

# RL78/G22

## Multiwavelength Smoke Detector Evaluation Board

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### 1. Introduction

#### 1.1 Scope of this document

The purpose of this Quick Start Guide is to explain the initial settings and procedures required to use the Multiwavelength Smoke Detector POC board (POC board) and sample software.

The Multiwavelength Smoke Detector is based on a function that combines a smoke chamber with a POC substrate and uses up to three LEDs (transmit light source) to generate light and a photodiode (receive photodetector) to detect light. The two elements, the LED and the photodiode, are located at an angle of about 140 degrees so that the light beam does not fall directly on the photodiode. As ambient smoke enters the smoke chamber, the transmitted light is scattered with these smoke particles and received by the detector, which activates an alarm as a fire alarm if it exceeds the set threshold.

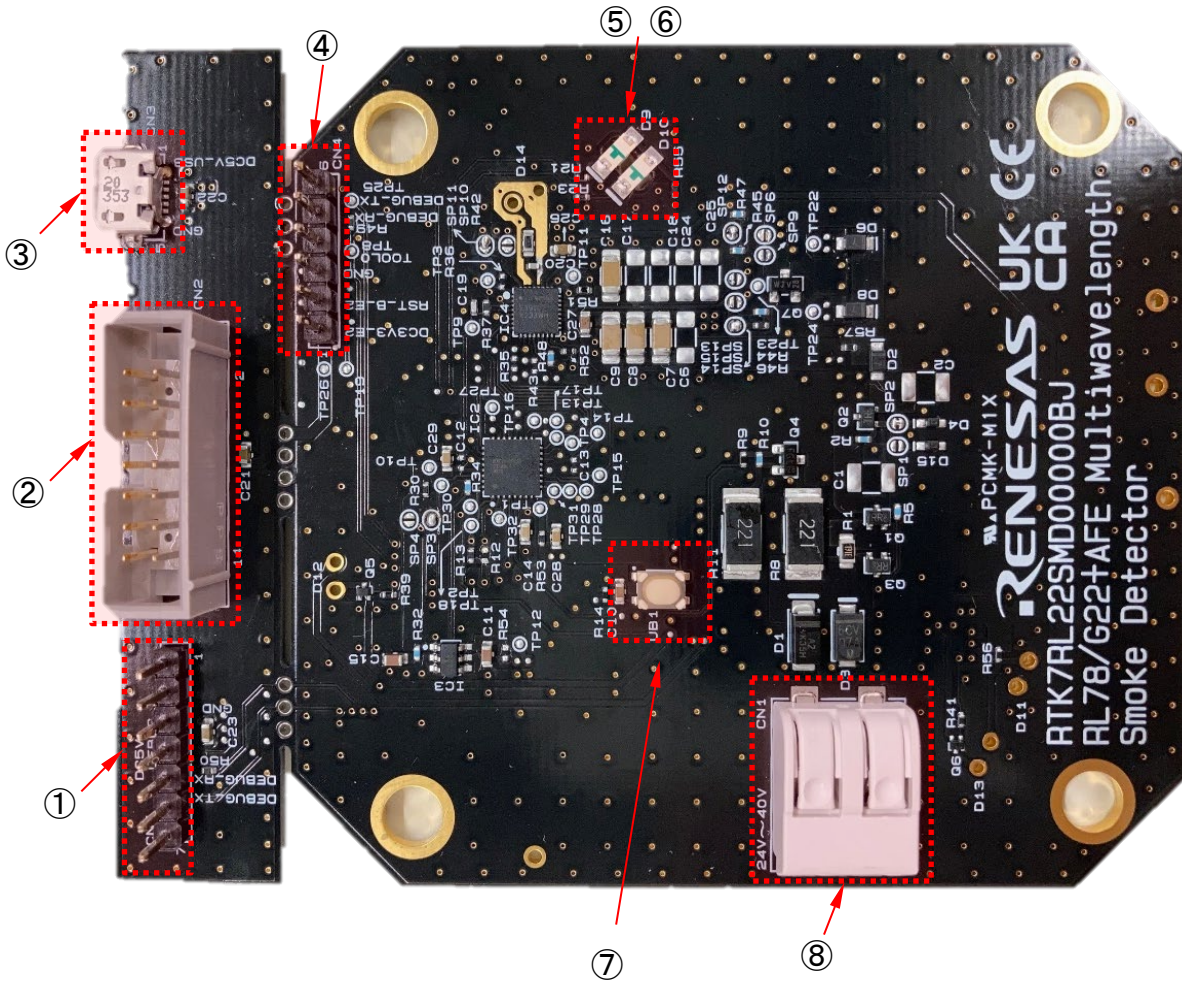
#### 1.2 Documents available in the POC

The following documents for POC boards are available as \*.pdf files.

- RL78/G22 Multiwavelength Smoke Detector Evaluation Board User's Manual: Hardware (R01UH1161EJ0100)
- RL78/G22 Multiwavelength Smoke Detector Evaluation Board User's Manual: Software (R01US0776EJ0100)
- RL78/G22 Multiwavelength Smoke Detector Evaluation Board Quick Start Guide (R01QS0080EJ0100)
- RL78/G22 Multiwavelength Smoke Detector Reference Design Application Note (R12AN0141EJ0100)

For more information about POC boards, please contact your Renesas sales representative.

## 2. Layout of main components of POC board



- ① User Serial connector (for debugging)
- ② E2\_Lite connector (for debugging)
- ③ USB power supply (for debugging)
- ④ Debugging connector (for debugging)
- ⑤ Indicator LED (green)
- ⑥ Indicator LED (red)
- ⑦ User Button
- ⑧ Mains power connector

Figure2-1. Main Component Layout Diagram

### 3. POC board setup

#### 3.1 POC board configuration

In POC boards, connectors are mounted on the Add-On PCB for debugging. In addition, the Add-On PCB can be separated from the main PCB at the boundary. Depending on the use case, separate the board before use.

