL12/RXD12	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 000001b: MTIC5W 000011b: MTIC5W# 000101b: TMRI4 001010b: RXD6/SMISO6/SSCL6 001100b: RXD12/SMISO12/ SSCL12/RXD12 011110b: COMP3
P81PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 00001b: MTIC5V 01100b: TXD12/SMOSI12/ SSDA12/TXD12/SIOX12	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 000001b: MTIC5V 000011b: MTIC5V# 000101b: TMCI4 001010b: TXD6/SMOSI6/SSDA6 001100b: TXD12/SMOSI12/ SSDA12/TXD12/ SIOX12 011110b: COMP4
P82PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 00001b: MTIC5U 01100b: SCK12	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 000001b: MTIC5U 000011b: MTIC5U# 000101b: TMO4 001010b: SCK6 001100b: SCK12 011110b: COMP5

Table 2.46 Comparison of P9n Pin Function Control Register (P9nPFS)

Register	Bit	RX63T (n = 0 to 6)	RX72T (n = 0 to 6)
P90PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 00001b: MTIOC7D 00110b: GTIOC6B	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 000001b: MTIOC7D 000011b: MTIOC7D# 010100b: GTIOC6B 010101b: GTIOC9B 010110b: GTIOC6B# 010111b: GTIOC9B#
P91PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 00001b: MTIOC7C 00110b: GTIOC5B	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 000001b: MTIOC7C 000011b: MTIOC7C# 010100b: GTIOC5B 010101b: GTIOC8B 010110b: GTIOC5B# 010111b: GTIOC8B#
P92PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 00001b: MTIOC6D 00110b: GTIOC4B	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 000001b: MTIOC6D 000011b: MTIOC6D# 010100b: GTIOC4B 010101b: GTIOC7B 010110b: GTIOC4B# 010111b: GTIOC7B#
P93PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 00001b: MTIOC7B 00110b: GTIOC6A 01010b: CTS2#/RTS2#/SS2#	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 000001b: MTIOC7B 000011b: MTIOC7B# 010100b: GTIOC6A 010101b: GTIOC9A 010110b: GTIOC6A# 010111b: GTIOC9A#

Register	Bit	RX63T (n = 0 to 6)	RX72T (n = 0 to 6)
P94PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 00001b: MTIOC7A 00110b: GTIOC5A 01010b: CTS1#/RTS1#/SS1#	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 000001b: MTIOC7A 000011b: MTIOC7A# 010100b: GTIOC5A 010101b: GTIOC8A 010110b: GTIOC5A# 010111b: GTIOC8A#
P95PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 00001b: MTIOC6B 00110b: GTIOC4A 01010b: TXD1/SMOSI1/SSDA1	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 000001b: MTIOC6B 000011b: MTIOC6B# 010100b: GTIOC4A 010101b: GTIOC7A 010110b: GTIOC4A# 010111b: GTIOC7A#
P96PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 00111b: POE4# 01010b: RXD1/SMISO1/SSCL1	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 000111b: POE4# 001010b: CTS8#/RTS8#/SS8# 010100b: GTETRGA 010101b: GTETRGB 010110b: GTETRG 010111b: GTETRGD
P9nPFS	ISEL	Interrupt input function select bit 0: Not used as IRQn input pin 1: Used as IRQn input pin P93: IRQ1 (64-pin) P96: IRQ4-DS (100/112/120/144-pin)	Interrupt input function select bit 0: Not used as IRQn input pin 1: Used as IRQn input pin P96: IRQ4-DS (100/144-pin)

Table 2.47 Comparison of PAn Pin Function Control Register (PAnPFS)

Register	Bit	RX63T (n = 0 to 6)	RX72T (n = 0 to 7)
PA0PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 00001b: MTIOC6C 01010b: SCK2 01101b: SSLA3 01110b: SSLB3	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 000001b: MTIOC6C 000011b: MTIOC6C# 000101b: TMO2 001010b: SCK9 001011b: TXD11/SMOSI11/ SSDA11 001101b: SSLA3 010000b: CTX0 010001b: USB0_EXICEN 010010b: USB0_VBUSEN
PA1PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 00001b: MTIOC6A 01010b: TXD2/SMOSI2/SSDA2 01101b: SSLA2 01110b: SSLB2	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 000001b: MTIOC6A 000011b: MTIOC6A# 000101b: TMO4 001001b: ADTRG0# 001010b: TXD9/SMOSI9/SSDA9 001011b: RXD11/SMISO11/ SSCL11 001101b: SSLA2 010000b: CRX0 010001b: USB0_ID 010010b: USB0_OVRCURA
PA2PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 00001b: MTIOC2B 01010b: RXD2/MISO2/SSCL2 01101b: SSLA1 01110b: SSLB1	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 000001b: MTIOC2B 000011b: MTIOC2B# 000101b: TMO7 001010b: CTS6#/RTS6#/SS6# 001011b: RXD9/SMISO9/SSCL9 001100b: SCK11 001101b: SSLA1 010100b: GTADSM1

Register	Bit	RX63T (n = 0 to 6)	RX72T (n = 0 to 7)
PA3PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 00001b: MTIOC2A 01010b: SCK0 01101b: SSLA0 01110b: SSLB0	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 000001b: MTIOC2A 000011b: MTIOC2A# 000101b: TMRI7 001010b: TXD9/SMOSI9/SSDA9 001011b: SCK8 001101b: SSLA0 010100b: GTADSM0
PA4PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 00001b: MTIOC1B 01001b: ADTRG0# 01010b: TXD0/SMOSI0/SSDA0 01101b: RSPCKA 01110b: RSPCKB	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 000001b: MTIOC1B 000011b: MTIOC1B# 000101b: TMCI7 001001b: ADTRG0# 001010b: SCK6 001011b: TXD8/SMOSI8/SSDA8 001101b: RSPCKA
PA5PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 00001b: MTIOC1A 01001b: ADTRG1# 01010b: RXD0/SMISO0/SSCL0 01101b: MISOA 01110b: MISOB	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 000001b: MTIOC1A 000011b: MTIOC1A# 000101b: TMCI3 001001b: ADTRG1# 001010b: RXD6/SMISO6/SSCL6 001011b: RXD8/SMISO8/SSCL8 001101b: MISOA

Register	Bit	RX63T (n = 0 to 6)	RX72T (n = 0 to 7)
PA6PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 01010b: CTS3#/RTS3#/SS3#	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 000001b: MTCLKB 000010b: MTCLKD 000011b: MTCLKB# 000100b: MTCLKD# 000101b: TMO6 001001b: ADSM1 001011b: TXD11/SMOSI11/ SSDA11 001100b: TXD12/SMOSI12/ SSDA12/TDX12/ SIOX12 010000b: CTX0 010100b: GTADSM1
PA7PFS	—	—	PA7 pin function control register
PAnPFS	ISEL	—	Interrupt input function select bit

Table 2.48 Comparison of PBn Pin Function Control Register (PBnPFS)

Register	Bit	RX63T (n = 0 to 7)	RX72T (n = 0 to 7)
PB0PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 00001b: MTIOC0D 01101b: MOSIA 01110b: MOSIB	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 000001b: MTIOC0D 000011b: MTIOC0D# 000101b: TMO0 001001b: ADTRG2# 001010b: TXD6/SMOSI6/SSDA6 001011b: CTS11#/RTS11#/SS11# 001101b: MOSIA
PB1PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 00001b: MTIOC0C 01010b: RXD0/SMISO0/SSCL0 01111b: SCL0	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 000001b: MTIOC0C 000011b: MTIOC0C# 000101b: TMCI0 001001b: ADSM1 001010b: RXD6/SMISO6/SSCL6 001111b: SCL 010100b: GTADSM1

Register	Bit	RX63T (n = 0 to 7)	RX72T (n = 0 to 7)
PB2PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 00001b: MTIOC0B 01010b: TXD0/SMOSI0/SSDA0 01111b: SDA0	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 000001b: MTIOC0B# 000011b: MTIOC0B# 000101b: TMRI0 001001b: ADSM0 001010b: TXD6/SMOSI6/SSDA6 001111b: SDA 010100b: GTADSM0
PB3PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 00001b: MTIOC0A 00101b: CACREF 01010b: SCK0	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 000001b: MTIOC0A 000011b: MTIOC0A# 000111b: CACREF 001010b: SCK6 001101b: RSPCKA
PB4PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 00110b: GTETRG0 00111b: POE8#	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 000111b: POE8# 001010b: CTS5#/RTS5#/SS5# 001011b: SCK11 001100b: CTS11#/RTS11#/SS11# 010001b: USB0_OVRCURB 010100b: GTETRGA 010101b: GTETRGB 010110b: GTETRGC 010111b: GTETRGD
PB5PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 01100b: TXD12/SMOSI12/ SSDA12/TDX12/SIOX12 10000b: CTX1	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 001010b: TXD5/SMOSI5/SSDA5 001011b: TXD11/SMOSI11/ SSDA11 001100b: TXD12/SMOSI12/ SSDA12/TDX12/ SIOX12 010000b: CTX0 010001b: USB0_VBUSEN 010100b: GTIOC2B 010110b: GTIOC2B#

Register	Bit	RX63T (n = 0 to 7)	RX72T (n = 0 to 7)
PB6PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 01100b: RXD12/SMISO12/ SSCL12/RXD12 10000b: CRX1	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 001010b: RXD5/SMISO5/SSCL5 001011b: RXD11/SMISO11/ SSCL11 001100b: RXD12/SMISO12/ SSCL12/RXD12 010000b: CRX0 010001b: USB0_OVRCURA 010100b: GTIOC2A 010110b: GTIOC2A#
PB7PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 01100b: SCK12	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 001010b: SCK5 001011b: SCK11 001100b: SCK12 010001b: USB0_OVRCURB 010100b: GTIOC1B 010110b: GTIOC1B#
PBnPFS	ISEL	Interrupt input function select bit 0: Not used as IRQn input pin 1: Used as IRQn input pin PB1: IRQ4 (100/112/120/144-pin) PB4: IRQ3-DS (64/80/100/112/120/144-pin) PB5: IRQ0 (64/80-pin) PB6: IRQ2 (100/112/120/144-pin)	Interrupt input function select bit 0: Not used as IRQn input pin 1: Used as IRQn input pin PB0: IRQ8 (100/144-pin) PB1: IRQ4 (100/144-pin) PB3: IRQ9 (100/144-pin) PB4: IRQ3-DS (100/144-pin) PB6: IRQ2 (100/144-pin)

Table 2.49 Comparison of PCn Pin Function Control Register (PCnPFS)

Register	Bit	RX63T (n = 0 to 5)	RX72T (n = 0 to 6)
PCnPFS	PSEL[5:0]	—	Pin function select bits
	ISEL	—	Interrupt input function select bit
	ASEL	Analog input function select bit	—

Table 2.50 Comparison of PDn Pin Function Control Register (PDnPFS)

Register	Bit	RX63T (n = 0 to 7)	RX72T (n = 0 to 7)
PD0PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 00110b: GTIOC3B 01101b: RSPCKA 01110b: RSPCKB	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 000001b: MTIOC9C 000011b: MTIOC9C# 000101b: TMO1 001001b: ADST0 001010b: CTS1#/RTS1#/SS1# 001011b: CTS11#/RTS11#/SS11# 001101b: SSLA0 010100b: GTIOC0B 010101b: GTIOC3B 010110b: GTIOC0B# 010111b: GTIOC3B#
PD1PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 00110b: GTIOC3A 01101b: MISOA 01110b: MISOB 10001b: USB0_EXICEN	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 000001b: MTIOC9A 000011b: MTIOC9A# 000101b: TMRI1 000110b: TMRI5 001010b: TXD5/SMOSI5/SSDA5 001101b: SSLA1 010000b: CTX0 010100b: GTIOC0A 010101b: GTIOC3A 010110b: GTIOC0A# 010111b: GTIOC3A#
PD2PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 00110b: GTIOC2B 01101b: MOSIA 01110b: MOSIB 10001b: USB0_ID	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 000101b: TMO6 001011b: TXD8/SMOSI8/SSDA8 001101b: RSPCKA 010100b: GTIOC3B 010101b: GTIOC1A 010110b: GTIOC3B# 010111b: GTIOC1A#

Register	Bit	RX63T (n = 0 to 7)	RX72T (n = 0 to 7)
PD3PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 00110b: GTIOC2A 01010b: TXD1/SMOSI1/SSDA1	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 000101b: TMO2 001011b: RXD8/SMISO8/SSCL8 001101b: MISOA 010100b: GTIOC3A 010101b: GTIOC0B 010110b: GTIOC3A# 010111b: GTIOC0B#
PD4PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 00110b: GTIOC1B 01010b: SCK1	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 000101b: TMCI1 000110b: TMO4 001010b: SCK5 001011b: SCK8 001101b: MOSIA 010001b: USB0_VBUS 010100b: GTIOC2B 010101b: GTIOC0A 010110b: GTIOC2B# 010111b: GTIOC0A#
PD5PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 00110b: GTIOC1A 01010b: RXD1/SMISO1/SSCL1	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 000101b: TMO0 001010b: TXD1/SMOSI1/SSDA1 001011b: TXD11/SMOSI11/ SSDA11 010100b: GTIOC2A 010101b: GTETRGC 010110b: GTIOC2A#
PD6PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 00110b: GTIOC0B 01101b: SSLA0 01110b: SSLB0	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 000101b: TMCI0 000110b: TMCI6 001010b: SCK1 001011b: SCK11 010100b: GTIOC1B 010101b: GTETRGB 010110b: GTIOC1B#

Register	Bit	RX63T (n = 0 to 7)	RX72T (n = 0 to 7)
PD7PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 00110b: GTIOC0A 01010b: CTS0#/RTS0#/SS0# 01101b: SSLA1 01110b: SSLB1 10000b: CTX1	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 000101b: TMRI0 000110b: TMRI6 001010b: RXD1/SMISO1/SSCL1 001011b: RXD11/SMISO11/SSCL11 010100b: GTIOC1A 010101b: GTETRGA 010110b: GTIOC1A#
PDnPFS	ISEL	Interrupt input function select bit 0: Not used as IRQn input pin 1: Used as IRQn input pin PD5: IRQ6 (100/112/120/144-pin)	Interrupt input function select bit 0: Not used as IRQn input pin 1: Used as IRQn input pin PD4: IRQ2 (100/144-pin) PD5: IRQ6 (100/144-pin) PD6: IRQ5 (100/144-pin) PD7: IRQ8 (100/144-pin)

Table 2.51 Comparison of PEn Pin Function Control Register (PEnPFS)

Register	Bit	RX63T (n = 0 to 5)	RX72T (n = 0 to 6)
PE0PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 01101b: SSLA2 01110b: SSLB2 10000b: CRX1 10001b: USB0_OVRCURB	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 000001b: MTIOC9B 000011b: MTIOC9B# 000101b: TMCI1 000110b: TMCI5 001010b: RXD5/SMISO5/SSCL5 001101b: SSLA2 010000b: CRX0 010001b: USB0_OVRCURB
PE1PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 01100b: CTS12#/RTS12#/SS12# 01101b: SSLA3 01110b: SSLB3 10001b: USB0_OVRCURA	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 000001b: MTIOC9D 000011b: MTIOC9D# 000101b: TMO5 001010b: CTS5#/RTS5#/SS5# 001100b: CTS12#/RTS12#/SS12# 001101b: SSLA3

Register	Bit	RX63T (n = 0 to 5)	RX72T (n = 0 to 6)
PE2PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 00111b: POE10#	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 000111b: POE10#
PE3PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 00010b: MTICLKD 00111b: POE11#	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 000010b: MTCLKD 000100b: MTCLKD# 000111b: POE11# 001010b: CTS9#/RTS9#/SS9# 010100b: GTETRGA 010101b: GTETRGB 010110b: GTETRGC 010111b: GTETRGD
PE4PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 00010b: MTICLKC 00111b: POE10#	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 000010b: MTCLKC 000100b: MTCLKC# 000111b: POE10# 001010b: SCK9 010100b: GTETRGA 010101b: GTETRGB 010110b: GTETRGC 010111b: GTETRGD
PE5PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 10001b: USB0_VBUS	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 000001b: MTIOC9D 000011b: MTIOC9D# 001001b: ADST0 001010b: SCK9 001011b: CTS9#/RTS9#/SS9# 010100b: GTIOC3A 010101b: GTETRGB 010110b: GTIOC3A# 010111b: GTETRGD
PE6PFS	—	—	PE6 pin function control register

Register	Bit	RX63T (n = 0 to 5)	RX72T (n = 0 to 6)
PEnPFS	ISEL	<p>Interrupt input function select bit</p> <p>0: Not used as IRQn input pin 1: Used as IRQn input pin PE0: IRQ7 (100/112/120/144-pin)</p> <p>PE3: IRQ2-DS (100/112/120/ 144-pin) PE4: IRQ1 (100/112/120/144-pin) PE5: IRQ0 (100/112/120/144-pin)</p>	<p>Interrupt input function select bit</p> <p>0: Not used as IRQn input pin 1: Used as IRQn input pin PE0: IRQ7 (100/144-pin) PE1: IRQ15 (100/144-pin) PE3: IRQ2-DS (100/144-pin) PE4: IRQ1 (100/144-pin) PE5: IRQ0 (100/144-pin) PE6: IRQ3 (144-pin)</p>

Table 2.52 Comparison of PFn Pin Function Control Register (PFnPFS)

Register	Bit	RX63T (n = 2, 3)	RX72T (n = 0 to 3)
PF0PFS	—	—	PF0 pin function control register
PF1PFS	—	—	PF1 pin function control register
PF2PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	<p>Pin function select bits</p> <p>b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z</p> <p>01010b: RXD1/SMISO1/SSCL1</p>	<p>Pin function select bits</p> <p>b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 000101b: TMO3</p> <p>001011b: SCK11 010000b: CTX0 010100b: GTETRGB 011110b: COMP1</p>
PF3PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	<p>Pin function select bits</p> <p>b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z</p> <p>01010b: TXD1/SMOSI1/SSDA1</p>	<p>Pin function select bits</p> <p>b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 000101b: TMO7</p> <p>001011b: CTS11#/RTS11#/SS11# 010000b: CRX0 010100b: GTETRGA 011110b: COMP0</p>
PFnPFS	ISEL	<p>Interrupt input function select bit</p> <p>0: Not used as IRQn input pin 1: Used as IRQn input pin</p> <p>PF2: IRQ5 (112/120/144-pin)</p>	<p>Interrupt input function select bit</p> <p>0: Not used as IRQn input pin 1: Used as IRQn input pin</p> <p>PF0: IRQ12 (144-pin) PF1: IRQ13 (144-pin) PF2: IRQ5 (144-pin) PF3: IRQ14 (144-pin)</p>

Table 2.53 Comparison of PGn Pin Function Control Register (PGnPFS)

Register	Bit	RX63T (n = 0 to 6)	RX72T (n = 0 to 2)
PG0PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 00110b: GTIOC7A 01010b: TXD2/SMOSI2/SSDA2	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 001010b: RXD9/SMISO9/SSCL9 010101b: GTIOC1B 010111b: GTIOC1B# 011110b: COMP2
PG1PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 00110b: GTIOC7B 01010b: RXD2/SMISO2/SSCL2	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 001010b: TXD9/SMOSI9/SSDA9 010101b: GTIOC0A 010111b: GTIOC0A# 011110b: COMP1
PG2PFS	PSEL[4:0] (RX63T) PSEL[5:0] (RX72T)	Pin function select bits b4 b0 00000b: Hi-Z 01010b: SCK2	Pin function select bits b5 b0 000000b: Hi-Z 001010b: SCK9 010100b: GTETRGA 010101b: GTIOC0B 010111b: GTIOC0B# 011110b: COMP0
PG3PFS	—	PG3 pin function control register	—
PG4PFS	—	PG4 pin function control register	—
PG5PFS	—	PG5 pin function control register	—
PG6PFS	—	PG6 pin function control register	—
PGnPFS	ISEL	Interrupt input function select bit 0: Not used as IRQn input pin 1: Used as IRQn input pin PG0: IRQ0 (112/120/144-pin) PG1: IRQ1 (112/120/144-pin) PG2: IRQ2 (112/120/144-pin) PG4: IRQ6 (112/120/144-pin)	Interrupt input function select bit 0: Not used as IRQn input pin 1: Used as IRQn input pin PG0: IRQ0 (144-pin) PG1: IRQ1 (144-pin) PG2: IRQ2 (144-pin)

Table 2.54 Comparison of PHn Pin Function Control Register (PHnPFS)

Register	Bit	RX63T	RX72T
PHnPFS	—	—	PHn pin function control register (n = 0 to 7)

Table 2.55 Comparison of PKn Pin Function Control Register (PKnPFS)

Register	Bit	RX63T	RX72T
PKnPFS	—	—	PKn pin function control register (n = 0 to 2)

Table 2.56 Comparison of Multi-Function Pin Controller Registers

Register	Bit	RX63T (MPC)	RX72T (MPC)
UDPUPEPFS	—	USB0_DPUPE pin function control register	—
PFCSS0	CS0S	CS0# output pin select bit 0: Set P26 as CS0# output pin. 1: Set PD1 as CS0# output pin.	CS0# output pin select bit 0: Set P96 as CS0# output pin. 1: Set PC0 as CS0# output pin.
	CS1S[1:0]	CS1# output pin select bits b3 b2 0 0: Set P00 as CS1# output pin. 0 1: Set P25 as CS1# output pin. 1 x: Set PF2 as CS1# output pin.	CS1# output pin select bits b3 b2 0 0: Set P80 as CS1# output pin. 0 1: Set PK0 as CS1# output pin. 1 0: Set PF1 as CS1# output pin. 1 1: Set PC2 as CS1# output pin.
	CS2S[1:0]	CS2# output pin select bits b5 b4 0 0: Set PD2 as CS2# output pin. 0 1: Set PG6 as CS2# output pin. 1 x: Set P05 as CS2# output pin.	CS2# output pin select bits b5 b4 0 0: Set P81 as CS2# output pin. 0 1: Set P26 as CS2# output pin. 1 x: Set PF2 as CS2# output pin.
	CS3S[1:0] (RX63T) CS3S (RX72T)	CS3# output pin select bits (b7 to b6) b7 b6 0 0: Set P12 as CS3# output pin. 0 1: Set PF4 as CS3# output pin. 1 x: Set PA6 as CS3# output pin.	CS3# output pin select bits (b6) 0: Set PF3 as CS3# output pin. 1: Set P25 as CS3# output pin.
PFAOE1	A20E	—	Address A20 output enable
PFBCR0	ADRLE	A0 to A7 output enable bit 0: P65 to P60, P53, and P52 are set as I/O port pins. 1: P65 to P60, P53, and P52 are set as external address bus A0 to A7.	A0 to A7 output enable bit 0: PB0, PA2, PF0, PA3 to PA5, PB0 to PB3, PB4 to PB7, and PD0 to PD2 are set as I/O port pins. 1: PB0, PA2, PF0, PA3 to PA5, PB0 to PB3, PB4 to PB7, and PD0 to PD2 are set as external address bus A0 to A7.
	ADRHMS	—	A12 to A20 output selection bit
	BCLKO	—	BCLK forced output bit
	DHE	D8 to D15 output enable bit 0: P32 to P30 and P24 to P20 are set as I/O port pins. 1: P32 to P30 and P24 to P20 are set as external data bus D8 to D15.	D8 to D15 output enable bit 0: Disables output of external data bus D8 to D15 (set as I/O port). 1: Enables output of external data bus D8 to D15. D8 to D10: P32 to P30 D11 to D15: Selected by PFBCR2 register.

Register	Bit	RX63T (MPC)	RX72T (MPC)
PFBCR1	WAITS[1:0]	WAIT select bits b1 b0 0 0: PE0 is set as WAIT# input pin. 0 1: P82 is set as WAIT# input pin. 1 x: P05 is set as WAIT# input pin.	WAIT select bits b1 b0 0 0: P82, PE0, and P96 are not set as WAIT# input pin. 0 1: P82 is set as WAIT# input pin. 1 0: PE0 is set as WAIT# input pin. 1 1: P96 is set as WAIT# input pin.
PFBCR2	—	—	External bus control register 2
PFBCR3	—	—	External bus control register 3
PFBCR4	—	—	External bus control register 4
PFUSB0	—	USB0 control register	—

2.18 Multi-Function Timer Pulse Unit 3

Table 2.57 is a comparative overview of multi-function timer pulse unit 3, Table 2.58 is a comparison of multi-function timer pulse unit 3 registers, and Table 2.59 and Table 2.60 are comparative listings of TPSC bit settings.

Table 2.57 Comparative Overview of Multi-Function Timer Pulse Unit 3

Item	RX63T (MTU3)	RX72T (MTU3d)
Pulse input/output	[144-, 120-, 112-, and 100-pin versions] Max. 24 lines [64- and 48-pin versions] Max. 24 lines (Up to 16 lines can be used simultaneously.)	Max. 28 lines
Pulse input	3 lines	3 lines
Count clock	Six to eight clocks for each channel (four clocks for channel 5)	11 clocks for each channel (14 clocks for MTU0 and MTU9, 12 clocks for MTU2, 10 clocks for MTU5, and four clocks for MTU1 and MTU2 (when LWA = 1))
Operating frequency	8 to 100 MHz	Up to 200 MHz
Available operations	<p>[MTU0 to MTU4, MTU6, and MTU7]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Waveform output at compare match Input capture function Counter-clearing operation Simultaneous writing to multiple timer counters (TCNT) Simultaneous clearing at compare match or input capture Simultaneous input and output to registers in synchronization with counter operations <p>[144-, 120-, 112-, and 100-pin versions]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Up to 12-phase PWM output in combination with synchronous operation <p>[64- and 48-pin versions]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Up to 8-phase PWM output in combination with synchronous operation 	<p>[MTU0 to MTU4, MTU6, MTU7, and MTU9]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Waveform output at compare match Input capture function (noise filter setting available) Counter-clearing operation Simultaneous writing to multiple timer counters (TCNT) Simultaneous clearing at compare match or input capture Simultaneous input and output to registers in synchronization with counter operations <p>Up to 14-phase PWM output in combination with synchronous operation</p>
	[MTU0, MTU3, MTU4, MTU6, and MTU7] Buffer operation available	[MTU0, MTU3, MTU4, MTU6, MTU7, and MTU9] Buffer operation available

Item	RX63T (MTU3)	RX72T (MTU3d)
Available operations	<p>[MTU3, MTU4, MTU6, and MTU7]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Through interlocked operation of MTU3/MTU 4 and MTU6/MTU7, positive and negative signals in three phases (6 phases in total) can be output in complementary PWM and reset PWM operation. In complementary PWM mode, values can be transferred from buffer registers to temporary registers at timer-counter peaks or troughs or when the buffer registers (MTU4.TGRD and MTU7.TGRD) are written to. Double-buffering is selectable in complementary PWM mode. 	<p>[MTU3, MTU4, MTU6, and MTU7]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Through interlocked operation of MTU3/MTU 4 and MTU6/MTU7, positive and negative signals in six phases (12 phases in total) can be output in complementary PWM and reset-synchronized PWM operation. In complementary PWM mode, values can be transferred from buffer registers to temporary registers at timer-counter peaks or troughs or when the buffer registers (MTU4.TGRD and MTU7.TGRD) are written to. Double-buffering is selectable in complementary PWM mode.
	<p>[MTU1, MTU2]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Phase counting mode can be specified independently Cascade connection operation available 	<p>[MTU1, MTU2]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Phase counting mode can be specified independently 32-bit phase counting mode can be specified for interlocked operation of MTU1 and MTU2 (when TMDR3.LWA = 1) Cascade connection operation available
	<p>[MTU3, MTU4]</p> <p>A mode for driving AC synchronous motors (brushless DC motors) through interlocking with MTU0 and using complementary PWM output and reset PWM output is available, allowing selection between two types of waveform output (chopping or level).</p>	<p>[MTU3, MTU4]</p> <p>A mode for driving AC synchronous motors (brushless DC motors) through interlocking with MTU0 and using complementary PWM output and reset-synchronized PWM output is available, allowing selection between two types of waveform output (chopping or level).</p>
	<p>[MTU5]</p> <p>Ability to operate as a dead-time compensation counter</p>	<p>[MTU5]</p> <p>Ability to operate as a dead-time compensation counter</p>
	—	<p>[MTU6, MTU7]</p> <p>A mode for driving AC synchronous motors (brushless DC motors) through interlocking with MTU9 and using complementary PWM output and reset-synchronized PWM output is available, allowing selection between two types of waveform output (chopping or level).</p>
Interrupt skipping function	In complementary PWM mode, interrupts on crests and troughs of counter values and triggers to start conversion by the A/D converter can be skipped.	In complementary PWM mode, interrupts on crests and troughs of counter values and triggers to start conversion by the A/D converter can be skipped.
Interrupt sources	38 sources	45 sources
Buffer operation	Automatic transfer of register data (transfer from buffer register to timer register)	Automatic transfer of register data (transfer from buffer register to timer register)

Item	RX63T (MTU3)	RX72T (MTU3d)
Trigger generation	A/D converter start triggers can be generated.	A/D converter start triggers can be generated.
	A/D converter start request delaying function enables A/D converter to be started with any desired timing and to be synchronized with PWM output.	A/D converter start request delaying function enables A/D converter to be started with any desired timing and to be synchronized with PWM output.
Low power consumption function	Ability to specify transition to module stop state	Ability to specify transition to module stop state
Complementary PWM mode	Only when using the double buffer function, a value of (output PWM duty value - 1) is set in the buffer registers (MTU3.TGRE, MTU4.TGRE, and MTU4.TGRF (MTU6.TGRE, MTU7.TGRE, and MTU7.TGRF)).	Only when using the double buffer function, a value of (output PWM duty value) is set in the buffer registers (MTU3.TGRE, MTU4.TGRE, and MTU4.TGRF (MTU6.TGRE, MTU7.TGRE, and MTU7.TGRF)).
A/D conversion start request frame synchronization signal function	None	Available

Table 2.58 Comparison of Multi-Function Timer Pulse Unit 3 Registers

Register	Bit	RX63T (MTU3)	RX72T (MTU3d)
TCR	TPSC[2:0] TPSC[1:0]	Time prescaler select bits Refer to Table 2.59 and Table 2.60 for details.	Time prescaler select bits Refer to Table 2.59 and Table 2.60 for details.
TCR2	—	—	Timer control register 2
TMDR1	MD[3:0]	Mode select bits b3 b0 0 0 0 0: Normal mode 0 0 0 1: Setting prohibited 0 0 1 0: PWM mode 1 0 0 1 1: PWM mode 2 0 1 0 0: Phase counting mode 1 0 1 0 1: Phase counting mode 2 0 1 1 0: Phase counting mode 3 0 1 1 1: Phase counting mode 4 1 0 0 0: Reset-synchronized PWM mode 1 0 0 1: Setting prohibited 1 0 1 x: Setting prohibited 1 1 0 0: Setting prohibited 1 1 0 1: Complementary PWM mode 1 (transfer at crest) 1 1 1 0: Complementary PWM mode 2 (transfer at trough) 1 1 1 1: Complementary PWM mode 3 (transfer at crest and trough) x: Don't care	Mode select bits b3 b0 0 0 0 0: Normal mode 0 0 0 1: Setting prohibited 0 0 1 0: PWM mode 1 0 0 1 1: PWM mode 2 0 1 0 0: Phase counting mode 1 0 1 0 1: Phase counting mode 2 0 1 1 0: Phase counting mode 3 0 1 1 1: Phase counting mode 4 1 0 0 0: Reset-synchronized PWM mode 1 0 0 1: Phase counting mode 5 1 0 1 x: Setting prohibited 1 1 0 0: Setting prohibited 1 1 0 1: Complementary PWM mode 1 (transfer at crest) 1 1 1 0: Complementary PWM mode 2 (transfer at trough) 1 1 1 1: Complementary PWM mode 3 (transfer at crest and trough) x: Don't care

Register	Bit	RX63T (MTU3)	RX72T (MTU3d)
TMDR3	—	—	Timer mode register 3
TSR	TSR	TGFA	Input capture/output compare flag A
		TGFB	Input capture/output compare flag B
		TGFC	Input capture/output compare flag C
		TGFD	Input capture/output compare flag D
		TCFV	Overflow flag
		TCFU	Underflow flag
		CMFW5	Compare match/input capture flag W5
		CMFV5	Compare match/input capture flag V5
	TSR2	CMFU5	Compare match/input capture flag U5
		TGFE	Compare match flag E
		TGFF	Compare match flag F
TCNTLW	—	—	Timer longword counter
TGRALW, TGRBLW	—	—	Timer longword general registers
TSTRA	CST9	—	Counter start 9 bit
TSYRA	SYNC9	—	Timer synchronous operation 9 bit
TCSYSTR	SCH9	—	Synchronous start 9 bit
TGCRB	—	—	Timer gate control register
NFCRn	—	—	Noise filter control register n (n = 0 to 4, 6, 7, 9, C)
NFCR5	—	—	Noise filter control register 5
TADSTRGR0	—	—	A/D conversion start request select register 0
TADSTRGR1	—	—	A/D conversion start request select register 1

Table 2.59 Comparison of TPSC Bit Settings (Other Than MTU5)

Channel	RX63T (MTU3)		RX72T (MTU3d)		
	TCR. TPSC [2:0]	Description	TCR2. TPSC2 [2:0]	TCR. TPSC [2:0]	Description
MTU0 (RX63T) MTU0, MTU9 (RX72T)	0 0 0	Internal clock: counts on PCLKA/1	0 0 0	0 0 0	Internal clock: counts on PCLKC/1
	0 0 1	Internal clock: counts on PCLKA/4	0 0 0	0 0 1	Internal clock: counts on PCLKC/4
	0 1 0	Internal clock: counts on PCLKA/16	0 0 0	0 1 0	Internal clock: counts on PCLKC/16
	0 1 1	Internal clock: counts on PCLKA/64	0 0 0	0 1 1	Internal clock: counts on PCLKC/64
	1 0 0	External clock: counts on MTCLKA pin input	0 0 0	1 0 0	External clock: counts on MTCLKA pin input
	1 0 1	External clock: counts on MTCLKB pin input	0 0 0	1 0 1	External clock: counts on MTCLKB pin input
	1 1 0	External clock: counts on MTCLKC pin input	0 0 0	1 1 0	External clock: counts on MTCLKC pin input
	1 1 1	External clock: counts on MTCLKD pin input	0 0 0	1 1 1	External clock: counts on MTCLKD pin input
			0 0 1	x x x	Internal clock: counts on PCLKC/2
			0 1 0	x x x	Internal clock: counts on PCLKC/8
			0 1 1	x x x	Internal clock: counts on PCLKC/32
			1 0 0	x x x	Internal clock: counts on PCLKC/256
			1 0 1	x x x	Internal clock: counts on PCLKC/1024
			1 1 0	x x x	Setting prohibited
			1 1 1	x x x	External clock: counts on MTIOC1A pin input
MTU1	0 0 0	Internal clock: counts on PCLKA/1	0 0 0	0 0 0	Internal clock: counts on PCLKC/1
	0 0 1	Internal clock: counts on PCLKA/4	0 0 0	0 0 1	Internal clock: counts on PCLKC/4
	0 1 0	Internal clock: counts on PCLKA/16	0 0 0	0 1 0	Internal clock: counts on PCLKC/16
	0 1 1	Internal clock: counts on PCLKA/64	0 0 0	0 1 1	Internal clock: counts on PCLKC/64
	1 0 0	External clock: counts on MTCLKA pin input	0 0 0	1 0 0	External clock: counts on MTCLKA pin input

Channel	RX63T (MTU3)		RX72T (MTU3d)		
	TCR. TPSC [2:0]	Description	TCR2. TPSC2 [2:0]	TCR. TPSC [2:0]	Description
MTU1	1 0 1	External clock: counts on MTCLKB pin input	0 0 0	1 0 1	External clock: counts on MTCLKB pin input
	1 1 0	Internal clock: counts on PCLKA/256	0 0 0	1 1 0	Internal clock: counts on PCLKC/256
	1 1 1	Counts on MTU2.TCNT overflow/underflow	0 0 0	1 1 1	Counts on MTU2.TCNT overflow/underflow
			0 0 1	x x x	Internal clock: counts on PCLKC/2
			0 1 0	x x x	Internal clock: counts on PCLKC/8
			0 1 1	x x x	Internal clock: counts on PCLKC/32
			1 0 0	x x x	Internal clock: counts on PCLKC/1024
			1 0 1	x x x	Setting prohibited
			1 1 0	x x x	Setting prohibited
			1 1 1	x x x	Setting prohibited
MTU2	0 0 0	Internal clock: counts on PCLKA/1	0 0 0	0 0 0	Internal clock: counts on PCLKC/1
	0 0 1	Internal clock: counts on PCLKA/4	0 0 0	0 0 1	Internal clock: counts on PCLKC/4
	0 1 0	Internal clock: counts on PCLKA/16	0 0 0	0 1 0	Internal clock: counts on PCLKC/16
	0 1 1	Internal clock: counts on PCLKA/64	0 0 0	0 1 1	Internal clock: counts on PCLKC/64
	1 0 0	External clock: counts on MTCLKA pin input	0 0 0	1 0 0	External clock: counts on MTCLKA pin input
	1 0 1	External clock: counts on MTCLKB pin input	0 0 0	1 0 1	External clock: counts on MTCLKB pin input
	1 1 0	External clock: counts on MTCLKC pin input	0 0 0	1 1 0	External clock: counts on MTCLKC pin input
	1 1 1	Internal clock: counts on PCLKA/1024	0 0 0	1 1 1	Internal clock: counts on PCLKC/1024
			0 0 1	x x x	Internal clock: counts on PCLKC/2
			0 1 0	x x x	Internal clock: counts on PCLKC/8
			0 1 1	x x x	Internal clock: counts on PCLKC/32
			1 0 0	x x x	Internal clock: counts on PCLKC/256
			1 0 1	x x x	Setting prohibited
			1 1 0	x x x	Setting prohibited
			1 1 1	x x x	Setting prohibited
MTU3	0 0 0	Internal clock: counts on PCLKA/1	0 0 0	0 0 0	Internal clock: counts on PCLKC/1
MTU4					
MTU6	0 0 1	Internal clock: counts on PCLKA/4	0 0 0	0 0 1	Internal clock: counts on PCLKC/4
MTU7	0 1 0	Internal clock: counts on PCLKA/16	0 0 0	0 1 0	Internal clock: counts on PCLKC/16

Channel	RX63T (MTU3)		RX72T (MTU3d)		
	TCR. TPSC [2:0]	Description	TCR2. TPSC2 [2:0]	TCR. TPSC [2:0]	Description
MTU3	0 1 1	Internal clock: counts on PCLKA/64	0 0 0	0 1 1	Internal clock: counts on PCLKC/64
MTU4					
MTU6	1 0 0	Internal clock: counts on PCLKA/256	0 0 0	1 0 0	Internal clock: counts on PCLKC/256
MTU7	1 0 1	Internal clock: counts on PCLKA/1024	0 0 0	1 0 1	Internal clock: counts on PCLKC/1024
	1 1 0	External clock: counts on MTCLKA pin input ^{*1}	0 0 0	1 1 0	External clock: counts on MTCLKA pin input
	1 1 1	External clock: counts on MTCLKB pin input ^{*1}	0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1	x x x x x x	Internal clock: counts on PCLKC/2 Internal clock: counts on PCLKC/8 Internal clock: counts on PCLKC/32 Setting prohibited Setting prohibited Setting prohibited Setting prohibited

x: Don't care

Note: 1. This setting is not available on MTU6 or MTU7.

