

# RA Family, RX Family, RL78 Family

# FS1015 Sample Software Manual

#### Introduction

This application note describes the sample software that is for use with the FS1015 flow sensor and runs on certain MCUs of the RA family, RX family, and RL78 family.

## **Target Devices**

RA6M4 Group

**RX65N Group** 

RL78/G14 Group

RL78/G23 Group

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#### Overview

This sample software acquires data from the FS1015 flow sensor and handles calculations on the data. In combination with the I2C driver of the FSP or FIT or code generator, the sample software controls the FS1015 through the I2C in the MCU to acquire ADC data from the sensor and calculate the flow value.

#### 2. Environment for Confirming Operation

## 2.1 Environment for Confirming Operation on the RA Family MCU

The operation of this software has been confirmed on the MCU of the RA family in the following environment.

Item	Description	
Demonstration board	RTK7EKA6M4S00001BE (EK-RA6M4)	
Microcontroller	RA6M4 (R7FA6M4AF3CFB: 144pin)	
Operating frequency	200MHz	
Operating voltage	5V	
Integrated development environment	e <sup>2</sup> Studio 2023-01	
C compiler	GCC 10.3.1.20210824	
	IAR ANSI C/C++ Compiler V8.50.9.278/LNX for ARM	
	ARM Compiler 6.16	
FSP	V.3.8.0	
RTOS	FreeRTOS™ / Microsoft® Azure RTOS	
Emulator	On board (J-LINK)	
Interposer	Interposer Board to convert Type2/3 to Type 6A PMOD standard	
	(US082-INTERPEVZ)	
Sensor board	PMOD Daughter Card for FS1015 flow sensor (US082-	
	FS1015EVZ)	

Table 2-1 Operating Environment for RA Family

Table 2-2 Amount of Memory Used in RA Family

Area	Size (Non-OS)	Size (FreeRTOS)	Size (Azure RTOS)
ROM	1,279 bytes	1,612 bytes	1,556 bytes
RAM	73 bytes	353 bytes	422 bytes

Memory size is calculated by functions and variables only related to FS1015 sensor. In RTOS, memory size does not include memory size of the thread.

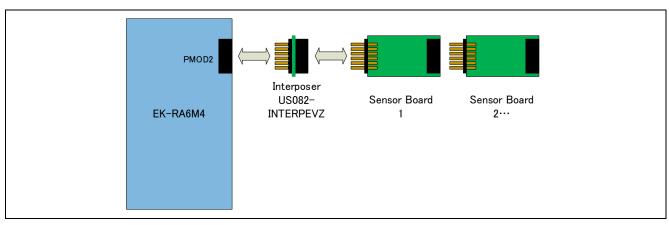


Figure 2-1 Hardware Connections for RA Family

# 2.2 Environment for Confirming Operation the RX Family MCU

The operation of this software has been confirmed on the MCU of the RX family in the following environment.

Table 2-3 Operating Environment for RX Family

Item	Description	
Demonstration board	RPBRX65N (Envision Kit RX65N)	
Microcontroller	RX65N (R5F565NEDDFB: 144pin)	
Operating frequency	12MHz	
Operating voltage	5V	
Integrated development environment	e <sup>2</sup> Studio 2023-01	
	IAR EW for RX 4.20.1	
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ compiler for RX family V.3.03.00	
	GCC 8.3.0.202004	
	IAR Toolchain for RX 8.4.10.7051	
FIT	BSP V7.20	
RTOS	FreeRTOS™	
Emulator	On board (E2OB)	
Interposer	Interposer Board to convert Type2/3 to Type 6A PMOD standard	
	(US082-INTERPEVZ)	
Sensor board	PMOD Daughter Card for FS1015 flow sensor (US082-	
	FS1015EVZ)	

Table 2-4 Amount of Memory Used in RX Family

Area	Size (Non-OS)	Size (FreeRTOS)	Size (Azure RTOS)
ROM	1,463 bytes	1,681 bytes	1,741 bytes
RAM	145 bytes	205 bytes	414 bytes

Memory size is calculated by functions and variables only related to FS1015 sensor. In RTOS, memory size does not include memory size of the thread.