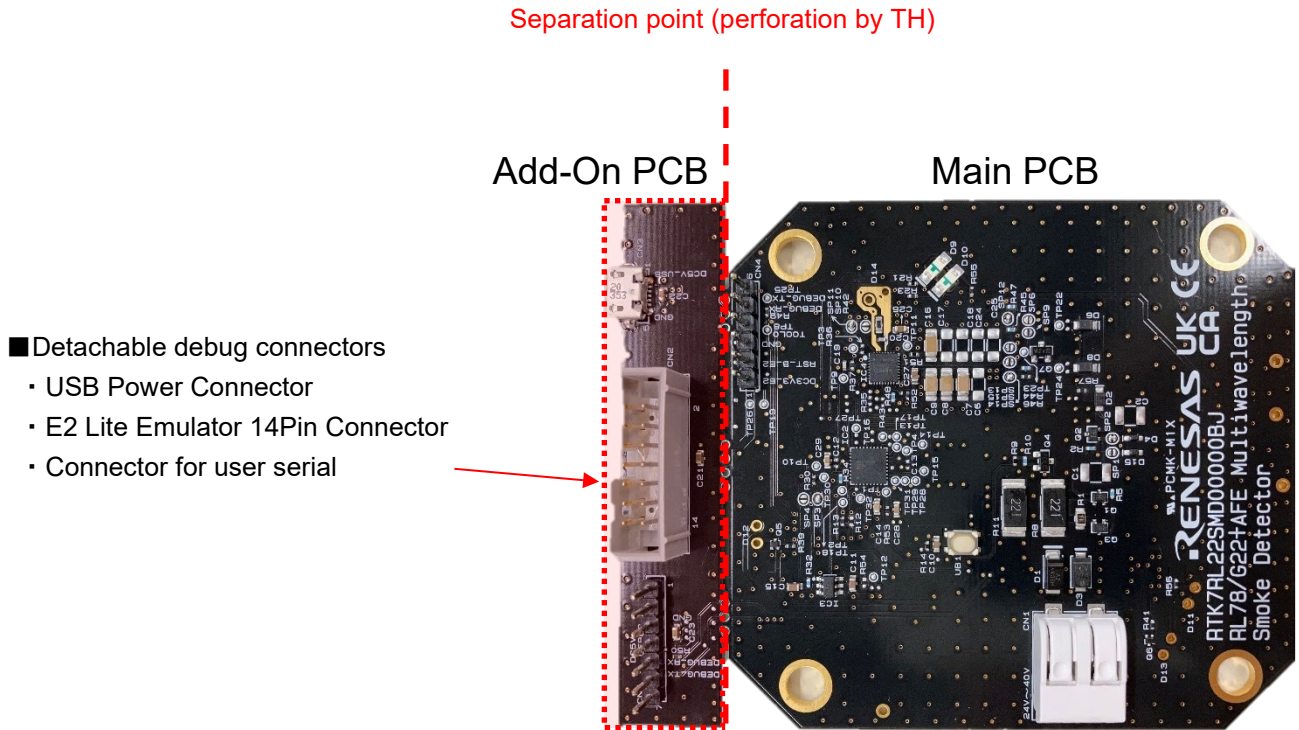


Figure3-1. POC board configuration diagram

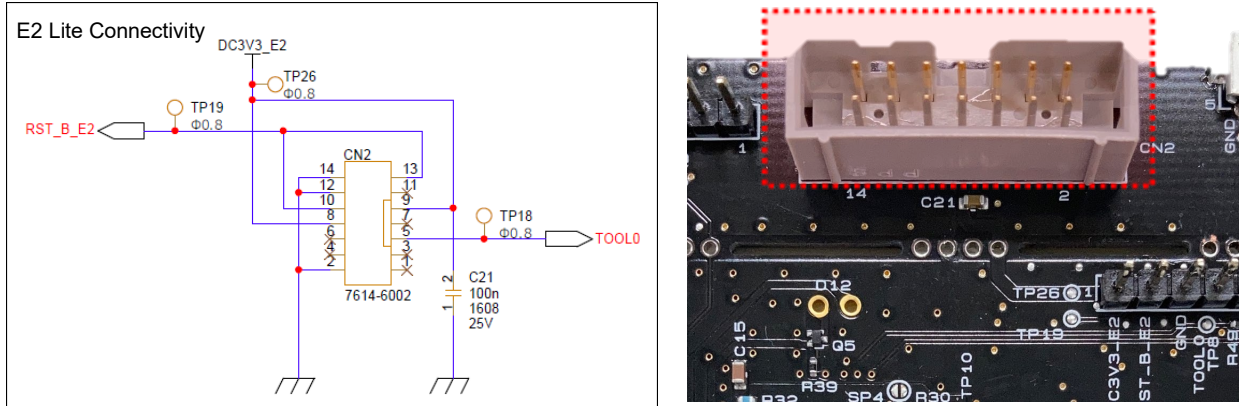
#### 3.2 LEDs and Buttons

Describes the user LEDs and buttons.

- Indicator LED (green) – Use for different use cases.
- Indicator LED (red) – Flashes every 0.5 seconds as an alarm.