Table 2.60 Comparison of TPSC Bit Settings (MTU5)

Channel	RX63T (MTU3)		RX72T (MTU3d)		
	TCR. TPSC [1:0]	Description	TCR2. TPSC2 [2:0]	TCR. TPSC [1:0]	Description
MTU5	0 0	Internal clock: counts on PCLKA/1	0 0 0	0 0	Internal clock: PCLKC/1
	0 1	Internal clock: PCLKA/4	0 0 0	0 1	Internal clock: PCLKC/4
	1 0	Internal clock: PCLKA/16	0 0 0	1 0	Internal clock: PCLKC/16
	1 1	Internal clock: PCLKA/64	0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1	1 1 x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	Internal clock: PCLKC/64 Internal clock: PCLKC/2 Internal clock: PCLKC/8 Internal clock: PCLKC/32 Internal clock: PCLKC/256 Internal clock: PCLKC/1024 Setting prohibited External clock: counts on MTIOC1A pin input

x: Don't care

2.19 Port Output Enable 3

Table 2.61 is a comparative overview of port output enable 3, and Table 2.62 is a comparison of port output enable 3 registers.

Table 2.61 Comparative Overview of Port Output Enable 3

Item	RX63T (POE3)	RX72T (POE3B)
Functions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Input pins POE0#, POE4#, POE8#, POE10#, POE11#, and POE12# can each be set for falling edge, PCLK/8 × 16, PCLK/16 × 16, or PCLK/128 × 16 low sampling. MTU complementary PWM output pins, MTU0, and GPT pins can be placed in the high-impedance state by POE0#, POE4#, POE8#, POE10#, POE11#, or POE12# pin falling-edge or low sampling. MTU complementary PWM output pins, MTU0, and GPT pins can be placed in the high-impedance state when the oscillation stop detection circuit in the clock pulse generator detects stopped oscillation. MTU complementary PWM output pins or GPT output pins can be placed in the high-impedance state when the output levels of MTU complementary PWM output pins or GPT output pins are compared and simultaneous active-level output continues for one cycle or more. MTU complementary PWM output pins, MTU0, and GPT pins can be placed in the high-impedance state in response to comparator detection by the 12-bit A/D converter (S12ADB). MTU complementary PWM output pins, MTU0, and GPT pins can be placed in the high-impedance state by modifying the settings of the POE3 registers. Interrupts can be generated by input-level sampling or output-level comparison results. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The POE0#, POE4#, POE8#, POE9#, POE10#, POE11#, POE12#, POE13#, and POE14# pins can each be set to falling-edge or low-level detection. When low-level detection is specified, a sampling clock can be selected among PCLK1, PCLK2, PCLK4, PCLK8, PCLK16, and PCLK128, and the number of samples can be selected among four, eight, or 16. Output on all control target pins can be disabled at detection of falling-edge or low-level input on the POE0#, POE4#, POE8#, POE9#, POE10#, POE11#, POE12#, POE13#, and POE14# pins. Output on all control target pins can be disabled when oscillation stop is detected by the oscillation stop detection function of the clock generator. MTU complementary PWM output pins can be disabled when output levels of MTU complementary PWM output pins are compared and simultaneous active-level output continues for one cycle or more. The GPTW output pins can be disabled when output levels of GPTW output pins (GPTW0 to GPTW2, GPTW4 to GPTW6, and GPTW7 to GPTW9 pins) are compared and simultaneous active-level output continues for one cycle or more. Output on all control target pins can be disabled in response to comparator C (CMPC) output detection. Output on all control target pins can be disabled by modifying the settings of the POE registers. Interrupts can be generated by input-level sampling or output-level comparison results.

Item	RX63T (POE3)	RX72T (POE3B)
Pin status while output is disabled	High-impedance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • High-impedance • General I/O port
Output disable control target pins	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • MTU output pins <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — MTU0 pin (MTIOC0A, MTIOC0B, MTIOC0C, MTIOC0D) — MTU3 pin (MTIOC3B, MTIOC3D) — MTU4 pin (MTIOC4A, MTIOC4B, MTIOC4C, MTIOC4D) — MTU6 pin (MTIOC6B, MTIOC6D) — MTU7 pin (MTIOC7A, MTIOC7B, MTIOC7C, MTIOC7D) • GPT output pins <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — GPT0 pin (GTIOC0A, GTIOC0B) — GPT1 pin (GTIOC1A, GTIOC1B) — GPT2 pin (GTIOC2A, GTIOC2B) — GPT3 pin (GTIOC3A, GTIOC3B) — GPT4 pin (GTIOC4A, GTIOC4B) — GPT5 pin (GTIOC5A, GTIOC5B) — GPT6 pin (GTIOC6A, GTIOC6B) — GPT7 pin (GTIOC7A, GTIOC7B) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • MTU output pins <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — MTU0 pin (MTIOC0A, MTIOC0B, MTIOC0C, MTIOC0D) — MTU3 pin (MTIOC3B, MTIOC3D) — MTU4 pin (MTIOC4A, MTIOC4B, MTIOC4C, MTIOC4D) — MTU6 pin (MTIOC6B, MTIOC6D) — MTU7 pin (MTIOC7A, MTIOC7B, MTIOC7C, MTIOC7D) — MTU9 pin (MTIOC9A, MTIOC9B, MTIOC9C, MTIOC9D) • GPTW output pins <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — GPTW0 pin (GTIOC0A, GTIOC0B) — GPTW1 pin (GTIOC1A, GTIOC1B) — GPTW2 pin (GTIOC2A, GTIOC2B) — GPTW3 pin (GTIOC3A, GTIOC3B) — GPTW4 pin (GTIOC4A, GTIOC4B) — GPTW5 pin (GTIOC5A, GTIOC5B) — GPTW6 pin (GTIOC6A, GTIOC6B) — GPTW7 pin (GTIOC7A, GTIOC7B) — GPTW8 pin (GTIOC8A, GTIOC8B) — GPTW9 pin (GTIOC9A, GTIOC9B)

Item	RX63T (POE3)	RX72T (POE3B)
Conditions for generating output disable request	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Input pin changes When signal input occurs on pin POE0#, POE4#, POE8#, POE10#, POE11#, or POE12#. Short circuit of output pins: Output of one of the combinations listed below A match (short circuit) of signal levels lasting one or more cycles on a combination of pins listed below [MTU complementary PWM output pins] <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — MTIOC3B and MTIOC3D — MTIOC4A and MTIOC4C — MTIOC4B and MTIOC4D — MTIOC6B and MTIOC6D — MTIOC7A and MTIOC7C — MTIOC7B and MTIOC7D [GPT output pins] <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — GTIOC0A and GTIOC0B — GTIOC1A and GTIOC1B — GTIOC2A and GTIOC2B — GTIOC4A and GTIOC4B — GTIOC5A and GTIOC5B — GTIOC6A and GTIOC6B Making of SPOER register setting Detection of stopped oscillation on main clock oscillator Detection of output from 12-bit A/D converter (S12ADB) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Input pin changes When signal input occurs on pin POE0#, POE4#, POE8#, POE10#, POE11#, POE12#, POE13#, or POE14# Short circuit of output pins: Output of one of the combinations listed below A match (short circuit) of signal levels lasting one or more cycles on a combination of pins listed below [MTU complementary PWM output pins] <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — MTIOC3B and MTIOC3D — MTIOC4A and MTIOC4C — MTIOC4B and MTIOC4D — MTIOC6B and MTIOC6D — MTIOC7A and MTIOC7C — MTIOC7B and MTIOC7D [GPTW output pins] <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — GTIOC0A and GTIOC0B — GTIOC1A and GTIOC1B — GTIOC2A and GTIOC2B — GTIOC4A and GTIOC4B — GTIOC5A and GTIOC5B — GTIOC6A and GTIOC6B — GTIOC7A and GTIOC7B — GTIOC8A and GTIOC8B — GTIOC9A and GTIOC9B Making of SPOER register setting Detection of stopped oscillation on main clock oscillator Detection of comparator C (CMPC) output

Table 2.62 Comparison of Port Output Enable 3 Registers

Register	Bit	RX63T (POE3)	RX72T (POE3B)
ICSR1	POE0M[1:0] (RX63T) POE0M[3:0] (RX72T)	<p>POE0 mode select bits (b1, b0) b1 b0</p> <p>0 0: Accepts a high-impedance control request at the falling edge of the POE0# pin input.</p> <p>0 1: Accepts a high-impedance control request when the POE0# pin input has been sampled at low level 16 times at PCLK/8 clock pulses and all are low level.</p> <p>1 0: Accepts a high-impedance control request when the POE0# pin input has been sampled at low level 16 times at PCLK/16 clock pulses and all are low level.</p> <p>1 1: Accepts a high-impedance control request when the POE0# pin input has been sampled at low level 16 times at PCLK/128 clock pulses and all are low level.</p>	<p>POE0 mode select bits (b3 to b0) b3 b0</p> <p>0 0 0 0: Accepts a request at the falling edge of the POE0# pin input.</p> <p>0 0 0 1: Samples the level of the POE0# pin input at PCLK/8, and accepts a request when consecutive low-level results are detected the specified number of times.</p> <p>0 0 1 0: Samples the level of the POE0# pin input at PCLK/16, and accepts a request when consecutive low-level results are detected the specified number of times.</p> <p>0 0 1 1: Samples the level of the POE0# pin input at PCLK/128, and accepts a request when consecutive low-level results are detected the specified number of times.</p> <p>0 1 0 0: Samples the level of the POE0# pin input at PCLK, and accepts a request when consecutive low-level results are detected the specified number of times.</p> <p>0 1 0 1: Samples the level of the POE0# pin input at PCLK/2, and accepts a request when consecutive low-level results are detected the specified number of times.</p> <p>0 1 1 0: Samples the level of the POE0# pin input at PCLK/4, and accepts a request when consecutive low-level results are detected the specified number of times.</p> <p>Settings other than the above are prohibited.</p>
	POE0M2[3:0]	—	POE0 sampling count select bits

Register	Bit	RX63T (POE3)	RX72T (POE3B)
ICSR1	POE0F	<p>POE0 flag</p> <p>[Setting condition] When the input set by the POE0M[1:0] bits occurs on the POE0# pin</p> <p>[Clearing condition] When 0 is written to the POE0F flag after reading it as 1 When low-level sampling is specified by the POE0M[1:0] bits, a high level signal needs to be input on the POE0# pin to write 0 to this flag.</p>	<p>POE0 flag</p> <p>[Setting condition] When the input set by the POE0M[3:0] and POE0M2[3:0] bits occurs on the POE0# pin</p> <p>[Clearing condition] When 0 is written to the POE0F flag after reading it as 1 When low-level sampling is specified by the POE0M[3:0] bits, a high level signal needs to be input on the POE0# pin to write 0 to this flag.</p>
ICSR2	POE4M[1:0] (RX63T) POE4M[3:0] (RX72T)	<p>POE4 mode select bits (b1, b0)</p> <p>b1 b0</p> <p>0 0: Accepts a high-impedance control request at the falling edge of the POE4# pin input.</p> <p>0 1: Accepts a high-impedance control request when the POE4# pin input has been sampled at low level 16 times at PCLK/8 clock pulses and all are low level.</p> <p>1 0: Accepts a high-impedance control request when the POE4# pin input has been sampled at low level 16 times at PCLK/16 clock pulses and all are low level.</p> <p>1 1: Accepts a high-impedance control request when the POE4# pin input has been sampled at low level 16 times at PCLK/128 clock pulses and all are low level.</p>	<p>POE4 mode select bits (b3 to b0)</p> <p>b3 b0</p> <p>0 0 0 0: Accepts a request at the falling edge of the POE4# pin input.</p> <p>0 0 0 1: Samples the level of the POE4# pin input at PCLK/8, and accepts a request when consecutive low-level results are detected the specified number of times.</p> <p>0 0 1 0: Samples the level of the POE4# pin input at PCLK/16, and accepts a request when consecutive low-level results are detected the specified number of times.</p> <p>0 0 1 1: Samples the level of the POE4# pin input at PCLK/128, and accepts a request when consecutive low-level results are detected the specified number of times.</p>

Register	Bit	RX63T (POE3)	RX72T (POE3B)
ICSR2	POE4M[1:0] (RX63T) POE4M[3:0] (RX72T)		<p>0 1 0 0: Samples the level of the POE4# pin input at PCLK, and accepts a request when consecutive low-level results are detected the specified number of times.</p> <p>0 1 0 1: Samples the level of the POE4# pin input at PCLK/2, and accepts a request when consecutive low-level results are detected the specified number of times.</p> <p>0 1 1 0: Samples the level of the POE4# pin input at PCLK/4, and accepts a request when consecutive low-level results are detected the specified number of times.</p> <p>Settings other than the above are prohibited.</p>
	POE4M2[3:0]	—	POE4 sampling count select bits
	POE4F	<p>POE4 flag</p> <p>[Setting condition] When the input set by the POE4M[1:0] bits occurs on the POE4# pin</p> <p>[Clearing condition] When 0 is written to the POE4F flag after reading it as 1 When low-level sampling is specified by the POE4M[1:0] bits, a high level signal needs to be input on the POE4# pin to write 0 to this flag.</p>	<p>POE4 flag</p> <p>[Setting condition] When the input set by the POE4M[3:0] and POE4M2[3:0] bits occurs on the POE4# pin</p> <p>[Clearing condition] When 0 is written to the POE4F flag after reading it as 1 When low-level sampling is specified by the POE4M[3:0] bits, a high level signal needs to be input on the POE4# pin to write 0 to this flag.</p>
ICSR3	POE8M[1:0] (RX63T) POE8M[3:0] (RX72T)	<p>POE8 mode select bits (b1, b0)</p> <p>b1 b0</p> <p>0 0: Accepts a high-impedance control request at the falling edge of the POE8# pin input.</p> <p>0 1: Accepts a high-impedance control request when the POE8# pin input has been sampled at low level 16 times at PCLK/8 clock pulses and all are low level.</p> <p>1 0: Accepts a high-impedance control request when the POE8# pin input has been sampled at low level 16 times at PCLK/16 clock pulses and all are low level.</p>	<p>POE8 mode select bits (b3 to b0)</p> <p>b3 b0</p> <p>0 0 0 0: Accepts a request at the falling edge of the POE8# pin input.</p> <p>0 0 0 1: Samples the level of the POE8# pin input at PCLK/8, and accepts a request when consecutive low-level results are detected the specified number of times.</p> <p>0 0 1 0: Samples the level of the POE8# pin input at PCLK/16, and accepts a request when consecutive low-level results are detected the specified number of times.</p>

Register	Bit	RX63T (POE3)	RX72T (POE3B)
ICSR3	POE8M[1:0] (RX63T) POE8M[3:0] (RX72T)	1 1: Accepts a high-impedance control request when the POE8# pin input has been sampled at low level 16 times at PCLK/128 clock pulses and all are low level.	<p>0 0 1 1: Samples the level of the POE8# pin input at PCLK/128, and accepts a request when consecutive low-level results are detected the specified number of times.</p> <p>0 1 0 0: Samples the level of the POE8# pin input at PCLK, and accepts a request when consecutive low-level results are detected the specified number of times.</p> <p>0 1 0 1: Samples the level of the POE8# pin input at PCLK/2, and accepts a request when consecutive low-level results are detected the specified number of times.</p> <p>0 1 1 0: Samples the level of the POE8# pin input at PCLK/4, and accepts a request when consecutive low-level results are detected the specified number of times.</p> <p>Settings other than the above are prohibited.</p>
	POE8M2[3:0]	—	POE8 sampling count select bits
	POE8F	<p>POE8 flag</p> <p>[Setting condition] When the input set by the POE8M[1:0] bits occurs on the POE8# pin</p> <p>[Clearing condition] When 0 is written to the POE8F flag after reading it as 1 When low-level sampling is specified by the POE8M[1:0] bits, a high level signal needs to be input on the POE8# pin to write 0 to this flag.</p>	<p>POE8 flag</p> <p>[Setting condition] When the input set by the POE8M[3:0] and POE8M2[3:0] bits occurs on the POE8# pin</p> <p>[Clearing condition] When 0 is written to the POE8F flag after reading it as 1 When low-level sampling is specified by the POE8M[3:0] bits, a high level signal needs to be input on the POE8# pin to write 0 to this flag.</p>
ICSR4	POE10M[1:0] (RX63T) POE10M[3:0] (RX72T)	<p>POE10 mode select bits (b1, b0)</p> <p>b1 b0</p> <p>0 0: Accepts a high-impedance control request at the falling edge of the POE10# pin input.</p> <p>0 1: Accepts a high-impedance control request when the POE10# pin input has been sampled at low level 16 times at PCLK/8 clock pulses and all are low level.</p>	<p>POE10 mode select bits (b3 to b0)</p> <p>b3 b0</p> <p>0 0 0 0: Accepts a request at the falling edge of the POE10# pin input.</p> <p>0 0 0 1: Samples the level of the POE10# pin input at PCLK/8, and accepts a request when consecutive low-level results are detected the specified number of times.</p>

Register	Bit	RX63T (POE3)	RX72T (POE3B)
ICSR4	POE10M[1:0] (RX63T) POE10M[3:0] (RX72T)	<p>1 0: Accepts a high-impedance control request when the POE10# pin input has been sampled at low level 16 times at PCLK/16 clock pulses and all are low level.</p> <p>1 1: Accepts a high-impedance control request when the POE10# pin input has been sampled at low level 16 times at PCLK/128 clock pulses and all are low level.</p>	<p>0 0 1 0: Samples the level of the POE10# pin input at PCLK/16, and accepts a request when consecutive low-level results are detected the specified number of times.</p> <p>0 0 1 1: Samples the level of the POE10# pin input at PCLK/128, and accepts a request when consecutive low-level results are detected the specified number of times.</p> <p>0 1 0 0: Samples the level of the POE10# pin input at PCLK, and accepts a request when consecutive low-level results are detected the specified number of times.</p> <p>0 1 0 1: Samples the level of the POE10# pin input at PCLK/2, and accepts a request when consecutive low-level results are detected the specified number of times.</p> <p>0 1 1 0: Samples the level of the POE10# pin input at PCLK/4, and accepts a request when consecutive low-level results are detected the specified number of times.</p> <p>Settings other than the above are prohibited.</p>
	POE10M2[3:0]	—	POE10 sampling count select bits
	POE10F	<p>POE10 flag</p> <p>[Setting condition] When the input set by the POE10M[1:0] bits occurs on the POE10# pin</p> <p>[Clearing condition] When 0 is written to the POE10F flag after reading it as 1 When low-level sampling is specified by the POE10M[1:0] bits, a high level signal needs to be input on the POE10# pin to write 0 to this flag.</p>	<p>POE10 flag</p> <p>[Setting condition] When the input set by the POE10M[3:0] and POE10M2[3:0] bits occurs on the POE10# pin</p> <p>[Clearing condition] When 0 is written to the POE10F flag after reading it as 1 When low-level sampling is specified by the POE10M[3:0] bits, a high level signal needs to be input on the POE10# pin to write 0 to this flag.</p>

Register	Bit	RX63T (POE3)	RX72T (POE3B)
ICSR5	POE11M[1:0] (RX63T) POE11M[3:0] (RX72T)	<p>POE11 mode select bits (b1, b0)</p> <p>b1 b0</p> <p>0 0: Accepts a high-impedance control request at the falling edge of the POE11# pin input.</p> <p>0 1: Accepts a high-impedance control request when the POE11# pin input has been sampled at low level 16 times at PCLK/8 clock pulses and all are low level.</p> <p>1 0: Accepts a high-impedance control request when the POE11# pin input has been sampled at low level 16 times at PCLK/16 clock pulses and all are low level.</p> <p>1 1: Accepts a high-impedance control request when the POE11# pin input has been sampled at low level 16 times at PCLK/128 clock pulses and all are low level.</p>	<p>POE11 mode select bits (b3 to b0)</p> <p>b3 b0</p> <p>0 0 0 0: Accepts a request at the falling edge of the POE11# pin input.</p> <p>0 0 0 1: Samples the level of the POE11# pin input at PCLK/8, and accepts a request when consecutive low-level results are detected the specified number of times.</p> <p>0 0 1 0: Samples the level of the POE11# pin input at PCLK/16, and accepts a request when consecutive low-level results are detected the specified number of times.</p> <p>0 0 1 1: Samples the level of the POE11# pin input at PCLK/128, and accepts a request when consecutive low-level results are detected the specified number of times.</p> <p>0 1 0 0: Samples the level of the POE11# pin input at PCLK, and accepts a request when consecutive low-level results are detected the specified number of times.</p> <p>0 1 0 1: Samples the level of the POE11# pin input at PCLK/2, and accepts a request when consecutive low-level results are detected the specified number of times.</p> <p>0 1 1 0: Samples the level of the POE11# pin input at PCLK/4, and accepts a request when consecutive low-level results are detected the specified number of times.</p> <p>Settings other than the above are prohibited.</p>
	POE11M2[3:0]	—	POE11 sampling count select bits

Register	Bit	RX63T (POE3)	RX72T (POE3B)
ICSR5	POE11F	<p>POE11 flag</p> <p>[Setting condition] When the input set by the POE11M[1:0] bits occurs on the POE11# pin</p> <p>[Clearing condition] When 0 is written to the POE11F flag after reading it as 1 When low-level sampling is specified by the POE11M[1:0] bits, a high level signal needs to be input on the POE11# pin to write 0 to this flag.</p>	<p>POE11 flag</p> <p>[Setting condition] When the input set by the POE11M[3:0] and POE11M2[3:0] bits occurs on the POE11# pin</p> <p>[Clearing condition] When 0 is written to the POE11F flag after reading it as 1 When low-level sampling is specified by the POE11M[3:0] bits, a high level signal needs to be input on the POE11# pin to write 0 to this flag.</p>
ICSR7	POE12M[1:0] (RX63T) POE12M[3:0] (RX72T)	<p>POE12 mode select bits (b1, b0)</p> <p>b1 b0</p> <p>0 0: Accepts a high-impedance control request at the falling edge of the POE12# pin input.</p> <p>0 1: Accepts a high-impedance control request when the POE12# pin input has been sampled at low level 16 times at PCLK/8 clock pulses and all are low level.</p> <p>1 0: Accepts a high-impedance control request when the POE12# pin input has been sampled at low level 16 times at PCLK/16 clock pulses and all are low level.</p> <p>1 1: Accepts a high-impedance control request when the POE12# pin input has been sampled at low level 16 times at PCLK/128 clock pulses and all are low level.</p>	<p>POE12 mode select bits (b3 to b0)</p> <p>b3 b0</p> <p>0 0 0 0: Accepts a request at the falling edge of the POE12# pin input.</p> <p>0 0 0 1: Samples the level of the POE12# pin input at PCLK/8, and accepts a request when consecutive low-level results are detected the specified number of times.</p> <p>0 0 1 0: Samples the level of the POE12# pin input at PCLK/16, and accepts a request when consecutive low-level results are detected the specified number of times.</p> <p>0 0 1 1: Samples the level of the POE12# pin input at PCLK/128, and accepts a request when consecutive low-level results are detected the specified number of times.</p>

Register	Bit	RX63T (POE3)	RX72T (POE3B)
ICSR7	POE12M[1:0] (RX63T) POE12M[3:0] (RX72T)		<p>0 1 0 0: Samples the level of the POE12# pin input at PCLK, and accepts a request when consecutive low-level results are detected the specified number of times.</p> <p>0 1 0 1: Samples the level of the POE12# pin input at PCLK/2, and accepts a request when consecutive low-level results are detected the specified number of times.</p> <p>0 1 1 0: Samples the level of the POE12# pin input at PCLK/4, and accepts a request when consecutive low-level results are detected the specified number of times.</p> <p>Settings other than the above are prohibited.</p>
	POE12M2[3:0]	—	POE12 sampling count select bits
	POE12F	<p>POE12 flag</p> <p>[Setting condition] When the input set by the POE12M[1:0] bits occurs on the POE12# pin</p> <p>[Clearing condition] When 0 is written to the POE12F flag after reading it as 1 When low-level sampling is specified by the POE12M[1:0] bits, a high level signal needs to be input on the POE12# pin to write 0 to this flag.</p>	<p>POE12 flag</p> <p>[Setting condition] When the input set by the POE12M[3:0] and POE12M2[3:0] bits occurs on the POE12# pin</p> <p>[Clearing condition] When 0 is written to the POE12F flag after reading it as 1 When low-level sampling is specified by the POE12M[3:0] bits, a high level signal needs to be input on the POE12# pin to write 0 to this flag.</p>
ICSR8	—	—	Input level control/status register 8
ICSR9	—	—	Input level control/status register 9
ICSR10	—	—	Input level control/status register 10
M0SELR1	—	—	MTU0 pin select register 1
M0SELR2	—	—	MTU0 pin select register 2
M3SELR	—	—	MTU3 pin select register
M4SELR1	—	—	MTU4 pin select register 1
M4SELR2	—	—	MTU4 pin select register 2
M6SELR	—	—	MTU6 pin select register
M7SELR1	—	—	MTU7 pin select register 1
M7SELR2	—	—	MTU7 pin select register 2
M9SELR1	—	—	MTU9 pin select register 1
M9SELR2	—	—	MTU9 pin select register 2
G0SELR	—	—	GPTW0 pin select register
G1SELR	—	—	GPTW1 pin select register
G2SELR	—	—	GPTW2 pin select register
G3SELR	—	—	GPTW3 pin select register
G4SELR	—	—	GPTW4 pin select register

Register	Bit	RX63T (POE3)	RX72T (POE3B)
G5SELR	—	—	GPTW5 pin select register
G6SELR	—	—	GPTW6 pin select register
G7SELR	—	—	GPTW7 pin select register
G8SELR	—	—	GPTW8 pin select register
G9SELR	—	—	GPTW9 pin select register
ALR1	OLSG0A	MTIOC3B/ GTIOC0A active level setting bit	MTIOC3B pin active level setting bit
	OLSG0B	MTIOC3D/ GTIOC0B active level setting bit	MTIOC3D pin active level setting bit
	OLSG1A	MTIOC4A/ GTIOC1A active level setting bit	MTIOC4A pin active level setting bit
	OLSG1B	MTIOC4C/ GTIOC1B active level setting bit	MTIOC4C pin active level setting bit
	OLSG2A	MTIOC4B/ GTIOC2A active level setting bit	MTIOC4B pin active level setting bit
	OLSG2B	MTIOC4D/ GTIOC2B active level setting bit	MTIOC4D pin active level setting bit
	MTUCHSEL	MTU output active level channel setting bit	—
ALR2	OLSG4A	MTIOC6B/ GTIOC4A active level setting bit	MTIOC6B active level setting bit
	OLSG4B	MTIOC6D/ GTIOC4B active level setting bit	MTIOC6D active level setting bit
	OLSG5A	MTIOC7A/ GTIOC5A active level setting bit	MTIOC7A active level setting bit
	OLSG5B	MTIOC7C/ GTIOC5B active level setting bit	MTIOC7C active level setting bit
	OLSG6A	MTIOC7B/ GTIOC6A active level setting bit	MTIOC7B active level setting bit
	OLSG6B	MTIOC7D/ GTIOC6B active level setting bit	MTIOC7D active level setting bit
ALR3	—	—	Active level register 3
ALR4	—	—	Active level register 4
ALR5	—	—	Active level register 5
SPOER	MTUCH34HIZ ^{*1}	MTU3 and MTU4 output high-impedance enable bit	MTU3 and MTU4 pin output disable bit
	MTUCH67HIZ ^{*1}	MTU6 and MTU7 output high-impedance enable bit	MTU6 and MTU7 pin output disable bit
	GPT01HIZ	GPT0 and GPT1 output high-impedance enable bit	GPTW0 and GPTW1 pin output disable bit
	GPT23HIZ	GPT2 and GPT3 output high-impedance enable bit	GPTW2 and GPTW3 pin output disable bit
	MTUCH9HIZ	—	MTU9 pin output disable bit
	GPT02HIZ	—	GPTW0 to GPTW2 pin output disable bit
	GPT46HIZ	—	GPTW4 to GPTW6 pin output disable bit
	GPT67HIZ ^{*1}	GPT6 and GPT7 output high-impedance enable bit	—
	GPT79HIZ	—	GPTW7 to GPTW9 pin output disable bit

Register	Bit	RX63T (POE3)	RX72T (POE3B)
POECR2	MTU7BDZE* ¹	MTU CH7BD high-impedance enable bit	MTIOC7B/MTIOC7D pin high-impedance enable bit
	MTU7ACZE* ¹	MTU CH7AC high-impedance enable bit	MTIOC7A/MTIOC7C pin high-impedance enable bit
	MTU6BDZE* ¹	MTU CH6BD high-impedance enable bit	MTIOC6B/MTIOC6D pin high-impedance enable bit
	MTU4BDZE* ¹	MTU CH4BD high-impedance enable bit	MTIOC4B/MTIOC4D pin high-impedance enable bit
	MTU4ACZE* ¹	MTU CH4AC high-impedance enable bit	MTIOC4A/MTIOC4C pin high-impedance enable bit
	MTU3BDZE* ¹	MTU CH3BD high-impedance enable bit	MTIOC3B/MTIOC3D pin high-impedance enable bit
POECR3	—	Port output enable control register 3 Initial values after a reset are different.	Port output enable control register 3
	GPT2ABZE	GPT CH2AB high-impedance enable bit (b8)	GTIOC2A/GTIOC2B pin high-impedance enable bit (b2)
	GPT3ABZE	GPT CH3AB high-impedance enable bit (b9)	GTIOC3A/GTIOC3B pin high-impedance enable bit (b3)
	GPT4ABZE to GPT9ABZE	—	GTIOC4A/GTIOC4B to GTIOC9A/GTIOC9B pin high-impedance enable bit
	CMADDMT34ZE* ¹	MTU CH34 high-impedance CFLAG add bit	MTU3 and MTU4 output disabling condition CFLAG add bit
POECR4	IC1ADDMT34ZE	—	MTU3 and MTU4 output disabling condition POE0F add bit
	IC2ADDMT34ZE* ¹	MTU CH34 high-impedance POE4F add bit	MTU3 and MTU4 output disabling condition POE4F add bit
	IC3ADDMT34ZE* ¹	MTU CH34 high-impedance POE8F add bit	MTU3 and MTU4 output disabling condition POE8F add bit
	IC4ADDMT34ZE* ¹	MTU CH34 high-impedance POE10F add bit	MTU3 and MTU4 output disabling condition POE10F add bit
	IC5ADDMT34ZE* ¹	MTU CH34 high-impedance POE11F add bit	MTU3 and MTU4 output disabling condition POE11F add bit
	IC6ADDMT34ZE* ¹	MTU CH34 high-impedance POE12F add bit	MTU3 and MTU4 output disabling condition POE12F add bit
	IC8ADDMT34ZE	—	MTU3 and MTU4 output disabling condition POE9F add bit
	IC9ADDMT34ZE	—	MTU3 and MTU4 output disabling condition POE13F add bit
	IC10ADDMT34ZE	—	MTU3 and MTU4 output disabling condition POE14F add bit
	CMADOMT67ZE	MTU CH67 high-impedance CFLAG add bit	—
	IC1ADDMT67ZE	MTU CH67 high-impedance POE0F add bit	—
	IC3ADDMT67ZE	MTU CH67 high-impedance POE8F add bit	—
	IC4ADDMT67ZE	MTU CH67 high-impedance POE10F add bit	—
	IC5ADDMT67ZE	MTU CH67 high-impedance POE11F add bit	—
	IC6ADDMT67ZE	MTU CH67 high-impedance POE12F add bit	—

Register	Bit	RX63T (POE3)	RX72T (POE3B)
POECR4B	—	—	Port output enable control register 4B
POECR5	IC3ADDMT0ZE	—	MTU0 output disabling condition POE8F add bit
	IC8ADDMT0ZE	—	MTU0 output disabling condition POE9F add bit
	IC9ADDMT0ZE	—	MTU0 output disabling condition POE13F add bit
	IC10ADDMT0ZE	—	MTU0 output disabling condition POE14F add bit
POECR6	IC4ADDGPT01ZE	—	GPTW0 and GPTW1 output disabling condition POE10F add bit
	IC8ADDGPT01ZE	—	GPTW0 and GPTW1 output disabling condition POE9F add bit
	IC9ADDGPT01ZE	—	GPTW0 and GPTW1 output disabling condition POE13F add bit
	IC10ADDGPT01ZE	—	GPTW0 and GPTW1 output disabling condition POE14F add bit
	CMADDGPT23ZE	GPT CH23 high-impedance CFLAG add bit	—
	IC1ADDGPT23ZE	GPT CH23 high-impedance POE0F add bit	—
	IC2ADDGPT23ZE	GPT CH23 high-impedance POE4F add bit	—
	IC3ADDGPT23ZE	GPT CH23 high-impedance POE8F add bit	—
	IC4ADDGPT23ZE	GPT CH23 high-impedance POE10F add bit	—
	IC6ADDGPT23ZE	GPT CH23 high-impedance POE12F add bit	—
POECR6B	—	—	Port output enable control register 6B
POECR7	MTU9AZE	—	MTIOC9A pin high-impedance enable bit
	MTU9BZE	—	MTIOC9B pin high-impedance enable bit
	MTU9CZE	—	MTIOC9C pin high-impedance enable bit
	MTU9DZE	—	MTIOC9D pin high-impedance enable bit
	GPT6ABZE	GPT6ABZE high-impedance enable bit	—
	GPT7ABZE	GPT7ABZE high-impedance enable bit	—
POECR8	CMADDMT9ZE	—	MTU9 output disabling condition CFLAG add bit
	IC1ADDMT9ZE	—	MTU9 output disabling condition POE0F add bit
	IC2ADDMT9ZE	—	MTU9 output disabling condition POE4F add bit
	IC3ADDMT9ZE	—	MTU9 output disabling condition POE8F add bit
	IC4ADDMT9ZE	—	MTU9 output disabling condition POE10F add bit

Register	Bit	RX63T (POE3)	RX72T (POE3B)
POECR8	IC5ADDMT9ZE	—	MTU9 output disabling condition POE11F add bit
	IC6ADDMT9ZE	—	MTU9 output disabling condition POE12F add bit
	IC8ADDMT9ZE	—	MTU9 output disabling condition POE9F add bit
	IC9ADDMT9ZE	—	MTU9 output disabling condition POE13F add bit
	IC10ADDMT9ZE	—	MTU9 output disabling condition POE14F add bit
	CMADDGPT67ZE	GPT CH67 high-impedance CFLAG add bit	—
	IC1ADDGPT67ZE	GPT CH67 high-impedance POE0F add bit	—
	IC2ADDGPT67ZE	GPT CH67 high-impedance POE4F add bit	—
	IC3ADDGPT67ZE	GPT CH67 high-impedance POE8F add bit	—
	IC4ADDGPT67ZE	GPT CH67 high-impedance POE10F add bit	—
	IC5ADDGPT67ZE	GPT CH67 high-impedance POE11F add bit	—
POECR9	—	—	Port output enable control register 9
POECR10	—	—	Port output enable control register 10
POECR11	—	—	Port output enable control register 11
PMMCR0	—	—	Port mode mask control register 0
PMMCR1	—	—	Port mode mask control register 1
PMMCR2	—	—	Port mode mask control register 2
PMMCR3	—	—	Port mode mask control register 3

Register	Bit	RX63T (POE3)	RX72T (POE3B)
OCSR1	OSF1	<p>Output short flag 1</p> <p>[144-, 120-, 112-, and 100-pin versions]</p> <p>This flag indicates that one or more of the three pairs of two-phase outputs among MTU complementary PWM output pins P71 to P76 (pins MTU3 and MTU4) or GPT output pins (GPT0 to GPT2) to be compared has simultaneously been at active level.</p> <p>[64- and 48-pin versions]</p> <p>This flag indicates that one or more of the three pairs of two-phase outputs among MTU complementary PWM output pins P71 to P76 (pins MTU3 and MTU4 or MTU6 and MTU7) or GPT output pins (GPT0 to GPT2) to be compared has simultaneously been at active level.</p> <p>[Setting condition]</p> <p>When any one of the three pairs of two-phase outputs has simultaneously been at active level</p> <p>[Clearing condition]</p> <p>When 0 is written to the OSF1 flag after reading it as 1</p> <p>The output from the MTU complementary PWM output pins or GPT output pins must be at the inactive level when 0 is written to the flag.</p>	<p>Output short flag 1</p> <p>This flag indicates that one or more of the three pairs of two-phase outputs among MTU complementary PWM output pins (pins MTU3 and MTU4) has simultaneously been at active level. However, if output disabling control for the corresponding pins is not enabled, this flag is not set to 1.</p> <p>[Setting condition]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> When pins MTIOC3B and MTIOC3D simultaneously go to the active level for at least one cycle of PCLK while the value of the POECR2.MTU3BDZE bit, or at least one of bits PMMCR1.MTU3BME and PMMCR1.MTU3DME, is 1. When pins MTIOC4A and MTIOC4C simultaneously go to the active level for at least one cycle of PCLK while the value of the POECR2.MTU4ACZE bit, or at least one of bits PMMCR1.MTU4AME and PMMCR1.MTU4CME, is 1. When pins MTIOC4B and MTIOC4D simultaneously go to the active level for at least one cycle of PCLK while the value of the POECR2.MTU4BDZE bit, or at least one of bits PMMCR1.MTU4BME and PMMCR1.MTU4DME, is 1. <p>[Clearing condition]</p> <p>When 0 is written to the OSF1 flag after reading it as 1</p> <p>To write 0 to this flag, the output on the MTU complementary PWM output pins must be at the inactive level.</p>

Register	Bit	RX63T (POE3)	RX72T (POE3B)
OCSR2	OSF2	<p>Output short flag 2</p> <p>This flag indicates that one or more of the three pairs of two-phase outputs among MTU complementary PWM output pins (pins MTU6 and MTU7) or GPT output pins (GPT4 to GPT6) has simultaneously been at active level.</p> <p>[Setting condition] When any one of the three pairs of two-phase outputs has simultaneously been at active level</p> <p>[Clearing condition] By writing 0 to OSF2 after reading OSF2 = 1 The output from the MTU complementary PWM output pins or GPT output pins must be at the inactive level when 0 is written to the flag.</p>	<p>Output short flag 2</p> <p>This flag indicates that one or more of the three pairs of two-phase outputs among MTU complementary PWM output pins (pins MTU6 and MTU7) has simultaneously been at active level. However, if output disabling control for the corresponding pins is not enabled, this flag is not set to 1.</p> <p>[Setting condition]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • When pins MTIOC6B and MTIOC6D simultaneously go to the active level for at least one cycle of PCLK while the value of the POECR2.MTU6BDZE bit, or at least one of bits PMMCR1.MTU6BME and PMMCR1.MTU6DME, is 1. • When pins MTIOC7A and MTIOC7C simultaneously go to the active level for at least one cycle of PCLK while the value of the POECR2.MTU7ACZE bit, or at least one of bits PMMCR1.MTU7AME and PMMCR1.MTU7CME, is 1. • When pins MTIOC7B and MTIOC7D simultaneously go to the active level for at least one cycle of PCLK while the value of the POECR2.MTU7BDZE bit, or at least one of bits PMMCR1.MTU7BME and PMMCR1.MTU7DME, is 1. <p>[Clearing condition] By writing 0 to OSF2 after reading OSF2 = 1 To write 0 to this flag, the output on the MTU complementary PWM output pins must be at the inactive level.</p>
OCSR3	—	—	Output level control/status register 3
OCSR4	—	—	Output level control/status register 4
OCSR5	—	—	Output level control/status register 5
POECMPFR	—	—	Port output enable comparator output detection flag register
POECMPSEL	—	—	Port output enable comparator request select register
POECMPEXm	—	—	Port output enable comparator request extended selection register m (m = 0 to 8)

Note: 1. The GPT and MTU pins are controlled by this register on the RX63T, but the GPT and MTU pins are controlled by separate registers on the RX72T.