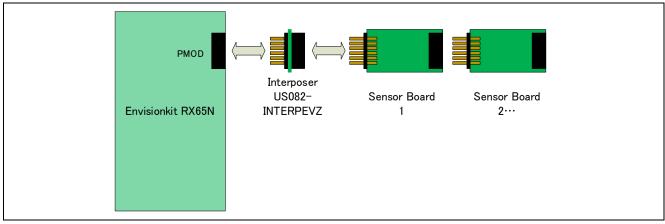


Figure 2-2 Hardware Connections for RX Family

# 2.3 Environment for Confirming Operation on the RL78/G14 Group MCU

The operation of this software has been confirmed on the MCU of the RL78/G14 Group in the following environment.

Table 2-5 Operating Environment for RL78/G14 Group

Item	Description
Demonstration board	RTK5RLG140C00000BJ (RL78/G14 Fast Prototyping Board)
Microcontroller	RL78/G14 (R5F104MLAFB: 80pin)
Operating frequency	32MHz
Operating voltage	3.3V
Integrated development environment	e <sup>2</sup> studio 2023-01
	IAR EW for RL78 4.21.1
C compiler	C compiler package for RL78 family V1.11.00
	GCC for Renesas RL78 4.9.2.202103
	IAR Toolchain for RL78 4.21.1.2409
Emulator	On board (E2OB)
Sensor board	PMOD Daughter Card for FS1015 flow sensor (US082-
	FS1015EVZ)

Table 2-6 Amount of Memory Used in RL78/G14 Group

Area	Size
ROM	1,358 bytes
RAM	92 bytes

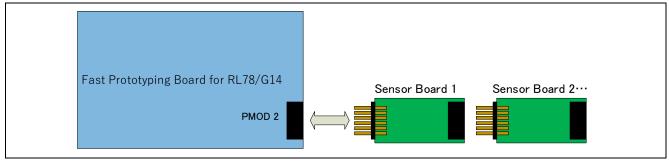


Figure 2-3 Hardware Connections for RL78/G14 Group

# 2.4 Environment for Confirming Operation the RL78/G23 Group MCU with

The operation of this software has been confirmed on the MCU of the RL78/G23 Group in the following environment.

Table 2-7 Operating Environment for the RL78/G23 Group MCU

Item	Description
Demonstration board	RTK7RLG230CSN000BJ (RL78/G23-128p Fast Prototyping
	Board)
Microcontroller	RL78/G23 (R7F100GSN2DFB :128pin)
Operating frequency	32MHz
Operating voltage	3.3V
Integrated development environment	e <sup>2</sup> studio 2023-01
	IAR EW for RL78 4.21.1
C compiler	C compiler package for RL78 family V1.10.00
	LLVM for RL78 10.0.0.202209
	IAR Toolchain for RL78 4.21.1.2409
Emulator	E2 Lite
Sensor board	PMOD Daughter Card for FS1015 flow sensor (US082-
	FS1015EVZ)

Table 2-8 Amount of Memory Used in the RL78/G23 Group MCU

Area	Size
ROM	1,683 bytes
RAM	92 bytes

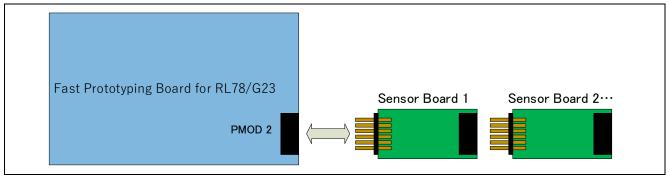


Figure 2-4 Hardware Connections for the RL78/G23 Group

# 3. Sensor Specifications

# 3.1 Overview of Sensor Specifications

The following gives an overview of the specifications of the FS1015 flow sensor.

Table 3-1 Overview of Sensor Specifications

Item	Description
Air velocity range	0 to 7.23 (m/sec)
Count range	409 to 3686 (numbers counted)
Accuracy	5% (at 25°C)
Measurement time	125 (ms)
I2C clock frequency	100 kHz and 400 kHz are supported.
Slave address	0x50
Addressing mode	Only 7-bit addressing is supported.