- User buttons – Use them for different use cases.

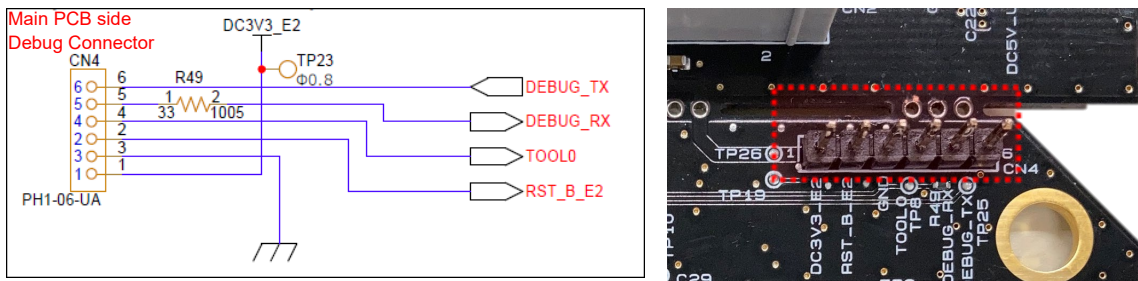
### 3.3 Connecting the E2 Lite emulator

The E2 Lite emulator can be installed programs, connected via the 14Pin connector on the Add-On PCB, shown in **Figure3-2**.



