

Integrated Development Environment e² studio

How to automate CUnit tests in e² studio and Jenkins

Introduction

Describes how to provide automatic continuous integration of Renesas e² studio projects utilizing Git, Jenkins and CUnit tests. This document references the following series of how to Application Notes. The user is advised to have these Applications Notes available and open to refer to the various sections.

- Application Note: How to use EGit in e² studio
 Integrated Development Environment e² studio: How to use EGit in e² studio (renesas.com)
- Application Note: How to use Jenkins to automate build and report How to use Jenkins to automate build and report (renesas.com)
- Application Note: How to use CUnit in e² studio
 <u>Integrated Development Environment e² studio: How to use CUnit in e² studio (renesas.com)</u>

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1. Overview

1.1 Background

Git is a version control system for tracking changes in source files. EGit is an Eclipse feature, which can be installed into Renesas e² studio, providing a user interface onto the most common Git workflows. The underlying mechanism that Git uses to allow collaboration between users' source code is the repository. The "How to use EGit in e² studio", Application Note (Integrated Development Environment e² studio: How to use EGit in e² studio (renesas.com)) describes installation of EGit, into Renesas e² studio, and its use.

Jenkins is an automation server and can be used to facilitate the building of developers' source code changes (continuous integration) when committed to the version control system, in our example, Git. The user interface to Jenkins is accessed from a standard web browser. It is highly configurable and supports many standard software tools through its use of plugins, for example generating reports from unit tests (automated test). Jenkins is a service that runs on the client or a server and is separate from Renesas e² studio. The "How to use Jenkins to automate build and report" Application Note (How to use Jenkins to automate build and report" installation and how to setup automatic continuous integration build jobs.

CUnit is a framework for writing and running unit tests in the C programming language. CUnit is built as a static library which is linked with the user's application and testing code. The "How to use CUnit in e² studio", Application Note (<u>Integrated Development Environment e² studio</u>: How to use CUnit in e² studio (<u>renesas.com</u>)) describes the process of writing tests to test the user's application code, using Renesas e² studio, in a form suitable for a Jenkins job to run automatically.

1.2 Purpose

In this document we consolidate the information presented in the EGit, Jenkins and CUnit usage Application Notes, using a worked example.

We'll create an empty git repository and using the SampleCUnit project example, described in <u>Integrated</u> <u>Development Environment e² studio: How to use CUnit in e² studio (renesas.com)</u>, we'll show the steps necessary to push it to this repository. We'll then setup a client-side Jenkins server, create and configure a single job which builds and runs the CUnit tests. The figure below depicts the process that is available once these steps have been completed.

1	e² studio	Author application and CUnit test	In Renesas e ² studio create the application and CUnit test(s) or make changes to an existing test.
2	🔶 git	Push change	Using EGit within Renesas e ² studio, push the changes into the remote Git repository.
3	Jenkins	Trigger	The Jenkins server is setup with a build and test job which periodically polls the remote Git repository to see if any changes have been pushed. Once changes are detected the build job is started.
4	Jenkins	Build	The build job pulls the latest changes from the remote Git repository into its workspace on the server and builds the SampleCUnit project.
5		Test	The SampleCUnit binary is then executed which runs the CUnit tests and generates a report.
6	Ť	Result report	In the Jenkins UI, the developer can inspect the test results.



1.3 Operating Environment

Renesas have confirmed the operation procedure explained in this document in the following environment.

OS	Windows 10 x64
IDE	e ² studio 2022-01
Jenkins	2.332.1
Git	2.35.1
CUnit	2.1.2

In this document uses the following target device and toolchain with an example project.

Target device	RX64M
Target toolchain	GCC for Renesas RX 8.3.0.202104-GNURX-ELF



2. Create CUnit Sample Project

This chapter describes the steps of the target project creation method.

2.1 Creating a project

Follow the steps described in <u>Integrated Development Environment e² studio</u>: How to use CUnit in e² studio (renesas.com), create CUnit library project "CUnit" and the test target project "SampleCUnit".

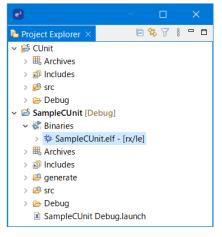


Figure 1

2.2 Modifying a project for automation test

To build a project in Jenkins, you have to make the project self-contained. Therefore, you need to link CUnit library as a static library. Also, in order to run unit tests for a project in Jenkins, you need to change the test results to be output to a file instead of being output to the console screen.

