

# RL78/I1D Low Power Consuming Intermittent Operation of ADC Using DTC IAR

# Abstract

This application note explains low power consuming intermittent operation of ADC using DTC.

# **Target Device**

RL78/I1D

When using this application note with other Renesas MCUs, careful evaluation is recommended after making modifications to comply with the alternate MCU.



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#### 1. Specifications

This application note explains A/D conversion using the DTC and the A/D converter controlled by low power consuming operation, especially the STOP mode and SNOOZE mode.

The 8-bit interval timer (hereinafter referred to as 8-bit IT) is used to count periods of A/D conversion, P57 is applied to control the power supply (ON/OFF) of sensors, ELC is used to turn on OPAMP, the 12-bit interval timer (hereinafter called 12-bit IT) is used to count the stabilization wait time after the sensor is powered ON and DOC is used to judged of end of processing.

The A/D converter operates in the hardware trigger wait mode using the SNOOZE mode. As the hardware trigger, interrupts (INTIT) of the 12-bit interval timer are set.

The DTC uses two types of interrupts as activation factor; underflow interrupt of the 8-bit interval timer and A/D conversion end interrupt. The 8-bit interval timer underflow interrupt causes data transfer to the P5 register to start power supply to sensors, and transfers data to the ITMC register by chain transfer to start count of the 12-bit interval timer. The A/D conversion end interrupt transfers the ADCR register value to RAM, stops providing power supply to sensors by data transfer to the P5 register, transfers A/D conversion result to the DOC and judges the threshold value by the DOC. If above threshold value, releasing the STOP mode.

Table 1.1 shows peripheral functions used and their applications. Figure 1.1 shows an overview of operation. Figure 1.2 and Figure 1.3 illustrate the time charts.

Peripheral function	Application
P137	-Starts processing
8-bit interval timer	<ul> <li>Counts periods of A/D conversion</li> <li>Functions as operational amplifier operation start trigger</li> </ul>
DTC	<ul> <li>Executes the following operations by 8-bit interval timer interrupts <ul> <li>Sets high output to P57 (starts power supply to sensors)</li> <li>Starts count of the 12-bit interval timer (sensor stabilization wait time)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Executes the following operations by A/D conversion end interrupts <ul> <li>Stores the A/D conversion result to RAM</li> <li>Sets low output to P57 (stops power supply to sensors)</li> <li>Sets the AWC bit again when the SNOOZE mode is shifted to STOP mode</li> <li>Stops the 12-bit interval timer count</li> <li>Transfers A/D conversion result to the DOC (for determine releasing the STOP mode)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
P57	Controls sensor power supply (ON/OFF)
12-bit interval timer	Counts the stabilization wait time of sensors
ADC	Converts analog signal input levels of P17/ANI7 pins
Operational amplifiers (AMP0,1)	Amplify the analog input signal
Data operation circuit (DOC)	Determines to release the STOP mode (releases the STOP mode by interrupts in DOC data addition mode)

Table 1.1 Peripheral Functions Used and Their Applications



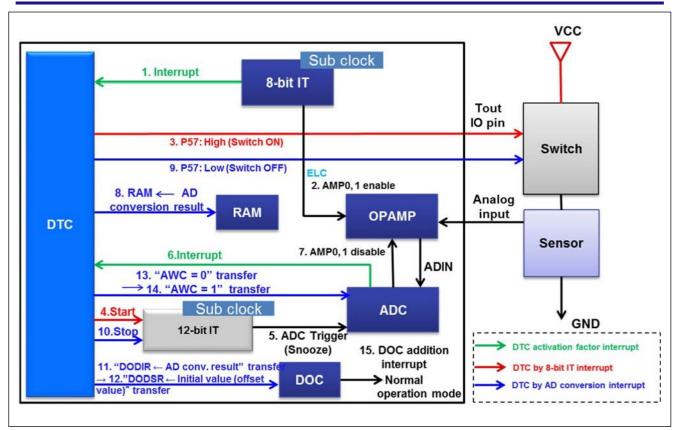


Figure 1.1 Overview of Low Power Consuming Intermittent Operation of ADC Using DTC

Note

1. In the above figure, when a low level is input, the switch is turned OFF (power supply to the sensor stops), and when a high level is input, the switch is turned ON (power supply to the sensor starts).



8-bit IT						
TSTART			1	,	1	1
(Activation)	_	D	C activation	1	1	
TRJIF0			<b>-</b>	ł	- - - - - -	   
(Interrupt request)					1 1 1	
DTC						
DTCEN17						
(Activation)				į		
DTCEN9				<u>i</u>		
(Activation)					, , , ,	
Port					1 1 1	
P57				-		1
(Low/ High)						
12-bit IT						
RINTE			·	<u> </u>		
(Count start)				į		
ITIF				h		1
(Interrupt request)				ļL	· · · ·	
(interrupt request)						
ADC						
ADCE			<u> </u>   	<u>i</u>	<u> </u>   	 
(Activation)				1	1	
AWC				<u>i</u>		
(SNOOZE enabled)						
ADCR				; -		
(Conversion result)				jХ	Conversion result	
ADIF						
(Interrupt request)				1	▶	<u> </u>
DOC					DTC activation	
DODIR				-		
Dobit					Conversion result	
DODSR						
DODOR					Initial Conversion <sub>+</sub> Initial Ini value value value value	tial lue
DOCIF						<u> </u>
(Interrupt request)				-		<u> </u>
OPAMP				<u> </u>		
AMPE0, 1						
	(1)	( <b>2</b> )	(2)		(5)	(6)
		(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
CPU status			 		1 1 1	
	CPU	STO	OP		SNOOZE	STOP
	operation	mo			mode	mode

Figure 1.2 Time Chart of Low Power Consuming Intermittent Operation of ADC Using DTC (STOP Mode Continued)



- 1. Initial setting of the peripheral functions to be used is performed and count of the 8-bit interval timer is started.
- 2. When a low level is detected from P137, the CPU enters the STOP mode.
- 3. The operational amplifiers AMP0 and 1 are activated by an underflow interrupt of the 8-bit interval timer as trigger. At the same time, the DTC is activated and by transferring data to the P5 register, P57 is set to high output. By chain-transferring data to the ITMC register, count of the 12-bit interval timer is started.
- 4. The 12-bit interval timer interrupt (hardware trigger of the A/D converter) starts A/D conversion in the SNOOZE mode.
- 5. An A/D conversion end interrupt activates the DTC, and by transfers data to the P5 register and P57 is set to low output. By chain transfers, the 12-bit interval timer is set to be stopped. In addition, by transferring the A/D conversion result to the DOC and the AWC bit is set again.
- 6. When the DOC operation result is not larger than "FFFFH" upon the threshold value determination, a data operation circuit interrupt is not generated, and the mode is switched from the SNOOZE mode to the STOP mode.

After that, the procedures 3 to 6 are repeated.



8-bit IT						
	<b></b>					
TSTART (Astimution)		DTC activati	on			
(Activation)		L L		   		
TRJIF0				<u> </u>		
(Interrupt request)				   		
DTC				1	     	
DTCEN17				   	   	
(Activation)				-	   	
DTCEN9		1			 	
(Activation)				i i i	   	
Port					1 1 1	
P57				<u> </u>		
(Low/ High)			<b>⊨</b> -1 ¦	i I I	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
12-bit IT				1	1	
RINTE				 	<u> </u> ]	
(Count start)						
ITIF				h	1 1 1	
(Interrupt request)				!	<u> </u>   	
ADC				   	   	
ADCE				 	1   	
(Activation)				   	1 1 1	
AWC						
(SNOOZE enabled)						
ADCR				   	   	
(Conversion result)				$\mathbb{N}$	Conversion result	
ADIF				v \ ! !	·	
(Interrupt request)						<u> </u>
DOC					<ul> <li>↓</li> <li>↓</li> <li>DTC activation</li> </ul>	
DODIR					Conve	rsion result
					/ \	
DODSR					Initial Con	versio <sub>1</sub> Initial Initial
DOCIE					value resu	ltvajue_∕\value
DOCIF (Interrupt request)				   	└──────	
(interrupt request)					   	
OPAMP				-		
AMPE0, 1				I I I		
				1		
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
CPU status				1	   	
	Normal					Normal
	operation	STO			SNOOZE mode	operation
	mode					mode

# Figure 1.3 Time Chart of Low Power Consuming Intermittent Operation of ADC Using DTC (STOP Mode Released)



- 1. Initial setting of the peripheral functions to be used is performed and count of the 8-bit interval timer is started.
- 2. When a low level is detected from P137, the CPU enters the STOP mode.
- 3. The operational amplifiers AMP0 and 1 are activated by an underflow interrupt of the 8-bit interval timer as trigger. At the same time, the DTC is activated, and by transferring data to the P5 register, P57 is set to high output. By chain-transferring data to the ITMC register, count of the 12-bit interval timer is started.
- 4. The 12-bit interval timer interrupt (hardware trigger of the A/D converter) starts the A/D conversion in the SNOOZE mode.
- 5. An A/D conversion end interrupt activates the DTC, and by transfers data to the P5 register and P57 is set to low output. By chain transfers, the 12-bit interval timer is set to be stopped. In addition, by transferring the AD conversion result to the DOC, and the AWC bit is set again.
- 6. When the DOC operation result is larger than "FFFFH" upon the threshold value determination, a data operation circuit interrupt is generated. And the mode is switched from the SNOOZE mode to normal mode. Peripheral functions used for data operation circuit interrupt servicing are reset.

After that, the procedures 2 to 6 are repeated.

# 2. Operation Confirmation Conditions

The sample code accompanying this application note has been run and confirmed under the conditions below.

Item	Description
Microcontroller used	RL78/I1D (R5F117GCG)
Operating frequency	High-speed on-chip oscillator clock: 24 MHz
	<ul> <li>CPU/peripheral hardware clock: 24 MHz</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Subsystem clock: 32.768 KHz</li> </ul>
Operating voltage	3.3 V (operation possible from 3.1 to 3.6 V)
	LVD operation (VLVI): Reset mode
	(3.02 V at the rising edge or 2.96 V at the falling edge)
Integrated development	IAR Systems
environment (IAR)	IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RL78 V4.21.3
C compiler (IAR)	IAR Systems
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RL78 V4.21.3.2447
Board used	RL78/I1D CPU board (RTE5117GC0TGB00000R)

#### **Table 2.1 Operation Confirmation Conditions**



# 3. Related Application Notes

The application notes related to this document are shown below. Please refer to them as well.

RL78/G13 Initialization (R01AN0451E) Application Note

RL78/G13 A/D Converter (R01AN0452E) Application Note

RL78/G14 How to Use the DTC for the RL78/G14 (R01AN0861E) Application Note

RL78/G14 Transferring A/D Conversion Result Using the DTC (R01AN0863E) Application Note

RL78/G13 A/D Converter (SNOOZE Mode) (R01AN1464E) Application Note

RL78/I1D Low Power Consuming Intermittent Operation of ADC Using DTC (R01AN2231E) Application Note



# 4. Hardware

# 4.1 Hardware Example

Figure 4.1 shows hardware configuration used in this application note.

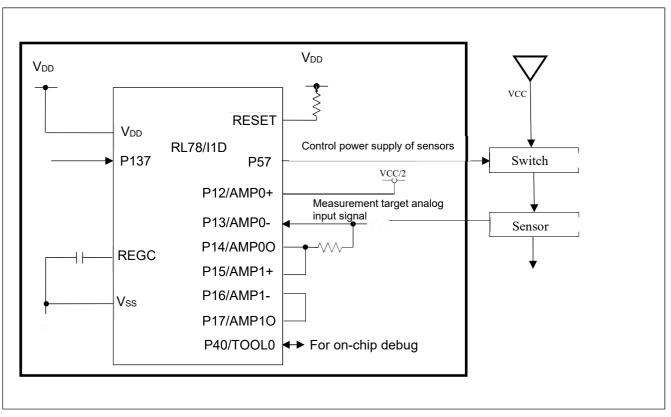


Figure 4.1 Hardware Configuration Example

#### Notes

- 1. The above figure is simplified to show an overview of the hardware connection. When designing application circuits, make sure to handle unused pins appropriately to satisfy the electrical characteristics (connect input only ports independently to either VDD or VSS via resistors).
- 2. Make sure to set VDD greater than the reset release voltage ( $V_{LVI}$ ) specified by the LVD.



# 4.2 Pins Used

Table 4.1 lists the pins used and their functions.

# Table 4.1 Pins Used and Their Functions

Pin name	I/O	Function
P57	Output	Sensor power supply control
		High: sensor power supply ON
		Low: sensor power supply OFF
P137	Input	Switch input port (processing start)
P12/AMP0+	Input	Operational amplifier 0 (+side) input
P13/AMP0-	Input	Operational amplifier 0 (-side) input
P14/AMP0O	Input	Operational amplifier 0 output
P15/AMP1+	Input	Operational amplifier 1 (+side) input
P16/AMP1-	Input	Operational amplifier 1 (-side) input
P17/AMP1O (ANI7)	Input	Operational amplifier 1 output, A/D converter analog input port



# 5. Software

# 5.1 Operation Overview

In this application note, A/D conversion is performed by using the DTC and the A/D converter controlled by low power consuming operation, especially the STOP mode and SNOOZE mode.

The 8-bit interval timer is used as activation trigger of the operational amplifier 1 and 0. It is also used to count periods of A/D conversion. P57 is applied to control the power supply (ON/OFF) of sensors. The 12-bit interval timer is used to count the stabilization wait time after the sensor power ON.

The A/D converter operates in the hardware trigger wait mode using the SNOOZE mode. As the hardware trigger, interrupts of the 12-bit interval timer (INTIT) are set.

The DTC uses two types of interrupts as activation factor; underflow interrupt of the 8-bit interval timer and A/D conversion end interrupt. The 8-bit interval timer underflow interrupt activates the operational amplifiers 0 and 1. At the same time, it causes data transfer to the P5 register by the DTC to start power supply to sensors, and transfers data to the ITMC register by chain transfer to start count of the 12-bit interval timer. The A/D conversion end interrupt stops the operational amplifier 0 and 1. Simultaneously, the conversion result is transferred to RAM by the DTC, and data is transferred to the P5 register by chain transfer to stop providing power supply to sensors. In addition, the 12-bit interval timer is stopped, the threshold value is determined by transferring AD conversion result to the DOC, and the AWC bit is reset.

The specific procedures are described below (1) to (20).

(1) Perform initial setting of the ports.

<Setting condition>

- Set P57 to low output and turn the sensor power supply OFF.
- (2) Perform initial setting of the CPU.

<Setting conditions>

- Select the high-speed on-chip oscillator as the main system clock.
- Select the XT1 oscillator as the subsystem clock.
- (3) Perform initial setting of the 12-bit interval timer.

<Setting condition>

- Set the interval time to 125 ms.
- (4) Perform initial setting of the 8-bit interval timer.

<Setting conditions>

- Set the operation mode of the 8-bit interval timer to timer mode.
- Set the timer value to 1000 ms.



(5) Perform initial setting of the A/D converter.

<Setting conditions>

- Set the select mode in A/D conversion channel selection.
- Set the one-shot conversion mode as A/D conversion operation mode.
- Set the hardware trigger wait mode as A/D conversion start condition.
- Set the 12-bit interval timer interrupt signal (INTIT) as hardware trigger signal.
- Set P17/ANI7 pins to analog input.
- (6) Perform initial setting of the operational amplifiers.

<Setting conditions>

- Set P12 to P17 to the analog mode.
- Set P12 to P17 to 'input'.
- Enable wait for ELC.
- Set to the high-speed mode for operation mode.
- Select the ELC and A/D trigger mode for operational amplifier activation/stop trigger.
- Set the operational amplifier ELC trigger 0 as activation trigger of the operational amplifier units 0 and 1.



- (7) Perform initial setting of the DTC.
  - <Setting conditions>
  - Setting of DTCT0 (Transferring data at address 0xFFD00 to the P5 register)
    - Set the transfer source address: 0xFD00.
    - Set the transfer destination address: 0xFF05 (P5).
    - Select the 8-bit data size.
    - Enable chain transfers (DTCT1).
    - Set the 8-bit interval timer underflow as activation factor.
    - Set the number of DTC data transfers to once.
    - Set the repeat mode.
  - Setting of DTCT1 (Transferring data at address 0xFFD04 to the ITMC register)
    - Set the transfer source address: 0xFD04.
    - Set the transfer destination address: 0xFF90(ITMC).
    - Select the 16-bit data size.
    - Disable chain transfers.
    - Set the number of DTC data transfers to once.
  - Setting of DTCT2 (Transferring data of the ADCR register to the address 0xFFC00)
    - Set the transfer source address: 0xFF1E(ADCR).
    - Set the transfer destination address: 0xFC00.
    - Select the 16-bit data size.
    - Enable chain transfers (DTCT3).
    - Set the A/D conversion end as activation factor.
    - Set the number of DTC data transfers to 4 times.
    - Set the repeat mode.
  - Setting of DTCT3 (Transferring data at address 0xFFD02 to the P5 register)
    - Set the transfer source address: 0xFD02.
    - Set the transfer destination address: 0xFF05(P5).
    - Select the 8-bit data size.
    - Enable chain transfers (DTCT4).
    - Set the number of DTC data transfers to 4 times.
  - Setting of DTCT4 (Transferring data at address 0xFFD06 to the ITMC register)
    - Set the transfer source address: 0xFD06.
    - Set the transfer destination address: 0xFF90(ITMC).
    - Select the 16-bit data size.
    - Enable chain transfers (DTCT5).
    - Set the number of DTC data transfers to 4 times.



