

DA9292

High-Performance Multi-Phase DC-DC Buck Converter

DA9292 is a high-performance Power Management IC suitable for supplying high-current rails in CPUs, GPUs, SOCs in multiple end-applications. The device is capable of supporting up to 52 A of peak current in a compact offering, with fully integrated power devices.

DA9292 can be configured as either a 20 A quad-phase buck converter or two 10 A dual-phase buck converters. The input voltage range of 2.2 V to 5.5 V makes it suited for a wide range of low voltage systems, including all single cell battery powered systems. The is optimized for a very small footprint – each phase will only need a 0.10 μ H inductor. The output voltage is programmable from 0.3 V to 1.275 V in 5 mV steps. If higher output voltage is desired, the output voltage can be programmed from 0.6 V to 1.9 V in 10 mV steps.

To guarantee the highest accuracy and support multiple PCB routing scenarios without loss of performance, a remote sensing capability is implemented in DA9292.

The pass devices are fully integrated, so no external FETs or Schottky diodes are needed.

A soft start-up is implemented, which limits the inrush current from the input node and secures a slope-controlled activation of the rail.

The Dynamic Voltage Control (DVC) supports adaptive adjustment of the supply voltage dependent on the processor load, either via direct register write through the communication interface (I^2C compatible) or via an external input pin (VSEL).

DA9292 implements integrated over-temperature and over-current protections for increased system reliability, without the need for external sensing components.

The configurable I^2C slave ID selection via CONF allows multiple instances of DA9292 to be placed in the application sharing the same communication interface with different addresses.

Key Features

- 2.2 V to 5.5 V input voltage
- Selectable output voltage range:
 - 0.3 V to 1.275 V, 5 mV step
 - 0.6 V to 1.9 V, 10 mV step
- 1x 20 A quad-phase converter (52 A peak output current)
- 2x 10 A dual-phase converters (26 A peak output current)
- 3 MHz nominal switching frequency
- $\pm 1\%$ accuracy (static)
- Fast transient response
- Automatic phase shedding
- Integrated power switches
- Remote sensing at point of load
- I^2C compatible interface
- Support 1.8 V level GPI input
- Adjustable soft-start
- -40 °C to +85 °C Temperature range
- Package 6x9 WLCSP 2.48 mm x 3.68 mm (0.4 mm pitch)
- Dynamic voltage control (DVC)

Applications

- Game console
- Smartphones
- Tablet PCs
- Mobile computing

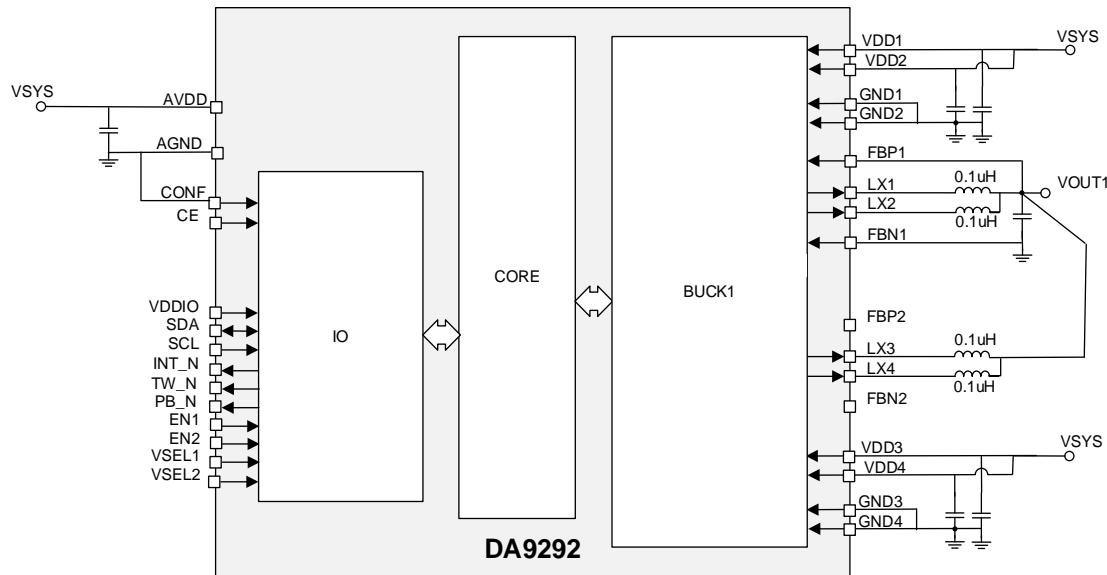


Figure 1. 1-Channel Quad-Phase Configuration Simplified Schematic Diagram

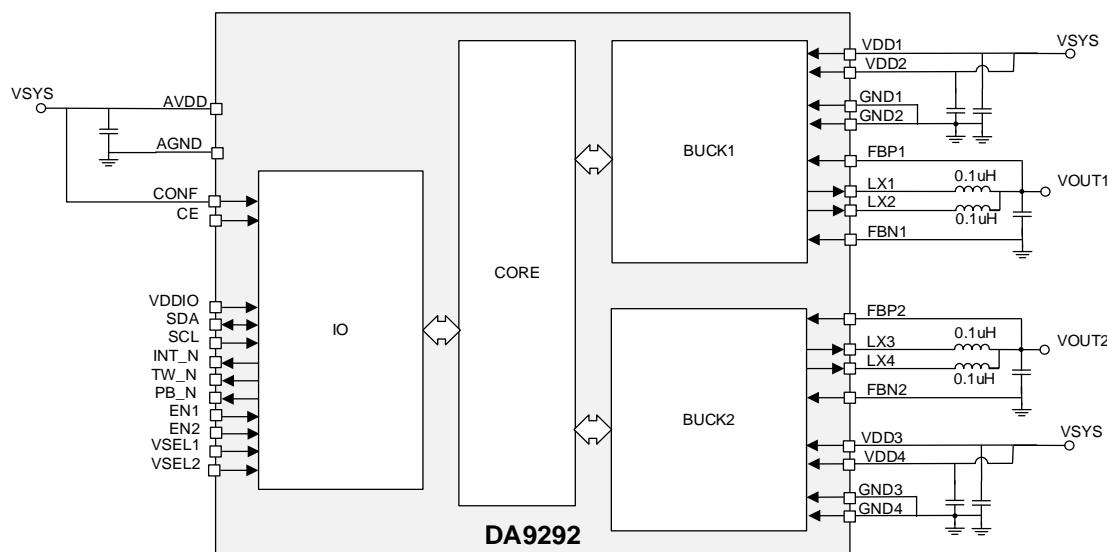


Figure 2. 2-Channel Dual-Phase Configuration Simplified Schematic Diagram

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1. Terms and Definitions

ATE	Automated test equipment
CPU	Central processing unit
DDR	Dual data rate
DVC	Dynamic voltage control
FET	Field effect transistor
FM+	Fast mode plus
GBD	Guaranteed by design
GBQ	Guaranteed by qualification
GBSPC	Guaranteed by statistical process characterization
GPI	General purpose input
GPIO	General purpose input/output
GPU	Graphics processing unit
IC	Integrated circuit
HW	Hardware
Li-Ion	Lithium-ion
OTP	One time programmable
OV	Over-voltage
PCB	Printed circuit board
PRS	Product requirements specification
SCL	Serial clock
SDA	Serial data
SIPP	Single in-line pin package
SoC	System on chip
SW	Software
UV	Under-voltage
UVLO	Under-voltage lockout

2. Pin Information

2.1 Pin Assignments

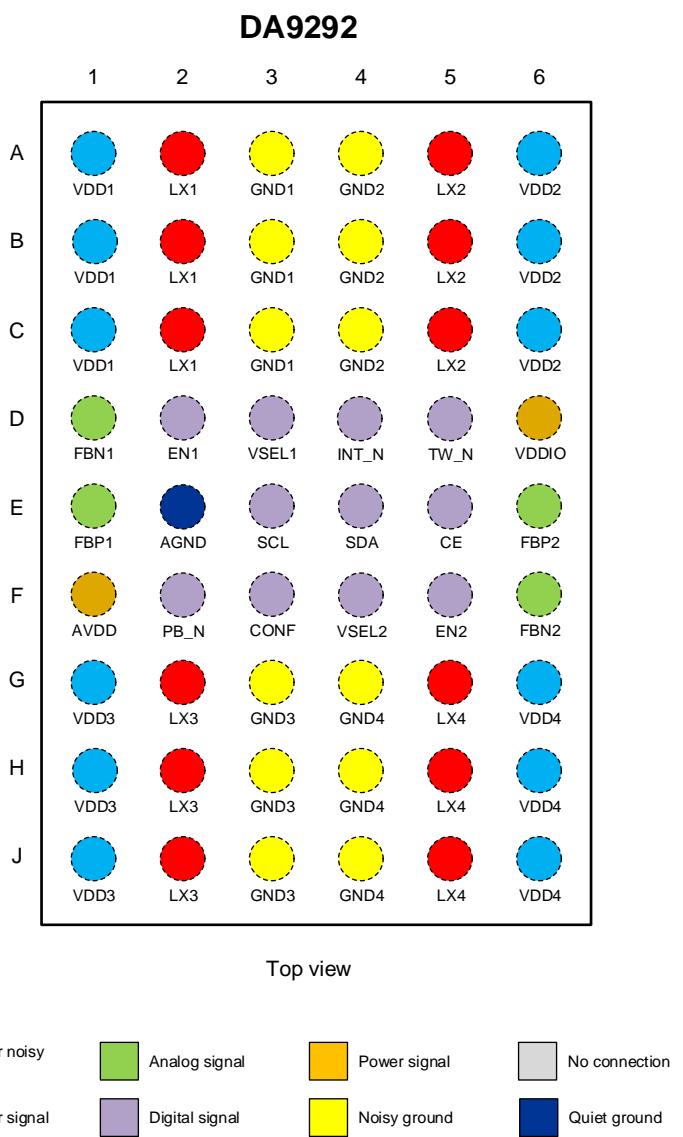


Figure 3. DA9292 Pinout Diagram (Top View)

Table 1. Pin Description

Pin #	Pin Name	Type (Table 2)	Drive (mA)	Description
A1, B1, C1	VDD1	PWR	5000	Power supply for phase1
A2, B2, C2	LX1	PWR	5000	LX node of phase1
A3, B3, C3	GND1	GND	5000	Power ground of phase1
A4, B4, C4	GND2	GND	5000	Power ground of phase2
A5, B5, C5	LX2	PWR	5000	LX node of phase2
A6, B6, C6	VDD2	PWR	5000	Power supply for phase2
D1	FBN1	AI	10	Negative remote sense input for CH1
D2	EN1	DI	10	Enable/disable input of CH1

Pin #	Pin Name	Type (Table 2)	Drive (mA)	Description
D3	VSEL1	DI	10	External voltage control pin of CH1
D4	INT_N	DOD	10	Interrupt output, active low
D5	TW_N	DOD	10	Thermal warning output, active low
D6	VDDIO	PWR	15	Power supply for IO
E1	FBP1	AI	10	Positive remote sense input of CH1
E2	AGND	GND	15	Ground of internal analog circuitry
E3	SCL	DI	15	I ² C clock
E4	SDA	DIOD	15	I ² C data
E5	CE	DI	10	Chip enable
E6	FBP2	AI	10	Positive remote sense input of CH2
F1	AVDD	PWR	10	Power supply for internal analog circuitry
F2	PB_N	DOD	10	Power-bad output, active low
F3	CONF	DI	10	Configuration mode select (1Ch-4Ph or 2Ch-2Ph+2Ph)
F4	VSEL2	DI	10	External voltage control pin of CH2
F5	EN2	DI	10	Enable/disable input of CH2
F6	FBN2	AI	10	Negative remote sense input of CH2
G1, H1, J1	VDD3	PWR	5000	Power supply for phase3
G2, H2, J2	LX3	PWR	5000	LX node of phase3
G3, H3, J3	GND3	GND	5000	Power ground of phase3
G4, H4, J4	GND4	GND	5000	Power ground of phase4
G5, H5, J5	LX4	PWR	5000	LX node of phase4
G6, H6, J6	VDD4	PWR	5000	Power supply for phase4

Table 2. Pin Type Definition

Pin Type	Description	Pin Type	Description
DI	Digital input	AI	Analog input
DOD	Digital output open drain	AO	Analog output
DIOD	Digital input/output open drain	GND	Ground
PWR	Power		

3. Specifications

3.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, so functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specification are not implied. Exposure to Absolute Maximum Rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

CAUTION: Do not operate at or near the maximum ratings listed for extended periods of time. Exposure to such conditions can adversely impact product reliability and result in failures not covered by warranty.

Table 3. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Description	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
T _{STG}	Storage temperature		-65		150	°C
T _J	Junction temperature		-40		150	°C
V _{PIN}	Voltage on pins		-0.3		6	V

3.2 Electrostatic Discharge Ratings

Table 4. Electrostatic Discharge Ratings

Parameter	Description	Conditions	Rating	Unit
V _{ESD_HBM}	Maximum ESD protection	Human body model (HBM) All exposed pins	2	kV
V _{ESD_CDM}	Maximum ESD protection	Charged device model (CDM)	0.5	kV

3.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

Table 5. Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Description	Conditions Note 1	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V _{IN}	System supply voltage VDD, AVDD		2.2	3.7	5.5	V
V _{VDDIO}	I/O supply voltage Note 2		1.62	1.8	1.98	V
V _{SEL_I2C}	Voltage on VSEL1, VSEL2, SDA, SCL		-0.3		5.5	V
V _{OD}	Voltage on open drain pins INT_N, TW_N, PB_N		-0.3		V _{VDDIO} +0.3	V
V _{PIN}	Voltage on other pins		-0.3		V _{IN} +0.3	V
T _J	Junction temperature		-40		125	°C
T _A	Ambient temperature		-40		85	°C

Note 1 Within the specified limits, a lifetime of 10 years is guaranteed. If operating outside of these recommended conditions, please consult with Renesas Electronics.

Note 2 V_{VDDIO} is 3.3 V compatible as long as V_{IN} is \geq 3.3 V.

3.4 Thermal Specifications

Table 6. Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Description	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
R_{θ_JA}	Thermal resistance junction to ambient	Note 1		25.1		°C/W
R_{θ_JB}	Thermal resistance junction to board	Note 1		7.1		°C/W
R_{θ_JC}	Thermal resistance junction to case	Note 1		5.8		°C/W
P_D	Power dissipation	Derating factor above $T_A = 70 \text{ °C}, 39.8 \text{ mW/}^{\circ}\text{C}$ (1/ R_{θ_JA})		3187		mW

Note 1 Obtained from package thermal simulations, JEDEC 2S2P four-layer board (114.3 mm x 101.6 mm x 1.6 mm), 70 μm (2 oz) copper thickness power planes, 35 μm (1 oz) copper thickness signal layer traces, natural convection (still air).

3.5 Buck Characteristics

Unless otherwise noted, the following is valid for $-40 \text{ °C} \leq T_A \leq +85 \text{ °C}, 2.2 \text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}, f_{sw} = 3 \text{ MHz}$.

Table 7: Quad-Phase Buck Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Description	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
External electrical conditions						
C_{OUT}	Output capacitance, including voltage and temperature coefficient	Per phase	-40%	3~5 *10	+30%	μF
ESR_{COUT}	Output capacitor series resistance, per capacitor	$f > 100 \text{ kHz}$		3		$\text{m}\Omega$
L	Inductor value, including current and temperature dependence	Per phase	-50%	100	+20%	nH
DCR_L	Inductor DC resistance	Per phase		4		$\text{m}\Omega$
Electrical performance						
V_{OUT}	Output voltage	Satisfy $V_{DROPOUT}$ spec Programmable in 5 mV steps ($CH<\text{x}>_VSTEP = 0$)	0.3		1.275	V
$V_{DROPOUT}$	Dropout voltage (Voltage difference between input and output)	At I_{OUT_MAX} For V_{OUT}			1.2	V
$V_{OUT_ACC_DC_25C}$	Static voltage accuracy of output voltage (in PWM mode)	$V_{OUT} < 1.0 \text{ V},$ $T_A = 25 \text{ °C},$ No load	-5		5	mV
$V_{OUT_ACC_DC2_25C}$	Static voltage accuracy of output voltage (in PWM mode)	$V_{OUT} \geq 1.0 \text{ V},$ $T_A = 25 \text{ °C},$ No load	-0.5		0.5	%

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Parameter	Description	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V _{OUT_ACC_DC}	Static voltage accuracy of output voltage (in PWM mode)	V _{OUT} < 1.0 V Including load and line regulation	-10		10	mV
V _{OUT_ACC_DC2}	Static voltage accuracy of output voltage (in PWM mode)	V _{OUT} ≥ 1.0 V Including load and line regulation	-1		1	%
V _{THR_OV}	Over-voltage threshold (no hysteresis)	Delta from target V _{OUT}	100	150	200	mV
V _{THR_UV_RISE}	Under-voltage threshold (rise)	Delta from target V _{OUT}	-80	-50	-20	mV
V _{THR_UV_FALL}	Under-voltage threshold (fall)	Delta from target V _{OUT}	-200	-150	-100	mV
V _{OUT2}	Output voltage	Satisfy V _{DROPOUT2} spec 1 phase operation (CH<x>_MAXPH_VSEL_HI/L O =0x0) Programmable in 10 mV steps (CH<x>_VSTEP = 1) V _{IN} ≥ 2.5 V Note 1	0.6		1.9	V
V _{OUT2_LV}	Output voltage	Satisfy V _{DROPOUT2_LV} spec 1 phase operation (CH<x>_MAXPH_VSEL_HI/L O =0x0) Programmable in 10 mV steps (CH<x>_VSTEP = 1) Note 1	0.6		1.5	V
V _{DROPOUT2}	Dropout voltage (voltage difference between input and output)	At I _{OUT_MAX} For V _{OUT2} V _{IN} ≥ 2.5 V			0.6	V
V _{DROPOUT2_LV}	Dropout voltage (voltage difference between input and output)	At I _{OUT_MAX} For V _{OUT2_LV}			0.7	V
V _{OUT2_ACC_DC}	Static voltage accuracy of output voltage (in PWM mode)	For V _{OUT2} Including load and line regulation	-20		20	mV
V _{THR_OV2}	Over-voltage threshold (no hysteresis)	Delta from target V _{OUT2}	200	300	400	mV
V _{THR_UV_RISE2}	Under-voltage threshold (rise)	Delta from target V _{OUT2}	-160	-100	-40	mV
V _{THR_UV_FALL2}	Under-voltage threshold (fall)	Delta from target V _{OUT2}	-400	-300	-200	mV
I _{OUT_MAX}	Maximum output current	Per phase	5			A
I _{OUT_MAX_PK}	Maximum output current during transient	Per phase	13			A

Parameter	Description	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I _{LIM}	Current limit, programmable per phase Note 2	Adjustable with 2.5 A step	7.5	17.5	22.5	A
I _{LIM_ACC}	Current limit accuracy Note 2	V _{IN} ≥ 2.7 V	-15		20	%
I _{LIM_ACC2}	Current limit accuracy Note 2	V _{IN} < 2.7 V and CH<x>_ILIM = 0x0~0x4	-15		20	%
I _{LIM_ACC3}	Current limit accuracy Note 2	V _{IN} < 2.7 V and CH<x>_ILIM = 0x5	17.5 * 85%		20 * 120%	A
I _{LIM_ACC4}	Current limit accuracy Note 2	V _{IN} < 2.7 V and CH<x>_ILIM = 0x6	17.5 * 85%		22.5 * 120%	A
f _{sw}	Switching frequency	V _{IN} ≥ 2.5 V	2.85	3	3.15	MHz
f _{sw2}	Switching frequency	V _{IN} < 2.5 V	2.7	3	3.3	MHz
t _{ON_MIN}	Minimum turn-on pulse 0 % duty is also supported			20		ns
t _{BUCK_EN}	Turn-on time	From EN<x> = 1 to switching start			50	μs
R _{PD_LX}	Output pull-down resistance for each phase at LX node	V _{IN} = 3.7 V V _{LX} = 0.5 V Per phase	70	100	130	Ω
R _{ON_PMOS}	On resistance of switching PMOS	V _{IN} = 3.7 V Per phase		19		mΩ
R _{ON_NMOS}	On resistance of switching NMOS	V _{IN} = 3.7 V Per phase		6		mΩ
PFM Mode						
I _{Q_PFM_1PH}	Quiescent current in PFM	V _{IN} = 3.7 V No load AVDD current		500		μA
I _{Q_PFM_1PH_25k}	Quiescent current in PFM with audible noise reduction	V _{IN} = 3.7 V No load AVDD current		500		μA

Note 1 Multi-phase operation (CH<x>_MAXPH_VSEL_HI/LO =0x0) is not guaranteed.