- 1) Copy the "Headers" folder of the CUnit project to the SampleCUnit project with following the steps below.
 - a. In the [Project Explorer] view, select (CUnit > src >) "Headers", hold down the Ctrl key and drag and drop it into "SampleCUnit".
 - b. The [File and Folder Operation] dialog is appeared. Check the [Copy files and folders] radio button and click the [OK] button.
- 2) Copy the "libCunit.a" file of the CUnit project to the SampleCUnit project with following the steps below.
 - a. In the [Project Explorer] view, select "SampleCUnit", and select context menu [New] > [Folder].
 - b. The [New Folder] dialog is appeared. Input "lib" to the [Folder name:] edit box and click the [Finish] button.
 - c. In the [Project Explorer] view, select (CUnit > Archives >) "libCUnit.a", hold down the Ctrl key and drag and drop it into (SampleCUnit >) "lib".
 - d. The [File Operation] dialog is appeared. Check the [Copy files] radio button and click the [OK] button.



Integrated Development Environment e² studio and Jenkins

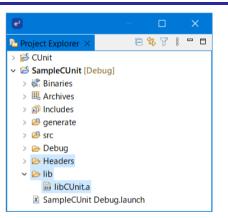


Figure 2

- In the [Project Explorer] view, select "SampleCUnit" and select menu [Project] > [C/C++ Project Settings].
- 4) The [Property: SampleCUnit] dialog is appeared. Select tree node "Compiler > Includes" on the [Tool Settings] tab. Replace "\${workspace_loc:/CUnit/Headers}" to "\${workspace_loc/\${ProjName}/Headers}" in the [Include file directories] list box.
- Select tree node "Linker > Source" and replace "\${workspace_loc:/CUnit/Debug/libCUnit.a}" to "\${workspace_loc:/\${ProjName}/lib/libCUnit.a}" in the [Additional input files] list box. Next, click [Apply and Close] button.
- 6) To set CUnit automatic mode, be sure to modify "SampleCUnit.c" file as follows.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "Basic.h"
int main (void):
extern AddTests();
int main(void)
{
  //\ \mbox{Define} the run mode for the basic interface
  // Verbose mode - maximum output of run details
  CU BasicRunMode mode = CU BRM VERBOSE;
  // Define error action
  // Runs should be continued when an error condition occurs (if possible)
  CU ErrorAction error action = CUEA IGNORE;
  // Initialize the framework test registry
  if (CU initialize registry()) {
   printf("Initialization of Test Registry failed.\n");
  else {
   // Call add test function
   AddTests();
   // Set the basic run mode, which controls the output during test runs
   CU_basic_set_mode(mode);
   // Set the error action
   CU set error action(error action);
   // Run all tests in all registered suites
   CU automated run tests();
   printf("Tests completed.\n");
    // Clean up and release memory used by the framework
```