2.20 General PWM Timer

Table 2.88 is a comparative overview of the general PWM timers, Table 2.89 is a comparison of general PWM timer registers, and Table 2.90 is a comparative listing of GTIOA and GTIOB bit settings.

Table 2.63 Comparative Overview of General PWM Timer

Item	RX63T (GPT)	RX72T (GPTW)
Functions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 16 bits × 8 channels • Up-count or down-count operation (saw waves) or up/down-count operation (triangle waves) for each counter • Independently selectable clock source for each channel • Two input/output pins per channel • Two output compare/input capture registers per channel • For each pair of output compare/input capture registers for each channel, four registers are provided as buffer registers and are capable of operating as compare registers when buffering is not in use. • During output compare operation, buffer switching can be at peaks or troughs, enabling the generation of laterally asymmetric PWM waveforms. • Registers for setting up frame cycles in each channel (with capability for generating interrupts at overflow or underflow) • Ability to synchronize operation with any of several counters • Synchronized operation modes (synchronized, or displaced by desired times for phase shifting) • Generation of dead time during PWM operation 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 32 bits × 10 channels • Up-count or down-count operation (saw waves) or up/down-count operation (triangle waves) for each counter • Independently selectable clock source for each channel • Two input/output pins per channel • Two output compare/input capture registers per channel • For each pair of output compare/input capture registers for each channel, four registers are provided as buffer registers and are capable of operating as compare registers when buffering is not in use. • During output compare operation, buffer switching can be at peaks or troughs, enabling the generation of laterally asymmetric PWM waveforms. • Registers for setting up frame cycles in each channel (with capability for generating interrupts at overflow or underflow) • Simultaneous start, stop, and clearing of desired channel counters • Synchronized operation modes (synchronized, or displaced by desired times for phase shifting) • Generation of dead time during PWM operation • Count start, count stop, counter clearing, up-counting, down-counting, or input capture by up to eight ELC events based on the ELC settings

Item	RX63T (GPT)	RX72T (GPTW)
Functions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ability to start, clear, and stop counting by an external trigger • Output disable control by dead time error, detection of short-circuited output, or comparator-detection • A/D converter start trigger generation function • Ability to generate three-phase PWM waveforms incorporating dead time using combination of three counters • Ability to start, clear, and stop counters in response to external or internal triggers (hardware sources) • Internal trigger sources: Comparator detection, software, and compare match • Ability to use the frequency-divided timer module clock (PCLKA) as a counter clock for measuring the timing of the edges of signals produced by frequency-dividing the IWDT-dedicated clock signal (IWDTCLK) (to detect abnormal oscillation) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Count start, count stop, counter clearing, up-counting, down-counting, or input capture at detection of two input signal conditions • Count start, count stop, counter clearing, up-counting, down-counting, or input capture by up to four external triggers • Function to control output negation by output disable requests from the POEG • A/D converter start trigger generation function • Event signals for compare match A to F and for overflow/underflow can be output to the ELC. • Ability to select noise filter function by input capture input • Bus clock: PCLKA, GPTW count reference clock: PCLKC, frequency ratio between PCLKA and PCLKC = 1:N (N = 1/2) • Ability to generate three-phase PWM waveforms incorporating dead time using combination of three counters • Ability to start, clear, and stop counters in response to external or internal triggers • Internal trigger sources: Software and compare match • Ability to monitor for frequency errors clock output from the main clock oscillator, low- and high-speed on-chip oscillators, PLL frequency synthesizer, IWDT-dedicated on-chip oscillator, and PCLKB (Refer to the Clock Frequency Accuracy Measurement Circuit (CAC) chapter in RX72T Group User's Manual: Hardware.)

Item	RX63T (GPT)	RX72T (GPTW)
Functions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ability to generate three-phase Ability to control rise and fall timing of two PWM output pins on channels 0 to 3 with an accuracy of up to 1/32 times the period of the system clock (ICLK) (PWM delay generation function) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ability to adjust rise/fall timing of PWM waveforms with resolution of PCLKC cycle × 1/32 for complementary PWM output pins on up to four channels (Refer to the High Resolution PWM Waveform Generation Circuit (HRPWM) chapter in RX72T Group User's Manual: Hardware.)
Synchronous operation	Synchronization target channels	Synchronous operation is supported on channels 0 to 3 or channels 4 to 7.
	Synchronous clearing method	<p>Software source: Simultaneously setting to 1 multiple bits among GTHCCR.CCSW0 to GTHCCR.CCSW3 or GTHCCR.CCSW4 to GTHCCR.CCSW7.</p> <p>Hardware source: Bits GTSYNC.SYNCn[1:0] specify which channel's clear source is used as the synchronous clear source.</p>
	Synchronous start method	<p>Software source: Simultaneously setting to 1 multiple bits among GTSTR register.</p> <p>Hardware source: The GTHSSR and GTHSCR registers are used to set the same start source as that of the channels on which synchronous operation will start (GTETRG0/GTETRG1 input pin, comparator detection, GTIOC3A/GTIOC7A and GTIOC3B/GTIOC7B input pins, or GTIOC3A/GTIOC7A and GTIOC3B/GTIOC7B internal output (output compare)).</p>

Item		RX63T (GPT)	RX72T (GPTW)
Synchronous operation	Synchronous stop method	<p>Software source: Simultaneously clearing multiple bits in the GTSTR register to 0.</p> <p>Hardware source: The GTHPSR and GTHSCR registers are used to set the same stop source as that of the channels on which synchronous operation will stop (GTETRG0/GTETRG1 input pin, comparator detection, GTIOC3A/GTIOC7A and GTIOC3B/GTIOC7B input pins, or GTIOC3A/GTIOC7A and GTIOC3B/GTIOC7B internal output (output compare)).</p>	<p>Software source: Simultaneously setting to 1 multiple bits among GTSTP register.</p> <p>Hardware source: The GTPSR register is used to set the same stop source as that of the channels on which synchronous operation will stop (either external trigger or ELC event input).</p>

Table 2.64 Comparison of General PWM Timer Registers

Register	Bit	RX63T (GPT)	RX72T (GPTW)
GTSTR	CST0 (RX63T GPT.GTSTR) CSTRT0 (RX72T)	GPT0.GTCNT count start bit	Channel 0 count start bit
	CST1 (RX63T GPT.GTSTR) CSTRT1 (RX72T)	GPT1.GTCNT count start bit	Channel 1 count start bit
	CST2 (RX63T GPT.GTSTR) CSTRT2 (RX72T)	GPT2.GTCNT count start bit	Channel 2 count start bit
	CST3 (RX63T GPT.GTSTR) CSTRT3 (RX72T)	GPT3.GTCNT count start bit	Channel 3 count start bit
	CST4 (RX63T GPTB.GTSTR) CSTRT4 (RX72T)	GPT4.GTCNT count start bit (b0)	Channel 4 count start bit (b4)
	CST5 (RX63T GPTB.GTSTR) CSTRT5 (RX72T)	GPT5.GTCNT count start bit (b1)	Channel 5 count start bit (b5)
	CST6 (RX63T GPTB.GTSTR) CSTRT6 (RX72T)	GPT6.GTCNT count start bit (b2)	Channel 6 count start bit (b6)
	CST7 (RX63T GPTB.GTSTR) CSTRT7 (RX72T)	GPT7.GTCNT count start bit (b3)	Channel 7 count start bit (b7)
	CSTRT8 to CSTRT9	—	Channel 8 to channel 9 count start bits

Register	Bit	RX63T (GPT)	RX72T (GPTW)
GTHSCR	—	General PWM timer hardware source start control register	—
GTHCCR	—	General PWM timer hardware source clear control register	—
GTHSSR	—	General PWM timer hardware start source select register	—
GTHPSR	—	General PWM timer hardware stop/clear source select register	—
GTWP	WP0 to WP3 (RX63T GPT.GTWP) WP4 to WP7 (RX63T GPTB.GTWP) WP(RX72T)	GPT0 to GPT3 register write disable bits GPT4 to GPT7 register write disable bits	Register write disabled bits
	STRWP	—	GTSTR.CSTRT bit write disabled bit
	STPWP	—	GTSTP.CSTOP bit write disabled bit
	CLRWP	—	GTCLR.CCLR bit write disabled bit
	CMNWP	—	Common register write disabled bit
	PRKEY[7:0]	—	GTWP key code bits
GTSYNC	—	General PWM timer sync register	—
GTETINT	—	General PWM timer external trigger input interrupt register	—
GTBDR	—	General PWM timer buffer operation disable register	—
GTSWP	—	General PWM timer start write-protection register	—
LCCR	—	LOCO count control register	—
LCST	—	LOCO count status register	—
LCNT	—	LOCO count value register	—
LCNTA	—	LOCO count result average register	—
LCNTn	—	LOCO count result register n (n = 0 to 15)	—
LCNTDU, LCNTDL	—	LOCO count upper/lower permissible deviation register	—

Register	Bit	RX63T (GPT)	RX72T (GPTW)
GTIOR	GTIOA[5:0] (RX63T) GTIOA[4:0] (RX72T)	GTIOCnA pin function select bits (b5 to b0) Refer to Table 2.65 for details.	GTIOCnA pin function select bits (b4 to b0) Refer to Table 2.65 for details.
	OAE	—	GTIOCnA pin output enable bit
	OADF[1:0]	—	GTIOCnA pin negate value setting bits
	NFAEN	—	GTIOCnA pin input noise filter enable bit
	NFCSA[1:0]	—	GTIOCnA pin input noise filter sampling clock select bits
	GTIOB[5:0] (RX63T) GTIOB[4:0] (RX72T)	GTIOCnB pin function select bits (b13 to b8) Refer to Table 2.65 for details.	GTIOCnB pin function select bits (b20 to b16) Refer to Table 2.65 for details.
	OBDFLT	Output value at GTIOCnB pin count stop bit (b14)	Output value at GTIOCnB pin count stop bit (b22)
	OBHLD	Output retain at GTIOCnB pin count start/stop bit (b15)	Output retain at GTIOCnB pin count start/stop bit (b23)
	OBE	—	GTIOCnB pin output enable bit
	OBDF[1:0]	—	GTIOCnB pin negate value setting bits
	NFBEN	—	GTIOCnB pin input noise filter enable bit
	NFCSB[1:0]	—	GTIOCnB pin input noise filter sampling clock select bits
GTINTAD	EINT	Dead time error interrupt enable bit	—
	ADTRAUEN	GTADTRA compare match (up-counting) A/D converter start request enable bit (b12)	GTADTRA register compare match (up-counting) A/D converter start request enable bit (b16)
	ADTRADEN	GTADTRA compare match (down-counting) A/D converter start request enable bit (b13)	GTADTRA register compare match (down-counting) A/D converter start request enable bit (b17)
	ADTRBUEN	GTADTRB compare match (up-counting) A/D converter start request enable bit (b14)	GTADTRB register compare match (up-counting) A/D converter start request enable bit (b18)
	ADTRBDEN	GTADTRB compare match (down-counting) A/D converter start request enable bit (b15)	GTADTRB register compare match (down-counting) A/D converter start request enable bit (b19)
	GRP[1:0]	—	Output stop group select bits
	GRPDTE	—	Dead time error output stop detection enable bit
	GRPBH	—	Simultaneous high output stop detection enable bit
	GRPAL	—	Simultaneous low output stop detection enable bit

Register	Bit	RX63T (GPT)	RX72T (GPTW)
GTCR	CST	—	Count start bit
	ICDS	—	Input capture operation select at count stop bit
	MD[2:0]	Mode select bits (b2 to b0)	Mode select bits (b18 to b16)
	TPCS[1:0] (RX63T) TPCS[3:0] (RX72T)	Timer prescaler select bits (b9 and b8) b9 b8 0 0: PCLKA (timer module clock) 0 1: PCLKA/2 (timer module clock/2) 1 0: PCLKA/4 (timer module clock/4) 1 1: PCLKA/8 (timer module clock/8)	Timer prescaler select bits (b26 to b23) b26 b23 0 0 0 0: PCLKC 0 0 0 1: PCLKC/2 0 0 1 0: PCLKC/4 0 0 1 1: PCLKC/8 0 1 0 0: PCLKC/16 0 1 0 1: PCLKC/32 0 1 1 0: PCLKC/64 0 1 1 1: Setting prohibited. 1 0 0 0: PCLKC/256 1 0 0 1: Setting prohibited. 1 0 1 0: PCLKC/1024 1 0 1 1: Setting prohibited. 1 1 0 0: GTETRGA (via the POEG) 1 1 0 1: GTETRGB (via the POEG) 1 1 1 0: GTETRGC (via the POEG) 1 1 1 1: GTETRGD (via the POEG)
	CCLR[1:0]	Counter clear source select bits	—
	BD[0]	—	GTCCRRA/GTCCRB registers buffer operation disable bit
	BD[1]	—	GTPR register buffer operation disable bit
	BD[2]	—	GTADTRA/GTADTRB registers buffer operation disable bit
	BD[3]	—	GTDVU/GTDVD registers buffer operation disable bit
	DBRTECA	—	GTCCRRA register double buffer repeat operation enable bit
	DBRTECB	—	GTCCRB register double buffer repeat operation enable bit
	CCRA[1:0]	GTCCRRA buffer operation bits (b1 and b0)	GTCCRRA register buffer operation bits (b17 and 16)
	CCRB[1:0]	GTCCRB buffer operation bits (b3 and b2)	GTCCRB register buffer operation bits (b19 and 18)
	PR[1:0]	GTPR buffer operation bits (b5 and b4)	GTPR register buffer operation bits (b21 and b20)
	CCRSWT	GTCCRRA and GTCCRB forcible buffer operation bit (b6)	GTCCRRA/GTCCRB registers forcible buffer operation bit (b22)

Register	Bit	RX63T (GPT)	RX72T (GPTW)
GTBER	ADTTA[1:0]	GTADTRA buffer transfer timing select bits (b9 and b8)	GTADTRA register buffer transfer timing select bits (b25 and b24)
	ADTDA	GTADTRA double buffer operation bit (b10)	GTADTRA register double buffer operation bit (b26)
	ADTTB[1:0]	GTADTRB buffer transfer timing select bits (b13 and b12)	GTADTRB register buffer transfer timing select bits (b29 and b28)
	ADTDB	GTADTRB double buffer operation bit (b14)	GTADTRB register double buffer operation bit (b30)
GTUDC	—	General PWM timer count direction register	—
GTITC	IVTC[1:0]	GTCIV interrupt skipping function select bits	GTCIV/GTCIU interrupt skipping function select bits
	IVTT[2:0]	GTCIV interrupt skipping count select bits	GTCIV/GTCIU interrupt skipping count select bits
GTST	TCFA	Compare match/input capture flag A	—
	TCFB	Compare match/input capture flag B	—
	TCFC to TCFF	Compare match flag C to F	—
	TCFPO	Overflow flag	—
	TCFPUI	Underflow flag	—
	ITCNT[2:0]	GTCIV interrupt skipping count counter bits	GTCIV/GTCIU interrupt skipping count counter bits
	DTEF	Dead time error flag (b11)	Dead time error flag (b28)
	ADTRAUF	—	GTADTRA register compare match (up-counting) A/D converter start request flag
	ADTRADF	—	GTADTRA register compare match (down-counting) A/D converter start request flag
	ADTRBUF	—	GTADTRB register compare match (up-counting) A/D converter start request flag
	ADTRBDF	—	GTADTRB register compare match (down-counting) A/D converter start request flag
	ODF	—	Output stop request flag
	OABHF	—	Simultaneous high output flag
	OABLFF	—	Simultaneous low output flag
GTCNT	—	General PWM timer counter The GTCNT counter is a 16-bit readable/writable counter. Access in 8-bit units to the GTCNT counter is prohibited; it must be accessed in 16-bit units.	General PWM timer counter The GTCNT register is a 32-bit readable/writable counter. Access in 8-bit or 16-bit units to the GTCNT register is prohibited; it must be accessed in 32-bit units.

Register	Bit	RX63T (GPT)	RX72T (GPTW)
GTCCRm	—	General PWM timer compare capture register m (m = A to F) GTCCRm register is a 16-bit readable/writable register.	General PWM timer compare capture register m (m = A to F) GTCCRm register is a 32-bit readable/writable register. Access in 8-bit or 16-bit units to the GTCCRm register is prohibited; it must be accessed in 32-bit units.
GTPR	—	General PWM timer period setting register GTPR register is a 16-bit readable/writable register.	General PWM timer period setting register GTPR register is a 32-bit readable/writable counter. Access in 8-bit or 16-bit units to the GTPR register is prohibited; it must be accessed in 32-bit units.
GTPBR	—	General PWM timer period setting buffer register GTPBR register is a 16-bit readable/writable register.	General PWM timer period setting buffer register GTPBR register is a 32-bit readable/writable counter. Access in 8-bit or 16-bit units to the GTPBR register is prohibited; it must be accessed in 32-bit units.
GTPDBR	—	General PWM timer period setting double-buffer register GTPDBR register is a 16-bit readable/writable register.	General PWM timer period setting double-buffer register GTPDBR register is a 32-bit readable/writable counter. Access in 8-bit or 16-bit units to the GTPDBR register is prohibited; it must be accessed in 32-bit units.
GTADTRm	—	A/D converter start request timing register m (m = A or B) GTADTRm register is a 16-bit readable/writable register. Access in 8-bit unit to the GTADTRm register is prohibited; it must be accessed in 16-bit units.	A/D converter start request timing register m (m = A or B) GTADTRm register is a 32-bit readable/writable counter. Access in 8-bit or 16-bit units to the GTADTRm register is prohibited; it must be accessed in 32-bit units.
GTADTBRm	—	A/D converter start request timing buffer register m (m = A or B) GTADTBRm register is a 16-bit readable/writable register. Access in 8-bit unit to the GTADTBRm register is prohibited; it must be accessed in 16-bit units.	A/D converter start request timing buffer register m (m = A or B) GTADTBRm register is a 32-bit readable/writable counter. Access in 8-bit or 16-bit units to the GTADTBRm register is prohibited; it must be accessed in 32-bit units.

Register	Bit	RX63T (GPT)	RX72T (GPTW)
GTADTDBRm	—	A/D converter start request timing double-buffer register m (m = A or B) GTADTDBRm register is a 16-bit readable/writable register. Access in 8-bit unit to the GTADTDBRm register is prohibited; it must be accessed in 16-bit units.	A/D converter start request timing double-buffer register m (m = A or B) GTADTDBRm register is a 32-bit readable/writable counter. Access in 8-bit or 16-bit units to the GTADTDBRm register is prohibited; it must be accessed in 32-bit units.
GTONCR	—	General PWM timer output negate control register	—
GTDVm	—	General PWM timer dead time value register m (m = U or D) GTDVm register is a 16-bit readable/writable register. Access in 8-bit unit to the GTDVm register is prohibited; it must be accessed in 16-bit units.	General PWM timer dead time value register m (m = U or D) GTDVm register is a 32-bit readable/writable counter. Access in 8-bit or 16-bit units to the GTDVm register is prohibited; it must be accessed in 32-bit units.
GTDBm	—	General PWM timer dead time value buffer register m (m = U or D) GTDBm register is a 16-bit readable/writable register. Access in 8-bit unit to the GTDBm register is prohibited; it must be accessed in 16-bit units.	General PWM timer dead time value buffer register m (m = U or D) GTDBm register is a 32-bit readable/writable counter. Access in 8-bit or 16-bit units to the GTDBm register is prohibited; it must be accessed in 32-bit units.
GTDLYCR	—	PWM output delay control register	—
GTDLYRA	—	GTIOCA rising output delay register	—
GTDLYFA	—	GTIOCA falling output delay register	—
GTDLYRB	—	GTIOCB rising output delay register	—
GTDLYFB	—	GTIOCB falling output delay register	—
GTSTP	—	—	General PWM timer software stop register
GTCLR	—	—	General PWM timer software clear register
GTSSR	—	—	General PWM timer start source select register
GTPSR	—	—	General PWM timer stop source select register
GTCSR	—	—	General PWM timer clear source select register
GTUPSR	—	—	General PWM timer count-up source select register

Register	Bit	RX63T (GPT)	RX72T (GPTW)
GTDNSR	—	—	General PWM timer count-down source select register
GTICASR	—	—	General PWM timer input capture source select register A
GTICBSR	—	—	General PWM timer input capture source select register B
GTUDDTYC	—	—	General PWM timer count direction and duty setting register
GTADSMR	—	—	General PWM timer A/D converter start request signal monitoring register
GTEITC	—	—	General PWM timer extended interrupt skipping counter control register
GTEITLI1	—	—	General PWM timer extended interrupt skipping setting register 1
GTEITLI2	—	—	General PWM timer extended interrupt skipping setting register 2
GTEITLB	—	—	General PWM timer extended buffer transfer skipping setting register
GTSECSR	—	—	General PWM timer operation enable bit simultaneous control channel select register
GTSECR	—	—	General PWM timer operation enable bit simultaneous control register

Table 2.65 Comparative Listing of GTIOA and GTIOB Bit Settings

Bit	RX63T (GPT)	RX72T (GPTW)
	GTIOA/GTIOB[5:0] Bits	GTIOA/GTIOB[4:0] Bits
b5	0: Compare match 1: Input capture	—
b4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> When b5 = 0 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: Initial output is low-level 1: Initial output is high-level When b5 = 1 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> x: Don't care 	0: Initial output is low-level 1: Initial output is high-level
b3, b2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> When b5 = 0 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 0: Output retained at cycle end 0 1: Low-level output at cycle end 1 0: High-level output at cycle end 1 1: Toggle output at cycle end When b5 = 1 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> x: Don't care 	0 0: Output retained at cycle end 0 1: Low-level output at cycle end 1 0: High-level output at cycle end 1 1: Toggle output at cycle end
b1, b0	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> When b5 = 0 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 0: Output retained at GPTn.GTCCRA/GPTn.GTCCRB compare match 0 1: Low-level output at GPTn.GTCCRA/GPTn.GTCCRB compare match 1 0: High-level output at GPTn.GTCCRA/GPTn.GTCCRB compare match 1 1: Toggle output at GPTn.GTCCRA/GPTn.GTCCRB compare match When b5 = 1 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 0: Input capture at rising edge 0 1: Input capture at falling edge 1 0: Input capture at both edges 1 1: Input capture at both edges 	0 0: Output retained at GTCCRA/GTCCRB register compare match 0 1: Low-level output at GTCCRA/GTCCRB register compare match 1 0: High-level output at GTCCRA/GTCCRB register compare match 1 1: Toggle output at GTCCRA/GTCCRB register compare match

2.21 Compare Match Timer

Table 2.66 is a comparative overview of general compare match timer

Table 2.66 Comparative Overview of Compare Match Timer

Item	RX63T (CMT)	RX72T (CMT)
Count clocks	Four frequency-divided clocks: One clock among PCLK/8, PCLK/32, PCLK/128, and PCLK/512 can be selected independently for each channel.	Four frequency-divided clocks: One clock among PCLK/8, PCLK/32, PCLK/128, and PCLK/512 can be selected for each channel.
Interrupts	A compare match interrupt can be requested independently for each channel.	A compare match interrupt can be requested for each channel.
Event link function (output)	—	An event signal is output at CMT1 compare match.
Event link function (input)	—	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ability to link to a specified module • Support for CMT1 count start, event counter, or count restart operation
Low power consumption function	Each unit can be placed in the module-stop state.	Each unit can be placed in the module-stop state.

2.22 Watchdog Timer

Table 2.67 is a comparative overview of the watchdog timers, and Table 2.68 is a comparison of watchdog timer registers.

Table 2.67 Comparative Overview of Watchdog Timers

Item	RX63T (WDTA)	RX72T (WDTA)
Count source	Peripheral clock (PCLK)	Peripheral module clock (PCLK)
Clock division ratio	Division by 4, 64, 128, 512, 2,048, or 8,192	Division by 4, 64, 128, 512, 2,048, or 8,192
Counter operation	Counting down using a 14-bit down-counter	Counting down using a 14-bit down-counter
Conditions for starting the counter	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Counting starts automatically after a reset, underflow, or generation of a refresh error (auto-start mode). Counting is started by a refresh (writing 00h and then FFh to the WDTRR register) (register start mode). 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Auto-start mode: Counting starts automatically after a reset is canceled. Register start mode: Counting is started by refresh operation (writing 00h and then FFh to the WDTRR register).
Conditions for stopping the counter	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A reset occurs. (The down-counter and registers return to their initial values.) A counter underflows or a refresh error is generated (auto-start mode: automatic, register start mode: by a refresh). 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A reset occurs. (The down-counter and registers return to their initial values.) In a low power consumption state A counter underflows or a refresh error occurs (register start mode only)
Window function	Window start and end positions can be specified (for periods when refreshed are permitted or prohibited).	Window start and end positions can be specified (for periods when refreshed are permitted or prohibited).
Reset output sources	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Down-counter underflow Refresh outside the refresh-permitted period (refresh error) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Down-counter underflow Refresh outside the refresh-permitted period (refresh error)
Interrupt request output sources	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> When a non-maskable interrupt (WUNI) is generated by an underflow of the down-counter When a refresh occurs outside the refresh-permitted period (refresh error) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> When a non-maskable interrupt or interrupt (WUNI) is generated by an underflow of the down-counter When a refresh occurs outside the refresh-permitted period (refresh error)
Reading the counter value	The down-counter value can be read from the WDTSR register.	The down-counter value can be read from the WDTSR register.
Output signals (internal signals)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reset output Non-maskable interrupt request output 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reset output Non-maskable interrupt request output Interrupt request output

Item	RX63T (WDTA)	RX72T (WDTA)
Auto-start mode (controlled by option function select register 0 (OFS0))	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Selection of clock frequency division ratio after a reset (OFS0.WDTCKS[3:0] bits) Selection of time-out period of watchdog timer (OFS0.WDTTOPS[1:0] bits) Selection of window start position in the watchdog timer (OFS0.WDTRPSS[1:0] bits) Selection of window end position in the watchdog timer (OFS0.WDTRPES[1:0] bits) Selection of reset output or interrupt request output (OFS0.WDTRSTIRQS bit) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Selection of clock frequency division ratio after a reset (OFS0.WDTCKS[3:0] bits) Selection of timeout period of watchdog timer (OFS0.WDTTOPS[1:0] bits) Selection of window start position in the watchdog timer (OFS0.WDTRPSS[1:0] bits) Selection of window end position in the watchdog timer (OFS0.WDTRPES[1:0] bits) Selection of reset output or interrupt request output (OFS0.WDTRSTIRQS bit)
Register start mode (controlled by WDT registers)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Selection of clock frequency division ratio after a refresh (WDTCR.CKS[3:0] bits) Selection of time-out period of watchdog timer (WDTCR.TOPS[1:0] bits) Selection of window start position in the watchdog timer (WDTCR.RPSS[1:0] bits) Selection of window end position in the watchdog timer (WDTCR.RPES[1:0] bits) Selection of reset output or interrupt request output (WDTRCR.RSTIRQS bit) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Selection of clock frequency division ratio after a refresh (WDTCR.CKS[3:0] bits) Selection of timeout period of watchdog timer (WDTCR.TOPS[1:0] bits) Selection of window start position in the watchdog timer (WDTCR.RPSS[1:0] bits) Selection of window end position in the watchdog timer (WDTCR.RPES[1:0] bits) Selection of reset output or interrupt request output (WDTRCR.RSTIRQS bit)

Table 2.68 Comparison of Watchdog Timer Registers

Register	Bit	RX63T (WDTA)	RX72T (WDTA)
WDTRCR	RSTIRQS	Reset interrupt request selection bit 0: Non-maskable interrupt request output is enabled. 1: Reset output is enabled.	Reset interrupt request selection bit 0: Non-maskable interrupt request or interrupt request output is enabled.*1 1: Reset output is enabled.

Note: 1. When the value of the NMIER.WDTEN bit is 1 non-maskable interrupts, and when it is 0 maskable interrupts, are generated.

2.23 Independent Watchdog Timer

Table 2.69 is a comparative overview of the independent watchdog timers, and Table 2.70 is a comparison of independent watchdog timer registers.

Table 2.69 Comparative Overview of Independent Watchdog Timers

Item	RX63T (IWDTa)	RX72T (IWDTa)
Count source	IWDT-dedicated clock (IWDTCLK)	IWDT-dedicated clock (IWDTCLK)
Clock division ratio	Division by 1, 16, 32, 64, 128, or 256	Division by 1, 16, 32, 64, 128, or 256
Counter operation	Counting down using a 14-bit down-counter	Counting down using a 14-bit down-counter
Conditions for starting the counter	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Counting starts automatically after a reset (auto-start mode). Counting is started by a refresh (writing 00h and then FFh to the IWDTRR register) (register start mode). 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Auto-start mode: Counting starts automatically after a reset is canceled. Register start mode: Counting is started by refresh operation (writing 00h and then FFh to the IWDTRR register).
Conditions for stopping the counter	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A reset occurs. (The down-counter and registers return to their initial values.) In a low power consumption state (depending on register setting) A counter underflows or a refresh error is generated (auto-start mode: automatic, register start mode: by a refresh). 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A reset occurs. (The down-counter and registers return to their initial values.) In a low power consumption state (depending on register setting) A counter underflows or a refresh error occurs (register start mode only)
Window function	Window start and end positions can be specified (for periods when refreshed are permitted or prohibited).	Window start and end positions can be specified (for periods when refreshed are permitted or prohibited).
Reset output sources	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Down-counter underflow Refresh outside the refresh-permitted period (refresh error) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Down-counter underflow Refresh outside the refresh-permitted period (refresh error)
Non-maskable interrupt/interrupt sources	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> When a non-maskable interrupt (WUNI) is generated by an underflow of the down-counter When a refresh occurs outside the refresh-permitted period (refresh error) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> When a non-maskable interrupt or interrupt (WUNI) is generated by an underflow of the down-counter When a refresh occurs outside the refresh-permitted period (refresh error)
Reading the counter value	The down-counter value can be read from the IWDTSR register.	The down-counter value can be read from the IWDTSR register.
Output signals (internal signals)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reset output Interrupt request output Sleep mode count stop control output 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reset output Interrupt request output Sleep mode count stop control output
Event link function (output)	—	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Down-counter underflow event output Refresh error event output

Item	RX63T (IWDTa)	RX72T (IWDTa)
Auto-start mode (controlled by option function select register 0 (OFS0))	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Selection of clock frequency division ratio after a reset (OFS0.IWDTCKS[3:0] bits) Selection of time-out period of watchdog timer (OFS0.IWDTTOPS[1:0] bits) Selection of window start position in the watchdog timer (OFS0.IWDTRPSS[1:0] bits) Selection of window end position in the watchdog timer (OFS0.IWDTRPES[1:0] bits) Selection of reset output or interrupt request output (OFS0.IWDTRSTIRQS bit) Selection of down-count stop function at transition to sleep mode, software standby mode, deep software standby mode, or all-module clock stop mode (OFS0.IWDTSLCSTP bit) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Selection of clock frequency division ratio after a reset (OFS0.IWDTCKS[3:0] bits) Selection of timeout period of independent watchdog timer (OFS0.IWDTTOPS[1:0] bits) Selection of window start position in the independent watchdog timer (OFS0.IWDTRPSS[1:0] bits) Selection of window end position in the independent watchdog timer (OFS0.IWDTRPES[1:0] bits) Selection of reset output or interrupt request output (OFS0.IWDTRSTIRQS bit) Selection of down-count stop function at transition to sleep mode, software standby mode, deep software standby mode, or all-module clock stop mode (OFS0.IWDTSLCSTP bit)
Register start mode (controlled by IWDT registers)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Selection of clock frequency division ratio after a refresh (IWDTCR.CKS[3:0] bits) Selection of time-out period of watchdog timer (IWDTCR.TOPS[1:0] bits) Selection of window start position in the watchdog timer (IWDTCR.RPSS[1:0] bits) Selection of window end position in the watchdog timer (IWDTCR.RPES[1:0] bits) Selection of reset output or interrupt request output (IWDTCCR.RSTIRQS bit) Selection of down-count stop function at transition to sleep mode, software standby mode, deep software standby mode, or all-module clock stop mode (IWDTCSTPR.SLCSTP bit) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Selection of clock frequency division ratio after a refresh (IWDTCR.CKS[3:0] bits) Selection of timeout period of independent watchdog timer (IWDTCR.TOPS[1:0] bits) Selection of window start position in the independent watchdog timer (IWDTCR.RPSS[1:0] bits) Selection of window end position in the independent watchdog timer (IWDTCR.RPES[1:0] bits) Selection of reset output or interrupt request output (IWDTCCR.RSTIRQS bit) Selection of down-count stop function at transition to sleep mode, software standby mode, deep software standby mode, or all-module clock stop mode (IWDTCSTPR.SLCSTP bit)

Table 2.70 Comparison of Independent Watchdog Timer Registers

Register	Bit	RX63T (IWDTa)	RX72T (IWDTa)
IWDTRCR	RSTIRQS	Reset interrupt request selection bit 0: Non-maskable interrupt request output is enabled. 1: Reset output is enabled.	Reset interrupt request selection bit 0: Non-maskable interrupt request or interrupt request output is enabled.* ¹ 1: Reset output is enabled.

Note: 1. When the value of the NMIER.IWDTEN bit is 1 non-maskable interrupts, and when it is 0 maskable interrupts, are generated.

2.24 USB 2.0 FS Host/Function Module

Table 2.71 is a comparative overview of USB 2.0 FS Host/Function module, and Table 2.72 is a comparison of USB 2.0 FS Host/Function module registers.

Table 2.71 Comparative Overview of USB 2.0 FS Host/Function Module

Item	RX63T (USBa)	RX72T (USBb)
Features	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Built-in USB device controller (UDC) and transceiver for USB 2.0 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> One port is provided. USB0: Support for Host controller, Function controller, and OTG Built-in Host controller and Function controller (switchable by software) Selectable between self-power mode and bus-power mode Support for OTG (On-The-Go) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Built-in USB device controller (UDC) and transceiver for USB 2.0 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Support for Host controller, Function controller, and On-The-Go (OTG) (one channel) Ability to switch between Host controller and Function controller by software Selectable between self-power mode and bus-power mode Support for OTG (On-The-Go)
	<p>When the Host controller function is selected</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Full-speed transfer (12 Mbps) is supported. Multiple peripheral devices can be connected for communication via a one-stage hub. Scheduling of SOF and packet transmission is automated. Transfer intervals can be specified for isochronous and interrupt transfers. 	<p>When the Host controller function is selected</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Full-speed transfer (12 Mbps) and low-speed transfer (1.5 Mbps) are supported. Multiple peripheral devices can be connected for communication via a one-stage hub. Scheduling of SOF and packet transmission is automated. Transfer intervals can be specified for isochronous and interrupt transfers.
	<p>When the Function controller function is selected</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Full-speed transfer (12 Mbps) is supported.*¹ Control transfer stage control function Device state control function Auto response function for SET_ADDRESS requests SOF recovery function 	<p>When the Function controller function is selected</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Full-speed transfer (12 Mbps) is supported.*¹ Control transfer stage control function Device state control function Auto response function for SET_ADDRESS requests SOF recovery function
Communication data transfer types	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Control transfer Bulk transfer Interrupt transfer Isochronous transfer 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Control transfer Bulk transfer Interrupt transfer Isochronous transfer
Internal bus interface	Connected to internal peripheral bus 3	Connected to internal peripheral bus 3

Item	RX63T (USBa)	RX72T (USBb)
Pipe configuration	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Buffer memory for USB communication is provided. • Up to ten pipes can be selected (including the default control pipe). • Endpoint numbers can be assigned flexibly to PIPE1 to PIPE9. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Buffer memory for USB communication is provided. • Up to ten pipes can be selected (including the default control pipe). • Endpoint numbers can be assigned flexibly to PIPE1 to PIPE9.
	<p>Transfer conditions that can be set for each pipe</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • PIPE0: Control transfer only (default control pipe: DPC), buffer size of 8, 16, 32, or 64 bytes (single buffer) • PIPE1 and PIPE2: Bulk transfer or isochronous transfer, buffer size of 8, 16, 32, or 64 bytes for bulk transfer or 1 to 256 bytes for isochronous transfer (double buffer support) • PIPE3 to PIPE5: Bulk transfer only, buffer size of 8, 16, 32, or 64 bytes (double buffer support) • PIPE6 to PIPE9: Interrupt transfer only, buffer size of 1 to 64 bytes (single buffer) 	<p>Transfer conditions that can be set for each pipe</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • PIPE0: Control transfer, 64-byte single buffer • PIPE1 and PIPE2: 64-byte double buffer can be specified for bulk transfer and 256-byte double buffer for isochronous transfer. • PIPE3 to PIPE5: 64-byte double buffer can be specified for bulk transfer. • PIPE6 to PIPE9: 64-byte single buffer can be specified for interrupt transfer.
Other functions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reception transfer end function using transaction count • Function for changing BRDY interrupt event notification timing (BFRE) • Function that automatically clears the buffer memory after the data for the pipe specified at DnFIFO (n = 0 or 1) port has been read (DCLRM) • NAK setting function for response PID generated at transfer end (SHTNAK) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reception transfer end function using transaction count • Function for changing BRDY interrupt event notification timing (BFRE) • Function that automatically clears the buffer memory after the data for the pipe specified at DnFIFO (n = 0 or 1) has been read (DCLRM) • NAK setting function for response PID generated at transfer end (SHTNAK) • On-chip D+/D- pull-up and pull-down resistors
Low power consumption function	Ability to specify transition to module stop state	Ability to transition to module stop state

Note: 1. Low-speed transfer (1.5 Mbps) is not supported.

Table 2.72 Comparison of USB 2.0 FS Host/Function Module Registers

Register	Bit	RX63T (USBa)	RX72T (USBb)
DVSTCTR0	RHST[2:0]	<p>USB bus reset status bits</p> <p>When the Host controller function is selected b2 b0 0 0 0: Communication speed undetermined (powered state or no connection) 1 x x: USB bus reset in progress 0 0 1: Low-speed connection*¹ 0 1 0: Full-speed connection</p> <p>When the Function controller function is selected b2 b0 0 0 0: Communication speed undetermined 0 1 0: USB bus reset in progress or full-speed connection</p>	<p>USB bus reset status flag</p> <p>When the Host controller function is selected b2 b0 0 0 0: Communication speed undetermined (powered state or no connection) 1 x x: USB bus reset in progress 0 0 1: Low-speed connection 0 1 0: Full-speed connection</p> <p>When the Function controller function is selected b2 b0 0 0 0: Communication speed undetermined 0 0 1: USB bus reset in progress 0 1 0: USB bus reset in progress or full-speed connection</p>
SOFCFG	TRNENSEL	—	Transaction-enabled time select bit
PHYSLEW	—	—	PHY cross point adjustment register
DVCHGR	—	Device state change register	—
USBADDR	—	USB address register	—
DEVADDn (n = 0 to 5)	USBSPD[1:0]	<p>Transfer speed of communication target device bits</p> <p>b7 b6 0 0: DEVADDn register not used 0 1: Setting prohibited. 1 0: Full speed 1 1: Setting prohibited.</p>	<p>Transfer speed of communication target device bits</p> <p>b7 b6 0 0: DEVADDn register not used 0 1: Low speed 1 0: Full speed 1 1: Setting prohibited.</p>

Note: 1. The USB controller does not support communication with low-speed devices. If this value is read, abnormal connection processing should be performed by a higher application.

2.25 Serial Communications Interface

Table 2.73 is a comparative overview of serial communications interfaces, Table 2.74 is a comparative listing of serial communications interface channels, and Table 2.75 is a comparison of serial communications interface registers.