- Setting of DTCT5 (Transferring data of the ADCR register to the DODIR register)
  - Set the transfer source address: 0xFF1E(ADCR).
  - Set the transfer destination address: 0x0512(DODIR).
  - Select the 16-bit data size.
  - Enable chain transfers (DTCT6).
  - Set the number of DTC data transfers to 4 times.
- Setting of DTCT6 (Transferring data at address 0xFFD0C to the DODSR register)
  - Set the transfer source address: 0xFD0C.
  - Set the transfer destination address: 0x0514(DODSR).
  - Select the 16-bit data size.
  - Enable chain transfers (DTCT7).
  - Set the number of DTC data transfers to 4 times.
- Setting of DTCT7 (Transferring data at address 0xFFD08 to the ADM2 register)
  - Set the transfer source address: 0xFD08.
  - Set the transfer destination address: 0x0010(ADM2).
  - Select the 8-bit data size.
  - Enable chain transfers (DTCT8).
  - Set the number of DTC data transfers to 4 times.
- Setting of DTCT8 (Transferring data at address 0xFFD0A to the ADM2 register)
  - Set the transfer source address: 0xFD0A.
  - Set the transfer destination address: 0x0010(ADM2).
  - Select the 8-bit data size.
  - Disable chain transfers.
  - Set the number of DTC data transfers to 4 times.



- (8) Perform initial setting of the ELC.
  - <Setting condition>
  - Set the peripheral function to link in ELSELR10 (channel 00 of the 8-bit interval timer) to the operational amplifier 0 (the operational amplifier ELC trigger 0).
- (9) Perform initial setting of the DOC.

<Setting conditions>

- Set the threshold value to determine the transition to the normal operation mode to the DODSR register as initial value.
- Enable the data operation circuit interrupt.
- Set to the data addition mode.



(10) Perform initial setting for main processing.

<Setting conditions>

- Set the variable g\_dtc\_gpio\_p57\_on to "0x 80" (P57 = High).
- Set the variable  $g_dtc_gpio_p57_off$  to "0x00" (P57 = Low).
- Set the variable g\_dtc\_it\_start to the OR of the ITMC register (count value) and "0x8000U" (activation enabled).
- Set the variable g\_dtc\_it\_stop to "0x0000U" (operation stopped).
- Set the variable  $g_dtc_adc_awc_clear$  to "0x00U" (AWC bit = 0).
- Set the variable g\_dtc\_adc\_awc\_set to "0x04U" (AWC bit =1).
- Set the variable g\_dtc\_doc\_dodsr\_value to the initial setting value of the DODSR register.
- Set the variable g\_dtc\_adc\_adinput[0] to [3] to "0x0000".
- (11) Executes the following operations when a low level is detected from P137.
- (12) Activate the DTC.

<Setting conditions>

- Set the DTCEN16 bit in the DTCEN1 register to "1" (Activation enabled).
- Set the DTCEN26 bit in the DTCEN2 register to "1" (Activation enabled).
- (13) Set the A/D converter to SNOOZE mode in order to set the A/D conversion wait status.
  - Set the ADCE bit in the ADM0 register to "1" (Enable A/D voltage comparator operation) to wait for A/D conversion.
  - Set the AWC bit in the ADM2 register to "1" (The SNOOZE mode function is used.).
- (14) Set the operational amplifier units 0 and 1 to enable to wait for the ELC.

<Setting condition>

- Set the bits AMPE0 and AMPE1 in the AMPC register to "1" (Wait for ELC is enabled).
- (15) Start the 8-bit interval timer count.

<Setting condition>

- Set the TSTART00 bit in the TRTCR0 register to "1" (Count starts).
- (16) The CPU shifts to the STOP mode.



- (17) An 8-bit interval timer underflow interrupt is generated and the ELC activates the operational amplifiers 0 and 1. At the same time, the DTC is activated and starts data transfers. Chain transfer is enabled here, and the DTC performs the following two transfers.
  - The DTC transfers the data at address 0xFFD00 (1 byte) to address 0xFFF05 (in the P5 register).
  - The DTC transfers the data at address 0xFFD04 (2 bytes) to address 0xFFF90 (in the ITMC register).
- (18) A 12-bit interval timer interrupt is generated and A/D conversion is started in the SNOOZE mode.
  - (19) An A/D conversion end interrupt is generated and the operational amplifiers 0 and 1 stop. At the same time, the DTC is activated and starts data transfers. Chain transfer is enabled here, and the DTC performs the following seven transfers.
    - The DTC transfers the data at address 0xFFF1E (in the ADCR register) (2 bytes) to address 0xFFC00.
    - The DTC transfers the data at address 0xFFD02 (1 byte) to address 0xFFF05 (in the P5 register).
    - The DTC transfers the data at address 0xFFD06 (2 bytes) to address 0xFFF90 (in the ITMC register).
    - The DTC transfers the data at address 0xFFF1E (in the ADCR register) (2 bytes) to address 0xF0512 (in the DODIR register).
    - The DTC transfers the data at address 0xFFD0C (2 bytes) to address 0xF0514 (in the DODSR register).
    - The DTC transfers the data at address 0xFFD08 (1 byte) to address 0xF0010 (in the ADM2 register).
    - The DTC transfers the data at address 0xFFD0A (1 byte) to address 0xF0010 (in the ADM2 register).
  - (20) In case that an overflow occurs in the result of addition with the DODSR register when the data is transferred to the DODIR register, the operation mode returns to the normal operation mode and the procedure goes back to (11) after a data operation circuit interrupt is generated.

Without the overflow, the operation mode returns to the STOP mode and the procedure goes back to (16) after the DTC transfers the data.

#### Note

1. For notes on using devices, refer to the RL78/I1D User's Manual: Hardware.



# 5.2 Option Byte Settings

Table 5.1 lists the option byte settings.

# Table 5.1 Option Byte Settings

Address	Setting value	Contents
000C0H/010C0H	11101111B	Stops the watchdog timer
		(Counting is stopped when a reset is released.)
000C1H/010C1H	01110111B	Sets the LVD in reset mode
		Detection voltage: 3.02 V at the rising edge, 2.96 V at the falling edge
000C2H/010C2H	11100000B	Sets the HOCO clock to 24 MHz in HS mode.
000C3H/010C3H	10000100B	Enables on-chip debugging
		Erases data of flash memory in case of failures in authenticating on- chip debug security ID.

# 5.3 Constant

Table 5.2 lists the constant used in the sample code.

# Table 5.2 Constant Used in the Sample Code

Constant name	Setting value	Content
R_DOC_OFFSET	0xF482	Initial setting value of the data operation circuit



# 5.4 Variables

Table 5.3 lists the global variables.

# **Table 5.3 Global Variables**

Туре	Variable Name	Contents	Function Used
uint8_t	g_dtc_gpio_p57_on	Setting value of P57 (High)	main ()
uint8_t	g_dtc_gpio_p57_off	Setting value of P57 (Low)	main ()
uint16_t	g_dtc_it_start	Enables activation of the 12-bit interval timer	main ()
uint16_t	g_dtc_it_stop	Stops operation of the 12-bit interval timer	main ()
uint8_t	g_dtc_adc_awc_clear	Setting value to release the SNOOZE mode function	main ()
uint8_t	g_dtc_adc_awc_set	Setting value to use the SNOOZE mode function	main ()
uint16_t	g_dtc_doc_dodsr_value	Threshold value to transit to normal mode (Data operation circuit offset value)	main ()
uint16_t	g_dtc_adc_adinput[5]	Result value of A/D conversion end	R_MAIN_UserInit()



# 5.5 Functions

Table 5.4 lists functions.

# **Table 5.4 List of Functions**

Function name	Outline
hdwinit	Initial setting
R_Systeminit	Initial setting of the peripheral functions
R_CGC_Create	Initial setting of the CPU
R_PORT_Create	Initial setting of the ports
R_ADC_Create	Initial setting of the A/D converter
R_IT_Create	Initial setting of the 12-bit interval timer
R_IT8Bit0_Channel0_Create	Initial setting of the 8-bit interval timer
R_DTC_Create	Initial setting of the DTC
R_ELC_Create	Initial setting of the ELC
R_DOC_Create	Initial setting of the DOC
R_OPAMP_Create	Initial setting of the operational amplifiers
main	Main processing
R_MAIN_UserInit	Main initial setting
R_DTCD0_Start	DTC0 activation
R_DTCD2_Start	DTC2 activation
R_ADC_Set_SnoozeOn	A/D converter's SNOOZE function start
R_ADC_Set_OperationOn	A/D voltage comparator operation start
R_IT8BIT0_CHANNEL0_Start	8-bit interval timer count start
R_ADC_Set_SnoozeOff	A/D converter's SNOOZE function stop
r_doc_interrupt	Data operation circuit interrupt servicing
R_ADC_Set_OperationOff	A/D conversion disabling
R_DTCD0_Stop	DTC0 stop
R_DTCD2_Stop	DTC2 stop
R_IT8BIT0_CHANNEL0_Stop	8-bit interval timer count stop
R_OPAMP0_Start	Operational amplifier 0 operation start
R_OPAMP1_Start	Operational amplifier 1 operation start
R_DOC_ClearFlag	Data operation circuit flag clear



# 5.6 Function Specifications

This part describes function specifications of the sample code.

[Function name] hdwinit

	Outline	Initial setting
	Header	None
	Declaration	void hdwinit(void)
	Description	This function is used for initial setting of peripheral functions.
	Arguments	None
F	Return value	None
	Remarks	None

#### [Function name] R\_Systeminit

Outline	Initial setting of the peripheral functions
Header	None
Declaration	void R_Systeminit(void)
Description	This function is used for initial setting of peripheral functions used in this application note.
Arguments	None
Return value	None
Remarks	None

#### [Function name] R\_PORT\_Create

Outline	Initial setting of the ports
Header	r_cg_port.h
Declaration	void R_PORT_Create(void)
Description	This function is used for initial setting of ports.
Arguments	None
Return value	None
Remarks	None

# [Function name] R\_CGC\_Create

Initial setting of the CPU
r_cg_cgc.h
void R_CGC_Create(void)
This function is used for initial setting of the CPU.
None
None
None



# [Function name] R\_ADC\_Create

Outline	Initial setting of the A/D converter
Header	r_cg_adc.h
Declaration	void R_ADC_Create(void)
Description	This function is used for initial setting to use the A/D converter in the hardware trigger wait mode (select mode, one-shot conversion mode).
Arguments	None
Return value	None
Remarks	None

# [Function name] R\_IT\_Create

Outline	Initial setting of the 12-bit interval timer
Header	r_cg_it.h
Declaration	void R_IT_Create(void)
Description	This function is used for initial setting of the 12-bit interval timer.
Arguments	None
Return value	None
Remarks	None

#### [Function name] R\_IT8Bit0\_Channel0\_Create

Outline	Initial setting of the 8-bit interval timer
Header	r_cg_it8bit.h
Declaration	void R_IT8Bit0_Channel0_Create (void)
Description	This function is used for initial setting of the 8-bit timer in timer mode.
Arguments	None
Return value	None
Remarks	None

# [Function name] R\_DTC\_Create

Initial setting of the DTC
r_cg_dtc.h
void R_DTC_Create(void)
This function is used for initial setting of the DTC.
None
None
None

### [Function name] R\_ELC\_Create

Outline	Initial setting of the ELC
Header	r_cg_elc.h
Declaration	void R_ELC_Create (void)
Description	This function is used for initial setting of the ELC.
Arguments	None
Return value	None
Remarks	None



#### [Function name] R\_DOC\_Create

Outline	Initial setting of the DOC
Header	r_cg_doc.h
Declaration	void R_DOC_Create (void)
Description	This function is used for initial setting of the DOC.
Arguments	None
Return value	None
Remarks	None

# [Function name] R\_OPAMP\_Create

Outline	Initial setting of the operational amplifiers
Header	r_cg_opamp.h
Declaration	void R_OPAMP_Create (void)
Description	This function is used for initial setting of the operational amplifiers.
Arguments	None
Return value	None
Remarks	None

# [Function name] main

Outline	Main processing
Header	None
Declaration	void main(void)
Description	This function is used for main processing.
Arguments	None
Return value	None
Remarks	None

# [Function name] R\_MAIN\_UserInit

Main initial setting
None
void R_MAIN_UserInit(void)
This function is used for main initial setting.
None
None
None



# [Function name] R\_DTCD0\_Start

Outline	DTC0 activation
Header	r_cg_dtc.h
Declaration	void R_DTCD0_Start(void)
Description	This function is used for setting to enable DTC0 activation.
Arguments	None
Return value	None
Remarks	None

#### [Function name] R\_DTCD2\_Start

Outline	DTC2 activation
Header	r_cg_dtc.h
Declaration	void R_DTCD2_Start(void)
Description	This function is used for setting to enable DTC2 activation.
Arguments	None
Return value	None
Remarks	None

#### [Function name] R\_ADC\_Set\_SnoozeOn

<u> </u>	
Outline	A/D converter's SNOOZE function start
Header	r_cg_adc.h
Declaration	void R_ADC_Set_SnoozeOn(void)
Description	This function is used for setting to start the SNOOZE mode function of the A/D converter.
Arguments	None
Return value	None
Remarks	None

#### [Function name] R\_ADC\_Set\_OperationOn

Outline	A/D voltage comparator operation start
Header	r_cg_adc.h
Declaration	void R_ADC_Set_OperationOn (void)
Description	This function is used for setting to start A/D conversion.
Arguments	None
Return value	None
Remarks	None

### [Function name] R\_IT8BIT0\_CHANNEL0\_Start

Outline	8-bit interval timer count start
Header	r_cg_it8bit.h
Declaration	void R_TMR_RJ0_Start (void)
Description	This function is used for setting to enable activation of the 8-bit interval timer.
Arguments	None
Return value	None
Remarks	None



# [Function name] r\_doc\_interrupt

	— I
Outline	Data operation circuit interrupt servicing
Header	r_cg_doc.h
Declaration	void r_doc_interrupt(void)
Description	This function is used to initialize the peripheral functions when data operation circuit interrupts are generated.
Arguments	None
Return value	None
Remarks	None

# [Function name] R\_ADC\_Set\_SnoozeOff

Outline	A/D converter's SNOOZE function stop
Header	r_cg_adc.h
Declaration	void R_ADC_Set_SnoozeOff(void)
Description	This function is used for setting to stop the SNOOZE mode of the A/D converter.
Arguments	None
Return value	None
Remarks	None

#### [Function name] R\_ADC\_Set\_OperationOff

A/D conversion disabling
r_cg_adc.h
<pre>void R_ADC_Set_OperationOff (void)</pre>
This function is used to disable A/D conversion.
None
None
None



# [Function name] R\_DTCD0\_Stop

Outline	DTC0 stop
Header	r_cg_dtc.h
Declaration	void R_DTCD0_Stop (void)
Description	This function is used for setting to stop the DTC0.
Arguments	None
Return value	None
Remarks	None

### [Function name] R\_DTCD2\_Stop

Outline	DTC2 stop
Header	r_cg_dtc.h
Declaration	void R_DTCD2_Stop (void)
Description	This function is used for setting to stop the DTC2.
Arguments	None
Return value	None
Remarks	None

# [Function name] R\_IT8BIT0\_CHANNEL0\_Stop

Outline	8-bit interval timer count stop
Header	r_cg_it8bit.h
Declaration	<pre>void R_IT8BIT0_CHANNEL0_Stop (void)</pre>
Description	This function is used to stop the 8-bit interval timer.
Arguments	None
Return value	None
Remarks	None

#### [Function name] R\_DOC\_ClearFlag

Outline	Data operation circuit flag clear
Header	r_cg_doc.h
Declaration	void R_ R_DOC_ClearFlag (void)
Description	This function is used to clear the data operation circuit flag (the DOPCF bit).
Arguments	None
Return value	None
Remarks	None



# 5.7 Flowcharts

Figure 5.1 shows an overall flow of the sample code.

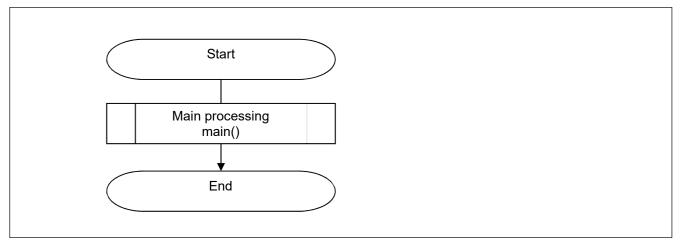
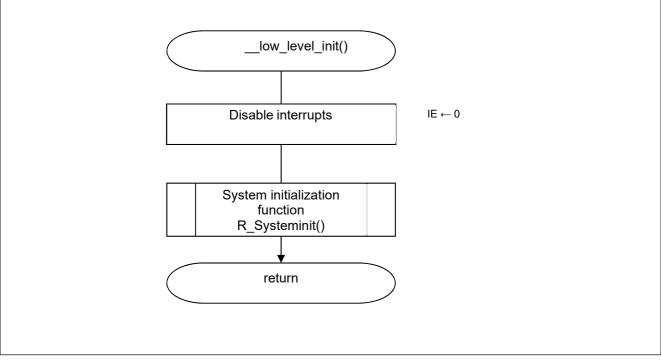


Figure 5.1 Overall Flow

# 5.7.1 Initialization

Figure 5.2 is a flowchart for initial setting.



# Figure 5.2 Initial Setting

# 5.7.2 Peripheral Function Initialization

Figure 5.3 shows a flowchart of initial setting of peripheral functions.

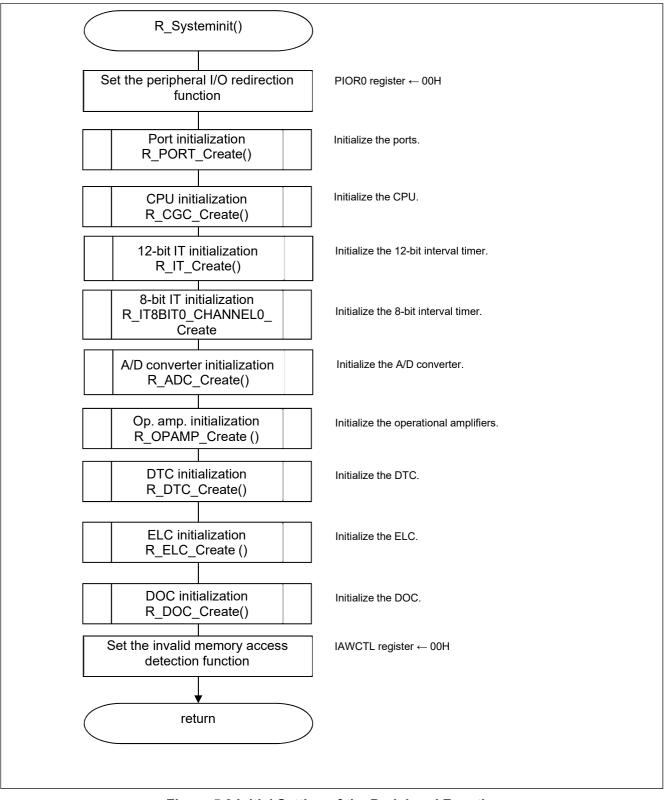


Figure 5.3 Initial Setting of the Peripheral Functions

# 5.7.3 Port Initialization

Figure 5.4 is a flowchart for initial setting of ports.