**Figure3-2. Connecting the E2 Lite Emulator (Add-On PCB)**

Also, if you want to disconnect the Add-On PCB from the main PCB, you can install the program by connecting it via the debug connector on the Main PCB side shown in the **Figure3-3**. However, since the debug connector is a 2.54 pitch pin header, a separate jumper wire is required when connecting the E2 Lite emulator.



**Figure3-3. Connecting the E2 Lite Emulator (Main PCB)**

### 3.4 Connecting the USB-to-Serial Converter

It is possible to connect a USB serial converter and acquire measurement results as A/D conversion values. The USB-to-serial converter connects to the 7Pin connector on the Add-On PCB shown in the Figure3-4.

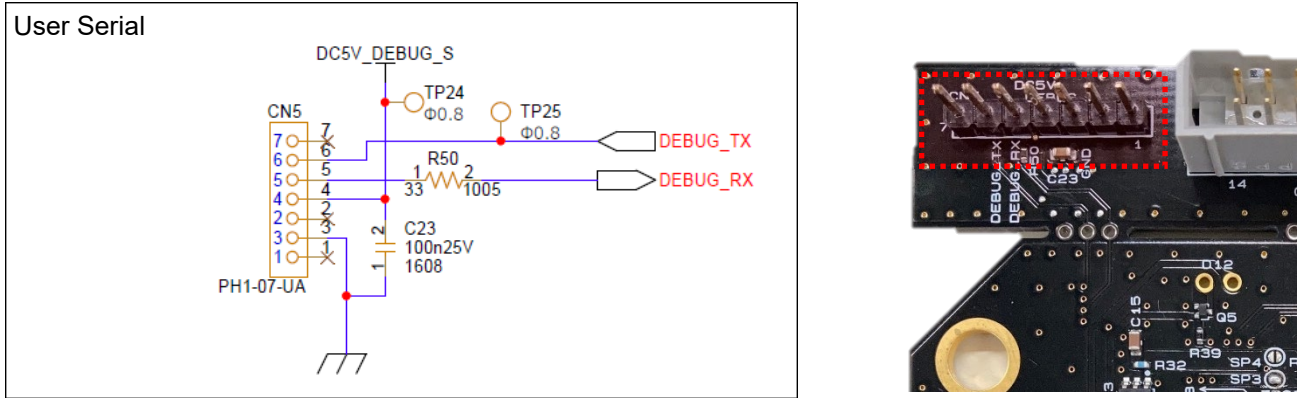


Figure3-4. Connecting a USB-to-Serial Converter (Add-On PCB)

The correspondence between MCU pins and Add-On PCB side connectors is shown in Table 3-1.

Table 3-1. USB Serial Converter Pin Correspondence Table (Add-On PCB)

| MCU pin  | User serial connector pin No. |
|----------|-------------------------------|
| P12/TxD0 | 6                             |
| GND      | 3                             |

Also, when disconnecting the Add-On PCB from the main PCB, the A/D conversion value can be obtained with the debug connector on the Main PCB side shown in the Figure3-5.

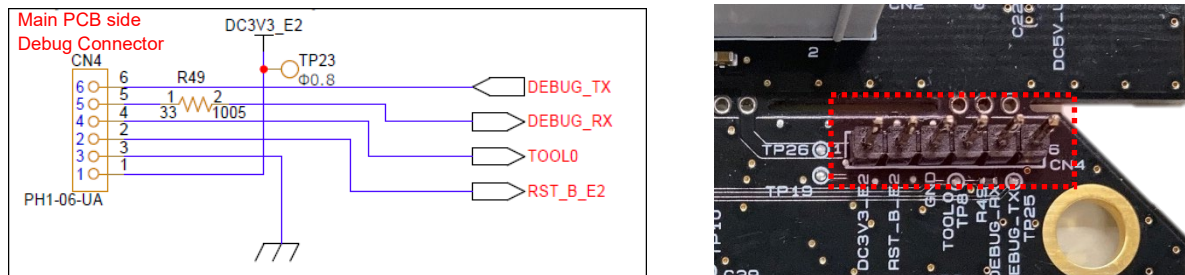


Figure3-5. Connecting a USB-to-Serial Converter (Main PCB)

The correspondence between the MCU pin and the Main PCB side connector is shown in Table 3-2.