A value for air velocity is calculated from the value counted by the sensor according to the following curve.

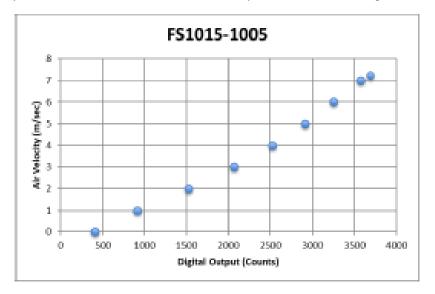


Figure 3-1 Relationship between the Values Counted by FS3000-1005 and Air Velocity

The following shows the relationship between the Air Velocity and Value Counted

Table 3-2 Relationship between the Air Velocity and Value Counted

Air Velocity (meter/sec)	Analog Output (Volt)	Digital Output (Count)
0	0.50	409
1	1.12	915
2	1.86	1522
3	2.52	2066
4	3.08	2523
5	3.55	2908
6	3.98	3256
7	4.36	3572
7.23	4.50	3686

## 3.2 Sensor Functions

The FS1015 sample software supports the air velocity sensor (Part number: FS1015-1005). It does not support the FS1015-1015 sensor.

The sensor begins measurement as soon as the power supply is turned on.

#### 4. Sample Software Specifications

This sample software package contains a total of eleven projects: non-OS and OS (FreeRTOS and Azure RTOS) versions for the RA family, non-OS and OS (FreeRTOS) versions for the RX family, and a non-OS version for the RL78 family. This section describes these projects.

For the FreeRTOS settings for the RX family, refer to the FAQ.

## 4.1 Configuration of the Sample Software

Figure 4-1 is a block diagram of the sample software.

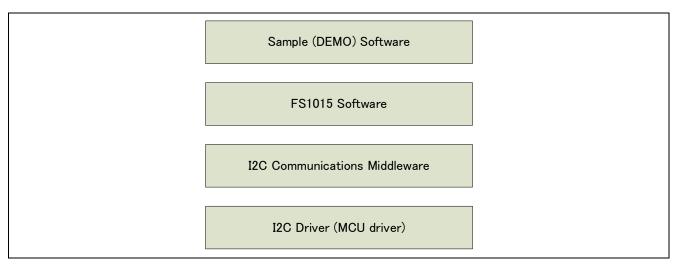


Figure 4-1 Block Diagram of the Sample Software

## 4.2 Specifications of Sensor API Functions

#### 4.2.1 List of Sensor API functions

The following table lists the sensor API functions. For details of the API functions, refer to the separately provided RX Family FS1015 Sensor API FIT Module application note (R01AN6048) and RL78 Family Renesas Sensor Control Modules application note (R01AN5896)

Table 4-1 List of Sensor API Functions

Function	Description
RM_FS1015_Open	Starts control of the sensor.
RM_FS1015_Close	Terminates control of the sensor.
RM_FS1015_Read	Acquires data from the sensor.
RM_FS1015_DataCalculate	Calculates values from the data acquired from the sensor.

#### 4.2.2 Guide to Using the API Functions

The following diagram of API function transitions shows the conditions on the usage of the individual FS1015 API functions and the expected orders of function calls.