Table 2.73 Comparative Overview of Serial Communications Interface

Item	RX63T (SCIc, SCId)	RX72T (SCIj, SCIi, SCIh)
Serial communications modes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Asynchronous operation Clock synchronous operation Smart card interface Simple I²C bus Simple SPI bus 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Asynchronous operation Clock synchronous operation Smart card interface Simple I²C bus Simple SPI bus
Transfer speed	Bit rate specifiable using on-chip baud rate generator.	Bit rate specifiable using on-chip baud rate generator.
Full-duplex communication	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Transmitter: Support for continuous transmission using double-buffering Receiver: Support for continuous reception using double-buffering 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Transmitter: Support for continuous transmission using double-buffering Receiver: Support for continuous reception using double-buffering
Data transfer	Selectable between LSB-first and MSB-first	Selectable between LSB-first and MSB-first
Interrupt sources	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Transmit end, transmit data empty, receive data full, and receive error Completion of generation of a start condition, restart condition, or stop condition (simple I²C mode) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Transmit end, transmit data empty, receive data full, receive error, receive data ready (SCI11), and data match (SCI1, SCI5, SCI6, SCI8, SCI9, SCI11) Completion of generation of a start condition, restart condition, or stop condition (simple I²C mode)
Low power consumption function	Ability to set module-stop state for each channel	Ability to transition each channel to module stop state
Asynchronous mode	Data length	7 or 8 bits
	Transmission stop bits	1 or 2 bits
	Parity	Even, odd, or none
	Receive error detection function	Parity, overrun, and framing errors
	Hardware flow control	Ability to use CTSn and RTSn pins for transmission and reception control
	Transmit/receive FIFO	Ability to use 16-stage FIFOs for transmission and reception (SCI11)
	Data match detection	Ability to compare receive data and comparison data, and generates an interrupt when they match (SCI1, SCI5, SCI6, SCI8, SCI9, and SCI11)
	Start-bit detection	Selectable between low level and falling edge
	Break detection	When a framing error occurs, a break can be detected by reading the RXDn pin level directly or reading the S PTR.RXDMON flag .

Item		RX63T (SCIc, SCIId)	RX72T (SCIj, SCII, SCIh)
Asynchronous mode	Clock source	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Selectable between internal or external clock Ability to input transfer rate clock from MTU3 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Selectable between internal or external clock Ability to input transfer rate clock from TMR (SCI5, SCI6, and SCI12)
	Double-speed mode	—	Ability to select baud rate generator double-speed mode
	Multi-processor communications function	Serial communication among multiple processors	Serial communication among multiple processors
	Noise cancellation function	The input signal paths from the RXDn pins incorporate digital noise filters.	The input signal paths from the RXDn pins incorporate digital noise filters.
Clock synchronous mode	Data length	8 bits	8 bits
	Receive error detection	Overrun error	Overrun error
	Hardware flow control	Ability to use CTSn and RTSn pins for transmission and reception control	Ability to use CTSn# and RTSn# pins for transmission and reception control
	Transmit/receive FIFO	—	Ability to use 16-stage FIFOs for transmission and reception (SCI11)
Smart card interface mode	Error processing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Automatic transmission of an error signal at detection of a parity error during reception Automatic re-transmission of data at reception of an error signal during transmission 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Automatic transmission of an error signal at detection of a parity error during reception Automatic re-transmission of data at reception of an error signal during transmission
	Data type	Support for direct convention and inverse convention	Support for direct convention and inverse convention
Simple I ² C mode	Communication format	I ² C bus format	I ² C bus format
	Operating mode	Master (single-master operation only)	Master (single-master operation only)
	Transfer speed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Support for fast mode (Refer to description of bit rate register (BRR) for details on setting the transfer rate.) (SCI0 to SCI3) Max. 384 kbps (SCI12) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Support for fast mode (Refer to description of bit rate register (BRR) for details on setting the transfer rate.)
	Noise cancellation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The SSCLn and SSDAn input signal paths incorporate digital noise filters. The noise cancellation interval is adjustable. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The SSCLn and SSDAn input signal paths incorporate digital noise filters. The noise cancellation interval is adjustable.
Simple SPI mode	Data length	8 bits	8 bits
	Error detection	Overrun error	Overrun error
	SS input pin function	Ability to place output pins in high-impedance state by applying a high-level signal to the SSn# pin.	Ability to place output pins in high-impedance state by applying a high-level signal to the SSn# pin.
	Clock settings	Ability to select among four clock phase and clock polarity settings	Ability to select among four clock phase and clock polarity settings

Item		RX63T (SCIc, SCIId)	RX72T (SCIj, SCII, SCIh)
Event link function (supported by SCI5 only)	—	—	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Error (receive error or error signal detection) event output • Receive data full event output • Transmit data empty event output • Transmit end event output
Extended serial mode (supported by SCI12 only)	Start frame transmission	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ability to output break field low width/output completion interrupt function • Bus collision detection function/detection interrupt function 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ability to output break field low width/output completion interrupt function • Bus collision detection function/detection interrupt function
	Start frame reception	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ability to detect break field low width/detection completion interrupt function • Control field 0 and control field 1 data comparison/match interrupt function • Ability to select between two data types for comparison (primary and secondary) in control field 1 • Ability to set priority interrupt bit in control field 1 • Support for start frames that do not include a break field • Support for start frames that do not include control field 0 • Bit rate measurement function 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ability to detect break field low width/detection completion interrupt function • Control field 0 and control field 1 data comparison/match interrupt function • Ability to select between two data types for comparison (primary and secondary) in control field 1 • Ability to set priority interrupt bit in control field 1 • Support for start frames that do not include a break field • Support for start frames that do not include control field 0 • Bit rate measurement function
	I/O control function	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ability to select polarity of TXDX12 and RXDX12 signals • Ability to specify digital filter function for RXDX12 signal • Half-duplex operation employing RXDX12 and TXDX12 signals multiplexed on the same pin • Ability to select sampling timing for data received on RXDX12 • Signals received on RXDX12 can be passed through to SCIc when the extended serial mode control block is disabled. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ability to select polarity of TXDX12 and RXDX12 signals • Ability to specify digital filter function for RXDX12 signal • Half-duplex operation employing RXDX12 and TXDX12 signals multiplexed on the same pin • Ability to select sampling timing for data received on RXDX12
	Timer function	Usable as reload timer	Usable as reload timer
Bit rate modulation function	—	—	Ability to reduce errors by correcting output from the on-chip baud rate generator

Table 2.74 Comparative Listing of Serial Communications Interface Channels

Item	RX63T (SCIc, SCId)	RX72T (SCIj, SCIi, SCIh)
Asynchronous mode	SCI0, SCI1, SCI2, SCI3, SCI12	SCI1, SCI5, SCI6, SCI8, SCI9, SCI11, SCI12
Clock synchronous mode	SCI0, SCI1, SCI2, SCI3, SCI12	SCI1, SCI5, SCI6, SCI8, SCI9, SCI11, SCI12
Smart card interface mode	SCI0, SCI1, SCI2, SCI3, SCI12	SCI1, SCI5, SCI6, SCI8, SCI9, SCI11, SCI12
Simple I ² C mode	SCI0, SCI1, SCI2, SCI3, SCI12	SCI1, SCI5, SCI6, SCI8, SCI9, SCI11, SCI12
Simple SPI mode	SCI0, SCI1, SCI2, SCI3, SCI12	SCI1, SCI5, SCI6, SCI8, SCI9, SCI11, SCI12
FIFO mode	—	SCI11
Data match detection	—	SCI1, SCI5, SCI6, SCI8, SCI9, SCI11
Extended serial mode	SCI12	SCI12
MTU3 clock input	SCI0, SCI1, SCI2, SCI3, SCI12 (Not supported on 64- and 48-pin products.)	—
TMR clock input	—	SCI5, SCI6, SCI12
Event link function	—	SCI5
Peripheral module clock	PCLK	PCLKB: SCI1, SCI5, SCI6, SCI8, SCI9, SCI12 PCLKA: SCI11

Table 2.75 Comparison of Serial Communications Interface Registers

Register	Bit	RX63T (SCIc, SCId)	RX72T (SCIj, SCIi, SCIh)
RDRH	—	—	Receive data register H
RDRL	—	—	Receive data register L
RDRHL	—	—	Receive data register HL
FRDR	—	—	Receive FIFO data register
TDRH	—	—	Transmit data register H
TDRL	—	—	Transmit data register L
TDRHL	—	—	Transmit data register HL
FTDR	—	—	Transmit FIFO data register
SCR (When SCMR.SMIF = 0)	CKE[1:0]	<p>Clock enable bits</p> <p>(Asynchronous mode) b1 b0</p> <p>0 0: On-chip baud rate generator By means of I/O port settings, the SCKn pin can function as an I/O port.</p> <p>0 1: On-chip baud rate generator Outputs a clock with the same frequency as the bit rate output from the SCKn pin.</p> <p>1 x: External clock or MTU3 clock</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • When an external clock is used, a clock with a frequency 16 times the bit rate should be input on the SCKn pin. Input a clock signal with a frequency eight times the bit rate when the SEMR.ABCS bit is set to 1. • An MTU3 clock can be used. The base clock input on MTU3 must be set to a frequency no greater than 1/4 PCLK. When an MTU3 clock is used, the SCKn pin can function as an I/O port by means of I/O port settings. <p>(Clock synchronous mode) b1 b0</p> <p>0 x: Internal clock The SCKn pin functions as the clock output pin.</p> <p>1 x: External clock The SCKn pin functions as the clock input pin.</p>	<p>Clock enable bits</p> <p>(Asynchronous mode) b1 b0</p> <p>0 0: On-chip baud rate generator SCKn pin enters high- impedance state.</p> <p>0 1: On-chip baud rate generator Outputs a clock with the same frequency as the bit rate output from the SCKn pin.</p> <p>1 x: External clock or TMR clock</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • When an external clock is used, a clock with a frequency 16 times the bit rate should be input on the SCKn pin. Input a clock signal with a frequency eight times the bit rate when the SEMR.ABCS bit is set to 1. • When using the TMR clock, the SCKn pin enters the high-impedance state. The TMR clock is selectable for SCI5, SCI6, and SCI12. <p>(Clock synchronous mode) b1 b0</p> <p>0 x: Internal clock The SCKn pin functions as the clock output pin.</p> <p>1 x: External clock The SCKn pin functions as the clock input pin.</p>

Register	Bit	RX63T (SCIc, SCId)	RX72T (SCIj, SCIi, SCIh)
SMR (When SCMR.SMIF = 0)	CHR	Character length bit (Valid in asynchronous mode only.) 0: Transmit/receive using 8-bit data length. 1: Transmit/receive using 7-bit data length.	Character length bit (Valid in asynchronous mode only.) Selection made in combination with SMC.R.CHRI bit. CHR1 CHR 0 0: Transmit/receive using 9-bit data length. 0 1: Transmit/receive using 9-bit data length. 1 0: Transmit/receive using 8-bit data length. (initial value) 1 1: Transmit/receive using 7-bit data length.
SSR (When SCMR.SMIF = 1)	RDRE	—	Receive data full flag
	TDRE	—	Transmit data empty flag
SSR (When SCMR.SMIF = 0 and FCR.FM = 1)	DR	—	Receive data ready flag
	TEND	—	Transmit end flag
	PER	—	Parity error flag
	FER	—	Framing error flag
	ORER	—	Overrun error flag
	RDF	—	Receive FIFO full flag
	TDDE	—	Transmit FIFO empty flag
SSRFIFO	—	—	Serial status register
SCMR	CHR1	—	Character length bit 1
MDDR	—	—	Modulation duty register
SEMR	ACS0	Asynchronous mode clock source select bit [144-, 120-, 112-, and 100-pin versions] (Valid in asynchronous mode only.) 0: External clock input 1: MTU3 clock input (MTIOC6A or MTIOC7A) [64- and 48-pin versions] This bit is read as 0. The write value should be 0.	Asynchronous mode clock source select bit (Valid in asynchronous mode only.) 0: External clock 1: Logical AND of two compare matches output from TMR (valid for SCI5, SCI6, and SCI12 only) The available compare match output varies among SCI channels.
	BRME	—	Bit rate modulation enable bit
	ABCSE	—	Asynchronous mode base clock select extended bit
	BGDM	—	Baud rate generator double-speed mode select bit
	RXDESEL	—	Asynchronous start bit edge detection select bit
FCR	—	—	FIFO control register
FDR	—	—	FIFO data count register

Register	Bit	RX63T (SCIc, SCIId)	RX72T (SCIj, SCIi, SCIh)
LSR	—	—	Line status register
CDR	—	—	Comparison data register
DCCR	—	—	Data comparison control register
SPTR	—	—	Serial port register
CR2	BCCS[1:0]	<p>Bus collision detection clock select bits</p> <p>b5 b4</p> <p>0 0: SCI Base clock frequency</p> <p>0 1: SCI Base clock frequency divided by 2</p> <p>1 0: SCI Base clock frequency divided by 4</p> <p>1 1: Setting prohibited.</p>	<p>Bus collision detection clock select bits</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • When SEMR.BGDM = 0 or SEMR.BGDM = 1 and SMR.CKS[1:0] = a value other than 00b <p>b5 b4</p> <p>0 0: Base clock frequency</p> <p>0 1: Base clock frequency divided by 2</p> <p>1 0: Base clock frequency divided by 4</p> <p>1 1: Setting prohibited.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • When SEMR.BGDM = 1 and SMR.CKS[1:0] = 00b <p>b5 b4</p> <p>0 0: Base clock frequency divided by 2</p> <p>0 1: Base clock frequency divided by 4</p> <p>1 0: Setting prohibited.</p> <p>1 1: Setting prohibited.</p>

2.26 I²C Bus Interface

Table 2.76 is a comparative overview of I²C bus interface, and Table 2.77 is a comparison of I²C bus interface registers.

Table 2.76 Comparative Overview of I²C Bus Interface

Item	RX63T (RIIC)	RX72T (RIICa)
Number of channels	2 channels	1 channel
Communication format	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> I²C bus format or SMBus format Selectable between master mode and slave mode Automatic securing of set-up times, hold times, and bus-free times to match the specified transfer speed 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> I²C bus format or SMBus format Selectable between master mode and slave mode Automatic securing of set-up times, hold times, and bus-free times to match the specified transfer speed
Transfer speed	Up to 400 kbps	Support for fast mode (up to 400 kbps)
SCL clock	Ability to select duty cycle of SCL clock within range of 4% to 96% during master operation	Ability to select duty cycle of SCL clock within range of 4% to 96% during master operation
Issuing and detecting conditions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Automatic generation of start, restart, and stop conditions Ability to detect start conditions (including restart conditions) and stop conditions 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Automatic generation of start, restart, and stop conditions Ability to detect start conditions (including restart conditions) and stop conditions
Slave address	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ability to set up to three slave addresses Support for 7- and 10-bit address formats (along with use of both at once) Ability to detect general call addresses, device ID addresses, and SMBus host addresses 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ability to set up to three different slave addresses Support for 7- and 10-bit address formats (along with use of both at once) Ability to detect general call addresses, device ID addresses, and SMBus host addresses
Acknowledgment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Automatic loading of acknowledge bit during transmission <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ability to suspend the next data transfer automatically on detection of a not-acknowledge bit Automatic transmission of acknowledge bit during reception <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Support for software control of value of the acknowledge bit according to the received data when a wait between the eighth and ninth clock cycles is selected 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Automatic loading of acknowledge bit during transmission <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ability to suspend the next data transfer automatically on detection of a not-acknowledge bit Automatic transmission of acknowledge bit during reception <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Support for software control of value of the acknowledge bit according to the received data when a wait between the eighth and ninth clock cycles is selected
Wait function	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ability to implement a wait by holding the SCL clock signal low Wait between the eighth and ninth clock cycles Wait between the ninth and first clock cycles (WAIT function) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ability to implement a wait by holding the SCL clock signal low Wait between the eighth and ninth clock cycles Wait between the ninth and first clock cycles
SDA output delay function	Ability to delay output timing of transmitted data, including the acknowledge bit	Ability to delay output timing of transmitted data, including the acknowledge bit

Item	RX63T (RIIC)	RX72T (RIICa)
Arbitration	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Multi-master support <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ability to synchronize operation with the clock of another master in cases of conflict with the SCL clock Ability to detect loss of arbitration in case of an SDA line signal state mismatch when a start condition issuance conflict occurs Ability to detect loss of arbitration when a start transmit data mismatch occurs during master operation Ability to detect loss of arbitration due to start condition issuance when the bus is busy (to prevent issuance of duplicate start conditions) Ability to detect loss of arbitration in case of an SDA line signal state mismatch when a not-acknowledge bit is sent Ability to detect loss of arbitration when a data mismatch occurs during slave transmission 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Multi-master support <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ability to synchronize operation with the clock of another master in cases of conflict with the SCL clock Ability to detect loss of arbitration in case of an SDA line signal state mismatch when a start condition issuance conflict occurs Ability to detect loss of arbitration when a start transmit data mismatch occurs during master operation Ability to detect loss of arbitration due to start condition issuance when the bus is busy (to prevent issuance of duplicate start conditions) Ability to detect loss of arbitration in case of an SDA line signal state mismatch when a not-acknowledge bit is sent Ability to detect loss of arbitration when a data mismatch occurs during slave transmission
Timeout detection function	Ability to detect extended stopping of the SCL clock using built-in time-out function	Ability to detect extended stopping of the SCL clock using built-in time-out function
Noise cancellation	Built-in digital noise filters for SCL and SDA signals, and ability to adjust the noise cancellation width by software.	Built-in digital noise filters for SCL and SDA signals, and ability to adjust the noise cancellation width by software.
Interrupt sources	<p>Four sources</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Communication error/event occurrence (AL detection, NACK detection, timeout detection, start condition (including restart condition) detection, or stop condition detection) Receive data full (including match with slave address) Transmit data empty (including match with slave address) Transmission complete 	<p>Four sources</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Communication error/event occurrence, arbitration detection, NACK detection, timeout detection, start condition (including restart condition) detection, or stop condition detection Receive data full (including match with slave address) Transmit data empty (including match with slave address) Transmission complete
Low power consumption function	Ability to specify transition to module stop state	Ability to transition to module stop state
RIIC operating modes	Four modes: Master transmit mode, master receive mode, slave transmit mode, and slave receive mode	Four modes: Master transmit mode, master receive mode, slave transmit mode, and slave receive mode

Item	RX63T (RIIC)	RX72T (RIICa)
Event link function (output)	—	<p>Four sources (RIIC0)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Communication error/event occurrence, arbitration detection, NACK detection, timeout detection, start condition (including restart condition) detection, or stop condition detection • Receive data full (including match with slave address) • Transmit data empty (including match with slave address) • Transmission complete

Table 2.77 Comparison of I²C Bus Interface Registers

Register	Bit	RX63T (RIIC)	RX72T (RIICa)
ICMR2	TMWE	Timeout internal counter write enable bit	—
TMOCNT	—	Timeout internal counter	—

2.27 CAN Module

Table 2.78 is a comparative overview of CAN module.

Table 2.78 Comparative Overview of CAN Module

Item	RX63T (CAN)	RX72T (CAN)
Number of channels	3 channels	1 channel
Protocol	ISO 11898-1 compliant (standard and extended frames)	ISO 11898-1 compliant (standard and extended frames)
Bit rate	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Programmable bit rate up to 1 Mbps ($f_{CAN} \geq 8$ MHz) f_{CAN}: CAN clock source 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Programmable bit rate up to 1 Mbps ($f_{CAN} \geq 8$ MHz) f_{CAN}: CAN clock source
Message box	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 32 mailboxes: Two selectable mailbox modes Normal mailbox mode: — 32 mailboxes can be configured for either transmission or reception. FIFO mailbox mode: — 24 mailboxes can be configured for either transmission or reception. — The remaining mailboxes can be configured as four FIFO transmission stages and four FIFO reception stages. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 32 mailboxes: Two selectable mailbox modes Normal mailbox mode: — 32 mailboxes can be configured for either transmission or reception. FIFO mailbox mode: — 24 mailboxes can be configured for either transmission or reception. — The remaining mailboxes can be configured as four FIFO transmission stages and four FIFO reception stages.
Reception	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ability to receive data frames and remote frames Selectable ID reception format (only standard IDs, only extended IDs, or both standard and extended IDs) Ability to select one-shot reception function Ability to select among overwrite mode (messages are overwritten) and overrun mode (messages are discarded) Ability to enable or disable reception complete interrupt individually for each mailbox 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ability to receive data frames and remote frames Selectable ID reception format (only standard IDs, only extended IDs, or both standard and extended IDs) Ability to select one-shot reception function Ability to select among overwrite mode (messages are overwritten) and overrun mode (messages are discarded) Ability to enable or disable reception complete interrupt individually for each mailbox
Acceptance filter	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Eight acceptance masks (one mask for every four mailboxes) Ability to enable or disable masks individually for each mailbox 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Eight acceptance masks (one mask for every four mailboxes) Ability to enable or disable masks individually for each mailbox

Item	RX63T (CAN)	RX72T (CAN)
Transmission	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ability to transmit data frames and remote frames Ability to select ID transmission format (only standard IDs, only extended IDs, or both standard and extended IDs) Ability to select one-shot transmission function Ability to select between ID priority mode and mailbox number priority mode Ability to abort transmission requests (and ability to confirm abort completion with a flag) Ability to enable or disable transmission complete interrupt individually for each mailbox 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ability to transmit data frames and remote frames Ability to select ID transmission format (only standard IDs, only extended IDs, or both standard and extended IDs) Ability to select one-shot transmission function Ability to select between ID priority mode and mailbox number priority mode Ability to abort transmission requests (and ability to confirm abort completion with a flag) Ability to enable or disable transmission complete interrupt individually for each mailbox
Bus-off recovery methods	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ability to select method of recovery from the bus-off state ISO 11898-1 compliant Automatic transition to CAN halt mode at bus-off start Automatic transition to CAN halt mode at bus-off end Transition to CAN halt mode by software Transition to error-active state by software 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ability to select method of recovery from the bus-off state ISO 11898-1 compliant Automatic transition to CAN halt mode at bus-off start Automatic transition to CAN halt mode at bus-off end Transition to CAN halt mode by software Transition to error-active state by software
Error status monitoring	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ability to monitor CAN bus errors (stuffing error, form error, ACK error, CRC error, bit error, and ACK delimiter error) Ability to transitions to error states (error-warning, error-passive, bus-off start, and bus-off recovery) Ability to read error counters 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ability to monitor CAN bus errors (stuffing error, form error, ACK error, CRC error, bit error, and ACK delimiter error) Ability to transitions to error states (error-warning, error-passive, bus-off start, and bus-off recovery) Ability to read error counters
Time stamp function	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Time stamp function using 16-bit counter Ability to select reference clock among 1-, 2-, 4- and 8-bit time durations 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Time stamp function using 16-bit counter Ability to select reference clock among 1-, 2-, 4- and 8-bit time durations
Interrupt function	Five interrupt sources (reception complete, transmission complete, receive FIFO, transmit FIFO, and error interrupts)	Five interrupt sources (reception complete, transmission complete, receive FIFO, transmit FIFO, and error interrupts)
CAN sleep mode	Ability to reduce current consumption by stopping the CAN clock	Ability to reduce current consumption by stopping the CAN clock
Software support units	<p>Three software support units</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Acceptance filter support Mailbox search support (receive mailbox search, transmit mailbox search, and message lost search) Channel search support 	<p>Three software support units</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Acceptance filter support Mailbox search support (receive mailbox search, transmit mailbox search, and message lost search) Channel search support

Item	RX63T (CAN)	RX72T (CAN)
CAN clock source	Peripheral module clock (PCLK) or CANMCLK	Peripheral module clock (PCLKB) or CANMCLK
Test modes	Three test modes for user evaluation <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Listen-only mode • Self-test mode 0 (external loopback) • Self-test mode 1 (internal loopback) 	Three test modes for user evaluation <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Listen-only mode • Self-test mode 0 (external loopback) • Self-test mode 1 (internal loopback)
Low power consumption function	Ability to specify transition to module stop state	Ability to specify transition to module stop state

2.28 Serial Peripheral Interface

Table 2.79 is a comparative overview of serial peripheral interface, and Table 2.80 is a comparison of serial peripheral interface registers.

Table 2.79 Comparative Overview of Serial Peripheral Interface

Item	RX63T (RSPI)	RX72T (RSPIc)
Number of channels	2 channels	1 channel
RSPI transfer functions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ability to use MOSI (master out/slave in), MISO (master in/slave out), SSL (slave select), and RSPCK (RSPI clock) signals to implement serial communication through SPI operation (four-wire method) or clock synchronous operation (three-wire method). Ability to perform transmit-only operation Ability to perform serial communication in master or slave mode Communication mode: Selectable between full-duplex and transmit-only Ability to switch the polarity of the serial transfer clock Ability to switch the phase of the serial transfer clock 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ability to use MOSI (master out/slave in), MISO (master in/slave out), SSL (slave select), and RSPCK (RSPI clock) signals to implement serial communication through SPI operation (four-wire method) or clock synchronous operation (three-wire method). Ability to perform transmit-only operation Ability to perform serial communication in master or slave mode Communication mode: Selectable between full-duplex and transmit-only Ability to switch the polarity of RSPCK Ability to switch the phase of RSPCK
Data format	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Selectable between MSB-first and LSB-first Ability to select transfer bit length among 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 20, 24, and 32 bits 128-bit transmit/receive buffers Ability to transfer up to four frames in each round of transmission/reception (with up to 32 bits per frame) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Selectable between MSB-first and LSB-first Ability to select transfer bit length among 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 20, 24, and 32 bits 128-bit transmit/receive buffers Ability to transfer up to four frames in each round of transmission/reception (with up to 32 bits per frame) Ability to perform byte swapping of transmit and receive data
Bit rate	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> In master mode, the on-chip baud rate generator generates RSPCK by frequency-dividing PCLK (division ratio: 2 to 4,096). In slave mode, the externally input clock is used as the serial clock (maximum frequency: PCLK divided by 8). <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Width at high level: 4 cycles of PCLK; width at low level: 4 cycles of PCLK 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> In master mode, the on-chip baud rate generator generates RSPCK by frequency-dividing PCLK (division ratio: 2 to 4,096). In slave mode, PCLK divided by a minimum of 4 can be input as RSPCK (RSPCK maximum frequency: PCLK divided by 4). <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Width at high level: 2 cycles of PCLK; width at low level: 2 cycles of PCLK
Buffer configuration	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Double buffer configuration for the transmit/receive buffers 128 bits for the transmit/receive buffers 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Double buffer configuration for both the transmit and receive buffers 128 bits for the transmit/receive buffers

Item	RX63T (RSPI)	RX72T (RSPIc)
Error detection	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mode fault error detection • Overrun error detection • Parity error detection 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mode fault error detection • Overrun error detection • Parity error detection • Underrun error detection
Interrupt sources	<p>Maskable interrupt sources</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • RSPI receive interrupt (receive buffer full) • RSPI transmit interrupt (transmit buffer empty) • RSPI error interrupt (mode fault, overrun, or parity error) • RSPI idle interrupt (RSPI idle) 	<p>Interrupt sources</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Receive buffer full interrupt • Transmit buffer empty interrupt • RSPI error interrupt (mode fault, underrun, or parity error) • RSPI idle interrupt (RSPI idle)
SSL control function	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Four SSL signals (SSLn0 to SSLn3) per channel • In single-master mode, SSLn0 to SSLn3 signals are output. • In multi-master mode, the SSLn0 signal is input, and SSLn1 to SSLn3 signals are either output or unused. • In slave mode, the SSLn0 signal is input, and SSLn1 to SSLn3 signals are unused. • Controllable delay from SSL output assertion to RSPCK operation (RSPCK delay) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Setting range: 1 to 8 RSPCK cycles — Setting unit: One RSPCK cycle • Controllable delay from RSPCK stop to SSL output negation (SSL negation delay) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Setting range: 1 to 8 RSPCK cycles — Setting unit: One RSPCK cycle • Controllable wait until next-access SSL output assertion (next-access delay) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Setting range: 1 to 8 RSPCK cycles — Setting unit: One RSPCK cycle • Function for changing SSL polarity 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Four SSL pins (SSLA0 to SSLA3) per channel • In single-master mode, SSLA0 to SSLA3 pins are output. • In multi-master mode, the SSLA0 pin is input, and SSLA1 to SSLA3 pins are either output or unused. • In slave mode, the SSLA0 pin is input, and SSLA1 to SSLA3 pins are unused. • Controllable delay from SSL output assertion to RSPCK operation (RSPCK delay) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Setting range: 1 to 8 RSPCK cycles — Setting unit: One RSPCK cycle • Controllable delay from RSPCK stop to SSL output negation (SSL negation delay) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Setting range: 1 to 8 RSPCK cycles — Setting unit: One RSPCK cycle • Controllable wait until next-access SSL output assertion (next-access delay) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Setting range: 1 to 8 RSPCK cycles — Setting unit: One RSPCK cycle • Function for changing SSL polarity

Item	RX63T (RSPI)	RX72T (RSPIc)
Control during master transfer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A transfer of up to eight commands can be executed sequentially in looped execution. For each command, the following items can be set: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> SSL signal value, bit rate, RSPCK polarity/phase, transfer data length, MSB/LSB-first, burst, RSPCK delay, SSL negation delay, and next-access delay A transfer can be initiated by writing to the transmit buffer. The MOSI signal value at SSL negation can be specified. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A transfer of up to eight commands can be executed sequentially in looped execution. For each command, the following items can be set: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> SSL signal value, bit rate, RSPCK polarity/phase, transfer data length, MSB/LSB-first, burst, RSPCK delay, SSL negation delay, and next-access delay A transfer can be initiated by writing to the transmit buffer. The MOSI signal value at SSL negation can be specified. RSPCK auto-stop function
Event link function (output)	—	<p>The following events can be output to the event link controller (RSPI0):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Receive buffer full event signal Transmit buffer empty event signal Mode fault, overrun, underrun, or parity error event signal RSPI idle event signal Transmission-completed event signal
Other functions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Function for switching between CMOS and open-drain output (switched by SPPCR.SPOM bit) Function for initializing the RSPI Loopback mode 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Function for switching between CMOS and open-drain output (switched by ODRn.Bi bit) Function for initializing the RSPI Loopback mode
Low power consumption function	Ability to specify transition to module stop state	Ability to specify transition to module stop state

Table 2.80 Comparison of Serial Peripheral Interface Registers

Register	Bit	RX63T (RSPI)	RX72T (RSPIc)
SPPCR	SPOM	RSPI output pin mode bit	—
SPSR	MODF	Mode fault error flag 0: No mode fault error occurred. 1: A mode fault error occurred.	Mode fault error flag 0: No mode fault error or underrun error occurred. 1: A mode fault error or underrun error occurred.
	UDRF	—	Underrun error flag
SPDR	—	RSPI data register Available access sizes: • Longword (SPDCR.SPLW = 1) • Word (SPDCR.SPLW = 0)	RSPI data register Available access sizes: • Longword (SPDCR.SPLW = 1, SPDCR.SPBYT = 0) • Word (SPDCR.SPLW = 0, SPDCR.SPBYT = 0) • Byte (SPDCR.SPBYT = 1)
SPBR	SPR0 to SPR7 (RX63T) — (RX72T)	RSPI bit rate register	RSPI bit rate register
SPDCR	SPBYT	—	RSPI byte access specification bit
SPCR2	SCKASE	—	RSPCK auto-stop function enable bit
SPDCR2	—	—	RSPI data control register 2

2.29 CRC Calculator

Table 2.81 is a comparative overview of CRC calculator, and Table 2.82 is a comparison of CRC calculator registers.

Table 2.81 Comparative Overview of CRC Calculator

Item	RX63T (CRC)	RX72T (CRCA)	
Data size	8 bits	8 bits	32 bits
Data for CRC calculation	CRC codes are generated 8n-bit data units (where n is a whole number).	CRC codes are generated 8n-bit data units (where n is a whole number).	CRC codes are generated 32n-bit data units (where n is a whole number).
CRC processing method	8-bit parallel execution	8-bit parallel execution	32-bit parallel execution
CRC generation polynomial	Ability to select among three generation polynomials <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 8-bit CRC $X^8 + X^2 + X + 1$ • 16-bit CRC $X^{16} + X^{15} + X^2 + 1$, $X^{16} + X^{12} + X^5 + 1$ 	Ability to select among three generation polynomials <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 8-bit CRC $X^8 + X^2 + X + 1$ • 16-bit CRC $X^{16} + X^{15} + X^2 + 1$, $X^{16} + X^{12} + X^5 + 1$ 	Ability to select among two generation polynomials <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 32-bit CRC $X^{32} + X^{26} + X^{23} + X^{22}$ $+ X^{16} + X^{12} + X^{11} + X^{10}$ $+ X^8 + X^7 + X^5 + X^4 + X^2$ $+ X + 1$, $X^{32} + X^{28} + X^{27} + X^{26}$ $+ X^{25} + X^{23} + X^{22} + X^{20}$ $+ X^{19} + X^{18} + X^{14} + X^{13}$ $+ X^{11} + X^{10} + X^9 + X^8$ $+ X^6 + 1$
CRC calculation switching	Ability to select between CRC code generation for LSB-first or MSB-first communication	The bit order of the CRC calculation result can be switched to accommodate LSB-first or MSB-first for communication.	
Low power consumption function	Ability to specify transition to module stop state	Ability to transition to module stop state	

Table 2.82 Comparison of CRC Calculator Registers

Register	Bit	RX63T (CRC)	RX72T (CRCA)
CRCCR	GPS[1:0] (RX63T) GPS[2:0] (RX72T)	CRC generating polynomial switching bits (b1, b0) b1 b0 0 0: No calculation 0 1: $X^8 + X^2 + X + 1$ 1 0: $X^{16} + X^{15} + X^2 + 1$ 1 1: $X^{16} + X^{12} + X^5 + 1$	CRC generating polynomial switching bits (b2 to b0) b2 b0 0 0 0: No calculation 0 0 1: 8-bit CRC $(X^8 + X^2 + X + 1)$ 0 1 0: 16-bit CRC $(X^{16} + X^{15} + X^2 + 1)$ 0 1 1: 16-bit CRC $(X^{16} + X^{12} + X^5 + 1)$ 1 0 0: 32-bit CRC $(X^{32} + X^{26} + X^{23} + X^{22}$ $+ X^{16} + X^{12} + X^{11} + X^{10}$ $+ X^8 + X^7 + X^5 + X^4$ $+ X^2 + X + 1)$ 1 0 1: 32-bit CRC $(X^{32} + X^{28} + X^{27} + X^{26}$ $+ X^{25} + X^{23} + X^{22} + X^{20}$ $+ X^{19} + X^{18} + X^{14} + X^{13}$ $+ X^{11} + X^{10} + X^9 + X^8 + X^6$ $+ 1)$ 1 1 0: No calculation 1 1 1: No calculation
	LMS	CRC calculation switching bit (b2)	CRC calculation switching bit (b6)
CRCDIR	—	CRC data input register Available access sizes: • Byte	CRC data input register Available access sizes: • Longword (for 32-bit CRC generation) • Byte (for 16-bit or 8-bit CRC generation)
CRCDOR	—	CRC data output register Available access sizes: • Word When generating 8-bit CRCs, the lower-order byte (bits b7 to b0) is used.	CRC data output register Available access sizes: • Longword (for 32-bit CRC generation) • Word (for 16-bit CRC generation) • Byte (for 8-bit CRC generation)

2.30 12-Bit A/D Converter

Table 2.83 is a comparative overview of the 12-bit A/D converters, Table 2.84 is a comparison of 12-bit A/D converter registers, Table 2.85 is a comparative listing of A/D conversion start triggers that can be set in the ADSTRGR register (on 144-, 120-, 112-, and 100-pin versions), and Table 2.86 is a comparative listing of A/D conversion start triggers that can be set in the ADSTRGR register (on 64- and 48-pin versions).

Table 2.83 Comparative Overview of 12-Bit A/D Converters

Item	RX63T (S12ADB)		RX72T (S12ADH)
	144-, 120-, 112-, and 100-Pin Versions	64- and 48-Pin Versions	
Number of units	2 units (S12ADB0, S12ADB1)	1 unit	3 units (S12AD, S12AD1, S12AD2)
Input channels	Eight channels (four channels × two units)	Up to eight channels	S12AD: 8 channels, S12AD1: 8 channels, S12AD2: 14 channels
Extended analog function	—		Temperature sensor output, internal reference voltage (S12AD2 only)
A/D conversion method	Successive approximation method		Successive approximation method
Resolution	12 bits		12 bits
Conversion time	1.0 µs per channel (when A/D conversion clock (ADCLK) = 50 MHz)		0.9 µs per channel (when A/D conversion clock (ADCLK) = 60 MHz)
A/D conversion clock	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The available peripheral module clock (PCLKB) and A/D conversion clock (ADCLK) frequency dividing ratio settings are as follows: PCLKB:ADCLK frequency dividing ratio = 1:1, 1:2, 1:4, or 1:8 ADCLK is set by the clock generation circuit (CPG). 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The available peripheral module clock (PCLK) and A/D conversion clock (ADCLK) frequency ratio settings are as follows: PCLK:ADCLK frequency ratio = 1:1, 1:2, 2:1, or 4:1 ADCLK is set by the clock generation circuit. The A/D conversion clock (ADCLK) can operate at frequencies from 60 MHz (maximum) to 8 MHz (minimum).
Conditions for A/D conversion start	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Software trigger Synchronous trigger <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Triggering by multi-function timer pulse unit (MTU3) or the general-purpose PWM timer (GPT) Asynchronous trigger <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A/D conversion can be triggered by the external trigger ADTRGn# pin. 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Software trigger Synchronous trigger <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Trigger by the multi-function timer pulse unit (MTU), 8-bit timer (TMR), or event link controller (ELC). Asynchronous trigger <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A/D conversion can be triggered by the external trigger ADTRG0# (S12AD), ADTRG1# (S12AD1), or ADTRG2# (S12AD2) pin (independently for three units).

Item	RX63T (S12ADB)		RX72T (S12ADH)	
	144-, 120-, 112-, and 100-Pin Versions			
	64- and 48-Pin Versions			
Data registers	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Eight registers for analog input, one for A/D-converted data duplication in double-trigger mode, and two for A/D-converted data duplication during extended operation in double-trigger mode A/D conversion results are stored in 12-bit A/D data registers. 8, 10, or 12-bit precision output of the results of A/D conversion (selectable between 2 and 4-bit right shift for output of conversion results) Accumulated A/D conversion results are stored as a 14-bit value in A/D data registers in cumulative mode. Double trigger mode (selectable in single cycle scan or group scan mode) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The first piece of A/D-converted analog input data on one selected channel is stored in the data register for the channel, and the second piece is stored in the duplication register. Extended operation in double trigger mode (available for specific triggers) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A/D-converted analog input data on one selected channel is stored in the duplication register prepared for each trigger. 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 30 registers (S12AD: 8, S12AD1: 8, S12AD2: 14) for analog input, one for A/D-converted data duplication in double trigger mode per unit, and two for A/D-converted data duplication during extended operation in double trigger mode per unit. One register for temperature sensor (S12AD2) One register for internal reference voltage (S12AD2) One register for self-diagnosis per unit A/D conversion results are stored in 12-bit A/D data registers. In A/D-converted value addition mode, the value obtained by adding up A/D-converted results is stored as (conversion accuracy bit count + 2 bits / 4 bits) in the A/D data registers. Double trigger mode (selectable in single scan or group scan mode) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The first piece of A/D-converted analog input data on one selected channel is stored in the data register for the channel, and the second piece is stored in the duplication register. Extended operation in double trigger mode (available for specific triggers) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A/D-converted analog input data on one selected channel is stored in the duplication register prepared for each trigger. 	