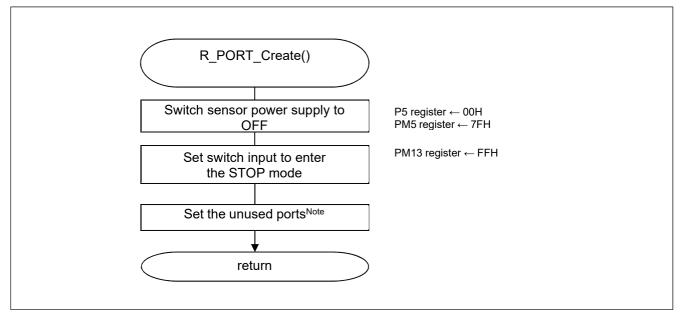


Figure 5.4 Initial Setting of the Ports

#### Note

1. Refer to the section entitled "Flowcharts" in RL78/G13 Initialization Application Note (R01AN0451E) for the configuration of the unused ports.

Caution

1. Provide proper treatment for unused pins so that their electrical specifications are met. Connect each of any unused input-only ports to VDD or VSS via a separate resistor.



# 5.7.4 CPU Initialization

Figure 5.5 is a flowchart for initial setting of the CPU.

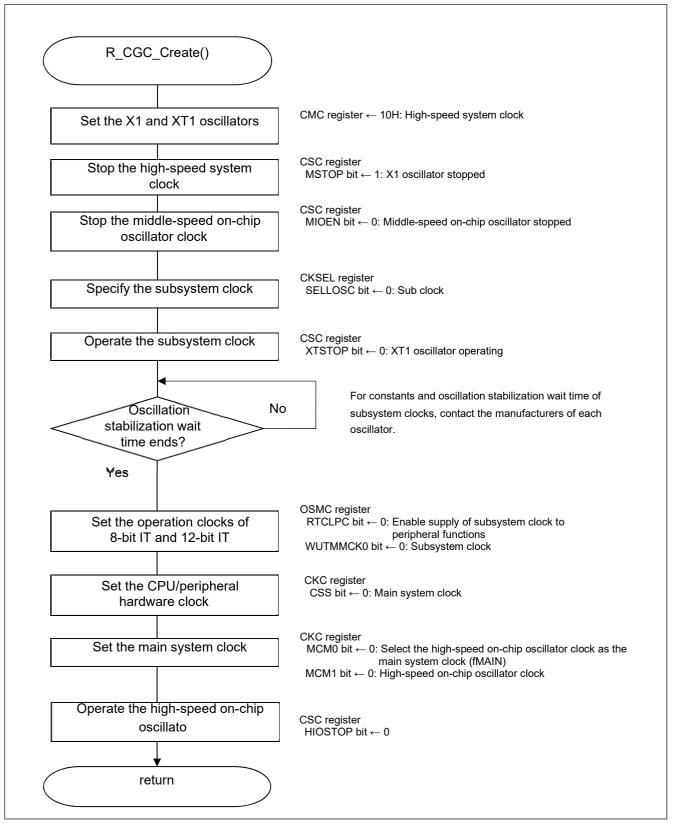


Figure 5.5 Initial Setting of the CPU



#### X1 and XT1 oscillators setting

- Clock operation mode control register (CMC)

Set the high-speed system clock pin operation mode to input port mode.

Set the subsystem clock pin operation mode to low power consumption oscillation of the XT1 oscillator oscillation mode.

Symbol: CMC

_	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	EXCLK	OSCSEL	EXCLKS	OSCSELS	0	AMPHS1	AMPHS0	AMPH
L	0	0	0	1	Х	0	0	0

#### Bits 7 and 6

EXCLK	OSCSEL	High-speed system clock pin operation mode	X1/P121 pin	X2/EXCLK/P122 pin		
0	0	Input mode	Input port			
0	1	X1 oscillation mode	Crystal/ceramic resonator connection			
1	0	Input port mode	Input port			
1	1	External clock input mode	Input port	Input port		

#### Bits 5 and 4

EXCLKS	OSCSELS	Subsystem clock pin	XT1/P123 pin XT2/EXCLKS/P124 p			
		operation mode				
0	0	Input port mode	Input port			
0	1	XT1 oscillation mode	Crystal resonator connection			
1	0	Input port mode	Input port			
1	1	External clock input mode	Input port External clock input			

# Bits 2 and 1

AMPHS1	AMPHS0	XT1 oscillator oscillation mode selection
0	0	Low power consumption oscillation (default)
0	1	Normal oscillation
1	0	Ultra-low power consumption oscillation
1	1	Setting prohibited

AMPH	Control of X1 clock oscillation frequency
0	$1 \text{ MHz} \le fX \le 10 \text{ MHz}$
1	10 MHz < fX ≤ 20 MHz



#### Clock operation control setting

Clock operation status control register (CSC)
 Operate the XT1 oscillator and high-speed on-chip oscillator.
 Stop the X1 oscillator and middle-speed on-chip oscillator.

Symbol: CSC

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
MSTOP	XTSTOP	0	0	0	0	MIOEN	HIOSTOP
1	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	0	0

Bit 7

MOTOD	High-speed system clock operation control					
MSTOP X1 oscillation mode		External clock input mode	Input port mode			
0	X1 oscillator operating	External clock from EXCLK pin is valid	Input port			
1	X1 oscillator stopped	External clock from EXCLK pin is invalid	Input port			

Bit 6

VICTOR	Subsystem clock operation control						
XTSTOP	XT1oscillation mode	External clock input mode	Input port mode				
0 XT1 oscillator operating		External clock from EXCLKS pin is valid	Input port				
1	XT1 oscillator stopped	External clock from EXCLKS pin is invalid					

#### Bit 1

MIOEN	Middle-speed on-chip oscillator clock operation control						
0	Middle-speed on-chip oscillator stopped						
1	Middle-speed on-chip oscillator operating						

HIOSTOP	High-speed on-chip oscillator clock operation control					
0	High-speed on-chip oscillator operating					
1	High-speed on-chip oscillator stopped					



#### Subsystem clock setting

- Subsystem clock select register (CKSEL)
- Select the sub clock as the subsystem clock.

Symbol: CKSEL

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	SELLOSC
Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	0

Bit 0

SELLOSC	Selection of sub clock/low-speed on-chip oscillator clock
0	Sub clock
1	Low-speed on-chip oscillator clock

#### Operation clock setting for 8-bit and 12-bit interval timers

- Subsystem clock supply mode control register (OSMC)

Enable supply of subsystem clock to peripheral functions in STOP mode.

Select the subsystem clock as operation clock of the 8-bit interval timer and 12-bit interval timer.

Symbol: OSMC

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
RTCLPC	0	0	WUTMM	0	0	0	0
			CK0				
0	Х	Х	0	Х	Х	Х	Х

Bit 7

RTCLPC	Setting in STOP mode or HALT mode while subsystem clock is selected as CPU clock
0	Enables supply of subsystem clock to peripheral functions
	Stops supply of subsystem clock to peripheral functions other than the real-time clock, 12-bit interval timer, 8-bit interval timer, and clock output/buzzer output controller

WUTMMCK0	Selection of operation clock for real-time clock, frequency measurement circuit, 12-bit interval timer, 8-			
	bit interval timer, and clock output/buzzer output controller			
0	Subsystem clock			
1	Low-speed on-chip oscillator clock			



#### System clock control setting

- System clock control register (CKC)

Select the high-speed on-chip oscillator clock as the CPU/peripheral hardware clock.

Symbol: CKC

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
CLS	CSS	MCS	MCM0	0	0	MCS1	MCM1
Х	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	0	0

Bit 6

CSS	Selection of CPU/peripheral hardware clock (fCLK)	
0	Main system clock (fMAIN)	
1	Subsystem clock (fSUB)	

Bit 1

MCM0	Main system clock (fMAIN) operation control
0	Selects the high-speed on-chip oscillator clock (fIH) as the main system clock (fMAIN)
1	Selects the high-speed system clock (fMX) as the main system clock (fMAIN)

MCM1	Main on-chip oscillator clock (fOCO) operation control
0	High-speed on-chip oscillator clock
1	Middle-speed on-chip oscillator clock



# 5.7.5 12-bit Interval Timer Initialization

Figure 5.6 is a flow chart for initial setting of the 12-bit interval timer.

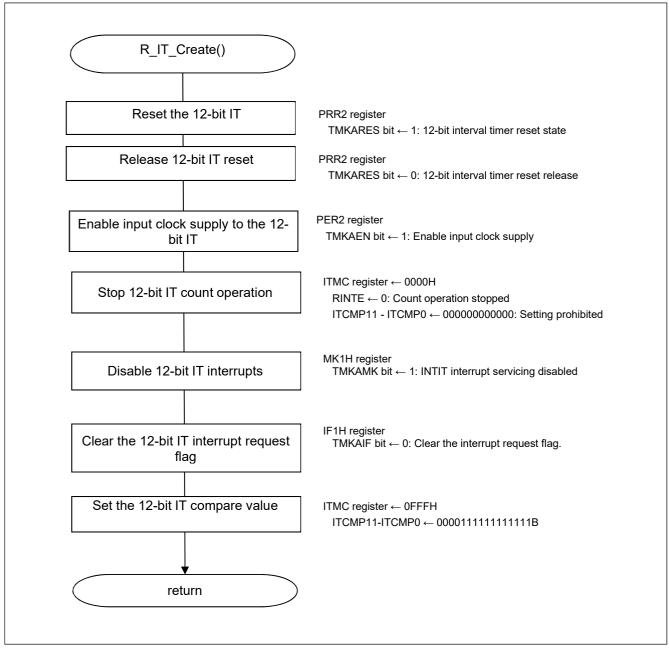


Figure 5.6 Initial Setting of the 12-bit Interval Timer



#### 12-bit interval timer reset

- Peripheral reset control register 2 (PRR2)

Reset the 12-bit interval timer.

Symbol: PRR2

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
TMKARES	0	DOCRES	0	0	0	0	0
1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

Bit 7

TMKARES	Reset control of 12-bit interval timer
0	12-bit interval timer reset release
1	12-bit interval timer reset state

#### 12-bit interval timer reset release

- Peripheral reset control register 2 (PRR2)

Release the 12-bit interval timer reset state.

Symbol: PRR2

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
TMKARES	0	DOCRES	0	0	0	0	0
0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

TMKARES	Reset control of 12-bit interval timer			
0	12-bit interval timer reset release			
1	12-bit interval timer reset state			



### 12-bit interval timer clock supply start

- Peripheral enable register 2 (PER2)
- Start the 12-bit interval timer clock supply.

Symbol: PER2

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
TMKAEN	FMCEN	DOCEN	0	0	0	0	0
1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

Bit 7

TMKAEN	Control of 12-bit interval timer input clock supply
0	Stops input clock supply.
1	Enables input clock supply.

### 12-bit interval timer interrupt setting

Interrupt request flag register (IF1H) Clear the interrupt request flag.
 Interrupt mask flag register (MK1H)

Disable interrupt servicing.

Symbol: IF1H

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	DOCIF	CMPIF1	CMPIF0	KRIF	TMKAIFI	RTCIF	ADIF
Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	0	Х	Х

Bit 2

TMKAIF	Interrupt request flag					
0	lo interrupt request signal is generated.					
1	Interrupt request is generated, interrupt request status					

Symbol: MK1H

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	DOCMK	CMPMK1	CMPMK0	KRMK	TMKAMK	RTCMK	ADMK
Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	1	Х	Х

TMKAMK	Interrupt servicing control
0	Interrupt servicing enabled
1	Interrupt servicing disabled



# Setting of the 12-bit interval timer count operation and compare value

12-bit interval timer control register (ITMC)
 Stop the 12-bit interval timer count operation.
 Set a compare value.
 Symbol: ITMC

15	14	13	12	11 - 0
RINTE	0	0	0	ITCMP 11 - ITCMP 0
0	Х	Х	Х	11111111111

Bit 15

RINTE	12-bit interval timer operation control
0	Count operation stopped
1	Count operation started

## Bits 11 to 0

ITCMP11 - ITCMP0	Fixed-cycle interrupt (INTRTC) selection					
001H						
	Generates a fixed-cycle interrupt (count clock cycles x (ITCMP setting + 1)).					
FFFH						
000H	Setting prohibited					



# 5.7.6 8-bit Interval Timer Initialization

Figure 5.7 shows a flowchart for initial setting of the 8-bit interval timer.

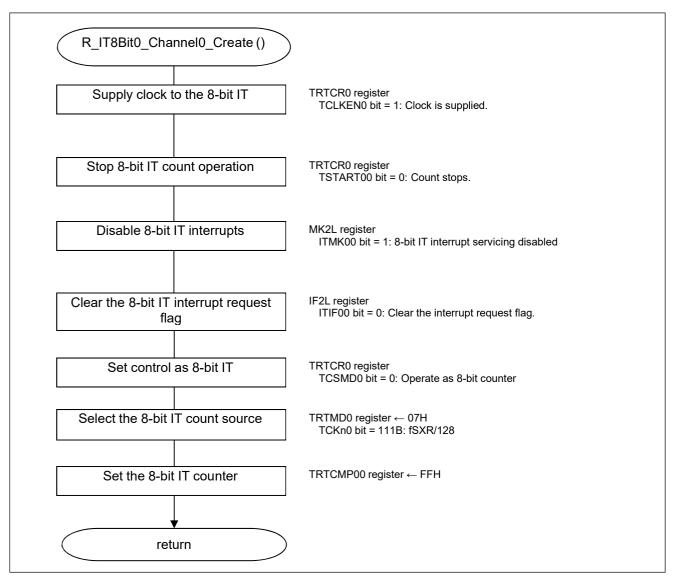


Figure 5.7 Initial Setting of the 8-bit Interval Timer



### 8-bit interval timer control setting

- 8-bit interval timer control register 0 (TRTCR0) Start clock supply as 8-bit counter.

Symbol: TRTCR0

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
TCSMD0	0	0	TCLKEN0	0	TSTART01	0	TSTART00
0	Х	Х	1	Х	Х	Х	0

Bit 7

TCSMD0	Mode selection
0	Operates as 8-bit counter
1	Operates as 16-bit counter (channel 0 and channel 1 are connected)

### Bit 4

TCLKEN0	8-bit interval timer clock enable
0	Clock is stopped.
1	Clock is supplied.

TSTART00	8-bit interval timer 0 count start
0	Count stops.
1	Count starts.



# 8-bit interval timer interrupt setting

- Interrupt mask flag register (MK2L) Disable interrupt servicing.
- Interrupt request flag register (IF2L) Clear the interrupt request flag.

Symbol: MK2L

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
FLMK	0	0	0	ITMK11	ITMK10	ITMK01	ITMK00
Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	1

Bit 0

ITMK00	Interrupt servicing control
0	Interrupt servicing enabled
1	Interrupt servicing disabled

Symbol: IF2L

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
FLIF	0	0	0	ITIF11	ITIF10	ITIF01	ITIF00
Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	0

Bit 0

ITIF00	Interrupt request flag				
0	No interrupt request signal is generated.				
1	Interrupt request is generated, interrupt request status				

Note

1. For details on register settings, refer to RL78/I1D User's Manual: Hardware.



## 8-bit interval timer count source setting

- 8-bit interval timer division register 0 (TRTMD0) Set a counter value.

Symbol: TRTMD0

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	TCK01			0	TCK00		
Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		111	

## Bit 2 to bit 0

	TCK00		8-bit interval timer 0 division selection
Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
0	0	0	fSXR or fIL
0	0	1	fSXR/2 or fIL/2
0	1	0	fSXR/4 or fIL/4
0	1	1	fSXR/8 or fIL/8
1	0	0	fSXR/16 or fIL/16
1	0	1	fSXR/32 or fIL/32
1	1	0	fSXR/64 or fIL/64
1	1	1	fSXR/128 or fIL/128

### 8-bit interval timer count value setting

- 8-bit interval timer compare register 00 (TRTCMP00) Set a count value.

Symbol: TRTCMP00

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Bit 7 to bit 0

	Function	
8-bit counter		

Note

1. For details on register settings, refer to RL78/I1D User's Manual: Hardware.



## 5.7.7 A/D Converter Initialization

Figure 5.8 shows a flowchart for initial setting of the A/D converter.