Note 2 t_{ON} > 40 ns

3.6 Performance and Supervision Characteristics

Unless otherwise noted, the following is valid for $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$, $2.2\text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$.

Table 8: Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Description	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Electrical performance						
V_{UVLO_RL}	UVLO release voltage		2.2	2.25	2.3	V
V_{UVLO}	UVLO lock-out voltage		2.1	2.15	2.2	V
T_{WARN}	Temperature warning threshold	$\text{TEMP_WARN_SEL} = 0x0$	115	125	135	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
T_{CRIT}	Temperature shutdown threshold		130	140	150	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
I_{IN_OFF}	Supply current chip disable	Off state $T_A = 27^{\circ}\text{C}$ $CE = 0$		0.2	2	μA
I_{IN_STB}	Supply current stand-by mode	On state $T_A = 27^{\circ}\text{C}$ $CE = 1$ Buck off	5	10	20	μA

3.7 Digital I/O Characteristics

Unless otherwise noted, the following is valid for $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$, $2.2\text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$

Table 9: Digital I/O Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Description	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Electrical performance						
V_{IH_CONF}	Input high voltage, CONF		0.75^*A VDD		AVDD	V
V_{IL_CONF}	Input low voltage, CONF				0.25^*A VDD	V
t_{IC_EN}	IC enable time				1000	μs
V_{IH}	Input high voltage, except CONF		0.75^*V VDDIO		VVDDI O	V
V_{IL}	Input low voltage, except CONF				0.25^*V VDDIO	V
V_{OL}	Output low voltage SDA, INT_N, TW_N,PB_N	Open drain $I_{OUT} = 1\text{ mA}$			0.2^*VV DDIO	V
I_{OD_LKG}	Output leak current SDA, INT_N, TW_N,PB_N	Open drain Output is Hi-Z $V_{OUT} = V_{VDDIO}$			100	nA
R_{PD}	Pull-down resistor, VSEL<x>, EN<x>		50	100	150	$\text{k}\Omega$

3.8 Timing Characteristics

Unless otherwise noted, the following is valid for $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$, $2.2\text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$

Table 10: I2C Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Description	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Electrical performance						
t_{BUS}	Bus free time between a STOP and START condition		0.5			μs
C_{BUS}	Bus line capacitive load			550		pF
f_{SCL}	SCL clock frequency		0		1000	kHz
t_{LO_SCL}	SCL low time		0.5			μs
t_{HI_SCL}	SCL high time		0.26			μs
t_{RISE_STD}	SCL and SDA rise time	Requirement for input Standard mode			1000	ns
t_{RISE_FAST}	SCL and SDA rise time	Requirement for input Fast mode			300	ns
t_{RISE_FPLUS}	SCL and SDA rise time	Requirement for input Fast mode plus			120	ns
t_{FALL_STD}	SCL and SDA fall time	Requirement for input Standard mode			1000	ns
t_{FALL_FAST}	SCL and SDA fall time	Requirement for input Fast mode	$20^{\ast}V_{VD}$ DIO/5.5		300	ns
t_{FALL_FPLUS}	SCL and SDA fall time	Requirement for input Fast mode plus	$20^{\ast}V_{VD}$ DIO/5.5		120	ns
t_{SETUP_START}	Start condition setup time		0.26			μs
t_{HOLD_START}	Start condition hold time		0.26			μs
t_{SETUP_STOP}	Stop condition setup time		0.26			μs
t_{DATA}	Data valid time				0.45	μs
t_{SETUP_DATA}	Data setup time		50			ns
t_{DATA_ACK}	Data valid acknowledge time				0.45	μs
t_{HOLD_DATA}	Data hold time		0			ns

4. Typical Performance Graphs

Unless otherwise noted, the operating conditions are: $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{IN} = 3.8\text{ V}$, $V_{OUT} = 1.1\text{ V}$, $f_{sw} = 3\text{ MHz}$, $L = 100\text{ nH}$, $C_{OUT} = 5 \times 10\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ (per phase), and Mode = AUTO.

NOTE

AUTO = Automatic transitions between single and full phase, and between synchronous PWM mode and PFM.

PWM = PWM with phase-shedding.

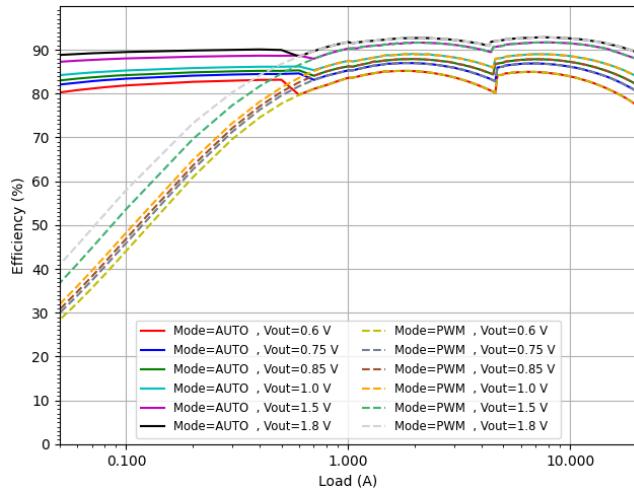


Figure 4. 4-Phase Efficiency ($V_{IN} = 3.3\text{ V}$)

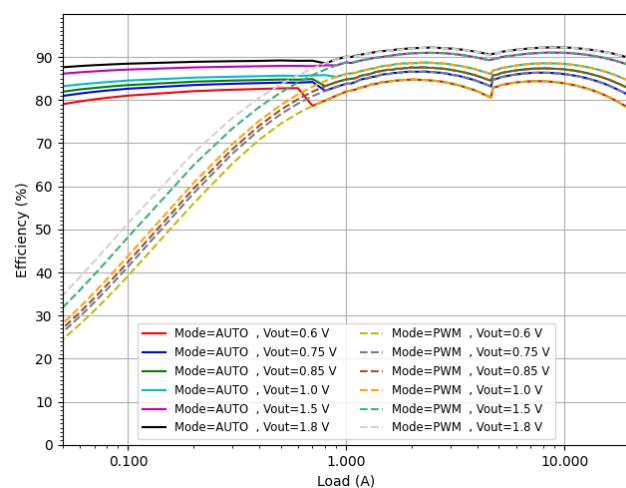


Figure 5. 4-Phase Efficiency ($V_{IN} = 3.8\text{ V}$)

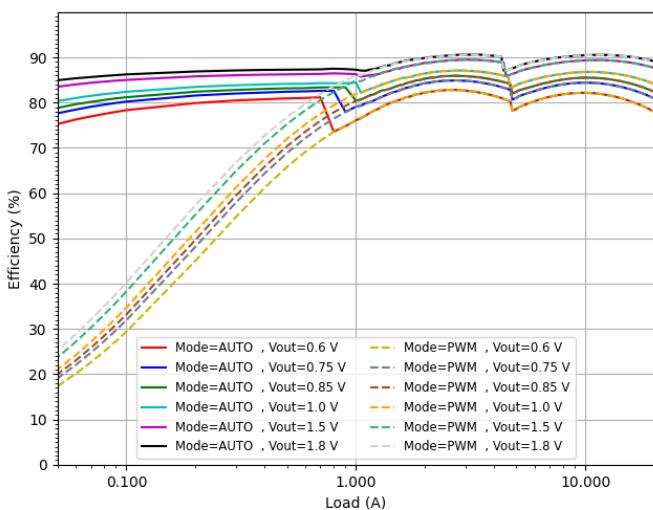


Figure 6. 4-Phase Efficiency ($V_{IN} = 5.0\text{ V}$)

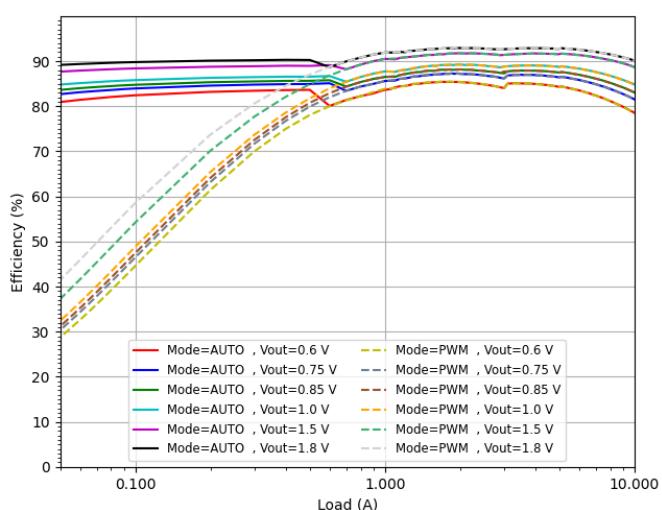


Figure 7. 2-Phase Efficiency ($V_{IN} = 3.3\text{ V}$)

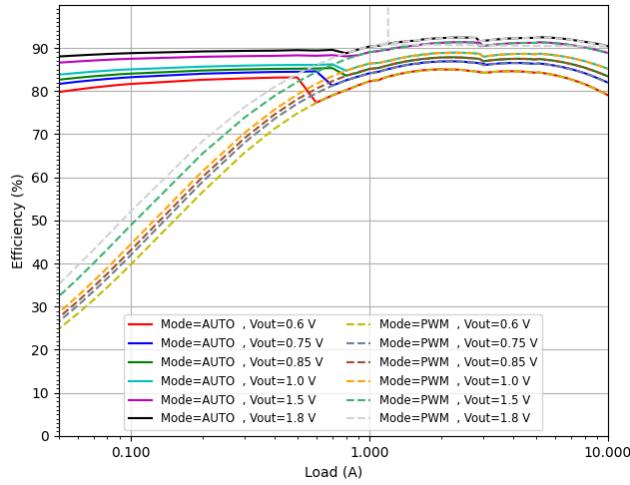


Figure 8. 2-Phase Efficiency ($V_{IN} = 3.8 \text{ V}$)

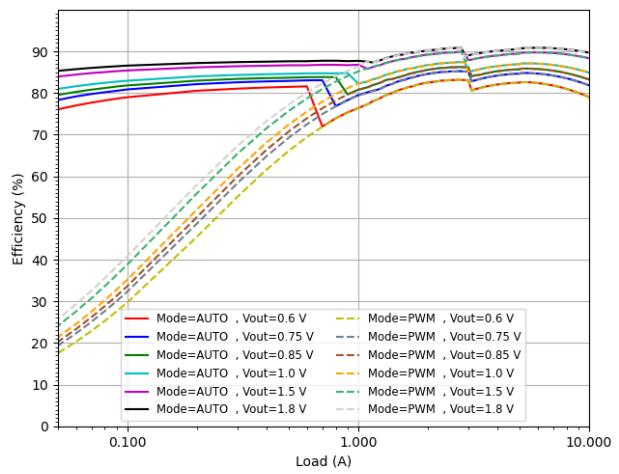


Figure 9. 2-Phase Efficiency ($V_{IN} = 5.0 \text{ V}$)

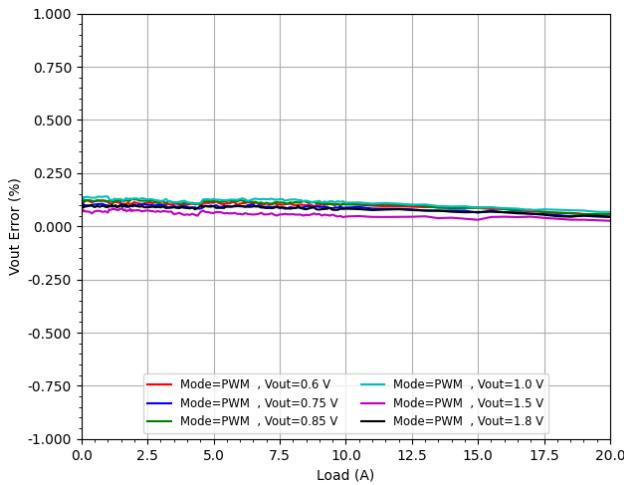


Figure 10. 4-Phase Load Regulation ($V_{IN} = 3.3 \text{ V}$)

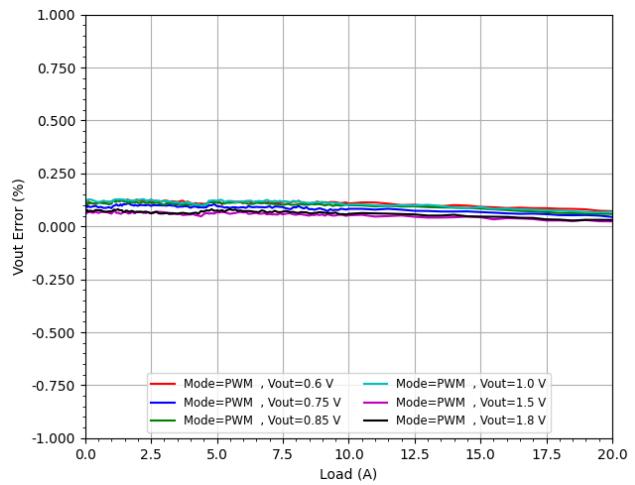


Figure 11. 4-Phase Load Regulation ($V_{IN} = 3.8 \text{ V}$)

Unless otherwise noted, the operating conditions are: $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{IN} = 3.8 \text{ V}$, $V_{OUT} = 1.1 \text{ V}$, $f_{sw} = 3 \text{ MHz}$, $L = 100 \text{ nH}$, $C_{OUT} = 10 \times 10 \mu\text{F}$ (per phase), and Mode = AUTO.

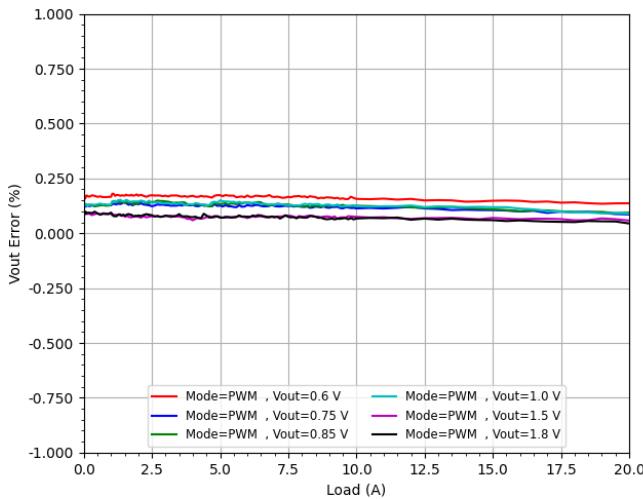


Figure 12. 4-Phase Load Regulation ($V_{IN} = 5.0 \text{ V}$)

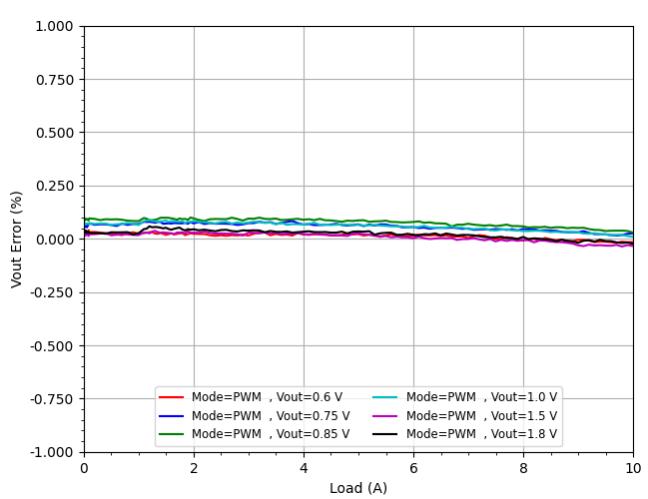
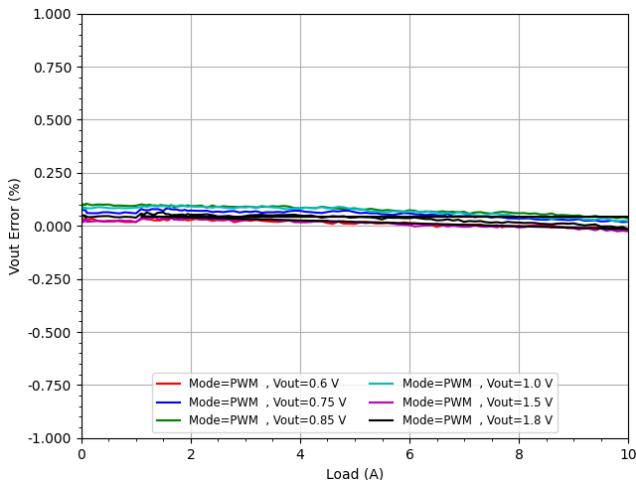
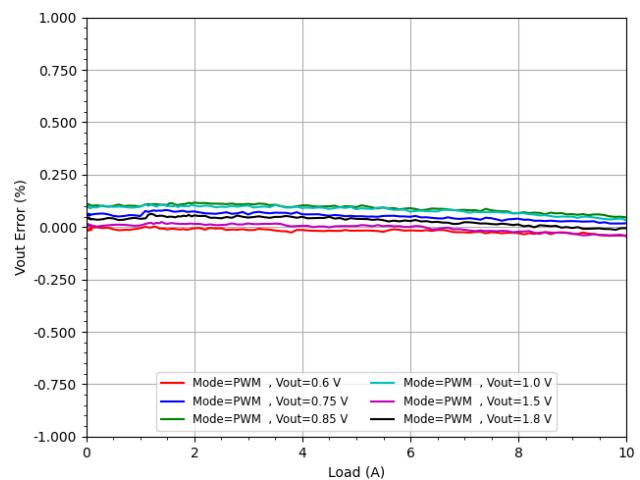
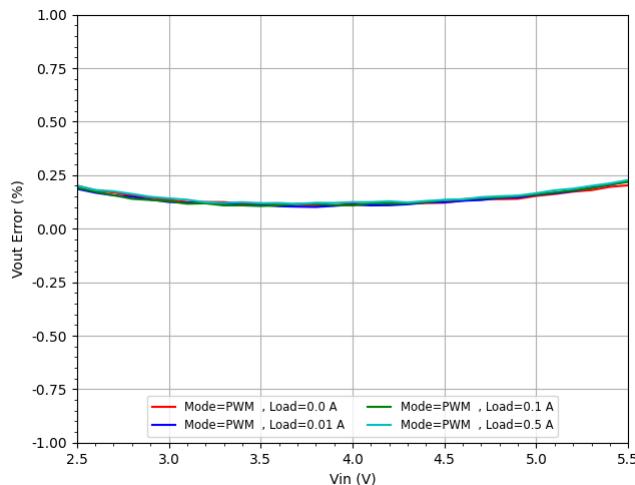
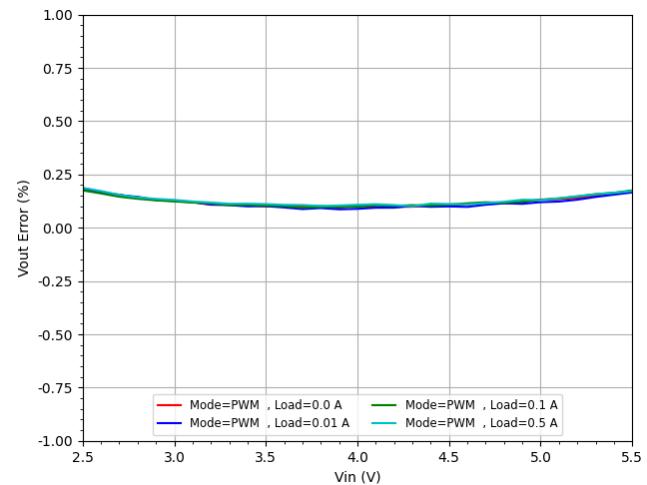
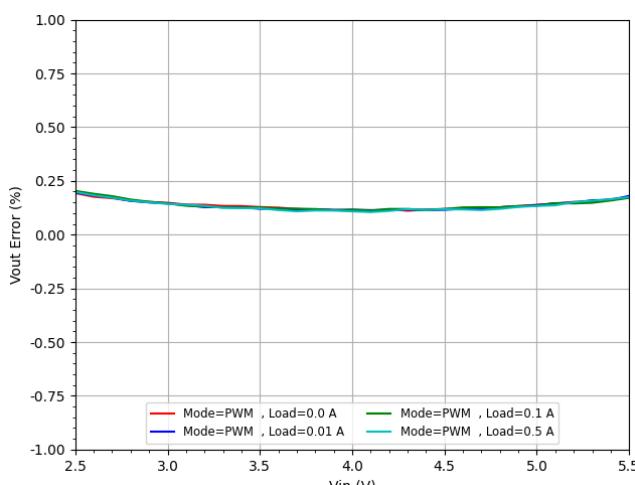
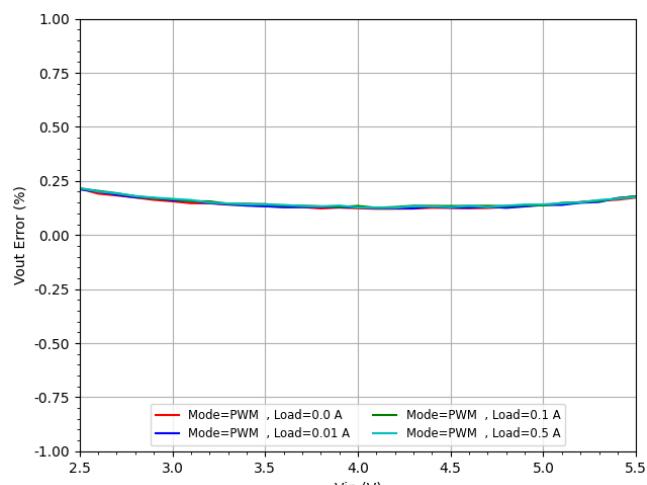