```
CU_cleanup_registry();
}
return 0;
}
```

- 7) In the [Project Explorer] view, select "SampleCUnit" and select context menu [Build Project]. Build will be started. And make sure there are no errors.
- 8) In the [Project Explorer] view, select "SampleCUnit > Binary > SampleCUnit.elf" and select context menu [Show in Local Terminal] > [Terminal].
- 9) The [Terminal] view is appeared. Input "rx-elf-run SampleCUnit.elf" and push Enter key. You set CUnit automatic mode, the test result is not displayed on the [Terminal] view. "Debug/CUnitAutomated-Results.xml" file will be saved as the test result file.



3. Create Git Repository

This chapter describes the steps of the Remote/Local repository creation method.

3.1 Creating a remote repository

- 1) Launch Renesas e² studio and switch to the [Git] perspective and in the [Git Repositories] view, click the [Create a new Git Repositories and add it to this view] button on the toolbar.
- 2) The [Create a Git Repositories] dialog is appeared. Input the remote repository folder in the [Repository directory:] editbox, e.g. "\\192.168.0.43\Shared\git\remote\cunit".

Create a Git Repos	itory	—		×				
Create a New Git F								
Determine the direct	Determine the directory for the new repository							
Repository directory:	¥¥192.168.0.43¥Shared¥qit¥remote¥cunit		Bro	owse				
Default branch name:	master							
Create as bare rep	pository							
	Create		Cance	I				

Figure 3

3) Check the [Create as a bare repository] checkbox and click the [Create] button. If you select the [Create as a bare repository] checkbox, the new repository will not have a working directory. You can only add content by pushing changes from another repository.

Refer to: https://wiki.eclipse.org/EGit/User_Guide/3._Tasks#Bare_Repositories

This repository view can now be removed (not deleted) from the Git Repositories view because we will never work directly in this repository; it will always be via clones of this repository.

4) In the [Git Repositories] view, select "cunit" and press the [Delete] key. The [Delete Repository] message is appeared, click the [Remove from View] button.

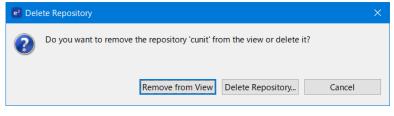


Figure 4

3.2 Creating a local repository

 Switch to the [Git] perspective. In the [Git Repositories] view, click [Clone a Git Repository and add the clone to this view] button. The [Clone Git Repository - Source Git Repository] dialog is appeared. Input the remote repository folder to [Repository path:] edit box and select "file" in [Protocol] combo box. And click [Next >] button.



Clone Git Repository – 🗆 X								
Source Git Repository Enter the location of the source repository.								
Location URI: file://¥¥192.168.0.43¥Shared¥git¥remote¥cunit Local Folder Local Bundle File Host: Repository path: ¥¥192.168.0.43¥Shared¥git¥remote¥cunit Connection Protocol: file Port: Authentication User: Password: Store in Secure Store								
? < Back Next > Finish Cancel								

Figure 5

- 2) In the [Clone Git Repository Branch Selection] dialog, click [Next >] button.
- 3) The [Clone Git Repository Local Destination] dialog is appeared. In the [Directory:] field enter the folder on the local repository, e.g. "C:\git\local\cunit", and click [Finish] button.

Clone Git R	epository				- 🗆	×
Local Destina Configure the	ation local storage loc	ation for cunit.			-	GIT
Destination Directory:	C:¥git¥local¥cı	unit¥cunit			Br	owse
Initial branch:						~
Configuration Remote name						
Projects		orojects after clone	finishes			
	ect to working s	ets			New	
Working set	5:			\sim	Select	
?		< Back	Next >	Finish	Canc	el

Figure 6

3.3 Starting version control of project

 Switch to the [C/C++] perspective. In the [Project Explorer] view, select "SampleCUnit" project, and click context menu [Team] > [Share Project...].



2) The [Share Project] dialog is appeared. Select the local repository in the [Repository] combo box and click [Finish] button.

😢 Share Project — 🗆								
Configure Git Repository Select an existing repository or create a new one								
Use or create	reposit	tory in parent folder of project						
Repository:		cunit - C:¥git¥local¥cunit¥cunit¥.git	~	Create				
Working tree:		C:¥git¥local¥cunit¥cunit						
Path within rep	ository:			Browse				
Project	Curren	t Location	Target Location					
🗹 🗁 Sampl	E:/e2_s	studio/workspace_test/SampleCUnit	C:/git/local/cunit/cunit/SampleCUnit					
?			Finish Ca	ancel				

Figure 7

- 3) Switch to the [Git] perspective. In the [Git Repositories] view, select "cunit".
- 4) In the [Git Staging] view, the new files in the project appeared in the [Unstaging Changes] list box.
- 5) Click [Add all files including not selected ones to the index] button on the [Unstaging Changes] list box. The items in the [Unstaging Changed] list box is moved to the [Staged Changed] list box. Then enter your message in the [Commit Message] edit box (e.g. Initial) and click the [Commit and Push...] button.
