

RENESAS TECHNICAL UPDATE

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Product Category	MPU & MCU	Document No.	TN-RX*-A112A/E	Rev.	1.00
Title	Specification Changes in the RX110 Group		Information Category	Technical Notification	
Applicable Product	RX110 Group	Lot No.	Reference Document	RX110 Group User's Manual: Hardware Rev.1.00 (R01UH0421EJ0100) Corrections to Descriptions for the Flash Memory in the RX110 Group User's Manual (TN-RX*-A113A/E)	
		All			

This document describes changes to the specifications in RX110 Group User's Manual: Hardware Rev.1.00. The specifications are changed as follows:

- Added an option for sub-clock oscillator drive capacity
- Relax the restriction on AVCC0
- Added the temperature sensor calibration data registers
- Added the unique ID

1. Added an Option for Sub-Clock Oscillator Drive Capacity

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“Drive capacity for a standard-CL crystal” is added to the Description column of the RTCDV[2:0] bits in 21.2.19 RTC Control Register 3 (RCR3) and descriptions for setting values are also changed as follows:

Before correction

bit	symbol	Bit Name	Description	R/W
b3 to b1	RTCDV[2:0]	Sub-Clock Oscillator Drive Capacity Control	b3 b1 0 0 0: Medium drive capacity (4.4 pF type) 0 0 1: High drive capacity (6.0 pF type) 1 0 1: Low drive capacity (3.7 pF type) Settings other than above are prohibited.	R/W

After correction

bit	symbol	Bit Name	Description	R/W
b3 to b1	RTCDV[2:0]	Sub-Clock Oscillator Drive Capacity Control	b3 b1 0 0 0: Medium drive capacity for a low-CL crystal 0 0 1: High drive capacity for a low-CL crystal 0 1 0: Low drive capacity for a low-CL crystal 1 0 0: Drive capacity for a standard-CL crystal Settings other than above are prohibited.	R/W

2. Relax the Restriction on AVCC0

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Description for port 4 and port J in Table 17.7 Handling of Unused Pins is changed as follows:

Before correction

Pin Name	Description
Port 0 to 5, A to C, E, H, J (for pins that exist on products with fewer than 64 pins)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Set these pins to input (PORTn.PDR bit = 0) and connect each of them to VCC via a pull-up resistor or to VSS via a pull-down resistor. *1 Set these pins to output (PORTn.PDR bit = 1), set the output data to 0 (PORTn.PODR bit = 0), and leave them open. *1, *2

After correction

Pin Name	Description
Ports 0 to 3, 5, A to C, E, H (for pins that exist on products with fewer than 64 pins)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Set these pins to input (PORTn.PDR bit = 0) and connect each of them to VCC via a pull-up resistor or to VSS via a pull-down resistor. *1 Set these pins to output (PORTn.PDR bit = 1), set the output data to 0 (PORTn.PODR bit = 0), and leave them open. *1, *2
Ports 4 and J (for pins that exist on products with fewer than 64 pins)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Set these pins to input (PORTn.PDR bit = 0) and connect each of them to AVCC0 via a pull-up resistor or to AVSS0 via a pull-down resistor. *1 Set these pins to output (PORTn.PDR bit = 1), set the output data to 0 (PORTn.PODR bit = 0), and leave them open. *1, *2

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Descriptions for “Relationship between power supply pin pairs (AVCC0–AVSS0, VREFH0–VREFL0, VCC–VSS)” of the second bullet in 27.6.10 are changed as follows:

Before correction

The following conditions should be satisfied: AVCC0 = VCC, and AVSS0 = VSS. A 0.1-μF capacitor should be connected between each pair of power supply pins to create a closed loop with the shortest route possible as shown in Figure 27.16, and connection should be made so that the following conditions are satisfied at the supply side.

$$VREFL0 = AVSS0 = VSS$$

When the A/D converter is not used, the following conditions should be satisfied.