Figure 13. 2-Phase Load Regulation ($V_{IN} = 3.3 \text{ V}$)

**Figure 14. 2-Phase Load Regulation ($V_{IN} = 3.8 \text{ V}$)****Figure 15. 2-Phase Load Regulation ($V_{IN} = 5.0 \text{ V}$)****Figure 16. 4-Phase Line Regulation ($V_{OUT} = 0.6 \text{ V}$)****Figure 17. 4-Phase Line Regulation ($V_{OUT} = 0.75 \text{ V}$)****Figure 18. 4-Phase Line Regulation ($V_{OUT} = 0.85 \text{ V}$)****Figure 19. 4-Phase Line Regulation ($V_{OUT} = 1.0 \text{ V}$)**

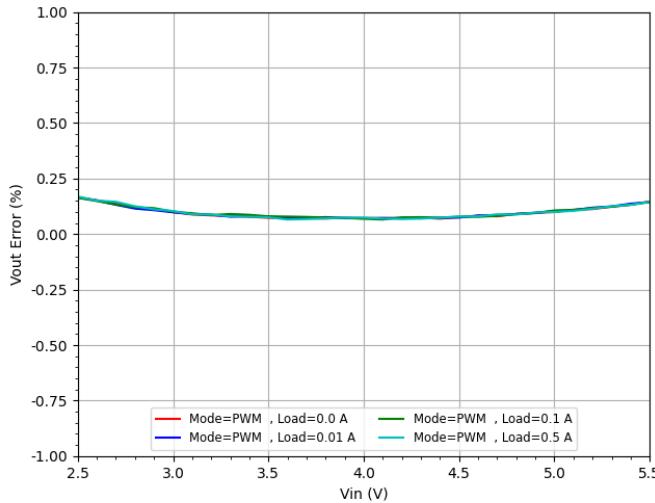


Figure 20. 4-Phase Line Regulation ($V_{OUT} = 1.5$ V)

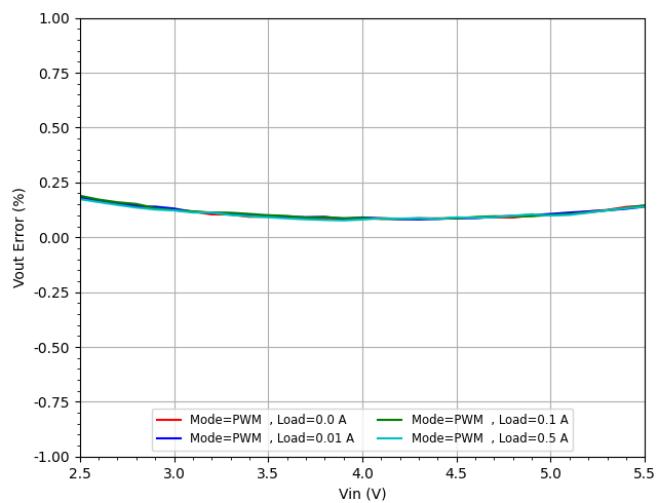


Figure 21. 4-Phase Line Regulation ($V_{OUT} = 1.8$ V)

Unless otherwise noted, the operating conditions are: $T_A = 25$ °C, $V_{IN} = 3.8$ V, $V_{OUT} = 1.1$ V, $f_{sw} = 3$ MHz, $L = 100$ nH, $C_{OUT} = 10 \times 10 \mu\text{F}$ (per phase), and Mode = AUTO.

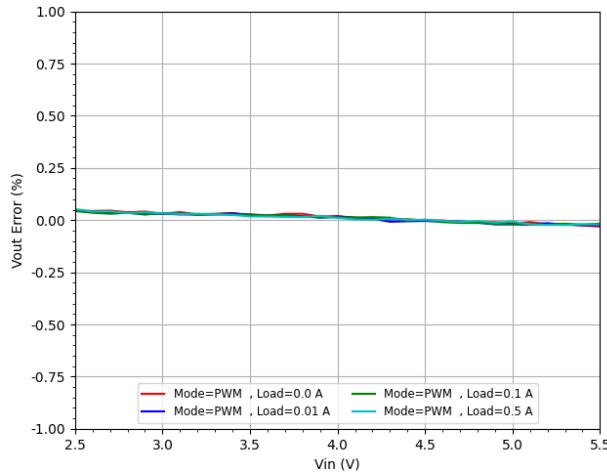


Figure 22. 2-Phase Line Regulation ($V_{OUT} = 0.6$ V)

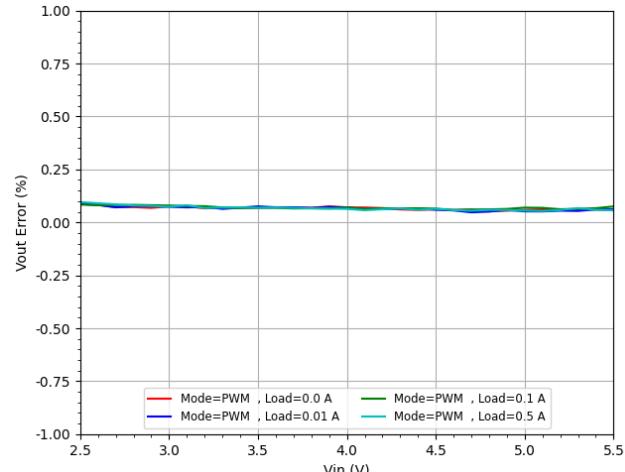


Figure 23. 2-Phase Line Regulation ($V_{OUT} = 0.75$ V)

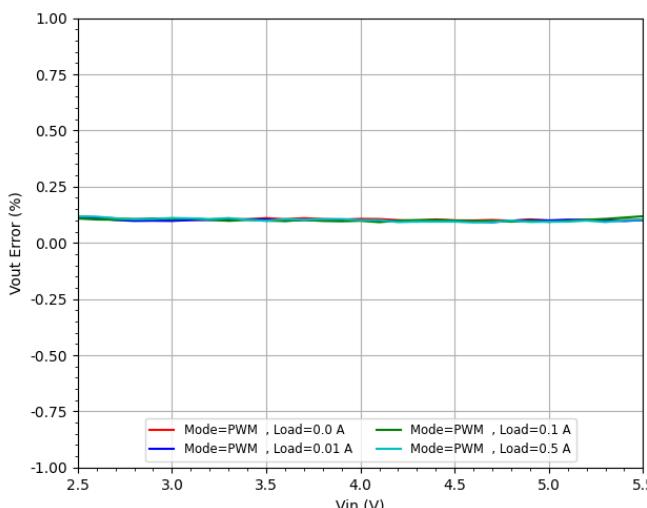


Figure 24. 2-Phase Line Regulation ($V_{OUT} = 0.85$ V)

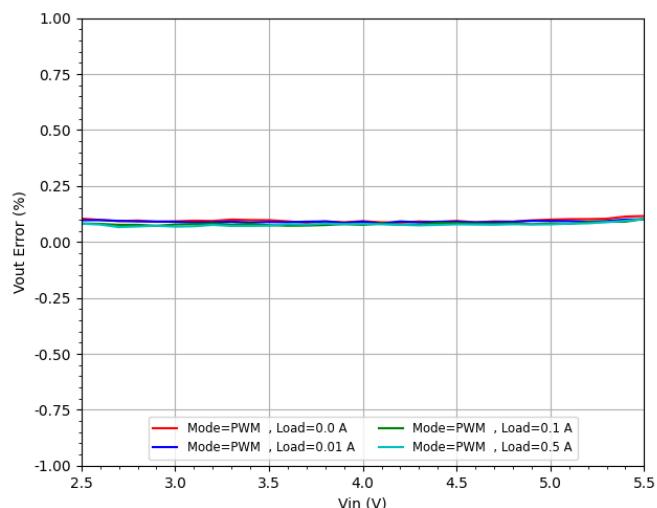


Figure 25. 2-Phase Line Regulation ($V_{OUT} = 1.0$ V)

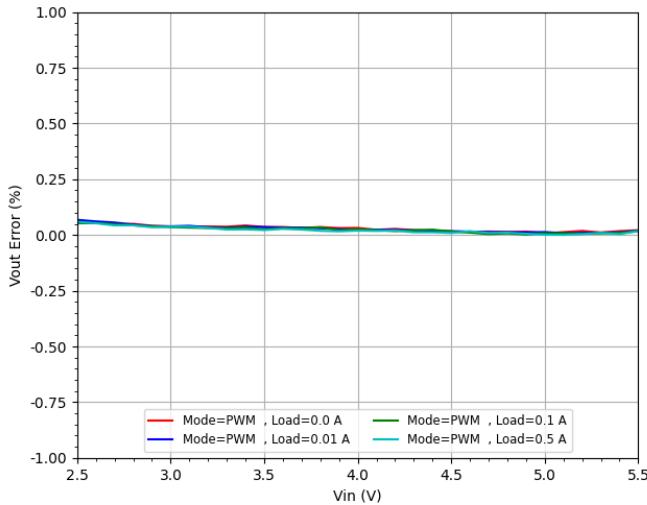


Figure 26. 2-Phase Line Regulation ($V_{OUT} = 1.5$ V)

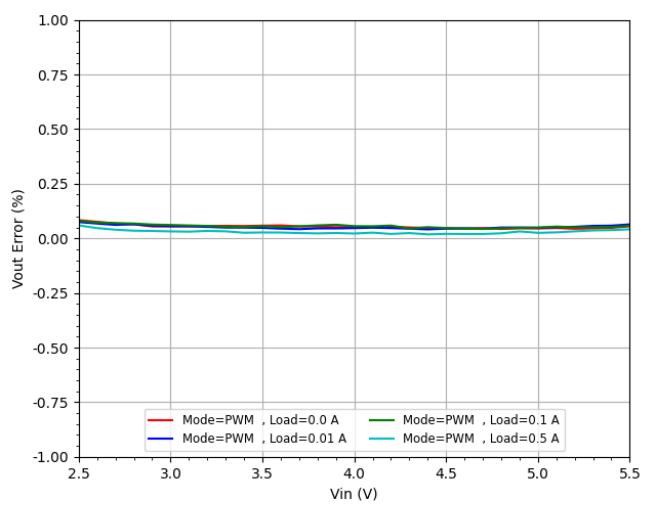


Figure 27. 2-Phase Line Regulation ($V_{OUT} = 1.8$ V)

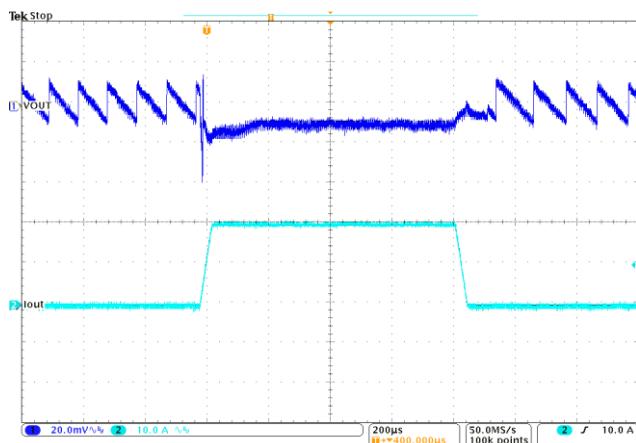


Figure 28. 4-Phase Load Transient (0.1 A to 20 A, 0.5 A/ μ s) Figure 29. 4-Phase Load Transient (0.1 A to 20 A, 10 A/ μ s)

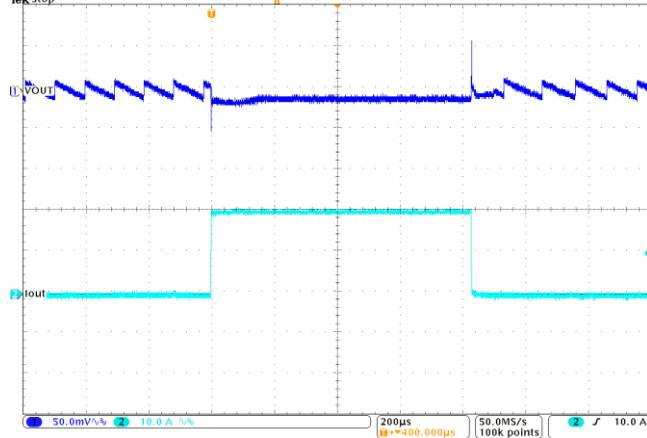
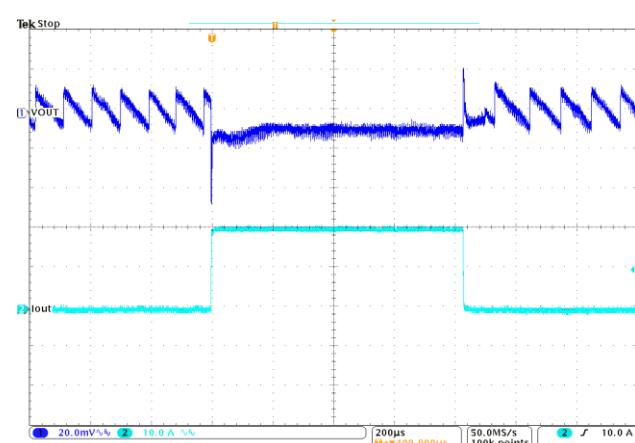
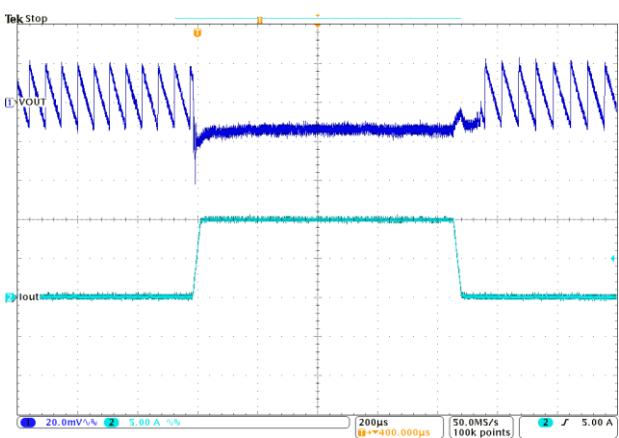


Figure 30. 4-Phase Load Transient (0.1 A to 20 A, 25 A/ μ s) Figure 31. 2-Phase Load Transient (0.1 A to 10 A, 0.5 A/ μ s)



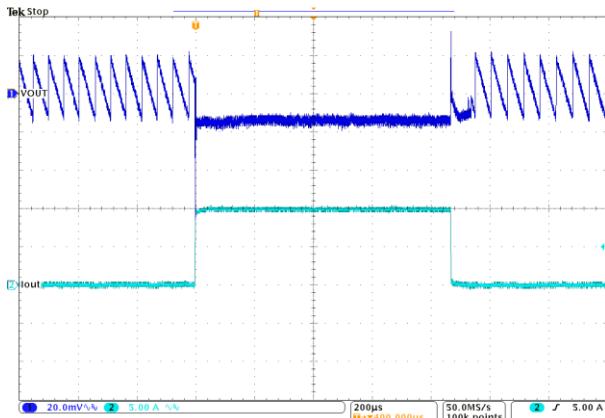


Figure 32. 2-Phase Load Transient (0.1 A to 10 A, 10 A/ μ s)

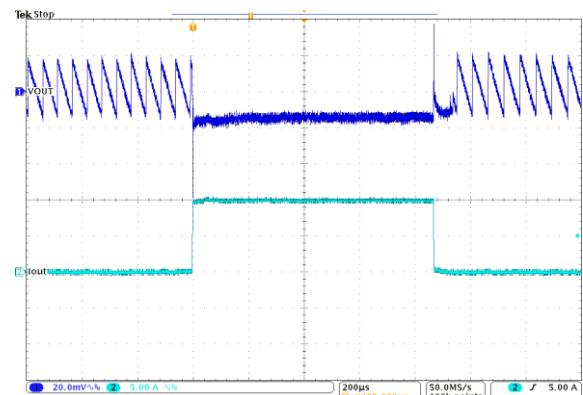


Figure 33. 2-Phase Load Transient (0.1 A to 10 A, 25 A/ μ s)