- 6) The [Push Results] dialog is appeared. Check the message and click the [Close] button.

B Push Results: cunit refs/heads/master - origin	×
Pushed to cunit refs/heads/master - origin	
	Ē
Repository file:///\\192.168.0.43\Shared\git\remote\cunit Configure	Close

Figure 8

The SampleCUnit project has been committed to the local repository and pushed to the remote repository.



4. Setup Jenkins client

This chapter describes how to install Git plug-in and xUnit plug-in in Jenkins.

4.1 Installing Git plugin

For Jenkin to recognize Git, you need to install the Git plug-in in Jenkin. Refer to the application note (<u>How to</u> <u>use Jenkins to automate build and report (renesas.com</u>)) to install the Git tool and Git plug-in.

- Git tool
- Gi plug-in

4.2 Installing xUnit plugin

The xUnit plug-in allows you to share the test results of running the test tool in Jenkins. CUnit creates a test report in automated mode, which xUnit helps to share the results with other members within Jenkins.

- 1) On the [Jenkins] page, click the [Jenkins Manager]. Next, click [Plugin Manager].
- 2) The [Plugin Manager] page is appeared. Click the [Available] tab and enter "xUnit" in the filter. The page content is filtered by "xUnit".

🏘 Jenkins	Q Search	⑦ ▲ admin → log out
Dashboard 🔸 Plugin Manager		
 ▲ Back to Dashboard ☆ Manage Jenkins 	Updates Available Installed Advanced	Q xUnit
	Install Name ↓	Released
	✓ XUnit 3.0.8 This plugin makes it possible to record xUnit test reports.	16 days ago
	TestComplete xUnit 1.1 This plugin is a xUnit Plugin extension that allows transforming To MHT test reports into xUnit format so they can be integrated with	
	Install without restart Download now and install after restart Upo	late information obtained: 13 sec ago Check now

Figure 9

- 3) Check the [xUnit] and click the [Install without restart] button. The installation will begin.
- 4) When the installation is complete, check the [Restart Jenkins when installation is completed and no jobs are running]. Jenkins will restart automatically.
- 5) Log in to Jenkins again.

Now xUnit is available in Jenkins.

4.3 Setting up environment variables

You must set the environment variables to ensure that the commands for the test job that you create later are correctly searched for and executed.

Follow these steps to set the environment variable Path:

1) On the [Jenkins] page, click the [Manage Jenkins], and then click the [System Settings].



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How to automate CUnit tests in e² studio

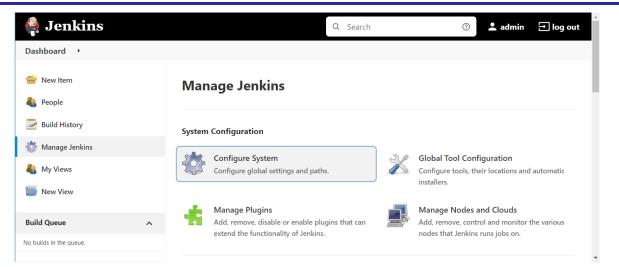


Figure 10

 The configuration page is appeared. Scroll to the [Global properties] and check the [Environment variables] check box. Specify the [Name] and [Value] as follows: [Name]: Path

[\	/alue]	: <	GCC	for F	Renesas	s RX	C/C++	Toolchain	installation	directory	<pre>>\rx-elf\rx-elf\bin;\$Path</pre>

Dashboard 🔸 configuration		
	Global properties	
	Environment variables List of variables ?	
	Name	
	Path	ļ
	Value	
	C:\Program Files (x86)\GCC for Renesas RX 8.3.0.202104-GNURX-ELF\rx-elf\xr-elf\bin;\$Path	
	Delete	
	Add	
	Save	



3) Click the [Save] button. Once saved, the [Dashboard] page is appeared.



5. Create Build and Test Jenkins Job

This chapter describes how to create jobs in Jenkins.

5.1 Creating Build job

- 1) On the [Jenkins] page, click the [New Item].
- 2) In the [Enter an item name] edit box, enter "Build_SampleCUnit" and click the [Freestyle project]. Then click the [OK] button.

🏘 Jenkins		Q Search	0	admin	→ log out
Dashboard 🕨					
	Enter an item name Build_SampleCUnit Provide Required field				
	Freestyle project This is the central feature of Jenkins. Jenkins will build you system, and this can be even used for something other th		build		
	ок				

Figure 12

- 3) A screen for setting advanced job settings is displayed.
- 4) Click the [Source Code Control] tab. The [Source Code Management] is appeared, so check the [Git] and specify the remote repository in the [Repository URL] edit box. If necessary, add your credentials.

Dashboard 🔸 Build	l_SampleCUnit →					_
	General Source Code Managem	ent Build Triggers	Build Environment	Build	Post-build Actions	
	Source Code Management					
	O None Git ? Repositories ? Repository URL ? (\192.168.0.43\Shared\git\remo	te\cunit				
	Credentials ? - none - v Add v Save Apply				Advanced	

Figure 13

Note: In the build job, the following error may occur.

ERROR: Checkout of Git remote 'XXXXXXX' aborted because it references a local directory, which may be insecure. You can allow local checkouts anyway by setting the system property 'hudson.plugins.git.GitSCM.ALLOW_LOCAL_CHECKOUT' to true. Finished: FAILURE

Due to Jenkins security enhancements, access to repositories located at the local URL or path of the Git plugin is not allowed. (Git | Jenkins plugin)



To grant access, add "-Dhudson.plugins.git.GitSCM.ALLOW_LOCAL_CHECKOUT=true" to "jenkins.xml" in the Jenkins installation folder.