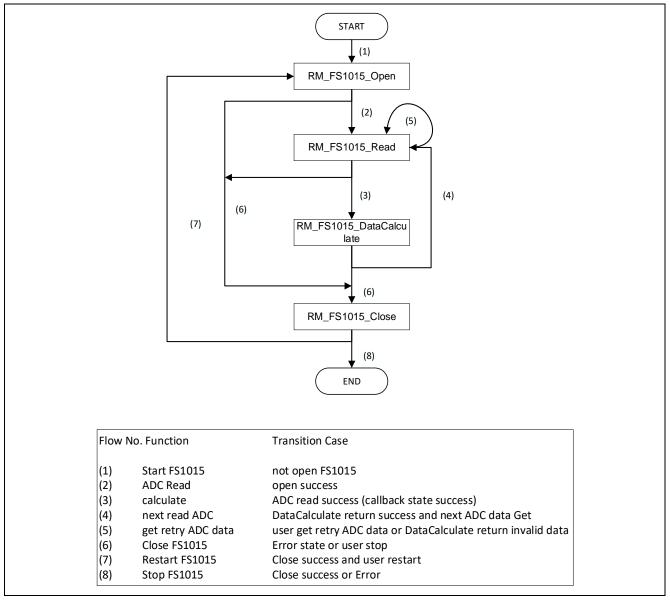


Figure 4-2 Diagram of Transitions between API Function Calls

The conditions for calling the individual functions are shown below.

• RM\_FS1015\_Open: (1) Activation of FS1015 or

(7) restart after a call of RM\_FS1015\_Close

RM\_FS1015\_Close: (6) Successful completion or abnormal end of individual processing

• RM\_FS1015\_Read: (2) Acquisition of measured data after the start of measurement or

(5) retry after waiting for the response to the data acquisition request

• RM\_FS1015\_DataCalculate: (3) Calculation of data after a call of RM\_FS1015\_Read

#### Note:

Since RM\_FS1015\_Open checks the state of the I2C driver, the I2C driver must be opened before the RM\_FS1015\_Open processing.

Regarding how to open the I2C driver of the RA family and RX family, refer to the g\_comms\_i2c\_bus0\_quick\_setup() function in the sample software. This is not necessary in the RL78 family devices because the I2C driver will be opened in the startup processing.

When using an OS and controlling the sensor with multiple threads or tasks simultaneously in use, the user will need to use a semaphore to control the bus. For the timing of the semaphore being raised and the control of blocking, refer to section 4.4, Flowchart of the OS Version of the Sample Software.

#### 4.3 Flowchart of the Main Processing in the Non-OS Version of the Sample Software

This sample software first starts the driver and then repeats the processing for acquiring data from the sensor and calculating values from the results of measurement.

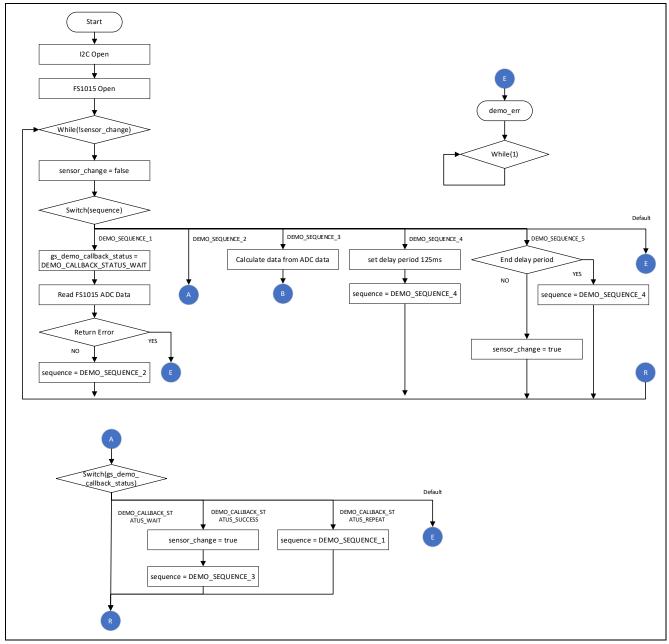


Figure 4-3 Flowchart of the Main Processing in the Non-OS Version of the Sample Software (1)

