# RENESAS

## APPLICATION NOTE

Writing Configuration Files for Intersil Digital Power

## Introduction

Intersil Digital-DC<sup>™</sup> devices must be configured through pin-strap settings or by using PMBus<sup>™</sup> commands. A configuration file is a human-readable text file that contains a sequence of PMBus commands to be written to a device. Configuration files also aid in sharing device settings to others for additional development, troubleshooting, or manufacturing.

This document covers how to write configuration files in the correct format, provides guidelines on structuring configuration files for the purpose of saving items into non-volatile storage, and protecting parameters via password protection. The process for creating a configuration file is quite simple and is covered in the first few pages of this document. The ability to add password protection is discussed beginning in Appendix A.

This application note should be used in conjunction with other Intersil application notes as listed in the Reference section, as well as the PMBus Power System Management Protocol Specification (referred to as PMBus Specification), to serve as a reference on command names and formats.

## **Configuration File Format**

Configuration files are text files that can easily be edited using a text editor such as Microsoft Notepad. A command written in a configuration file consists of a PMBus command, followed by whitespace in the form of <tab> or <space> characters. Following the white space is the data for that command. The separation of commands is dictated by a carriage return character; therefore every command must begin at the beginning of a new line.

One feature of the configuration file format is that the data written can be written in different formats depending on the context of the command. As a default, any command's data can be written in hexadecimal format, as long as the hex data is preceded by a "0x", as shown in <u>Figure 1</u>. Note that when writing the data in hex, the values are in the more natural form of MSB to LSB, even though the

command data is physically sent in the reverse order as described in the PMBus specification, Part I.

The first data feature is for commands using the linear format or linear mode floating point format. These can be written using a floating point number. The units for these commands are the same as described in the PMBus specification for that particular command. An example of this is in Figure 2.

Second, for commands that are typically used for ASCII data, the data can be entered in as an ASCII string instead of in hex. This feature applies to the manufacturer commands (e.g. MFR\_ID) in the PMBus spec, as well as the password commands used on Intersil devices. An example of using this is shown in Figure 3. Please note that once ASCII data is typed AN2031 Rev 1.00 Aug 10, 2015

on a line, all characters typed on that line, even whitespace, will be interpreted as ASCII data to be written until a new line is introduced.

Lastly, for Intersil devices, the PID\_TAPS command data may be configured using floating point values as long as they follow the format demonstrated in Figure 4.

VOUT\_COMMAND .....0x699A

FIGURE 1. WRITING COMMAND DATA IN HEX

FIGURE 2. WRITING COMMAND DATA IN FLOATING POINT

MFR\_ID.....Example OEM

FIGURE 3. WRITING COMMAND DATA IN ASCII

PID\_TAPS ...... A = 1634, B = -2799, C = 1227

FIGURE 4. WRITING PID TAPS AS FLOATING POINT VALUES

Comments can also be added to a configuration file by preceding the comments with a pound ("#") character. Comments can be placed between command lines, and after command data, except for data written as ASCII characters.

## **Configuration File Structure**

This section explains how to structure configuration files in order to store settings into the non-volatile memory.

### **Structuring for Command Storage**

Aside from following the formatting guidelines, it is important to write a configuration file in an order that performs storage and command protection operations correctly. First, decide where to store the device settings. Intersil devices offer storage of commands in the Default Store, and many of the devices also have a User Store. The Default Store is typically used for keeping commands an OEM or Module Maker wants to keep as "default" settings that a user can always revert to by performing a RESTORE\_DEFAULT\_ALL. The User Store is typically used to let a user store additional settings outside of the default settings, and/or make changes that overlap the default settings to better suit their needs. More information about the Default and User stores can be found in Section 6 of the PMBus Specification, Part II.

When writing a configuration file with the intent of storing settings into a store, the following procedure must be performed in order to store the commands successfully. Note that the "XXXX" used below pertains to either "USER" or "DEFAULT", depending on which store is used.



- 1. Clear the store of any of its previous settings by writing a RESTORE\_FACTORY and then a STORE\_XXXX\_ALL.
- 2. Perform a RESTORE\_XXXX\_ALL to prepare the device for adding commands.
- 3. Write the desired settings into the device that are to be stored in the XXXX store.
- 4. Write a STORE\_XXXX\_ALL to store the settings.

This procedure is demonstrated in Figure 5, along with a complete example of storing data into User & Default Stores in Figure 6. To add password protection to a configuration, see the password protection guidelines in Appendix A.

```
RESTORE_FACTORY # Clear
STORE_XXXX_ALL # XXXX Store
RESTORE_XXXX_ALL # Prepare XXXX
# for adding cmds
# Insert configuration data
# you want in XXXX Store
VOUT_COMMAND 3.3 #Volts
PID_TAPS A=1634, B=-2799, C=1227
STORE_XXXX_ALL # Store Settings
```

FIGURE 5. GENERAL STRUCTURE FOR STORING PARAMETERS INTO NON-VOLATILE MEMORY

```
# Perform actions for Default Store
RESTORE FACTORY
                    # Clear
STORE DEFAULT ALL # Default Store
STORE USER ALL # User Store
RESTORE DEFAULT ALL # Prepare Default
                    # for adding cmds
 # Insert configuration data
 # you want in Default Store
MFR ID
                   Example OEM
VOUT MAX
                   5.0 #Volts
VOUT COMMAND
                   3.3 #Volts
STORE DEFAULT ALL
                  # Store Settings
# Perform actions for User Store
RESTORE USER ALL # Prepare User
                 # for adding cmds
 # Insert configuration data
 # you want in User Store
VOUT COMMAND
                    2.5 #Volts
PID TAPS A=1634, B=-2799, C=1227
STORE USER ALL
                    # Store Settings
```

```
FIGURE 6. STORING VALUES IN THE DEFAULT AND USER STORES
```

### Standard Format for Configuration File

This section describes the recommended format for configuration text files, including command grouping, change logs, and related text comments. This format enables the creation of a consistent, traceable directory of project files which can simplify quality control from development through production. The command sections listed are relationally grouped to simplify development as well as for readability. This example text config file is shown in two column format for use in this document; normally the file is a single column of text lines. Some commands may not be required in all applications. Many device commands that could be listed in this document were omitted for brevity. Always consult the appropriate device data sheets and application notes during configuration file development.

### File name of config file

<Project/BoardName>\_<DeviceAddr>\_<RailName/No.>\_<Devic eNo.>\_<FileRev>.txt

### **File format**

#This configuration file is intended for the device #described



#

### Writing Configuration Files for Intersil Digital Power

# in the filename of this file and the ASCII #MFR_xxxx commands in this file	Vout Margin values (if different than factory %)
#All DASSWORD protoctions must be cleared on the #dovice	Vout Fault Thresholds (if different than factory %)
before loading this file	POWER_GOOD_ON
#	PG_DELAY
#Device ID: <device_id></device_id>	Vout Fault Responses (OV/UV)
#Schematic revision: <schematic level="" revision=""></schematic>	OVUV_CONFIG
#BOM revision: <bom level="" revision=""></bom>	
#PowerNavigator Revision: <gui revision=""></gui>	# Output current
#Revision Log:	IOUT_CAL_GAIN
#Rev. x.x <date>, <author></author></date>	IOUT_CAL_OFFSET <nn></nn>
# a) <log></log>	Over current fault thresholds (peak and average)
# b) <log></log>	Under current fault thresholds (peak and average)
#Rev. x.x-1 <date>, <author></author></date>	Over current fault response
# a) <log></log>	Under current fault response
# b) <log></log>	
#	#Input Voltage
#Configuration File Line Syntax:	Vin fault thresholds
#PMBus Command <tab> Hex Value</tab>	Vin fault responses
#Erase user store & default store	#Other Faults
RESTORE_FACTORY	Temperature fault threshold
STORE_USER_ALL	Temperature fault response
STORE_DEFAULT_ALL	VMON fault threshold (in applicable devices)
	VMON fault response (in applicable devices)
#Prepare device for all commands to be added to the DEFAULT store	#General converter commands
RESTORE_DEFAULT_ALL	TON DELAY
	TON RISE
#Manufacturer information fields in ASCII	TOFF DELAY
#The sum total of ASCII characters for all #MFR_xxxx commands	
must be less than 128 char's	FREQUENCY SWITCH
#MFR_SERIALreserved for time of manufacturing	PID TAPS
#MFR_DATEreserved for time of manufacturing	 MAX_DUTY
MFR_ID <company name="" or="" project=""></company>	DEADTIME <
MFR_MODEL <rail board="" in="" name="" or="" project=""></rail>	DEADTIME CONFIG
MFR_LOCATION	INDI/CTOR <n></n>
MFR_REVISION	ON OFF CONFIG
	#Advanced commands
#Output Voltage commands	
VOUT_COMMAND	MER CONFIG