<arguments>-Xrs -Xmx256m Dhudson.lifecycle=hudson.lifecycle.WindowsServiceLifecycle Dhudson.plugins.git.GitSCM.ALLOW LOCAL CHECKOUT=true -jar ...

- 5) Click the [Build Triggers] tab. Set when the build runs. To build every time the project is updated in the Git repository, check the [Poll SCM]. This will periodically check for updates to your Git repository and run the build if there are any updates.
- 6) The interval at which to check for Git repository updates is specified in cron-like syntax. Here, enter "H/15 * * * *". This means checking the Git repository every 15 minutes. For more information, click the [?] button.

Dashboard > Build	d_SampleCUnit >
	General Source Code Management Build Triggers Build Environment Build Post-build Actions
	Build Triggers
	 Trigger builds remotely (e.g., from scripts) ? Build after other projects are built ? Build periodically ? Poll SCM ? Schedule ? H/15 *** 1 No schedules so will only run due to SCM changes if triggered by a post-commit hook
	Ignore post-commit hooks ?
	Bave Apply Use secret (et (s) or me(s) 7

Figure 14

7) Click the [Build] tab. In the [Add build step] combo box, select "Execute Windows batch command".

Dashboard 🔸 Build	I_SampleCUnit >	*
	General Source Code Management Build Triggers Build Environment Build Post-build Actions	
	Build	
	Execute Windows batch command Command	
	<pre>cd %wORKSPACE% E:\Renesas\e2_studio_2022-04\eclipse\e2studioc.exe -<u>nosplash</u> -debug -<u>consolelog</u> - application <u>org.eclipse.cdt.managedbuilder.core.headlessbuild</u> -data C:\workspace -import SampleCUnit -cleanBuild all % See the list of available environment variables</pre>	
	Execute Windows batch command Execute shell Invoke top-level Maven targets	i
	Add build step A	
	P Save Apply	•

Figure 15

8) In the [Command] edit box, enter the following command for running a headless build of e^2 studio:

A headless build is to build a project on the command line without using the e^2 studio UI. For more information on command-line options, see the help for the e^2 studio headless build feature.



cd %WORKSPACE%
<e² studio install folder>\eclipse\e2studioc.exe -nosplash -debug consolelog -application org.eclipse.cdt.managedbuilder.core.headlessbuild
-data <workspace folder> -import <project name> -cleanBuild all

- <e² studio install folder>: Specify the e² studio installation directory.
- e2studioc.exe: e² studio 2021-10 and earlier versions, specify eclipsec.exe.
- <workspace folder>: Headless builds do not use the e² studio UI, however require a workspace specification as usual. Specify a workspace folder that does not contain the project you want to use.
- <project_name>: Specify the name of the project registered in the Git repository. Here, you specify "SampleCUnit".
- 9) Click the [Save] button. Once saved, the Project Build_SampleCUnit page is appeared.

5.2 Creating Test job

- 1) On the Jenkins page, click the [New Item].
- 2) In the [Enter an item name] edit box, type "UnitTest_SampleCUnit" and click [Freestyle project]. Then click the [OK] button.

🏟 Jenkins		Q Search	⑦ _ ad	dmin	→ log out
Dashboard > All	•				_
	Enter an item name UnitTest_SampleCUnit_ » Required field				
	Freestyle project This is the central feature of Jenkins. Jenkins will build y system, and this can be even used for something other		build		
	If you want to create a new item from other existing, you Copy from Type to autocomplete	a can use this option:			
	ок				

Figure 16

- 3) The screen for setting advanced job settings is displayed.
- 4) Click the [Build Triggers] tab. When [Build Trigger] is displayed, check the [Build after other project are built] and enter "Build_SampleCUnit" in the [Projects to watch] edit box.



Dashboard 🔸 Unit	tTest_Sample	CUnit +				
	General	Source Code Management	Build Triggers	Build Environment	Build	Post-build Actions
	Build Tri	ggers				
	Build af	builds remotely (e.g., from scrip ter other projects are built ? to watch	ots) ?			
		ampleCUnit				
	Trigg	ger only if build is stable				
	⊖ Trig	ger even if the build is unstable				
	⊖ Trig	ger even if the build fails				
	Save	Apply wild is ab	orted			

Figure 17

5) Click the [Build] tab. [Build] will be displayed, so in the [Add build step] combo box, select "Execute Windows batch command".

Dashboard 🔸 Uni	est_SampleCUnit >			
	General Source Code Management Build Triggers	Build Environment Build	Post-build Actions	
	Build			
	Execute Windows batch command ? Command		×	
	cd %WORKSPACE% copy /Y %WORKSPACE%\\Build_SampleCUnit\Samp rx-elf-run.exe SampleCUnit.elf EXIT /B 0 See the list of available environment variables	leCUnit\Debug\SampleCUnit.e	alf.	
	Execute Windows batch command Execute shell Invoke top-level Maven targets		Advanced	
	Add build step *			
	Save Apply			

Figure 18

6) In the [Command] edit box, enter the following command, and then click the [Save] button.