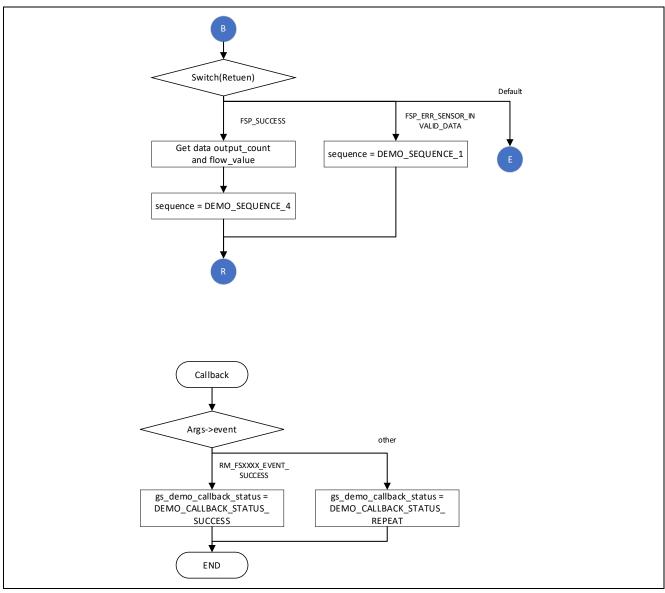


Figure 4-4 Flowchart of the Main Processing in the Non-OS Version of the Sample Software (2)

## 4.4 Flowchart of the OS Version of the Sample Software

The OS version uses a semaphore in control of the sensor and operates one thread for controlling the sensor in parallel.

The sensor control in the thread first starts the driver and then repeats the processing for acquiring data from the sensor and calculating values from the results of measurement.

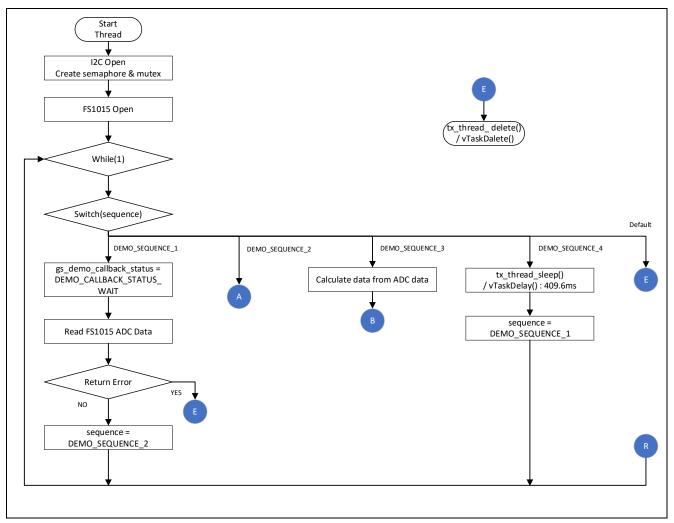


Figure 4-5 Flowchart of the Main Processing in the OS Version of the Sample Software (1)

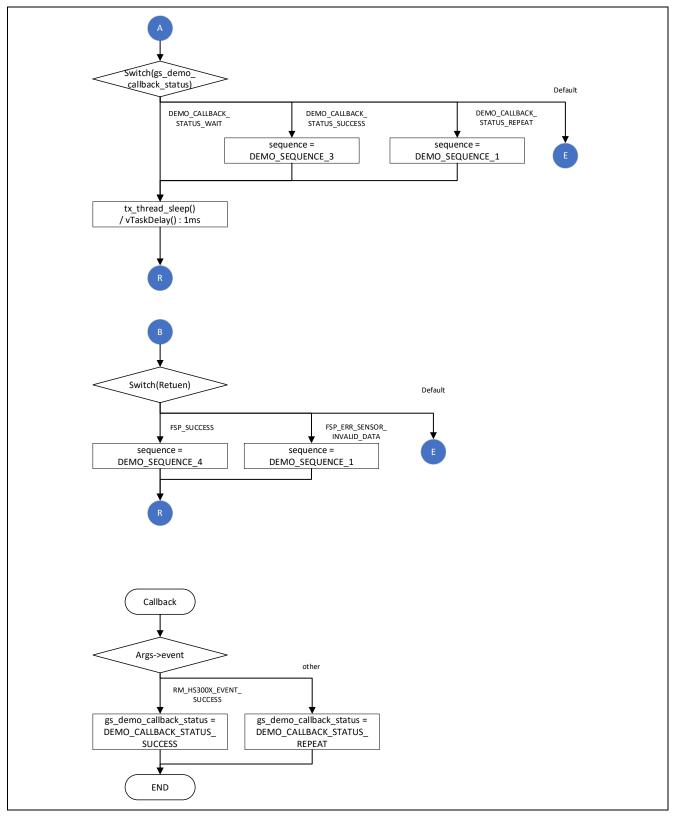


Figure 4-6 Flowchart of the Main Processing in the OS Version of the Sample Software (2)

# 4.5 Azure RTOS Project

The RX Azure RTOS project has the following changes from the default.