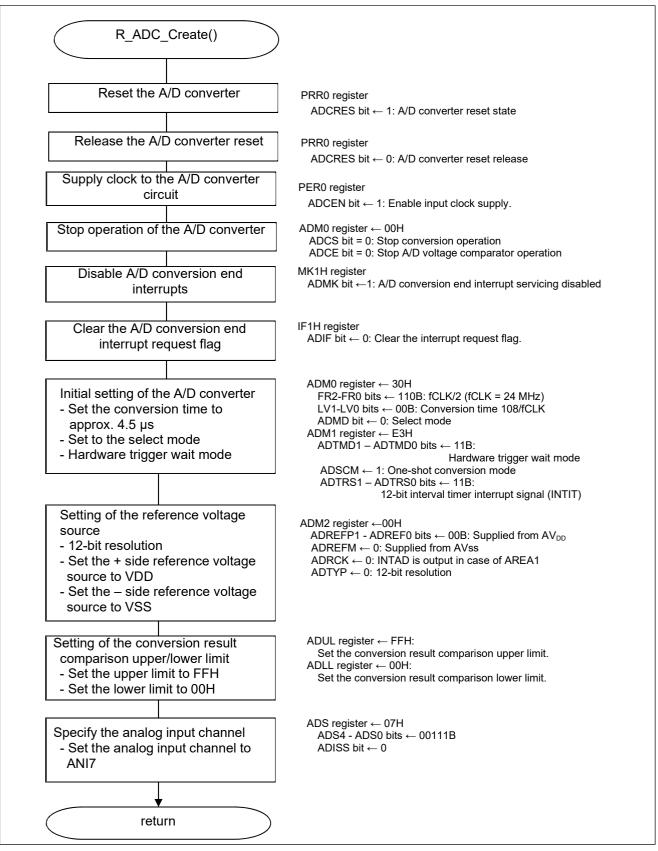


Figure 5.8 Initial Setting of the A/D Converter



#### A/D converter reset

- Peripheral reset control register 0 (PRR0)

Reset the A/D converter.

Symbol: PRR0

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	0	ADCRES	0	0	SAU0RES	0	0
Х	Х	1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

Bit 5

ADCRES	Reset control of A/D converter				
0	A/D converter reset release				
1	A/D converter reset state				

#### A/D converter reset release

- Peripheral reset control register 0 (PRR0) Release the A/D converter reset state.

Symbol: PRR0

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	0	ADCRES	0	0	SAU0RES	0	0
Х	Х	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

ADCRES	A/D converter reset control
0	A/D converter reset release
1	A/D converter reset state



## A/D converter clock supply start

- Peripheral enable register 0 (PER0) Start clock supply to the A/D converter.

Symbol: PER0

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
RTCEN	0	ADCEN	0	0	SAU0EN	0	TAU0EN
Х	Х	1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

ADCEN	Control of A/D converter input clock supply
0	Stops input clock supply.
1	Enables input clock supply.



## A/D conversion end interrupt setting

- Interrupt mask flag register (MK1H) Disable interrupt servicing.
   Interrupt request flag register (IF1H)
- Clear the interrupt request flag.

Symbol: MK1H

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	DOCMK	CMPMK1	CMPMK0	KRMK	TMKAMK	RTCMK	ADMK
Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	1

Bit 0

ADMK	Interrupt servicing control				
0	Interrupt servicing enabled				
1	Interrupt servicing disabled				

Symbol: IF1H

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	DOCIF	CMPIF1	CMPIF0	KRIF	TMKIF	RTCIF	ADIF
Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	0

ADIF	Interrupt request flag			
0	No interrupt request signal is generated.			
1	Interrupt request is generated, interrupt request status			



### Setting of A/D conversion time and operation mode

A/D converter mode register 0 (ADM0)
 Control A/D conversion operation.
 Specify the A/D conversion channel selection mode.

Symbol: ADM0

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ADCS	ADMD	FR2	FR1	FR0	LV1	LV0	ADCE
0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0

Bit 7

ADCS	A/D conversion operation control				
0	Stops conversion operation				
1	Enables conversion operation				

Bit 6

Specification of the A/D conversion channel selection mode					
elect mode					
Scan mode					

#### Bits 5 to 1

		ADN	ADM0 Mode Conversion time selection						Conversion		
FR2	FR1	FR0	LV1	LV2		f <sub>CLK</sub> = 1 MHz	f <sub>CLK</sub> = 4 MHz	f <sub>CLK</sub> = 8 MHz	f <sub>CLK</sub> = 16 MHz	f <sub>CLK</sub> = 24 MHz	clock (f <sub>AD</sub> )
0	0	0	0	0		Setting prohibited	Setting prohibited	Setting prohibited	Setting prohibited	72 µs	f <sub>CLK</sub> /32
0	0	1							54 µs	36 µs	f <sub>CLK</sub> /16
0	1	0			4			54 µs	27 µs	18 µs	f <sub>CLK</sub> /8
0	1	1			Standard			40.5 µs	20.25 µs	13.5 µs	f <sub>CLK</sub> /6
1	0	0			anc			33.75 µs	16.875 µs	11.25 µs	f <sub>CLK</sub> /5
1	0	1			St		54 µs	27 µs	13.5 µs	9 µs	f <sub>CLK/</sub> 4
1	1	0					27 µs	13.5 µs	6.75 µs	4.5 µs	f <sub>с∟к</sub> /2
1	1	1				54 µs	13.5 µs	6.75 µs	3.375 µs	Setting prohibited	f <sub>CLK</sub> /1
0	0	0	0	1		Setting prohibited	Setting prohibited	Setting prohibited	Setting prohibited	88 µs	f <sub>CLK</sub> /32
0	0	1							66 µs	44 µs	f <sub>CLK</sub> /16
0	1	0			2			66 µs	33 µs	22 µs	f <sub>CLK</sub> /8
0	1	1			Standard			49.5 µs	24.75 µs	16.5 µs	f <sub>CLK</sub> /6
1	0	0			tand			41.25 µs	20.625 µs	13.75 µs	f <sub>CLK</sub> /5
1	0	1			Ś		66 µs	33 µs	16.5 µs	11 µs	f <sub>CLK/</sub> 4
1	1	0					33 µs	16.5 µs	8.25 µs	5.5 µs	f <sub>CLK</sub> /2
1	1	1				66 µs	16.5 µs	8.25 µs	4.125 µs	Setting prohibited	f <sub>CLK</sub> /1

ADCE	A/D voltage comparator operation control					
0	Stops A/D voltage comparator operation					
1	Enables A/D voltage comparator operation					



### A/D conversion trigger mode setting

A/D converter mode register 1 (ADM1)
 Select an A/D conversion trigger mode.
 Set an A/D conversion operation mode.
 Select a hardware trigger signal.

Symbol: ADM1

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ADTMD1	ADTMD0	ADSCM	0	0	0	ADTRS1	ADTRS0
1	1	1	Х	Х	Х	1	1

### Bits 7 and 6

ADTMD1	ADTMD0	Selection of the A/D conversion trigger mode				
0	Х	Software trigger mode				
1	0	Hardware trigger no-wait mode				
1	1	Hardware trigger wait mode				

### Bit 5

ADSCM	Specification of the A/D conversion operation mode				
0	Sequential conversion mode				
1	One-shot conversion mode				

## Bits 1 and 0

ADTRS1	ADTRS0	Selection of the hardware trigger signal			
0	0	End of timer channel 01 count or capture interrupt signal (INTTM01)			
0	1	Setting prohibited			
1	0	Real-time clock interrupt signal (INTRTC)			
1	1	12-bit interval timer interrupt signal (INTIT)			



## Reference voltage source setting

- A/D converter mode register 2 (ADM2)

Select the + side reference voltage source of the A/D converter. Select the - side reference voltage source of the A/D converter.

Check the upper limit and lower limit conversion result values.

Specify the SNOOZE mode function.

Select the A/D conversion resolution.

Symbol: ADM2

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ADREFP1	ADREFP0	ADREFM	0	ADRCK	AWC	0	ADYTP
0	0	0	Х	0	0	0	0

Bits 7 and 6

ADREFP1	ADREFP0	Selection of the + side reference voltage source of the A/D converter				
0	0	Supplied from AV <sub>DD</sub>				
0	1	Supplied from AV <sub>REFP</sub> /ANI0				
1	0	Supplied from the internal reference voltage (1.45 V)				
1	1	Setting prohibited				

### Bit 5

ADREFM	Selection of the - side reference voltage source of the A/D converter				
0	Supplied from AV <sub>ss</sub>				
1	Supplied from AV <sub>REFM</sub> /ANI1				

# Bit 3

ADRCK	Checking the upper limit and lower limit conversion result values					
	The A/D conversion end interrupt request signal (INTAD) is output when					
	the ADLL register ≤ the ADCR register ≤ the ADUL register (AREA1).					
1	The A/D conversion end interrupt request signal (INTAD) is output when the ADCR register < the ADLL register (AREA2) or the ADUL register < the ADCR register (AREA3).					

#### Bit 2

AWC	Specification of the SNOOZE mode
0	The SNOOZE mode function is not used.
1	The SNOOZE mode function is used.

ADTYP	Selection of the A/D conversion resolution
0	12-bit resolution
1	8-bit resolution



#### Conversion result comparison upper/lower limit setting

- Conversion result comparison upper limit setting register (ADUL)
   Conversion result comparison lower limit setting register (ADLL) Set the conversion result comparison upper/lower limit.

Symbol: ADUL

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ADUL7	ADUL6	ADUL5	ADUL4	ADUL3	ADUL2	ADUL1	ADUL0
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Symbol: ADLL

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ADLL7	ADLL6	ADLL5	ADLL4	ADLL3	ADLL2	ADLL1	ADLL0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0



## Input channel specification

- Analog input channel specification register (ADS) Specify the input channel of the analog voltage to be A/D converted.

Symbol: ADS

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ADISS	0	0	ADS4	ADS3	ADS2	ADS1	ADS0
0	Х	Х	0	0	1	1	1

Bits 7, 4 to 0

ADISS	ADS4	ADS3	ADS2	ADS1	ADS0	Analog input channel	Input source
0	0	0	0	0	0	ANIO	P10/ANI0/AVREFP pin
0	0	0	0	0	1	ANI1	P11/ANI1/AVREFM pin
0	0	0	0	1	0	ANI2	P12/ANI2 pin
0	0	0	0	1	1	ANI3	P13/ANI3 pin
0	0	0	1	0	0	ANI4	P14/ANI4 pin
0	0	0	1	0	1	ANI5	P15/ANI5 pin
0	0	0	1	1	0	ANI6	P16/ANI6 pin
0	1	0	0	0	1	ANI17	P02/ANI17 pin
0	0	0	1	1	1	ANI7	P17/ANI7 pin
0	0	1	0	0	0	ANI8	P25/ANI8 pin
0	0	1	0	0	1	ANI9	P24/ANI9 pin
0	0	1	0	1	0	ANI10	P23/ANI10 pin
0	0	1	0	1	1	ANI11	P22/ANI11 pin
0	0	1	1	0	0	ANI12	P21/ANI12 pin
0	0	1	1	0	1	ANI13	P20/ANI13 pin
0	1	0	0	0	0	ANI16	P02/ANI16 pin
0	1	0	0	0	1	ANI17	P03/ANI17 pin
0	1	0	1	1	0	ANI18	P04/ANI18 pin
1	0	0	0	0	0	_	Temperature sensor output voltage
4	0	0	0	0	4		Internal reference voltage
1	0	0	0	0	1	—	output (1.45 V)
		Other than	the above			Setting prohibit	red



# 5.7.8 Operational Amplifier Initialization

Figure 5.9 is a flowchart for initial setting of the operational amplifiers.

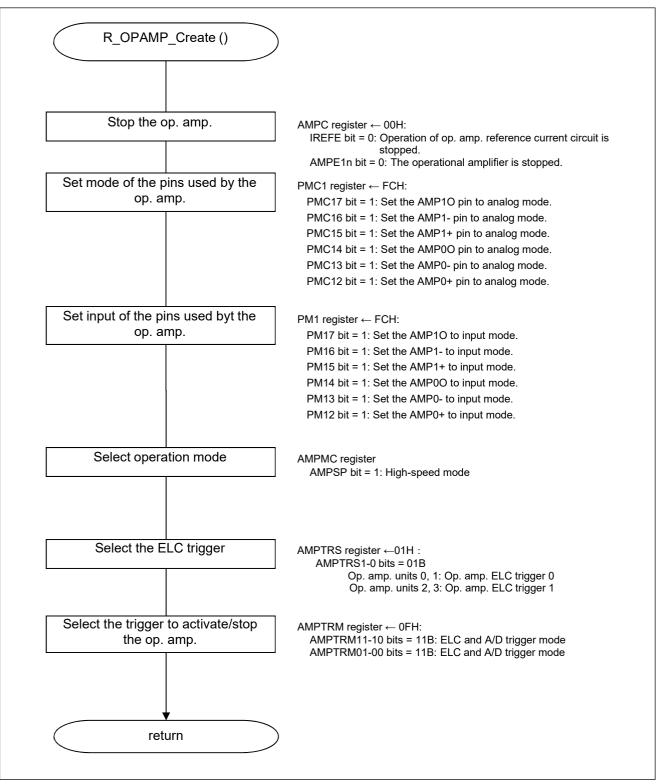


Figure 5.9 Initial Setting of the Operational Amplifiers

## Operational amplifier stop

- Operational amplifier control register (AMPC) Stop the operational amplifiers.

Symbol: AMPC

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
IREFE	0	0	0	AMPE3	AMPE2	AMPE1	AMPE0
0	Х	Х	Х	0	0	0	0

Bit 7

IREFE	Operation control of operational amplifier reference current circuit					
0	Operational amplifier reference current circuit is stopped.					
1	Operation of operational amplifier reference current circuit is enabled.					

#### Bits 3 to 0

AMPEn	Operation control of operational amplifier						
0	Operation amplifier is stopped.						
4	Software trigger mode: Operation of operational amplifier is enabled.						
1	ELC trigger mode or ELC and A/D trigger mode: Wait for ELC is enabled.						



## Mode setting of pins used for the operational amplifier

- Port mode control register 0 (PMC1) Set the pins to be used for the operational amplifiers to analog input.

Symbol: PMC1

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
PMC17	PMC16	PMC15	PMC14	PMC13	PMC12	PMC11	PMC10
1	1	1	1	1	1	Х	Х

#### Bits 7 to 0

PMC1n	Pmn pin digital I/O/analog input selection (n = 0 to 7)							
0	Digital I/O (alternate function other than analog input)							
1	Analog input							

#### Input setting of pins used for the operational amplifier

- Port mode register 0 (PM1)

Set the pins to be used for the operational amplifiers to input mode.

Symbol: PM1

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
PM17	PM16	PM15	PM14	PM13	PM12	PM11	PM10
1	1	1	1	1	1	Х	Х

### Bits 7 to 0

PM1n	Pmn pin I/O mode selection (n = 0 to 7)
0	Output mode (the pin functions as an output port (output buffer on))
1	Input mode (the pin functions as an input port (output buffer off))

#### Operation mode setting of the operational amplifier

- Operational amplifier mode control register (AMPMC) Set the operational amplifiers to high-speed mode.

#### Symbol: AMPMC

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
AMPSP	0	0	0	AMPPC3	AMPPC2	AMPPC1	AMPPC0
1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

AMPSP	Operation mode selection (common to all units)				
0	Low-power mode (Low-speed mode)				
1	High-speed mode				



## ELC trigger selection

- Operational amplifier ELC trigger select register (AMPTRS) Set the operational amplifier ELC trigger.

Symbol: AMPTRS

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	AMPTRS1	AMPTRS0
Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	0	1

# Bits 1 to 0

AMPTRS1	AMPTRS0	ELC trigger selection
0	0	Operational amplifier unit 0: Operational amplifier ELC trigger 0
		Operational amplifier unit 1: Operational amplifier ELC trigger 1
		Operational amplifier unit 2: Operational amplifier ELC trigger 2
		Operational amplifier unit 3: Operational amplifier ELC trigger 3
0	1	Operational amplifier unit 0: Operational amplifier ELC trigger 0 Operational amplifier unit 1: Operational amplifier ELC trigger 0 Operational amplifier unit 2: Operational amplifier ELC trigger 1 Operational amplifier unit 3: Operational amplifier ELC trigger 1
1	0	Setting prohibited
1	1	Operational amplifier unit 0: Operational amplifier ELC trigger 0 Operational amplifier unit 1: Operational amplifier ELC trigger 0 Operational amplifier unit 2: Operational amplifier ELC trigger 0 Operational amplifier unit 3: Operational amplifier ELC trigger 0



# Operational amplifier activation/stop trigger selection

- Operational amplifier trigger mode control register (AMPTRM) Set activation/stop of the operational amplifiers.

Symbol: AMPTRM

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
AMPTRM31	AMPTRM30	AMPTRM21	AMPTRM20	AMPTRM11	AMPTRM10	AMPTRM01	AMPTRM00
Х	Х	Х	Х	1	1	1	1

### Bits 3 to 0

AMPTRMn0	Operational amplifier function activation/stop trigger control
0	Software trigger mode
	<ul> <li>The operational amplifier can be activated/stopped by setting the AMPC register.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>The operational amplifier cannot be activated by an ELC trigger.</li> </ul>
	• The operational amplifier cannot be controlled by an A/D conversion end trigger.
1	ELC trigger mode
	• The operational amplifier can be set to wait for an ELC trigger or stopped by setting the
	AMPC register.
	<ul> <li>The operational amplifier can be activated by an ELC trigger.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>The operational amplifier cannot be controlled by an A/D conversion end trigger.</li> </ul>
0	Setting prohibited
1	<ul> <li>ELC and A/D trigger mode</li> <li>The operational amplifier can be set to wait for an ELC trigger or stopped by setting the AMPC register.</li> <li>The operational amplifier can be activated by an ELC trigger.</li> <li>The operational amplifier can be stopped by an A/D conversion end trigger.</li> </ul>
	0

Remark n: Unit number (n = 0, 1, 2, 3)



# 5.7.9 DTC Initialization

Figure 5.10 to Figure 5.12 show a flowchart for initial setting of the DTC.