```
cd %WORKSPACE%
copy
/Y %WORKSPACE%\..\Build_SampleCUnit\SampleCUnit\Debug\SampleCUnit.elf .
rx-elf-run.exe SampleCUnit.elf
EXIT /B 0
```

7) Click the [Post-build Actions] tab. The [Post-build Actions] page is displayed, so select "Publish xUnit test result report" in the [Add post-build action] combo box.



Aggregate downstream test results Archive the artifacts Build other projects Publish JUnit test result report Publish xUnit test result report Record fingerprints of files to track usage Git Publisher E-mail Notification Add post-build action	General Source Code Management	Build Triggers	Build Environment	Build	Post-build Actions
Build other projects Publish JUnit test result report Publish xUnit test result report Record fingerprints of files to track usage Git Publisher E-mail Notification	Aggregate downstream test results				
Build other projects Publish JUnit test result report Publish xUnit test result report Record fingerprints of files to track usage Git Publisher E-mail Notification	Archive the artifacts				Advanced
Publish xUnit test result report Record fingerprints of files to track usage Git Publisher E-mail Notification	Build other projects				
Record fingerprints of files to track usage Git Publisher E-mail Notification	Publish JUnit test result report				
Git Publisher E-mail Notification	Publish xUnit test result report				
E-mail Notification	Record fingerprints of files to track usage				
	Git Publisher				
Add post-build action A	E-mail Notification				
	Add post-build action A				

Figure 19

8) Then, in the [Add] combo box under [Report Type], select "CUnit-2.1 (default)".

Dashboard > Un	nitTest_SampleCUnit >	
	General Source Code Management Build Triggers Build Environment Build Post-build Actions	
	Post-build Actions	
	Publish xUnit test result report Report Type	
	Add -	
	AUnit-3.x (default) BoostTest-1.x (default)	
	CTest-Version 3.x (default) CUnit-2.1 (default)	
	Check-Version N/A (default) CppTest-7.3 (default) Advanced	
	CppUnit-1.12.1 (default) Custom Tool	
	EmbUnit-Version N/A (default)	

Figure 20

9) In the [Includes Pattern] edit box, type "*.xml".

General	Source Code Management	Build Triggers	Build Environment	Build	Post-build Actions
Post-bu	ild Actions				
? Repor	h xUnit test result report t Type Jnit-2.1 (default) cludes Pattern				x
	*.xml				
Se	e the list of available jenkins var	i <mark>ables</mark> as token rep	lacement for this field		

Figure 21

10) In the [Add] combo box for the [Thresholds], select "Failed Tests". The [Failed Tests] group box appears. Then, in the [Add] combo box, select "Skipped Tests". The [Skipped Tests] group box appears. Click the [Advanced...] button. Under Choose your threshold mode, check the [Use a percent of tests].



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	General Source Code Management Build Triggers Build Environment Build Post-build Actions
	Thresholds
	Failed Tests X
	Build Otal Over Total Over New Status
	Thresholds: 30 50 50 80
	Configure the build status. A build is considered as unstable or failure if the new or total number of failed tests exceeds the specified thresholds.
	Skipped Tes's
	Thresholds: 40 60 50 90
	Configure the build status. A build is considered as unstable or failure if the new or total number of skipped tests exceeds the specified thresholds.
ooard → Uni	skipped tests exceeds the specified thresholds. Add Advanced
ioard > Uni	skipped tests exceeds the specified thresholds. Add Advanced Save Apply
oard ≻ Uni	skipped tests exceeds the specified thresholds. Add Advanced Advanced Advanced Trest_SampleCUnit
ooard → Uni	skipped tests exceeds the specified thresholds. Add • Add • Advanced Advanced Advanced General Source Code Management Build Triggers Build Environment Build Actions Add •
xoard → Uni	skipped tests exceeds the specified thresholds. Add ~ Advanced Advanced
ooard → Uni	skipped tests exceeds the specified thresholds. Add • Add • Advanced Advanced Advanced General Source Code Management Build Triggers Build Environment Build Actions Add •



- 11) Enter the threshold shown in the figure. The meaning of the specified number is as follows.
 - When the job is determined to be "unstable (^{log})"
 - More than 30% of "Total" test cases in "Failed Tests" fail
 - More than 50% of the "New" test cases in "Failed Tests" fail
 - Skip more than 40% of "Total" test cases in "Skipped Tests"
 - Skip more than 60% of "New" test cases in "Skipped Tests"
 - When the job is determined to be "failed (^(®))"
 - More than 50% of "Total" test cases in "Failed Tests" fail
 - More than 80% of the "New" test cases in "Failed Tests" fail
 - Skip more than 50% of "Total" test cases in "Skipped Tests"
 - Skip more than 90% of "New" test cases in "Skipped Tests"
- 12) Click the [Save] button. When the save is complete, the [Project Test_SampleCUnit] page appears.



6. Test

...

This chapter describes how to add new tests and review test results.

6.1 Add a new test

Modify the SampleCUnit project by adding new tests and committing them to the Git repository. When Jenkins SCM polling confirms the changes, Build_SampleCUnit job runs. When Build_SampleCUnit job completes Test_SampleCUnit the job runs.

- 1) Start e^2 studio and select the [C/C++] perspective.
- In the [Project Explorer] view, double-click "(SampleCUnit > src >) testsource.c" to display it in the editor.
- 3) Add the new test code shown in yellow below and save it.
 - testsource.c