1. src/demo\_thread.c

Line 57: Addition of extern void tx\_application\_define\_user (void);

Line 178: Addition of tx\_application\_define\_user();

2. libs/threadx/common/inc/tx\_api.h

Line 224: Change of TX\_TIMER\_TICKS\_PER\_SECOND ((ULONG) 1000)

# 5. Configuration Settings

# 5.1 FS1015 Flow Sensor Settings

## 5.1.1 RA Family

Select the rm\_fs1015 stack in the "Stack" tabbed page of the FSP Configurator, and the configurable items are shown in the "Properties" tabbed page.

Table 5-1 FS1015 Settings for RA Family

Configurable Item	Value	Description
Common		
Parameter Checking	Default (BSP)	Enable or disable the parameter check
	Enabled	processing. When "Enabled" is selected, the project is built
	Disabled	so that the generated code includes the parameter check processing.
Device type	FS1015-1005	Specify the type of sensor.
Module g_fs101	Module g_fs1015_sensor FS1015 on rm_fs1015	
Name	g_fs1015_sensor0	Specify the name of the module. A module name conforming to the C language standard can be specified.
Callback	fs1015_callback	Specify the name of the user callback function. A callback function name conforming to the C language standard can be specified. When "NULL" is specified, no callback function is used.

## 5.1.2 RX Family

Select the r\_fs1015\_rx component in the "Component" tabbed page of the Smart Configurator, and the configurable items are shown in the "Configure" panel.

Table 5-2 FS1015 Settings for RX Family

Configurable Item	Value	Description
Configurations		
Parameter Checking	System Default	Enable or disable the parameter check
	Enabled	processing.
		so that the generated code includes the parameter check processing.
Number of FS3000	1	Specify the number of FS1015 sensors to be
sensors	2	connected.
Device type of FS1015 Sensors	FS1015-1005	Specify the type of sensor. "FS1015-1005" can be selected.
Using communication line number for FS1015 sensor device x (x = 0 or 1)	I2C Communication Device(y) (y = 0 - 15)	Specify the communication line to be used by the sensor.
Callback function for FS1015 sensor device x (x = 0 or 1)	fs1015_user_callback(x) (x = 0 or 1)	Specify the name of the user callback function. A callback function name conforming to the C language standard can be specified.

# 5.1.3 RL78 Family

Settings can be modified by changing the values of the constants defined in the \r\_config\r\_fs1015\_rl\_config.h file in the project tree of the sample project.

Table 5-3 FS1015 Settings for RL78 Family

Constant Name	Value	Description
Configurations		
RM_FS1015_CFG_PARAM_ CHECKING_ENABLE	0	Enable (1) or disable (0) the parameter check processing.
	1	When "1" is specified, the project is built so that the generated code includes the parameter check processing.
RM_FS1015_CFG_DEVICE_	1	Specify the number of FS1015 sensors to
NUM_MAX	2	be connected.
RM_FS1015_CFG_DEVICE_ TYPE	RM_FS1015_DEVICE_TYP E_1005	Specify the type of sensor. "FS1015-1005" can be selected.
RM_FS1015_CFG_DEVICE(x )_COMMS_INSTANCE (x = 0 or 1)	g_comms_i2c_device(x) (x = 0 or 1)	Specify the instance name of the communication line to be used.
RM_FS1015_CFG_DEVICE(x	fs1015_user_callback(x)	Specify the name of the user callback
)_CALLBACK	(x = 0  or  1)	function.
(x = 0  or  1)		A callback function name conforming to
		the C language standard can be specified.