Item	RX63T (S12ADB)		RX72T (S12ADH)
	144-, 120-, 112-, and 100-Pin Versions	64- and 48-Pin Versions	
Event link function	—		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> An event signal is output when all scans are finished. An event signal is output according to the comparison function window conditions in single scan mode. Ability to start scanning by a trigger from the ELC
Low power consumption function	Ability to specify transition to module stop state		Ability to transition to module stop state
Reference voltage supply pin	VREFH0		AVCC0, AVCC1, AVCC2
Reference ground pin	VREFL0		AVSS0, AVSS1, AVSS2
Functions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sample-and-hold function Channel-dedicated sample-and-hold function (three channels per unit) Variable sampling state count 12-bit A/D converter self-diagnostic function A/D-converted value addition mode Discharge function Double trigger mode (duplication of A/D conversion data) Window-comparator function (three channels/unit) A/D data register auto-clear function 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sample-and-hold function Channel-dedicated sample-and-hold function (three channels) Variable sampling state count 12-bit A/D converter self-diagnostic function A/D-converted value addition mode Discharge function Double trigger mode (duplication of A/D conversion data) Window-comparator function (three channels/unit) A/D data register auto-clear function 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sample-and-hold function Channel-dedicated sample-and-hold function (three channels for S12AD and three channels for S12AD1) (ability to specify constant sampling) Variable sampling time function (ability to specify on per channel basis) 12-bit A/D converter self-diagnostic function Ability to select between A/D-converted value addition mode and average mode Analog input disconnection detection assist function (discharge function/precharge function) Double trigger mode (duplication of A/D conversion data) For functionality equivalent to the window comparator function of RX63T, refer to the Comparator C chapter in RX72T Group User's Manual: Hardware. A/D data register auto-clear function

Item	RX63T (S12ADB)		RX72T (S12ADH)
	144-, 120-, 112-, and 100-Pin Versions	64- and 48-Pin Versions	
Functions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Input signal amplification function using programmable gain amplifier (three channels per unit) 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Comparison function (windows A and B) Ability to specify order of channel conversion for each unit Input signal amplification function using programmable gain amplifier (Each unit has three channels; either single-ended input or pseudo-differential input can be selected.)
Operating modes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Single-cycle scan mode: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A/D conversion is performed only once on the analog inputs of up to four arbitrarily selected channels. Continuous scan mode: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A/D conversion is performed repeatedly on the analog inputs of up to four arbitrarily selected channels. Group scan mode: 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Single-cycle scan mode: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A/D conversion is performed only once on the analog inputs of up to eight arbitrarily selected channels. Continuous scan mode: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A/D conversion is performed repeatedly on the analog inputs of up to eight arbitrarily selected channels. Group scan mode: 	<p>The operating mode can be set independently for three units.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Single scan mode: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A/D conversion is performed only once on arbitrarily selected analog inputs. A/D conversion is performed only once on the temperature sensor output (S12AD2). A/D conversion is performed only once on the internal reference voltage (S12AD2). Continuous scan mode: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A/D conversion is performed repeatedly on arbitrarily selected analog inputs. Group scan mode: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Two (groups A and B) or three (groups A, B, and C) can be selected as the number of the groups to be used. (Only the combination of groups A and B can be selected when the number of the groups is two.)

Item	RX63T (S12ADB)		RX72T (S12ADH)
	144-, 120-, 112-, and 100-Pin Versions	64- and 48-Pin Versions	
Operating modes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Up to four channels of analog inputs are divided between group A and group B, and A/D conversion is performed only once on all the selected channels on a group basis. — The scan start conditions of group A and group B can be selected independently, allowing A/D conversion of group A and group B to be started at different times. • Group scan mode (when group A has priority): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — If a group A trigger is input during A/D conversion on group B, A/D conversion on group B is stopped and A/D conversion is performed on group A. — After the A/D conversion on group A is completed, A/D conversion on group B is restarted (rescan). 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Up to eight channels of analog inputs are divided between group A and group B, and A/D conversion is performed only once on all the selected channels on a group basis. — The scan start conditions of group A and group B can be selected independently, allowing A/D conversion of group A and group B to be started at different times. • Group scan mode (when group A has priority): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — If a group A trigger is input during A/D conversion on group B, A/D conversion on group B is stopped and A/D conversion is performed on group A. — After the A/D conversion on group A is completed, A/D conversion on group B is restarted (rescan). 	<p>Analog inputs on arbitrarily selected channels, the temperature sensor output (S12AD2), and the internal reference voltage (S12AD2) are divided into groups A and B or into groups A, B, and C, and A/D conversion is performed only once on the inputs selected in group units.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — The conditions for starting scanning of groups A, B, and C (synchronous trigger) can be selected independently, allowing A/D conversion of each group to be started at different times. • Group scan mode (group priority control selected): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — If a higher-priority group trigger is input during scanning of a lower-priority group, scan of the lower-priority group is stopped and scan of the higher-priority group is started. The priority order is group A (highest) > group B > group C (lowest). Whether or not to restart scanning of (rescan) the lower-priority group after processing for the higher-priority group completes, is selectable. Rescan can also be set to start either from the first selected channel or from the channel on which A/D conversion is not completed.

Item	RX63T (S12ADB)		RX72T (S12ADH)
	144-, 120-, 112-, and 100-Pin Versions	64- and 48-Pin Versions	
Interrupt sources	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> In modes other than double trigger mode and group scan mode, a scan end interrupt (S12ADI or S12ADI1) request can be generated on completion of single scan. In double trigger mode, a scan end interrupt (S12ADI or S12ADI1) request can be generated on completion of double scan. In group scan mode, a scan end interrupt (S12ADI or S12ADI1) request can be generated on completion of group A scan, and a scan end interrupt request specially for group B (S12GBADI or S12GBADI1) can be generated on completion of group B scan. In group scan double trigger mode, a scan end interrupt (S12ADI or S12ADI1) request can be generated on completion of double scan of group A, and a scan end interrupt request specially for group B (S12GBADI or S12GBADI1) can be generated on completion of group B scan. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> In modes other than double trigger mode and group scan mode, a scan end interrupt (S12ADI) request can be generated on completion of single scan. In double trigger mode, a scan end interrupt (S12ADI) request can be generated on completion of double scan. In group scan mode, a scan end interrupt (S12ADI) request can be generated on completion of group A scan, and a scan end interrupt request specially for group B (S12GBADI) can be generated on completion of group B scan. In group scan double trigger mode, a scan end interrupt (S12ADI) request can be generated on completion of double scan of group A, and a scan end interrupt request specially for group B (S12GBADI) can be generated on completion of group B scan. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> In modes other than double trigger mode and group scan mode, a scan end interrupt request (S12ADI, S12ADI1, or S12ADI2) can be generated on completion of single scan (independently for each of three units). In double trigger mode, a scan end interrupt request (S12ADI, S12ADI1, or S12ADI2) can be generated on completion of double scan (independently for each of three units). In group scan mode, a scan end interrupt request (S12ADI, S12ADI1, or S12ADI2) can be generated on completion of group A scan, a group B scan end interrupt request (S12GBADI, S12GBADI1, or S12GBADI2) can be generated on completion of group B scan, and a group C scan end interrupt request (S12GCADI, S12GCADI1, or S12GCADI2) can be generated on completion of group C scan. When double trigger group scan mode is selected, a scan end interrupt request (S12ADI, S12ADI1, or S12ADI2) can be generated on completion of double scan of group A, and a corresponding scan end interrupt request (S12GBADI/S12GCADI, S12GBADI1/S12GCADI1, or S12GBADI2/S12GCADI2) can be generated on completion of group B or group C scan.

Item	RX63T (S12ADB)		RX72T (S12ADH)
	144-, 120-, 112-, and 100-Pin Versions	64- and 48-Pin Versions	
Interrupt sources	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> An interrupt request (CMP0 to CMP2 or CMP4 to CMP6) is generated (and can be used as a POE source) in response to detection by the comparator. The S12ADI, S12GBADI, S12ADI1, S12GBADI1, CMP0 to CMP2, and CMP4 to CMP6 interrupts can be used to activate the DMA controller (DMAC) or the data-transfer controller (DTC). 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> An interrupt request (CMP0 to CMP2) is generated (and can be used as a POE source) in response to detection by the comparator. The S12ADI, S12GBADI, and CMP0 to CMP2 interrupts can be used to activate the DMA controller (DMAC) or the data-transfer controller (DTC). 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A compare interrupt request (S12CMPAI, S12CMPAI1, S12CMPAI2, S12CMPBI, S12CMPBI1, or S12CMPBI2) can be generated upon a match with the comparison condition of the digital compare function. The S12ADI/S12ADI1/S12ADI2, S12GBADI/S12GBADI1/S12GBADI2, and S12GCADI/S12GCADI1/S12GCADI2 interrupts can trigger the DMA controller (DMAC) and data transfer controller (DTC).

Table 2.84 Comparison of 12-Bit A/D Converter Registers

Register	Bit	RX63T (S12ADA)		RX72T (S12ADH)
		144-, 120-, 112-, and 100-Pin Versions	64- and 48-Pin Versions	
ADDRy	—	A/D data register y (y = 0 to 3)	A/D data register y (y = 0 to 7)	A/D data register y (y = 0 to 7: S12AD, y = 0 to 7: S12AD1, y = 0 to 11, 16, 17: S12AD2)
ADRD	AD[11:0] (RX63T) — (RX72T)	12-bit A/D-converted value		12-bit A/D-converted value
	DIAGST[1:0] (RX63T) — (RX72T)	Self-diagnostic status bits		Self-diagnostic status bits
ADANSA	—	A/D channel select register A		—
ADANSB	—	A/D channel select register B		—
ADADS	—	A/D-converted value addition mode select register		—
ADADC	ADC[1:0] (RX63T) ADC[2:0] (RX72T)	Addition count select bits		Addition count select bits
	AVEE	—		Average mode enable bit
ADCER	ADPRC[1:0]	A/D data-register bit-precision specification bits		—
	DCE	DCE discharge enable bit		—
	ADRFMT	A/D data register format select bit		A/D data register format select bit
		When A/D-converted value addition mode is selected, the format of each data register is fixed to left-alignment, regardless of the setting of the ADCER.ADRFMT bit.		—
ADSTRGR	TRSB[5:0] (RX63T: 144-, 120-, 112- and 100-pin versions, RX72T) TRSB[4:0] (RX63T: 64- and 48-pin versions)	A/D conversion start trigger select for group B bits Refer to Table 2.85 and Table 2.86 for details.		A/D conversion start trigger select for group B bits Refer to Table 2.85 and Table 2.86 for details.
	TRSA[5:0] (RX63T: 144-, 120-, 112- and 100-pin versions, RX72T) TRSA[4:0] (RX63T: 64- and 48-pin versions)	A/D conversion start trigger select bits Refer to Table 2.85 and Table 2.86 for details.		A/D conversion start trigger select bits Refer to Table 2.85 and Table 2.86 for details.

Register	Bit	RX63T (S12ADA)		RX72T (S12ADH)
		144-, 120-, 112-, and 100-Pin Versions	64- and 48-Pin Versions	
ADSSTRn	SST[7:0] — (RX72T)	A/D sampling state register n (n = 0 to 3)	A/D sampling state register n (n = 0 to 7)	A/D sampling state register n (n = 0 to 11, L, T, or O)
		The valid setting range is 13 to 255 states.		Specify the value for the register as a multiple of 3 in the range from 12 to 252 (clock cycles).
		Initial values after a reset are different.		
ADSHCR	SSTSH[7:0]	Sampling time sample-and-hold circuit setting bits		Channel-dedicated sample-and-hold circuit sampling time setting bits
		The valid setting range is 4 to 255 states.		Specify the value for the register in the range from 12 to 252 (clock cycles).
		Initial values after a reset are different.		
ADGSPCR	LGRRS	—		Restart channel select bit
ADCMPMD0	—	Comparator operating-mode selection register 0		—
ADCMPMD1	—	Comparator operating-mode selection register 1		—
ADCMPNR0	—	Comparator filter-mode register 0		—
ADCMPFR	—	Comparator detection flag register		—
ADCMPSEL	—	Comparator interrupt selection register		—
ADPG	—	A/D programmable gain amplifier register	—	—
ADGSPMR	—	A/D group scan priority control register	—	—
ADTSDR	—	—		A/D temperature sensor data register
ADOCDR	—	—		A/D internal reference voltage data register
ADANSA0	—	—		A/D channel select register A0
ADANSA1	—	—		A/D channel select register A1
ADANSB0	—	—		A/D channel select register B0
ADANSB1	—	—		A/D channel select register B1
ADANSC0	—	—		A/D channel select register C0
ADANSC1	—	—		A/D channel select register C1
ADSCSn	—	—		A/D channel conversion order setting register n (n = 0 to 13)
ADADS0	—	—		A/D-converted value addition/average function channel select register 0
ADADS1	—	—		A/D-converted value addition/average function channel select register 1
ADEXICR	—	—		A/D conversion extended input control register
ADGCEXCR	—	—		A/D group C extended input control register
ADGCTRGR	—	—		A/D group C trigger select register

Register	Bit	RX63T (S12ADA)		RX72T (S12ADH)
		144-, 120-, 112-, and 100-Pin Versions	64- and 48-Pin Versions	
ADSHMSR	—	—		A/D sample-and-hold operating mode select register
ADDISCR	—	—		A/D disconnection detection control register
ADELCCR	—	—		A/D event link control register
ADCMPCR	—	—		A/D comparison function control register
ADCMPANSR0	—	—		A/D comparison function window A channel select register 0
ADCMPANSR1	—	—		A/D comparison function window A channel select register 1
ADCMPANSER	—	—		A/D comparison function window A extended input select register
ADCMPLR0	—	—		A/D comparison function window A comparison condition setting register 0
ADCMPLR1	—	—		A/D comparison function window A comparison condition setting register 1
ADCMPLER	—	—		A/D comparison function window A extended input comparison condition setting register
ADCMPDR0	—	—		A/D comparison function window A lower level setting register
ADCMPDR1	—	—		A/D comparison function window A upper level setting register
ADCMPSR0	—	—		A/D comparison function window A channel status register 0
ADCMPSR1	—	—		A/D comparison function window A channel status register 1
ADCMPSER	—	—		A/D comparison function window A extended input channel status register
ADWINMON	—	—		A/D comparison function window A/B status monitoring register
ADCMPBNSR	—	—		A/D comparison function window B channel select register
ADWINLLB	—	—		A/D comparison function window B lower level setting register

Register	Bit	RX63T (S12ADA)		RX72T (S12ADH)
		144-, 120-, 112-, and 100-Pin Versions	64- and 48-Pin Versions	
ADWINULB	—	—		A/D comparison function window B upper level setting register
ADCMPBSR	—	—		A/D comparison function window B channel status register
ADPGACR	—	—		A/D programmable gain amplifier control register
ADPGAGS0	—	—		A/D programmable gain amplifier gain setting register 0
ADPGADCRO	—	—		A/D programmable gain amplifier differential input control register
ADVMONCR	—	—		A/D internal reference voltage monitoring circuit enable register
ADVMONO	—	—		A/D internal reference voltage monitoring circuit output enable register

**Table 2.85 Comparison of A/D Conversion Start Triggers Set in ADSTRGR Register
(144-, 120-, 112-, and 100-Pin Versions)**

Bit	RX63T (S12ADB)	RX72T (S12ADH)
TRSB[5:0]	<p>Group B A/D conversion start trigger select bits</p> <p>b5 b0</p> <p>1 1 1 1 1 1: No trigger source selected state</p> <p>0 0 0 0 0 1: TRGA0N</p> <p>0 0 0 0 1 0: TRGA1N</p> <p>0 0 0 0 1 1: TRGA2N</p> <p>0 0 0 1 0 0: TRGA3N</p> <p>0 0 0 1 0 1: TRGA4N</p> <p>0 0 0 1 1 0: TRGA6N</p> <p>0 0 0 1 1 1: TRGA7N</p> <p>0 0 1 0 0 0: TRG0AN</p> <p>0 0 1 0 0 1: TRG4AN</p> <p>0 0 1 0 1 0: TRG4BN</p> <p>0 0 1 0 1 1: TRG4AN or TRG4BN</p> <p>0 0 1 1 0 0: TRG4ABN</p> <p>0 0 1 1 0 1: TRG7AN</p> <p>0 0 1 1 1 0: TRG7BN</p> <p>0 0 1 1 1 1: TRG7AN or TRG7BN</p> <p>0 1 0 0 0 0: TRG7ABN</p> <p>0 1 0 0 0 1: GTADTRA0N</p> <p>0 1 0 0 1 0: GTADTRB0N</p> <p>0 1 0 0 1 1: GTADTRA1N</p> <p>0 1 0 1 0 0: GTADTRB1N</p> <p>0 1 0 1 0 1: GTADTRA2N</p> <p>0 1 0 1 1 0: GTADTRB2N</p> <p>0 1 0 1 1 1: GTADTRA3N</p> <p>0 1 1 0 0 0: GTADTRB3N</p> <p>0 1 1 0 0 1: GTADTRA0N or GTADTRB0N</p> <p>0 1 1 0 1 0: GTADTRA1N or GTADTRB1N</p> <p>0 1 1 0 1 1: GTADTRA2N or GTADTRB2N</p> <p>0 1 1 1 0 0: GTADTRA3N or GTADTRB3N</p> <p>0 1 1 1 0 1: GTADTRA4N</p> <p>0 1 1 1 1 0: GTADTRB4N</p> <p>0 1 1 1 1 1: GTADTRA5N</p> <p>1 0 0 0 0 0: GTADTRB5N</p> <p>1 0 0 0 0 1: GTADTRA6N</p> <p>1 0 0 0 1 0: GTADTRB6N</p> <p>1 0 0 0 1 1: GTADTRA7N</p> <p>1 0 0 1 0 0: GTADTRB7N</p> <p>1 0 0 1 0 1: GTADTRA4N or GTADTRB4N</p> <p>1 0 0 1 1 0: GTADTRA5N or GTADTRB5N</p> <p>1 0 0 1 1 1: GTADTRA6N or GTADTRB6N</p> <p>1 0 1 0 0 0: GTADTRA7N or GTADTRB7N</p>	<p>Group B A/D conversion start trigger select bits</p> <p>b5 b0</p> <p>1 1 1 1 1 1: No trigger source selected state</p> <p>0 0 0 0 0 1: TRGA0N</p> <p>0 0 0 0 1 0: TRGA1N</p> <p>0 0 0 0 1 1: TRGA2N</p> <p>0 0 0 1 0 0: TRGA3N</p> <p>0 0 0 1 0 1: TRGA4N</p> <p>0 0 0 1 1 0: TRGA6N</p> <p>0 0 0 1 1 1: TRGA7N</p> <p>0 0 1 0 0 0: TRG0N</p> <p>0 0 1 0 0 1: TRG4AN</p> <p>0 0 1 0 1 0: TRG4BN</p> <p>0 0 1 0 1 1: TRG4AN or TRG4BN</p> <p>0 0 1 1 0 0: TRG4ABN</p> <p>0 0 1 1 0 1: TRG7AN</p> <p>0 0 1 1 1 0: TRG7BN</p> <p>0 0 1 1 1 1: TRG7AN or TRG7BN</p> <p>0 1 0 0 0 0: TRG7ABN</p> <p>0 1 0 0 1 1: TRGA9N</p> <p>0 1 0 1 0 0: TRG9N</p> <p>0 1 1 0 0 1: TRGA0N or TRG0N</p> <p>0 1 1 0 1 0: TRGA9N or TRG9N</p> <p>0 1 1 0 1 1: TRGA0N or TRGA9N</p> <p>0 1 1 1 0 0: TRG0N or TRG9N</p> <p>0 1 1 1 0 1: TMTRG0AN_0</p> <p>0 1 1 1 1 0: TMTRG0AN_1</p> <p>0 1 1 1 1 1: TMTRG0AN_2</p> <p>1 0 0 0 0 0: TMTRG0AN_3</p> <p>1 0 0 0 0 1: TRG9AEN</p> <p>1 0 0 0 1 0: TRG0AEN</p> <p>1 0 0 0 1 1: TRGA09N</p> <p>1 0 0 1 0 0: TRG09N</p> <p>1 1 0 0 1 0: ELCTR00N*¹/ELCTR01N*²/ ELCTR02N*³</p> <p>1 1 0 0 1 1: ELCTR01N*¹/ELCTR01N*²/ ELCTR02N*³</p> <p>1 1 1 0 1 0: ELCTR00N or ELCTR01N*¹ ELCTR01N*² or ELCTR02N*³</p>

Bit	RX63T (S12ADB)	RX72T (S12ADH)
TRSA[5:0]	<p>A/D conversion start trigger select bits</p> <p>b13 b8</p> <p>1 1 1 1 1 1: No trigger source selected state 0 0 0 0 0: ADTRGn# 0 0 0 0 1: TRGA0N 0 0 0 1 0: TRGA1N 0 0 0 1 1: TRGA2N 0 0 1 0 0: TRGA3N 0 0 1 0 1: TRGA4N 0 0 0 1 0: TRGA6N 0 0 0 1 1: TRGA7N 0 0 1 0 0: TRG0AN 0 0 1 0 1: TRG4AN 0 0 1 0 0: TRG4BN 0 0 1 0 1: TRG4AN or TRG4BN 0 0 1 1 0: TRG4ABN 0 0 1 1 0 1: TRG7AN 0 0 1 1 1 0: TRG7BN 0 0 1 1 1 1: TRG7AN or TRG7BN 0 1 0 0 0 0: TRG7ABN</p> <p>0 1 0 0 0 1: GTADTRA0N 0 1 0 0 1 0: GTADTRB0N 0 1 0 0 1 1: GTADTRA1N 0 1 0 1 0 0: GTADTRB1N 0 1 0 1 0 1: GTADTRA2N 0 1 0 1 1 0: GTADTRB2N 0 1 0 1 1 1: GTADTRA3N 0 1 1 0 0 0: GTADTRB3N 0 1 1 0 0 1: GTADTRA0N or GTADTRB0N 0 1 1 0 1 0: GTADTRA1N or GTADTRB1N 0 1 1 0 1 1: GTADTRA2N or GTADTRB2N 0 1 1 1 0 0: GTADTRA3N or GTADTRB3N 0 1 1 1 0 1: GTADTRA4N 0 1 1 1 1 0: GTADTRB4N 0 1 1 1 1 1: GTADTRA5N 1 0 0 0 0 0: GTADTRB5N 1 0 0 0 0 1: GTADTRA6N 1 0 0 0 1 0: GTADTRB6N 1 0 0 0 1 1: GTADTRA7N 1 0 0 1 0 0: GTADTRB7N</p> <p>1 0 0 1 0 1: GTADTRA4N or GTADTRB4N 1 0 0 1 1 0: GTADTRA5N or GTADTRB5N 1 0 0 1 1 1: GTADTRA6N or GTADTRB6N 1 0 1 0 0 0: GTADTRA7N or GTADTRB7N</p>	<p>A/D conversion start trigger select bits</p> <p>b13 b8</p> <p>1 1 1 1 1 1: No trigger source selected state 0 0 0 0 0: ADTRGn# 0 0 0 0 1: TRGA0N 0 0 0 1 0: TRGA1N 0 0 0 1 1: TRGA2N 0 0 1 0 0: TRGA3N 0 0 1 0 1: TRGA4N 0 0 1 1 0: TRGA6N 0 0 1 1 1: TRGA7N 0 0 1 0 0: TRG0N 0 0 1 0 1: TRG4AN 0 0 1 0 0: TRG4BN 0 0 1 0 1: TRG4AN or TRG4BN 0 0 1 1 0: TRG4ABN 0 0 1 1 0 1: TRG7AN 0 0 1 1 1 0: TRG7BN 0 0 1 1 1 1: TRG7AN or TRG7BN 0 1 0 0 0 0: TRG7ABN</p> <p>0 1 0 0 1 1: TRGA9N 0 1 0 1 0 0: TRG9N</p> <p>0 1 1 0 0 1: TRGA0N or TRG0N 0 1 1 0 1 0: TRGA9N or TRG9N 0 1 1 0 1 1: TRGA0N or TRGA9N 0 1 1 1 0 0: TRG0N or TRG9N 0 1 1 1 0 1: TMTRG0AN_0 0 1 1 1 1 0: TMTRG0AN_1 0 1 1 1 1 1: TMTRG0AN_2 1 0 0 0 0 0: TMTRG0AN_3 1 0 0 0 0 1: TRG9AEN 1 0 0 0 1 0: TRG0AEN 1 0 0 0 1 1: TRGA09N 1 0 0 1 0 0: TRG09N</p> <p>1 1 0 0 1 0: ELCTRGOON*¹/ELCTRGI0N*²/ ELCTRGO2N*³ 1 1 0 0 1 1: ELCTRGO1N*¹/ELCTRGI1N*²/ ELCTRGO2N*³ 1 1 1 0 1 0: ELCTRGOON or ELCTRGO1N*¹ ELCTRGI0N or ELCTRGI1N*² ELCTRGO2N or ELCTRGI2N*³</p>

Notes: 1. Unit 0

2. Unit 1

3. Unit 2

**Table 2.86 Comparison of A/D Conversion Start Triggers Set in ADSTRGR Register
(64- and 48-Pin Versions)**

Bit	RX63T (S12ADB)	RX72T (S12ADH)
TRSB[4:0] (RX63T) TRSB[5:0] (RX72T)	<p>Group B A/D conversion start trigger select bits</p> <p>b4 b0</p> <p>1 1 1 1 1: No trigger source selected state</p> <p>0 0 0 0 1: TRGA0N</p> <p>0 0 0 1 0: TRGA1N</p> <p>0 0 0 1 1: TRGA2N</p> <p>0 0 1 0 0: TRGA3N</p> <p>0 0 1 0 1: TRGA4N</p> <p>0 0 1 1 0: TRGA6N</p> <p>0 0 1 1 1: TRGA7N</p> <p>0 1 0 0 0: TRG0AN</p> <p>0 1 0 0 1: TRG4AN</p> <p>0 1 0 1 0: TRG4BN</p> <p>0 1 0 1 1: TRG4AN or TRG4BN</p> <p>0 1 1 0 0: TRG4ABN</p> <p>0 1 1 0 1: TRG7AN</p> <p>0 1 1 1 0: TRG7BN</p> <p>0 1 1 1 1: TRG7AN or TRG7BN</p> <p>1 0 0 0 0: TRG7ABN</p> <p>1 0 0 0 1: GTADTRA0N</p> <p>1 0 0 1 0: GTADTRB0N</p> <p>1 0 0 1 1: GTADTRA1N</p> <p>1 0 1 0 0: GTADTRB1N</p> <p>1 0 1 0 1: GTADTRA2N</p> <p>1 0 1 1 0: GTADTRB2N</p> <p>1 0 1 1 1: GTADTRA3N</p> <p>1 1 0 0 0: GTADTRB3N</p> <p>1 1 0 0 1: GTADTRA0N or GTADTRB0N</p> <p>1 1 0 1 0: GTADTRA1N or GTADTRB1N</p> <p>1 1 0 1 1: GTADTRA2N or GTADTRB2N</p> <p>1 1 1 0 0: GTADTRA3N or GTADTRB3N</p>	<p>Group B A/D conversion start trigger select bits</p> <p>b5 b0</p> <p>1 1 1 1 1: No trigger source selected state</p> <p>0 0 0 0 1: TRGA0N</p> <p>0 0 0 1 0: TRGA1N</p> <p>0 0 0 1 1: TRGA2N</p> <p>0 0 1 0 0: TRGA3N</p> <p>0 0 1 0 1: TRGA4N</p> <p>0 0 1 1 0: TRGA6N</p> <p>0 0 1 1 1: TRGA7N</p> <p>0 1 0 0 0: TRG0N</p> <p>0 1 0 0 1: TRG4AN</p> <p>0 1 0 1 0: TRG4BN</p> <p>0 1 0 1 1: TRG4AN or TRG4BN</p> <p>0 1 1 0 0: TRG4ABN</p> <p>0 1 1 0 1: TRG7AN</p> <p>0 1 1 1 0: TRG7BN</p> <p>0 1 1 1 1: TRG7AN or TRG7BN</p> <p>0 1 0 0 0: TRG7ABN</p> <p>0 1 0 0 1 1: TRGA9N</p> <p>0 1 0 1 0: TRG9N</p> <p>0 1 1 0 0 1: TRGA0N or TRG0N</p> <p>0 1 1 0 1 0: TRGA9N or TRG9N</p> <p>0 1 1 0 1 1: TRGA0N or TRGA9N</p> <p>0 1 1 1 0 0: TRG0N or TRG9N</p> <p>0 1 1 1 0 1: TMTRG0AN_0</p> <p>0 1 1 1 1 0: TMTRG0AN_1</p> <p>0 1 1 1 1 1: TMTRG0AN_2</p> <p>1 0 0 0 0 0: TMTRG0AN_3</p> <p>1 0 0 0 0 1: TRG9AEN</p> <p>1 0 0 0 1 0: TRG0AEN</p> <p>1 0 0 0 1 1: TRGA09N</p> <p>1 0 0 1 0 0: TRG09N</p> <p>1 1 0 0 1 0: ELCTR00N*¹/ELCTR01N*²/ ELCTR02N*³</p> <p>1 1 0 0 1 1: ELCTR01N*¹/ELCTR01N*²/ ELCTR02N*³</p> <p>1 1 1 0 1 0: ELCTR00N or ELCTR01N*¹ ELCTR01N or ELCTR01N*² ELCTR02N or ELCTR02N*³</p>

Bit	RX63T (S12ADB)	RX72T (S12ADH)
TRSA[4:0] (RX63T)	A/D conversion start trigger select bits	A/D conversion start trigger select bits
TRSA[5:0] (RX72T)	b12 b8 1 1 1 1 1: No trigger source selected state 0 0 0 0 0: ADTRG0# 0 0 0 0 1: TRGA0N 0 0 0 1 0: TRGA1N 0 0 0 1 1: TRGA2N 0 0 1 0 0: TRGA3N 0 0 1 0 1: TRGA4N 0 0 1 1 0: TRGA6N 0 0 1 1 1: TRGA7N 0 1 0 0 0: TRG0AN 0 1 0 0 1: TRG4AN 0 1 0 1 0: TRG4BN 0 1 0 1 1: TRG4AN or TRG4BN 0 1 1 0 0: TRG4ABN 0 1 1 0 1: TRG7AN 0 1 1 1 0: TRG7BN 0 1 1 1 1: TRG7AN or TRG7BN 1 0 0 0 0: TRG7ABN 1 0 0 0 1: GTADTRA0N 1 0 0 1 0: GTADTRB0N 1 0 0 1 1: GTADTRA1N 1 0 1 0 0: GTADTRB1N 1 0 1 0 1: GTADTRA2N 1 0 1 1 0: GTADTRB2N 1 0 1 1 1: GTADTRA3N 1 1 0 0 0: GTADTRB3N 1 1 0 0 1: GTADTRA0N or GTADTRB0N 1 1 0 1 0: GTADTRA1N or GTADTRB1N 1 1 0 1 1: GTADTRA2N or GTADTRB2N 1 1 1 0 0: GTADTRA3N or GTADTRB3N	b13 b8 1 1 1 1 1: No trigger source selected state 0 0 0 0 0: ADTRGn# 0 0 0 0 1: TRGA0N 0 0 0 1 0: TRGA1N 0 0 0 1 1: TRGA2N 0 0 1 0 0: TRGA3N 0 0 1 0 1: TRGA4N 0 0 1 1 0: TRGA6N 0 0 1 1 1: TRGA7N 0 0 1 0 0: TRG0N 0 0 1 0 1: TRG4AN 0 0 1 0 2: TRG4BN 0 0 1 0 3: TRG4AN or TRG4BN 0 0 1 1 0: TRG4ABN 0 0 1 1 1: TRG7AN 0 0 1 1 2: TRG7BN 0 0 1 1 3: TRG7AN or TRG7BN 0 1 0 0 0: TRG7ABN 0 1 0 0 1: TRGA9N 0 1 0 1 0: TRG9N 0 1 1 0 0 1: TRGA0N or TRG0N 0 1 1 0 1 0: TRGA9N or TRG9N 0 1 1 0 1 1: TRGA0N or TRGA9N 0 1 1 1 0 0: TRG0N or TRG9N 0 1 1 1 0 1: TMTRG0AN_0 0 1 1 1 1 0: TMTRG0AN_1 0 1 1 1 1 1: TMTRG0AN_2 1 0 0 0 0 0: TMTRG0AN_3 1 0 0 0 0 1: TRG9AEN 1 0 0 0 1 0: TRG0AEN 1 0 0 0 1 1: TRGA09N 1 0 0 1 0 0: TRG09N 1 1 0 0 1 0: ELCTR00N*¹/ELCTR01N*²/ ELCTR02N*³ 1 1 0 0 1 1: ELCTR01N*¹/ELCTR01N*²/ ELCTR02N*³ 1 1 1 0 1 0: ELCTR00N or ELCTR01N*¹/ ELCTR01N or ELCTR02N*²/ ELCTR02N or ELCTR03N*³

Notes: 1. Unit 0
 2. Unit 1
 3. Unit 2

2.31 D/A Converter

Table 2.87 is a comparative overview of the D/A converters, and Table 2.88 is a comparison of D/A converter registers.

Table 2.87 Comparative Overview of D/A Converters

Item	RX63T (DAa)	RX72T (R12DAb)
Resolution	10 bits	12 bits
Output channels	2 channels	2 channels
Measure against interference between analog modules	Measure against interference between D/A and A/D conversion: D/A-converted data update timing is controlled by the 10-bit A/D converter synchronous D/A conversion enable input signal from the 10-bit A/D converter. (Degradation of A/D conversion accuracy caused by interference is reduced by controlling the D/A converter inrush current generation timing with the enable signal).	Measure against interference between D/A and A/D conversion: D/A-converted data update timing is controlled by the 12-bit A/D converter synchronous D/A conversion enable signal from the 12-bit A/D converter (unit 2). Therefore, degradation of A/D conversion accuracy due to interference is reduced by controlling the timing at which the 12-bit D/A converter inrush current occurs, with the enable signal.
Low power consumption function	Ability to specify transition to module stop state	Ability to transition to module stop state
Event link function (input)	—	Ability to start D/A conversion on channel 0 when an event signal is input
Output destination selection	—	Ability to control output to external pins and to comparator C independently
Reference voltage supply pin	AVCC	AVCC2
Reference ground pin	AVSS	AVSS2

Table 2.88 Comparison of D/A Converter Registers

Register	Bit	RX63T (DAa)	RX72T (R12DAb)
DADSEL	—	—	D/A destination select register

2.32 Data Operation Circuit

Table 2.89 is a comparative overview of data operation circuit.

Table 2.89 Comparative Overview of Data Operation Circuit

Item	RX63T (DOC)	RX72T (DOC)
Data operation functions	16-bit data comparison, addition, and subtraction	16-bit data comparison, addition, and subtraction
Low power consumption function	Ability to specify transition to module stop state	Ability to specify transition to module stop state
Interrupts	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • When compared values either match or mismatch • When the result of data addition is greater than FFFFh • When the result of data subtraction is less than 0000h 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • When compared values either match or mismatch • When the result of data addition is greater than FFFFh • When the result of data subtraction is less than 0000h
Event link function (output)	—	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • When compared values either match or mismatch • When the result of data addition is greater than FFFFh • When the result of data subtraction is less than 0000h

2.33 RAM

Table 2.90 is a comparative overview of RAM, and Table 2.91 is a comparison of RAM registers.

Table 2.90 Comparative Overview of RAM

Item	RX63T (RAM)	RX72T	
		Without ECC Error Correction (RAM)	With ECC Error Correction (ECCRAM)
Capacity	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 48 KB • 32 KB • 24 KB • 8 KB 	128 KB	16 KB
Address	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0000 0000h to 0000 BFFFh (48 KB) • 0000 0000h to 0000 7FFFh (32 KB) • 0000 0000h to 0000 5FFFh (24 KB) • 0000 0000h to 0000 1FFFh (8 KB) 	0000 0000h to 0001 FFFFh	00FF C000h to 00FF FFFFh
Memory bus	Memory bus 1	Memory bus 1	Memory bus 3
Access	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Single-cycle access is possible for both reading and writing. • On-chip RAM can be enabled or disabled. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Single-cycle access is possible for both reading and writing. • RAM can be enabled or disabled. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The ECC function can be enabled or disabled. <p>[When MEMWAIT = 0]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The ECC function is disabled: Access takes two cycles for reading or writing. • The ECC function is enabled (when no error has occurred): Access takes two cycles for reading or writing. • The ECC function is enabled (when an error has occurred): Access takes three cycles for reading or writing.

Item	RX63T (RAM)	RX72T	
		Without ECC Error Correction (RAM)	With ECC Error Correction (ECCRAM)
Access			<p>[When MEMWAIT = 1]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The ECC function is disabled: Access takes three cycles for reading or writing. The ECC function is enabled (when no error has occurred): Reading takes three cycles and writing takes four cycles. The ECC function is enabled (when an error has occurred): Access takes five cycles for reading or writing.
Data retention function	Not available in deep software standby mode	Not available in deep software standby mode	
Low power consumption function	Ability to specify transition to module stop state	Transition to module stop state can be enabled separately for RAM and ECCRAM .	
Error checking	—	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Detection of 1-bit errors A non-maskable interrupt or interrupt is generated in response to an error. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ECC error correction: Correction of 1-bit errors and detection of 2-bit errors A non-maskable interrupt or interrupt is generated in response to an error.

Table 2.91 Comparison of RAM Registers

Register	Bit	RX63T (RAM)	RX72T (RAM, ECCRAM)
ECCRAMMODE	—	—	ECCRAM operating mode control register
ECCRAM2STS	—	—	ECCRAM 2-bit error status register
ECCRAM1STSEN	—	—	ECCRAM 1-bit error information update enable register
ECCRAM1STS	—	—	ECCRAM 1-bit error status register
ECCRAMPRCR	—	—	ECCRAM protection register
ECCRAM2ECAD	—	—	ECCRAM 2-bit error address capture register
ECCRAM1ECAD	—	—	ECCRAM 1-bit error address capture register
ECCRAMPRCR2	—	—	ECCRAM protection register 2
ECCRAMETST	—	—	ECCRAM test control register
RAMMODE	—	—	RAM operating mode control register
RAMSTS	—	—	RAM error status register
RAMECAD	—	—	RAM error address capture register
RAMPRCR	—	—	RAM protection register

2.34 Flash Memory

Table 2.92 is a comparative overview of flash memory, and Table 2.93 is a comparison of flash memory registers.