```
static void test Add 02(void) {
 CU ASSERT EQUAL(10, add(1,9));
}
static void test Add 03(void) {
 CU_ASSERT_EQUAL(5, add(2,3));
// This is a test case used to test subtract() function in source.c
static void test Subtract(void) {
 // 0 is expected value, and subtract(1,1) is actual return value.
 // If expected value is not same, assertion occurs.
 CU ASSERT EQUAL(0, subtract(1,1));
}
// This is a test suite
static CU_TestInfo tests_Add[] = {
   // Register yesy case to test suite
   {"test_Add_01", test_Add_01},
   {"test_Add_02", test_Add_02},
     test Add 03", test Add 03},
   CU TEST INFO NULL,
};
```

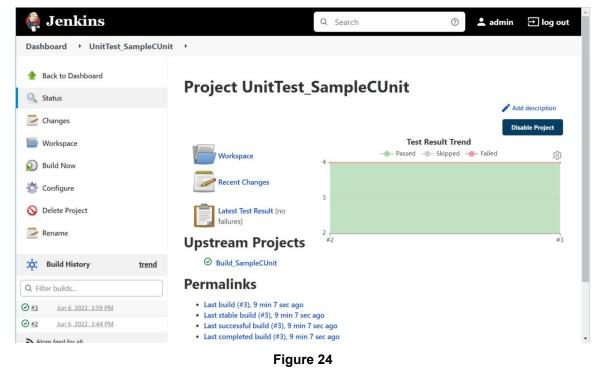
- 4) Build the project to make sure there are no errors.
- 5) Select the [Git] perspective and in the [Git Staging] view, move the modified file testsource.c from the [Unstaged Changes] list box to the [Staged Changes] list box. Add a message (e.g. "Update test case") to the [Commit Message] edit box.
- 6) Click the [Commit and Push...] button.



0		– 🗆 X
📩 Git Staging 🗵		🔎 Filter files 🛛 🤣 🕄 🖛 🖺
<code>[] > cunit [master]</code>		
Unstaged Changes (16)	🔶 🍫 🖹 🗉 🕶 🖽	Commit Message 🛛 🗟 🛛 😹 📌 🔒 🙀
🍙 > makefile - SampleCUnit/Debug	^	Update test case
🍙 > objects.mk - SampleCUnit/Debug		
🗟 > SampleCUnit.d - SampleCUnit/Debug/src	~	
Staged Changes (1)	- 2	Author:
🔒 testsource.c - SampleCUnit/src		😚 Committer:
		Commit and Push



When the Git polling period ends, Jenkins realizes that there are pending changes and runs the Build_SampleCUnit job. Continue to run the Test_SampleCUnit job. The test results are displayed in the transition graph of the test results, as shown below.



6.2 Verify test result

1) On the [Jenkins] page, click the "#number" for the Latest Successful Build for Test_SampleCUnit job.



Integrated Development Environment e² studio and Jenkins

How to automate CUnit tests in e² studio

Dashboard							
쯜 New Item						A 1	dd description
🚷 People	All	+					
Build History							
창 Manage Jenkins	S	w	Name ↓	Last Success	Last Failure	Last Duration	
鵗 My Views	\odot	XÔX	Build_SampleCUnit	25 min #4	N/A	35 sec	\triangleright
🔚 New View	\odot	XÔX	UnitTest_SampleCUnit	24 min #3	N/A	1.2 sec	\triangleright
Build Queue	^		lan A	tom feed	Atom feed for	Atom food	for instant
No builds in the queue.	Icon: S	М	L lcon A A	for all	failures		for just latest uilds

Figure 25

2) The [Build # Number] page appears, so click "Test Result".

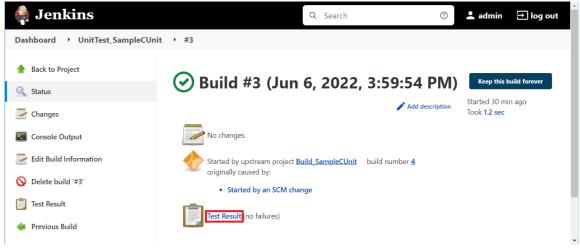


Figure 26

3) The [Test Result] page appears. Click "(root)" for the package.

🏘 Jenkins		Q Sear	ch	?	上 admin	→ log out
Dashboard + UnitTest_SampleCUni	it + #3 + Test Results					
Back to Project Q Status	Test Result O failures (±0)					
Changes					/ A	4 tests (±0) Took 0 ms. dd description
Edit Build Information History	All Tests	Duration	Fail (diff)	Skip (diff)	Pass (diff)	Total (diff)
 Test Result Previous Build 	(root)	0 ms	0	0	4	4

Figure 27

4) The [Test Result: (root)] page appears. The results of the tests defined in the testsource .c file are displayed.



Integrated Development Environment e² studio How and Jenkins

훢 Jenkins		Q Sear	ch	?	上 admin	→ log out
Dashboard • UnitTest_SampleCUnit	→ #3 → Test Results → (ro	oot)				
Back to Project Status	Test Result : (roo	ot)				
Changes Console Output						4 tests (±0) Took 0 ms. Add description
Edit Build Information	All Tests					
History	Class	Duration	Fail (diff)	Skip (diff)	Pass (diff)	Total (diff)
Test Result Previous Build	TestSimpleAssert_AddSuite	0 ms	0	0	3	3
	TestSimpleAssert_SubtractSuite	0 ms	0	0	1	1

Figure 28

5) Click on each class to see the detailed results of the test case.

🧌 Jenkins	Q Search	? admin	→ log out
Dashboard + UnitTest_SampleCUr	nit → #3 → Test Results → (root) → TestSimpleAssert_AddSuite	9	
 Back to Project Status 	Test Result : TestSimpleAssert_Add	dSuite	
Changes Console Output		A	3 tests (±0) Took 0 ms. dd description
Edit Build Information	All Tests	·	
History	Test name	Duration	Status
 Test Result Previous Build 	test_Add_01	0 ms	Passed
-	test_Add_02	0 ms	Passed
	test_Add_03	0 ms	Passed



7. Website and Support

- e² studio
 <u>https://www.renesas.com/software-tool/e-studio</u>
- Jenkins
 <u>https://jenkins.io/</u>
- Git
 <u>https://git-scm.com</u>
- CUnit
 <u>http://cunit.sourceforge.net/</u>



Revision History

		Description			
Rev.	Date	Page	Summary		
1.01	Jun.15.22	All	Reviewed everything based on "How to automate CUnit tests in R20AN0526EE0100e2 Studio and Jenkins".		



General Precautions in the Handling of Microprocessing Unit and Microcontroller Unit Products

The following usage notes are applicable to all Microprocessing unit and Microcontroller unit products from Renesas. For detailed usage notes on the products covered by this document, refer to the relevant sections of the document as well as any technical updates that have been issued for the products.