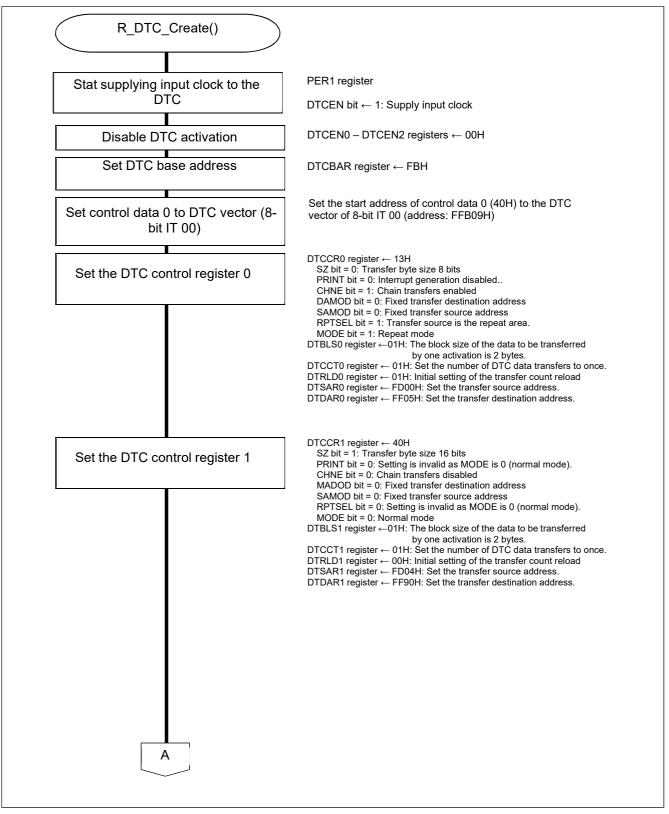
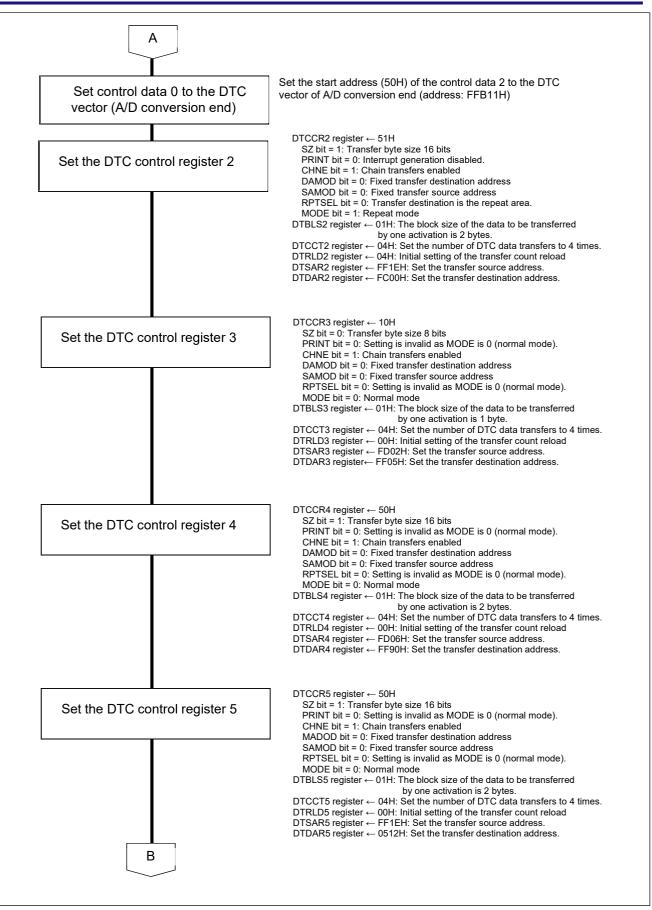
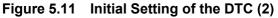


Figure 5.10 Initial Setting of the DTC (1)







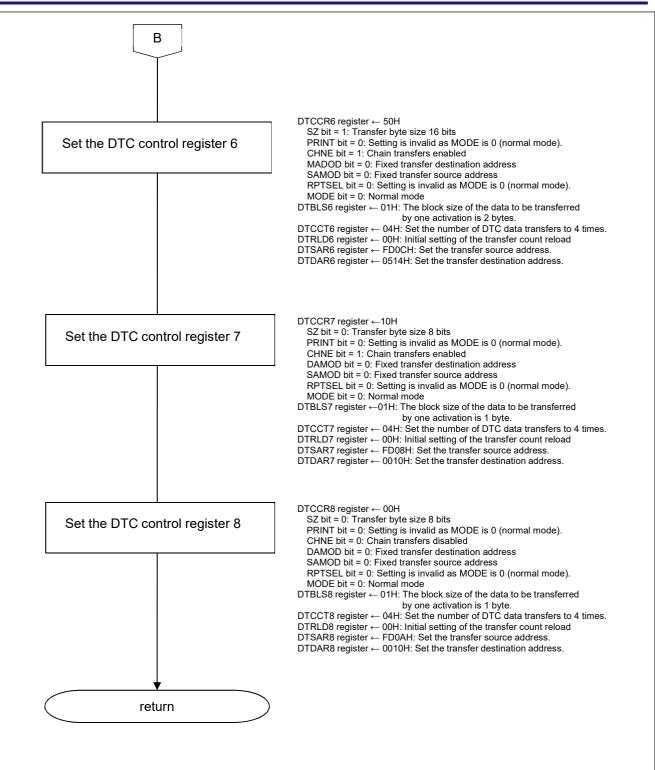


Figure 5.12 Initial Setting of the DTC (3)



#### DTC clock supply start

- Peripheral enable register 1 (PER1)

Start clock supply to DTC.

Symbol: PER1

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	0	CMPEN	0	DTCEN	0	0	0
Х	Х	Х	Х	1	Х	Х	Х

Bit 3

DTCEN	Control of DTC input clock
0	Stops input clock supply.
1	Supplies input clock.

### DTC activation disabling

- DTC activation enable register I (DTCENi) (I = 0 to 2) Disable DTC activation.

Symbol: DTCENi

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
DTCENi7	DTCENi6	DTCENi5	DTCENi4	DTCENi3	DTCENi2	DTCENi1	DTCENi0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Bit 7 to bit 0 (The below table shows the format of the bit 7 as an example. (The formats of the bits 7 to 0 are same.))

DTCENi7	DTC activation enable i7
0	Activation disabled
1	Activation enabled

#### DTC base address

- DTC base address register (DTCBAR)

Set the DTC base address to "FBH".

Symbol: DTCBAR

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
DTCBAR7	DTCBAR6	DTCBAR5	DTCBAR4	DTCBAR3	DTCBAR2	DTCBAR1	DTCBAR0
1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1



### DTC control register 0 setting

- DTC control register 0 (DTCCR0)

Set to 8 bits (data size), chain transfer enabled, and repeat mode (transfer mode).

Symbol: DTCCR0

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	SZ	RPTINT	CHNE	DAMOD	SAMOD	RPTSEL	MODE
-	0	0	1	0	0	1	1

#### Bit 6

BRO	
SZ	Data size selection
0	8 bits
1	16 bits

#### Bit 5

RPTINT	Enabling/disabling repeat mode interrupts	
0	Interrupt generation disabled	
1	Interrupt generation enabled	
The setting of the RPTINT bit is invalid when the MODE bit is 0 (normal mode).		

## Bit 4

CHNE	Enabling/disabling chain transfers		
0	Chain transfers disabled		
1	Chain transfers enabled		
Set the CHNE bit in the DTCCR23 register to 0 (chain transfers disabled).			

### Bit 3

DAMOD	Transfer destination address control			
0	Fixed			
1	Incremented			
The setting	g of the DAMOD bit is invalid when the MODE bit is 1 (repeat mode) and the RPTSEL bit is 0 (transfer			
destination	destination is the repeat area).			

#### Bit 2

SAMOD	Transfer source address control				
0	Fixed				
1	Incremented				
	The setting of the SAMOD bit is invalid when the MODE bit is 1 (repeat mode) and the RPTSEL bit is 1 (transfer source is the repeat area).				

#### Bit 1

RPTSEL	Repeat area selection	
0	Transfer destination is the repeat area.	
1	Transfer source is the repeat area.	

MODE	Transfer mode selection
0	Normal mode
1	Repeat mode



### DTC control register 1 setting

- DTC control register 1 (DTCCR1)

Set to 16 bits (data size), chain transfers disabled, and normal mode (transfer mode).

Symbol: DTCCR1

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	SZ	RPTINT	CHNE	DAMOD	SAMOD	RPTSEL	MODE
-	1	0	0	0	0	0	0

#### Bit 6

SZ	Data size selection
0	8 bits
1	16 bits

#### Bit 5

RPTINT	Enabling/disabling repeat mode interrupts			
0	Interrupt generation disabled			
1	Interrupt generation enabled			
The setting of the RPTINT bit is invalid when the MODE bit is 0 (normal mode).				

#### Bit 4

CHNE	Enabling/disabling chain transfers		
0	Chain transfers disabled		
1	Chain transfers enabled		
Set the CHNE bit in the DTCCR23 register to 0 (chain transfers disabled).			

### Bit 3

DAMOD	Transfer destination address control			
0	Fixed			
1	Incremented			
The setting of the DAMOD bit is invalid when the MODE bit is 1 (repeat mode) and the RPTSEL bit is 0 (transfer				
destination is the repeat area).				

#### Bit 2

SAMOD	Transfer source address control			
0	Fixed			
1	Incremented			
The setting	The setting of the SAMOD bit is invalid when the MODE bit is 1 (repeat mode) and the RPTSEL bit is 1 (transfer			
source is the repeat area).				

#### Bit 1

RPTSEL	Repeat area selection		
0	ransfer destination is the repeat area.		
1	Transfer source is the repeat area.		
The setting of the RPTSEL bit is invalid when the MODE bit is 0 (normal mode).			

MODE	Transfer mode selection
0	Normal mode
1	Repeat mode



### DTC control register 2 setting

- DTC control register 2 (DTCCR2)

Set to 8 bits (data size), chain transfers enabled, and repeat mode (transfer mode).

Symbol: DTCCR2

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	SZ	RPTINT	CHNE	DAMOD	SAMOD	RPTSEL	MODE
-	1	0	1	0	0	0	1

#### Bit 6

SZ	Data size selection
0	8 bits
1	16 bits

### Bit 5

RPTINT	Enabling/disabling repeat mode interrupts	
0	nterrupt generation disabled	
1	Interrupt generation enabled	
The setting of the RPTINT bit is invalid when the MODE bit is 0 (normal mode).		

### Bit 4

CHNE	Enabling/disabling chain transfers		
0	Chain transfers disabled		
1	Chain transfers enabled		
Set the CHNE bit in the DTCCR23 register to 0 (chain transfers disabled).			

### Bit 3

DAMOD	Transfer destination address control	
0	Fixed	
1	Incremented	
The setting of the DAMOD bit is invalid when the MODE bit is 1 (repeat mode) and the RPTSEL bit is 0 (transfer destination is the repeat area).		

#### Bit 2

SAMOD	Transfer source address control			
0	Fixed			
1	Incremented			
The setting of the SAMOD bit is invalid when the MODE bit is 1 (repeat mode) and the RPTSEL bit is 1 (transfer				
source is the repeat area).				

### Bit 1

RPTSEL	Repeat area selection	
0	Transfer destination is the repeat area.	
1	Transfer source is the repeat area.	
The setting of the RPTSEL bit is invalid when the MODE bit is 0 (normal mode).		

MODE	Transfer mode selection
0	Normal mode
1	Repeat mode



### DTC control register 3 setting

- DTC control register 3 (DTCCR3)
- Set to 8 bits (data size), chain transfers enabled, and normal mode (transfer mode).

Symbol: DTCCR3

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	SZ	RPTINT	CHNE	DAMOD	SAMOD	RPTSEL	MODE
-	0	0	1	0	0	0	0

#### Bit 6

SZ	Data size selection
0	8 bits
1	16 bits

#### Bit 5

RPTINT	Enabling/disabling repeat mode interrupts			
0	Interrupt generation disabled			
1	Interrupt generation enabled			
The set	The setting of the RPTINT bit is invalid when the MODE bit is 0 (normal mode).			

#### Bit 4

CHNE	Enabling/disabling chain transfers		
0	Chain transfers disabled		
1	Chain transfers enabled		
Set the CHNE bit in the DTCCR23 register to 0 (chain transfers disabled).			

### Bit 3

DAMOD	Transfer destination address control				
0	Fixed				
1	Incremented				
The setting of the DAMOD bit is invalid when the MODE bit is 1 (repeat mode) and the RPTSEL bit is 0 (transfer					
destination	destination is the repeat area).				

#### Bit 2

SAMOD	Transfer source address control				
0	Fixed				
1	Incremented				
The setting	The setting of the SAMOD bit is invalid when the MODE bit is 1 (repeat mode) and the RPTSEL bit is 1 (transfer				
source is the repeat area).					

#### Bit 1

RPTSEL	Repeat area selection		
0	Transfer destination is the repeat area.		
1	Transfer source is the repeat area.		
The setting of the RPTSEL bit is invalid when the MODE bit is 0 (normal mode).			

MODE	Transfer mode selection
0	Normal mode
1	Repeat mode



### DTC control register 4 setting

- DTC control register 4 (DTCCR4)

Set to 8 bits (data size), chain transfer enabled, and normal mode (transfer mode).

Symbol: DTCCR4

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	SZ	RPTINT	CHNE	DAMOD	SAMOD	RPTSEL	MODE
-	1	0	1	0	0	0	0

#### Bit 6

SZ	Data size selection
0	8 bits
1	16 bits

#### Bit 5

RPTINT	Enabling/disabling repeat mode interrupts			
0	Interrupt generation disabled			
1	Interrupt generation enabled			
The set	The setting of the RPTINT bit is invalid when the MODE bit is 0 (normal mode).			

#### Bit 4

CHNE	Enabling/disabling chain transfers		
0	Chain transfers disabled		
1	Chain transfers enabled		
Set the CHNE bit in the DTCCR23 register to 0 (chain transfers disabled).			

### Bit 3

DAMOD	Transfer destination address control			
0	Fixed			
1	Incremented			
The setting of the DAMOD bit is invalid when the MODE bit is 1 (repeat mode) and the RPTSEL bit is 0 (transfer				
destination	destination is the repeat area).			

#### Bit 2

SAMOD	Transfer source address control			
0	Fixed			
1	Incremented			
The setting	The setting of the SAMOD bit is invalid when the MODE bit is 1 (repeat mode) and the RPTSEL bit is 1 (transfer			
source is the repeat area).				

#### Bit 1

RPTSEL	Repeat area selection	
0	Transfer destination is the repeat area.	
1	Transfer source is the repeat area.	
The setting of the RPTSEL bit is invalid when the MODE bit is 0 (normal mode).		

MODE	Transfer mode selection
0	Normal mode
1	Repeat mode



### DTC control register 5 setting

- DTC control register 5 (DTCCR5)

Set to 8 bits (data size), chain transfers enabled, and normal mode (transfer mode).

Symbol: DTCCR5

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	SZ	RPTINT	CHNE	DAMOD	SAMOD	RPTSEL	MODE
-	1	0	1	0	0	0	0

#### Bit 6

SZ	Data size selection
0	8 bits
1	16 bits

#### Bit 5

RPTINT	Enabling/disabling repeat mode interrupts		
0	terrupt generation disabled		
1	Interrupt generation enabled		
The setting of the RPTINT bit is invalid when the MODE bit is 0 (normal mode).			

#### Bit 4

CHNE	Enabling/disabling chain transfers		
0	Chain transfers disabled		
1	Chain transfers enabled		
Set the CI	HNE bit in the DTCCR23 register to 0 (chain transfers disabled).		

### Bit 3

DAMOD	Transfer destination address control			
0	Fixed			
1	Incremented			
The setting of the DAMOD bit is invalid when the MODE bit is 1 (repeat mode) and the RPTSEL bit is 0 (transfer				
destination	lestination is the repeat area).			

#### Bit 2

SAMOD	Transfer source address control			
0	Fixed			
1	Incremented			
The setting	The setting of the SAMOD bit is invalid when the MODE bit is 1 (repeat mode) and the RPTSEL bit is 1 (transfer			
source is the repeat area).				

#### Bit 1

RPTSEL	Repeat area selection	
0	Transfer destination is the repeat area.	
1	Transfer source is the repeat area.	
The setting of the RPTSEL bit is invalid when the MODE bit is 0 (normal mode).		

MODE	Transfer mode selection		
0	Normal mode		
1	Repeat mode		



### DTC control register 6 setting

- DTC control register 6 (DTCCR6)

Set to 8 bits (data size), chain transfers enabled, and normal mode (transfer mode).

Symbol: DTCCR6

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	SZ	RPTINT	CHNE	DAMOD	SAMOD	RPTSEL	MODE
-	1	0	1	0	0	0	0

#### Bit 6

SZ	Data size selection
0	8 bits
1	16 bits

#### Bit 5

RPTINT	Enabling/disabling repeat mode interrupts			
0	Interrupt generation disabled			
1	Interrupt generation enabled			
The set	The setting of the RPTINT bit is invalid when the MODE bit is 0 (normal mode).			

#### Bit 4

CHNE	Enabling/disabling chain transfers		
0	Chain transfers disabled		
1	Chain transfers enabled		
Set the CHNE bit in the DTCCR23 register to 0 (chain transfers disabled).			

### Bit 3

-				
DAMOD	Transfer destination address control			
0	Fixed			
1	Incremented			
The setting of the DAMOD bit is invalid when the MODE bit is 1 (repeat mode) and the RPTSEL bit is 0 (transfer				
destination	destination is the repeat area).			

#### Bit 2

SAMOD	Transfer source address control			
0	Fixed			
1	Incremented			
The setting	The setting of the SAMOD bit is invalid when the MODE bit is 1 (repeat mode) and the RPTSEL bit is 1 (transfer			
source is the repeat area).				

#### Bit 1

RPTSEL	Repeat area selection		
0	Transfer destination is the repeat area.		
1	Transfer source is the repeat area.		
The setting of the RPTSEL bit is invalid when the MODE bit is 0 (normal mode).			

MODE	Transfer mode selection
0	Normal mode
1	Repeat mode



## DTC control register 7 setting

- DTC control register 7 (DTCCR7)

Set to 8 bits (data size), chain transfers enabled, and normal mode (transfer mode).

Symbol: DTCCR7

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	SZ	RPTINT	CHNE	DAMOD	SAMOD	RPTSEL	MODE
-	0	0	1	0	0	0	0

#### Bit 6

SZ	Data size selection
0	8 bits
1	16 bits

#### Bit 5

RPTINT	Enabling/disabling repeat mode interrupts			
0	Interrupt generation disabled			
1	Interrupt generation enabled			
The set	The setting of the RPTINT bit is invalid when the MODE bit is 0 (normal mode).			