Table 2.92 Comparative Overview of Flash Memory

Item	RX63T		RX72T	
	ROM	E2 DataFlash	Code Flash Memory	Data Flash Memory
Memory capacity	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> User area: 512 KB, 384 KB, 256 KB, 64 KB, 48 KB, 32 KB User boot area: 16 KB 	Data area: 32 KB or 8 KB	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> User area: 1 MB, 512 KB User boot area: 32 KB 	Data area: 32 KB
Address	[User area] <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Capacity of 32 KB FFFF 8000h to FFFF FFFFh Capacity of 48 KB FFFF 4000h to FFFF FFFFh Capacity of 64 KB FFFF 0000h to FFFF FFFFh Capacity of 256 KB FFFC 0000h to FFFF FFFFh Capacity of 384 KB FFFA 0000h to FFFF FFFFh Capacity of 512 KB FFF8 0000h to FFFF FFFFh 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Capacity of 32 KB 0010 0000h to 0010 7FFFh Capacity of 8 KB 0010 0000h to 0010 1FFFh 	[User area] <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Capacity of 512 KB FFF8 0000h to FFFF FFFFh Capacity of 1 MB FFFO 0000h to FFFF FFFFh 	0010 0000h to 0010 7FFFh
ROM cache	—	—	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Capacity: 8 KB Mapping method: direct mapping Line size: 16 bytes 	—

Item	RX63T		RX72T	
	ROM	E2 DataFlash	Code Flash Memory	Data Flash Memory
Read cycle	A read operation takes one cycle of ICLK.	A read operation takes six cycles of FCLK for word or byte access.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> While ROM cache operation is enabled: When the cache is hit, one cycle; when the cache is missed: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> One to two cycles if ICLK \leq 120 MHz Two to three cycles if ICLK $>$ 120 MHz When ROM cache operation is disabled: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> One cycle if ICLK \leq 120 MHz Two cycles if ICLK $>$ 120 MHz 	A read operation takes eight cycles of FCLK for 16-bit or 8-bit access.
Value after erasure	FFh	Undefined	FFh	Undefined
Programming/erasing method	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The chip incorporates a dedicated sequencer (FCU) for programming the ROM/E2 DataFlash. Programming and erasing the ROM/E2 DataFlash are handled by issuing commands to the FCU. 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A dedicated sequencer (FCU) is incorporated for programming the flash memory. Programming and erasing the code flash memory/data flash memory are handled using FACI commands specified in the FACI command issuing area (007E 0000h). Programming/erasure through transfer by a flash-memory programmer via a serial interface (serial programming) Programming/erasure of flash memory by a user program (self-programming) 	
Security function	Protects against illicit tampering or reading of data in flash memory		Protects against illicit tampering or reading of data in flash memory	
Protection function	Protects against erroneous rewriting of the flash memory (software protection, error protection, and boot program protection)		Protects against erroneous rewriting of the flash memory (software protection, error protection, and boot program protection)	
Trusted memory (TM) function	—		Protects against illicit reading of blocks 8 and 9 in the code flash memory	
Background operation (BGO)	The CPU is able to execute program code from the ROM while the E2 DataFlash memory is being programmed or erased.		The user area can be read while the data area is being programmed or erased.	

Item	RX63T		RX72T	
	ROM	E2 DataFlash	Code Flash Memory	Data Flash Memory
Suspension and resumption	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The CPU is able to execute program code from the ROM during suspension of programming or erasure. The CPU is able to execute program code from the E2 DataFlash during suspension of programming or erasure. Programming and erasure of the ROM/E2 DataFlash can be restarted (resumed) after suspension. 		—	
Units of programming and erasure	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unit of programming for the user area or user boot area: 128 bytes Unit of erasure for the user area: Block Unit of erasure for the user boot area: 16 KB (Not present in 64- and 48-pin products.) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unit of programming for the data area: 2 bytes Unit of erasure for the data area: Block 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unit of programming for the user area or user boot area: 256 bytes Unit of erasure for the user area: Block 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unit of programming for the data area: 4 bytes Unit of erasure for the data area: Block
Blank checking	—	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The blank checking command can be executed to check the erasure state of the data flash. The size of the area to be blank-checked is 2 bytes or 2 KB. 	—	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The blank checking command can be executed to check the erasure state of the data flash. The size of the area to be blank-checked is 4 bytes to 32 Kbytes (specified in 4-byte increments).
Other functions	Interrupts can be accepted during self-programming.		Interrupts can be accepted during self-programming.	

Item	RX63T		RX72T	
	ROM	E2 DataFlash	Code Flash Memory	Data Flash Memory
On-board programming (serial programming/ self-programming)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Programming in boot mode <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The asynchronous serial interface (SCI1) is used. The transfer rate is adjusted automatically. The user boot area can also be programmed. Programming in USB boot mode (Not supported on 112-, 100-, 64-, and 48-pin products.) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> USB0 is used. Dedicated hardware is not required, so direct connection to a PC is possible. Programming in the user boot mode (Not supported on 64- and 48-pin products.) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Support for original boot programs created by the user. Programming by a routine for ROM/E2 DataFlash programming within the user program <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Allows ROM/E2 DataFlash programming without resetting the system. 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Programming/erasure in boot mode (for the SCI interface) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The asynchronous serial interface (SCI1) is used. The transfer rate is adjusted automatically. The user boot area can also be programmed or erased. Programming/erasure in boot mode (USB interface) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> USBb is used. Dedicated hardware is not required, so direct connection to a PC is possible. Programming/erasure in boot mode (FINE interface) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> FINE is used. Programming/erasure in user boot mode <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Support for original boot programs created by the user. Programming/erasure by self-programming <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Allows user area/data area programming and erasure without resetting the system. 	
Off-board programming (programming and erasure using parallel programmer)	A flash programmer can be used to program the user area and user boot area.	A flash programmer cannot be used to program the data area.	Programming and erasure of the user area and user boot area by a parallel programmer is possible.	Programming or erasure of the data area by a parallel programmer is not possible.
Unique ID	—		A 12-byte ID code provided for each MCU	

Table 2.93 Comparison of Flash Memory Registers

Register	Bit	RX63T	RX72T
FMODR	—	Flash mode register	—
FASTAT	DFLWPE	E2 DataFlash programming/erasure protection violation flag	—
	DFLRPE	E2 DataFlash read protection violation flag	—
	DFLAE (RX63T) DFAE (RX72T)	E2 DataFlash access violation flag	Data flash memory access violation flag
	ROMAE (RX63T) CFAE (RX72T)	ROM access violation flag	Code flash memory access violation flag

Register	Bit	RX63T	RX72T
FAEINT	DFLWPEIE	E2 DataFlash programming/erasure protection violation interrupt enable bit	—
	DFLRPEIE	E2 DataFlash read protection violation interrupt enable bit	—
	DFLAEIE (RX63T) DFAEIE (RX72T)	E2 DataFlash access violation interrupt enable bit	Data flash memory access violation interrupt enable bit
	ROMAEIE (RX63T) CFAEIE (RX72T)	ROM access violation interrupt enable bit	Code flash memory access violation interrupt enable bit
DFLRE0	—	E2 DataFlash read enable register 0	—
DFLRE1	—	E2 DataFlash read enable register 1	—
DFLWE0	—	E2 DataFlash P/E enable register 0	—
DFLWE1	—	E2 DataFlash P/E enable register 1	—
FSTATR0 (RX63T) FSTATR (RX72T)	FLWEERR	—	Flash write/erase protect error flag
	PRGSPD	Programming suspend status flag (b0)	Programming suspend status flag (b8)
	ERSSPD	Erasure suspend status flag (b1)	Erasure suspend status flag (b9)
	DBFULL	—	Data Buffer Full Flag
	SUSRDY	Suspend ready flag (b3)	Suspend ready flag (b11)
	PRGERR	Programming error flag (b4)	Programming error flag (b12)
	ERSERR	Erasure error bit (b5)	Erasure error flag (b13)
	ILGLERR	Illegal command error flag (b6)	Illegal error command flag (b14)
	FRDY	Flash ready flag (b7)	Flash ready flag (b15)
FSTATR1	—	Flash status register 1	—
FENTRYR	FENTRY0(RX63T) FENTRYC(RX72T)	ROM P/E mode entry bit 0	Code flash memory P/E mode entry bit
	FEKEY[7:0] (RX63T) KEY[7:0](RX72T)	Key code bit	Key code bit
FPROTR	FPKEY[7:0] (RX63T) KEY[7:0](RX72T)	Key code bit	Key code bit
FRESETR	—	Flash reset register	—
DFLBCCNT	—	E2 DataFlash blank check control register	—
DFLBCSTAT (RX63T) FBCSTAT (RX72T)	BCST	Blank check status bit DFLBCSTAT is a 16-bit register.	Blank check status flag FBCSTAT is an 8-bit register.

Register	Bit	RX63T	RX72T
PCKAR (RX63T) FPCKAR (RX72T)	PCKA[7:0]	Peripheral clock notification bits These bits are used to set the FlashIF clock (FCLK) at programming/erasure of the ROM/E2 DataFlash.	Flash sequencer processing clock frequency notification bits These bits are used to set the frequency of the FlashIF clock (FCLK) and notify the flash sequencer of the frequency used.
	KEY[7:0]	—	Key code bits
ROMCE	—	—	ROM cache enable register
ROMCIV	—	—	ROM cache invalidate register
NCRGn	—	—	Non-cacheable area n address register (n = 0 or 1)
NCRCn	—	—	Non-cacheable area n setting register (n = 0 or 1)
FSADDR	—	—	FACI command processing start address register
FEADDR	—	—	FACI command processing end address register
FSUNITR	—	—	Flash sequencer set-up initialization register
FLKSTAT	—	—	Lock bit status register
FBCCNT	—	—	Data flash blank check control register
FPSADDR	—	—	Data flash programming start address register
UIDRn	—	—	Unique ID register n (n = 0 to 2)

2.35 Packages

As indicated in Table 2.94, there are discrepancies in the package drawing codes and availability of some package types, and this should be borne in mind at the board design stage. For details, refer to Design Guide for Migration between RX Family: Differences in Package External form (R01AN4591EJ).

Table 2.94 Packages

Package Type	Renesas Code	
	RX63T	RX72T
144-pin LFQFP	PLQP0144KA-A	PLQP0144KA-B
120-pin LQFP	○	✗
112-pin LQFP	○	✗
100-pin LFQFP	PLQP0100KB-A	PLQP0100KB-B
64-pin LFQFP	○	✗
48-pin LQFP	○	✗

○: Package available (Renesas code omitted); ✗: Package not available

3. Comparison of Pin Functions

This section presents a comparative description of pin functions as well as a comparison of the pins for the power supply, clocks, and system control. Items that exist only on one group are indicated by **blue text**. Items that exists on both groups with different specifications are indicated by **red text**. **Black text** indicates there is no differences in the item's specifications between groups.

3.1 144-Pin Package (RX72T: With PGA Pseudo-Differential Input and USB Pins)

Table 3.1 is a comparative listing of the pin functions of 144-pin package products.

Table 3.1 Comparative Listing of 144-Pin Package Pin Functions

144 Pins	RX63T	RX72T (With PGA Pseudo-Differential Input and USB Pin)
1	VCC_USB	P14/MTIOC4B/MTIOC4B#/GTIOC2A/ GTIOC9A/GTIOC2A#/GTIOC9A#/IRQ11
2	PE5/BCLK/USB0_VBUS/IRQ0	P13/MTIOC4A/MTIOC4A#/GTIOC1A/ GTIOC8A/GTIOC1A#/GTIOC8A#/IRQ10
3	EMLE	P12/MTIOC3B/MTIOC3B#/GTIOC0A/ GTIOC7A/GTIOC0A#/GTIOC7A#/IRQ9
4	TRSYNC/P03/RXD2/SMISO2/SSCL2/IRQ7	PE6/RD#/GTETRGA/GTETRGB/ GTETRGC/GTETRGD/POE10#/IRQ3
5	TRDATA3/P02/TXD2/SMOSI2/SSDA2	PE5/BCLK/MTIOC9D/MTIOC9D#/GTIOC3A/GTETRGB/GTIOC3A#/GTETRGD/SCK9/CTS9#/RTS9#/SS9#/IRQ0/ADST0
6	VSS	VCC
7	P01/RD#/CTS0#/RTS0#/SS0#/USB0_DRPD	EMLE
8	VCL	VSS
9	P00/CS1#/CACREF	UB/P00/A11/MTIOC9A/MTIOC9A#/CACREF/RXD9/SMISO9/SSCL9/RXD12/SMISO12/SSCL12/RDXD12/IRQ2/ADST1/COMP0
10	MD/FINED	VCL
11	PE4/A10/POE10#/MTCLKC/IRQ1	MD/FINED
12	PE3/A11/POE11#/MTCLKD/IRQ2-DS	P01/A10/MTIOC9C/MTIOC9C#/GTETRGA/GTETRGB/GTETRGC/GTETRGD/POE12#/TXD9/SMOSI9/SSDA9/TXD12/SMOSI12/SSDA12/TXD12/SIOX12/IRQ4/ADST2/COMP1
13	TRDATA2/P14/SCK2	PE4/A9/MTCLKC/MTCLKC#/GTETRGA/GTETRGB/GTETRGC/GTETRGD/POE10#/SCK9/IRQ1
14	VCC	PE3/A8/MTCLKD/MTCLKD#/GTETRGA/GTETRGB/GTETRGC/GTETRGD/POE11#/CTS9#/RTS9#/SS9#/IRQ2_DS
15	P13/CTS2#/RTS2#/SS2#/USB0_VBUSEN	RES#
16	RES#	XTAL/P37
17	XTAL	VSS
18	VSS	EXTAL/P36
19	EXTAL	VCC
20	VCC	UPSEL/PE2/POE10#/NMI

144 Pins	RX63T	RX72T (With PGA Pseudo-Differential Input and USB Pin)
21	PE2/POE10#/NMI	PE1/WR0#/WR#/MTIOC9D/MTIOC9D#/TMO5/CTS5#/RTS5#/SS5#/CTS12#/RTS12#/SS12#/SSLA3/IRQ15
22	PE1/WR0#/WR#/CTS12#/RTS12#/SS12#/SSLA3/SSLB3/USB0_OVRCURA	PE0/WR1#/BC1#/WAIT#/MTIOC9B/MTIOC9B#/TMCI1/TMCI5/RXD5/SMISO5/SSCL5/SSLA2/CRX0/USB0_OVRCURB/IRQ7
23	PE0/WR1#/BC1#/WAIT#/SSLA2/SSLB2/CRX1/USB0_OVRCURB/IRQ7	TRST#/PD7/MTIOC9A/MTIOC9A#/GTIOC0A/GTIOC3A/GTIOC0A#/GTIOC3A#/TMRI1/TMRI5/TXD5/SMOSI5/SSDA5/SSLA1/CTX0/IRQ8
24	PD7/GTIOC0A/CTS0#/RTS0#/SS0#/SSLA1/SSLB1/CTX1	TMS/PD6/MTIOC9C/MTIOC9C#/GTIOC0B/GTIOC3B/GTIOC0B#/GTIOC3B#/TMO1/CTS1#/RTS1#/SS1#/CTS11#/RTS11#/SS11#/SSLA0/IRQ5/ADST0
25	PD6/GTIOC0B/SSLA0/SSLB0	TDI/PD5/GTIOC1A/GTETRGA/GTIOC1A#/TMRI0/TMRI6/RXD1/SMISO1/SSCL1/RXD11/SMISO11/SSCL11/IRQ6
26	PD5/GTIOC1A/RXD1/SMISO1/SSCL1/IRQ6	TCK/PD4/GTIOC1B/GTETRGB/GTIOC1B#/TMCI0/TMCI6/SCK1/SCK11/IRQ2
27	VSS	TDO/PD3/GTIOC2A/GTETRGC/GTIOC2A#/TMO0/TXD1/SMOSI1/SSDA1/TXD11/SMOSI11/SSDA11
28	PD4/GTIOC1B/SCK1	TRCLK/PD2/A7/GTIOC2B/GTIOC0A/GTIOC2B#/GTIOC0A#/TMCI1/TMO4/SCK5/SCK8/MOSIA/USB0_VBUS
29	PD3/GTIOC2A/TXD1/SMOSI1/SSDA1	TRDATA3/PD1/A6/GTIOC3A/GTIOC0B/GTIOC3A#/GTIOC0B#/TMO2/RXD8/SMISO8/SSCL8/MISOA
30	PD2/CS2#/GTIOC2B/MOSIA/MOSIB/USB0_ID	TRDATA2/PD0/A5/GTIOC3B/GTIOC1A/GTIOC3B#/GTIOC1A#/TMO6/TXD8/SMOSI8/SSDA8/RSPCKA
31	PD1/CS0#/GTIOC3A/MISOA/MISOB/USB0_EXICEN	TRDATA7/PF3/A19/CS3#/GTETRGA/TMO7/CTS11#/RTS11#/SS11#/CRX0/IRQ14/COMP0
32	PD0/A12/GTIOC3B/RSPCKA/RSPCKB	TRDATA6/PF2/A18/CS2#/GTETRGB/TMO3/SCK11/CTX0/IRQ5/COMP1
33	PF4/CS3#	TRDATA5/PF1/A17/CS1#/GTETRGC/TMO5/RXD11/SMISO11/SSCL11/IRQ13/COMP2
34	PF3/TXD1/SMOSI1/SSDA1	TRDATA4/PF0/A0/BC0#/GTETRGD/TMO1/TXD11/SMOSI11/SSDA11/IRQ12/COMP3
35	PF2/CS1#/RXD1/SMISO1/SSCL1/IRQ5	USB0_DM
36	TRST#/PF1	USB0_DP
37	TMS/PF0	VSS_USB
38	PB7/A19/SCK12	VCC_USB
39	PB6/A18/RXD12/SMISO12/SSCL12/RDX12/CRX1/IRQ2	TRDATA1/PB7/A4/GTIOC1B/GTIOC1B#/SCK5/SCK11/SCK12/USB0_OVRCURB

144 Pins	RX63T	RX72T (With PGA Pseudo-Differential Input and USB Pin)
40	PB5/A17/TXD12/SMOSI12/SSDA12/ TXDX12/SIOX12/CTX1	TRDATA0/PB6/A3/GTIOC2A/GTIOC2A#/ RxD5/SMISO5/SSCL5/RxD11/SMISO11/ SSCL11/RxD12/SMISO12/SSCL12/ RXDX12/CRX0/USB0_OVRCURA/IRQ2
41	PLLVCC	TRSYNC/PB5/A2/GTIOC2B/GTIOC2B#/ TXD5/SMOSI5/SSDA5/TxD11/SMOSI11/ SSDA11/TxD12/SMOSI12/SSDA12/ TXDX12/SIOX12/CTX0/USB0_VBUSEN
42	PB4/A16/POE8#/GTETRG0/IRQ3-DS	VCC
43	PLLVSS	TRSYNC1/PB4/A1/GTETRGA/GTETRGB/ GTETRGC/GTETRGD/POE8#/CTS5#/ RTS5#/SS5#/SCK11/CTS11#/RTS11#/ SS11#/USB0_OVRCURB/IRQ3_DS
44	TDI/RxD1*1	VSS
45	TCK/FINEC	PC2/CS1#/MTIOC0D/MTIOC0D#/ GTADSM0/SCK8/USB0_ID/ USB0_OVRCURA/IRQ15/ADSM0/COMP5
46	TDO/TxD1*1	PC1/A16/MTIOC0C/MTIOC0C#/GTADSM1/ TXD8/SMOSI8/SSDA8/USB0_EXICEN/ USB0_VBUSEN/IRQ13/ADSM1/COMP4
47	PB3/A15/MTIOC0A/CACREF/SCK0	PC0/CS0#/MTIOC0B/MTIOC0B#/RXD8/ SMISO8/SSCL8/USB0_VBUS/IRQ12/ COMP3
48	PB2/MTIOC0B/TxD0/SMOSI0/SSDA0/ SDA0	PB3/A7/MTIOC0A/MTIOC0A#/CACREF/ SCK6/RSPCKA/IRQ9
49	PB1/MTIOC0C/RxD0/SMISO0/SSCL0/ SCL0/IRQ4	PB2/A6/MTIOC0B/MTIOC0B#/GTADSM0/ TMR10/TxD6/SMOSI6/SSDA6/SDA/ADSM0
50	PB0/A14/MTIOC0D/MOSIA/MOSIB	PB1/A5/MTIOC0C/MTIOC0C#/GTADSM1/ TMC10/RxD6/SMISO6/SSCL6/SCL/IRQ4/ ADSM1
51	TRDATA1/PA6/CS3#/CTS3#/RTS3#/SS3#	PB0/A0/BC0#/A4/MTIOC0D/MTIOC0D#/ TMO0/TxD6/SMOSI6/SSDA6/CTS11#/ RTS11#/SS11#/MOSIA/IRQ8/ADTRG2#
52	PA5/MTIOC1A/RxD0/SMISO0/SSCL0/ MISOA/MISOB/ADTRG1#	PA7/A15/MTCLKA/MTCLKC/MTCLKA#/ MTCLKC#/GTADSM0/TMO2/RxD11/ SMISO11/SSCL11/RxD12/SMISO12/ SSCL12/RXDX12/CRX0/ADSM0
53	PA4/MTIOC1B/TxD0/SMOSI0/SSDA0/ RSPCKA/RSPCKB/ADTRG0#	PA6/A14/MTCLKB/MTCLKD/MTCLKB#/ MTCLKD#/GTADSM1/TMO6/TxD11/ SMOSI11/SSDA11/TxD12/SMOSI12/ SSDA12/TXDX12/SIOX12/CTX0/IRQ7/ ADSM1
54	PA3/MTIOC2A/SCK0/SSLA0/SSLB0	PA5/A3/MTIOC1A/MTIOC1A#/TMC13/ RxD6/SMISO6/SSCL6/RxD8/SMISO8/ SSCL8/MISOA/IRQ1/ADTRG1#
55	PA2/MTIOC2B/RxD2/SMISO2/SSCL2/ SSLA1/SSLB1	PA4/A2/MTIOC1B/MTIOC1B#/TMC17/ SCK6/TxD8/SMOSI8/SSDA8/RSPCKA/ ADTRG0#
56	PA1/MTIOC6A/TxD2/SMOSI2/SSDA2/ SSLA2/SSLB2	PA3/A1/MTIOC2A/MTIOC2A#/GTADSM0/ TMR17/TxD9/SMOSI9/SSDA9/SCK8/SSLA0

144 Pins	RX63T	RX72T (With PGA Pseudo-Differential Input and USB Pin)
57	PA0/MTIOC6C/SCK2/SSLA3/SSLB3	PA2/A0/BC0#/MTIOC2B/MTIOC2B#/GTADSM1/TMO7/CTS6#/RTS6#/SS6#/RXD9/SMISO9/SSCL9/SCK11/SSLA1
58	TRDATA0/P35/TXD3/SMOSI3/SSDA3	PA1/MTIOC6A/MTIOC6A#/TMO4/TXD9/SMOSI9/SSDA9/RXD11/SMISO11/SSCL11/SSLA2/CRX0/USB0_ID/USB0_OVRCURA/IRQ14_DS/ADTRG0#
59	TRCLK/P34/GTETRG1/RXD3/SMISO3/SSCL3/IRQ3	PA0/MTIOC6C/MTIOC6C#/TMO2/SCK9/TXD11/SMOSI11/SSDA11/SSLA3/CTX0/USB0_EXICEN/USB0_VBUSEN
60	VCC	P35/A13/MTIOC2A/MTIOC9A/MTIOC2A#/MTIOC9A#/GTADSM0/TMO0/CTS8#/RTS8#/SS8#/TXD1/SMOSI1/SSDA1/IRQ6
61	P96/A13/POE4#/RXD1/SMISO1/SSCL1/IRQ4-DS	P34/A12/MTIOC2B/MTIOC9B/MTIOC2B#/MTIOC9B#/GTADSM1/GTETRGB/TMO4/CTS9#/RTS9#/SS9#/RXD1/SMISO1/SSCL1/USB0_OVRCURB/IRQ3
62	PG6/CS2#/SCK1	PC6/MTIOC1A/MTIOC9C/MTIOC1A#/MTIOC9C#/RXD11/SMOSI11/SSCL11/CRX0/IRQ11_DS
63	VSS	PC5/MTIOC1B/MTIOC9D/MTIOC1B#/MTIOC9D#/TXD11/SMOSI11/SSDA11/CTX0/IRQ10_DS
64	P95/MTIOC6B/GTIOC4A/TXD1/SMOSI1/SSDA1	VCC
65	P94/MTIOC7A/GTIOC5A/CTS1#/RTS1#/SS1#	P96/CS0#/WAIT#/GTETRGA/GTETRGB/GTETRGC/GTETRGD/POE4#/CTS8#/RTS8#/SS8#/IRQ4_DS
66	P93/MTIOC7B/GTIOC6A/CTS2#/RTS2#/SS2#	VSS
67	P92/MTIOC6D/GTIOC4B	P95/MTIOC6B/MTIOC6B#/GTIOC4A/GTIOC7A/GTIOC4A#/GTIOC7A#
68	P91/MTIOC7C/GTIOC5B	P94/MTIOC7A/MTIOC7A#/GTIOC5A/GTIOC8A/GTIOC5A#/GTIOC8A#
69	P90/MTIOC7D/GTIOC6B	P93/MTIOC7B/MTIOC7B#/GTIOC6A/GTIOC9A/GTIOC6A#/GTIOC9A#
70	PG5/POE12#/SCK3/ADTRG#	P92/MTIOC6D/MTIOC6D#/GTIOC4B/GTIOC7B/GTIOC4B#/GTIOC7B#
71	PG4/GTIOC6B/RXD3/SMISO3/SSCL3/IRQ6	P91/MTIOC7C/MTIOC7C#/GTIOC5B/GTIOC8B/GTIOC5B#/GTIOC8B#
72	PG3/GTIOC6A/TXD3/SMOSI3/SSDA3	P90/MTIOC7D/MTIOC7D#/GTIOC6B/GTIOC9B/GTIOC6B#/GTIOC9B#
73	PG2/SCK2/IRQ2	P76/D0[A0/D0]/MTIOC4D/MTIOC4D#/GTIOC2B/GTIOC6B/GTIOC2B#/GTIOC6B#
74	PG1/GTIOC7B/RXD2/SMISO2/SSCL2/IRQ1	P75/D1[A1/D1]/MTIOC4C/MTIOC4C#/GTIOC1B/GTIOC5B/GTIOC1B#/GTIOC5B#
75	PG0/GTIOC7A/TXD2/SMOSI2/SSDA2/IRQ0	P74/D2[A2/D2]/MTIOC3D/MTIOC3D#/GTIOC0B/GTIOC4B/GTIOC0B#/GTIOC4B#
76	P76/D0[A0/D0]/MTIOC4D/GTIOC2B	P73/D3[A3/D3]/MTIOC4B/MTIOC4B#/GTIOC2A/GTIOC6A/GTIOC2A#/GTIOC6A#

144 Pins	RX63T	RX72T (With PGA Pseudo-Differential Input and USB Pin)
77	P75/D1[A1/D1]/MTIOC4C/GTIOC1B	P72/D4[A4/D4]/MTIOC4A/MTIOC4A#/GTIOC1A/GTIOC5A/GTIOC1A#/GTIOC5A#
78	P74/D2[A2/D2]/MTIOC3D/GTIOC0B	P71/D5[A5/D5]/MTIOC3B/MTIOC3B#/GTIOC0A/GTIOC4A/GTIOC0A#/GTIOC4A#
79	P73/D3[A3/D3]/MTIOC4B/GTIOC2A	P70/D6[A6/D6]/GTETRGA/GTETRGB/GTETRGC/GTETRGD/POE0#/CTS9#/RTS9#/SS9#/IRQ5_DS
80	P72/D4[A4/D4]/MTIOC4A/GTIOC1A	PG2/D11[A11/D11]/GTETRGA/GTIOC0B/GTIOC0B#/SCK9/IRQ2/COMP0
81	P71/D5[A5/D5]/MTIOC3B/GTIOC0A	PG1/D12[A12/D12]/GTIOC0A/GTIOC0A#/TXD9/SMOSI9/SSDA9/IRQ1/COMP1
82	P70/D6[A6/D6]/POE0#/CTS1#/RTS1#/SS1#/IRQ5-DS	PG0/D13[A13/D13]/GTIOC1B/GTIOC1B#/RXD9/SMISO9/SSCL9/IRQ0/COMP2
83	P33/D7[A7/D7]/MTIOC3A/MTCLKA/SSLA3/SSLB3	PK2/D14[A14/D14]/GTIOC1A/GTIOC1A#/POE12#/CTS9#/RTS9#/SS9#/SCK5/IRQ9_DS/COMP3
84	P32/D8[A8/D8]/MTIOC3C/MTCLKB/SSLA2/SSLB2	PK1/D15[A15/D15]/GTIOC2B/GTIOC2B#/POE13#/CTS8#/RTS8#/SS8#/TXD5/SMOSI5/SSDA5/IRQ8_DS/COMP4
85	VCC	PK0/CS1#/GTIOC2A/GTIOC2A#/POE14#/RXD5/SMISO5/SSCL5/IRQ15_DS/COMP5
86	P31/D9[A9/D9]/MTIOC0A/MTCLKC/SSLA1/SSLB1	P33/D7[A7/D7]/MTIOC3A/MTCLKA/MTIOC3A#/MTCLKA#/GTIOC3B/GTIOC3B#/TMO0/SSLA3/IRQ13_DS
87	VSS	P32/D8[A8/D8]/MTIOC3C/MTCLKB/MTIOC3C#/MTCLKB#/GTIOC3A/GTIOC3A#/TMO6/SSLA2/IRQ12_DS
88	P30/D10[A10/D10]/MTIOC0B/MTCLKD/SCK0/SSLA0/SSLB0	VCC
89	P26/CS0#/TXD1/SMOSI1/SSDA1/SDA1	P31/D9[A9/D9]/MTIOC0A/MTCLKC/MTIOC0A#/MTCLKC#/TMR16/SSLA1/IRQ6
90	P25/CS1#/SCK1/SCL1	VSS
91	P24/D11[A11/D11]/CTS0#/RTS0#/SS0#/RSPCKA/RSPCKB/IRQ4	P30/D10[A10/D10]/MTIOC0B/MTCLKD/MTIOC0B#/MTCLKD#/TMC16/SCK8/CTS8#/RTS8#/SS8#/SSLA0/IRQ7/COMP3
92	P23/D12[A12/D12]/CACREF/TXD0/SMOSI0/SSDA0/MOSIA/MOSIB/CTX1	P27/CS3#/MTIOC1A/MTIOC0C/MTIOC1A#/MTIOC0C#/POE9#/IRQ15
93	P22/D13[A13/D13]/RXD0/SMISO0/SSCL0/MISOA/MISOB/CRX1/ADTRG#	P26/CS2#/MTIOC9A/MTIOC9A#/CTS1#/RTS1#/SS1#/IRQ11/ADST0
94	P21/D14[A14/D14]/MTCLKA/IRQ6-DS/ADTRG1#	P25/CS3#/MTIOC9C/MTIOC9C#/SCK1/IRQ10/ADST1
95	P20/D15[A15/D15]/MTCLKB/IRQ7-DS/ADTRG0#	P24/D11[A11/D11]/MTIC5U/MTIC5U#/TMC12/TMO6/CTS8#/RTS8#/SS8#/SCK8/RSPCKA/IRQ4/COMP0
96	PC5/AN19	P23/D12[A12/D12]/MTIC5V/MTIC5V#/TMO2/CACREF/TXD8/SMOSI8/SSDA8/TXD12/SMOSI12/SSDA12/TDXD12/SIOX12/MOSIA/CTX0/IRQ11/COMP1

144 Pins	RX63T	RX72T (With PGA Pseudo-Differential Input and USB Pin)
97	PC4/AN18	P22/D13[A13/D13]/MTIC5W/MTCLKD/ MTIC5W#/MTCLKD#/MTIOC9B/TMRI2/ TMO4/RXD8/SMISO8/SSCL8/RXD12/ SMISO12/SSCL12/RDXD12/MISOA/CRX0/ IRQ10/ADTRG2#/COMP2
98	P65/A0/BC0#/AN5	PC4/A20/MTIOC9B/MTIOC9B#/TXD1/ SMOSI1/SSDA1/TXD12/SMOSI12/SSDA12/ TXDX12/SIOX12/ADST2/COMP5
99	P64/A1/AN4	PC3/MTIOC9D/MTIOC9D#/RXD1/SMISO1/ SSCL1/RXD12/SMISO12/SSCL12/RDXD12/ IRQ14/COMP4
100	PC3/AN17	P21/D14[A14/D14]/MTIOC9A/MTCLKA/ MTIOC9A#/MTCLKA#/TMCI4/TXD8/ SMOSI8/SSDA8/TXD12/SMOSI12/SSDA12/ TXDX12/SIOX12/MOSIA/IRQ6_DS/AN217/ ADTRG1#/COMP5
101	PC2/AN16	P20/D15[A15/D15]/MTIOC9C/MTCLKB/ MTIOC9C#/MTCLKB#/TMRI4/CTS8#/RTS8#/SS8#/SCK8/RSPCKA/IRQ7_DS/ AN216/ADTRG0#/COMP4
102	AVCC	P65/A12/IRQ9/AN211/CMPC53/DA1
103	VREF	P64/A13/IRQ8/AN210/CMPC33/DA0
104	AVSS	AVCC2
105	PC1/AN15	AVCC2
106	PC0/AN14	AVSS2
107	P63/A2/AN3	P63/A14/A12/IRQ7/AN209/CMPC23
108	P62/A3/AN2	P62/A15/A13/IRQ6/AN208/CMPC43
109	P61/A4/AN1	P61/A16/A14/IRQ5/AN207/CMPC13
110	P60/A5/AN0	P60/A17/A15/IRQ4/AN206/CMPC03
111	P57/AN13	P55/A18/A16/IRQ3/AN203/CMPC32
112	P56/AN12	P54/A19/A17/IRQ2/AN202/CMPC22
113	P55/AN11/DA1	P53/A20/A18/IRQ1/AN201/CMPC12
114	P54/AN10/DA0	P52/IRQ0/AN200/CMPC02
115	P53/A6/AN9	P51/AN205/CMPC52
116	P52/A7/AN8	P50/AN204/CMPC42
117	P51/AN7	PH7/AN106/CVREFC1
118	P50/AN6	PH6/AN105
119	P47/AN103/CVREFH	PH5/AN104
120	P46/AN102	PH4/AN103
121	P45/AN101	P46/AN102/CMPC50/CMPC51
122	P44/AN100	P45/AN101/CMPC40/CMPC41
123	P43/AN003/CVREFL	P44/AN100/CMPC30/CMPC31
124	P42/AN002	PH4/AN107/PGAVSS1
125	P41/AN001	PH3/AN006/CVREFC0
126	P40/AN000	PH2/AN005
127	AVCC0	PH1/AN004
128	VREFH0	P43/AN003
129	VREFL0	P42/AN002/CMPC20/CMPC21
130	AVSS0	P41/AN001/CMPC10/CMPC11

144 Pins	RX63T	RX72T (With PGA Pseudo-Differential Input and USB Pin)
131	P82/WAIT#/MTIC5U/SCK12/IRQ3	P40/AN000/CMPC00/CMPC01
132	P81/A8/MTIC5V/TXD12/SMOSI12/ SSDA12/TXDX12/SIOX12	PH0/AN007/PGAVSS0
133	VSS	AVCC1
134	P80/A9/MTIC5W/RXD12/SMISO12/ SSCL12/RXDX12/IRQ5	AVCC0
135	P12/CS3#/USB0_DPRPD	AVSS0
136	P11/ALE/MTCLKC/IRQ1-DS	AVSS1
137	P10/MTCLKD/IRQ0-DS	P82/ALE/WAIT#/MTIC5U/MTIC5U#/TMO4/ SCK6/SCK12/IRQ3/COMP5
138	P05/CS2#/WAIT#	P81/CS2#/MTIC5V/MTIC5V#/TMCI4/TXD6/ SMOSI6/SSDA6/TXD12/SMOSI12/SSDA12/ TXDX12/SIOX12/COMP4
139	VCC	P80/CS1#/MTIC5W/MTIC5W#/TMRI4/ RXD6/SMISO6/SSCL6/RXD12/SMISO12/ SSCL12/RXDX12/IRQ5/COMP3
140	P04	P11/RD#/MTIOC3A/MTCLKC/MTIOC3A#/MTCLKC#/MTIOC9D/GTIOC3B/GTETRGA/GTIOC3B#/GTETRG/C/TMO3/POE9#/IRQ1_DS
141	USB0_DPUPE	P10/MTIOC9B/MTCLKD/MTIOC9B#/MTCLKD#/GTETRGB/GTETRGD/TMRI3/POE12#/CTS6#/RTS6#/SS6#/IRQ0_DS
142	VSS_USB	P17/MTIOC4D/MTIOC4D#/GTIOC2B/GTIOC9B/GTIOC2B#/GTIOC9B#/IRQ14
143	USB0_DM	P16/MTIOC4C/MTIOC4C#/GTIOC1B/GTIOC8B/GTIOC1B#/GTIOC8B#/IRQ13
144	USB0_DP	P15/MTIOC3D/MTIOC3D#/GTIOC0B/GTIOC7B/GTIOC0B#/GTIOC7B#/IRQ12

Note: 1. Available for use as SCI pin in boot mode only.

3.2 100-Pin Package (RX72T: With PGA Pseudo-Differential Input and USB Pins)

Table 3.2 is a comparative listing of the pin functions of 100-pin package products (RX72T: with PGA pseudo-differential input and USB pins).