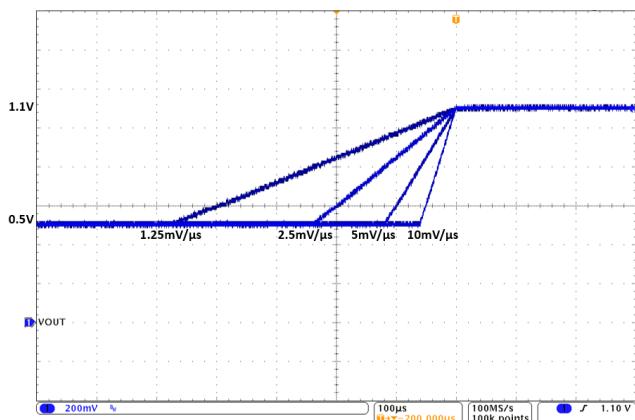


Figure 34. 2/4-Phase DVC ($V_{OUT} = 0.5$ V to 1.1 V, $I_{OUT} = 10$ A)

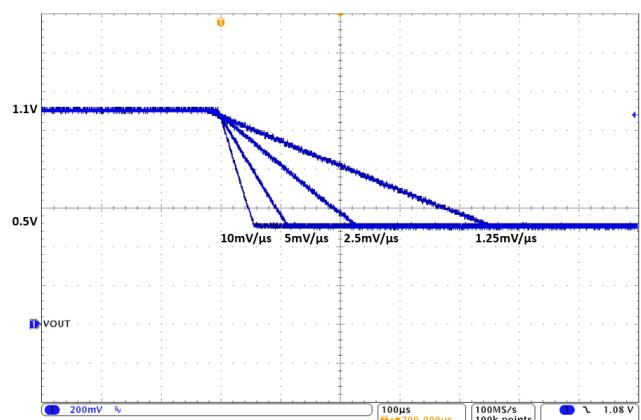


Figure 35. 2/4-Phase DVC ($V_{OUT} = 1.1$ V to 0.5 V, $I_{OUT} = 10$ A)

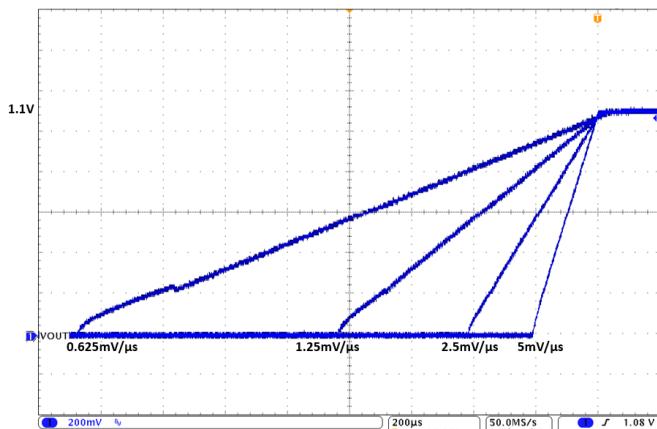


Figure 36. 2/4-Phase Soft-Start Slew-Rates ($I_{OUT} = 0$ A)

5. Functional Description

5.1 DC-DC Buck Converter

DA9292 operates as a single quad-phase buck converter when CONF is pulled down to GND and it operates as two dual-phase buck converters when CONF is pulled up to AVDD or floating (HiZ).

CONF can also be used to configure different I²C slave IDs. It allows multiple DA9292 to be placed in the application sharing the same communication interface.

Output voltage is programmable in 5 mV steps in the range of 0.3 V to 1.275 V, or in 10 mV steps in the range of 0.6 V to 1.9 V by setting [CH<x>_VSTEP](#) to 1 ([Note 1](#)). The buck converter has two output voltage registers. One defines the normal output voltage, while the other offers an alternative retention voltage. In this way, different application power modes can easily be supported. The output voltage selection can be operated either via external pin VSEL<x> or via I²C interface to guarantee the maximum flexibility according to the specific host processor status in the application.

When a buck is enabled, its output voltage is monitored, and a power-good signal indicates that the buck output voltage has reached a level higher than the $V_{THR_UV_RISE}$ threshold. The power-good status is lost when the voltage drops below $V_{THR_UV_FALL}$ or rises above V_{THR_OV} . The status of the power good indicator can be read back via I²C from the [S_CH<x>_PG](#) status bit. Output voltage UV and OV status can also be read back via I²C from [S_CH<x>_UV](#) and [S_CH<x>_OV](#) status bit, respectively.

Note 1 The buck converter needs to be disabled ($CH<x>_EN = 0$) before $CH<x>_VSTEP$ setting can be changed by I²C write.

Table 11. An Example of Chip Configuration via CONF

		Chip1	Chip2	Chip3
CONF		GND	AVDD	HiZ
Configuration Mode		1Ch-4Ph	2Ch-2Ph+2Ph	2Ch-2Ph+2Ph
I ² C Slave ID (8-bit)		0xD2	0xD4	0xD6
VSEL1	Enable	Off	On	On
	Internal pull-down	Off	Off	Off
VSEL2	Enable	N/A	Off	Off
	Internal pull-down	On	Off	Off
EN1	Enable	On	On	On
	Internal pull-down	On	On	On
EN2	Enable	N/A	On	On
	Internal pull-down	On	On	On
CH1_VSTEP		5 mV	5 mV	5 mV
CH2_VSTEP		N/A	5 mV	5 mV
TW_N		TW	TW	TW
PB_N		PB of CH1	PB of CH1	PB of CH1

		VSEL	Chip1	Chip2	Chip3
CH1	VOUT	0	0.815 V	0.815 V	0.815 V
		1	0.815 V	0.815 V	0.815 V
	MAXPH	0	4	2	2
		1	4	2	2
	MODE	0	AUTO	AUTO	AUTO
		1	AUTO	AUTO	AUTO
CH2	VOUT	0	N/A	0.815 V	0.815 V
		1		0.815 V	0.815 V
	MAXPH	0		2	2
		1		2	2
	MODE	0		AUTO	AUTO
		1		AUTO	AUTO

5.1.1 Buck Enable and Disable

The buck converter can be enabled by setting `CH<x>_EN` register bit to 1 or by toggling the external pin `EN<x>` from low to high.

`EN<x>_EN` = 1 indicates that the functionality of external pin `EN<x>` to control buck enable/disable is enabled. The functionality of external pin `EN<x>` is disabled by writing 0 to `EN<x>_EN` register bit.

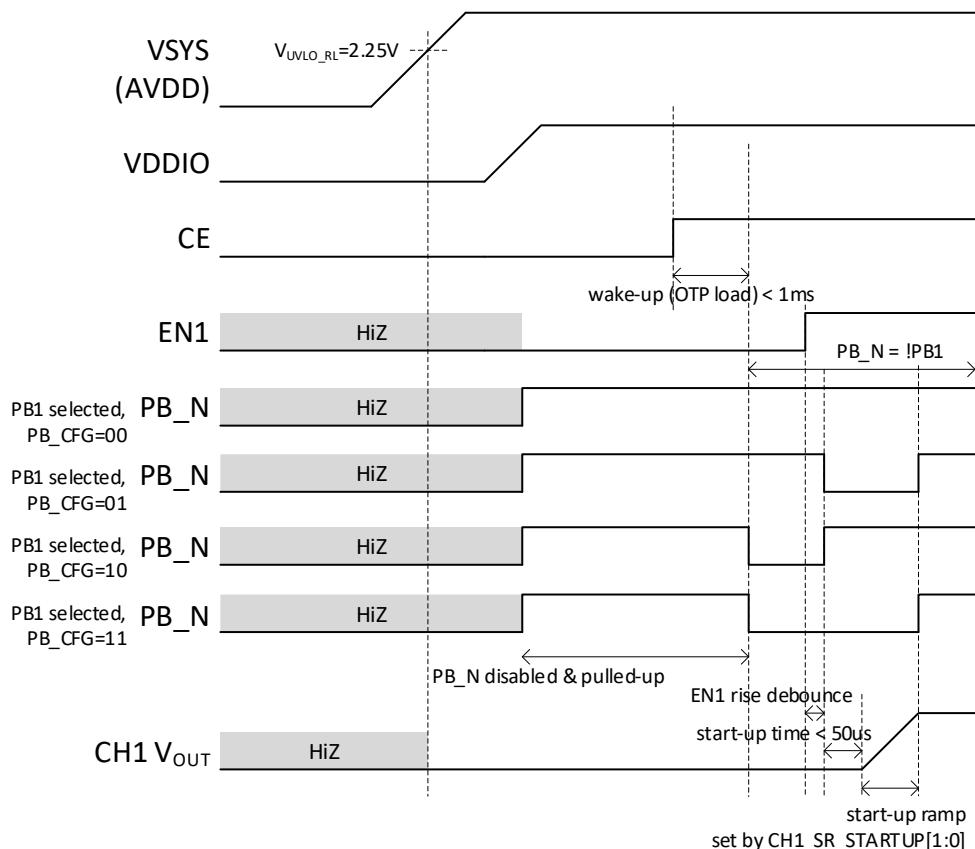


Figure 37. CH1 Start-Up Diagram (`EN1_EN` = 1)

The buck converter is disabled by writing 0 to `CH<x>_EN` or by toggling the external pin `EN<x>` from high to low. An internal output pull-down resistor at LX is enabled when `CH<x>_EN` = 0, unless it is disabled via `CH<x>_DIS_PD`.

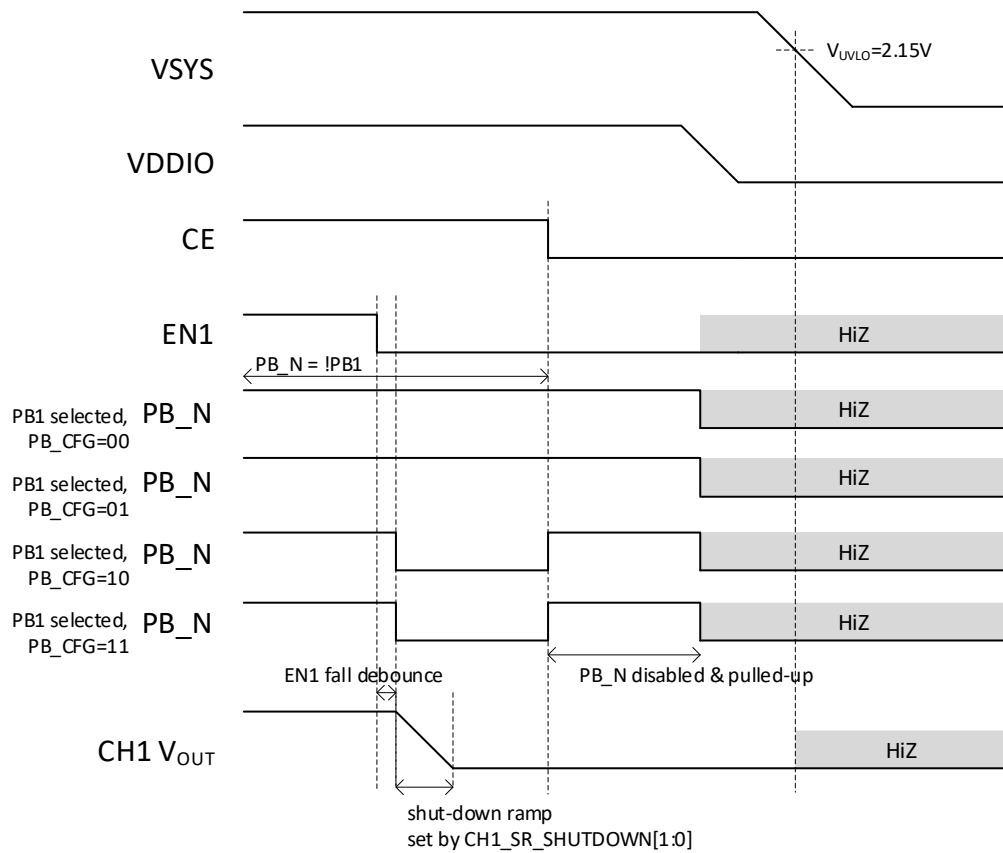


Figure 38. CH1 Shutdown Diagram (EN1_EN = 1)

5.1.2 Output Voltage Selection

For each buck converter two output voltages can be pre-configured inside [CH<x>_VOUT_VSEL_LO](#) and [CH<x>_VOUT_VSEL_HI](#) registers. The pre-configured output voltage setting can be selected by either toggling the external pin VSEL<x> or by changing the value of [CH<x>_VSEL](#) register bit.

Functionality of external pin VSEL<x> to select output voltage setting is disabled by writing 0 to [VSEL<x>_EN](#) register bit. [Figure 39](#) and [Figure 40](#) show interaction behaviors of external pin VSEL<x>, registers [VSEL<x>_EN](#) and [CH<x>_VSEL](#) in two different scenarios.

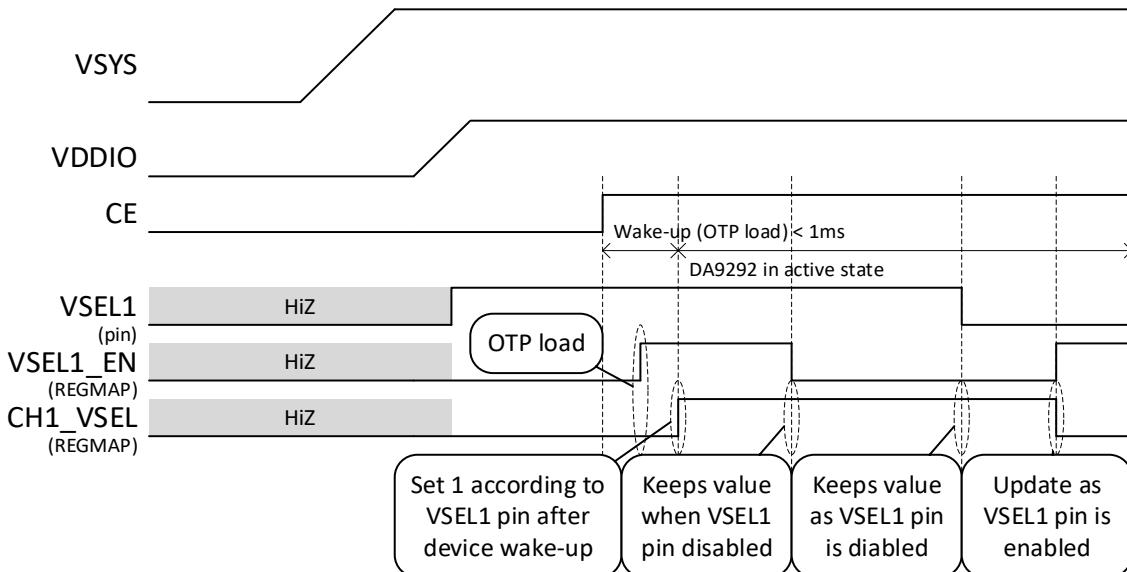


Figure 39. VSEL1 Pin, VSEL1_EN and CH1_VSEL Diagram (Scenario 1)

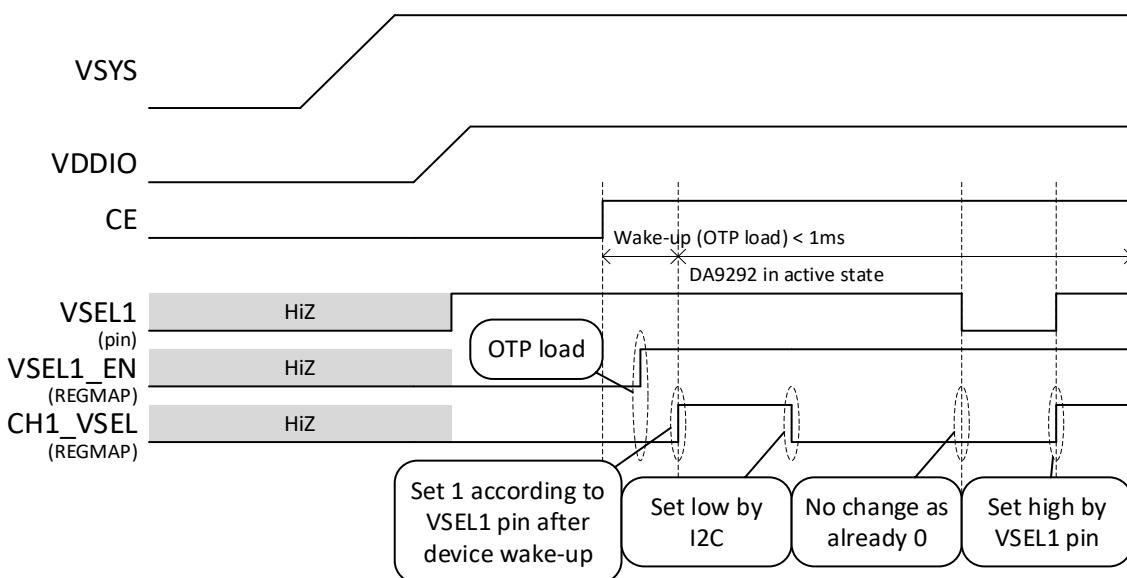


Figure 40. VSEL1 Pin, VSEL1_EN and CH1_VSEL Diagram (Scenario 2)

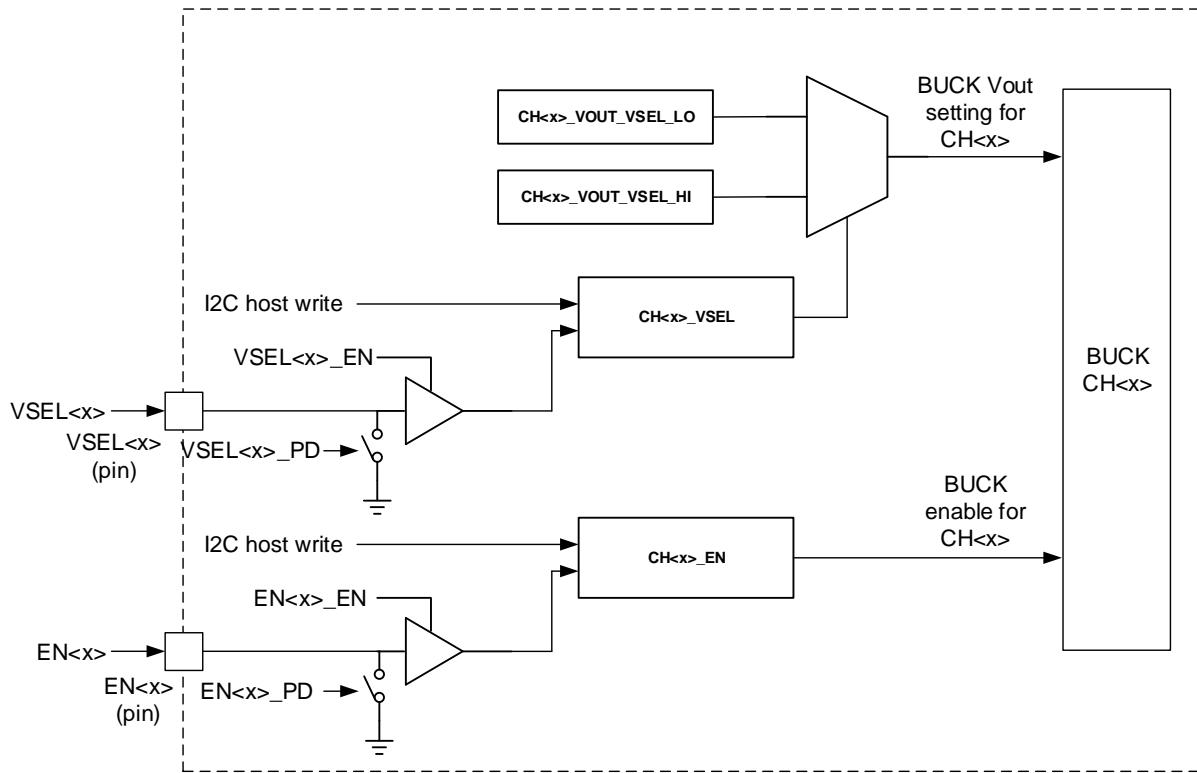


Figure 41. EN and VSEL Block Diagram

5.1.3 Switching Frequency

The buck switching frequency in PWM mode is selectable as an OTP option at typical 3.0 MHz.