#### Bit 4

CHNE	Enabling/disabling chain transfers		
0	Chain transfers disabled		
1	Chain transfers enabled		
Set the CHNE bit in the DTCCR23 register to 0 (chain transfers disabled).			

### Bit 3

BRO					
DAMOD	Transfer destination address control				
0	Fixed				
1	Incremented				
The setting of the DAMOD bit is invalid when the MODE bit is 1 (repeat mode) and the RPTSEL bit is 0 (transfer					
destination	destination is the repeat area).				

#### Bit 2

SAMOD	Transfer source address control				
0	Fixed				
1	Incremented				
The setting	The setting of the SAMOD bit is invalid when the MODE bit is 1 (repeat mode) and the RPTSEL bit is 1 (transfer				
source is the repeat area).					

#### Bit 1

RPTSEL	Repeat area selection		
0	Transfer destination is the repeat area.		
1	Transfer source is the repeat area.		
The setting of the RPTSEL bit is invalid when the MODE bit is 0 (normal mode).			

MODE	Transfer mode selection		
0	Normal mode		
1	Repeat mode		



### DTC control register 8 setting

- DTC control register 8 (DTCCR8)

Set to 8 bits (data size), chain transfers disabled, and normal mode (transfer mode).

Symbol: DTCCR8

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	SZ	RPTINT	CHNE	DAMOD	SAMOD	RPTSEL	MODE
-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

#### Bit 6

SZ	Data size selection			
0	8 bits			
1	16 bits			

#### Bit 5

RPTINT	Enabling/disabling repeat mode interrupts		
0	Interrupt generation disabled		
1	Interrupt generation enabled		
The setting of the PRTINT bit is invalid when the MODE bit is $0$ (normal mode)			

#### The setting of the RPTINT bit is invalid when the MODE bit is 0 (normal mode).

### Bit 4

CHNE	Enabling/disabling chain transfers	
0	Chain transfers disabled	
1	Chain transfers enabled	
Set the CHNE bit in the DTCCR23 register to 0 (chain transfers disabled).		

### Bit 3

DAMOD	Transfer destination address control			
0	Fixed			
1	Incremented			
The setting	g of the DAMOD bit is invalid when the MODE bit is 1 (repeat mode) and the RPTSEL bit is 0 (transfer			
destinatior	lestination is the repeat area).			

#### Bit 2

SAMOD	Transfer source address control				
0	Fixed				
1	Incremented				
The setting	The setting of the SAMOD bit is invalid when the MODE bit is 1 (repeat mode) and the RPTSEL bit is 1 (transfer				
source is the repeat area).					

#### Bit 1

RPTSEL	Repeat area selection		
0	Transfer destination is the repeat area.		
1	Transfer source is the repeat area.		
The setting of the RPTSEL bit is invalid when the MODE bit is 0 (normal mode).			

MODE	Transfer mode selection		
0	Normal mode		
1	Repeat mode		



# DTC block size register 0 setting

-DTC block size register 0 (DTBLS0) Set the block size to 1 byte.

Symbol: DTBLS0

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
DTBLS07	DTBLS06	DTBLS05	DTBLS04	DTBLS03	DTBLS02	DTBLS01	DTBLS00
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

	Transfer block size						
DTBLS0							
00H	256 bytes	512 bytes					
01H	1 byte	2 bytes					
02H	2 bytes	4 bytes					
0	۰	0					
•	۰	•					
•	•	•					
FEH	254 bytes	508 bytes					
FFH	255 bytes	510 bytes					

### DTC block size register 1 setting

-DTC block size register 1 (DTBLS1) Set the block size to 2 bytes.

Symbol: DTBLS1

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
D	TBLS17	DTBLS16	DTBLS15	DTBLS14	DTBLS13	DTBLS12	DTBLS11	DTBLS10
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

	Transfer block size					
DTBLS1						
00H	256 bytes	512 bytes				
01H	1 byte	2 bytes				
02H	2 bytes	4 bytes				
۰	•	•				
•	۰	•				
•	٠	0				
FEH	254 bytes	508 bytes				
FFH	255 bytes	510 bytes				



# DTC block size register 2 setting

-DTC block size register 2 (DTBLS2)

Set the block size to 2 bytes.

Symbol: DTBLS2

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
DTBLS27	DTBLS26	DTBLS25	DTBLS24	DTBLS23	DTBLS22	DTBLS21	DTBLS20
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

	Transfer block size					
DTBLS2						
00H	256 bytes	512 bytes				
01H	1 byte	2 bytes				
02H	2 bytes	4 bytes				
٠	0	0				
•	•	•				
•	۰	•				
FEH	254 bytes	508 bytes				
FFH	255 bytes	510 bytes				

## DTC block size register 3 setting

-DTC block size register 3 (DTBLS3) Set the block size to 1 byte.

Symbol: DTBLS3

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
DTBLS37	DTBLS36	DTBLS35	DTBLS34	DTBLS33	DTBLS32	DTBLS31	DTBLS30
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

	Transfer block size					
DTBLS3						
00H	256 bytes	512 bytes				
01H	1 byte	2 bytes				
02H	2 bytes	4 bytes				
٠	0	•				
۰	•	•				
•	•	0				
FEH	254 bytes	508 bytes				
FFH	255 bytes	510 bytes				



## DTC block size register 4 setting

-DTC block size register 4 (DTBLS4)

Set the block size to 2 bytes.

Symbol: DTBLS4

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
DTBLS47	DTBLS46	DTBLS45	DTBLS44	DTBLS43	DTBLS42	DTBLS41	DTBLS40
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

	Transfer block size					
DTBLS4						
00H	256 bytes	512 bytes				
01H	1 byte	2 bytes				
02H	2 bytes	4 bytes				
	0	0				
•	0	•				
	0	0				
FEH	254 bytes	508 bytes				
FFH	255 bytes	510 bytes				

#### DTC block size register 5 setting

-DTC block size register 5 (DTBLS5) Set the block size to 2 bytes.

Symbol: DTBLS5

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
DTBLS57	DTBLS56	DTBLS55	DTBLS54	DTBLS53	DTBLS52	DTBLS51	DTBLS50
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

	Transfer block size					
DTBLS5						
00H	256 bytes	512 bytes				
01H	1 byte	2 bytes				
02H	2 bytes	4 bytes				
٠	0	0				
۰	۰	•				
٠	0	0				
FEH	254 bytes	508 bytes				
FFH	255 bytes	510 bytes				



## DTC block size register 6 setting

-DTC block size register 6 (DTBLS6)

Set the block size to 2 bytes.

Symbol: DTBLS6

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
DTBLS67	DTBLS66	DTBLS65	DTBLS64	DTBLS63	DTBLS62	DTBLS61	DTBLS60
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

	Transfer block size					
DTBLS6						
00H	256 bytes	512 bytes				
01H	1 byte	2 bytes				
02H	2 bytes	4 bytes				
۰	0	0				
	0	•				
•	•	0				
FEH	254 bytes	508 bytes				
FFH	255 bytes	510 bytes				

#### DTC block size register 7 setting

-DTC block size register 7 (DTBLS7) Set the block size to 1 byte.

Symbol: DTBLS7

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
DTBLS77	DTBLS76	DTBLS75	DTBLS74	DTBLS73	DTBLS72	DTBLS71	DTBLS70
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

	Transfer block size					
DTBLS7						
00H	256 bytes	512 bytes				
01H	1 byte	2 bytes				
02H	2 bytes	4 bytes				
•	•	0				
0	•	•				
٠	•	•				
FEH	254 bytes	508 bytes				
FFH	255 bytes	510 bytes				



## DTC block size register 8 setting

-DTC block size register 8 (DTBLS8) Set the block size to 1 byte.

Symbol: DTBLS8

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
DTBLS87	DTBLS86	DTBLS85	DTBLS84	DTBLS83	DTBLS82	DTBLS81	DTBLS80
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

	Transfer block size					
DTBLS8						
00H	256 bytes	512 bytes				
01H	1 byte	2 bytes				
02H	2 bytes	4 bytes				
	0	0				
•	0	•				
	0	۰				
FEH	254 bytes	508 bytes				
FFH	255 bytes	510 bytes				



## DTC transfer count register 0 setting

- DTC transfer count register 0 (DTCCT0)

Set the number of DTC data transfers to once.

Symbol: DTCCT0

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
DTCCT07	DTCCT06	DTCCT05	DTCCT04	DTCCT03	DTCCT02	DTCCT01	DTCCT00
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

DTCCT0	Number of transfers
00H	256 times
01H	Once
02H	2 times
	0
•	0
•	0
FEH	254 times
FFH	255 times

## DTC transfer count register 1 setting

- DTC transfer count register 1 (DTCCT1)

Set the number of DTC data transfers to once.

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
DTCCT17	DTCCT16	DTCCT15	DTCCT14	DTCCT13	DTCCT12	DTCCT11	DTCCT10
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

DTCCT1	Number of transfers
00H	256 times
01H	Once
02H	2 times
•	0
۰	0
٠	0
FEH	254 times
FFH	255 times



## DTC transfer count register 2 setting

- DTC transfer count register 2 (DTCCT2)

Set the number of DTC data transfers to 4 times.

Symbol: DTCCT2

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
DTCCT27	DTCCT26	DTCCT25	DTCCT24	DTCCT23	DTCCT22	DTCCT21	DTCCT20
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0

DTCCT2	Number of transfers
00H	256 times
01H	Once
02H	2 times
	0
•	•
	۰
04H	4 times
0	0
•	•
	۰
FEH	254 times
FFH	255 times

#### DTC transfer count register 3 setting

- DTC transfer count register 3 (DTCCT3)

Set the number of DTC data transfers to 4 times.

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
DTCCT37	DTCCT36	DTCCT35	DTCCT34	DTCCT33	DTCCT32	DTCCT31	DTCCT30
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0

DTCCT3	Number of transfers
00H	256 times
01H	Once
02H	2 times
0	0
•	•
0	•
04H	4 times
0	0
•	•
0	0
FEH	254 times
FFH	255 times



## DTC transfer count register 4 setting

- DTC transfer count register 4 (DTCCT4)

Set the number of DTC data transfers to 4 times.

Symbol: DTCCT4

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
DTCCT47	DTCCT46	DTCCT45	DTCCT44	DTCCT43	DTCCT42	DTCCT41	DTCCT40
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0

DTCCT4	Number of transfers
00H	256 times
01H	Once
02H	2 times
0	0
•	•
•	•
04H	4 times
0	0
•	•
•	0
FEH	254 times
FFH	255 times

#### DTC transfer count register 5 setting

- DTC transfer count register 5 (DTCCT5)

Set the number of DTC data transfers to 4 times.

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
DTCCT57	DTCCT56	DTCCT55	DTCCT54	DTCCT53	DTCCT52	DTCCT51	DTCCT50
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0

DTCCT5	Number of transfers
00H	256 times
01H	Once
02H	2 times
0	0
•	•
•	•
04H	4 times
0	0
•	•
	0
FEH	254 times
FFH	255 times



## DTC transfer count register 6 setting

- DTC transfer count register 6 (DTCCT6)

Set the number of DTC data transfers to 4 times.

Symbol: DTCCT6

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
DTCCT67	DTCCT66	DTCCT65	DTCCT64	DTCCT63	DTCCT62	DTCCT61	DTCCT60
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0

DTCCT6	Number of transfers
00H	256 times
01H	Once
02H	2 times
۰	0
•	۰
0	٥
04H	4 times
0	0
۰	۰
•	0
FEH	254 times
FFH	255 times

#### DTC transfer count register 7 setting

- DTC transfer count register 7 (DTCCT7)

Set the number of DTC data transfers to 4 times.

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
DTCCT77	DTCCT76	DTCCT75	DTCCT74	DTCCT73	DTCCT72	DTCCT71	DTCCT70
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0

DTCCT7	Number of transfers
00H	256 times
01H	Once
02H	2 times
0	0
•	٠
•	٠
04H	4 times
0	0
•	۰
0	0
FEH	254 times
FFH	255 times



DTC transfer count register 8 setting

- DTC transfer count register 8 (DTCCT8)

Set the number of DTC data transfers to 4 times.

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
DTCCT87	DTCCT86	DTCCT85	DTCCT84	DTCCT83	DTCCT82	DTCCT81	DTCCT80
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0

DTCCT8	Number of transfers
00H	256 times
01H	Once
02H	2 times
٠	0
•	•
٠	0
04H	4 times
۰	0
٠	•
•	0
FEH	254 times
FFH	255 times



#### DTC transfer count reload register 0 setting

-DTC transfer count reload register 0 (DTRLD0) Set the transfer reload count to once. Symbol: DTRLD0

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
DTRLD07	DTRLD06	DTRLD05	DTRLD04	DTRLD03	DTRLD02	DTRLD01	DTRLD00
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

#### DTC transfer count reload register 1 setting

-DTC transfer count reload register 1 (DTRLD1) Set the transfer reload count to zero.

Symbol: DTRLD1

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
DTRLD17	DTRLD16	DTRLD15	DTRLD14	DTRLD13	DTRLD12	DTRLD11	DTRLD10
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

#### DTC transfer count reload register 2 setting

-DTC transfer count reload register 2 (DTRLD2) Set the transfer reload count to 4 times.

Symbol: DTRLD2

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
DTRLD27	DTRLD26	DTRLD25	DTRLD24	DTRLD23	DTRLD22	DTRLD21	DTRLD20
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0

#### DTC transfer count reload register 3 setting

-DTC transfer count reload register 3 (DTRLD3) Set the transfer reload count to zero.

Symbol: DTRLD3

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
DTRLD37	DTRLD36	DTRLD35	DTRLD34	DTRLD33	DTRLD32	DTRLD31	DTRLD30
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0



## DTC transfer count reload register 4 setting

-DTC transfer count reload register 4 (DTRLD4) Set the transfer reload count to zero.

Symbol: DTRLD4

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
DTRLD47	DTRLD46	DTRLD45	DTRLD44	DTRLD43	DTRLD42	DTRLD41	DTRLD40
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

#### DTC transfer count reload register 5 setting

-DTC transfer count reload register 5 (DTRLD5) Set the transfer reload count to zero.

Symbol: DTRLD5

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
DTRLD57	DTRLD56	DTRLD55	DTRLD54	DTRLD53	DTRLD52	DTRLD51	DTRLD50
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

#### DTC transfer count reload register 6 setting

-DTC transfer count reload register 6 (DTRLD6) Set the transfer reload count to zero.

Symbol: DTRLD6

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
DTRLD67	DTRLD66	DTRLD65	DTRLD64	DTRLD63	DTRLD62	DTRLD61	DTRLD60
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

DTC transfer count reload register 7 setting

- DTC transfer count reload register 7 (DTRLD7)

Set the transfer reload count to zero.

Symbol: DTRLD7

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
DTRLD77	DTRLD76	DTRLD75	DTRLD74	DTRLD73	DTRLD72	DTRLD71	DTRLD70
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0



## DTC transfer count reload register 8 setting

-DTC transfer count reload register 8 (DTRLD8) Set the transfer reload count to zero.

Symbol: DTRLD8

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
DTRLD87	DTRLD86	DTRLD85	DTRLD84	DTRLD83	DTRLD82	DTRLD81	DTRLD80
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0



#### DTC source address register 0 setting

- DTC source address register 0 (DTSAR0).

Set the transfer destination address to "FD00H".

Symbol: DTSAR0

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
DTS AR0		DTS AR0													
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

#### DTC source address register 1 setting

- DTC source address register 1 (DTSAR1)

Set the transfer destination address to "FD04H".

Symbol: DTSAR1

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
DTS															
AR1															
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0

#### DTC source address register 2 setting

- DTC source address register 2 (DTSAR2)

Set the transfer destination address to "FF1EH".

Symbol: DTSAR2

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
DTS															
AR2															
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0

#### DTC source address register 3 setting

- DTC source address register 3 (DTSAR3)

Set the transfer destination address to "FD02H".

Symbol: DTSAR3

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
DTS															
AR3															
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0

#### DTC source address register 4 setting

- DTC source address register 4 (DTSAR4)

Set the transfer destination address to "FD06H".

Symbol: DTSAR4

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
DTS															
AR4															
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0

#### DTC source address register 5 setting

- DTC source address register 5 (DTSAR5)

Set the transfer destination address to "FF1EH".

Symbol: DTSAR5

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
DTS															
AR5															
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0

#### DTC source address register 6 setting

- DTC source address register 6 (DTSAR6)

Set the transfer destination address to "FD0CH".

Symbol: DTSAR6

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
DTS															
AR6															
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0

## DTC source address register 7 setting

- DTC source address register 7 (DTSAR7)

Set the transfer destination address to "FD08H".

Symbol: DTSAR7

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
DTS															
AR7															
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0

## DTC source address register 8 setting

- DTC source address register 8 (DTSAR8)

Set the transfer destination address to "FD0AH".

Symbol: DTSAR8

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
DTS															
AR8															
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0



#### DTC destination address register 0 setting

- DTC destination address register 0 (DTDAR0) Set the transfer source address to "FF05H".

Symbol: DTDAR0

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
DTD															
AR0															
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1

#### DTC destination address register 1 setting

- DTC destination address register 1 (DTDAR1)

Set the transfer source address to "FF90H".

Symbol: DTDAR1

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
DTD															
AR1															
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0

#### DTC destination address register 2 setting

- DTC destination address register 2 (DTDAR2) Set the transfer source address to "FC04H".

Symbol: DTDAR2

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
DTD															
AR2															
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0

#### DTC destination address register 3 setting

- DTC destination address register 3 (DTDAR3) Set the transfer source address to "FF05H". Symbol: DTDAR3

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
DTD															
AR3															
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1

#### DTC destination address register 4 setting

- DTC destination address register 4 (DTDAR4) Set the transfer source address to "FF90H".

Symbol: DTDAR4

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
DTD															
AR4															
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0

#### DTC destination address register 5 setting

- DTC destination address register 5 (DTDAR5) Set the transfer source address to "0512H".