**Table 3.2 Comparative Listing of 100-Pin Package Pin Functions
(RX72T: With PGA Pseudo-Differential Input and USB Pins)**

100 Pins	RX63T	RX72T (With PGA Pseudo-Differential Input and USB Pin)
1	PE5/BCLK/IRQ0	PE5/BCLK/MTIOC9D/MTIOC9D#/GTIOC3A/ GTETRGB/GTIOC3A#/GTETRGD/SCK9/ CTS9#/RTS9#/SS9#/IRQ0/ADST0
2	EMLE	EMLE
3	VSS	VSS
4	P01/RD#/CTS0#/RTS0#/SS0#	UB/P00/A11/MTIOC9A/MTIOC9A#/CACREF/ RxD9/SMISO9/SSCL9/RxD12/SMISO12/ SSCL12/RXDX12/IRQ2/ADST1/COMP0
5	VCL	VCL
6	P00/CS1#/CACREF	MD/FINED
7	MD/FINED	P01/A10/MTIOC9C/MTIOC9C#/GTETRGA/ GTETRGB/GTETRGC/GTETRGD/POE12#/TXD9/ SMOSI9/SSDA9/TxD12/SMOSI12/ SSDA12/TXDX12/SIOX12/IRQ4/ADST2/ COMP1
8	PE4/A10/POE10#/MTCLKC/IRQ1	PE4/A9/MTCLKC/MTCLKC#/GTETRGA/ GTETRGB/GTETRGC/GTETRGD/POE10#/SCK9/IRQ1
9	PE3/A11/POE11#/MTCLKD/IRQ2-DS	PE3/A8/MTCLKD/MTCLKD#/GTETRGA/ GTETRGB/GTETRGC/GTETRGD/POE11#/CTS9#/RTS9#/SS9#/IRQ2_DS
10	RES#	RES#
11	XTAL	XTAL/P37
12	VSS	VSS
13	EXTAL	EXTAL/P36
14	VCC	VCC
15	PE2/POE10#/NMI	UPSEL/PE2/POE10#/NMI
16	PE1/WR0#/WR#/CTS12#/RTS12#/SS12#/SSLA3/SSLB3	PE1/WR0#/WR#/MTIOC9D/MTIOC9D#/TMO5/CTS5#/RTS5#/SS5#/CTS12#/RTS12#/SS12#/SSLA3/IRQ15
17	PE0/WR1#/BC1#/WAIT#/SSLA2/SSLB2/ CRX1/IRQ7	PE0/WR1#/BC1#/WAIT#/MTIOC9B/ MTIOC9B#/TMCI1/TMCI5/RxD5/SMISO5/ SSCL5/SSLA2/CRX0/USB0_OVRCURB/IRQ7
18	TRST#/PD7/GTIOC0A/CTS0#/RTS0#/SS0#/SSLA1/SSLB1/CTX1	TRST#/PD7/MTIOC9A/MTIOC9A#/GTIOC0A/GTIOC3A/GTIOC0A#/GTIOC3A#/TMRI1/TMRI5/TxD5/SMOSI5/ SSDA5/SSLA1/CTX0/IRQ8
19	TMS/PD6/GTIOC0B/SSLA0/SSLB0	TMS/PD6/MTIOC9C/MTIOC9C#/GTIOC0B/GTIOC3B/GTIOC0B#/GTIOC3B#/TMO1/CTS1#/RTS1#/SS1#/CTS11#/RTS11#/SS11#/SSLA0/IRQ5/ADST0
20	TDI/PD5/GTIOC1A/RxD1/SMISO1/SSCL1/IRQ6	TDI/PD5/GTIOC1A/GTETRGA/GTIOC1A#/TMRI0/TMRI6/RxD1/SMISO1/SSCL1/RxD11/SMISO11/SSCL11/IRQ6

100 Pins	RX63T	RX72T (With PGA Pseudo-Differential Input and USB Pin)
21	TCK/FINEC/PD4/GTIOC1B/SCK1	TCK/PD4/GTIOC1B/GTETRGB/ GTIOC1B#/TMC10/TMC16/SCK1/SCK11/ IRQ2
22	TDO/PD3/GTIOC2A/TXD1/SMOSI1/SSDA1	TDO/PD3/GTIOC2A/GTETRGC/GTIOC2A#/ TMO0/TXD1/SMOSI1/SSDA1/TXD11/ SMOSI11/SSDA11
23	PD2/CS2#/GTIOC2B/MOSIA/MOSIB	TRCLK/PD2/A7/GTIOC2B/GTIOC0A/ GTIOC2B#/GTIOC0A#/TMC1/TMO4/ SCK5/SCK8/MOSIA/USB0_VBUS
24	PD1/CS0#/GTIOC3A/MISOA/MISOB	USB0_DM
25	PD0/A12/GTIOC3B/RSPCKA/RSPCKB	USB0_DP
26	PB7/A19/SCK12	VCC_USB
27	PB6/A18/RXD12/SMISO12/SSCL12/ RXDX12/CRX1/IRQ2	TRDATA0/PB6/A3/GTIOC2A/GTIOC2A#/ RXD5/SMISO5/SSCL5/RXD11/SMISO11/ SSCL11/RXD12/SMISO12/SSCL12/ RXDX12/CRX0/USB0_OVRCURA/IRQ2
28	PB5/A17/TXD12/SMOSI12/SSDA12/ TXDX12/SIOX12/CTX1	TRSNC/PB5/A2/GTIOC2B/GTIOC2B#/ TXD5/SMOSI5/SSDA5/TXD11/SMOSI11/ SSDA11/TXD12/SMOSI12/SSDA12/ TXDX12/SIOX12/CTX0/USB0_VBUSEN
29	PLLVCC	VCC
30	PB4/A16/POE8#/GTETRG0/IRQ3-DS	PB4/A1/GTETRGA/GTETRGB/GTETRGC/ GTETRGD/POE8#/CTS5#/RTS5#/SS5#/ SCK11/CTS11#/RTS11#/SS11#/ USB0_OVRCURB/IRQ3_DS
31	PLLVSS	VSS/VSS_USB
32	PB3/A15/MTIOC0A/CACREF/SCK0	PB3/A7/MTIOC0A/MTIOC0A#/CACREF/ SCK6/RSPCKA/IRQ9
33	PB2/MTIOC0B/TXD0/SMOSI0/SSDA0/ SDA0	PB2/A6/MTIOC0B/MTIOC0B#/GTADSM0/ TMRI0/TXD6/SMOSI6/SSDA6/SDA/ADSM0
34	PB1/MTIOC0C/RXD0/SMISO0/SSCL0/ SCL0/IRQ4	PB1/A5/MTIOC0C/MTIOC0C#/GTADSM1/ TMC10/RXD6/SMISO6/SSCL6/SCL/IRQ4/ ADSM1
35	PB0/A14/MTIOC0D/MOSIA/MOSIB	PB0/A0/A4/BC0#/MTIOC0D/MTIOC0D#/ TMO0/TXD6/SMOSI6/SSDA6/CTS11#/ RTS11#/SS11#/MOSIA/IRQ8/ADTRG2#
36	PA5/MTIOC1A/RXD0/SMISO0/SSCL0/ MISOA/MISOB/ADTRG1#	PA5/A3/MTIOC1A/MTIOC1A#/TMC13/ RXD6/SMISO6/SSCL6/RXD8/SMISO8/ SSCL8/MISOA/IRQ1/ADTRG1#
37	PA4/MTIOC1B/TXD0/SMOSI0/SSDA0/ RSPCKA/RSPCKB/ADTRG0#	PA4/A2/MTIOC1B/MTIOC1B#/TMC17/ SCK6/TXD8/SMOSI8/SSDA8/RSPCKA/ ADTRG0#
38	PA3/MTIOC2A/SCK0/SSLA0/SSLB0	PA3/A1/MTIOC2A/MTIOC2A#/GTADSM0/ TMRI7/TXD9/SMOSI9/SSDA9/SCK8/SSLA0
39	PA2/MTIOC2B/RXD2/SMISO2/SSCL2/ SSLA1/SSLB1	PA2/A0/BC0#/MTIOC2B/MTIOC2B#/ GTADSM1/TMO7/CTS6#/RTS6#/SS6#/ RXD9/SMISO9/SSCL9/SCK11/SSLA1
40	PA1/MTIOC6A/TXD2/SMOSI2/SSDA2/ SSLA2/SSLB2	PA1/MTIOC6A/MTIOC6A#/TMO4/TXD9/ SMOSI9/SSDA9/RXD11/SMISO11/SSCL11/ SSLA2/CRX0/USB0_ID/USB0_OVRCURA/ IRQ14_DS/ADTRG0#

100 Pins	RX63T	RX72T (With PGA Pseudo-Differential Input and USB Pin)
41	PA0/MTIOC6C/ SCK2 /SSLA3/SSLB3	PA0/MTIOC6C/ MTIOC6C# / TMO2 / SCK9 / TXD11 / SMOSI11 / SSDA11 /SSLA3/ CTX0 / USB0_EXICEN / USB0_VBUSEN
42	VCC	VCC
43	P96/ A13 /POE4#/RXD1/SMISO1/SSCL1/ IRQ4-DS	P96/ CS0# / WAIT# / GTETRGA / GTETRGB / GTETRGC / GTETRGD /POE4#/CTS8#/RTS8#/SS8#/IRQ4_DS
44	VSS	VSS
45	P95/MTIOC6B/GTIOC4A/ TXD1 /SMOSI1/ SSDA1	P95/MTIOC6B/ MTIOC6B# /GTIOC4A/ GTIOC7A/GTIOC4A#/GTIOC7A#
46	P94/MTIOC7A/GTIOC5A/ CTS1# /RTS1#/SS1#	P94/MTIOC7A/ MTIOC7A# /GTIOC5A/ GTIOC8A/GTIOC5A#/GTIOC8A#
47	P93/MTIOC7B/GTIOC6A/ CTS2# /RTS2#/SS2#	P93/MTIOC7B/ MTIOC7B# /GTIOC6A/ GTIOC9A/GTIOC6A#/GTIOC9A#
48	P92/MTIOC6D/GTIOC4B	P92/MTIOC6D/ MTIOC6D# /GTIOC4B/ GTIOC7B/GTIOC4B#/GTIOC7B#
49	P91/MTIOC7C/GTIOC5B	P91/MTIOC7C/ MTIOC7C# /GTIOC5B/ GTIOC8B/GTIOC5B#/GTIOC8B#
50	P90/MTIOC7D/GTIOC6B	P90/MTIOC7D/ MTIOC7D# /GTIOC6B/ GTIOC9B/GTIOC6B#/GTIOC9B#
51	P76/D0[A0/D0]/MTIOC4D/GTIOC2B	P76/D0[A0/D0]/MTIOC4D/ MTIOC4D# / GTIOC2B/GTIOC6B/GTIOC2B#/GTIOC6B#
52	P75/D1[A1/D1]/MTIOC4C/GTIOC1B	P75/D1[A1/D1]/MTIOC4C/ MTIOC4C# / GTIOC1B/GTIOC5B/GTIOC1B#/GTIOC5B#
53	P74/D2[A2/D2]/MTIOC3D/GTIOC0B	P74/D2[A2/D2]/MTIOC3D/ MTIOC3D# / GTIOC0B/GTIOC4B/GTIOC0B#/GTIOC4B#
54	P73/D3[A3/D3]/MTIOC4B/GTIOC2A	P73/D3[A3/D3]/MTIOC4B/ MTIOC4B# / GTIOC2A/GTIOC6A/GTIOC2A#/GTIOC6A#
55	P72/D4[A4/D4]/MTIOC4A/GTIOC1A	P72/D4[A4/D4]/MTIOC4A/ MTIOC4A# / GTIOC1A/GTIOC5A/GTIOC1A#/GTIOC5A#
56	P71/D5[A5/D5]/MTIOC3B/GTIOC0A	P71/D5[A5/D5]/MTIOC3B/ MTIOC3B# / GTIOC0A/GTIOC4A/GTIOC0A#/GTIOC4A#
57	P70/D6[A6/D6]/POE0#/CTS1#/RTS1#/SS1#/IRQ5-DS	P70/D6[A6/D6]/ GTETRGA / GTETRGB / GTETRGC / GTETRGD /POE0#/CTS9#/RTS9#/SS9#/IRQ5_DS
58	P33/D7[A7/D7]/MTIOC3A/MTCLKA/SSLA3/ SSLB3	P33/D7[A7/D7]/MTIOC3A/MTCLKA/ MTIOC3A# / MTCLKA# /GTIOC3B/ GTIOC3B#/TMO0/SSLA3/IRQ13_DS
59	P32/D8[A8/D8]/MTIOC3C/MTCLKB/SSLA2/ SSLB2	P32/D8[A8/D8]/MTIOC3C/MTCLKB/ MTIOC3C# / MTCLKB# /GTIOC3A/ GTIOC3A#/TMO6/SSLA2/IRQ12_DS
60	VCC	VCC
61	P31/D9[A9/D9]/MTIOC0A/MTCLKC/SSLA1/ SSLB1	P31/D9[A9/D9]/MTIOC0A/MTCLKC/ MTIOC0A# / MTCLKC# /TMR16/SSLA1/IRQ6
62	VSS	VSS
63	P30/D10[A10/D10]/MTIOC0B/MTCLKD/ SCK0 /SSLA0/SSLB0	P30/D10[A10/D10]/MTIOC0B/MTCLKD/ MTIOC0B# / MTCLKD# /TMC16/SCK8/ CTS8#/RTS8#/SS8#/SSLA0/IRQ7/COMP3
64	P24/D11[A11/D11]/CTS0#/RTS0#/SS0#/RSPCKA/RSPCKB/IRQ4	P27/CS3#/MTIOC1A/MTIOC0C/ MTIOC1A#/MTIOC0C#/POE9#/IRQ15

100 Pins	RX63T	RX72T (With PGA Pseudo-Differential Input and USB Pin)
65	P23/D12[A12/D12]/CACREF/TXD0/SMOSI0/ SSDA0/MOSIA/MOSIB/CTX1	P24/D11[A11/D11]/MTIC5U/MTIC5U#// TMCI2/TMO6/CTS8#/RTS8#/SS8#/SCK8/ RSPCKA/IRQ4/COMP0
66	P22/D13[A13/D13]/RXD0/SMISO0/SSCL0/ MISOA/MISOB/CRX1/ADTRG#	P23/D12[A12/D12]/MTIC5V/MTIC5V#// TMO2/CACREF/TXD8/SMOSI8/SSDA8/ TXD12/SMOSI12/SSDA12/TXDX12/ SIOX12/MOSIA/CTX0/IRQ11/COMP1
67	P21/D14[A14/D14]/MTCLKA/IRQ6-DS/ ADTRG1#	P22/D13[A13/D13]/MTIC5W/MTCLKD/ MTIC5W#/MTCLKD#/MTIOC9B/TMRI2/ TMO4/RXD8/SMISO8/SSCL8/RXD12/ SMISO12/SSCL12/RXDX12/MISOA/CRX0/ IRQ10/ADTRG2#/COMP2
68	P20/D15[A15/D15]/MTCLKB/IRQ7-DS/ ADTRG0#	P21/D14[A14/D14]/MTIOC9A/MTCLKA/ MTIOC9A#/MTCLKA#/TMCI4/TXD8/ SMOSI8/SSDA8/TXD12/SMOSI12/ SSDA12/TXDX12/SIOX12/MOSIA/ IRQ6_DS/AN217/ADTRG1#/COMP5
69	P65/A0/BC0#/AN5	P20/D15[A15/D15]/MTIOC9C/MTCLKB/ MTIOC9C#/MTCLKB#/TMRI4/CTS8#// RTS8#/SS8#/SCK8/RSPCKA/IRQ7_DS/ AN216/ADTRG0#/COMP4
70	P64/A1/AN4	P65/A12/IRQ9/AN211/CMPC53/DA1
71	AVCC	P64/A13/IRQ8/AN210/CMPC33/DA0
72	VREF	AVCC2
73	AVSS	AVSS2
74	P63/A2/AN3	P63/A12/A14/IRQ7/AN209/CMPC23
75	P62/A3/AN2	P62/A13/A15/IRQ6/AN208/CMPC43
76	P61/A4/AN1	P61/A14/A16/IRQ5/AN207/CMPC13
77	P60/A5/AN0	P60/A15/A17/IRQ4/AN206/CMPC03
78	P55/AN11/DA1	P55/A16/A18/IRQ3/AN203/CMPC32
79	P54/AN10/DA0	P54/A17/A19/IRQ2/AN202/CMPC22
80	P53/A6/AN9	P53/A18/A20/IRQ1/AN201/CMPC12
81	P52/A7/AN8	P52/IRQ0/AN200/CMPC02
82	P51/AN7	P47/AN103
83	P50/AN6	P46/AN102/CMPC50/CMPC51
84	P47/AN103/CVREFH	P45/AN101/CMPC40/CMPC41
85	P46/AN102	P44/AN100/CMPC30/CMPC31
86	P45/AN101	PH4/AN107/PGAVSS1
87	P44/AN100	P43/AN003
88	P43/AN003/CVREFL	P42/AN002/CMPC20/CMPC21
89	P42/AN002	P41/AN001/CMPC10/CMPC11
90	P41/AN001	P40/AN000/CMPC00/CMPC01
91	P40/AN000	PH0/AN007/PGAVSS0
92	AVCC0	AVCC1
93	VREFH0	AVCC0
94	VREFL0	AVSS0
95	AVSS0	AVSS1
96	P82/WAIT#/MTIC5U/SCK12/IRQ3	P82/ALE/WAIT#/MTIC5U/MTIC5U#// TMO4/SCK6/SCK12/IRQ3/COMP5

100 Pins	RX63T	RX72T (With PGA Pseudo-Differential Input and USB Pin)
97	P81/A8/MTIC5V/TXD12/SMOSI12/SSDA12/ TXDX12/SIOX12	P81/CS2#/MTIC5V/MTIC5V#/TMC14/ TXD6/SMOSI6/SSDA6/TXD12/SMOSI12/ SSDA12/TXDX12/SIOX12/COMP4
98	P80/A9/MTIC5W/RXD12/SMISO12/SSCL12/ RXDX12/IRQ5	P80/CS1#/MTIC5W/MTIC5W#/TMRI4/ RXD6/SMISO6/SSCL6/RXD12/SMISO12/ SSCL12/RXDX12/IRQ5/COMP3
99	P11/ALE/MTCLKC/IRQ1-DS	P11/RD#/MTIOC3A/MTCLKC/ MTIOC3A#/MTCLKC#/MTIOC9D/ GTIOC3B/GTETRGA/GTIOC3B#/ GTETRG/C/TMO3/POE9#/IRQ1_DS
100	P10/MTCLKD/IRQ0-DS	P10/MTIOC9B/MTCLKD/MTIOC9B#/ MTCLKD#/GTETRGB/GTETRGD/TMRI3/ POE12#/CTS6#/RTS6#/SS6#/IRQ0_DS

3.3 100-Pin Package (RX72T: With PGA Pseudo-Differential Input and Without USB Pins)

Table 3.3 is a comparative listing of the pin functions of 100-pin package products (RX72T: with PGA pseudo-differential input and without USB pins).

**Table 3.3 Comparative Listing of 100-Pin Package Pin Functions
(RX72T: With PGA Pseudo-Differential Input and Without USB Pins)**

100 Pins	RX63T	RX72T (With PGA Pseudo-Differential Input and Without USB Pin)
1	PE5/BCLK/IRQ0	PE5/BCLK/MTIOC9D/MTIOC9D#/GTIOC3A/ GTETRGB/GTIOC3A#/GTETRGD/SCK9/ CTS9#/RTS9#/SS9#/IRQ0/ADST0
2	EMLE	EMLE
3	VSS	VSS
4	P01/RD#/CTS0#/RTS0#/SS0#	UB/P00/A11/MTIOC9A/MTIOC9A#/CACREF/ RxD9/SMISO9/SSCL9/RxD12/SMISO12/ SSCL12/RDXD12/IRQ2/ADST1/COMPO
5	VCL	VCL
6	P00/CS1#/CACREF	MD/FINED
7	MD/FINED	P01/A10/MTIOC9C/MTIOC9C#/GTETRGA/ GTETRGB/GTETRGC/GTETRGD/POE12#/ TXD9/SMOSI9/SSDA9/TxD12/SMOSI12/ SSDA12/TxD12/SIOX12/IRQ4/ADST2/ COMP1
8	PE4/A10/POE10#/MTCLKC/IRQ1	PE4/A9/MTCLKC/MTCLKC#/GTETRGA/ GTETRGB/GTETRGC/GTETRGD/POE10#/ SCK9/IRQ1
9	PE3/A11/POE11#/MTCLKD/IRQ2-DS	PE3/A8/MTCLKD/MTCLKD#/GTETRGA/ GTETRGB/GTETRGC/GTETRGD/POE11#/ CTS9#/RTS9#/SS9#/IRQ2_DS
10	RES#	RES#
11	XTAL	XTAL/P37
12	VSS	VSS
13	EXTAL	EXTAL/P36
14	VCC	VCC
15	PE2/POE10#/NMI	PE2/POE10#/NMI
16	PE1/WR0#/WR#/CTS12#/RTS12#/SS12#/ SSLA3/SSLB3	PE1/WR0#/WR#/MTIOC9D/MTIOC9D#/ TMO5/CTS5#/RTS5#/SS5#/CTS12#/ RTS12#/SS12#/SSLA3/IRQ15
17	PE0/WR1#/BC1#/WAIT#/SSLA2/SSLB2/ CRX1/IRQ7	PE0/WR1#/BC1#/WAIT#/MTIOC9B/ MTIOC9B#/TMC1/TMC15/TxD5/SMISO5/ SSCL5/SSLA2/CRX0/IRQ7
18	TRST#/PD7/GTIOC0A/CTS0#/RTS0#/SS0#/ SSLA1/SSLB1/CTX1	TRST#/PD7/MTIOC9A/MTIOC9A#/ GTIOC0A/GTIOC3A/GTIOC0A#/ GTIOC3A#/TMRI1/TMR15/TxD5/SMOSI5/ SSDA5/SSLA1/CTX0/IRQ8
19	TMS/PD6/GTIOC0B/SSLA0/SSLB0	TMS/PD6/MTIOC9C/MTIOC9C#/GTIOC0B/ GTIOC3B/GTIOC0B#/GTIOC3B#/TMO1/ CTS1#/RTS1#/SS1#/CTS11#/RTS11#/ SS11#/SSLA0/IRQ5/ADST0
20	TDI/PD5/GTIOC1A/RxD1/SMISO1/SSCL1/ IRQ6	TDI/PD5/GTIOC1A/GTETRGA/GTIOC1A#/ TMRI0/TMRI6/RxD1/SMISO1/SSCL1/ RxD11/SMISO11/SSCL11/IRQ6

100 Pins	RX63T	RX72T (With PGA Pseudo-Differential Input and Without USB Pin)
21	TCK/FINEC/PD4/GTIOC1B/SCK1	TCK/PD4/GTIOC1B/GTETRGB/ GTIOC1B#/TMC10/TMC16/SCK1/SCK11/ IRQ2
22	TDO/PD3/GTIOC2A/TXD1/SMOSI1/SSDA1	TDO/PD3/GTIOC2A/GTETRGC/GTIOC2A#/ TMO0/TXD1/SMOSI1/SSDA1/TXD11/ SMOSI11/SSDA11
23	PD2/CS2#/GTIOC2B/MOSIA/MOSIB	TRCLK/PD2/A7/GTIOC2B/GTIOC0A/ GTIOC2B#/GTIOC0A#/TMC11/TMO4/ SCK5/SCK8/MOSIA
24	PD1/CS0#/GTIOC3A/MISOA/MISOB	TRDATA3/PD1/A6/GTIOC3A/GTIOC0B/ GTIOC3A#/GTIOC0B#/TMO2/RXD8/ SMISO8/SSCL8/MISOA
25	PD0/A12/GTIOC3B/RSPCKA/RSPCKB	TRDATA2/PD0/A5/GTIOC3B/GTIOC1A/ GTIOC3B#/GTIOC1A#/TMO6/TXD8/ SMOSI8/SSDA8/RSPCKA
26	PB7/A19/SCK12	TRDATA1/PB7/A4/GTIOC1B/GTIOC1B#/ SCK5/SCK11/SCK12
27	PB6/A18/RXD12/SMISO12/SSCL12/ RXDX12/CRX1/IRQ2	TRDATA0/PB6/A3/GTIOC2A/GTIOC2A#/ RXD5/SMISO5/SSCL5/RXD11/SMISO11/ SSCL11/RXD12/SMISO12/SSCL12/ RXDX12/CRX0/IRQ2
28	PB5/A17/TXD12/SMOSI12/SSDA12/ TXDX12/SIOX12/CTX1	TRSNC/PB5/A2/GTIOC2B/GTIOC2B#/ TXD5/SMOSI5/SSDA5/TXD11/SMOSI11/ SSDA11/TXD12/SMOSI12/SSDA12/ TXDX12/SIOX12/CTX0
29	PLLVCC	VCC
30	PB4/A16/POE8#/GTETRG0/IRQ3-DS	PB4/A1/GTETRGA/GTETRGB/GTETRGC/ GTETRGD/POE8#/CTS5#/RTS5#/SS5#/ SCK11/CTS11#/RTS11#/SS11#/IRQ3_DS
31	PLLVSS	VSS
32	PB3/A15/MTIOC0A/CACREF/SCK0	PB3/A7/MTIOC0A/MTIOC0A#/CACREF/ SCK6/RSPCKA/IRQ9
33	PB2/MTIOC0B/TXD0/SMOSI0/SSDA0/SDA0	PB2/A6/MTIOC0B/MTIOC0B#/GTADSM0/ TMR10/TXD6/SMOSI6/SSDA6/SDA/ADSM0
34	PB1/MTIOC0C/RXD0/SMISO0/SSCL0/ SCL0/IRQ4	PB1/A5/MTIOC0C/MTIOC0C#/GTADSM1/ TMC10/RXD6/SMISO6/SSCL6/SCL/IRQ4/ ADSM1
35	PB0/A14/MTIOC0D/MOSIA/MOSIB	PB0/A0/A4/BC0#/MTIOC0D/MTIOC0D#/ TMO0/TXD6/SMOSI6/SSDA6/CTS11#/ RTS11#/SS11#/MOSIA/IRQ8/ADTRG2#
36	PA5/MTIOC1A/RXD0/SMISO0/SSCL0/ MISOA/MISOB/ADTRG1#	PA5/A3/MTIOC1A/MTIOC1A#/TMC13/ RXD6/SMISO6/SSCL6/RXD8/SMISO8/ SSCL8/MISOA/IRQ1/ADTRG1#
37	PA4/MTIOC1B/TXD0/SMOSI0/SSDA0/ RSPCKA/RSPCKB/ADTRG0#	PA4/A2/MTIOC1B/MTIOC1B#/TMC17/ SCK6/TXD8/SMOSI8/SSDA8/RSPCKA/ ADTRG0#
38	PA3/MTIOC2A/SCK0/SSLA0/SSLB0	PA3/A1/MTIOC2A/MTIOC2A#/GTADSM0/ TMR17/TXD9/SMOSI9/SSDA9/SCK8/SSLA0
39	PA2/MTIOC2B/RXD2/SMISO2/SSCL2/ SSLA1/SSLB1	PA2/A0/BC0#/MTIOC2B/MTIOC2B#/ GTADSM1/TMO7/CTS6#/RTS6#/SS6#/ RXD9/SMISO9/SSCL9/SCK11/SSLA1

100 Pins	RX63T	RX72T (With PGA Pseudo-Differential Input and Without USB Pin)
40	PA1/MTIOC6A/ TXD2/SMOSI2/SSDA2/SSLB2	PA1/MTIOC6A/ MTIOC6A#/TMO4/TXD9/SMOSI9/SSDA9/RXD11/SMISO11/SSCL11/SSLB2/CRX0/IRQ14_DS/ADTRG0#
41	PA0/MTIOC6C/ SCK2/SSLB3	PA0/MTIOC6C/ MTIOC6C#/TMO2/SCK9/TXD11/SMOSI11/SSDA11/SSLB3/CTX0
42	VCC	VCC
43	P96/A13/POE4#/RxD1/SMISO1/SSCL1/IRQ4-DS	P96/CS0#/WAIT#/GTETRGA/GTETRGB/GTETRGC/GTETRGD/POE4#/CTS8#/RTS8#/SS8#/IRQ4_DS
44	VSS	VSS
45	P95/MTIOC6B/GTIOC4A/TxD1/SMOSI1/SSDA1	P95/MTIOC6B/ MTIOC6B#/GTIOC4A/GTIOC7A/GTIOC4A#/GTIOC7A#
46	P94/MTIOC7A/GTIOC5A/CTS1#/RTS1#/SS1#	P94/MTIOC7A/ MTIOC7A#/GTIOC5A/GTIOC8A/GTIOC5A#/GTIOC8A#
47	P93/MTIOC7B/GTIOC6A/CTS2#/RTS2#/SS2#	P93/MTIOC7B/ MTIOC7B#/GTIOC6A/GTIOC9A/GTIOC6A#/GTIOC9A#
48	P92/MTIOC6D/GTIOC4B	P92/MTIOC6D/ MTIOC6D#/GTIOC4B/GTIOC7B/GTIOC4B#/GTIOC7B#
49	P91/MTIOC7C/GTIOC5B	P91/MTIOC7C/ MTIOC7C#/GTIOC5B/GTIOC8B/GTIOC5B#/GTIOC8B#
50	P90/MTIOC7D/GTIOC6B	P90/MTIOC7D/ MTIOC7D#/GTIOC6B/GTIOC9B/GTIOC6B#/GTIOC9B#
51	P76/D0[A0/D0]/MTIOC4D/GTIOC2B	P76/D0[A0/D0]/MTIOC4D/ MTIOC4D#/GTIOC2B/GTIOC6B/GTIOC2B#/GTIOC6B#
52	P75/D1[A1/D1]/MTIOC4C/GTIOC1B	P75/D1[A1/D1]/MTIOC4C/ MTIOC4C#/GTIOC1B/GTIOC5B/GTIOC1B#/GTIOC5B#
53	P74/D2[A2/D2]/MTIOC3D/GTIOC0B	P74/D2[A2/D2]/MTIOC3D/ MTIOC3D#/GTIOC0B/GTIOC4B/GTIOC0B#/GTIOC4B#
54	P73/D3[A3/D3]/MTIOC4B/GTIOC2A	P73/D3[A3/D3]/MTIOC4B/ MTIOC4B#/GTIOC2A/GTIOC6A/GTIOC2A#/GTIOC6A#
55	P72/D4[A4/D4]/MTIOC4A/GTIOC1A	P72/D4[A4/D4]/MTIOC4A/ MTIOC4A#/GTIOC1A/GTIOC5A/GTIOC1A#/GTIOC5A#
56	P71/D5[A5/D5]/MTIOC3B/GTIOC0A	P71/D5[A5/D5]/MTIOC3B/ MTIOC3B#/GTIOC0A/GTIOC4A/GTIOC0A#/GTIOC4A#
57	P70/D6[A6/D6]/POE0#/CTS1#/RTS1#/SS1#/IRQ5-DS	P70/D6[A6/D6]/ GTETRGA/GTETRGB/GTETRGC/GTETRGD/POE0#/CTS9#/RTS9#/SS9#/IRQ5_DS
58	P33/D7[A7/D7]/MTIOC3A/MTCLKA/SSLB3	P33/D7[A7/D7]/MTIOC3A/MTCLKA/ MTIOC3A#/MTCLKA#/GTIOC3B/GTIOC3B#/TMO0/SSLB3/IRQ13_DS
59	P32/D8[A8/D8]/MTIOC3C/MTCLKB/SSLB2	P32/D8[A8/D8]/MTIOC3C/MTCLKB/ MTIOC3C#/MTCLKB#/GTIOC3A/GTIOC3A#/TMO6/SSLB2/IRQ12_DS
60	VCC	VCC
61	P31/D9[A9/D9]/MTIOC0A/MTCLKC/SSLB1	P31/D9[A9/D9]/MTIOC0A/MTCLKC/ MTIOC0A#/MTCLKC#/TMRI6/SSLB1/IRQ6
62	VSS	VSS
63	P30/D10[A10/D10]/MTIOC0B/MTCLKD/ SCK0/SSLB0	P30/D10[A10/D10]/MTIOC0B/MTCLKD/ MTIOC0B#/MTCLKD#/TMC16/SCK8/CTS8#/RTS8#/SS8#/SSLB0/IRQ7/COMP3
64	P24/D11[A11/D11]/CTS0#/RTS0#/SS0#/RSPCKA/RSPCKB/IRQ4	P27/CS3#/MTIOC1A/MTIOC0C/ MTIOC1A#/MTIOC0C#/POE9#/IRQ15

100 Pins	RX63T	RX72T (With PGA Pseudo-Differential Input and Without USB Pin)
65	P23/D12[A12/D12]/CACREF/TXD0/SMOSI0/ SSDA0/MOSIA/MOSIB/CTX1	P24/D11[A11/D11]/MTIC5U/MTIC5U#// TMCI2/TMO6/CTS8#/RTS8#/SS8#/SCK8/ RSPCKA/IRQ4/COMP0
66	P22/D13[A13/D13]/RXD0/SMISO0/SSCL0/ MISOA/MISOB/CRX1/ADTRG#	P23/D12[A12/D12]/MTIC5V/MTIC5V#// TMO2/CACREF/TXD8/SMOSI8/SSDA8/ TXD12/SMOSI12/SSDA12/TXDX12/ SIOX12/MOSIA/CTX0/IRQ11/COMP1
67	P21/D14[A14/D14]/MTCLKA/IRQ6-DS/ ADTRG1#	P22/D13[A13/D13]/MTIC5W/MTCLKD/ MTIC5W#/MTCLKD#/MTIOC9B/TMRI2/ TMO4/RXD8/SMISO8/SSCL8/RXD12/ SMISO12/SSCL12/RXDX12/MISOA/CRX0/ IRQ10/ADTRG2#/COMP2
68	P20/D15[A15/D15]/MTCLKB/IRQ7-DS/ ADTRG0#	P21/D14[A14/D14]/MTIOC9A/MTCLKA/ MTIOC9A#/MTCLKA#/TMCI4/TXD8/ SMOSI8/SSDA8/TXD12/SMOSI12/ SSDA12/TXDX12/SIOX12/MOSIA/ IRQ6_DS/AN217/ADTRG1#/COMP5
69	P65/A0/BC0#/AN5	P20/D15[A15/D15]/MTIOC9C/MTCLKB/ MTIOC9C#/MTCLKB#/TMRI4/CTS8#// RTS8#/SS8#/SCK8/RSPCKA/IRQ7_DS/ AN216/ADTRG0#/COMP4
70	P64/A1/AN4	P65/A12/IRQ9/AN211/CMPC53/DA1
71	AVCC	P64/A13/IRQ8/AN210/CMPC33/DA0
72	VREF	AVCC2
73	AVSS	AVSS2
74	P63/A2/AN3	P63/A12/A14/IRQ7/AN209/CMPC23
75	P62/A3/AN2	P62/A13/A15/IRQ6/AN208/CMPC43
76	P61/A4/AN1	P61/A14/A16/IRQ5/AN207/CMPC13
77	P60/A5/AN0	P60/A15/A17/IRQ4/AN206/CMPC03
78	P55/AN11/DA1	P55/A16/A18/IRQ3/AN203/CMPC32
79	P54/AN10/DA0	P54/A17/A19/IRQ2/AN202/CMPC22
80	P53/A6/AN9	P53/A18/A20/IRQ1/AN201/CMPC12
81	P52/A7/AN8	P52/IRQ0/AN200/CMPC02
82	P51/AN7	P47/AN103
83	P50/AN6	P46/AN102/CMPC50/CMPC51
84	P47/AN103/CVREFH	P45/AN101/CMPC40/CMPC41
85	P46/AN102	P44/AN100/CMPC30/CMPC31
86	P45/AN101	PH4/AN107/PGAVSS1
87	P44/AN100	P43/AN003
88	P43/AN003/CVREFL	P42/AN002/CMPC20/CMPC21
89	P42/AN002	P41/AN001/CMPC10/CMPC11
90	P41/AN001	P40/AN000/CMPC00/CMPC01
91	P40/AN000	PH0/AN007/PGAVSS0
92	AVCC0	AVCC1
93	VREFH0	AVCC0
94	VREFL0	AVSS0
95	AVSS0	AVSS1
96	P82/WAIT#/MTIC5U/SCK12/IRQ3	P82/ALE/WAIT#/MTIC5U/MTIC5U#// TMO4/SCK6/SCK12/IRQ3/COMP5

100 Pins	RX63T	RX72T (With PGA Pseudo-Differential Input and Without USB Pin)
97	P81/A8/MTIC5V/TXD12/SMOSI12/SSDA12/ TXDX12/SIOX12	P81/CS2#/MTIC5V/MTIC5V#/TMCI4/ TXD6/SMOSI6/SSDA6/TXD12/SMOSI12/ SSDA12/TXDX12/SIOX12/COMP4
98	P80/A9/MTIC5W/RXD12/SMISO12/SSCL12/ RXDX12/IRQ5	P80/CS1#/MTIC5W/MTIC5W#/TMRI4/ RXD6/SMISO6/SSCL6/RXD12/SMISO12/ SSCL12/RXDX12/IRQ5/COMP3
99	P11/ALE/MTCLKC/IRQ1-DS	P11/RD#/MTIOC3A/MTCLKC/ MTIOC3A#/MTCLKC#/MTIOC9D/ GTIOC3B/GTETRGA/GTIOC3B#/ GTETRG/C/TMO3/POE9#/IRQ1_DS
100	P10/MTCLKD/IRQ0-DS	P10/MTIOC9B/MTCLKD/MTIOC9B#/ MTCLKD#/GTETRGB/GTETRGD/TMRI3/ POE12#/CTS6#/RTS6#/SS6#/IRQ0_DS

3.4 100-Pin Package (RX72T: Without PGA Pseudo-Differential Input and USB Pins)

Table 3.4 is a comparative listing of the pin functions of 100-pin package products (RX72T: without PGA pseudo-differential input and USB pins).