$$VREFH0 = AVCC0 = VCC \text{ and } VREFL0 = AVSS0 = VSS$$

After correction

The following condition should be satisfied: AVSS0 = VSS. A 0.1-μF capacitor should be connected between each pair of power supply pins to create a closed loop with the shortest route as shown in Figure 27.16, and connection should be made so that the following conditions are satisfied at the supply side:

$$VREFL0 = AVSS0 = VSS$$

When the 12-bit A/D converter is not used, the following conditions should be satisfied:

$$VREFH0 = AVCC0 = VCC \text{ and } VREFL0 = AVSS0 = VSS$$

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Specifications for AVCC0 in Table 32.2 Recommended Operating Voltage Conditions are changed as follows:

Before correction

Table 32.2 Recommended Operating Voltage Conditions

Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Power supply voltages	VCC	1.8	—	3.6	V
	VSS	—	0	—	V
Analog power supply voltages	AVCC0 *1	—	VCC	—	V
	AVSS0	—	0	—	V

Note 1. For details, 27.6.10 Voltage Range of Analog Power Supply Pins.

After correction

Table 32.2 Operating Conditions

Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Power supply voltages	VCC *1	1.8	—	3.6	V
	VSS	—	0	—	V
Analog power supply voltages	AVCC0 *1, *2	1.8	—	3.6	V
	AVSS0	—	0	—	V

Note 1. Supply AVCC0 simultaneously with or after supplying VCC.

Note 2. Refer to section 27.6.10, Voltage Range of Analog Power Supply Pins to determine the AVCC0 voltage.

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Condition for AVCC0 in Table 32.3 DC Characteristics (1) and specifications for port 4 and port J are changed as follows:

Before correction

Table 32.3 DC Characteristics (1)

Conditions: VCC = AVCC0 = 2.7 to 3.6 V, VSS = AVSS0 = VREFL0 = 0 V, Ta = -40 to +105°C

Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions
Schmitt trigger input voltage	<i>omitted</i>					
Input level voltage (except for Schmitt trigger input pins)	MD	V _{IH}	VCC × 0.9	—	VCC + 0.3	V
	XTAL (external clock input)		VCC × 0.8	—	VCC + 0.3	
	Ports 40 to 44, 46, ports J6, J7		VCC × 0.7	—	VCC + 0.3	
	RIIC input pin (SMBus)		2.1	—	VCC + 0.3	
	MD	V _{IL}	-0.3	—	VCC × 0.1	
	XTAL (external clock input)		-0.3	—	VCC × 0.2	
	Ports 40 to 44, 46, ports J6, J7		-0.3	—	VCC × 0.3	
	RIIC input pin (SMBus)		-0.3	—	0.8	

After correction

Table 32.3 DC Characteristics (1)

Conditions: VCC = 2.7 to 3.6 V, AVCC0 = 2.7 to 3.6 V, VSS = AVSS0 = VREFL0 = 0 V, Ta = -40 to +105°C

Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions
Schmitt trigger input voltage	<i>omitted</i>					
Input level voltage (except for Schmitt trigger input pins)	MD	V _{IH}	VCC × 0.9	—	VCC + 0.3	V
	XTAL (external clock input)		VCC × 0.8	—	VCC + 0.3	
	Ports 40 to 44, 46, ports J6, J7		AVCC0 × 0.7	—	AVCC0 + 0.3	
	RIIC input pin (SMBus)		2.1	—	VCC + 0.3	
	MD	V _{IL}	-0.3	—	VCC × 0.1	
	XTAL (external clock input)		-0.3	—	VCC × 0.2	
	Ports 40 to 44, 46, ports J6, J7		-0.3	—	AVCC0 × 0.3	
	RIIC input pin (SMBus)		-0.3	—	0.8	

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Condition for AVCC0 in Table 32.4 DC Characteristics (2) and specifications for port 4 and port J are changed as follows:

Before correction

Table 32.4 DC Characteristics (2)

Conditions: VCC = AVCC0 = 1.8 to 2.7 V, VSS = AVSS0 = VREFL = VREFL0 = 0 V, T_a = -40 to +105°C

Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions
Schmitt trigger input voltage	<i>omitted</i>					
Input level voltage (except for Schmitt trigger input pins)	MD	V _{IH}	VCC × 0.9	—	VCC + 0.3	V
	XTAL (external clock input)		VCC × 0.8	—	VCC + 0.3	
	Ports 40 to 44, 46, ports J6, J7		VCC × 0.7	—	VCC + 0.3	
	MD	V _{IL}	-0.3	—	VCC × 0.1	
	XTAL (external clock input)		-0.3	—	VCC × 0.2	
	Ports 40 to 44, 46, ports J6, J7		-0.3	—	VCC × 0.3	