Symbol: DTDAR5

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
DTD															
AR5															
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0

#### DTC destination address register 6 setting

- DTC destination address register 6 (DTDAR6) Set the transfer source address to "0514H". Symbol: DTDAR6

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
DTD															
AR6															
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0



#### DTC destination address register 7 setting

- DTC destination address register 7 (DTDAR7) Set the transfer source address to "0010H". Symbol: DTDAR7

13 15 14 12 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 2 0 11 3 1 DTD AR7 15 14 13 5 4 3 0 11 9 6 2 12 10 8 7 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

#### DTC destination address register 8 setting

- DTC destination address register 8 (DTDAR8) Set the transfer source address to "0010H".

Symbol: DTDAR8

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
DTD															
AR8															
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0



## RL78/I1D Low Power Consuming Intermittent Operation of ADC Using DTC IAR

## 5.7.10 ELC Initialization

Figure 5.13 is a flowchart for initial setting of the ELC.

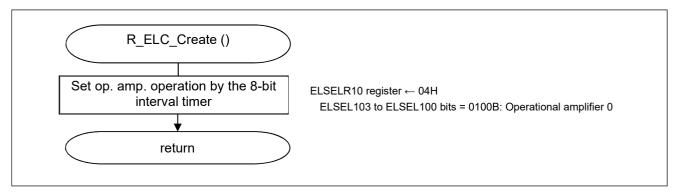


Figure 5.13 Initial Setting of the ELC

#### Operational amplifier operation setting by the 8-bit interval timer

- Event output destination select register 10 (ELSELR10) Set operation start of the operational amplifiers by compare match of the 8-bit interval timer.

Symbol: ELSELR10

 7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	0	0	0	ELSEL103	ELSEL102	ELSEL101	ELSEL100
Х	Х	Х	Х	0	1	0	0

Bits 3 to 0

Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	Event link selection of 8-bit interval timer 0 selection
0	0	0	0	Event link disabled
0	0	0	1	Select operation of peripheral function 1 to link
0	0	1	0	Select operation of peripheral function 2 to link
0	0	1	1	Select operation of peripheral function 3 to link
0	1	0	0	Peripheral function to link: operational amplifier 0 Operation at event acceptance: Operation start
0	1	0	1	Select operation of peripheral function 5 to link
0	1	1	0	Select operation of peripheral function 6 to link
0	1	1	1	Select operation of peripheral function 7 to link
(	Other the	an abov	e	Setting prohibited



## 5.7.11 DOC Initialization

Figure 5.14 is a flowchart for initial setting of DOC.

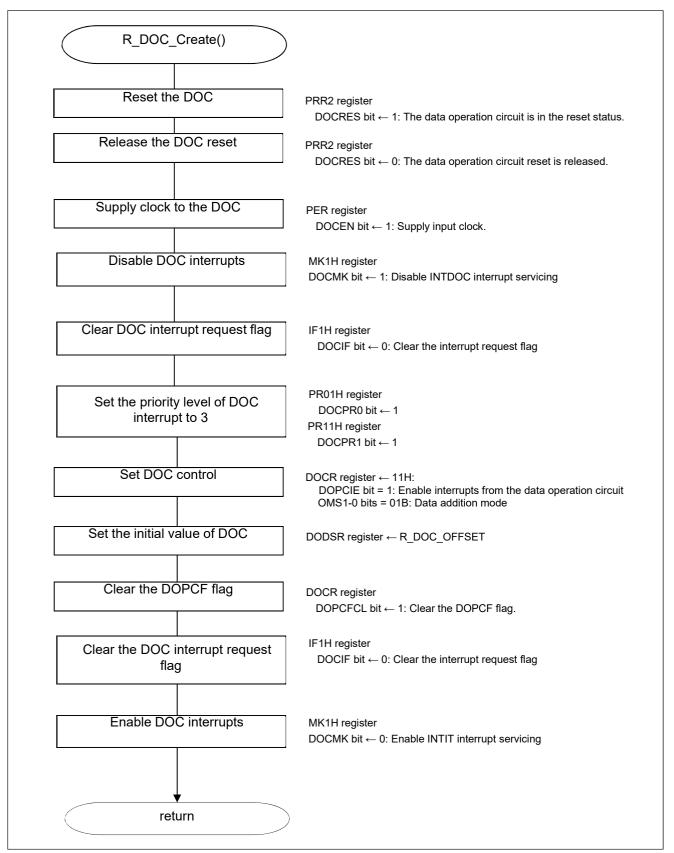


Figure 5.14 Initial Setting of the DOC



## DOC reset

- Peripheral reset control register 2 (PRR2)

Reset DOC. Symbol: PRR2

7 6 З л 2 \_

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
TMKARES	0	DOCRES	0	0	0	0	0
Х	Х	1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

Bit 5

DOCRES	Reset control of data operation circuit
0	The data operation circuit reset is released.
1	The data operation circuit is in the reset status.

#### DOC reset release

- Peripheral reset control register 2 (PRR2) Release the DOC reset status.

Symbol: PRR2

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
TMKARES	0	DOCRES	0	0	0	0	0
Х	Х	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

DOCRES	Reset control of data operation circuit
0	The data operation circuit reset is released.
1	The data operation circuit is in the reset status.



#### DOC clock supply start

- Peripheral enable register 2 (PER2)

Start DOC clock supply.

Symbol: PER2

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
TMKAEN	FMCEN	DOCEN	0	0	0	0	0
Х	Х	1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

Bit 5

DOCEN	Control of data operation circuit input clock supply
0	Stops input clock supply.
1	Supplies input clock.

## DOC interrupt setting

-Interrupt mask flag register (MK1H)

Disable interrupt servicing.

-Interrupt request flag register (IF1H)

Clear the interrupt request flag.

Symbol: MK1H

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	DOCMK	CMPMK1	CMPMK0	KRMK	TMKAMK	RTCMK	ADMK
Х	1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

Bit 6

	DOCMK	Interrupt servicing control				
	0	Interrupt servicing enabled				
ſ	1	Interrupt servicing disabled				

Symbol: IF1H

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	DOCIF	CMPIF1	CMPIF0	KRIF	TMKAIFI	RTCIF	ADIF
Х	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

DOCIF	Interrupt request flag			
0	No interrupt request signal is generated.			
1	Interrupt request is generated, interrupt request status			



## Data operation circuit interrupt priority level setting

- Priority specification flag register (PR11H, PR01H) Specify level 3 (low priority level).

Symbol: PR11H

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	DOCPR1	CMPPR11	CMPPR10	KRPR1	TMKAPR1	RTCPR1	ADPR1
Х	1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

Symbol: : PR01H

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	DOCPR0	CMPPR01	CMPPR00	KRPR0	TMKAPR0	RTCPR0	ADPR0
Х	1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

DOCPR1	DOCPR0	Priority level selection
0	0	Specify level 0 (high priority level)
0	1	Specify level 1.
1	0	Specify level 2.
1	1	Specify level 3 (low priority level)



#### Data operation circuit control setting

- DOC control register (DOCR)

Select the data addition mode and enable interrupts form the data operation circuit.

Symbol: DOCR

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	DOPCFCL	DOPCF	DOPCIE	0	DCSEL	OMS1	OMS0
Х	ХХХ		1	Х	Х	0	1

Bit 4

DOPCIE	Data operation circuit interrupt enabling					
0	Disables interrupts from the data operation circuit.					
1	Enables interrupts from the data operation circuit.					

#### Bits 1 to 0

OMS1	OMS0	Operating mode selection					
0	0	Data comparison mode					
0	1	Data addition mode					
1	0	Data subtraction mode					
1	1	Setting prohibited					

#### Data operation circuit initial value setting

- DOC data setting register (DODSR)

Set an initial value of the data operation circuit.

#### Symbol: DODSR

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0

#### Bit 15 to bit 0

Function In data addition mode and data subtraction mode, the operation result is stored.



#### DOPCF flag clear

- DOC control register (DOCR)
  - Clear the DOPCF flag.

Symbol: DOCR

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	DOPCFCL	DOPCF	DOPCIE	0	DCSEL	OMS1	OMS0
Х	1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

Bit 6

DOPCFCL	DOPCF clear
0	Maintains the DOPCF flag state.
1	Clears the DOPCF flag.

#### DOC interrupt setting

Interrupt request flag register (IF1H) Clear the interrupt request flag.
 Interrupt mask flag register (MK1H)

Enable interrupt servicing.

Symbol: IF1H

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	DOCIF	CMPIF1	CMPIF0	KRIF	TMKAIFI	RTCIF	ADIF
Х	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

Bit 6

DOCIF	Interrupt request flag						
0	lo interrupt request signal is generated.						
1	Interrupt request is generated, interrupt request status						

Symbol: MK1H

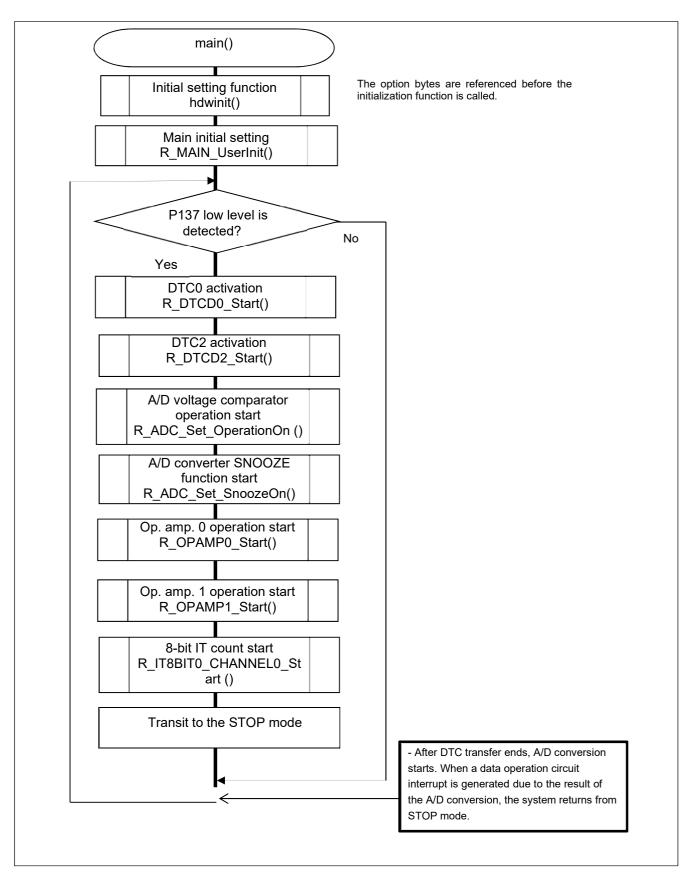
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	DOCMK	CMPMK1	CMPMK0	KRMK	TMKAMK	RTCMK	ADMK
Х	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

DOCMK	Interrupt servicing control
0	Interrupt servicing enabled
1	Interrupt servicing disabled



# 5.7.12 Main Processing

Figure 5.15 is a flowchart of main processing.

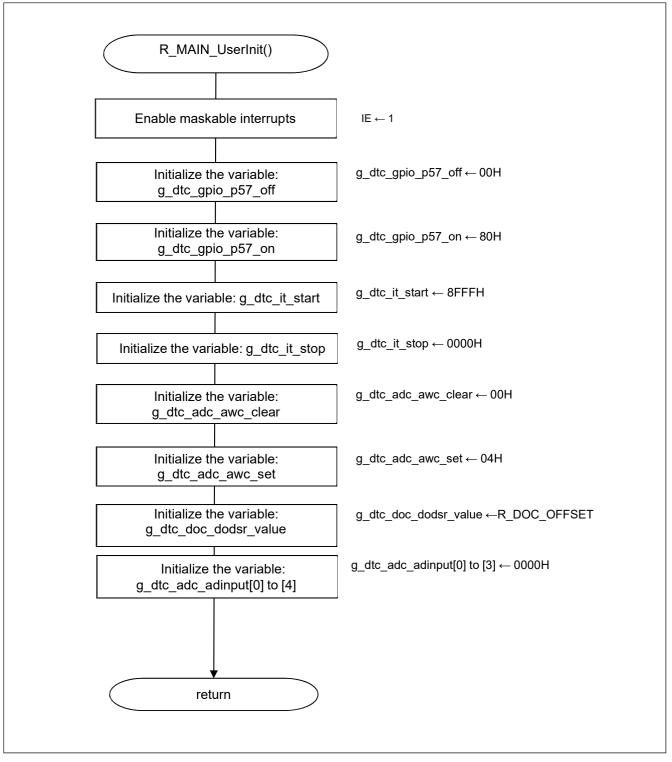






# 5.7.13 Main Initialization

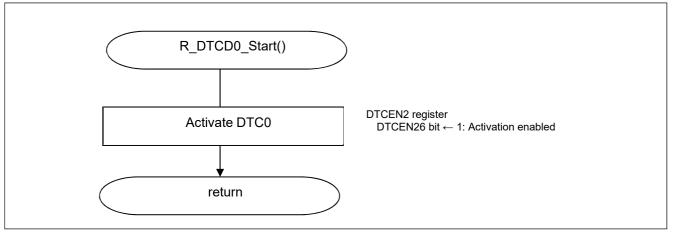
Figure 5.16 shows a flowchart for main initial setting.



## Figure 5.16 Main Initial Setting

## 5.7.14 DTC0 Activation

Figure 5.17 is a flowchart for DTC0 activation.



## Figure 5.17 DTC0 Activation

#### DTC0 activation

- DTC activation enable register (DTCEN2) Enable DTC activation by 8-bit IT.

Symbol: DTCEN2

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
DTCEN27	DTCEN26	DTCEN25	DTCEN24	DTCEN23	DTCEN22	DTCEN21	DTCEN20
Х	1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

Bit 6

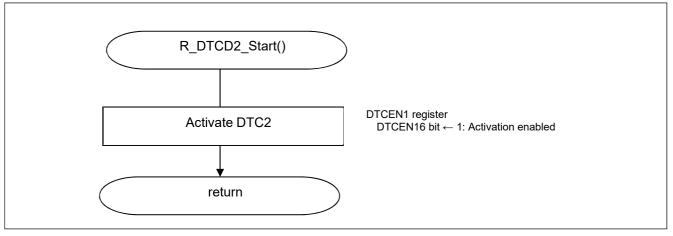
DTCEN26	DTC activation enable 26
0	Activation disabled
1	Activation enabled

Note



## 5.7.15 DTC2 Activation

Figure 5.18 is a flowchart for DTC2 activation.



## Figure 5.18 DTC2 Activation

#### DTC2 activation

- DTC activation enable register (DTCEN1) Enable DTC activation by A/D conversion end.

Symbol: DTCEN1

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
DTCEN17	DTCEN16	DTCEN15	DTCEN14	DTCEN13	DTCEN12	DTCEN11	DTCEN10
Х	1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

Bit 6

DTCEN16	DTC activation enable 16
0	Activation disabled
1	Activation enabled

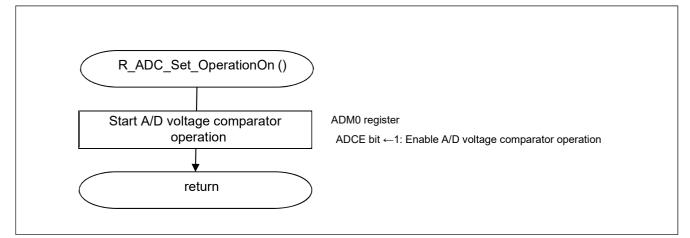
Note



# RL78/I1D Low Power Consuming Intermittent Operation of ADC Using DTC IAR

## 5.7.16 A/D Voltage Comparator Operation Start

Figure 5.19 shows a flowchart to start A/D voltage comparator operation.



## Figure 5.19 A/D Voltage Comparator Operation Start

#### A/D voltage comparator operation start

- A/D converter mode register 0 (ADM0) Control A/D voltage comparator operation.

Symbol: ADM0

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ADCS	ADMD	FR2	FR1	FR0	LV1	LV0	ADCE
Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	1

Bit 0

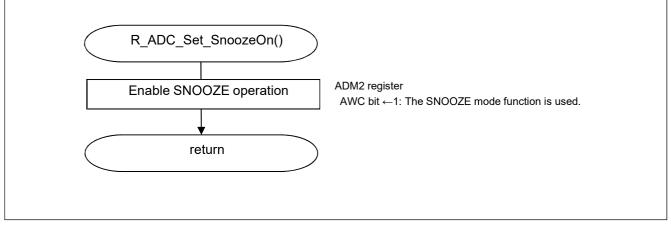
ADCE	A/D voltage comparator operation control
0	Stops A/D voltage comparator operation
1	Enables A/D voltage comparator operation

Note



# 5.7.17 A/D Converter SNOOZE Function Start

Figure 5.20 is a flowchart to start the SNOOZE function of the A/D converter.



### Figure 5.20 A/D Converter's SNOOZE Function Start

#### SNOOZE mode operation start

- A/D converter mode register 2 (ADM2) Start SNOOZE mode operation.

Symbol: ADM2

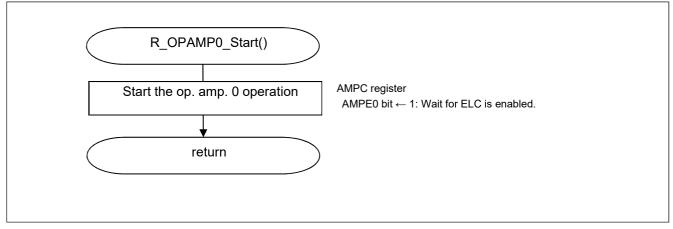
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ADREFP1	ADREFP0	ADREFM	0	ADRCK	AWC	0	ADYTP
Х	х	х	х	х	1	х	х

AWC	Specification of the SNOOZE mode
0	The SNOOZE mode function is not used.
1	The SNOOZE mode function is used.



## 5.7.18 Operational Amplifier 0 Operation Start

Figure 5.21 is a flowchart to start operation of the operational amplifier 0.