In PFM mode, DA9292 has an option to operate at switching above 25 kHz to avoid audible noise. This option is enabled by setting [PFM_FREQ](#) register bit to 1.

5.1.4 Operation Modes and Phase Selection

The buck converters can operate in PFM, full-phase PWM, PWM with phase-shedding, or auto-transition (AUTO) mode. The buck operation mode is selectable in [CH<x>_MODE](#), or in [CH<x>_MODE_VSEL_HI](#) if [VSEL<x>_EN](#) is set to 1 and external pin [VSEL<x>](#) is pulled high.

External pin [VSEL<x>](#) can also be used to change buck operation mode when it is programmed to do so in OTP.

If AUTO is selected, the buck converter automatically changes between synchronous PWM mode and PFM depending on the load current. This improves the efficiency across the whole range of output load currents.

The maximum number of active phases in full-phase mode is adjustable in [CH<x>_MAXPH](#). It can also be pre-configured by OTP and determined by external pin [VSEL<x>](#).

Maximum number of active phases can be increased instantly, however, when the maximum number of active phases setting is reduced, the buck converter needs to operate in 1-phase mode (output current needs to decrease) first before it can actually be operating in less number of active phases in full-phase mode.

5.1.5 Soft Start-Up and Shutdown

To limit in-rush current from VSYS, the buck converter performs a soft start-up after being enabled.

The soft start-up and shutdown slew rates are selectable at (0.625, 1.25, 2.5, or 5.0) mV/ μ s in [CHx_SR_STARTUP](#) and [CHx_SR_SHUTDOWN](#), respectively.

The buck converter follows shutdown slew-rate set in [CHx_SR_SHUTDOWN](#) when it is disabled by writing 0 to [CHx_EN](#) or by toggling the external pin ENx from high to low.

5.1.6 Dynamic Voltage Control

The buck converter is capable of supporting DVC transitions that occur when:

- the selected output voltage register is updated to a new target value
- the output voltage selection is changed using external pin VSELx

The DVC controller operates in pulse width modulation (PWM) mode with synchronous rectification.

The slew rate of the DVC transition is programmable at (1.25, 2.5, 5.0, or 10.0) mV/ μ s in [CHx_SR_UP](#) for ramp-up and [CHx_SR_DOWN](#) for ramp-down.

5.1.7 Under-Voltage Lockout

The buck converter is shut down immediately if AVDD drops below the V_{UVLO} threshold. In this case, output voltage ramp-down is determined by load and pull-down resistor at LX ([CHx_DIS_PD = 0](#)). DA9292 will restart with the default registers setting when AVDD increases above the UVLO release voltage threshold.

5.1.8 Current Limit and Short Protection

The integrated cycle-by-cycle peak-current detection protects the power stages and external coil from excessive current.

When the current limit is reached, the buck converter generates an event and an interrupt to the host processor unless the interrupt has been masked using [M_CHx_OC](#) in [PMC_MASK_00](#) register.

A short protection is implemented in DA9292 to protect the device from an output short condition. The buck converter stops switching immediately when short protection is triggered. Short protection is triggered when the current limit is hit more than 16 cycles consecutively and the output voltage drops below short detection threshold. Output voltage ramp-down in this case is determined by load and pull-down resistor at LX ([CHx_DIS_PD = 0](#)).

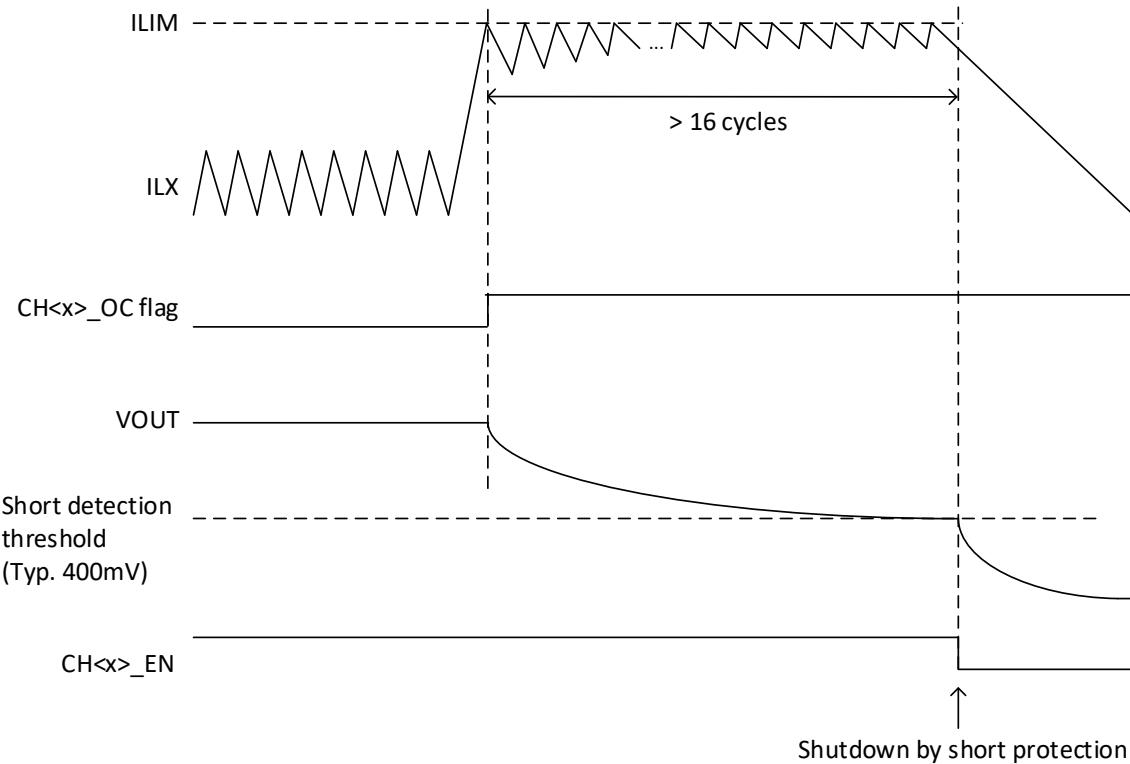


Figure 42. Current Limit and Short Protection

5.1.9 Thermal Protection

DA9292 is protected from internal overheating by thermal shutdown.

There are two kinds of flags concerning thermal protection: thermal warning and thermal critical. The warning flag is asserted when $T_J > T_{\text{WARN}}$ and the critical flag is asserted when $T_J > T_{\text{CRIT}}$. When the critical flag is asserted, the buck converter is shut down immediately and it enters a latch-off mode. In this case, output voltage ramp-down is determined by load and pull-down resistor at LX ($\text{CH}<\text{x}>_{\text{DIS_PD}} = 0$). To re-enable the buck, the critical status flag needs to be cleared and the EN signal needs to be set again by either toggling external pin EN<x> or writing 1 to [CH<x>_EN](#) register bit.

When the warning temperature or the critical temperature is reached, DA9292 generates an event and an interrupt is asserted unless the interrupt has been masked using [M_TEMP_WARN](#) or [M_TEMP_CRIT](#) in [PMC_MASK_01](#) register.

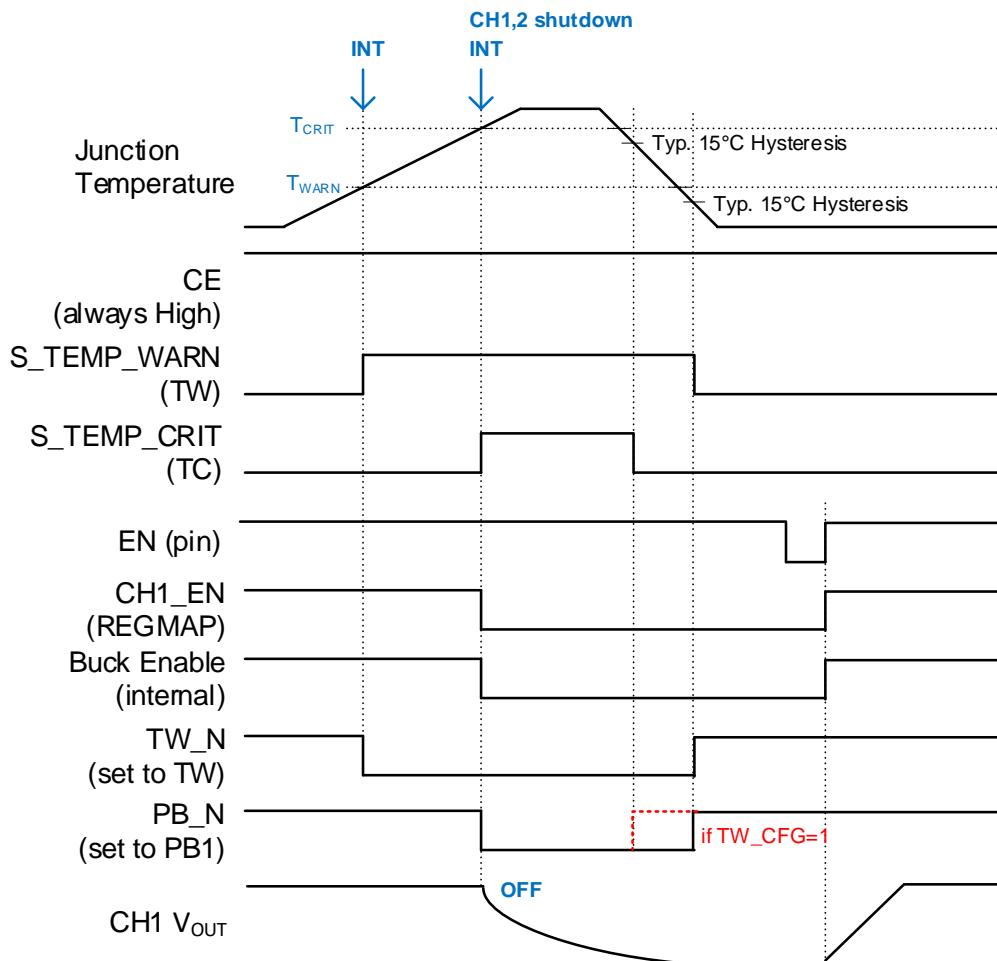


Figure 43. Buck Latch-Off Behavior by Temp Critical

5.2 Ports Description

5.2.1 CE

CE is chip (IC) enable/disable control input. When CE = 0, all blocks except for low IQ POR are powered down.

Except for event registers [PMC_EVENT_00](#) and [PMC_EVENT_01](#), registers reset values are loaded when CE goes from low to high. If it is preferable, event flags can also be cleared by CE rise when [E_CLR_CFG](#) is set to 1.

CE must never be left floating.

When the buck converter is shut down by pulling CE low, output voltage ramp-down is determined by load and the LX pull-down resistor ($\text{CH}_{<x>} \text{DIS_PD} = 0$), and not by the shutdown slew-rate.

5.2.2 CONF

CONF is used for configuration mode selection. It is a tri-state input (GND, AVDD, or HiZ) and it can be used to pre-configure I²C Slave ID, $\text{CH}_{<x>} \text{VSTEP}$, $\text{EN}_{<x>}$, $\text{VSEL}_{<x>}$, TW_N and PB_N functionality (see [Table 11](#)).

5.2.3 EN1 and EN2

EN1 and EN2 can be used as enable/disable input of CH1 and CH2, respectively, if [EN1_EN](#) and [EN2_EN](#) register bits are set to 1.

Debounce time on falling and rising edge of EN1 and EN2 input are independently programmable via [EN<x>_DEB_FALL](#) and [EN<x>_DEB_RISE](#) at 10 µs, 100 µs, or 1 ms; it can also be disabled.

In case of 1Ch-4Ph configuration, EN2 should be pulled down to AGND.

As an alternative option, a typical 100 k Ω internal pull-down resistor on EN<x> port can be enabled by setting EN<x>_PD to 1. It is valid when CE is high and after initial OTP load.

5.2.4 VSEL1 and VSEL2

VSEL1 and VSEL2 can be used to change output voltage regulation setting, maximum number of active phases in full-phase mode, and operation mode of CH1 and CH2, respectively.

VSEL<x> functionality is disabled when VSEL<x>_EN register bit is 0.

Debounce time on falling and rising edge of VSEL1 and VSEL2 input are independently programmable via VSEL<x>_DEB_FALL and VSEL<x>_DEB_RISE at 10 μ s, 100 μ s, or 1 ms; it can also be disabled.

In case of 1Ch-4Ph configuration, VSEL2 should be pulled down to AGND.

As an alternative option, a typical 100 k Ω internal pull-down resistor on VSEL<x> port can be enabled by setting VSEL<x>_PD to 1. It is valid when CE is high and after initial OTP load.

CH<x>_VSEL update by VSEL<x> can be masked by setting VSEL<x>_PIN2REG_DIS=1. Clearing VSEL<x>_PIN2REG_DIS back to 0 updates CH<x>_VSEL to current VSEL<x> pin level.

5.2.5 TW_N

TW_N can be configured as thermal warning output signal of DA9292 by setting TW_SEL0 to 1. It is an open drain active-low output.

5.2.6 PB_N

PB_N can be configured as power-bad output signal of CH1 or CH2 via PB_SEL1 or PB_SEL2, respectively. It is an open drain active-low output. The power-bad output signal goes low when the output voltage drops below V_{THR_UV_FALL} or rises above V_{THR_OV}, or when the buck converter is shut down by short protection or critical temperature. When the buck converter is shut down by short protection, PB_N stays low until either CE is pulled low or the buck converter is re-enabled by setting CH<x>_EN register bit to 1 via I²C or by toggling the external pin EN<x> from low to high.

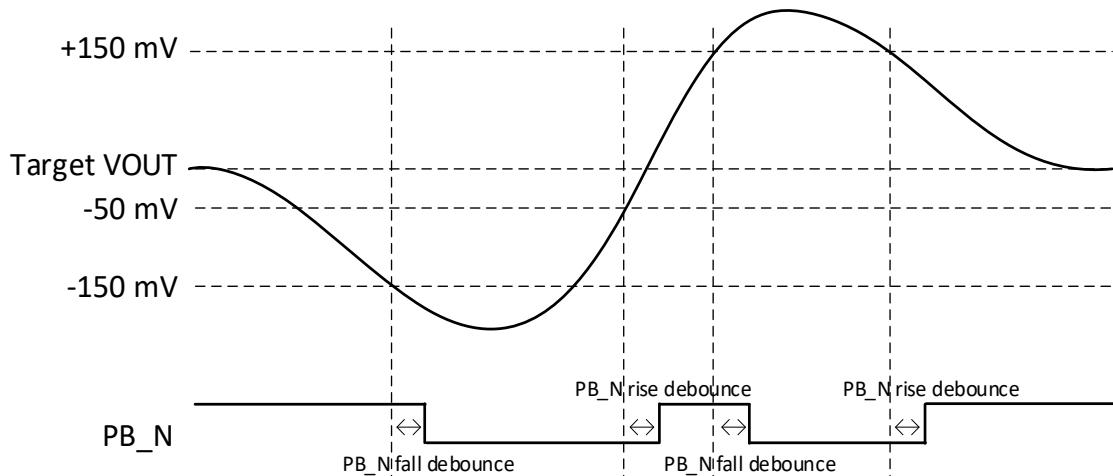


Figure 44. PB_N at Under-Voltage and Over-Voltage Condition

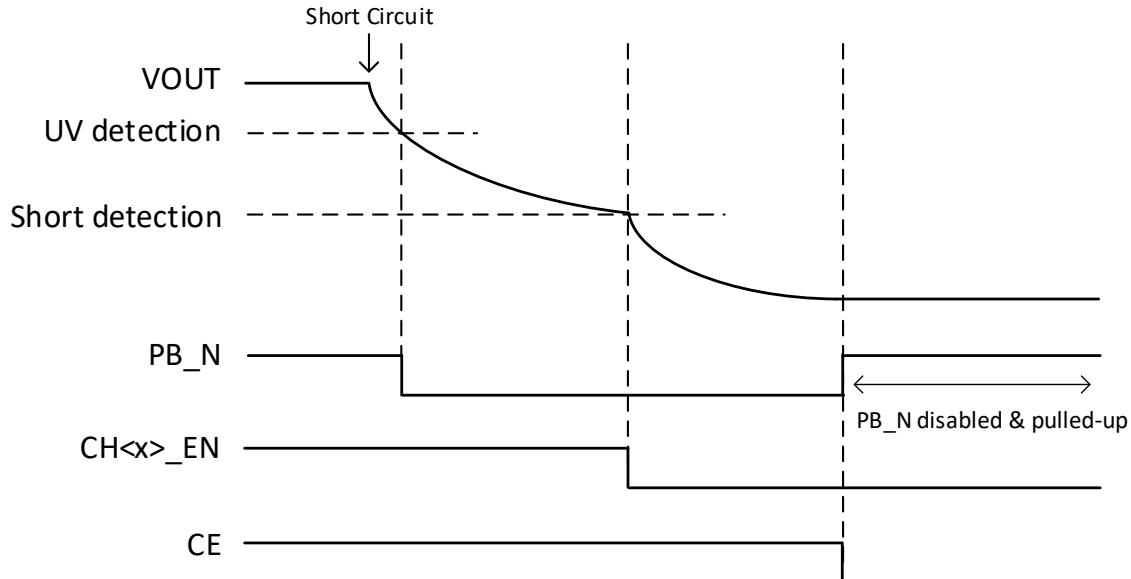


Figure 45. PB_N at Short Circuit Condition

5.2.7 INT_N

INT_N is an open drain active-low interrupt output signal which is asserted when either of the following events occur:

- Over-current
- Output under-voltage
- Output over-voltage
- Power-good
- Temperature warning
- Temperature critical
- Input under-voltage lockout

Once asserted, INT_N will be kept low until the event registers are cleared.

INT_N interrupt output signal of an event can be masked independently by setting the associated bit in [PMC_MASK_00](#) and [PMC_MASK_01](#) registers.

5.3 I²C Communication

DA9292 supports I²C compatible interface based on the following signals.

- SCL
I²C bus serial clock generated by the host processor
- SDA
I²C bus serial bidirectional data

SDA and SCL are open drain I/O terminals. The standard frequency of the I²C bus is 1 MHz in fast-mode plus or 400 kHz in fast-mode or 100 kHz in standard mode.

The I²C bus is used to control most functions and to change register values depending on the application requirements. The device is compatible with the standard I²C protocol but only operates as a slave. The transfer protocol is the same whether operating in fast-mode plus, fast-mode or standard-mode.

5.3.1 I²C Protocol

All data is transmitted across the I²C bus in eight-bit groups. To send a bit, the SDA line is driven towards the intended state while the SCL is low (a low SDA indicates a zero bit). Once the SDA has settled, the SCL line is brought high and then low. This pulse on SCL clocks the SDA bit into the receiver's shift register.

A two-byte serial protocol is used containing one byte for address and one-byte data. Data and address transfer are transmitted MSB first for both read and write operations. All transmissions begin with the START condition from the master while the bus is in idle state (the bus is free). It is initiated by a high to low transition on the SDA line while the SCL is in the high state (a STOP condition is indicated by a low to high transition on the SDA line while the SCL is in the high state).