NLR_CONFIG
TRACK_CONFIG
MISC_CONFIG
INTERLEAVE
DDC_CONFIG
SEQUENCE
TEMPCO_CONFIG
XTEMP_SCALE <nn></nn>
XTEMP_OFFSET

#### **#Security Settings**

PUBLIC_PASSWORD <xxxx></xxxx>	•
PRIVATE_PASSWORD	•
UNPROTECT	•

#### # comment well !

#### STORE\_DEFAULT\_ALL

 $\label{eq:restore_def} \ensuremath{\mathsf{RESTORE\_DEFAULT\_ALL\#comment}}\xspace on the this command \\ \ensuremath{\mathsf{Command}}\xspace \ensuremath{\mathsf{Command}}\xspace \ensuremath{\mathsf{Command}}\xspace \ensuremath{\mathsf{RESTORE\_DEFAULT\_ALL\#comment}}\xspace \ensuremath{\mathsf{Command}}\xspace \ensuremath{\mathsf{RESTORE\_DEFAULT\_ALL\#comment}}\xspace \ensuremath{\mathsf{Command}}\xspace \ensuremath{\mathsf{RESTORE\_DEFAULT\_ALL\#comment}}\xspace \ensurem$ 

#### # - end of file -

### Modifying a Configuration File Saved from PowerNavigator

Instead of writing a new configuration file for each rail or application, many users will find it easier to modify a configuration file saved from the PowerNavigator software. Configuration files generated from PowerNavigator don't require users to look through command documentation in order to achieve the right settings, especially for bit-field commands when settings are only set via hex values. However, in order to add elements such as password protection to a config file saved in PowerNavigator, the file will need to be modified. This section goes through the process of saving and modifying a configuration file, and explains the structure of files saved in PowerNavigator.

**Step 1:** Use the PowerNavigator software to set the various settings as desired. In this example, a ZL2005 has the following commands set via the following steps:

- 1. Open the PowerNavigator software, and switch to "Device Config" mode.
- Clear device by going to the PMBus Commands -> PMBus:Store tab, then clicking in order RESTORE\_FACTORY, STORE\_DEFAULT\_ALL, STORE\_USER\_ALL. Note that no password protection can be present in order for this step to work.

- 3. Click the RESTORE\_DEFAULT\_ALL button to bring Default Store settings to active memory. Now select the desired settings you want in the Default Store (except for passwords). In this example, the commands set are VOUT\_COMMAND & VOUT\_MAX (found on the PMBus: Basic tab), as well as MFR\_ID & MFR\_SERIAL (found on the PMBus: Store tab).
- 4. After setting the desired settings for the Default Store, go back to the PMBus: Store tab, and click the STORE\_DEFAULT\_ALL button to store the command values.
- Click the RESTORE\_USER\_ALL button to bring User Store settings to active memory. Now select the desired settings you want in the User Store (except for passwords). In this example, the commands set are VOUT\_COMMAND & PID\_TAPS (found on the PMBUS:Basic tab).
- 6. After setting the desired settings for the User Store, go back to the PMBus: Store tab, and click the STORE\_USER\_ALL button to store the command values.
- 7. Go to the "File I/O" tab, and proceed to create a configuration file, as shown in Figure 7. The process of saving a configuration file involves saving any data left unsaved into the User Store (or Default Store if User Store does not exist). It will also temporarily restore Default and Factory settings to active memory. Because of this, it is advised that the part be disconnected from any load to ensure that no damage occurs during the save process.

		Pow	/erNavigator <sup>™</sup>	DENEX CONFIG -	SWRESTART
Configure Device	Pie UD	HBus Connands	Cutput Drabled	7.2005 @ add 0-20 TT	Device Address
			PMBus Commands loaded from/to PowerPlan command file		
Load deag Mithus can	Configuration File n parameters from a Power mand Ne (Le Powerflot o not Path C: Program Files/28 et Jahr) PowerNamgator	fan dput]:			
	OND TROMPLE	WARNING: The device of the order to create the order to create the second secon	Rewell temporarily run under Defauit Store and Pactory Defaults the configuration file. That you disconnect the load before proceeding.	3	
Serve C Store the I current L2 to a Provide Co CO	Configuration File atest PMUs commands H DR STOPE then save all of PMS PMUs command file. Ppot PMUs Criprogram Files/ZillerLobol Forentiangetor	trigi	<u></u>	]	
0	EATE CONTIGUES				

FIGURE 7. A SCREENSHOT OF SAVING A CONFIGURATION FILE IN POWERNAVIGATOR

**Step 2:** After saving the configuration file, open it in a text editor (e.g. Microsoft Notepad). Upon opening, the configuration file should look similar to <u>Figure 8</u>. As seen in this figure, there is a long list of Factory Default settings, all of which are commented out. This section is for informational use only, but should be checked to see that the pin-strap / hardcoded values in the device are acceptable, and will still be acceptable when the device is used in a production circuit (which might have different pin-strap settings).



	# Configuration file for ZI	2005-002-DC21 at Device Address 0x20
	# Created on: Tue Aug 19 17	:05:57 2008
	## Clear Memory	
	# WARNING: Make sure no Pas	sword Protection
	# is set # config	before loading this file.
	#	
	STORE_PACTORY STORE_DEFAULT_ALL STORE_USER_ALL	
	 +	
	# Factory Settings (for inf #	ormational use only)
	#Commands determined by pin	s V0:V1
	#VOUT_COMMAND #VOUT_COMMAND	5.000122 0xA001
	#VOUT_MAX #VOUT_MAX	5.500000 0xB000
	#VOUT_MARGIN_HIGH #VOUT_MARGIN_HIGH	5.250000 0xA800
	#VOUT_MARGIN_LOW #VOUT_MARGIN_LOW	4.750122 0x9801
	#VOUT_OV_FAULT_LIMIT #VOUT_OV_FAULT_LIMIT	5.750244 0xB802
	#VOUT_UV_FAULT_LIMIT #VOUT_UV_FAULT_LIMIT	4.249878 0x87FF
	# POWER_GOOD_ON # POWER_GOOD_ON	4.500122 0x9001
		uu o sis
	#VIN_UV_FAULT_LIMIT #VIN_UV_FAULT_LIMIT	4.500000 0xCA40
	#VIN_UV_WARN_LIMIT #VIN_UV_WARN_LIMIT	4.640625 0xCA52
	#Commands determined by pin	s ILIMO:ILIM1
	#IOUT_OC_FAULT_LIMIT #IOUT_OC_FAULT_LIMIT	30.000000 0xDBC0
	#IOUT_UC_FAULT_LIMIT #IOUT_UC_FAULT_LIMIT	-30.000000 0xDC40
	#MFR_CONFIG	0×AA01
	#IOUT_AVG_OC_FAULT_LIMIT #IOUT_AVG_OC_FAULT_LIMIT	30.000000 0xDBC0
	#IOUT_AVG_UC_FAULT_LIMIT	-30.000000
		(continued on next page)
	()	continued from previous page)
#Comr #INTH	mands determined by pins SAO: SRLEAVE	SA1 0x0100
# # Dei	fault Store Data	
π		
# The RESTO #VOU?	e next line is required to in DRE_DEFAULT_ALL F_COMMAND	3.300049
VOUT_	COMMAND	0x699A
VOUT	MAX	0004x0
MFR_	ED	Example OEM

## STORE USER ALL #uncomment to store above settings Soft Reset of Device # RESTORE\_FACTORY RESTORE\_DEFAULT\_ALL RESTORE\_USER\_ALL

STORE DEFAULT ALL #uncomment to store above settings

# Current Settings/User Store Data #-----

# The next line is required to insert User Store parameters
RESTORE\_USER\_ALL
VOUT\_COMMAND 2.500000
VOUT\_COMMAND 0x5000

#### FIGURE 8. A CONFIGURATION FILE GENERATED BY POWERNAVIGATOR

Note: Some commands from the Factory Defaults section have been removed for printing purposes.