After correction

Table 32.4 DC Characteristics (2)

Conditions: VCC = 1.8 to 2.7 V, AVCC0 = 1.8 to 2.7 V, VSS = AVSS0 = VREFL0 = 0 V, T_a = -40 to +105°C

Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions
Schmitt trigger input voltage	<i>omitted</i>					
Input voltage (except for Schmitt trigger input pins)	MD	V _{IH}	VCC × 0.9	—	VCC + 0.3	V
	XTAL (external clock input)		VCC × 0.8	—	VCC + 0.3	
	Ports 40 to 44, 46, ports J6, J7		AVCC0 × 0.7	—	AVCC0 + 0.3	
	MD	V _{IL}	-0.3	—	VCC × 0.1	
	XTAL (external clock input)		-0.3	—	VCC × 0.2	
	Ports 40 to 44, 46, ports J6, J7		-0.3	—	AVCC0 × 0.3	

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Condition for AVCC0 in Table 32.17 Output Values of Voltage (1) and specifications for port 4 and port J are changed as follows:

Before correction

Table 32.17 Output Values of Voltage (1)

Conditions: VCC = AVCC0 = 2.7 to 3.6 V, VSS = AVSS0 = VREFL0 = 0 V, Ta = -40 to +105°C

Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions	
Output low	<i>omitted</i>					
Output high	All output ports (except for port 4 and port J)	V _{OH}	VCC - 0.5	—	V	I _{OH} = -2.0 mA
	Ports 40 to 44, 46, ports J6, J7		VCC - 0.5	—		I _{OH} = -0.1 mA

After correction

Table 32.17 Output Voltage (1)

Conditions: VCC = 2.7 to 3.6 V, AVCC0 = 2.7 to 3.6 V, VSS = AVSS0 = VREFL0 = 0 V, Ta = -40 to +105°C

Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions	
Low-level output voltage	<i>omitted</i>					
High-level output voltage	All output ports (except for port 4 and port J)	V _{OH}	VCC - 0.5	—	V	I _{OH} = -2.0 mA
	Ports 40 to 44, 46, ports J6, J7		AVCC0 - 0.5	—		I _{OH} = -0.1 mA

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Condition for AVCC0 in Table 32.18 Output Values of Voltage (2) and specifications for port 4 and port J are changed as follows:

Before correction

Table 32.18 Output Values of Voltage (2)

Conditions: VCC = AVCC0 = 1.8 to 2.7 V, VSS = AVSS0 = VREFL0 = 0 V, Ta = -40 to +105°C

Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions	
Output low	<i>omitted</i>					
Output high	All output ports (except for port 4 and port J)	V _{OH}	VCC - 0.5	—	V	I _{OH} = -1.0 mA
	Ports 40 to 44, 46, ports J6, J7		VCC - 0.5	—		I _{OH} = -0.1 mA

After correction

Table 32.18 Output Voltage (2)

Conditions: VCC = 1.8 to 2.7 V, AVCC0 = 1.8 to 2.7 V, VSS = AVSS0 = VREFL0 = 0 V, Ta = -40 to +105°C

Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions	
Low-level output voltage	<i>omitted</i>					
High-level output voltage	All output ports (except for port 4 and port J)	V _{OH}	VCC - 0.5	—	V	I _{OH} = -1.0 mA
	Ports 40 to 44, 46, ports J6, J7		AVCC0 - 0.5	—		I _{OH} = -0.1 mA

3. Added the Temperature Sensor Calibration Data Registers

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Table 5.1 List of I/O Registers (Address Order) (13/13) in 5. I/O Registers is changed as follows:

Before correction

Table 5.1 List of I/O Registers (Address Order) (13/13)

Address	Module Symbol	Register Name	Register Symbol	Number of Bits	Access Size	Number of Access States	Reference Section
0008 C41Eh	RTC	Year Alarm Enable Register	RYRAREN	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB	section 21.
<i>omitted</i>							
0008 C42Eh	RTC	Time Error Adjustment Register	RADJ	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB	section 21.
007F C0B0h	FLASH	Flash Start-Up Setting Monitor Register	FSCMR	16	16	2 or 3 FCLK	section 31.
<i>omitted</i>							