Table 3-2. USB Serial Converter Pin Correspondence Table (Main PCB)

| MCU pin  | Debug connector on the main unit pin No. |
|----------|--|
| P12/TxD0 | 6  |
| GND      | 3  |

#### 4. POC board power connection

Connect the desired power supply to the connector on the POC board. The board offers a wide range of power options, including:

- 24V~40VDC Normal Power Supply
- 5VDC USB power supply
- 3.3V or 5VDC User Serial Power Supply
- Main PCB side 3.3V or 5VDC debug power supply
- 3.3VDC E2 Lite Power Supply

Also, keep in mind that all power supplies are OR-connected via Schottky diodes, remove them accordingly if required for system application setup.

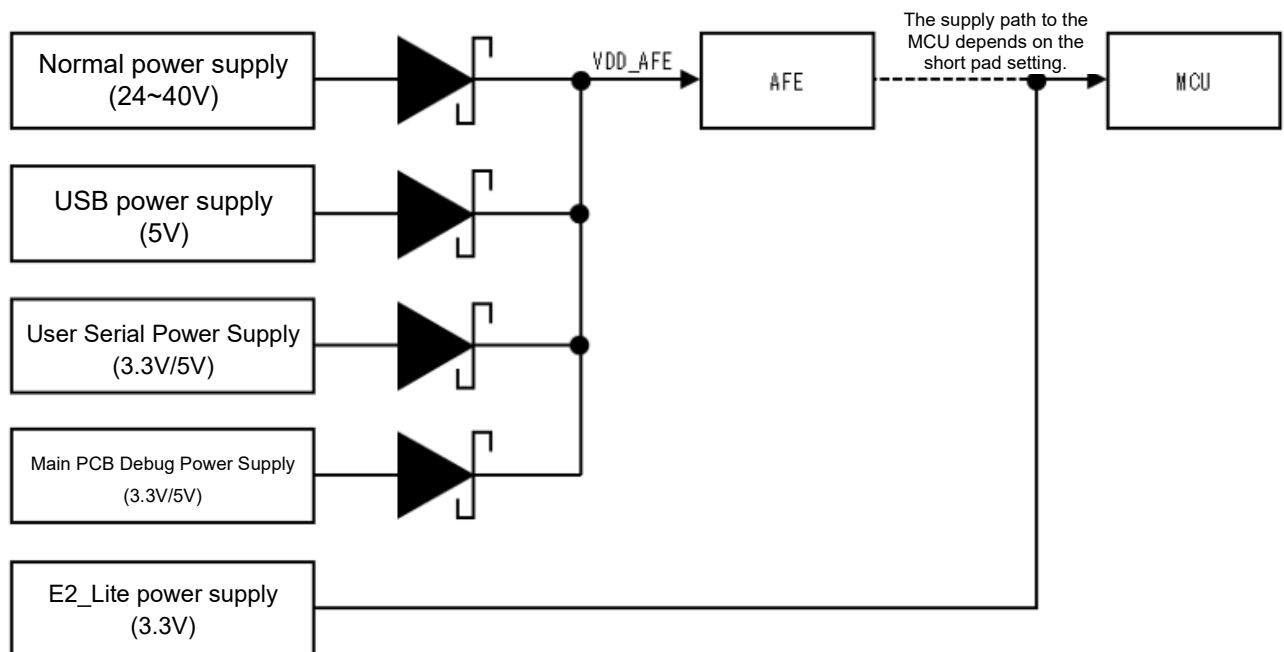
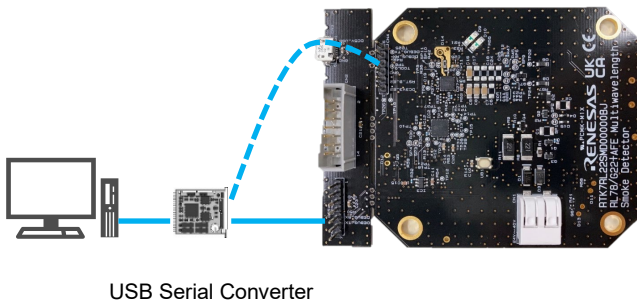