1. Precaution against Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)

A strong electrical field, when exposed to a CMOS device, can cause destruction of the gate oxide and ultimately degrade the device operation. Steps must be taken to stop the generation of static electricity as much as possible, and quickly dissipate it when it occurs. Environmental control must be adequate. When it is dry, a humidifier should be used. This is recommended to avoid using insulators that can easily build up static electricity. Semiconductor devices must be stored and transported in an anti-static container, static shielding bag or conductive material. All test and measurement tools including work benches and floors must be grounded. The operator must also be grounded using a wrist strap. Semiconductor devices must not be touched with bare hands. Similar precautions must be taken for printed circuit boards with mounted semiconductor devices.

2. Processing at power-on

The state of the product is undefined at the time when power is supplied. The states of internal circuits in the LSI are indeterminate and the states of register settings and pins are undefined at the time when power is supplied. In a finished product where the reset signal is applied to the external reset pin, the states of pins are not guaranteed from the time when power is supplied until the reset process is completed. In a similar way, the states of pins in a product that is reset by an on-chip power-on reset function are not guaranteed from the time when power is supplied until the power is supplied until the power is supplied until the power reaches the level at which resetting is specified.

3. Input of signal during power-off state

Do not input signals or an I/O pull-up power supply while the device is powered off. The current injection that results from input of such a signal or I/O pull-up power supply may cause malfunction and the abnormal current that passes in the device at this time may cause degradation of internal elements. Follow the guideline for input signal during power-off state as described in your product documentation.

4. Handling of unused pins

Handle unused pins in accordance with the directions given under handling of unused pins in the manual. The input pins of CMOS products are generally in the high-impedance state. In operation with an unused pin in the open-circuit state, extra electromagnetic noise is induced in the vicinity of the LSI, an associated shoot-through current flows internally, and malfunctions occur due to the false recognition of the pin state as an input signal become possible.

5. Clock signals

After applying a reset, only release the reset line after the operating clock signal becomes stable. When switching the clock signal during program execution, wait until the target clock signal is stabilized. When the clock signal is generated with an external resonator or from an external oscillator during a reset, ensure that the reset line is only released after full stabilization of the clock signal. Additionally, when switching to a clock signal produced with an external resonator or by an external oscillator while program execution is in progress, wait until the target clock signal is stable.

6. Voltage application waveform at input pin

Waveform distortion due to input noise or a reflected wave may cause malfunction. If the input of the CMOS device stays in the area between V_{IL} (Max.) and V_{IH} (Min.) due to noise, for example, the device may malfunction. Take care to prevent chattering noise from entering the device when the input level is fixed, and also in the transition period when the input level passes through the area between V_{IL} (Max.) and V_{IH} (Min.).

7. Prohibition of access to reserved addresses

Access to reserved addresses is prohibited. The reserved addresses are provided for possible future expansion of functions. Do not access these addresses as the correct operation of the LSI is not guaranteed.

8. Differences between products

Before changing from one product to another, for example to a product with a different part number, confirm that the change will not lead to problems. The characteristics of a microprocessing unit or microcontroller unit products in the same group but having a different part number might differ in terms of internal memory capacity, layout pattern, and other factors, which can affect the ranges of electrical characteristics, such as characteristic values, operating margins, immunity to noise, and amount of radiated noise. When changing to a product with a different part number, implement a systemevaluation test for the given product.

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