After correction

Table 5.1 List of I/O Registers (Address Order) (13/13)

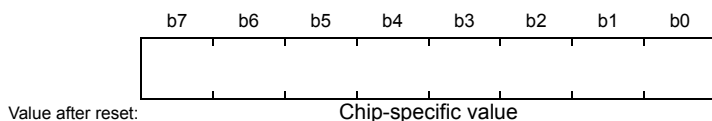
Address	Module Symbol	Register Name	Register Symbol	Number of Bits	Access Size	Number of Access States	Reference Section
0008 C41Eh	RTC	Year Alarm Enable Register	RYRAREN	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB	section 21.
<i>omitted</i>							
0008 C42Eh	RTC	Time Error Adjustment Register	RADJ	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB	section 21.
007F C0ACh	TEMPS	Temperature Sensor Calibration Data Register	TSCDRL	8	8	1 or 2 PCLKB	section 28.
007F C0ADh	TEMPS	Temperature Sensor Calibration Data Register	TSCDRH	8	8	1 or 2 PCLKB	section 28.
007F C0B0h	FLASH	Flash Start-Up Setting Monitor Register	FSCMR	16	16	2 or 3 FCLK	section 31.
<i>omitted</i>							

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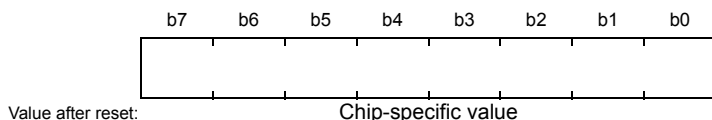
Section 28.2 Register Descriptions and registers below are added to 28. Temperature Sensor (TEMPSa).

28.2.1 Temperature Sensor Calibration Data Register (TSCDRH, TSCDRL)

Address(es): TSCDRL 007F C0ACh



Address(es): TSCDRH 007F C0ADh



Registers TSCDRH and TSCDRL stores the temperature sensor calibration data that was measured for each individual chip before shipping.

The temperature sensor calibration data is a digital value (converted by the 12-bit A/D converter) of the voltage that the temperature sensor outputs under the following conditions: $T_a = T_j = 88^\circ\text{C}$, and $AVCC0 = VREFH0 = 3.3\text{ V}$. The TSCDRH register stores the upper 4 bits, and the TSCDRL register stores the lower 8 bits.

4. Added the Unique ID

The unique ID is added to each product for identifying the individual MCU. Accordingly, the unique ID register is added, and “consecutive read command” is changed to “unique ID read command”.

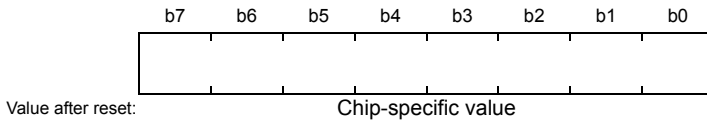
4.1 Added the Unique ID Register

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The unique ID register is added to 31. Flash Memory as follows:

31.3.25 Unique ID Register n (UIDRn) (n = 0 to 31)

Address(es): 0850h to 086Fh (extra area)



The UIDRn register stores 32-byte ID code (unique ID) for identifying the individual MCU. The unique ID is stored in the extra area of the flash memory and cannot be rewritten by the user. Use the unique ID read command to read the register value.

5.2 Changed from “Consecutive Read Command” to “Unique ID Read Command”

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The Software commands column in Table 31.1 Flash Memory Specifications is changed as follows:

Before correction

Table 31.1 Flash Memory Specifications

Item	Description
Memory space	<i>omitted</i>
Software commands	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The following commands can be executed in boot mode or during self-programming: blank check, block erase, program, read, set access window
	<i>omitted</i>
	<i>omitted</i>

After correction

Table 31.1 Flash Memory Specifications

Item	Description
Memory space	<i>omitted</i>
Software commands	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The following commands can be executed in boot mode or during self-programming: blank check, block erase, program, unique ID read, set access window
	<i>omitted</i>
	<i>omitted</i>

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Descriptions in 31.3.8 Flash Control Register (FCR) are changed as follows:

Before correction

bit	symbol	Bit Name	Description	R/W
b3 to b0	CMD[3:0]	Software Command Setting	b3 b0 0 0 0 1:Program 0 0 1 1:Block erase 0 1 0 1:Consecutive read 1 0 1 1:Blank check Settings other than above are prohibited.*1	R/W
b4	DRC	Data Read Completion	0: Data is not read or next data is requested. 1: Data reading is completed.	R/W
<i>omitted</i>				

Note 1. This does not include writing 00h to the FCR register when the FSTATR1.FR DY bit is 1.