Figure4-1. Power diode OR schematic

### 5. Descriptions and precautions for the use of POC substrate

The POC board activates the "indicator LED (red)" as an alarm when smoke is detected. A significant amount of smoke particles is required to activate the alarm. If you want to obtain the measurement result as an A/D conversion value, connect the USB serial converter connected to the POC board to your PC as shown in **Figure 5-1**. The terminal software can output the A/D conversion values shown in **Figure5-2**. In addition, the POC board starts working as soon as the power is applied. Various settings of the PC must be completed before the power of the POC board is turned on.

- This is an output example in which three LEDs for transmitting light are mounted on a POC substrate.



**Figure 5-1. Connection diagram with PC**

```

-----MEAS START-----
USE_SMS:0
LED_EN:1
SEQ1_LED:0
SEQ1_MES_CYC:6000
SEQ1_AD_THRE:123
SEQ2_MES_CYC:2000
SEQ2_DELAY:250
ALM_REDFWD1:123
ALM_REDBACK:456
ALM_REDFWD2:321

RF_CUR:31
RF_GAIN_IN:1
RF_GAIN_PGA:1
RF_COMP_OFST:0

BF_CUR:3
BF_GAIN_IN:1
BF_GAIN_PGA:1
BF_COMP_OFST:0

RB_CUR:125
RB_GAIN_IN:1
RB_GAIN_PGA:1
RB_COMP_OFST:0

time, LED1, LED2, LED3, Alarm
00:00:00, 10, 0, 0, 0
00:00:06, 9, 0, 0, 0
00:00:12, 10, 0, 0, 0
00:00:18, 13, 0, 0, 0
.
.
.
00:08:20, 80, 70, 90, 0
00:08:22, 90, 60, 100, 0
00:08:24, 90, 60, 100, 0
00:08:26, 90, 60, 100, 0
00:08:28, 90, 60, 100, 0
00:08:30, 300, 400, 400, 1
00:08:32, 300, 400, 400, 1
00:08:34, 300, 400, 400, 1
00:08:36, 300, 400, 400, 1
00:08:38, 300, 400, 400, 1
    
```

[Information in the blue frame]

AFE and other configuration information

[Information in the red frame]

Elapsed Time, LED1 LED2 LED3, Alarm  
(Each AD conversion results) (0: Disabled, 1: Enabled)

**Figure5-2. Example of output of measurement results**

Connect the E2 Lite emulator only when installing the program. Do not connect when debugging.

## 6. Nomenclature

- IC Integrated Circuit
- POC Proof Of Concept
- SW Software
- HW Hardware
- MCU Micro Controller Unit
- CPU Central Processing Unit
- AFE Analog Front End
- LED Light-Emitting Diode
- PD Photodiode
- IR Infrared Radiation
- TIA Transimpedance Input Amplifier
- PGA Programmable Gain Amplifiers
- DAC D/A converter or digital-to-analog Converter
- ADC A/D converter or analog-to-digital Converter
- SPI Serial Peripheral Interface
- UART Universal Asynchronous Receiver Transmitter
- ROM Read-Only Memory
- RAM Random Access Memory
- DC Direct Current
- AC Alternating Current
- LDO Low-Dropout voltage regulator
- GPIO General-Purpose Input and Output
- TX Transmission
- RX Reception
- USB Universal Serial Bus
- PCB Polychlorinated Biphenyl
- PC Personal Computer
- SINI System Initialization
- APP Application
- IDE Integrated Development Environment
- UL Underwriters Laboratories



## 7. References

- [1] RAA239101, RAA239102 Photoelectric Smoke Detector AFE IC  
(RAA239101\_Datasheet\_w239102added\_woTrackEdits\_woNotes\_122121.pdf)
- [2] RL78/G22 User's Manual: Hardware  
(r01uh0978ej0110-r178g22.pdf)
- [3] SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM SMOKE DETECTOR  
(RENESAS\_SMOKEDETECTOR\_R1\_20230309.pdf)
- [4] MCP1501 High-Precision Buffered Voltage Reference (Datasheet)  
(MCP1501\_Data\_Sheet\_DS20005474-3499863.pdf)