SSSNNN

A=1634.000000, B=-2799.000000, C=1227.000000 A=0x7BCC40, B=0xFCAEF0, C=0x7B9960

Step 3: After determining that the factory values are acceptable, you may want to remove them from the configuration file. Doing so will lead to a configuration file appearing as in Figure 8.

<pre># Configuration file for ZL2005</pre>	002-DC21 at Device Address 0x20 MODIFIED
<pre># Clear Memory # Clear Memory # WARNING: Make sure no Password # is set befe # config file #</pre>	l Protection re loading this
STORE_DEFAULT_ALL STORE_USER_ALL	
# # Default Store Data	
# The next line is required to a RESTORE DEFAULT ALL	nsert Default Store parameters
#VOUT_COMMAND VOUT_COMMAND	3.300049 0x699A
#VOUT_MAX	5.000000 0×A000
MFR_ID	Example OEM
MFR_SERIAL	SSSNNN
STORE_DEFAULT_ALL #uncomment to	o store above settings
# # Current Settings/User Store Da	ita
# The next line is required to it RESTORE USER ALL	nsert User Store parameters
#VOUT_COMMAND VOUT_COMMAND	2.500000 0x5000
#PID_TAPS PID_TAPS	A=1634.000000, B=-2799.000000, C=1227.000000 A=0x7BCC40, B=0xFCAEF0, C=0x7B9960
STORE_USER_ALL #uncomment to st	ore above settings
# # Soft Reset of Device #	
RESTORE_FACTORY RESTORE_DEFAULT_ALL RESTORE_USER_ALL	

FIGURE 9. A CONFIGURATION FILE GENERATED BY POWERNAVIGATOR. WITH FACTORY SETTING **INFORMATION REMOVED** 

## **Appendix A: Adding Password Protection Guidelines**

Aside from storing commands into the Default and User Stores, you can protect individual commands from being changed through the use of the UNPROTECT command and password commands PRIVATE\_PASSWORD and PUBLIC\_PASSWORD. This feature is exclusive to Intersil devices.

Protecting individual commands is done by using both the PRIVATE\_PASSWORD and UNPROTECT commands. First, the UNPROTECT command has a 32-byte long bit-vector in which each bit represents a PMBus command code. Setting the representative bit to 0 protects that command, meaning that command's value cannot be changed unless you attain a security level of 2 or 3, depending on whether the UNPROTECT string is stored in the User or Default Store, respectively. Attaining this security level of 2 or 3 is done by writing a password to the PRIVATE\_PASSWORD command. The PRIVATE\_PASSWORD is a 9-byte string, which by default is set to all null characters (0x000000000000000). A PRIVATE PASSWORD may be stored in the User Store as well as the Default Store, which means two levels of command protection. More information on these commands can be found in AN2013, and information on creating an UNPROTECT string can be found in Appendix D.

In addition to protecting individual commands, one may also protect all commands from being written by setting the PUBLIC\_PASSWORD. The PUBLIC\_PASSWORD is a 4-byte string, which by default is set to all null characters (0x0000000), and is only stored in the USER\_STORE. When this value is set to all null characters, the device starts up in security level 1. This allows for commands to be written to unprotected commands.

MFR\_SERIAL

#PID\_TAPS PID\_TAPS



When this value is set to something other than this, it will start up in security level 0. When in this level, no command can be written until the matching PUBLIC\_PASSWORD is written to get into security level 1, or a matching PRIVATE\_PASSWORD is written to get into security level 2 or 3.

There are a number of different combinations of the levels of protection offered. See <u>Table 1</u> and the examples on the following pages to see what levels of protection are possible. Appendix E includes an example of write-protecting all commands from being written.

TABLE 1. PUBLIC PRIVATE PASSWORD PASSWORDS DESCRIPTION Not Set None Set This configuration is as shown in Figure 6. No password protection is offered. Set None Set This configuration is described in Password Example 1. Basic protection against writing the wrong data is offered, but this protection can be easily defeated by writing NULL to PRIVATE PASSWORD. Set OR Not Set Set only in User This is not recommended, as writing NULL to Store PRIVATE\_PASSWORD grants default-level access. Not Set Set only in Default This configuration, when used Store with an UNPROTECT string, provides basic protection against changing commands in the default store. See Password Example 2. Set Set only in Default This configuration, when used with an UNPROTECT string, Store provides basic protection against changing commands in the default store. Protection from writing accidental data is offered. See Password Example 3 Not Set Set in Default & This configuration, when used User Store with UNPROTECT strings, provides two levels of protection against changing commands in the User and Default stores. See Password Example 4. Set in Default & Set This configuration, when used User Store with an UNPROTECT string, provides basic protection against changing commands in the default store. Protection from writing accidental data is offered. See Password Example 5

#### **Password Example 1**

#### **ONE PUBLIC PASSWORD, NO PRIVATE PASSWORDS**

As described previously, this configuration provides basic protection against accidentally writing the wrong value. When the device is powered up, it will start in security level 0, preventing write access to any command until the matching PUBLIC\_PASSWORD is written, or a null value to PRIVATE\_PASSWORD is written. This level of security is adequate only for systems where there is no worry of outside bus access to the device, and the PUBLIC\_PASSWORD is intended merely as a protection from writing commands. Figure 11 demonstrates a configuration file with a PUBLIC\_PASSWORD. Figures 11 and 12 can be used to clear the Public Password afterwards. A powercycle of the device should be performed after loading any of these configuration files.

```
# Perform actions for Default Store
RESTORE FACTORY
                  # Clear
                 # Default Store
STORE DEFAULT ALL
STORE_USER ALL
                  # and User Store
RESTORE DEFAULT ALL # Prepare Default
                   # for adding cmds
 # Insert configuration data
 # you want in Default Store
MFR SERIAL
MFR ID
                  Example OEM
VOUT MAX
                  5.0 #Volts
VOUT COMMAND
                  3.3 #Volts
STORE DEFAULT ALL
                 # Store Settings
# Perform actions for User Store
RESTORE USER ALL # Prepare User
                # for adding cmds
 # Insert configuration data
 # you want in User Store
VOUT COMMAND
                2.5 #Volts
PID TAPS A=1634, B=-2799, C=1227
#Write desired Public Password
#This puts us at security level 0
PUBLIC PASSWORD
                  MyPW
#Write our null private password to
#get into security level 2 or 3
STORE USER ALL # Store Settings
```

FIGURE 10. STORING VALUES IN THE DEFAULT AND USER STORES, WITH PUBLIC PASSWORD PROTECTION



```
# Write Matching Public Password
# to get security level 1
PUBLIC_PASSWORD
                    MyPW
# Prepare for change to User Store
RESTORE USER ALL
# Write Matching Public Password
# again, as restore made Sec. Level 0
PUBLIC PASSWORD
                   MyPW
#Clear Public Password
#This puts us at security level 0
PUBLIC PASSWORD
                   0x00000000
#Write our null private password to
#get into security level 2 or 3
PRIVATE PASSWORD 0x0000000000000000
STORE USER ALL
                    # Store Settings
```

FIGURE 11. CLEAR PUBLIC PASSWORD USING PREVIOUS PUBLIC PASSWORD AND NULL PRIVATE PASSWORD

## FIGURE 12. CLEAR PUBLIC PASSWORD USING ONLY A NULL PRIVATE PASSWORD

Figure 13 goes one step further and clears the User and Default stores.