After correction

bit	symbol	Bit Name	Description	R/W
b3 to b0	CMD[3:0]	Software Command Setting	b3 b0 0 0 0 1:Program 0 0 1 1:Blank check 0 1 0 0:Block erase 0 1 0 1:Unique ID read Settings other than above are prohibited.*1	R/W
b4	DRC	Data Read Completion	0: Start data read. 1: Complete data read.	R/W
<i>omitted</i>				

Note 1. This does not include set the FCR register to 00h when the FSTATR1.FR DY flag is 1.

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Descriptions for bits CMD[3:0] and DRC in 31.3.8 Flash Control Register (FCR) are changed as follows:

Before correction**CMD[3:0] Bits (Software Command Setting)**

These bits are used to set a software command (program, block erase, **consecutive read**, or blank check). The function of each command is described below.

— *omitted* —

[Consecutive read]

- Read the area from the address set in the FSARH and FSARL registers to the address set in the FEARH and FEARL registers during ROM read P/E mode. The read data is stored in the FRBH and FRBL registers.

DRC Bit (Data Read Completion)

After executing a consecutive read command and reading the FRBH and FRBL registers, write 1 to the DRC bit to complete the processing for reading the data. To issue a request for reading the next data, write 0 to the DRC bit.

After correction**CMD[3:0] Bits (Software Command Setting)**

These bits are used to set a software command (program, block erase, **unique ID read**, or blank check). The function of each command is described below.

— *omitted* —

[Unique ID read]

- When executing the unique ID read after setting registers FSARH, FSARL, FEARH, and FEARL to 00h, 0850h, 00h, and 086Fh, respectively, the unique ID is stored in registers FRBH and FRBL sequentially.

DRC Bit (Data Read Completion)

This bit is used with the unique ID read command to control the state of the sequencer.

When issuing the unique ID read command with this bit set to 0, data is read from the address set in registers FSARH and FSARL, and the data is stored in registers FRBH and FRBL.

When issuing the unique ID read command with this bit set to 1 after reading data from registers FRBH and FRBL, the sequencer ends the read cycle and enters the wait state.

When issuing the unique ID read command again with this bit set to 0, the internal address of the sequencer is incremented by 4, and the next data is read.

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Descriptions in 31.3.14 Flash Read Buffer Register H (FRBH) are changed as follows:

Before correction

This register is used to store **the higher-order 16 bits of the data read from the ROM when consecutive read is executed.**

After correction

This register is used to store **the upper 2 bytes of the 4-byte data (part of the unique ID) that is read from the extra area when unique ID read is executed.**

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Descriptions in 31.3.15 Flash Read Buffer Register L (FRBL) are changed as follows:

Before correction

This register is used to store the lower-order 16 bits of the data read from the ROM when consecutive read is executed.

After correction

This register is used to store the lower 2 bytes of the 4-byte data (part of the unique ID) that is read from the extra area when unique ID read is executed.

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Descriptions for the DRRDY flag is added to 31.3.19 Flash Status Register 1 (FSTATR1) as follows:

DRRDY Flag (Data Read Ready Flag)

This flag is used to check if the valid read data is stored in registers FRBH and FRBL.

When the sequencer stores data read from the flash memory to registers FRBH and FRBL, the DRRDY flag becomes 1. When issuing the unique ID command with the FCR.DRC bit set to 1, the sequencer ends the read cycle, and the DRRDY flag becomes 0.

Note that, even if issuing the unique ID command with the FCR.DRC bit set to 0 after reading data from the address set in registers FEARH and FEARL, the DRRDY flag does not become 1, but the FRDY flag becomes 1.