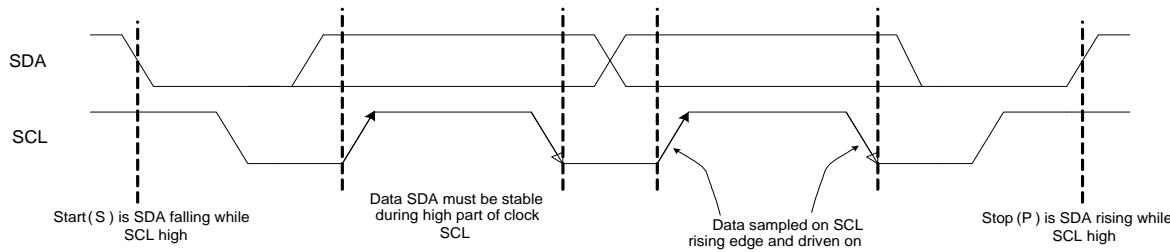


Figure 46. I²C START (S) and STOP (P)

The I²C bus is monitored for a valid slave address whenever the interface is enabled. It responds immediately when it receives its own slave address. The acknowledge is done by pulling the SDA line low during the following clock cycle (white blocks marked with A in Figure 47 and Figure 49).

The protocol for a register write from master to slave consists of a START condition, a slave address with read/write bit, and the eight-bit register address followed by eight bits of data, terminated by a STOP condition. DA9292 responds to all bytes with acknowledge (A), see Figure 47.

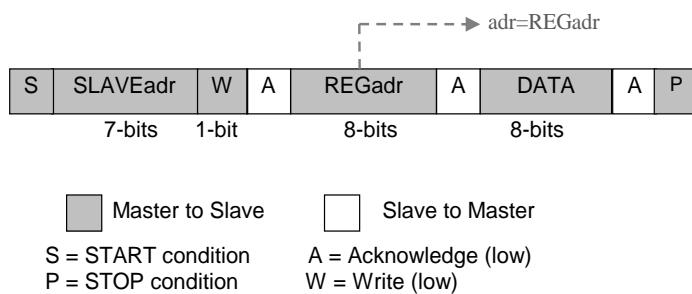
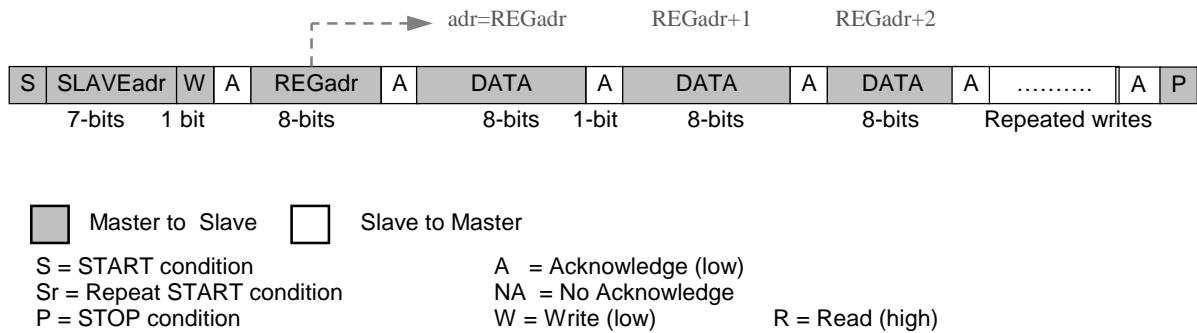
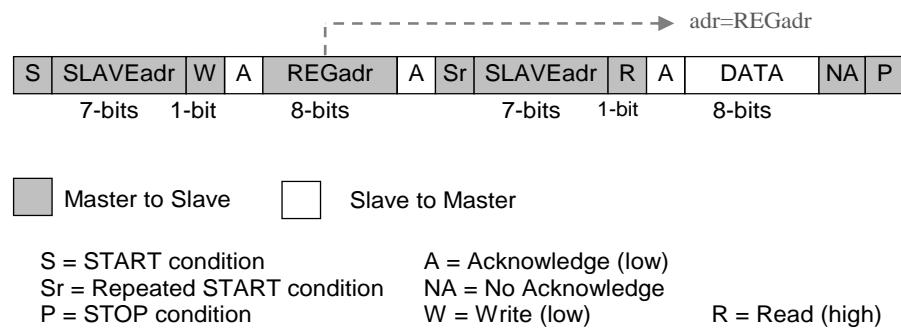


Figure 47. I²C Byte Write (SDA Line)

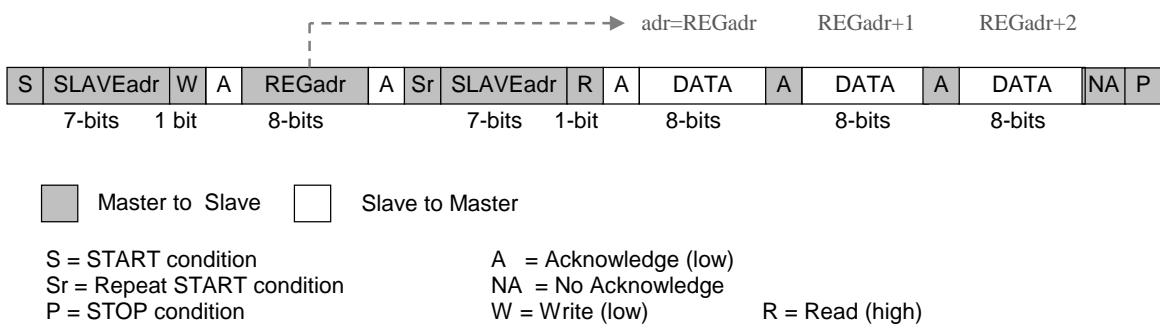
DA9292 also supports multiple byte writes, shown in Figure 48. By not sending a STOP command, data is written to consecutive addresses.

**Figure 48. I²C Consecutive Write (SDA Line)**

When the host reads data from a register, it first has to write to DA9292 with the target register address and then read from DA9292 with a repeated START, or alternatively a second START, condition. After receiving the data, the host sends no acknowledge (NA) and terminates the transmission with a STOP condition, see [Figure 49](#).

**Figure 49. I²C Byte Read (SDA Line)**

DA9292 also supports a multiple byte READ protocol. If the host responds to the returned data with an Acknowledge rather than Not Acknowledge and STOP, data will be read from sequential addresses until a Not Acknowledge and STOP command is sent by the host, as shown in [Figure 50](#).

**Figure 50. I²C Consecutive Read (SDA Line)**

6. Register Definitions

6.1 Register Map

Table 12. Register Map

Address	Register	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Reset						
Functional registers																
Status																
0x0000 PMC_STATUS_00 S_CH2_OC S_CH1_OC S_CH2_OV S_CH1_OV S_CH2_UV S_CH1_UV S_CH2_PG S_CH1_PG 0x00																
0x0001 PMC_STATUS_01	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	S_TEMP_WARN	S_TEMP_CRIT	S_VIN_UVLO	0x00						
0x0002 PMC_EVENT_00	E_CH2_OC	E_CH1_OC	E_CH2_OV	E_CH1_OV	E_CH2_UV	E_CH1_UV	E_CH2_PG	E_CH1_PG	0x00							
0x0003 PMC_EVENT_01	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	E_TEMP_WARN	E_TEMP_CRIT	E_VIN_UVLO	0x00						
0x0004 PMC_MASK_00	M_CH2_OC	M_CH1_OC	M_CH2_OV	M_CH1_OV	M_CH2_UV	M_CH1_UV	M_CH2_PG	M_CH1_PG	0xFF							
0x0005 PMC_MASK_01	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	M_TEMP_WARN	M_TEMP_CRIT	M_VIN_UVLO	0x07						
Control																
0x0006 PMC_CTRL_00	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	CHSEL	CONF<1:0>		0x04						
0x0007 PMC_CTRL_01	CH2_VSTEP	CH1_VSTEP	CH2_DIS_PD	CH1_DIS_PD	CH2_VSEL	CH1_VSEL	CH2_EN	CH1_EN	0x00							
0x0008 PMC_CTRL_02	VSEL2_PIN2REG_DIS	VSEL1_PIN2REG_DIS	CH2_MAXPH_VSEL_HI	CH2_MAXPH_VSEL_LO	CH1_MAXPH_VSEL_HI<1:0>		CH1_MAXPH_VSEL_LO<1:0>		0x3F							
0x0009 PMC_CTRL_03	CH2_MODE_VSEL_HI<1:0>		CH2_MODE_VSEL_LO<1:0>		CH1_MODE_VSEL_HI<1:0>		CH1_MODE_VSEL_LO<1:0>		0xFF							
VOUT																
0x000A PMC_VOUT_CH1_00	CH1_VOUT_VSEL_LO<7:0>									0x8E						
0x000B PMC_VOUT_CH1_01	CH1_VOUT_VSEL_HI<7:0>									0x8E						
0x000C PMC_VOUT_CH2_00	CH2_VOUT_VSEL_LO<7:0>									0x8E						
0x000D PMC_VOUT_CH2_01	CH2_VOUT_VSEL_HI<7:0>									0x8E						
Others																
0x000E PMC_CFG_00	VSEL2_PD	VSEL1_PD	EN2_PD	EN1_PD	VSEL2_EN	VSEL1_EN	EN2_EN	EN1_EN	0x00							
0x000F PMC_CFG_01	Reserved	CH2_LLIM<2:0>			Reserved	CH1_LLIM<2:0>				0x44						
0x0010 PMC_CFG_02	VSEL2_DEB_FALL<1:0>			VSEL2_DEB_RISE<1:0>			VSEL1_DEB_FALL<1:0>		VSEL1_DEB_RISE<1:0>							
0x0011 PMC_CFG_03	EN2_DEB_FALL<1:0>			EN2_DEB_RISE<1:0>			EN1_DEB_FALL<1:0>		EN1_DEB_RISE<1:0>							
0x0012 PMC_CFG_04	CH2_SR_SHUTDOWN<1:0>			CH2_SR_STARTUP<1:0>			CH1_SR_SHUTDOWN<1:0>		CH1_SR_STARTUP<1:0>							
0x0013 PMC_CFG_05	CH2_SR_DOWN<1:0>			CH2_SR_UP<1:0>			CH1_SR_DOWN<1:0>		CH1_SR_UP<1:0>							

DA9292 Datasheet

Address	Register	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Reset
0x0014	PMC_CFG_06	I2C_TMR_EN	VOUT_MAX_CFG	PG_OV_MASK	OC_DVC_MASK	PB_CFG<1:0>		PG_DVC_MASK<1:0>		0x00
0x0015	PMC_CFG_07	Reserved	E_CLR_CFG	PWM_FREQ	PFM_FREQ	SSPECTRUM	TW_CFG	TEMP_WARN_SEL<1:0>		0x00
0x0016	PMC_CFG_08	Reserved	PB_SEL2	PB_SEL1	PB_SEL0	Reserved	TW_SEL2	TW_SEL1	TW_SEL0	0x00
0x0017	PMC_CFG_09	PB_N_FALL<1:0>		PB_N_RISE<1:0>		TW_N_FALL<1:0>		TW_N_RISE<1:0>		0x55
0x0018	PMC_CFG_0A	I2C_SLAVE<6:0>							I2C_FMP	0xD2
Device ID										
0x0019	PMC_DEV_ID	DEV_ID<7:0>								0xEA
0x001A	PMC_REV_ID	MRC_ID<3:0>				VRC_ID<3:0>				0x10
0x001B	PMC_CFG_REV	CFG_REV<7:0>								0x00

6.2 Register Descriptions

Except [PMC_STATUS](#), [PMC_EVENT](#), [PMC_DEV_ID](#) and [PMC_REV_ID](#), default values of all other registers are defined by OTP.

The Type column in the register description tables maps to the Access shown in [Table 13](#).

Table 13. Register Access Type

Datasheet Type	Access
RO	Read only
RW	Read / Write
RWC1	Read / Clear by writing 1

6.2.1 Status and Event

Table 14. PMC_STATUS_00 (0x00)

Bit	Type	Field Name	Description	Reset
[7]	RO	S_CH2_OC	CH2 current limit status. Value Description 0x0 CH2 output below current limit threshold. 0x1 CH2 output hitting current limit.	0x0
[6]	RO	S_CH1_OC	CH1 current limit status. Value Description 0x0 CH1 output below current limit threshold. 0x1 CH1 output hitting current limit.	0x0
[5]	RO	S_CH2_OV	CH2 output over-voltage status. Value Description 0x0 CH2 output below over-voltage threshold. 0x1 CH2 output above over-voltage threshold.	0x0
[4]	RO	S_CH1_OV	CH1 output over-voltage status. Value Description 0x0 CH1 output below over-voltage threshold. 0x1 CH1 output above over-voltage threshold.	0x0
[3]	RO	S_CH2_UV	CH2 output under-voltage status. Value Description 0x0 CH2 output above under-voltage threshold. 0x1 CH2 output below under-voltage threshold.	0x0
[2]	RO	S_CH1_UV	CH1 output under-voltage status. Value Description 0x0 CH1 output above under-voltage threshold. 0x1 CH1 output below under-voltage threshold.	0x0
[1]	RO	S_CH2_PG	CH2 power-good status. Indicates CH2 output is at target voltage. Value Description	0x0

Bit	Type	Field Name	Description	Reset
			0x0 CH2 output not at target voltage. 0x1 CH2 output at target voltage.	
[0]	RO	S_CH1_PG	CH1 power-good status. Indicates CH1 output is at target voltage. Value Description 0x0 CH1 output not at target voltage. 0x1 CH1 output at target voltage.	0x0

Table 15. PMC_STATUS_01 (0x01)

Bit	Type	Field Name	Description	Reset
[2]	RO	S_TEMP_WARN	Device junction temperature at warning level. Value Description 0x0 Not breached 0x1 Breached	0x0
[1]	RO	S_TEMP_CRIT	Device junction temperature at critical level. Value Description 0x0 Not breached 0x1 Breached	0x0
[0]	RO	S_VIN_UVLO	Input supply voltage at low level. Value Description 0x0 Not breached 0x1 Breached	0x0

Table 16. PMC_EVENT_00 (0x02)

Bit	Type	Field Name	Description	Reset
[7]	RWC1	E_CH2_OC	CH2_OC event. Clear by write 1. Value Description 0x0 No event detected 0x1 Event detected	0x0
[6]	RWC1	E_CH1_OC	CH1_OC event. Clear by write 1. Value Description 0x0 No event detected 0x1 Event detected	0x0
[5]	RWC1	E_CH2_OV	CH2_OV event. Clear by write 1. Value Description 0x0 No event detected 0x1 Event detected	0x0
[4]	RWC1	E_CH1_OV	CH1_OV event. Clear by write 1.	0x0

Bit	Type	Field Name	Description	Reset
			0x1 Event detected	
[3]	RWC1	E_CH2_UV	CH2_UV event. Clear by write 1. Value Description 0x0 No event detected 0x1 Event detected	0x0
[2]	RWC1	E_CH1_UV	CH1_UV event. Clear by write 1. Value Description 0x0 No event detected 0x1 Event detected	0x0
[1]	RWC1	E_CH2_PG	CH2_PG event. Clear by write 1. Value Description 0x0 No event detected 0x1 Event detected	0x0
[0]	RWC1	E_CH1_PG	CH1_PG event. Clear by write 1. Value Description 0x0 No event detected 0x1 Event detected	0x0

Table 17. PMC_EVENT_01 (0x03)

Bit	Type	Field Name	Description	Reset
[2]	RWC1	E_TEMP_WARN	TEMP_WARN event. Clear by write 1. Value Description 0x0 No event detected 0x1 Event detected	0x0
[1]	RWC1	E_TEMP_CRIT	TEMP_CRIT event. Clear by write 1. Value Description 0x0 No event detected 0x1 Event detected	0x0
[0]	RWC1	E_VIN_UVLO	VIN_UVLO event. Clear by write 1. Value Description 0x0 No event detected 0x1 Event detected	0x0

Table 18. PMC_MASK_00 (0x04)

Bit	Type	Field Name	Description	Reset
[7]	RW	M_CH2_OC	INT_N mask for CH2_OC event. Value Description 0x0 Not masked 0x1 Masked	0x1
[6]	RW	M_CH1_OC	INT_N mask for CH1_OC event. Value Description 0x0 Not masked 0x1 Masked	0x1
[5]	RW	M_CH2_OV	INT_N mask for CH2_OV event. Value Description 0x0 Not masked 0x1 Masked	0x1
[4]	RW	M_CH1_OV	INT_N mask for CH1_OV event. Value Description 0x0 Not masked 0x1 Masked	0x1
[3]	RW	M_CH2_UV	INT_N mask for CH2_UV event. Value Description 0x0 Not masked 0x1 Masked	0x1
[2]	RW	M_CH1_UV	INT_N mask for CH1_UV event. Value Description 0x0 Not masked 0x1 Masked	0x1
[1]	RW	M_CH2_PG	INT_N mask for CH2_PG event. Value Description 0x0 Not masked 0x1 Masked	0x1
[0]	RW	M_CH1_PG	INT_N mask for CH1_PG event. Value Description 0x0 Not masked 0x1 Masked	0x1

Table 19. PMC_MASK_01 (0x05)

Bit	Type	Field Name	Description	Reset
[2]	RW	M_TEMP_WARN	INT_N mask for TEMP_WARN event. Value Description 0x0 Not masked 0x1 Masked	0x1
[1]	RW	M_TEMP_CRIT	INT_N mask for TEMP_CRIT event. Value Description 0x0 Not masked 0x1 Masked	0x1
[0]	RW	M_VIN_UVLO	INT_N mask for VIN_UVLO event. Value Description 0x0 Not masked 0x1 Masked	0x1

6.2.2 Control

Table 20. PMC_CTRL_00 (0x06)

Bit	Type	Field Name	Description	Reset
[2]	RO	CHSEL	Channel operation mode. Value Description 0x0 Two channel mode, up to 2 phase per channel. 0x1 One channel mode, up to 4 phase.	0x1
[1:0]	RO	CONF	Device configuration by CONF input pin. Value Description 0x0 Config 0 (GND) 0x1 Config 1 (AVDD) 0x2 Config 2 (HiZ) 0x3 Reserved	0x0

Table 21. PMC_CTRL_01 (0x07)

Bit	Type	Field Name	Description	Reset
[7]	RW	CH2_VSTEP	VOUT step setting (mV), VOUT is doubled when set high, maximum is 1.9V. Value Description 0x0 5 0x1 10	0x0
[6]	RW	CH1_VSTEP	VOUT step setting (mV), VOUT is doubled when set high, maximum is 1.9V. Value Description 0x0 5	0x0