**Table 3.4 Comparative Listing of 100-Pin Package Pin Functions
(RX72T: Without PGA Pseudo-Differential Input and USB Pins)**

100 Pins	RX63T	RX72T (Without PGA Pseudo-Differential Input and USB Pin)
1	PE5/BCLK/IRQ0	PE5/BCLK/MTIOC9D/MTIOC9D#/GTIOC3A/ GTETRGB/GTIOC3A#/GTETRGD/SCK9/ CTS9#/RTS9#/SS9#/IRQ0/ADST0
2	EMLE	EMLE
3	VSS	VSS
4	P01/RD#/CTS0#/RTS0#/SS0#	UB/P00/A11/MTIOC9A/MTIOC9A#/CACREF/ RXD9/SMISO9/SSCL9/RXD12/SMISO12/ SSCL12/RXDX12/IRQ2/ADST1/COMP0
5	VCL	VCL
6	P00/CS1#/CACREF	MD/FINED
7	MD/FINED	P01/A10/MTIOC9C/MTIOC9C#/GTETRGA/ GTETRGB/GTETRGC/GTETRGD/POE12#/TXD9/ SMOSI9/SSDA9/TXD12/SMOSI12/ SSDA12/TXDX12/SIOX12/IRQ4/ADST2/ COMP1
8	PE4/A10/POE10#/MTCLKC/IRQ1	PE4/A9/MTCLKC/MTCLKC#/GTETRGA/ GTETRGB/GTETRGC/GTETRGD/POE10#/SCK9/IRQ1
9	PE3/A11/POE11#/MTCLKD/IRQ2-DS	PE3/A8/MTCLKD/MTCLKD#/GTETRGA/ GTETRGB/GTETRGC/GTETRGD/POE11#/CTS9#/RTS9#/SS9#/IRQ2_DS
10	RES#	RES#
11	XTAL	XTAL/P37
12	VSS	VSS
13	EXTAL	EXTAL/P36
14	VCC	VCC
15	PE2/POE10#/NMI	PE2/POE10#/NMI
16	PE1/WR0#/WR#/CTS12#/RTS12#/SS12#/SSLA3/SSLB3	PE1/WR0#/WR#/MTIOC9D/MTIOC9D#/TMO5/CTS5#/RTS5#/SS5#/CTS12#/RTS12#/SS12#/SSLA3/IRQ15
17	PE0/WR1#/BC1#/WAIT#/SSLA2/SSLB2/CRX1/IRQ7	PE0/WR1#/BC1#/WAIT#/MTIOC9B/MTIOC9B#/TMC1/TMC15/TXD5/SMISO5/SSCL5/SSLA2/CRX0/IRQ7
18	TRST#/PD7/GTIOC0A/CTS0#/RTS0#/SS0#/SSLA1/SSLB1/CTX1	TRST#/PD7/MTIOC9A/MTIOC9A#/GTIOC0A/GTIOC3A/GTIOC0A#/GTIOC3A#/TMRI1/TMRI5/TXD5/SMISO5/SSDA5/SSLA1/CTX0/IRQ8
19	TMS/PD6/GTIOC0B/SSLA0/SSLB0	TMS/PD6/MTIOC9C/MTIOC9C#/GTIOC0B/GTIOC3B/GTIOC0B#/GTIOC3B#/TMO1/CTS1#/RTS1#/SS1#/CTS11#/RTS11#/SS11#/SSLA0/IRQ5/ADST0
20	TDI/PD5/GTIOC1A/RXD1/SMISO1/SSCL1/IRQ6	TDI/PD5/GTIOC1A/GTETRGA/GTIOC1A#/TMRI0/TMRI6/RXD1/SMISO1/SSCL1/RXD11/SMISO11/SSCL11/IRQ6

100 Pins	RX63T	RX72T (Without PGA Pseudo-Differential Input and USB Pin)
21	TCK/FINEC/PD4/GTIOC1B/SCK1	TCK/PD4/GTIOC1B/GTETRGB/GTIOC1B#/TMC10/TMC16/SCK1/SCK11/IRQ2
22	TDO/PD3/GTIOC2A/TXD1/SMOSI1/SSDA1	TDO/PD3/GTIOC2A/GTETRGC/GTIOC2A#/TMO0/TXD1/SMOSI1/SSDA1/TXD11/SMOSI11/SSDA11
23	PD2/CS2#/GTIOC2B/MOSIA/MOSIB	TRCLK/PD2/A7/GTIOC2B/GTIOC0A/GTIOC2B#/GTIOC0A#/TMC11/TMO4/SCK5/SCK8/MOSIA
24	PD1/CS0#/GTIOC3A/MISOA/MISOB	TRDATA3/PD1/A6/GTIOC3A/GTIOC0B/GTIOC3A#/GTIOC0B#/TMO2/RXD8/SMISO8/SSCL8/MISOA
25	PD0/A12/GTIOC3B/RSPCKA/RSPCKB	TRDATA2/PD0/A5/GTIOC3B/GTIOC1A/GTIOC3B#/GTIOC1A#/TMO6/TXD8/SMOSI8/SSDA8/RSPCKA
26	PB7/A19/SCK12	TRDATA1/PB7/A4/GTIOC1B/GTIOC1B#/SCK5/SCK11/SCK12
27	PB6/A18/RXD12/SMISO12/SSCL12/RDXD12/CRX1/IRQ2	TRDATA0/PB6/A3/GTIOC2A/GTIOC2A#/RDX5/SMISO5/SSCL5/TXD11/SMISO11/SSCL11/TXD12/SMISO12/SSCL12/RDXD12/CRX0/IRQ2
28	PB5/A17/TXD12/SMOSI12/SSDA12/TDXD12/SIOX12/CTX1	TRSNC/PB5/A2/GTIOC2B/GTIOC2B#/TXD5/SMOSI5/SSDA5/TXD11/SMOSI11/SSDA11/TXD12/SMOSI12/SSDA12/TDXD12/SIOX12/CTX0
29	PLLVCC	VCC
30	PB4/A16/POE8#/GTETRG0/IRQ3-DS	PB4/A1/GTETRGA/GTETRGB/GTETRGC/GTETRGD/POE8#/CTS5#/RTS5#/SS5#/SCK11/CTS11#/RTS11#/SS11#/IRQ3_DS
31	PLLVSS	VSS
32	PB3/A15/MTIOC0A/CACREF/SCK0	PB3/A7/MTIOC0A/MTIOC0A#/CACREF/SCK6/RSPCKA/IRQ9
33	PB2/MTIOC0B/TXD0/SMOSI0/SSDA0/SDA0	PB2/A6/MTIOC0B/MTIOC0B#/GTADSM0/TMRI0/TXD6/SMOSI6/SSDA6/SDA/ADSM0
34	PB1/MTIOC0C/RXD0/SMISO0/SSCL0/SCL0/IRQ4	PB1/A5/MTIOC0C/MTIOC0C#/GTADSM1/TMC10/RXD6/SMISO6/SSCL6/SCL/IRQ4/ADSM1
35	PB0/A14/MTIOC0D/MOSIA/MOSIB	PB0/A0/A4/BC0#/MTIOC0D/MTIOC0D#/TMO0/TXD6/SMOSI6/SSDA6/CTS11#/RTS11#/SS11#/MOSIA/IRQ8/ADTRG2#
36	PA5/MTIOC1A/RXD0/SMISO0/SSCL0/MISOA/MISOB/ADTRG1#	PA5/A3/MTIOC1A/MTIOC1A#/TMC13/RXD6/SMISO6/SSCL6/RXD8/SMISO8/SSCL8/MISOA/IRQ1/ADTRG1#
37	PA4/MTIOC1B/TXD0/SMOSI0/SSDA0/RSPCKA/RSPCKB/ADTRG0#	PA4/A2/MTIOC1B/MTIOC1B#/TMC17/SCK6/TXD8/SMOSI8/SSDA8/RSPCKA/ADTRG0#
38	PA3/MTIOC2A/SCK0/SSLA0/SSLB0	PA3/A1/MTIOC2A/MTIOC2A#/GTADSM0/TMRI7/TXD9/SMOSI9/SSDA9/SCK8/SSLA0
39	PA2/MTIOC2B/RXD2/SMISO2/SSCL2/SSLA1/SSLB1	PA2/A0/BC0#/MTIOC2B/MTIOC2B#/GTADSM1/TMO7/CTS6#/RTS6#/SS6#/RXD9/SMISO9/SSCL9/SCK11/SSLA1

100 Pins	RX63T	RX72T (Without PGA Pseudo-Differential Input and USB Pin)
40	PA1/MTIOC6A/ TXD2/SMOSI2/SSDA2/SSLB2	PA1/MTIOC6A/ MTIOC6A#/TMO4/TXD9/SMOSI9/SSDA9/RXD11/SMISO11/SSCL11/SSLB2/CRX0/IRQ14_DS/ADTRG0#
41	PA0/MTIOC6C/ SCK2/SSLB3	PA0/MTIOC6C/ MTIOC6C#/TMO2/SCK9/TXD11/SMOSI11/SSDA11/SSLB3/CTX0
42	VCC	VCC
43	P96/A13/POE4#/RXD1/SMISO1/SSCL1/IRQ4-DS	P96/CS0#/WAIT#/GTETRGA/GTETRGB/GTETRGC/GTETRGD/POE4#/CTS8#/RTS8#/SS8#/IRQ4_DS
44	VSS	VSS
45	P95/MTIOC6B/GTIOC4A/ TXD1/SMOSI1/SSDA1	P95/MTIOC6B/ MTIOC6B#/GTIOC4A/GTIOC7A/GTIOC4A#/GTIOC7A#
46	P94/MTIOC7A/GTIOC5A/ CTS1#/RTS1#/SS1#	P94/MTIOC7A/ MTIOC7A#/GTIOC5A/GTIOC8A/GTIOC5A#/GTIOC8A#
47	P93/MTIOC7B/GTIOC6A/ CTS2#/RTS2#/SS2#	P93/MTIOC7B/ MTIOC7B#/GTIOC6A/GTIOC9A/GTIOC6A#/GTIOC9A#
48	P92/MTIOC6D/GTIOC4B	P92/MTIOC6D/ MTIOC6D#/GTIOC4B/GTIOC7B/GTIOC4B#/GTIOC7B#
49	P91/MTIOC7C/GTIOC5B	P91/MTIOC7C/ MTIOC7C#/GTIOC5B/GTIOC8B/GTIOC5B#/GTIOC8B#
50	P90/MTIOC7D/GTIOC6B	P90/MTIOC7D/ MTIOC7D#/GTIOC6B/GTIOC9B/GTIOC6B#/GTIOC9B#
51	P76/D0[A0/D0]/MTIOC4D/GTIOC2B	P76/D0[A0/D0]/MTIOC4D/ MTIOC4D#/GTIOC2B/GTIOC6B/GTIOC2B#/GTIOC6B#
52	P75/D1[A1/D1]/MTIOC4C/GTIOC1B	P75/D1[A1/D1]/MTIOC4C/ MTIOC4C#/GTIOC1B/GTIOC5B/GTIOC1B#/GTIOC5B#
53	P74/D2[A2/D2]/MTIOC3D/GTIOC0B	P74/D2[A2/D2]/MTIOC3D/ MTIOC3D#/GTIOC0B/GTIOC4B/GTIOC0B#/GTIOC4B#
54	P73/D3[A3/D3]/MTIOC4B/GTIOC2A	P73/D3[A3/D3]/MTIOC4B/ MTIOC4B#/GTIOC2A/GTIOC6A/GTIOC2A#/GTIOC6A#
55	P72/D4[A4/D4]/MTIOC4A/GTIOC1A	P72/D4[A4/D4]/MTIOC4A/ MTIOC4A#/GTIOC1A/GTIOC5A/GTIOC1A#/GTIOC5A#
56	P71/D5[A5/D5]/MTIOC3B/GTIOC0A	P71/D5[A5/D5]/MTIOC3B/ MTIOC3B#/GTIOC0A/GTIOC4A/GTIOC0A#/GTIOC4A#
57	P70/D6[A6/D6]/POE0#/CTS1#/RTS1#/SS1#/IRQ5-DS	P70/D6[A6/D6]/ GTETRGA/GTETRGB/GTETRGC/GTETRGD/POE0#/CTS9#/RTS9#/SS9#/IRQ5_DS
58	P33/D7[A7/D7]/MTIOC3A/MTCLKA/SSLB3	P33/D7[A7/D7]/MTIOC3A/MTCLKA/ MTIOC3A#/MTCLKA#/GTIOC3B/GTIOC3B#/TMO0/SSLB3/IRQ13_DS
59	P32/D8[A8/D8]/MTIOC3C/MTCLKB/SSLB2	P32/D8[A8/D8]/MTIOC3C/MTCLKB/ MTIOC3C#/MTCLKB#/GTIOC3A/GTIOC3A#/TMO6/SSLB2/IRQ12_DS
60	VCC	VCC
61	P31/D9[A9/D9]/MTIOC0A/MTCLKC/SSLB1	P31/D9[A9/D9]/MTIOC0A/MTCLKC/ MTIOC0A#/MTCLKC#/TMR16/SSLB1/IRQ6
62	VSS	VSS
63	P30/D10[A10/D10]/MTIOC0B/MTCLKD/ SCK0/SSLB0	P30/D10[A10/D10]/MTIOC0B/MTCLKD/ MTIOC0B#/MTCLKD#/TMC16/SCK8/CTS8#/RTS8#/SS8#/SSLB0/IRQ7/COMP3

100 Pins	RX63T	RX72T (Without PGA Pseudo-Differential Input and USB Pin)
64	P24/D11[A11/D11]/CTS0#/RTS0#/SS0#/RSPCKA/RSPCKB/IRQ4	P24/D11[A11/D11]/MTIC5U/MTIC5U#/TMC12/TMO6/CTS8#/RTS8#/SS8#/SCK8/RSPCKA/IRQ4/COMP0
65	P23/D12[A12/D12]/CACREF/TXD0/SMOSI0/SSDA0/MOSIA/MOSIB/CTX1	P23/D12[A12/D12]/MTIC5V/MTIC5V#/TMO2/CACREF/TXD8/SMOSI8/SSDA8/TXD12/SMOSI12/SSDA12/TXDX12/SIOX12/MOSIA/CTX0/IRQ11/COMP1
66	P22/D13[A13/D13]/RXD0/SMISO0/SSCL0/MISOA/MISOB/CRX1/ADTRG#	P22/D13[A13/D13]/MTIC5W/MTCLKD/MTIC5W#/MTCLKD#/MTIOC9B/TMRI2/TMO4/RXD8/SMISO8/SSCL8/RXD12/SMISO12/SSCL12/RXDX12/MISOA/CRX0/IRQ10/ADTRG2#/COMP2
67	P21/D14[A14/D14]/MTCLKA/IRQ6-DS/ADTRG1#	P21/D14[A14/D14]/MTIOC9A/MTCLKA/MTIOC9A#/MTCLKA#/TMC14/TXD8/SMOSI8/SSDA8/TXD12/SMOSI12/SSDA12/TXDX12/SIOX12/MOSIA/IRQ6_DS/AN217/ADTRG1#/COMP5
68	P20/D15[A15/D15]/MTCLKB/IRQ7-DS/ADTRG0#	P20/D15[A15/D15]/MTIOC9C/MTCLKB/MTIOC9C#/MTCLKB#/TMRI4/CTS8#/RTS8#/SS8#/SCK8/RSPCKA/IRQ7_DS/AN216/ADTRG0#/COMP4
69	P65/A0/BC0#/AN5	P65/A12/IRQ9/AN211/CMPC53/DA1
70	P64/A1/AN4	P64/A13/IRQ8/AN210/CMPC33/DA0
71	AVCC	AVCC2
72	VREF	AVCC2
73	AVSS	AVSS2
74	P63/A2/AN3	P63/A12/A14/IRQ7/AN209/CMPC23
75	P62/A3/AN2	P62/A13/A15/IRQ6/AN208/CMPC43
76	P61/A4/AN1	P61/A14/A16/IRQ5/AN207/CMPC13
77	P60/A5/AN0	P60/A15/A17/IRQ4/AN206/CMPC03
78	P55/AN11/DA1	P55/A16/A18/IRQ3/AN203/CMPC32
79	P54/AN10/DA0	P54/A17/A19/IRQ2/AN202/CMPC22
80	P53/A6/AN9	P53/A18/A20/IRQ1/AN201/CMPC12
81	P52/A7/AN8	P52/IRQ0/AN200/CMPC02
82	P51/AN7	P51/AN205/CMPC52
83	P50/AN6	P50/AN204/CMPC42
84	P47/AN103/CVREFH	P47/AN103
85	P46/AN102	P46/AN102/CMPC50/CMPC51
86	P45/AN101	P45/AN101/CMPC40/CMPC41
87	P44/AN100	P44/AN100/CMPC30/CMPC31
88	P43/AN003/CVREFL	P43/AN003
89	P42/AN002	P42/AN002/CMPC20/CMPC21
90	P41/AN001	P41/AN001/CMPC10/CMPC11
91	P40/AN000	P40/AN000/CMPC00/CMPC01
92	AVCC0	AVCC1
93	VREFH0	AVCC0
94	VREFL0	AVSS0
95	AVSS0	AVSS1
96	P82/WAIT#/MTIC5U/SCK12/IRQ3	P82/ALE/WAIT#/MTIC5U/MTIC5U#/TMO4/SCK6/SCK12/IRQ3/COMP5

100 Pins	RX63T	RX72T (Without PGA Pseudo-Differential Input and USB Pin)
97	P81/A8/MTIC5V/TXD12/SMOSI12/SSDA12/ TXDX12/SIOX12	P81/CS2#/MTIC5V/MTIC5V#/TMCI4/ TXD6/SMOSI6/SSDA6/TXD12/SMOSI12/ SSDA12/TXDX12/SIOX12/COMP4
98	P80/A9/MTIC5W/RXD12/SMISO12/SSCL12/ RXDX12/IRQ5	P80/CS1#/MTIC5W/MTIC5W#/TMRI4/ RxD6/SMISO6/SSCL6/RXD12/SMISO12/ SSCL12/RXDX12/IRQ5/COMP3
99	P11/ALE/MTCLKC/IRQ1-DS	P11/RD#/MTIOC3A/MTCLKC/ MTIOC3A#/MTCLKC#/MTIOC9D/ GTIOC3B/GTETRGA/GTIOC3B#/ GTETRGC/TMO3/POE9#/IRQ1_DS
100	P10/MTCLKD/IRQ0-DS	P10/MTIOC9B/MTCLKD/MTIOC9B#/ MTCLKD#/GTETRGB/GTETRGD/TMRI3/ POE12#/CTS6#/RTS6#/SS6#/IRQ0_DS

4. Important Information when Migrating Between MCUs

This section presents important information on differences between the RX72T Group and the RX63T Group. 4.1, Notes on Pin Design, presents information regarding the hardware, and 4.2, Notes on Functional Design, presents information regarding the software.

4.1 Notes on Pin Design

Migration between the RX63T Group (100 pins) and the RX72T Group (100 pins: without PGA pseudo-differential input and USB) is simple because are largely pin-to-pin compatible with only a few suggestions. Note that some pins need to be handled differently between the two groups. Refer to Table 3.4, Comparative Listing of 100-Pin Package Pin Functions (RX72T: Without PGA Pseudo-Differential Input and USB Pins), for details.

4.1.1 VCL Pin (External Capacitor)

When using a smoothing capacitor connected to the VCL pin to stabilize the internal power supply, use a 0.1 μ F capacitor for the RX63T Group and a 0.47 μ F capacitor for the RX72T Group.

4.1.2 PLLVCC Pin

The RX72T Group does not have a PLLVCC pin.

4.1.3 Mode Setting Pins

On the RX63T Group the pins for setting the mode on release from the reset state are MD and P00, but on the RX72T Group they are MD and UB (multiplexed with P00).

4.1.4 Inputting an External Clock

When an external clock is input on the EXTAL pin, the counter-phase clock can be input on the XTAL pin on the RX63T Group, but the XTAL pin must be left open on the RX72T Group.

4.1.5 PGA Pseudo-Differential Input-Related Pins (P40 to P42, P44 to P46, PH0, and PH4)

On the RX72T Group a negative voltage may be input on the PGA pseudo-differential input pins from the reset state. Therefore, regardless of whether or not the PGA is used, it is necessary to change the settings of the PGA-related registers in order to use the pin functions of P40 to P42, P44 to P46, PH0, and PH4 after cancellation of a reset.

For details, refer to the descriptions of the VOLSR.PGAVALS bit, the initial setting sequence of the A/D converter, and the PIDR register in RX72T Group User's Manual: Hardware.

Note that the above-mentioned setting changes are necessary even on products not equipped with PGA pseudo-differential inputs.

4.1.6 Inserting Decoupling Capacitors between AVCC and AVSS Pins

To prevent destruction of the RX72T Group's analog input pins (AN000 to AN007, AN100 to AN107, AN200 to AN211, AN216, and AN217) by abnormal voltage such as an excessive surge, insert capacitors between AVCCn and AVSSn, and connect a protective circuit to protect the analog input pins (AN000 to AN007, AN100 to AN107, AN200 to AN211, AN216, and AN217).

For details, refer to the 12-Bit A/D Converter chapter in RX72T Group User's Manual: Hardware.

4.1.7 Integrated USB DP/DM Pull-Up and Pull-Down Resistors

The RX72T Group is provided with integrated DP/DM pull-up and pull-down resistors. This means that it uses a different USB external connection circuit configuration than the RX63T. For details, refer to 31.3.1.4, Example of USB External Connection Circuit, in RX72T Group User's Manual: Hardware.

4.2 Notes on Functional Design

Some software that runs on the RX63T Group is compatible with the RX72T Group. However, careful evaluation is required since specifications such as operating timing and electrical characteristics differ between the groups.

This section presents notes on software regarding the settings of functions that differ between the RX72T Group and the RX63T Group.

For differences in modules and functions, refer to 2, Comparative Overview of Specifications. For further information, refer to the User's Manual: Hardware listed in 5, Reference Documents.

4.2.1 Running RAM Self-Diagnostics on Save Register Banks

On the RX72T Group the save register banks are configured in the RAM. The save register banks are buffered, so writing to a bank with the SAVE instruction and then reading from the same bank with the RSTR instruction immediately afterwards may result in data being read from the buffer rather than from the RAM memory cells. When running RAM self-diagnostics on a save register bank, follow the steps below to ensure that the previously written data is read from the RAM rather than from the buffer.

- (1) Use the SAVE instruction to write data to the bank on which self-diagnostics will be run.
- (2) Use the SAVE instruction to write data to a bank other than that written to in step (1).
- (3) Use the RSTR instruction to read data from the bank written to in step (1).

4.2.2 RIIC Operating Voltage Setting

When using the RIIC on the RX72T Group, it is necessary to specify the power supply voltage range in order to maintain the proper slope characteristics.

The initial setting is VCC = 4.5 V or greater. If a power supply voltage lower than 4.5 V will be used, change the voltage range setting before starting RIIC operation.

For details, refer to the description of the VOLSR.RICVLS bit in RX72T Group User's Manual: Hardware.

4.2.3 USB Operating Voltage Setting

When using the USB module on the RX72T Group, it is necessary to set the UBS power supply control bit to 1 before starting USB operation.

For details, refer to the description of the VOLSR.USBVON bit in RX72T Group User's Manual: Hardware.

4.2.4 Exception Vector Table

Addresses allocated in the vector table are fixed on the RX63T Group. On the RX72T Group, the vector table addresses are relocatable using the value set in the exception table register (EXTB) as the start address.

4.2.5 Voltage Level Setting

On the RX72T Group, values for the voltage level setting register (VOLSR) for operating modes, the voltage detection level select register (LVDLVR) of the voltage detection circuit, and option function select register 1 (OFS1) for the option-setting memory need to be changed to appropriate values depending on the operating voltage. **Make sure to set these values using a program.**

4.2.6 Endian Setting

On the RX63T Group the endian setting is specified in the MDEB register (for user boot mode) or MDSE register (single-chip mode) in the option-setting memory, but on the RX72T Group the endian setting is specified in the MDE register in the option-setting memory.

4.2.7 Option-Setting Memory

ID codes used for ID code protection and ID code protection on connection of the on-chip debugger are located in the ROM on the RX63T Group and in the option-setting memory on the RX72T Group. Note that the setting procedures differ between the two groups.

4.2.8 Clock Frequency Settings

On the RX63T Group the clock frequency settings must be such that $\text{ICLK} \geq \text{PCLK}$, but on the RX72T Group the settings must be as indicated below:

Requirements for clock frequency settings: $\text{ICLK} \geq \text{BCLK}, \text{PCLKC} \geq \text{PCLKA} \geq \text{PCLKB}$

Requirements for clock frequency ratios: (N: integer)

$\text{ICLK}:\text{FCLK} = \text{N}:1$ or $1:\text{N}$,

$\text{ICLK}:\text{PCLKA} = \text{N}:1$ or $1:\text{N}$,

$\text{ICLK}:\text{PCLKB} = \text{N}:1$ or $1:\text{N}$,

$\text{ICLK}:\text{PCLKC} = \text{N}:1$ or $1:\text{N}$,

$\text{ICLK}:\text{PCLKD} = \text{N}:1$ or $1:\text{N}$,

$\text{PCLKA}:\text{PCLKC} = 1:1$ or $1:2$,

$\text{PCLKB}:\text{PCLKD} = 1:1, 2:1, 4:1$, or $1:2$

Also, on the RX72T Group it is necessary to change the value of the MEMWAIT register when setting the frequency of ICLK to a frequency greater than 120 MHz.

4.2.9 PLL Circuit

On the RX63T Group the multiplication factor setting range of the PLL circuit is $8\times$ to $50\times$, but on the RX72T Group it is $10\times$ to $30\times$ (in $0.5\times$ increments). Change the setting to an appropriate value when using the PLL circuit. Also, on the RX72T Group use a program to switch the PLL clock.

4.2.10 MOSCWTCR Register

On the RX63T Group this register counts cycles of the main clock, but on the RX72T Group it counts cycles of the LOCO clock.

4.2.11 Operation of Main Clock Oscillation Stop Detection Function

The oscillation stop detection function detects when the operation of the main clock oscillator stops and supplies a LOCO clock using the output of the low-speed on-chip oscillator as the clock source for the system clock, instead of the main clock or PLL clock.

Note that on the RX72T Group, when the HOCO clock is selected as the PLL clock source and the PLL clock is selected as the system clock source, the system clock does not switch to the LOCO clock even if main clock oscillation stop is detected.

4.2.12 All-Module Clock Stop Mode

On the RX63T Group, 1 must be written to MSTPA27 and MSTPA29 when a transition is made to all-module clock stop mode.

On the RX72T Group, 1 must be written to MSTPA24, MSTPA27, MSTPA29, and MSTPD0 to MSTPD7 when a transition is made to all-module clock stop mode.

4.2.13 Input Buffer Control by DIRQnE Bits (n = 0 to 15)

On the RX72T Group, setting the DPSIERy.DIRQnE ($y = 0$ or 1 , $n = 0$ to 15) bit to 1 enables the input buffer of the corresponding pin among IRQ0-DS to IRQ15-DS. Note that once the input buffer is enabled, inputs on these pins are sent to the corresponding DPSIFRy.DIRQnF ($y = 0$ or 1 , $n = 0$ to 15) bits, but they are not sent to the interrupt controller, peripheral modules, and I/O ports.

4.2.14 Software Configurable Interrupts

On the RX63T Group the interrupt sources have fixed vector numbers, but on the RX72T Group the MTU and GPTW interrupt sources are classified as software configurable interrupt A and set in software configurable interrupt A source select register n (SLIARn). This allows interrupt sources to be allocated to 208 to 255 in the interrupt vector table.

4.2.15 Initialization of Port Direction Register (PDR)

The method of initializing the PDR differs between the RX63T Group and RX72T Group, even on products with the same pin count.

4.2.16 Note on Controlling Switching to General I/O Port Pin Operation by POE3

On the RX72T Group, when an output disable request is generated by making a setting in POE3, pins for which the setting is 1 in the corresponding PMMCRn register ($n = 0$ to 3) of the POE3 are switched to general I/O port pin operation. Therefore, set the bits in the corresponding POECRn register ($n = 0$ to 3) to 0 beforehand.

4.2.17 Operating Frequencies of the GPTW and MTU3d

On the RX72T Group, the count clock for the GPTW and MTU3d is PCLKC, and the bus clock is PCLKA. Note that restrictions apply to the combinations of frequencies that may be used.

4.2.18 DMAC Activation by the MTU

On the RX72T Group, if the DMAC is activated by the MTU, the activation source is cleared when the DMAC requests ownership of the internal bus. Accordingly, the state of the internal bus may lead to a wait before the DMA transfer starts, even though the activation source has been cleared.

4.2.19 MTIOC Pin Output Level when Counter Stopped

When operating with the MTIOC pin in the output state, clearing the CSTn bit to 0 causes the counter to stop. When this happens in complementary PWM mode or reset synchronous PWM mode on the RX72T Group, the initial output level set in the TOCR1A or TOCR2A register is output on the MTIOC pin.

When operating in other than complementary PWM mode or reset synchronous PWM mode, the output compare output level of the MTIOC is maintained.

When a write to the TIOR register occurs while the value of the CSTn bit is 0, the output level of the pin is updated to the initial output value setting.

4.2.20 Note on Timer Mode Register Setting for ELC Event Input

When using the MTU for ELC operation on the RX72T Group, set the timer mode register (TMDR) of the relevant channel to its initial value (00h).

4.2.21 Port Output Enable

The port output enable registers on the RX72T Group are quite different from those on the RX63T Group. Note that software compatibility is low with regard to this function.

4.2.22 Control in Response to Output Disabling Request on Port Output Enable 3

When a request to disable outputs is generated on the RX72T Group, pins for which the corresponding bits in the POEGR1 to POEGR3 and POEGR7 registers are set to 1 enter the high-impedance state, and pins for which the corresponding bits in the PMMCR0 to PMMCR3 registers are set to 1 are switched to general I/O port pin operation.

When both bits are set to 1 for the same pin, the settings of the POEGR1 to POEGR3 and POEGR7 registers take priority, and the pins enter the high-impedance state.

After a pin is switched to general I/O port pin operation, the settings of the corresponding bits in the PDR and PODR registers determine the state of the pin.

4.2.23 Setting the Active Level with MTU or GPTW Set to Inverted Output

On the RX72T Group the MPC.PmnPFS register can be used to specify normal output or inverted output for the MTU and GPTW.

When inverted output is selected on the MTU, the active level specified by the MTU.TOCR1j and MTU.TOCR2j registers ($j = A, B$) and the active level of the signals which are output to the pins is inverted. To use detection of simultaneous conduction in this case, specify in the ALR1 and ALR2 registers the active level based on the signals which are output to the pins.

When inverted output is selected on the GPTW, the active level of the signals which are output to the pins is inverted. To use detection of simultaneous conduction in this case, specify in the ALR3 to ALR5 registers the active level based on the signals which are output to the pins.

4.2.24 Reading Pins in High-Impedance State

When pins are put into the high-impedance state by the POE on the RX72T Group, their level cannot be read. The value when read is undefined. To read the level of the pins, release them from the high-impedance state.

This limitation does not apply when port switching control is selected instead of high-impedance control.

4.2.25 Note on Using POE and POEG Together

When using the POE and POEG together on the RX72T Group, do not apply output disable control by both the POE and POEG to the same GPTW output pin.

4.2.26 General PWM Timer

Registers for the general PWM timer on the RX72T Group are quite different from those on the RX63T Group. Note that software compatibility is low with regard to this function.

4.2.27 Watchdog Timer and Independent Watchdog Timer

On the RX72T Group it is possible to select either maskable or non-maskable as the type of the WDT underflow and refresh error interrupts and the IWDT underflow and refresh error interrupts.

4.2.28 Eliminating I²C Bus Interface Noise

The RX63T Group has integrated analog noise filters on the SCL and SDA lines, but the RX72T Group has no integrated analog noise filters.

4.2.29 12-Bit A/D Converter

Registers for the 12-bit A/D converter on the RX72T Group are quite different from those on the RX63T Group. Note that software compatibility is low with regard to this function.

4.2.30 A/D Conversion Start Bit

On the RX72T Group, when the single-scan continuous function is used (ADGSPCR.GBRP bit = 1) with group priority control operation mode enabled on the 12-bit A/D converter (ADCSR.ADCS[1:0] bits = 01b and ADGSPCR.PGS bit = 1), the value of the ADCSR.ADST bit is maintained as 1.

4.2.31 Restrictions on Comparison Function

On the RX72T Group the comparison function of the 12-bit A/D converter has the following restrictions:

1. Use of self-diagnostics and double trigger mode are prohibited. (ADR, ADDBLDR, ADDBLDRA, and ADDBLDRB are not covered by the comparison function)
2. To use matching or unmatching output, it is necessary to select single scan mode.
3. When temperature sensor or internal reference voltage is selected for window A, operation of window B is prohibited.
4. When temperature sensor or internal reference voltage is selected for window B, operation of window A is prohibited.
5. The same channel cannot be set for both window A and window B.
6. It is necessary to make settings such that high-side reference value \geq low-side reference value.

4.2.32 Generation of A/D Scan Conversion End Interrupt

On the RX72T Group, when scanning was started by a software trigger, an A/D scan conversion end interrupt is generated if the ADCSR.ADIE bit is set to 1 when the scan ends, even when double-trigger mode has been selected.

4.2.33 Scan Conversion Time of 12-Bit A/D Converter

The scan conversion times differ on the RX63T Group and RX72T Group. The scan conversion time (t_{SCAN}), for a single scan where the number of selected channels is n , is shown below for each group. For details, refer to the descriptions of the 12-bit A/D converter analog input sampling time and scan conversion time in RX63T Group User's Manual: Hardware and RX72T Group User's Manual: Hardware.

RX63T: $t_{SCAN} = t_D + t_{SPLSH} + t_{DIAG} + (t_{CONV} \times n) + t_{ED}$

RX72T: $t_{SCAN} = t_D + t_{SPLSH} + (t_{DIS} \times n) + t_{DIAG} + (t_{CONV} \times n) + t_{ED}$

t_D : Start-of-scanning-delay time

t_{SPLSH} : Channel-dedicated sample-and-hold circuit processing time

t_{DIS} : Disconnection detection assistance processing time

t_{DIAG} : Self-diagnostic A/D conversion processing time

t_{CONV} : A/D conversion processing time

t_{ED} : End-of-scanning-delay time

4.2.34 D/A Converter Settings

When making D/A converter settings on the RX72T Group, first set comparator C as the output destination using the D/A destination select register (DADSEL), then wait for the D/A converter output to stabilize before enabling comparator operation.

Similarly, stop the comparator temporarily before making changes to the settings of the D/A converter, then wait for the D/A converter output to stabilize before enabling comparator operation.

4.2.35 ROM Cache

The RX72T Group has an 8 KB ROM cache, and ROM cache operation is disabled after a reset is canceled.

To use the ROM cache, set the ROMCE.ROMCEN bit to 1.

4.2.36 Using Flash Memory Programming Commands

On the RX63T Group, programming and erasing the flash memory are performed by issuing commands to the FCU. On the RX72T Group, programming and erasing the flash memory are performed by controlling the FCU with the FACI commands specified in the FACI command issuing area.

Table 4.1 is a comparative listing of FCU and FACI commands.

Table 4.1 Comparison of Specifications Between FCU and FACI Commands

Item	FCU Command (RX63T)	FACI Command (RX72T)
Command issuing area	P/E address (00F8 0000h to 00FF FFFFh)	FACI command issuing area (007E 0000h)
Available command	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • P/E normal mode transition • Status read mode transition • Lock bit read mode transition (lock bit read 1) • Peripheral clock notification • Programming • Block erase • P/E suspend • P/E resume • Status register clear • Lock bit read 2/blank check • Lock bit programming 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Programming • Block erase • P/E suspend • P/E resume • Status clear • Forced stop • Lock-bit read • Blank check • Configuration setting • Lock-bit programming

5. Reference Documents

User's Manual: Hardware

RX63T Group User's Manual: Hardware, Rev. 2.20 (R01UH0238EJ0220)
(The latest version can be downloaded from the Renesas Electronics website.)

RX72T Group User's Manual: Hardware, Rev. 1.00 (R01UH0803EJ0100)
(The latest version can be downloaded from the Renesas Electronics website.)

Application Note

Design Guide for Migration between RX Family: Differences in Package External form (R01AN4591EJ)
(The latest version can be downloaded from the Renesas Electronics website.)

Technical Updates/Technical News

(The latest version can be downloaded from the Renesas Electronics website.)

Related Technical Updates

This application note reflects the content of the following technical updates:

- TN-RX*-A151A/E
- TN-RX*-A152A/E
- TN-RX*-A161A/E
- TN-RX*-A186A/E
- TN-RX*-A193A/E
- TN-RX*-A0219A/E
- TN-RX*-A0226A/E
- TN-RX*-A0227A/E

Revision History

Rev.	Date	Description	
		Page	Summary
1.00	Apr. 5, 2019	—	First edition issued
1.10	Oct. 12, 2020	5	1 Table 1.1 Comparison of Built-In Functions of RX72T Group and RX63T Group revised
		8	2.1 Table 2.2 Comparison of CPU Registers revised
		9	2.2 Table 2.3 Comparative Overview of Operating Modes revised
		10	2.3 Address Space added
		13	2.4 Figure 2.4 Comparison of Option-Setting Memory Areas added
		39	2.10 Exception Handling added
		42	2.11 Table 2.22 Comparison of Interrupt Controller Registers revised
		53	2.16 Table 2.32 Comparative Overview of I/O Ports on 100-Pin Packages (RX72T: With PGA Pseudo-Differential Input) revised
		54	2.16 Table 2.33 Comparative Overview of I/O Ports on 100-Pin Packages (RX72T: Without PGA Pseudo-Differential Input) revised 2.16 Table 2.34 Comparison of I/O Port Functions added
		56	2.16 Table 2.35 Comparison of I/O Port Registers revised
		58	2.17 Table 2.36 Comparison of Multiplexed Pin Assignments added
		77 to 98	2.17 Table 2.39 to Table 2.55 Comparison of Pmn Pin Function Control Register (PmnPFS) added
		99	2.17 Table 2.56 Comparison of Multi-Function Pin Controller Registers revised
		103	2.18 Table 2.58 Comparison of Multi-Function Timer Pulse Unit 3 Registers revised
		105	2.18 Table 2.59 Comparison of TPSC Bit Settings (Other Than MTU5) added
		107	2.18 Table 2.60 Comparison of TPSC Bit Settings (MTU5) added
		111	2.19 Table 2.62 Comparison of Port Output Enable 3 Registers revised
		128	2.20 Table 2.64 Comparison of General PWM Timer Registers revised
		136	2.20 Table 2.65 Comparative Listing of GTIOA and GTIOB Bit Settings added
		149	2.25 Table 2.75 Comparison of Serial Communications Interface Registers revised
		163	2.29 Table 2.82 Comparison of CRC Calculator Registers revised
		164	2.30 Table 2.83 Comparative Overview of 12-Bit A/D Converters revised
		171	2.30 Table 2.84 Comparison of 12-Bit A/D Converter Registers revised
		175	2.30 Table 2.85 Comparison of A/D Conversion Start Triggers Set in ADSTRGR Register (144-, 120-, 112-, and 100-Pin Versions) added
		177	2.30 Table 2.86 Comparison of A/D Conversion Start Triggers Set in ADSTRGR Register (64- and 48-Pin Versions)

Rev.	Date	Description	
		Page	Summary
1.10	Oct. 12, 2020	181	2.33 Table 2.90 Comparative Overview of RAM revised
		182	2.33 Table 2.91 Comparison of RAM Registers revised
		183	2.34 Table 2.92 Comparative Overview of Flash Memory revised
		186	2.34 Table 2.93 Comparison of Flash Memory Registers revised
		197	3.2 Table 3.2 Comparative Listing of 100-Pin Package Pin Functions (RX72T: With PGA Pseudo-Differential Input and USB Pins) revised
		202	3.3 Table 3.3 Comparative Listing of 100-Pin Package Pin Functions (RX72T: With PGA Pseudo-Differential Input and Without USB Pins) revised
		207	3.4 Table 3.4 Comparative Listing of 100-Pin Package Pin Functions (RX72T: Without PGA Pseudo-Differential Input and USB Pins) revised
		212	4.1.4 General I/O Ports deleted 4.1.7 Integrated USB DP/DM Pull-Up and Pull-Down Resistors and 4.1.7 Inserting Decoupling Capacitors between AVCC and AVSS Pins added
		213	4.2.1 Running RAM Self-Diagnostics on Save Register Banks added
		214	4.2.10 MOSCWTCR Register added
		214, 215	4.2.11, 4.2.13, 4.2.15, and 4.2.16 added
		215, 216	4.2.19 and 4.2.22 to 4.2.24 added
		216, 217	4.2.25, 4.2.27, 4.2.28, and 4.2.30 to 4.2.32 added
		217	4.2.33 and 4.2.34 added
		218	4.2.36 Table 4.1 Comparison of Specifications Between FCU and FACI commands revised
		219	5. Reference Documents revised
		220	Related Technical Updates revised

General Precautions in the Handling of Microprocessing Unit and Microcontroller Unit Products

The following usage notes are applicable to all Microprocessing unit and Microcontroller unit products from Renesas. For detailed usage notes on the products covered by this document, refer to the relevant sections of the document as well as any technical updates that have been issued for the products.

1. Precaution against Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)

A strong electrical field, when exposed to a CMOS device, can cause destruction of the gate oxide and ultimately degrade the device operation. Steps must be taken to stop the generation of static electricity as much as possible, and quickly dissipate it when it occurs. Environmental control must be adequate. When it is dry, a humidifier should be used. This is recommended to avoid using insulators that can easily build up static electricity. Semiconductor devices must be stored and transported in an anti-static container, static shielding bag or conductive material. All test and measurement tools including work benches and floors must be grounded. The operator must also be grounded using a wrist strap. Semiconductor devices must not be touched with bare hands. Similar precautions must be taken for printed circuit boards with mounted semiconductor devices.

2. Processing at power-on

The state of the product is undefined at the time when power is supplied. The states of internal circuits in the LSI are indeterminate and the states of register settings and pins are undefined at the time when power is supplied. In a finished product where the reset signal is applied to the external reset pin, the states of pins are not guaranteed from the time when power is supplied until the reset process is completed. In a similar way, the states of pins in a product that is reset by an on-chip power-on reset function are not guaranteed from the time when power is supplied until the power reaches the level at which resetting is specified.

3. Input of signal during power-off state

Do not input signals or an I/O pull-up power supply while the device is powered off. The current injection that results from input of such a signal or I/O pull-up power supply may cause malfunction and the abnormal current that passes in the device at this time may cause degradation of internal elements. Follow the guideline for input signal during power-off state as described in your product documentation.

4. Handling of unused pins

Handle unused pins in accordance with the directions given under handling of unused pins in the manual. The input pins of CMOS products are generally in the high-impedance state. In operation with an unused pin in the open-circuit state, extra electromagnetic noise is induced in the vicinity of the LSI, an associated shoot-through current flows internally, and malfunctions occur due to the false recognition of the pin state as an input signal become possible.

5. Clock signals

After applying a reset, only release the reset line after the operating clock signal becomes stable. When switching the clock signal during program execution, wait until the target clock signal is stabilized. When the clock signal is generated with an external resonator or from an external oscillator during a reset, ensure that the reset line is only released after full stabilization of the clock signal. Additionally, when switching to a clock signal produced with an external resonator or by an external oscillator while program execution is in progress, wait until the target clock signal is stable.

6. Voltage application waveform at input pin

Waveform distortion due to input noise or a reflected wave may cause malfunction. If the input of the CMOS device stays in the area between V_{IL} (Max.) and V_{IH} (Min.) due to noise, for example, the device may malfunction. Take care to prevent chattering noise from entering the device when the input level is fixed, and also in the transition period when the input level passes through the area between V_{IL} (Max.) and V_{IH} (Min.).

7. Prohibition of access to reserved addresses

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8. Differences between products

Before changing from one product to another, for example to a product with a different part number, confirm that the change will not lead to problems. The characteristics of a microprocessing unit or microcontroller unit products in the same group but having a different part number might differ in terms of internal memory capacity, layout pattern, and other factors, which can affect the ranges of electrical characteristics, such as characteristic values, operating margins, immunity to noise, and amount of radiated noise. When changing to a product with a different part number, implement a system-evaluation test for the given product.

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