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Table 31.4 Software Commands is changed as follows:

Before correction

Table 31.4 Software Commands

Command	Function
	<i>omitted</i>
Consecutive read	Read the specified area during ROM P/E mode.
	<i>omitted</i>

After correction

Table 31.4 Software Commands

Command	Function
	<i>omitted</i>
Unique ID read	Read the unique ID from the extra area
	<i>omitted</i>

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(5) Consecutive Read in 31.6.3 Software Command Usage is changed as follows:

Before correction

(5) Consecutive Read

Figure 31.11 is a simple flowchart for the procedure for consecutive read.

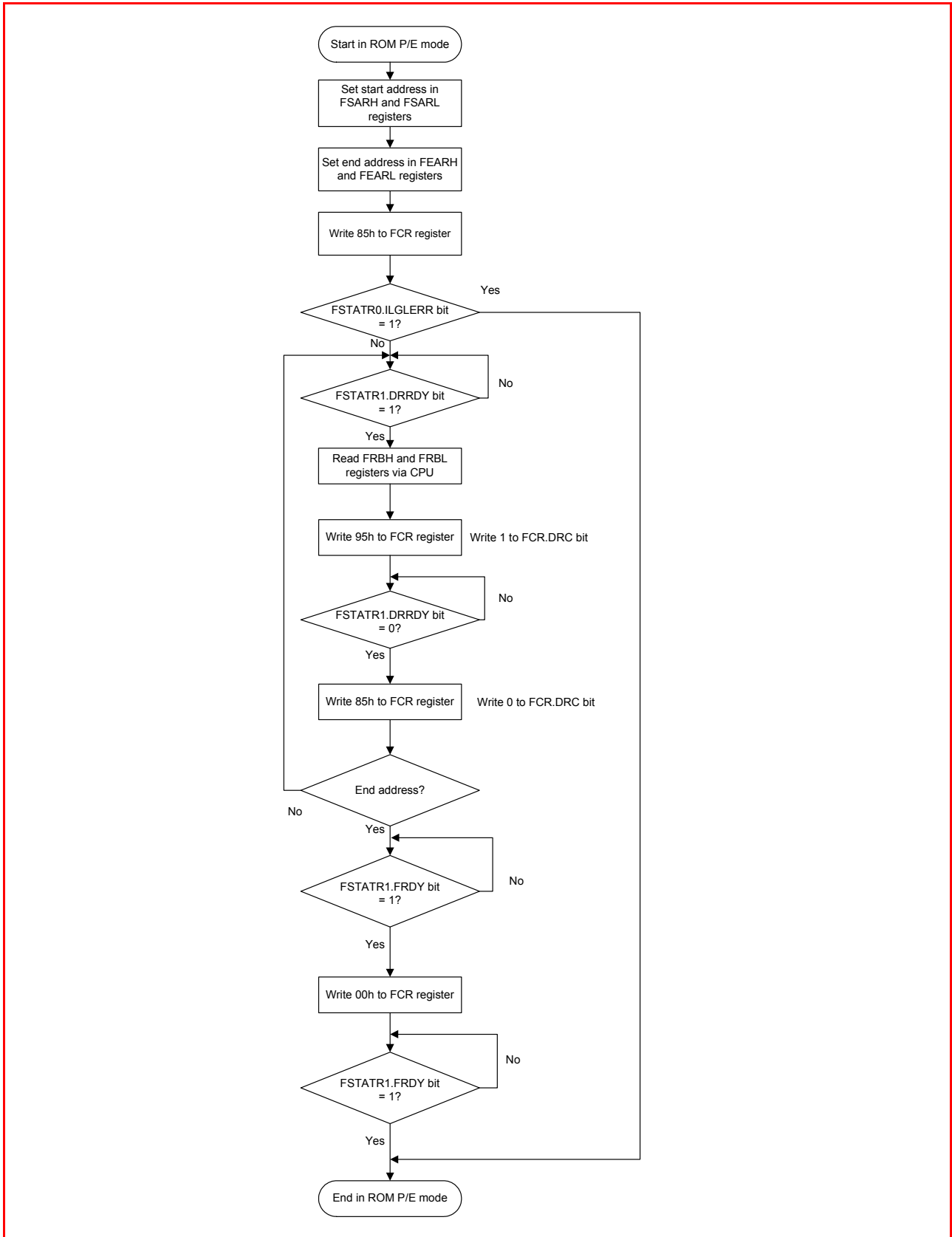


Figure 31.11 Simple Flowchart of the Procedure for Consecutive Read

After correction

(5) Unique ID Read

Figure 31.11 is the procedure to issue the unique ID read command.