As seen in Figures 10 thru 13, the PRIVATE\_PASSWORD command is used before storing a changed PUBLIC\_PASSWORD, even though the intention of the files is to leave PRIVATE\_PASSWORD blank and only set or clear PUBLIC\_PASSWORD. This is because anytime the PUBLIC\_PASSWORD is written a value other than what it currently has stored, it will change the security level to 0. This even occurs if the currently stored value is null (0x00000000), or if the device is in a security level greater than public (e.g. security levels 2 and 3). Because of this, a PRIVATE\_PASSWORD must be issued after the changed PUBLIC\_PASSWORD is issued in order to store the change.

```
# Write Matching Public Password
# to get security level 1
PUBLIC_PASSWORD MyPW
# Restore to factory settings
# This also sets the PUBLIC_PASSWORD back to null
# It will also put our security level to 0
RESTORE_FACTORY
#Write our null private password to
#get into security level 2 or 3
PRIVATE_PASSWORD 0x000000000000000
STORE_DEFAULT_ALL # Store factory settings
STORE_USER_ALL # to Default & User stores
```

```
FIGURE 13. STORING VALUES IN THE DEFAULT AND USER STORES,
WITH PUBLIC PASSWORD PROTECTION
```

### **Password Example 2**

## NO PUBLIC PASSWORD, ONE PRIVATE PASSWORD IN THE DEFAULT STORE

As described before, this configuration provides protection against individual commands being rewritten when used with a properly configured UNPROTECT string. The device will start in security level 1, and will allow for write access to any command in the User Store, except for those already protected in the Default Store. Additionally, one will need the stored Private Password to easily revert the User Store to factory defaults. Figure 14 demonstrates loading a configuration file with this level of password protection. Figures 15 and 16 demonstrate how to clear the past after this configuration has been loaded.

# Perform actions for Default Store
RESTORE FACTORY # Clear STORE_DEFAULT ALL # Default Store STORE_USER_ALL # and User Store
RESTORE_DEFAULT_ALL # Prepare Default # for adding cmds
# Insert configuration data you want in Default Store
MFR_SERIAL         SSSNNN           MFR_ID         Example OEM           VOUT_MAX         5.0 #Volts           VOUT_COMMAND         3.3 #Volts
<pre># Protect the following commands for the default store: # WFR_TD and VOUT_MAX, as well as # RESTORE FACTORY and STORE DEFAULT ALL - which are required to ensure security. # NOTE: This UNPROTECT string is intended for a ZL2005 UNPROTECT 0xFFFFDFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF</pre>
#Set desired password for default store PRIVATE_PASSWORD ExampleDP
STORE_DEFAULT_ALL # Store Settings
# Perform actions for User Store
RESTORE_USER_ALL # Prepare User # for adding cmds
# Insert configuration data # you want in User Store
<pre># Insert configuration data # you want in User Store VOUT_COMMAND 2.5 #Volts PID_TAPS A=1634, B=-2799, C=1227</pre>

#### FIGURE 14. STORING VALUES IN THE DEFAULT AND USER STORES WITH PASSWORD PROTECTED VALUES IN THE DEFAULT STORE

In this example, the commands MFR\_ID and VOUT\_MAX cannot be changed in active memory or in the User Store. However, VOUT\_COMMAND and MFR\_SERIAL can still be changed as it was not protected via the UNPROTECT string.



#Gain securi	ty level 3 access, in case a Public Password
#or User-lev	el Private Password Exists
PRIVATE_PASS	WORD ExampleDP
#Gain securi	ty level 3 access
PRIVATE_PASS	WORD ExampleDP
#Reset Passw	ord
PRIVATE_PASS	WORD 0x0000000000000000
#Reset Unpro	tect
UNPROTECT	0xFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF
STORE_DEFAUL	/T_ALL
#Perform a S	oft Reset
#WARNING: Th	is will not work if a public password
# or	user-level private password exists.
# Yo	u will need to power-cycle the device.
RESTORE_FACT	ORY
RESTORE_DEFA	ULT_ALL
RESTORE_USER	_ALL

#### FIGURE 15. HOW TO CLEAR THE DEFAULT PASSWORD AND COMMAND PROTECTION AFTER THE CONFIGURATION FILE FROM FIGURE 14 IS LOADED

Please note that this only makes changes to the Default store.

#Gain security level 3 access PRIVATE_PASSWORD ExampleDP			
<pre>#Restore to factory settings, which will reset #command protection and password when stored. #Security level reverts to eithen vitten, #depending on presence of a public password. RESTORE_RACTORY</pre>			
#Gain security level 3 access again PRIVATE_PASSWORD ExampleDP			
PReset Password PRIVATE_PASSWORD 0x00000000000000000			
STORE_DEFAULT_ALL			
<pre>#This next command is only required when using #a PUBLIC_PASSWORD to restore the #security level PRIVATE PASSWORD 0x000000000000000</pre>			
<pre>#Perform a Soft Reset RESTORE_FACTORY RESTORE_DEFAULT_ALL RESTORE_DEFAULT_ALL RESTORE_DEFAULT_ALL</pre>			

FIGURE 16. HOW TO CLEAR THE ENTIRE DEVICE MEMORY AFTER THE CONFIGURATION FILE FROM <u>FIGURE 14</u> IS LOADED

#### **Password Example 3**

## ONE PUBLIC PASSWORD, ONE PRIVATE PASSWORD IN THE DEFAULT STORE

This example adds on to Password Example 2 with a Public Password. This configuration provides basic protection against accidentally writing the wrong value. When the device is powered up, it will start in security level 0, preventing write access to any command until the matching PUBLIC\_PASSWORD is written to gain security level 1, or a null value to PRIVATE\_PASSWORD is written to gain security level 2. See Figure 17 for the example configuration. Refer back to Figure 15 to clear the Private Password, Figure 11 to clear the Public Password, and Figure 16 to clear the device memory after the configuration in Figure 17 has been loaded.

# Perform actions for Default Store			
RESTORE_FACTORY			
RESTORE_DEFAULT_ALL # Prepare Default Store for adding cmds			
# Insert configuration data you want in Default Store           MFR_SERIAL         SSUMM           MFR_SERIAL         Example OEM           VOUT_MAX         5.0 #Volts           YOUT_COMMAND         3.3 #Volts			
# Protect the following commands for the default store: # MPR ID and YOUT MAX, as well as # RESTORE FACTORY and STORE DEFAULT ALL - which are required to ensure security. # NOTE: This UNPROTECT string is intended for a ZL2005 UNPROTECT OxFFFFFORFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF			
<pre>#Set desired password for default store PRIVATE PASSWORD ExampleDP STORE_DEFAULT_ALL # Store Settings</pre>			
# Perform actions for User Store			
RESTORE_USER_ALL # Prepare User Store for adding cmds			
# Insert configuration data you want in User Store VOUT_COMMAND 2.5 #Volts PID_TARS A=1634, B=-2799, C=1227			
<pre>#Set Public Password (which will bring security level to 0) PUBLIC_PASSWORD MyPW</pre>			
<pre>#Bring security level to 2, in order to store settings PRIVATE_PASSWORD 0x0000000000000000</pre>			
STORE_USER_ALL # Store Settings			
RESTORE_USER_ALL # This restore is performed to let the password # settings / security take effect. Power-cycling			

#### FIGURE 17. STORING VALUES IN THE DEFAULT AND USER STORES WITH PASSWORD PROTECTED VALUES IN THE DEFAULT STORE, AND A PUBLIC PASSWORD PREVENTING WRITES ON START-UP

In this example, the commands MFR\_ID and VOUT\_MAX cannot be changed in active memory or in the User Store. However, VOUT\_COMMAND and MFR\_SERIAL can still be changed as it was not protected via the UNPROTECT string.

#### **Password Example 4**

## NO PUBLIC PASSWORD, TWO PRIVATE PASSWORDS IN USER/DEFAULT STORE

This example adds on to Password Example 2 with a second Private Password in the User Store. When the device is powered up, it will start in security level 1, and will prevent write access to commands protected in either the user or default store as dictated by their UNPROTECT strings. See Figure 18 for this configuration. See Figure 19 (which is the same as Figure 15) to clear the Default Store password and its command protection, Figure 20 to clear the Default Store password / command protection, and refer back to Figure 16 to clear the entire device memory.