**Revision History**

| Rev. | Date       | Description / Summary |                     |
|------|------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
|      |            | page                  | gist                |
| 1.00 | 2025.02.20 | —                     | Initial publication |
|      |            |                       |                     |
|      |            |                       |                     |

# General Precautions in the Handling of Microprocessing Unit and Microcontroller Unit Products

The following usage notes are applicable to all Microprocessing unit and Microcontroller unit products from Renesas. For detailed usage notes on the products covered by this document, refer to the relevant sections of the document as well as any technical updates that have been issued for the products.

## 1. Precaution against Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)

A strong electrical field, when exposed to a CMOS device, can cause destruction of the gate oxide and ultimately degrade the device operation. Steps must be taken to stop the generation of static electricity as much as possible, and quickly dissipate it when it occurs. Environmental control must be adequate. When it is dry, a humidifier should be used. This is recommended to avoid using insulators that can easily build up static electricity.

Semiconductor devices must be stored and transported in an anti-static container, static shielding bag or conductive material. All test and measurement tools including work benches and floors must be grounded. The operator must also be grounded using a wrist strap. Semiconductor devices must not be touched with bare hands. Similar precautions must be taken for printed circuit boards with mounted semiconductor devices.

## 2. Processing at power-on

The state of the product is undefined at the time when power is supplied. The states of internal circuits in the LSI are indeterminate and the states of register settings and pins are undefined at the time when power is supplied. In a finished product where the reset signal is applied to the external reset pin, the states of pins are not guaranteed from the time when power is supplied until the reset process is completed. In a similar way, the states of pins in a product that is reset by an on-chip power-on reset function are not guaranteed from the time when power is supplied until the power reaches the level at which resetting is specified.

## 3. Input of signal during power-off state

Do not input signals or an I/O pull-up power supply while the device is powered off. The current injection that results from input of such a signal or I/O pull-up power supply may cause malfunction and the abnormal current that passes in the device at this time may cause degradation of internal elements. Follow the guideline for input signal during power-off state as described in your product documentation.

## 4. Handling of unused pins

Handle unused pins in accordance with the directions given under handling of unused pins in the manual. The input pins of CMOS products are generally in the high-impedance state. In operation with an unused pin in the open-circuit state, extra electromagnetic noise is induced in the vicinity of the LSI, an associated shoot-through current flows internally, and malfunctions occur due to the false recognition of the pin state as an input signal become possible.

## 5. Clock signals

After applying a reset, only release the reset line after the operating clock signal becomes stable. When switching the clock signal during program execution, wait until the target clock signal is stabilized. When the clock signal is generated with an external resonator or from an external oscillator during a reset, ensure that the reset line is only released after full stabilization of the clock signal. Additionally, when switching to a clock signal produced with an external resonator or by an external oscillator while program execution is in progress, wait until the target clock signal is stable.

## 6. Voltage application waveform at input pin

Waveform distortion due to input noise or a reflected wave may cause malfunction. If the input of the CMOS device stays in the area between  $V_{IL}$  (Max.) and  $V_{IH}$  (Min.) due to noise, for example, the device may malfunction. Take care to prevent chattering noise from entering the device when the input level is fixed, and also in the transition period when the input level passes through the area between  $V_{IL}$  (Max.) and  $V_{IH}$  (Min.).

## 7. Prohibition of access to reserved addresses

Access to reserved addresses is prohibited. The reserved addresses are provided for possible future expansion of functions. Do not access these addresses as the correct operation of the LSI is not guaranteed.

## 8. Differences between products

Before changing from one product to another, for example to a product with a different part number, confirm that the change will not lead to problems. The characteristics of a microprocessing unit or microcontroller unit products in the same group but having a different part number might differ in terms of internal memory capacity, layout pattern, and other factors, which can affect the ranges of electrical characteristics, such as characteristic values, operating margins, immunity to noise, and amount of radiated noise. When changing to a product with a different part number, implement a system-evaluation test for the given product.

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