Bit	Type	Field Name	Description	Reset						
			0x1 10							
[5]	RW	CH2_DIS_PD	<p>Disable pull-down of CH2 output while channel is not enabled.</p> <table> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th><th>Description</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0x0</td><td>Pull-down enabled when OFF.</td></tr> <tr> <td>0x1</td><td>Pull-down disabled.</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Value	Description	0x0	Pull-down enabled when OFF.	0x1	Pull-down disabled.	0x0
Value	Description									
0x0	Pull-down enabled when OFF.									
0x1	Pull-down disabled.									
[4]	RW	CH1_DIS_PD	<p>Disable pull-down of CH1 output while channel is not enabled.</p> <table> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th><th>Description</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0x0</td><td>Pull-down enabled when OFF.</td></tr> <tr> <td>0x1</td><td>Pull-down disabled.</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Value	Description	0x0	Pull-down enabled when OFF.	0x1	Pull-down disabled.	0x0
Value	Description									
0x0	Pull-down enabled when OFF.									
0x1	Pull-down disabled.									
[3]	RW	CH2_VSEL	<p>CH2 VOUT and operation select bit. Can be set/clear by VSEL2 input pin rise/fall.</p> <table> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th><th>Description</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0x0</td><td>low</td></tr> <tr> <td>0x1</td><td>high</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Value	Description	0x0	low	0x1	high	0x0
Value	Description									
0x0	low									
0x1	high									
[2]	RW	CH1_VSEL	<p>CH1 VOUT and operation select bit. Can be set/clear by VSEL1 input pin rise/fall.</p> <table> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th><th>Description</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0x0</td><td>low</td></tr> <tr> <td>0x1</td><td>high</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Value	Description	0x0	low	0x1	high	0x0
Value	Description									
0x0	low									
0x1	high									
[1]	RW	CH2_EN	<p>CH2 enable. Can be set/clear by EN2 pin rise/fall.</p> <table> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th><th>Description</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0x0</td><td>Disable</td></tr> <tr> <td>0x1</td><td>Enable</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Value	Description	0x0	Disable	0x1	Enable	0x0
Value	Description									
0x0	Disable									
0x1	Enable									
[0]	RW	CH1_EN	<p>CH1 enable. Can be set/clear by EN1 pin rise/fall.</p> <table> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th><th>Description</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0x0</td><td>Disable</td></tr> <tr> <td>0x1</td><td>Enable</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Value	Description	0x0	Disable	0x1	Enable	0x0
Value	Description									
0x0	Disable									
0x1	Enable									

Table 22. PMC_CTRL_02 (0x08)

Bit	Type	Field Name	Description	Reset										
[7]	RW	VSEL2_PIN2REG_DIS	<p>Mask CH2_VSEL update by VSEL2 pin. CH2_VSEL is updated to VSEL2 pin level when this bit is cleared.</p> <table> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th><th>Description</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0x0</td><td>Enable</td></tr> <tr> <td>0x1</td><td>Disable</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Value	Description	0x0	Enable	0x1	Disable	0x0				
Value	Description													
0x0	Enable													
0x1	Disable													
[6]	RW	VSEL1_PIN2REG_DIS	<p>Mask CH1_VSEL update by VSEL1 pin. CH1_VSEL is updated to VSEL1 pin level when this bit is cleared.</p> <table> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th><th>Description</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0x0</td><td>Enable</td></tr> <tr> <td>0x1</td><td>Disable</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Value	Description	0x0	Enable	0x1	Disable	0x0				
Value	Description													
0x0	Enable													
0x1	Disable													
[5]	RW	CH2_MAXPH_VSEL_HI	<p>CH2 phase operation mode select, when CH2_VSEL is 1.</p> <table> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th><th>Description</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0x0</td><td>1 phase</td></tr> <tr> <td>0x1</td><td>Full phase</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Value	Description	0x0	1 phase	0x1	Full phase	0x1				
Value	Description													
0x0	1 phase													
0x1	Full phase													
[4]	RW	CH2_MAXPH_VSEL_LO	<p>CH2 phase operation mode select, when CH2_VSEL is 0.</p> <table> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th><th>Description</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0x0</td><td>1 phase</td></tr> <tr> <td>0x1</td><td>Full phase</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Value	Description	0x0	1 phase	0x1	Full phase	0x1				
Value	Description													
0x0	1 phase													
0x1	Full phase													
[3:2]	RW	CH1_MAXPH_VSEL_HI	<p>CH1 phase operation mode select, when CH1_VSEL is 1.</p> <table> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th><th>Description</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0x0</td><td>1 phase</td></tr> <tr> <td>0x1</td><td>2 phase</td></tr> <tr> <td>0x2</td><td>Reserved</td></tr> <tr> <td>0x3</td><td>Full phase</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Value	Description	0x0	1 phase	0x1	2 phase	0x2	Reserved	0x3	Full phase	0x3
Value	Description													
0x0	1 phase													
0x1	2 phase													
0x2	Reserved													
0x3	Full phase													
[1:0]	RW	CH1_MAXPH_VSEL_LO	<p>CH1 phase operation mode select, when CH1_VSEL is 0.</p> <table> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th><th>Description</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0x0</td><td>1 phase</td></tr> <tr> <td>0x1</td><td>2 phase</td></tr> <tr> <td>0x2</td><td>Reserved</td></tr> <tr> <td>0x3</td><td>Full phase</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Value	Description	0x0	1 phase	0x1	2 phase	0x2	Reserved	0x3	Full phase	0x3
Value	Description													
0x0	1 phase													
0x1	2 phase													
0x2	Reserved													
0x3	Full phase													

Table 23. PMC_CTRL_03 (0x09)

Bit	Type	Field Name	Description	Reset										
[7:6]	RW	CH2_MODE_VSEL_HI	<p>CH2 BUCK operation mode, when CH2_VSEL is 1.</p> <table> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th><th>Description</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0x0</td><td>PFM</td></tr> <tr> <td>0x1</td><td>Full-phase PWM</td></tr> <tr> <td>0x2</td><td>PWM mode, with auto-transition between single/full-phase (phase-shedding).</td></tr> <tr> <td>0x3</td><td>Auto-transition (AUTO) mode, with PFM, single, and full-phase transitions.</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Value	Description	0x0	PFM	0x1	Full-phase PWM	0x2	PWM mode, with auto-transition between single/full-phase (phase-shedding).	0x3	Auto-transition (AUTO) mode, with PFM, single, and full-phase transitions.	0x3
Value	Description													
0x0	PFM													
0x1	Full-phase PWM													
0x2	PWM mode, with auto-transition between single/full-phase (phase-shedding).													
0x3	Auto-transition (AUTO) mode, with PFM, single, and full-phase transitions.													
[5:4]	RW	CH2_MODE_VSEL_LO	<p>CH2 BUCK operation mode, when CH2_VSEL is 0.</p> <table> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th><th>Description</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0x0</td><td>PFM</td></tr> <tr> <td>0x1</td><td>Full-phase PWM</td></tr> <tr> <td>0x2</td><td>PWM mode, with auto-transition between single/full-phase (phase-shedding).</td></tr> <tr> <td>0x3</td><td>Auto-transition (AUTO) mode, with PFM, single, and full-phase transitions.</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Value	Description	0x0	PFM	0x1	Full-phase PWM	0x2	PWM mode, with auto-transition between single/full-phase (phase-shedding).	0x3	Auto-transition (AUTO) mode, with PFM, single, and full-phase transitions.	0x3
Value	Description													
0x0	PFM													
0x1	Full-phase PWM													
0x2	PWM mode, with auto-transition between single/full-phase (phase-shedding).													
0x3	Auto-transition (AUTO) mode, with PFM, single, and full-phase transitions.													
[3:2]	RW	CH1_MODE_VSEL_HI	<p>CH1 BUCK operation mode, when CH1_VSEL is 1.</p> <table> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th><th>Description</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0x0</td><td>PFM</td></tr> <tr> <td>0x1</td><td>Full-phase PWM</td></tr> <tr> <td>0x2</td><td>PWM mode, with auto-transition between single/full-phase (phase-shedding).</td></tr> <tr> <td>0x3</td><td>Auto-transition (AUTO) mode, with PFM, single, and full-phase transitions.</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Value	Description	0x0	PFM	0x1	Full-phase PWM	0x2	PWM mode, with auto-transition between single/full-phase (phase-shedding).	0x3	Auto-transition (AUTO) mode, with PFM, single, and full-phase transitions.	0x3
Value	Description													
0x0	PFM													
0x1	Full-phase PWM													
0x2	PWM mode, with auto-transition between single/full-phase (phase-shedding).													
0x3	Auto-transition (AUTO) mode, with PFM, single, and full-phase transitions.													
[1:0]	RW	CH1_MODE_VSEL_LO	<p>CH1 BUCK operation mode, when CH1_VSEL is 0.</p> <table> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th><th>Description</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0x0</td><td>PFM</td></tr> <tr> <td>0x1</td><td>Full-phase PWM</td></tr> <tr> <td>0x2</td><td>PWM mode, with auto-transition between single/full-phase (phase-shedding).</td></tr> <tr> <td>0x3</td><td>Auto-transition (AUTO) mode, with PFM, single, and full-phase transitions.</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Value	Description	0x0	PFM	0x1	Full-phase PWM	0x2	PWM mode, with auto-transition between single/full-phase (phase-shedding).	0x3	Auto-transition (AUTO) mode, with PFM, single, and full-phase transitions.	0x3
Value	Description													
0x0	PFM													
0x1	Full-phase PWM													
0x2	PWM mode, with auto-transition between single/full-phase (phase-shedding).													
0x3	Auto-transition (AUTO) mode, with PFM, single, and full-phase transitions.													

6.2.3 Output Voltage

Table 24. PMC_VOUT_CH1_00 (0x0A)

Bit	Type	Field Name	Description	Reset																												
[7:0]	RW	CH1_VOUT_VSEL_LO	<p>CH1 output voltage setting (V), when CH1_VSEL is 0. (Note 1)</p> <table> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0x00</td> <td>Reserved</td> </tr> <tr> <td>...</td> <td>...</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0x3B</td> <td>Reserved</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0x3C</td> <td>0.300</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0x3D</td> <td>0.305</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0x3E</td> <td>0.310</td> </tr> <tr> <td>...</td> <td>...</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0xA2</td> <td>0.810</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0xA3</td> <td>0.815</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0xA4</td> <td>0.820</td> </tr> <tr> <td>...</td> <td>...</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0xFE</td> <td>1.270</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0xFF</td> <td>1.275</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Value	Description	0x00	Reserved	0x3B	Reserved	0x3C	0.300	0x3D	0.305	0x3E	0.310	0xA2	0.810	0xA3	0.815	0xA4	0.820	0xFE	1.270	0xFF	1.275	0xA3
Value	Description																															
0x00	Reserved																															
...	...																															
0x3B	Reserved																															
0x3C	0.300																															
0x3D	0.305																															
0x3E	0.310																															
...	...																															
0xA2	0.810																															
0xA3	0.815																															
0xA4	0.820																															
...	...																															
0xFE	1.270																															
0xFF	1.275																															

Table 25. PMC_VOUT_CH1_01 (0x0B)

Bit	Type	Field Name	Description	Reset																												
[7:0]	RW	CH1_VOUT_VSEL_HI	<p>CH1 output voltage setting (V), when CH1_VSEL is 1. (Note 1)</p> <table> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0x00</td> <td>Reserved</td> </tr> <tr> <td>...</td> <td>...</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0x3B</td> <td>Reserved</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0x3C</td> <td>0.300</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0x3D</td> <td>0.305</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0x3E</td> <td>0.310</td> </tr> <tr> <td>...</td> <td>...</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0xA2</td> <td>0.810</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0xA3</td> <td>0.815</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0xA4</td> <td>0.820</td> </tr> <tr> <td>...</td> <td>...</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0xFE</td> <td>1.270</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0xFF</td> <td>1.275</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Value	Description	0x00	Reserved	0x3B	Reserved	0x3C	0.300	0x3D	0.305	0x3E	0.310	0xA2	0.810	0xA3	0.815	0xA4	0.820	0xFE	1.270	0xFF	1.275	0xA3
Value	Description																															
0x00	Reserved																															
...	...																															
0x3B	Reserved																															
0x3C	0.300																															
0x3D	0.305																															
0x3E	0.310																															
...	...																															
0xA2	0.810																															
0xA3	0.815																															
0xA4	0.820																															
...	...																															
0xFE	1.270																															
0xFF	1.275																															

Table 26. PMC_VOUT_CH2_00 (0x0C)

Bit	Type	Field Name	Description	Reset
[7:0]	RW	CH2_VOUT_VSEL_LO	CH2 output voltage setting (V), when CH2_VSEL is 0. (Note 2)	0xA3
			Value Description	
		Value	Description	
		0x00	Reserved	
		
		0x3B	Reserved	
		0x3C	0.300	
		0x3D	0.305	
		0x3E	0.310	
		
		0xA2	0.810	
		0xA3	0.815	
		0xA4	0.820	
		
		0xFE	1.270	
		0xFF	1.275	

Table 27. PMC_VOUT_CH2_01 (0x0D)

Bit	Type	Field Name	Description	Reset
[7:0]	RW	CH2_VOUT_VSEL_HI	CH2 output voltage setting (V), when CH2_VSEL is 1. (Note 2)	0xA3
			Value Description	
		Value	Description	
		0x00	Reserved	
		
		0x3B	Reserved	
		0x3C	0.300	
		0x3D	0.305	
		0x3E	0.310	
		
		0xA2	0.810	
		0xA3	0.815	
		0xA4	0.820	
		
		0xFE	1.270	
		0xFF	1.275	

Note 1 When CH1_VSTEP = 1, output voltage is doubled and limited to 1.90 V (0xBE~0xFF = 1.90 V).

Note 2 When CH2_VSTEP = 1, output voltage is doubled and limited to 1.90 V (0xBE~0xFF = 1.90 V).

6.2.4 Others

Table 28. PMC_CFG_00 (0x0E)

Bit	Type	Field Name	Description	Reset
[7]	RW	VSEL2_PD	Enable pull-down of VSEL2 pin. Value Description 0x0 Disable 0x1 Enable	0x0
[6]	RW	VSEL1_PD	Enable pull-down of VSEL1 pin. Value Description 0x0 Disable 0x1 Enable	0x0
[5]	RW	EN2_PD	Enable pull-down of EN2 pin. Value Description 0x0 Disable 0x1 Enable	0x0
[4]	RW	EN1_PD	Enable pull-down of EN1 pin. Value Description 0x0 Disable 0x1 Enable	0x0
[3]	RW	VSEL2_EN	Enable VSEL2 pin. Value Description 0x0 Disable 0x1 Enable	0x0
[2]	RW	VSEL1_EN	Enable VSEL1 pin. Value Description 0x0 Disable 0x1 Enable	0x0
[1]	RW	EN2_EN	Enable EN2 pin. Value Description 0x0 Disable 0x1 Enable	0x0
[0]	RW	EN1_EN	Enable EN1 pin. Value Description 0x0 Disable 0x1 Enable	0x0

Table 29. PMC_CFG_01 (0x0F)

Bit	Type	Field Name	Description	Reset
[6:4]	RW	CH2_ILIM	CH2 current limit setting per phase (A). Value Description 0x0 7.5 0x1 10.0 0x2 12.5 0x3 15.0 0x4 17.5 0x5 20.0 0x6 22.5 0x7 Reserved	0x4
[2:0]	RW	CH1_ILIM	CH1 current limit setting per phase (A). Value Description 0x0 7.5 0x1 10.0 0x2 12.5 0x3 15.0 0x4 17.5 0x5 20.0 0x6 22.5 0x7 Reserved	0x4

Table 30. PMC_CFG_02 (0x10)

Bit	Type	Field Name	Description	Reset
[7:6]	RW	VSEL2_DEB_FALL	VSEL2 input pin debounce time on fall edge. Value Description 0x0 Off 0x1 10 us 0x2 100 us 0x3 1 ms	0x0
[5:4]	RW	VSEL2_DEB_RISE	VSEL2 input pin debounce time on rise edge. Value Description 0x0 Off 0x1 10 us 0x2 100 us 0x3 1 ms	0x0
[3:2]	RW	VSEL1_DEB_FALL	VSEL1 input pin debounce time on fall edge. Value Description 0x0 Off	0x0

Bit	Type	Field Name	Description	Reset
			0x1 10 us 0x2 100 us 0x3 1 ms	
[1:0]	RW	VSEL1_DEB_RISE	VSEL1 input pin debounce time on rise edge. Value Description 0x0 Off 0x1 10 us 0x2 100 us 0x3 1 ms	0x0

Table 31. PMC_CFG_03 (0x11)

Bit	Type	Field Name	Description	Reset
[7:6]	RW	EN2_DEB_FALL	EN2 input pin debounce time on fall edge. Value Description 0x0 Off 0x1 10 us 0x2 100 us 0x3 1 ms	0x1
[5:4]	RW	EN2_DEB_RISE	EN2 input pin debounce time on rise edge. Value Description 0x0 Off 0x1 10 us 0x2 100 us 0x3 1 ms	0x1
[3:2]	RW	EN1_DEB_FALL	EN1 input pin debounce time on fall edge. Value Description 0x0 Off 0x1 10 us 0x2 100 us 0x3 1 ms	0x1
[1:0]	RW	EN1_DEB_RISE	EN1 input pin debounce time on rise edge. Value Description 0x0 Off 0x1 10 us 0x2 100 us 0x3 1 ms	0x1

Table 32. PMC_CFG_04 (0x12)

Bit	Type	Field Name	Description	Reset
[7:6]	RW	CH2_SR_SHUTDOWN	CH2 active shutdown output voltage slew-rate setting (mV/us). (Note 1) Value Description 0x0 0.625 0x1 1.25 0x2 2.50 0x3 5.00	0x3
[5:4]	RW	CH2_SR_STARTUP	CH2 soft-start output voltage slew-rate setting (mV/us). (Note 1) Value Description 0x0 0.625 0x1 1.25 0x2 2.50 0x3 5.00	0x3
[3:2]	RW	CH1_SR_SHUTDOWN	CH1 active shutdown output voltage slew-rate setting (mV/us). (Note 1) Value Description 0x0 0.625 0x1 1.25 0x2 2.50 0x3 5.00	0x3
[1:0]	RW	CH1_SR_STARTUP	CH1 soft-start output voltage slew-rate setting (mV/us). (Note 1) Value Description 0x0 0.625 0x1 1.25 0x2 2.50 0x3 5.00	0x3

Note 1 Slew-rate is doubled when CH<x>_VSTEP = 1.

Table 33. PMC_CFG_05 (0x13)

Bit	Type	Field Name	Description	Reset
[7:6]	RW	CH2_SR_DOWN	CH2 DVC ramp-down slew-rate setting (mV/us). (Note 1) Value Description 0x0 1.25 0x1 2.50 0x2 5.00 0x3 10.00	0x3
[5:4]	RW	CH2_SR_UP	CH2 DVC ramp-up slew-rate setting (mV/us). (Note 1) Value Description 0x0 1.25 0x1 2.50 0x2 5.00 0x3 10.00	0x3
[3:2]	RW	CH1_SR_DOWN	CH1 DVC ramp-down slew-rate setting (mV/us). (Note 1) Value Description 0x0 1.25 0x1 2.50 0x2 5.00 0x3 10.00	0x3
[1:0]	RW	CH1_SR_UP	CH1 DVC ramp-up slew-rate setting (mV/us). (Note 1) Value Description 0x0 1.25 0x1 2.50 0x2 5.00 0x3 10.00	0x3

Note 1 Slew-rate is doubled when CH<x>_VSTEP = 1.