<pre># Perform actions for Default Store RESTORE_FACTORY  # Clear STORE_DEFAULT_ALL  # Default Store</pre>		
STORE_USER_ALL # and User Store RESTORE DEFAULT ALL # Prepare Default Store for adding cmds		
<pre># Insert configuration data you want in Default Store MFR_SERIAL SSSNNN MFR ID Example OEM VOUT_MAX 5.0 #Volts VOUT_COMMAND 3.3 #Volts</pre>		
# Protect the following commands for the default store: # MFR ID and YOUT MAX, as well as # RESTORE FACTORY and STORP_DEFAULT ALL - which are required to ensure security. # NOTE: This UNPROTECT string is intended for a ZL2005 UNPROTECT 0xFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF		
# Set desired password for default store PRIVATE_PASSWORD ExampleDP STORE_DEFAULT_ALL # Store Settings		
# Perform actions for User Store RESTORE_USER_ALL # Prepare User Store for adding cmds		
₱ Insert configuration data you want in User Store VOUT_COMMAND 2.5 #Volts PID TAPS A=1634, B=-2799, C=1227		
<pre># Protect the following command for the User store: VOUT_COMMAND, as well as # RESTORE_FACTORY, STORE_DEFAULT_ALL, RESTORE_DEFAULT_ALL, STORE_USER_ALL. # The last four are required to ensure security. # NOTE: this UNPROTECT string is intended for a ZL2005 UNPROTECT OXFERTOPERPERPERPERPERPERPERPERPERPERPERPERPERP</pre>		
<pre>#Bring security level to 2, in order to store settings PRIVATE_PASSWORD ExampleUP STORE_USER_ALL # Store Settings</pre>		
RESTORE_USER_ALL  # This restore is performed to let the password # settings / security take effect. Power-cycling # the device would have the same effect.		

## FIGURE 18. STORING VALUES IN BOTH THE DEFAULT STORE AND USER STORE WITH PASSWORD PROTECTION

In this example, the commands MFR\_ID and VOUT\_MAX cannot be changed in active memory or in the User Store. Additionally, VOUT\_COMMAND cannot be changed in active memory, as it is protected in the User Store. However, PID\_TAPS and

MFR\_SERIAL can still be changed as it was not protected via the User or Default Store UNPROTECT string.

fGain security level 3 access, in case a Public Password for Uger-level Private Password Exists PRIVATE_PASSWORD ExampleOP
$\texttt{RESTORE\_DEFAULT\_ALL \ \#Prepare \ for \ command \ modification \ to \ default \ store}$
#Gain security level 3 access PRIVATE_PASSWORD ExampleDP
<pre>#Reset Password PRIVATE_PASSWORD 0x0000000000000000</pre>
<pre>#Reset Unprotect UNPROTECT 0xFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF</pre>
STORE_DEFAULT_ALL
$\sharp {\tt Please}$ power-cycle the device after loading this file

FIGURE 19. HOW TO CLEAR THE DEFAULT-LEVEL PRIVATE PASSWORD AND COMMAND PROTECTION AFTER THE CONFIGURATION FILE FROM <u>FIGURE 18</u> OR <u>21</u> IS LOADED

Please note that the file is similar in operation as Figure 15.

FIGURE 20. HOV AND	V TO CLEAR THE USER-LEVEL PRIVATE PASSWORD COMMAND PROTECTION AFTER THE
RESTORE_USER_ALL	<pre># This restore is performed to let the password # settings / security take effect. Power-cycling # the device would have the same effect.</pre>
STORE_USER_ALL	
#Reset Unprotect UNPROTECT 0xFFFF	*****
#Reset Password PRIVATE_PASSWORD	0x0000000000000000
#Gain security leve PRIVATE_PASSWORD	l 2 access ExampleUP
RESTORE_USER_ALL #P	repare for command modification to default store
#Gain security leve #Public Password Ex PRIVATE_PASSWORD	l 2 access, in case a ists ExampleUP

GURE 20. HOW TO CLEAR THE USER-LEVEL PRIVATE PASSWORL AND COMMAND PROTECTION AFTER THE CONFIGURATION FILE FROM <u>FIGURE 18</u> OR <u>21</u> IS LOADED

#### **Password Example 5**

## ONE PUBLIC PASSWORD, TWO PRIVATE PASSWORDS IN USER/DEFAULT STORE

This example adds on to Password Example 4 with a Public Password. When the device is powered up, it will start in security level 0, and will prevent write access to any commands. Once the public password is entered, we will be in security level 1, and will prevent write access to commands protected in either the User or Default store as dictated by their UNPROTECT strings. See Figure 21 for this configuration. Refer back to Figure 18 to clear the Private Password and command protection in the default store, and Figure 19 to clear the Private Password and command protection in the user store. Refer to Figure 22 to clear the Public Password. Figure 15 may again be used to clear both the User and Default Stores.

# Perform actions f	or Default Store
RESTORE_FACTORY	# Clear
STORE DEFAULT ALL	# Default Store
STORE_USER_ALL	# and User Store
RESTORE_DEFAULT_ALL	# Prepare Default Store for adding cmds
# Insert configurat	ion data you want in Default Store
MFR TD	Example OEM
VOUT MAX	5.0 #Volts
VOUT COMMAND	3.3 #Volts
	3.3 10103
# Protect the follo	wing commands for the default store:
# RESTORE EACTORY	A STOLE DEFINIT ALL - which are required to oncure coourity
# RESTORE FACTORI S	The state of the state of the state security.
# NOTE: This UNPROT	BUT STITING IS INTENDED FOR A 412000
UNPROTECT UXFFF1	CUTERFEFEFEFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF
# Set desired passw	ord for default store
PRIVATE PASSWORD	ExampleDP
STORE_DEFAULT_ALL	# Store Settings
# Perform actions f	or User Store
RESTORE_USER_ALL #	Prepare User Store for adding cmds
# Insert configurat	ion data you want in User Store
VOUT COMMAND	2.5 #Volts
PID TAPS A-1634, B	2799, C-1227
# Protect the follo	wing command for the User store: VOUT_COMMAND, as well as
# RESTORE_FACTORY,	STORE_DEFAULT_ALL, RESTORE_DEFAULT_ALL, STORE_USER_ALL.
# The last four are	required to ensure security.
# NOTE: This UNPROT	ECT string is intended for a ZL2005
UNPROTECT 0xFFFFD9	FFFDFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF
Ante Dublid - December	a shirt will show a secondar loost to A
#Set Public Passwor	d, Which Will change security level to U
PUBLIC_PASSWORD	MyPW
#write null private	necessord to get security level to 2
DDIVATE DASSWORD	0x0000000000000000
#set private passwo	rd
PRIVATE PASSWORD	ExampleUP
STORE_USER_ALL	# Store Settings
DESTORE USER ALL	# This rectors is nerformed to let the necessord
habiona_03EK_ABE	<pre># settings / security take effect. Power=cycling</pre>
	# the device would have the same effect.
1	· ···· ······· ······ ···· ···· ·······

FIGURE 21. STORING VALUES IN THE DEFAULT AND USER STORES WITH PASSWORD PROTECTED VALUES IN THE DEFAULT STORE AND USER STORE, WITH THE ADDITION OF PUBLIC PASSWORD PROTECTION



In this example, the commands MFR\_ID and VOUT\_MAX cannot be changed in active memory or in the User Store. Additionally, VOUT\_COMMAND cannot be changed in active memory, as it is protected in the User Store. However, PID\_TAPS and MFR\_SERIAL can still be changed as neither commands were protected via the User or Default Store UNPROTECT string. Please note that any attempted write after loading this file can only be done after a matching PUBLIC\_PASSWORD or PRIVATE\_PASSWORD is written.

# Write Matching Publ # to get security lev PUBLIC_PASSWORD M	lic Password vel 1 dyPW
<pre># Prepare for change RESTORE_USER_ALL # Write Matching Publ # again, as restore m PUBLIC_PASSWORD M</pre>	to User Store Lic Password made Sec. Level 0 MyPW
#Clear Public Passwor #This puts us at secu PUBLIC_PASSWORD (	rd nrity level 0 1x0000000
#Get into Security Le #changes PRIVATE_PASSWORD E	evel 2 to store ixampleUP
STORE_USER_ALL #	\$ Store Settings
RESTORE_USER_ALL #	This restore is performed to let the password settings / security take effect. Power-cycling the device would have the same effect.