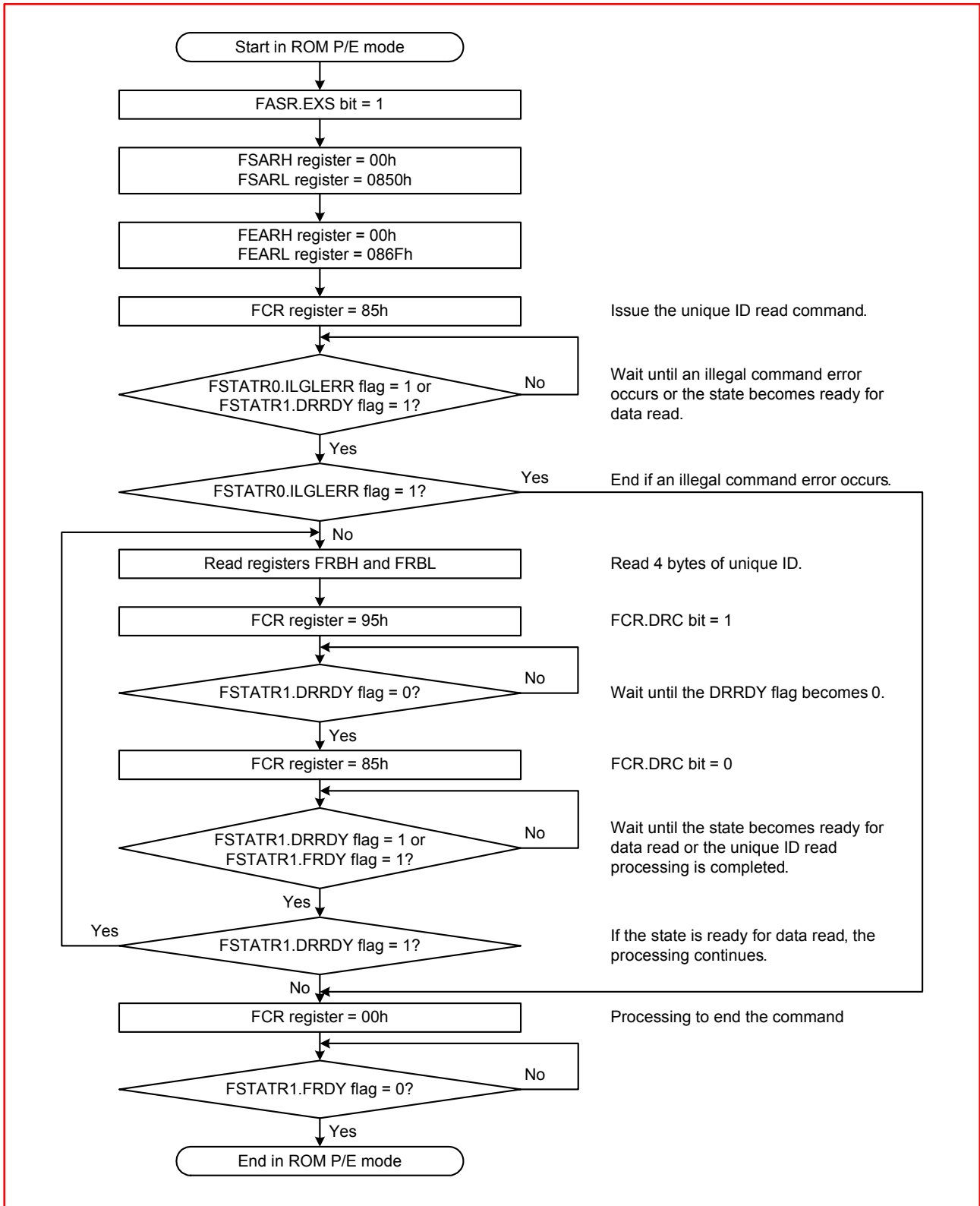


Figure 31.11 Procedure to Issue the Unique ID Read Command