Table 34. PMC_CFG_06 (0x14)

Bit	Type	Field Name	Description	Reset
[7]	RO	I2C_TMR_EN	Enable 30 ms timeout if SCL stops during I ² C transaction. (Note 1) Value Description 0x0 Disable I ² C timeout 0x1 Enable I ² C timeout	0x0
[6]	RO	VOUT_MAX_CFG	VOUT limit setting when VSTEP = 0. (Note 2) Value Description 0x0 Max VOUT is 1.275 V 0x1 Max VOUT is 0.950 V	0x0

Bit	Type	Field Name	Description	Reset										
[5]	RW	PG_OV_MASK	<p>Exclude OV from power-good condition.</p> <table> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th><th>Description</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0x0</td><td>OV condition sets PG low</td></tr> <tr> <td>0x1</td><td>OV condition has no effect on PG</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Value	Description	0x0	OV condition sets PG low	0x1	OV condition has no effect on PG	0x0				
Value	Description													
0x0	OV condition sets PG low													
0x1	OV condition has no effect on PG													
[4]	RW	OC_DVC_MASK	<p>Over-current event mask during DVC.</p> <table> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th><th>Description</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0x0</td><td>No mask</td></tr> <tr> <td>0x1</td><td>Mask OC during DVC</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Value	Description	0x0	No mask	0x1	Mask OC during DVC	0x0				
Value	Description													
0x0	No mask													
0x1	Mask OC during DVC													
[3:2]	RW	PB_CFG	<p>Power-bad (PB) output configuration.</p> <table> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th><th>Description</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0x0</td><td>Power-bad</td></tr> <tr> <td>0x1</td><td>Power-good with mask when disabled</td></tr> <tr> <td>0x2</td><td>Power-good with mask during start-up</td></tr> <tr> <td>0x3</td><td>Power-good</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Value	Description	0x0	Power-bad	0x1	Power-good with mask when disabled	0x2	Power-good with mask during start-up	0x3	Power-good	0x0
Value	Description													
0x0	Power-bad													
0x1	Power-good with mask when disabled													
0x2	Power-good with mask during start-up													
0x3	Power-good													
[1:0]	RW	PG_DVC_MASK	<p>Power-good mask during DVC.</p> <table> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th><th>Description</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0x0</td><td>No mask</td></tr> <tr> <td>0x1</td><td>Mask as not power good during DVC</td></tr> <tr> <td>0x2</td><td>Mask as power good during DVC</td></tr> <tr> <td>0x3</td><td>Reserved</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Value	Description	0x0	No mask	0x1	Mask as not power good during DVC	0x2	Mask as power good during DVC	0x3	Reserved	0x0
Value	Description													
0x0	No mask													
0x1	Mask as not power good during DVC													
0x2	Mask as power good during DVC													
0x3	Reserved													

Note 1 Counting starts after Slave ID is detected. SCL toggle is being monitored.

Note 2 Invalid when VSTEP = 1.

Table 35. PMC_CFG_07 (0x15)

Bit	Type	Field Name	Description	Reset						
[6]	RW	E_CLR_CFG	<p>Event flag clear configuration. (Note 1)</p> <table> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th><th>Description</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0x0</td><td>Event flags are not cleared on CE rise nor UVLO release.</td></tr> <tr> <td>0x1</td><td>Event flags are cleared on CE rise or UVLO release.</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Value	Description	0x0	Event flags are not cleared on CE rise nor UVLO release.	0x1	Event flags are cleared on CE rise or UVLO release.	0x0
Value	Description									
0x0	Event flags are not cleared on CE rise nor UVLO release.									
0x1	Event flags are cleared on CE rise or UVLO release.									
[5]	RO	PWM_FREQ	BUCK PWM switching frequency option (MHz).	0x0						
			<table> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th><th>Description</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0x0</td><td>3</td></tr> <tr> <td>0x1</td><td>4</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Value	Description	0x0	3	0x1	4	
Value	Description									
0x0	3									
0x1	4									
[4]	RW	PFM_FREQ	BUCK PFM switching frequency option.	0x0						
			<table> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th><th>Description</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0x0</td><td>Frequency limiting off</td></tr> <tr> <td>0x1</td><td>Switching above 25kHz</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Value	Description	0x0	Frequency limiting off	0x1	Switching above 25kHz	
Value	Description									
0x0	Frequency limiting off									
0x1	Switching above 25kHz									
[3]	RW	SSPECTRUM	PMIC operates on spread-spectrum clock.	0x0						

Bit	Type	Field Name	Description	Reset
			Value Description 0x0 Disabled 0x1 Enabled	
[2]	RW	TW_CFG	Configuration for BUCK startup mask by junction temperature status. Value Description 0x0 BUCK start-up waits for S_TEMP_WARN to be cleared 0x1 BUCK start-up waits for S_TEMP_CRIT to be cleared	0x0
[1:0]	RW	TEMP_WARN_SEL	Junction temperature warning level select (degree-Celsius). Value Description 0x0 125 0x1 110 0x2 95 0x3 80	0x0

Note 1 AVDD lost causes event flag clear.

Table 36. PMC_CFG_08 (0x16)

Bit	Type	Field Name	Description	Reset
[6]	RW	PB_SEL2	PB_N pin output enable for CH2 power-bad. Value Description 0x0 Disabled 0x1 CH2 power-bad	0x0
[5]	RW	PB_SEL1	PB_N pin output enable for CH1 power-bad. Value Description 0x0 Disabled 0x1 CH1 power-bad	0x0
[4]	RW	PB_SEL0	PB_N pin output enable for S_TEMP_WARN. Value Description 0x0 Disabled 0x1 S_TEMP_WARN	0x0
[2]	RW	TW_SEL2	TW_N pin output enable for CH2 power-bad. Value Description 0x0 Disabled 0x1 CH2 power-bad	0x0
[1]	RW	TW_SEL1	TW_N pin output enable for CH1 power-bad. Value Description 0x0 Disabled 0x1 CH1 power-bad	0x0

Bit	Type	Field Name	Description	Reset
[0]	RW	TW_SEL0	TW_N pin output enable for S_TEMP_WARN. Value Description 0x0 Disabled 0x1 S_TEMP_WARN	0x0

Table 37. PMC_CFG_09 (0x17)

Bit	Type	Field Name	Description	Reset
[7:6]	RW	PB_N_FALL	PB_N output pin debounce time on fall edge. Value Description 0x0 off 0x1 10 us 0x2 100 us 0x3 1 ms	0x1
[5:4]	RW	PB_N_RISE	PB_N output pin debounce time on rise edge. Value Description 0x0 off 0x1 10 us 0x2 100 us 0x3 1 ms	0x1
[3:2]	RW	TW_N_FALL	TW_N output pin debounce time on fall edge. Value Description 0x0 off 0x1 10 us 0x2 100 us 0x3 1 ms	0x1
[1:0]	RW	TW_N_RISE	TW_N output pin debounce time on rise edge. Value Description 0x0 off 0x1 10 us 0x2 100 us 0x3 1 ms	0x1

Table 38. PMC_CFG_0A (0x18)

Bit	Type	Field Name	Description	Reset
[7:1]	RW	I2C_SLAVE	I2C slave ID.	0x69
0	RW	I2C_FMP	I2C Fast-mode option Value Description 0x0 Standard or Fast-mode 0x1 Fast-mode-plus	0x0

6.2.5 Device ID

Table 39. PMC_DEV_ID (0x19)

Bit	Type	Field Name	Description	Reset
[7:0]	RO	DEV_ID	Device ID.	0xEA

Table 40. PMC_REV_ID (0x1A)

Bit	Type	Field Name	Description	Reset
[7:4]	RO	MRC_ID	Mask revision code.	0x2
[3:0]	RO	VRC_ID	Chip variant code; e.g. package variants.	0x0

Table 41. PMC_CFG_REV (0x1B)

Bit	Type	Field Name	Description	Reset
[7:0]	RO	CFG_REV	OTP variant code.	0x0

7. Package Information

7.1 Package Outlines

The package outline drawings are located at the end of this document and are accessible from the Renesas website. The package information is the most current data available and is subject to change without revision of this document.

7.2 Moisture Sensitivity Level

The Moisture Sensitivity Level (MSL) is an indicator for the maximum allowable time period (floor lifetime) in which a moisture sensitive plastic device, once removed from the dry bag, can be exposed to an environment with a specified maximum temperature and a maximum relative humidity before the solder reflow process. The MSL classification is defined in [Table 42](#).

For detailed information on MSL levels refer to the IPC/JEDEC standard J-STD-020, which can be downloaded from <http://www.jedec.org>.

The DA9292 package is qualified for MSL1.

Table 42. MSL Classification

MSL Level	Floor Lifetime	Conditions
MSL 4	72 hours	30 °C / 60 % RH
MSL 3	168 hours	30 °C / 60 % RH
MSL 2A	4 weeks	30 °C / 60 % RH
MSL 2	1 year	30 °C / 60 % RH
MSL 1	Unlimited	30 °C / 85 % RH

7.3 WLCSP Handling

Manual handling of WLCSP packages should be reduced to the absolute minimum. In cases where it is still necessary, a vacuum pick-up tool should be used. In extreme cases plastic tweezers could be used, but metal tweezers are not acceptable, since contact may easily damage the silicon chip.

Removal of a WLCSP package will cause damage to the solder balls. Therefore, a removed sample cannot be reused.

WLCSP packages are sensitive to visible and infrared light. Precautions should be taken to properly shield the chip in the final product.

7.4 Soldering Information

Refer to the IPC/JEDEC standard J-STD-020 for relevant soldering information. This document can be downloaded from <http://www.jedec.org>.

8. Ordering Information

The ordering number consists of the part number followed by a suffix indicating the packing method. For details and availability of OTP variants, please consult your Renesas [local sales representative](#).

Table 43. Ordering Information

Part Number	Package Description (RoHS Compliant)	Pkg. Dwg. #	Carrier Type	Temperature Range
DA9292-xxOV2	54 lead, 2.48 x 3.68 mm WLCSP	54-WLCSP	Reel, 10 k	-40 °C to +85 °C
DA9292-xxOVC			Reel, 1 k	

Part Number Legend:

xx: OTP variant

9. Application Information

The following recommended components and typical buck performance are references selected from requirements of a typical application.

9.1 Capacitor Selection

Ceramic capacitors are used as bypass capacitors at all VDD and output rails. When selecting a capacitor, especially for types with high capacitance at smallest physical dimension, the DC bias characteristic has to be taken into account.

Table 44. Recommended Capacitor Types

Application	Value	Size	Temp. Char.	Tol. (%)	V-rate	Type
V _{OUT} output bypass	10 µF	0402	X5R	±20	6.3 V	Murata GRM155R60J106ME15D
V _{DDx} bypass	0.1 µF	0402	X7R	±10	16 V	Murata GCM155R71C104KA55D
	10 µF	0402	X5R	±20	10 V	Samsung Electro-Mechanics CL05A106MP8NUB8
	10 µF	0402	X5R	±20	10 V	Murata GRM155R61A106ME11D
AVDD bypass	1 µF	0201	X5R	±20	10 V	Murata GRM033R61A105ME15D

9.2 Inductor Selection

Inductors should be selected based on the following parameters:

- Rated maximum current

Usually, a coil provides two current limits: ISAT specifies the maximum current at which the inductance drops by 30 % of the nominal value, and IMAX is defined by the maximum power dissipation and is applied to the effective current.

- DC resistance

Critical for the converter efficiency and should therefore be minimized.

Fully shielded inductor is highly recommended to use. The typical recommended output inductance is 0.1 µH per phase. Use of larger output inductance degrades the load transient performance of the buck converter.

Table 45. Recommended Inductor Types

Value (µH)	Size (mm)	I _{MAX} (DC) (A)	I _{SAT} (A)	Tol. (%)	DC resistance (mΩ)	Type
0.1	2.5 x 2.0 x 1.2	12	12	±20	4.0	TDK TMS252012ALM-R10MTAA

A ECAD Design Information

This appendix contains information that supports the development of the PCB ECAD model for this device. It is intended to be used by PCB designers.

A.1 Part Number Indexing

Orderable Part Number	Number of Pins	Package Type	Package Code/POD Number
DA9292-xxOV2	54	WLCSP	WB0054AC / PSC-5134-01
DA9292-xxOVC	54	WLCSP	WB0054AC / PSC-5134-01

1. xx: OTP variant

A.2 Symbol Pin Information

A.2.1 54-WLCSP

Pin Number	Primary Pin Name	Primary Electrical Type	Alternate Pin Name(s)
A1	VDD1	Power	-
A2	LX1	Power	-
A3	GND1	Power	-
A4	GND2	Power	-
A5	LX2	Power	-
A6	VDD2	Power	-
B1	VDD1	Power	-
B2	LX1	Power	-
B3	GND1	Power	-
B4	GND2	Power	-
B5	LX2	Power	-
B6	VDD2	Power	-
C1	VDD1	Power	-
C2	LX1	Power	-
C3	GND1	Power	-
C4	GND2	Power	-
C5	LX2	Power	-
C6	VDD2	Power	-
D1	FBN1	Input	-
D2	EN1	Input	-
D3	VSEL1	Input	-
D4	INT_N	Output	-
D5	TW_N	Output	-
D6	VDDIO	Power	-
E1	FBP1	Input	-
E2	AGND	Power	-
E3	SCL	Input	-

Pin Number	Primary Pin Name	Primary Electrical Type	Alternate Pin Name(s)
E4	SDA	I/O	-
E5	CE	Input	-
E6	FBP2	Input	-
F1	AVDD	Power	-
F2	PB_N	Output	-
F3	CONF	Input	-
F4	VSEL2	Input	-
F5	EN2	Input	-
F6	FBN2	Input	-
G1	VDD3	Power	-
G2	LX3	Power	-
G3	GND3	Power	-
G4	GND4	Power	-
G5	LX4	Power	-
G6	VDD4	Power	-
H1	VDD3	Power	-
H2	LX3	Power	-
H3	GND3	Power	-
H4	GND4	Power	-
H5	LX4	Power	-
H6	VDD4	Power	-
J1	VDD3	Power	-
J2	LX3	Power	-
J3	GND3	Power	-
J4	GND4	Power	-
J5	LX4	Power	-
J6	VDD4	Power	-

A.3 Symbol Parameters

Orderable Part Number	Interface	Max Junction Temperature (T _j)	Max Input Voltage	Min Input Voltage	Max Operating Temperature	Min Operating Temperature	Max Output Current	Max Output Voltage	Min Output Voltage	Mounting Type	Qualification	RoHS	Switching Frequency
DA9292-xxOV2	I ₂ C	+150 °C	5.5 V	2.2 V	+85 °C	-40 °C	20 A	1.9 V	0.3 V	SMD	Industrial	Compliant	3 MHz
DA9292-xxOVC	I ₂ C	+150 °C	5.5 V	2.2 V	+85 °C	-40 °C	20 A	1.9 V	0.3 V	SMD	Industrial	Compliant	3 MHz

A.4 Footprint Design Information

A.4.1 54-WLCSP

IPC Footprint Type	Package Code/ POD Number	Number of Pins
WLCSP	WB0054AC / PSC-5134-01	54

Description	Dimension	Value (mm)	Diagram
Minimum body Length (vertical side)	Dmin	3.66	
Maximum body Length (vertical side)	Dmax	3.70	
Average length of grid (vertical side)	D1ave	3.2	
Minimum body Width (horizontal side)	Emin	2.46	
Maximum body Width (horizontal side)	Emax	2.50	
Average length of grid (horizontal side)	E1ave	2	
Minimum Standoff Height	A1min	0.175	
Maximum Height	Amax	0.550	
Average ball diameter	Bnom	0.270	
Distance between the center of any two adjacent balls (vertical side)	PitchD	0.40	
Distance between the center of any two adjacent balls (horizontal side)	PitchE	0.40	
P = Plain Grid, S = Staggered Grid	GridType	P	
F = Full Matrix, P = Perimeter, SD = Selectively Depopulated, TE = Thermally Enhanced	MatrixType	F	
Number of balls (vertical side)	Rows	9	
Number of balls (horizontal side)	Columns	6	
Maximum number of ball positions (Rows x Columns)	Nmax	54	
Number of actual balls present	PinCount	54	

Recommended Land Pattern			
Description	Dimension	Value (mm)	Diagram
Diameter of pad. If specified this overrides the calculated value. This can be used to specify a manufacturer's recommended pad size.	X	0.221	
Solder Mask Expansion.	S	0.321	



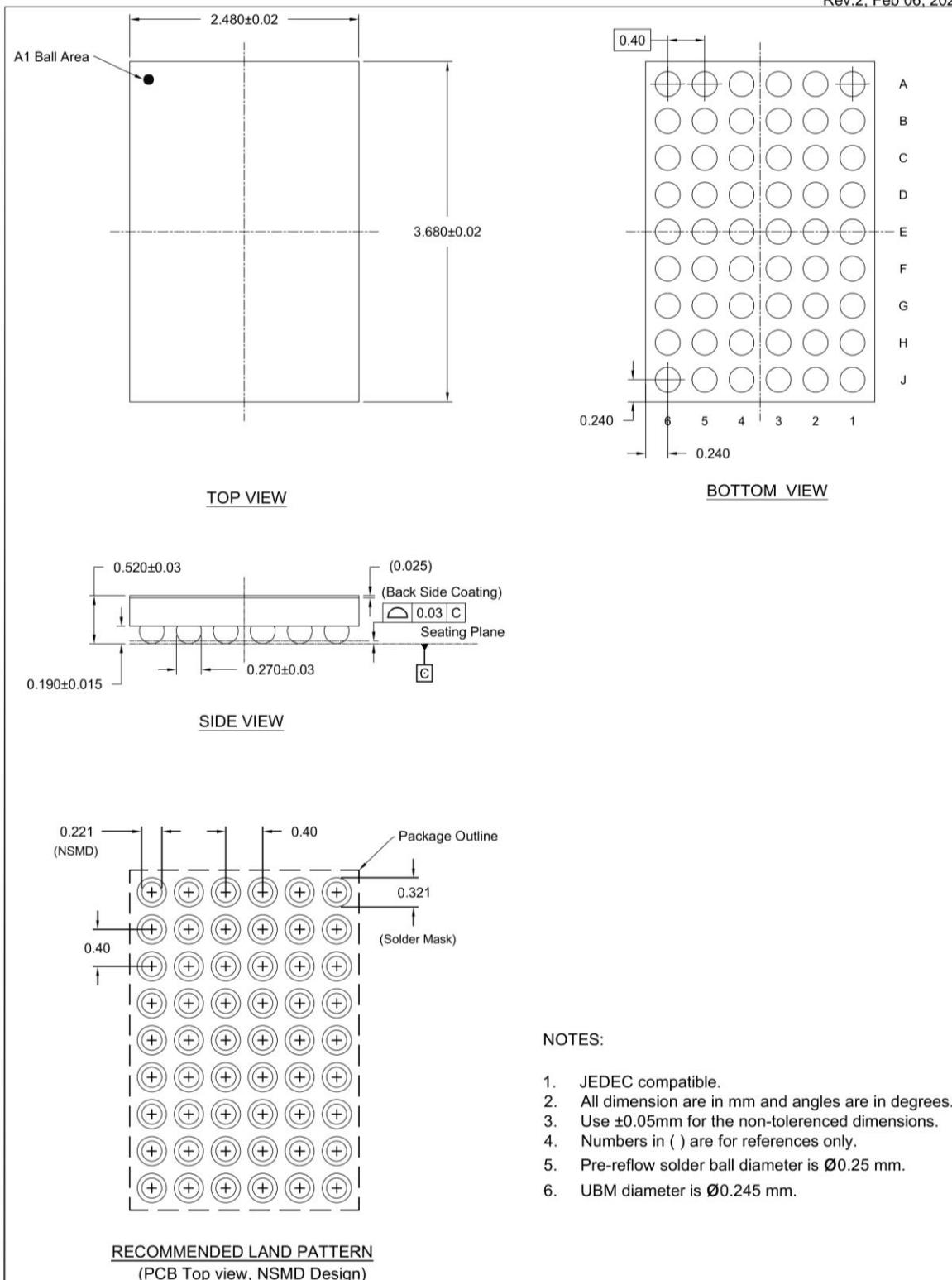
Package Outline Drawing

PSC-5134-01

Package Code:WB0054AC

54-WLCSP 2.480 x 3.680 x 0.520 mm Body, 0.40 mm Pitch

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