FIGURE 22. CLEAR PUBLIC PASSWORD USING PREVIOUS PUBLIC PASSWORD AND USER STORE PRIVATE PASSWORD

## Appendix D: Generating Unprotect Strings

In order to take advantage of protecting individual commands via PRIVATE\_PASSWORD, the value of the UNPROTECT command to make set appropriately. The UNPROTECT command has a 32-byte long bit-vector in which each bit represents a PMBus command code. Setting the representative bit to 0 protects that command, meaning that command's value cannot be changed unless you attain a security level of 2 or 3 - depending on whether the UNPROTECT command is stored in the User or Default Store, respectively.

To make the task of creating the UNPROTECT command value easier, Intersil provides an UNPROTECT string generation tool in all of its command spreadsheets. These spreadsheets are device-dependent, and are included in the AN2031 examples and files attachment. To use a command spreadsheet to generate an UNPROTECT value, read the following steps:

**Step 1:** Open the command spreadsheet appropriate for the device being used. Upon opening, you will notice a number of different columns such as "PMBus Command", "Command Code", and most importantly, the "Protect?" column, as seen in Figure 23. You will learn how to set the values in the Protect column to generate an UNPROTECT string.

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Grey = Not supported in 222005	1			NDDOTECT	or Pmbus Comma	IUS Novel Describ	
Firmware Revision DC21	1		(0	NPROTECT	string Generator o	n Next Page)	
PMRus	Command	Parameter	Parameter	Parameter		Security	
Command	Code	Length	Units	Type	Transfer Type	Type	Protect
OPERATION	1	1		Hex	R/W Byte	Protected	0
ON OFF CONFIG	2	1		Hex	RAV Byte	Protected	0
CLEAR_FAULTS	3	0		No Parameter	Send Byte	Protected	0
STORE_DEFAULT_ALL	11	0		No Parameter	Send Byte	Protected	0
RESTORE_DEFAULT_ALL	12	0		No Parameter	Send Byte	Protected	0
STORE_USER_ALL	15	0		No Parameter	Send Byte	Protected	0
RESTORE_USER_ALL	16	0		No Parameter	Send Byte	Protected	0
VOUT_MODE	20	1		Hex	RAV Byte	Read-Only	0
VOUT_COMMAND	21	2	V	Linear	R/W/Word	Protected	0
VOUT_TRIM	22	2	V	Signed Linear	R/W/Word	Protected	0
VOUT_CAL	23	2	V	Signed Linear	RAV Word	Protected	0
VOUT_MAX	24	2	V	Linear	R/W/Word	Protected	0
VOUT_MARGIN_HIGH	25	2	V	Linear	R/W/Word	Protected	0
VOUT_MARGIN_LOW	26	2	V	Linear	RW/Word	Protected	0
VOUT_TRANSITION_RATE	27	2	m/VAusec	Literal	R/W/Word	Protected	0
VOUT_DROOP	20	2	mV/A	Literal	R/W/Word	Protected	0
MAX_DUTY	32	2	%	Literal	RW/Word	Protected	0
FREQUENCY_SWITCH	33	2	kHz	Literal	R/W/Word	Protected	0
INTERLEAVE	37	2		Hex	RW/Word	Protected	0
IOUT_SCALE	38	2	mV/A	Lteral	RW/ Word	Protected	0
IOUT_CAL_OFFSET	39	2	A	Liberal	R/W Word	Protected	0
VOUT_OV_FAULT_LIMIT	40	2	V	Linear	ROW Word	Protected	0
VOUT_OV_FAULT_RESPONSE	41	1		Mex	RAV Byte	Protected	0
VOUT_UV_FAULT_LIMIT	44	2	V	Linear	RAW Word	Protected	0
VOUT_UV_FAULT_RESPONSE	45	1	-	PreX.	KWV EVČE	Protected	0
IOUT_OC_FAULT_LIMIT	46	2	A .	Loral	Rows wilded	Protected	0
IOUT_OC_FAULT_LIMIT	48	2	A	LECTO	ROWN WIGHT	Protected	0
OT_FAULT_LIMIT	4F	2	C	LEGIA	KWW VIOLD	Protected	0
OT_FAULT_RESPONSE	1 30	1		Xten	NAVE BYSE	PTODECIEG	0

FIGURE 23. A ZL2005 PMBus COMMAND SPREADSHEET

**Step 2:** As an example, let's create an unprotect string similar to Password Example 2, but this time also protect the MFR\_SERIAL command. Overall, the commands we want to protect are MFR\_SERIAL, MFR\_ID, and VOUT\_MAX.

Additionally, the commands RESTORE\_FACTORY and STORE\_DEFAULT\_ALL must be protected when creating an UNPROTECT string that is to be stored in the Default Store. This is needed to ensure that there will be no backdoor to overwrite data via these commands. If storing to the User Store, the commands RESTORE\_FACTORY, STORE\_DEFAULT\_ALL, RESTORE\_DEFAULT\_ALL, and STORE\_USER\_ALL must all be

protected for command protection to work.

To select the above commands to be protected in the spreadsheet, find the "Protect?" column that corresponds to the command you want to protect. Then change the value from "0" to "1", as shown in Figure 24. This change causes the unprotect string on the "UNPROTECT Code" page to be recalculated, as you will see in Step 3. Note that the bit inversion for the command's bit-vector is done automatically.

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Т	A	B	с	D	F	F	0	н
t	Grev = Not supported in 71 2005			0	List	f PMBus Comm	ande	
ł	City - the appointer it access	1			NODOTECT	Trimbus commi	ninis 	
ł	Firmware Remotion 2-21	1		(U	MPROTECT 3	string Generator	on next Page)	
ł	DMEnus	Command	Daramater	Deremater	Decemeter		Country	_
	Command	Code	Length	linite	Turne	Transfer Type	Turne	Protec
ř	OPERATION	1	1	Onica	Hex	R/V B/M	Protected	0
F	ON OFF CONFIG	2	1		Hex	R/W Byte	Protected	0
F	CLEAR FAULTS	3	0		No Parameter	Send Byte	Protected	0
r	STORE DEFAULT ALL	11	ů ř		No Parameter	Send Dyte	Protected	1
ŀ	RESTORE DEFAULT ALL	12	0		No Parameter	Send Byte	Protected	0
	STORE USER ALL	15	Ö		No Parameter	Send Byte	Protected	0
٢	RESTORE USER ALL	16	0		No Parameter	Send Byte	Protected	0
r	VOUT MODE	20	1		Hex	R/W Byte	Read-Only	0
F	VOUT COMMAND	21	2	V	Linear	R/W/Word	Protected	0
r	VOUT TRIM	22	2	v	Signed Linear	RAYWord	Protected	0
1	VOUT CAL	23	2	Ý	Signed Linear	R/W/Word	Protected	0
Г	VOUT MAX	24	2	V	Linear	R/W/Word	Protected	1
r	VOUT MARGIN HIGH	25	2	V	Linear	RW/Word	Protected	0
	YOHE MAY'E ASY'	36	2	36	Lincor	10.1351791815	Reatedorf	0
Г	READ FREQUENCY	95	2	KP1Z	Liberal	Read Word	Read-Only	0
ľ	PMBUS_REVISION	90	1		Hex	Read Byte	Read-Only	0
ľ	MFR_ID	99	heap		ASCI	R/W Block	Protected	1
	MFR_MODEL	9.4	heap		ASCI	RAV Block	Protected	0
Г	MFR_REVISION	98	héap		ASCE	R/W Block	Protected	0
	MFR LOCATION	90	heap		ASCI	RAVY Block	Protected	0
1	MFR_DATE	50	heap		ASCE	R/W Block	Protected	0
Γ	MFR_SERIAL	9C	heap		ASCE	RAW Block	Protected	1
Г	USER DATA 00	BO	héap		Hex	R/W Block	Protected	0
Г	MFR_CONFIG	DO	2		Hex	R/W/Word	Protected	0
Ļ	EVENT	LP			Hex	HWV Blyte	Unprotected	0
	STATE	FO			Hex	Read Byte	Read-Only	0
-	CRC	F1	1		Hex	R/W Byte	Unprotected	0
Ļ	RESTORE FACTORY	P4	0		No Parameter	Send Byte	Protected	1
-	SECURITY_LEVEL	FA	1		PREX.	Read Dyte	Read-Only	0
L	PRIVATE PASSWORD	18			ASCE	PLAY Block	Unprotected	0
Ļ	POBLIC_PASSWORD	FC	4	-	ASC8	KAW Block	Unprotected	0
4	UNPROTECT	FD.	32		Unreversed Hex	<b>RAVY EBOCK</b>	Unprotected	0



**Step 3:** Now that the commands to be protected are set, go to the "UNPROTECT Code" page. The sixth row on this page contains the UNPROTECT string. This cell can be copied and pasted as a new line in a configuration file. It is advised that you make sure that the UNPROTECT value does not appear as all "FF" values, unless you are trying to remove command protection. On some installations of Excel, an extra toolpack may need to be installed

in order for this calculation to work.