## Figure 5.21 Operational Amplifier 0 Operation Start

#### Operational amplifier 0 operation start

- Operational amplifier control register (AMPC) Start operation of the operational amplifier 0.

Symbol: AMPC

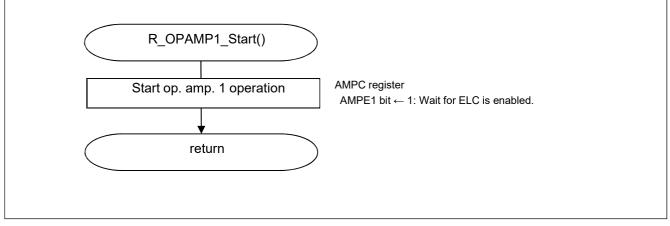
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
IREFE	0	0	0	AMPE3	AMPE2	AMPE1	AMPE0
х	х	х	х	х	х	х	1

AMPE0	Operation control of operational amplifier
0	Operation amplifier is stopped.
	Software trigger mode: Operation of operational amplifier is enabled. ELC trigger mode or ELC and A/D trigger mode: Wait for ELC is enabled.



## 5.7.19 Operational Amplifier 1 Operation Start

Figure 5.22 is a flowchart to start operation of the operational amplifier 1.



## Figure 5.22 Operational Amplifier 1 Operation Start

#### Operational amplifier 1 operation start

- Operational amplifier control register (AMPC) Start operation of the operational amplifier 1.

Symbol: AMPC

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
IREFE	0	0	0	AMPE3	AMPE2	AMPE1	AMPE0
х	х	х	х	х	х	1	х

AMPE1	Operation control of operational amplifier						
0	Operation amplifier is stopped.						
	Software trigger mode: Operation of operational amplifier is enabled. ELC trigger mode or ELC and A/D trigger mode: Wait for ELC is enabled.						



## RL78/I1D

# 5.7.20 8-bit Interval Timer Count Start

Figure 5.23 is a flowchart to start count by the 8-bit interval timer.

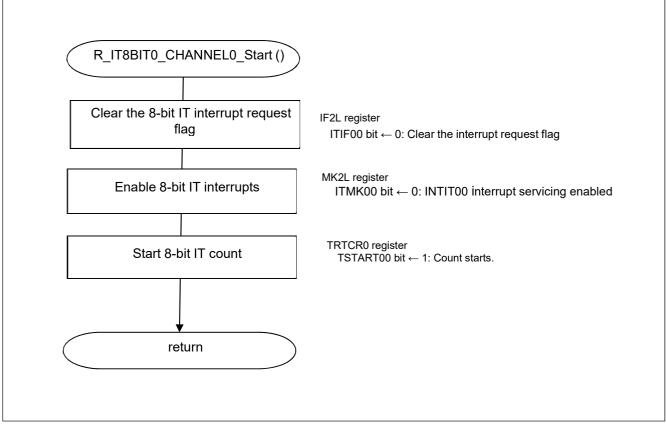


Figure 5.23 8-bit Interval Timer Count Start



#### 8-bit interval timer interrupt setting

- -Interrupt request flag register (IF2L)
- Clear the interrupt request flag.
- Interrupt request flag register (MK2L)
- Enable interrupt servicing.

Symbol: IF2L

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
FLIF	0	0	0	ITIF11	ITIF10	ITIF01	ITIF00
Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	0

#### Bit 0

ITIF00	Interrupt request flag				
0	No interrupt request signal is generated.				
1	Interrupt request is generated, interrupt request status				

Symbol: MK2L

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
FLMK	0	0	0	ITMK11	ITMK10	ITMK01	ITMK00
Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	0

#### Bit 0

ITMK00	Interrupt servicing control			
0	nterrupt servicing enabled			
1	Interrupt servicing disabled			

#### Note

1. For details on register settings, refer to RL78/I1D User's Manual: Hardware.

#### 8-bit interval timer count start setting

- 8-bit interval timer control register 0 (TRTCR0)

Start counting by the 8-bit interval timer.

Symbol: TRTCR0

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
TCSMD0	0	0	TCLKEN0	0	TSTART0 1	0	TSTART0 0
Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	1

Bit 0

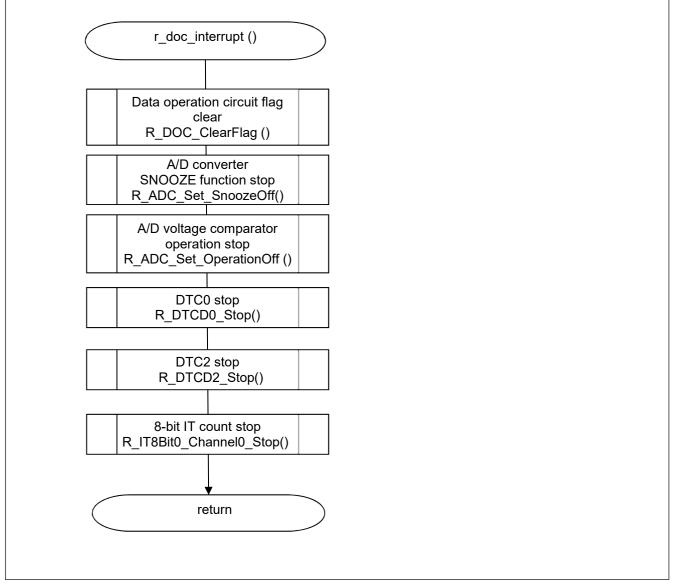
TSTART00	8-bit interval timer 0 count start
0	Count stops.
1	Count starts.

Note



## 5.7.21 Data Operation Circuit Interrupt Servicing

Figure 5.24 is a flowchart of main processing.

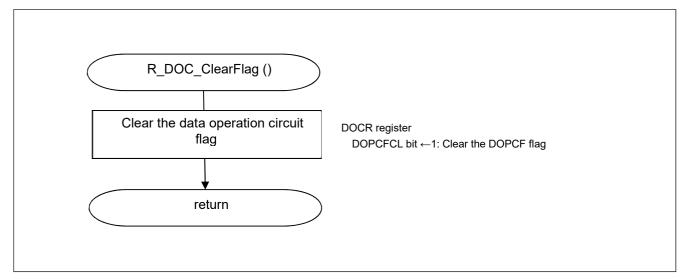


# Figure 5.24 Data Operation Circuit Interrupt Servicing



# 5.7.22 Data Operation Circuit Flag Clear

Figure 5.25 shows a flowchart to clear the data operation circuit flag.



## Figure 5.25 Data Operation Circuit Flag Clear

#### Data operation circuit flag clear

- DOC control register (DOCR) Set the SNOOZE mode.

Symbol: DOCR

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	DOPCFCL	DOPCF	DOPCIE	0	DCSEL	OMS1	OMS0
Х	1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

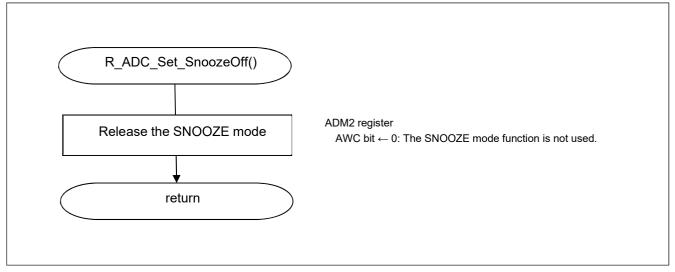
DOPCFCL	DOPCF clear
0	Maintains the DOPCF flag state.
1	Clears the DOPCF flag.



### RL78/I1D

## 5.7.23 A/D Converter SNOOZE Function Stop

Figure 5.26 shows a flowchart to stop the SNOOZE function of the A/D converter.





#### SNOOZE mode setting

- A/D converter mode register 2 (ADM2) Specify the SNOOZE mode function.

Symbol: ADM2

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ADREFP1	ADREFP0	ADREFM	0	ADRCK	AWC	0	ADYTP
Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	0	Х	Х

#### Bits 2

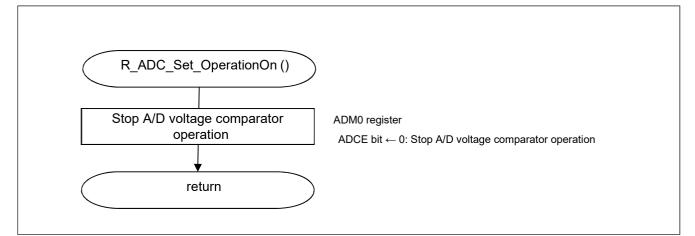
AWC	Specification of the SNOOZE mode			
0	The SNOOZE mode function is not used.			
1	The SNOOZE mode function is used.			



#### RL78/I1D

# 5.7.24 A/D Voltage Comparator Operation Stop

Figure 5.27 shows a flowchart to stop operation of the A/D voltage comparator.



## Figure 5.27 A/D Voltage Comparator Operation Stop

#### A/D voltage comparator operation start

- A/D converter mode register 0 (ADM0) Control A/D voltage comparator operation.

Symbol: ADM0

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ADCS	ADMD	FR2	FR1	FR0	LV1	LV0	ADCE
Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	0

Bit 0

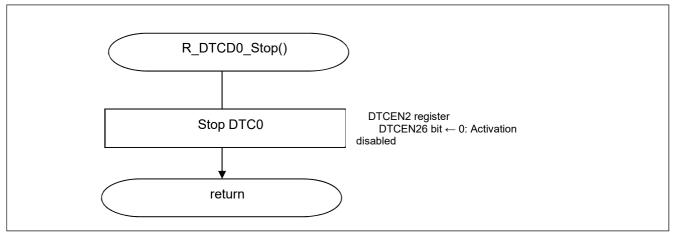
ADCE	A/D voltage comparator operation control					
0	0 Stops A/D voltage comparator operation					
1	Enables A/D voltage comparator operation					

Note



## 5.7.25 DTC0 Stop

Figure 5.28 is a flowchart to stop the DTC0.



## Figure 5.28 DTC0 Stop

#### DTC0 stop

- DTC activation enable register (DTCEN2) Disable DTC activation by 8-bit IT.

Symbol: DTCEN2

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
DTCEN27	DTCEN26	DTCEN25	DTCEN24	DTCEN23	DTCEN22	DTCEN21	DTCEN20
Х	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

Bit 6

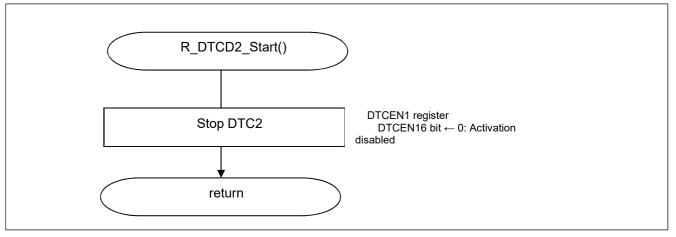
DTCEN26	DTC activation enable 26
0	Activation disabled
1	Activation enabled

Note



# 5.7.26 DTC2 Stop

Figure 5.29 is a flowchart to stop the DTC2.



## Figure 5.29 DTC2 Stop

#### DTC2 stop

- DTC activation enable register (DTCEN1) Disable DTC activation by A/D conversion end.

Symbol: DTCEN1

-	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ſ	DTCEN17	DTCEN16	DTCEN15	DTCEN14	DTCEN13	DTCEN12	DTCEN11	DTCEN10
ſ	Х	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

Bit 6

DTCEN16	DTC activation enable 16
0	Activation disabled
1	Activation enabled

Note



## 5.7.27 8-bit Interval Timer Count Stop

Figure 5.30 shows a flowchart to start counting by the 8-bit interval timer.

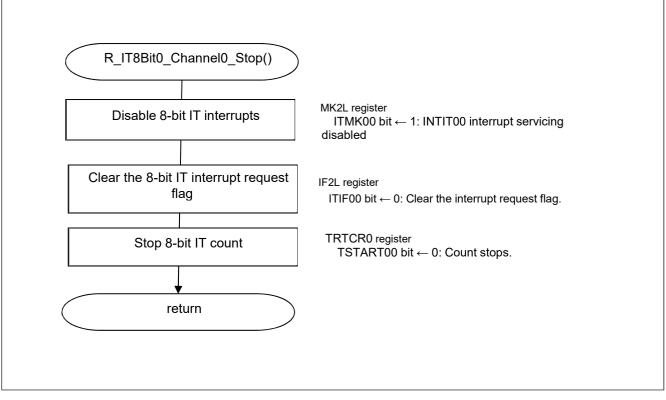


Figure 5.30 8-bit Interval Timer Count Stop



#### 8-bit interval timer interrupt setting

- Interrupt request flag register (MK2L)
- Disable interrupt servicing.
- Interrupt request flag register (IF2L)
- Clear the interrupt request flag.

Symbol: MK2L

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
FLMK	0	0	0	ITMK11	ITMK10	ITMK01	ITMK00
Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	1

Bit 0

ITMK00	Interrupt servicing control			
0	Interrupt servicing enabled			
1	Interrupt servicing disabled			

Symbol: IF2L

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
FLIF	0	0	0	ITIF11	ITIF10	ITIF01	ITIF00
Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	0

#### Bit 0

ITIF00	Interrupt request flag			
0	No interrupt request signal is generated.			
1	Interrupt request is generated, interrupt request status			

#### Note

1. For details on register settings, refer to RL78/I1D User's Manual: Hardware.

#### 8-bit interval timer count stop setting

- 8-bit interval timer control register 0 (TRTCR0)

Start counting by the 8-bit interval timer.

Symbol: TRTCR0

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
TCSMD0	0	0	TCLKEN0	0	TSTART01	0	TSTART00
Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	0

Bit 0

TSTART00	8-bit interval timer 0 count start
0	Count stops.
1	Count starts.

Note



## 6. Sample Code

Sample code can be downloaded from the Renesas Electronics website.

## 7. Reference Documents

RL78/I1D User's Manual: Hardware (R01UH0474E)

RL78 Family User's Manual: Software (R01US0015EJ)

The latest versions can be downloaded from the Renesas Electronics website.

Technical Update/Technical News

The latest information can be downloaded from the Renesas Electronics website.



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# **Revision History**

		Description		
Rev.	Date	Page	Summary	
1.00	Feb.03.2017	-	First edition issued	
1.10	June.24.2022	8	Update Operation Confirmation Conditions	



# General Precautions in the Handling of Microprocessing Unit and Microcontroller Unit Products

The following usage notes are applicable to all Microprocessing unit and Microcontroller unit products from Renesas. For detailed usage notes on the products covered by this document, refer to the relevant sections of the document as well as any technical updates that have been issued for the products.

#### 1. Precaution against Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)

A strong electrical field, when exposed to a CMOS device, can cause destruction of the gate oxide and ultimately degrade the device operation. Steps must be taken to stop the generation of static electricity as much as possible, and quickly dissipate it when it occurs. Environmental control must be adequate. When it is dry, a humidifier should be used. This is recommended to avoid using insulators that can easily build up static electricity. Semiconductor devices must be stored and transported in an anti-static container, static shielding bag or conductive material. All test and measurement tools including work benches and floors must be grounded. The operator must also be grounded using a wrist strap. Semiconductor devices must not be touched with bare hands. Similar precautions must be taken for printed circuit boards with mounted semiconductor devices.

#### 2. Processing at power-on

The state of the product is undefined at the time when power is supplied. The states of internal circuits in the LSI are indeterminate and the states of register settings and pins are undefined at the time when power is supplied. In a finished product where the reset signal is applied to the external reset pin, the states of pins are not guaranteed from the time when power is supplied until the reset process is completed. In a similar way, the states of pins in a product that is reset by an on-chip power-on reset function are not guaranteed from the time when power is supplied until the power is supplied until the power is supplied until the power reaches the level at which reseting is specified.

#### 3. Input of signal during power-off state

Do not input signals or an I/O pull-up power supply while the device is powered off. The current injection that results from input of such a signal or I/O pull-up power supply may cause malfunction and the abnormal current that passes in the device at this time may cause degradation of internal elements. Follow the guideline for input signal during power-off state as described in your product documentation.

#### 4. Handling of unused pins

Handle unused pins in accordance with the directions given under handling of unused pins in the manual. The input pins of CMOS products are generally in the highimpedance state. In operation with an unused pin in the open-circuit state, extra electromagnetic noise is induced in the vicinity of the LSI, an associated shootthrough current flows internally, and malfunctions occur due to the false recognition of the pin state as an input signal become possible.

#### 5. Clock signals

After applying a reset, only release the reset line after the operating clock signal becomes stable. When switching the clock signal during program execution, wait until the target clock signal is stabilized. When the clock signal is generated with an external resonator or from an external oscillator during a reset, ensure that the reset line is only released after full stabilization of the clock signal. Additionally, when switching to a clock signal produced with an external resonator or by an external oscillator while program execution is in progress, wait until the target clock signal is stable.

#### 6. Voltage application waveform at input pin

Waveform distortion due to input noise or a reflected wave may cause malfunction. If the input of the CMOS device stays in the area between  $V_{IL}$  (Max.) and  $V_{IH}$  (Min.) due to noise, for example, the device may malfunction. Take care to prevent chattering noise from entering the device when the input level is fixed, and also in the transition period when the input level passes through the area between  $V_{IL}$  (Max.) and  $V_{IH}$  (Min.)

7. Prohibition of access to reserved addresses

Access to reserved addresses is prohibited. The reserved addresses are provided for possible future expansion of functions. Do not access these addresses as the correct operation of the LSI is not guaranteed.

#### 8. Differences between products

Before changing from one product to another, for example to a product with a different part number, confirm that the change will not lead to problems. The characteristics of a microprocessing unit or microcontroller unit products in the same group but having a different part number might differ in terms of internal memory capacity, layout pattern, and other factors, which can affect the ranges of electrical characteristics, such as characteristic values, operating margins, immunity to noise, and amount of radiated noise. When changing to a product with a different part number, implement a system-evaluation test for the given product.

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# **Corporate Headquarters**

TOYOSU FORESIA, 3-2-24 Toyosu, Koto-ku, Tokyo 135-0061, Japan www.renesas.com

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