FIGURE 24. A ZL2005 PMBus COMMAND SPREADSHEET, WITH COMMANDS STORE\_DEFAULT\_ALL, VOUT\_MAX, MFR\_ID, MFR\_SERIAL, and RESTORE\_FACTORY SELECTED FOR PROTECTION

**Step 4:** Copy and paste the UNPROTECT string into the configuration file. Following the similar structure from Example 2, the configuration file should look similar to as shown in Figure 25.

# Perform actions for D	Default Store
RESTORE_FACTORY # C STORE_DEFAULT_ALL # E STORE_USER_ALL # a	clear Default Store And User Store
RESTORE_DEFAULT_ALL # F # f	Prepare Default for adding cmds
# Insert configuration	data you want in Default Store
MFR_SERIAL SSS MFR_ID Exa VOUT_MAX 5.0 VOUT_COMMAND 3.3	NNN mple OEM #Volts !#Volts
<pre># Protect the following # MFR_SERIAL, MFR_ID, a # RESTORE FACTORY and S # NOTE: This UNPROTECT UNPROTECT 0×FFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF</pre>	<pre>commands for the default store:</pre>
#Set desired password f PRIVATE_PASSWORD Exa	for default store mpleDP
STORE_DEFAULT_ALL # S	Store Settings
# Perform actions for U	Jser Store
RESTORE_USER_ALL # Prep # for	are User adding cmds
<pre># Insert configuration # you want in User Sto</pre>	data vre
VOUT_COMMAND 2.5 PID_TAPS A=1634, B=-27	; ≢Volts 199, C=1227
1	

FIGURE 25. STORING VALUES IN THE DEFAULT AND USER STORES WITH PASSWORD PROTECTED VALUES IN THE DEFAULT STORE

# Configuration file for	ZL2005-002-DC21 at Device Address 0x20 MODIFIED
#	
# Clear Memory	Described Descharged and hadened
# WARNING: Make sure no	Password Protection is set Defore
# 10ading chis	coning inte.
PESTORE FACTORY	
STORE DEFAULT ALL	
STORE USER ALL	
STORE_OBER_ADD	
#	
# Default Store Data	
#	
# The next line is requi	red to insert Default Store parameters
RESTORE_DEFAULT_ALL	
#VOUT_COMMAND	3.300049
VOUT_COMMAND	0x699A
#VOUT_MAX	5.000000
VOUT_MAX	0xA000
MER ID	Example OFM
MED CEDINI	CCCNNN CCCNNN
NER_DERTHE	annu ann ann ann ann ann ann ann ann ann
# Protect MER ID MEP CE	RIAL and VOUT MAX as well as
# RESTORE FACTORY and ST	ORE DEFAULT ALL - which are required to ensure security
UNPROTECT 0xFFFFFFFFFFF	FFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF
# Set desired password f	or default store
PRIVATE PASSWORD Exam	pleDP
STORE DEFAULT ALL #unco	mment to store above settings
STORE_DEFAULT_ALL #unco	mment to store above settings
STORE_DEFAULT_ALL #unco	mment to store above settings
STORE_DEFAULT_ALL #unco # # Current Settings/User	mment to store above settings  Store Data
	mment to store above settings Store Data
STORE_DEFAULT_ALL #unco # # Current Settings/User # # The next line is requi	mment to store above settings Store Data red to insert User Store parameters
STORE_DEFAULT_ALL #unco #	Store Data red to insert User Store parameters
STORE_DEFAULT_ALL #unco #	mment to store above settings Store Data red to insert User Store parameters 2.500000
Grower DEFAULT ALL #unco	The second section of the section of the second sec
STORE_DEFAULT_ALL #unco Current Settings/User # The next line is requi RESTORE USER ALL #VOUT_COMMAND VOUT_COMMAND #ID_TAPS	mment to store above settings 
Grove_DeFAULT_ALL #unco Current_Settings/User The next line is requi RESTORE_USER_ALL #VOUT_COMMAND VOUT_COMMAND #PID_TAPS PID_TAPS	mment to store above settings 
STORE_DEFAULT_ALL #unco #	mment to store above settings 
STORE_DEFAULT_ALL #unco Current Settings/User The next line is requi RESTORE USER ALL VOUT_COMMAND VOUT_COMMAND PID_TAPS PID_TAPS PEDENCE VOUT_COMMAND, PEDENCE VOUT_COMMAND, PEDENCE VOUT_COMMAND, PEDENCE VOUT_COMMAND,	mment to store above settings Store Data 
STORE_DEFAULT_ALL #unco #	mment to store above settings 
TORE_DEFAULT_ALL #unco Current Settings/User The next line is requi RESTORE USER ALL # VOUT_COMMAND YOUT_COMMAND # PID_TAPS PID_TAPS # Protect VOUT_COMMAND, # RESTORE_FACTORY, STORE UNPROTECT_0xFFFFFFFFFF	mment to store above settings Store Data 
STORE_DEFAULT_ALL #unco #	mment to store above settings Store Data red to insert User Store parameters 2.50000 0×5500 A=1634.000000, B=-2799.000000, C=1227.000000 A=0x7BC40, B=0xFCAEF0, C=0x7B960 as well as DEFAULT ALL, RESTORE DEFAULT ALL, STORE USER ALL. FFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF
STORE_DEFAULT_ALL #unco # Current Settings/User # The next line is requi RESTORE USER ALL # VOUT_COMMAND # VOUT_COMMAND # PID_TAPS # Protect VOUT_COMMAND, # RESTORE FACTORY, STORE UNPROTECT 0xFFFFFFFFF # Set Public Password, where	<pre>mment to store above settings</pre>
STORE_DEFAULT_ALL #unco #	mment to store above settings Store Data red to insert User Store parameters 2.50000 0x5000 A=1634.000000, B=-2799.000000, C=1227.000000 A=0x7BC400, B=0xFCAEF0, C=0x7B960 as well as DEFAULT ALL, RESTORE DEFAULT ALL, STORE USER ALL. FFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF
STORE_DEFAULT_ALL #unco # Current Settings/User # The next line is requi RESTORE USER ALL # VOUT_COMMAND YOUT_COMMAND # PTO_TAPS # Protect VOUT_COMMAND, # RESTORE_PACTORY, STORE UNPROTECT 0xFFFFFFFFF # Set Public Password, wF # write null private pass BUILDT PASSMORD MYR	<pre>mment to store above settings</pre>
STORE_DEFAULT_ALL #unco # Current Settings/User # Current Settings/User # The next line is requi RESTORE USER ALL #VOUT_COMMAND #VID_TAPS PID_TAPS # Protect VOUT_COMMAND, # RESTORE DATA # Protect VOUT_COMMAND, # RESTORE FACTORY, STORE UNPROTECT 0xFFFFFFFFF Set Public Password, wh PUBLIC_PASSWORD 0x00 #write null private password 0x00 # cet private password 0x00	mment to store above settings Store Data red to insert User Store parameters 2.50000 0x5000 A=1634.000000, B=-2799.000000, C=1227.000000 A=0x7BC400, B=0xFCAEF0, C=0x7B960 as well as DEFAULT ALL, RESTORE DEFAULT ALL, STORE USER ALL. FFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF
TORE_DEFAULT_ALL #unco #	<pre>mment to store above settings </pre>
STORE_DEFAULT_ALL #unco #	mment to store above settings Store Data red to insert User Store parameters 2.50000 0x5000 A=1634.000000, B=-2799.000000, C=1227.000000 A=0x7BC400, B=0xFCAEP0, C=0x7B960 as well as DEFAULT ALL, RESTORE DEFAULT ALL, STORE USER ALL. FFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF
STORE_DEFAULT_ALL #uncod # Current Settings/User # Current Settings/User # The next line is requi RESTORE USER ALL #VOUT_COMMAND #VOUT_COMMAND #PID_TAPS # Protect VOUT_COMMAND, # RESTORE_PACTORY, STORE UNPROTECT 0xFFFFFFFFFF #Set Public Password, wh PUBLIC_PASSWORD 0x00 #set private password PRIVATE_PASSWORD 0x00 #set private password PRIVATE_PASSWORD Exam STORE USER ALL #uncomme	<pre>mment to store above settings Store Data red to insert User Store parameters 2.50000 A=1634.000000, B=-2799.000000, C=1227.000000 A=0x7BCC40, B=0xFCAEF0, C=0x7B9960 as well as DEFAULT ALL, RESTORE DEFAULT ALL, STORE USER ALL. FFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF</pre>
STORE_DEFAULT_ALL #unco # Current Settings/User # Current Settings/User # The next line is requi RESTORE USER ALL #VOUT_COMMAND #VID_TAPS # Protect VOUT_COMMAND, # RESTORE USER ALL # Protect VOUT_COMMAND, # RESTORE PACTORY, STORE UNFROTECT_OXFEFFFFFFFF #Set Public Password, wh PUBLIC_PASSWORD_0X00 Set Pivite password PRIVATE_PASSWORD_Exam STORE_USER_ALL #uncomme	<pre>mment to store above settings Store Data red to insert User Store parameters 2.500000 0x5000 A=054.000000, B=-2799.000000, C=1227.000000 A=0xFBC2C40, B=0xFCAEF0, C=0x7B9960 as well as DEFAULT ALL, RESTORE DEFAULT ALL, STORE USER ALL. FFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF</pre>
	mment to store above settings Store Data Ted to insert User Store parameters 2.50000 0.5000 A=0534.000000, B=-2799.000000, C=1227.000000 A=0x7BCC40, B=0xFCAEF0, C=0x7B9960 as well as DEFAULT ALL, RESTORE DEFAULT ALL, STORE USER ALL. FFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF
	<pre>mment to store above settings</pre>
	mment to store above settings Store Data red to insert User Store parameters 2.50000 0x5000 A=0534.000000, B=-2799.000000, C=1227.000000 A=0x7BCC40, B=0xFCAEF0, C=0x7B9960 as well as DEFAULT ALL, RESTORE DEFAULT ALL, STORE USER ALL. FFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF
STORE_DEFAULT_ALL #unco # Current_Settings/User # Current_Settings/User # The next line is requi RESTORE_USER_ALL # VOUT_COMMAND # PID_TAPS # Protect VOUT_COMMAND, # RESTORE_SECTION, STORE UNPROTECT_OXFEFFFFFFFF # Set Public Password, wh PUBLIC_PASSWORD 0x00 Store_USER_ALL #uncomme # original private password PRIVATE_PASSWORD Exam STORE_USER_ALL #uncomme # original private password PRIVATE_PASSWORD Exam STORE_USER_ALL #uncomme # original private password PRIVATE_PASSWORD Exam STORE_USER_ALL #uncomme # original private password PRIVATE_PASSWORD Device # office the password private password PRIVATE_PASSWORD Exam STORE_USER_ALL #uncomme # original private password # Soft Reset of Device	mment to store above settings Store Data red to insert User Store parameters 2.50000 0x5000 A=054.00000, B=-2799.000000, C=1227.000000 A=0xFRC40, B=0xFCAEF0, C=0x7B9960 as well as DEFAULT ALL, RESTORE DEFAULT ALL, STORE USER ALL. FFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF
STORE_DEFAULT_ALL #unco # Current Settings/User # Current Settings/User # The next line is requi RESTORE USER ALL #VOUT COMMAND VOIT COMMAND VOUT COMMAND #VIDTAPS # Protect VOIT_COMMAND, # RESTORE FACTORY, STORE UNRACTECT OXFFFFFFFFF # Set Public Password, why # write null private password PUVATE_PASSWORD 0x00 # set private password 0x00 # set password 0x	mment to store above settings Store Data red to insert User Store parameters 2.50000 0x5000 A=0534.000000, B=-2799.000000, C=1227.000000 A=0x7BCC40, B=0xFCAEF0, C=0x7B9960 as well as DEFAULT ALL, RESTORE DEFAULT ALL, STORE USER ALL. FORTHEREFORMENT FOR STORE DEFAULT ALL, STORE USER ALL. FORTHEREFORMENT FOR STORE DEFAULT ALL, STORE USER ALL. FOR STORE SECURITY level to 0 word to get security level to 2 000000000000000000000000000000000000
STORE_DEFAULT_ALL \$unco * Current Settings/User * The next line is requi RESTORE USER ALL *VOUT_COMMAND *PID_TAPS PID_TAPS * Protect VOUT_COMMAND, * RESTORE FACTORY, STORE UNFROTECT OWNERSTORE OWNERS * PID_TAPS * Protect VOUT_COMMAND, * RESTORE FACTORY, STORE UNFROTECT OWNERSTORE * Protect VOUT_COMMAND, * RESTORE STALL \$uncomme *	mment to store above settings Store Data red to insert User Store parameters 2.50000 0x5000 A=054.00000, B=-2799.000000, C=1227.000000 A=0xFBC2C40, B=0xFCAEF0, C=0x7B9960 as well as DEFAULT ALL, RESTORE DEFAULT ALL, STORE USER ALL. FFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF

In this example, the commands MFR\_SERIAL, MFR\_ID, and VOUT\_MAX cannot be changed in active memory or in the User Store. However, VOUT\_COMMAND can still be changed as it was not protected via the UNPROTECT string.

## Appendix E: Blocking Write Access to All Commands

For some applications of Intersil device, a board designer may desire to prevent their product from accepting write commands over the digital bus. For example, a designer of a DC:DC power supply module may decide that the digital bus port of the module should be used for monitoring of the module, but not for programming or controlling the module.

The first way of providing such write protection can be done just by storing PUBLIC\_PASSWORD as a non-null value in the User Store, as demonstrated in earlier examples. However, if more protection is desired from writing to ANY command, the following example (see Figure 26) stores a number of settings in the Default Store, but protects all commands from being modified, including commands that don't have values set, via the UNPROTECT string. This example also sets protection redundancies, in the form of setting a Private Password and Public Password in the User Store, as well as setting the UNPROTECT string in the User Store to prohibit any command writes.

The example shown in <u>Figure 26</u> is similar in structure to Password Example 5. Because of this, <u>Figure 16</u> may be used to clear the device memory after this file is loaded.



# Clear device memory - All passwords must be cleared before loading this file RESTORE FACTORY # Clear STORE\_DEFAULT\_ALL # Default Store STORE\_USER\_ALL # and User Store #Perform actions for Default Store RESTORE\_DEFAULT\_ALL # Prepare Default Store for adding cmds # Insert configuration data you want in Default Store MPR\_SERIAL SSSNNN MPR ID Example OEM VOUT\_AAX 5.0 #Volts VOUT\_COMMAND 3.3 #Volts # Set desired password for default store
PRIVATE\_PASSWORD ExampleDP
STORE\_DEFAULT\_ALL # Store Settings # Perform actions for User Store RESTORE\_USER\_ALL # Prepare User Store for adding cmds # NO COMMANDS CAN BE SET IN USER (except for UNPROTECT and Passwords)
# DUE TO UNPROTECT SETTINGS IN DEFAULT STORE #Set Public Password, which will change security level to 0 PUBLIC\_PASSWORD MyPW #write null private password to get security level to 2
PRIVATE\_PASSWORD 0x0000000000000000 #set private password PRIVATE\_PASSWORD ExampleUP STORE\_USER\_ALL # Store Settings RESTORE\_USER\_ALL # This restore is performed to let the password # settings / security take effect. Power-cycling # the device would have the same effect.

#### FIGURE 26. A CONFIGURATION FILE GENERATED BY POWERNAVIGATOR, WITH SOME EXAMPLE PASSWORD PROTECTION INSERTED, UNPROTECT STRINGS SET, AND FOOTER COMMANDS SET APPROPRIATELY

### References

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