# 5.2 Communication Driver Middleware Settings

# 5.2.1 RA Family

Select the rm\_comms\_i2c stack in the "Stack" tabbed page of the FSP Configurator, and the configurable items are shown in the "Properties" tabbed page.

Table 5-4 Communication Driver Settings for RA Family

Table 5 4 Sommanication Driver Settings for 10.71 arming		
Configurable Item	Value	Description
Common		
Parameter Checking	Default (BSP)	Enable or disable the parameter check
	Enabled	processing.
	Disabled	When "Enabled" is selected, the project is built so that the generated code includes the
		parameter check processing.
Module a comm	ns_i2c_device I2C Comn	nunication Device on
rm comms i2c		
Name	g_comms_i2c_device0	Specify the name of the module.
		A module name conforming to the C language
Comonhara Timaqut	0xFFFFFFF	standard can be specified.
Semaphore Timeout	UXFFFFFFF	For an RTOS project, specify the time of semaphore timeout.
Slave Address	0x50	Specify the slave address.
		When rm_fs1015 is used, this value is
A -1-1	7 D:4	automatically specified and cannot be modified.
Address Mode	7-Bit	Specify the number of slave address bits. When rm fs1015 is used, this value is
		automatically specified and cannot be modified.
Callback	rm_fs1015_callback	Specify the name of the user callback function.
		When rm_fs1015 is used, this value is
N.A. 1 1		automatically specified and cannot be modified.
Module g_comms_i2c_bus0 I2C Shared Bus on rm_comms_i2c		
Name	g_comms_i2c_bus0	Specify the name of the I2C module.
Bus Timeout	0xFFFFFFF	Specify the time of I2C bus timeout.
Semaphore for	Unuse	For an RTOS project, enable or disable the
blocking	Use	blocking processing.
Recursive Mutex for	Unuse	For an RTOS project, enable or disable the
Bus	Use	recursive operation when blocking is enabled.

## 5.2.2 RX Family

Select the r\_comms\_i2c\_rx component in the "Component" tabbed page of the Smart Configurator, and the configurable items are shown in the "Configure" panel.

Table 5-5 Communication Driver Settings for RX Family

Configurable Item	Value	Description
Configurations		
Parameter Checking	System Default Enabled Disabled	Specify whether to include the processing to check parameters in the code to be generated. When "Disabled" is selected, the generated code does not include the processing to check parameters.  When "Enabled" is selected, the generated code includes the processing to check parameters.
Number of I2C Shared Buses	Unused 1 2 – 16	Specify the number of I2C bus lines that can be connected.
Number of I2C Devices	Unused 1 2 – 16	Specify the number of I2C devices that can be connected.
Blocking operation supporting with RTOS	Disabled Enabled	For an RTOS project, enable or disable the blocking operation.
Bus lock operation supporting with RTOS	Disabled Enabled	For an RTOS project, enable or disable the bus lock operation.
IIC Driver Type for I2C Shared bus(x) (x = 0 - 15)	SCI IIC Not selected	Specify the I2C type to be used for the communications bus.  Using the RIIC requires r_riic_rx. Using the SCI IIC requires r_sci_iic_rx.  If an unused FIT module is deleted, a warning message will appear but this will not affect the operation.
Channel No. for I2C Shared bus(x) (x = 0 - 15)	0	Specify the I2C channel number to be used for the communications bus.
Timeout for the bus lock of the I2C bus for I2C Shared Bus(x) (x = 0 - 15)	0xFFFFFFF	Specify the time of I2C bus lock timeout for I2C bus x. $(x = 0 - 15)$
I2C Shared Bus No. for I2C Communication Device(x) (x = 0 - 15)	I2C Shared Bus(x) (x = 0 - 15)	Specify the configuration of the I2C bus to be used for the communications bus.
Slave address for communication device(x) (x = 0 - 15)	0x50	Specify the slave address of the device to be connected to the communications bus.  When using r_fs1015_rx, specify 0x50.
Slave address mode for communication device(x) (x = 0 - 15)	7 bit address mode	Specify the slave address mode. When using r_ fs1015_rx, specify the 7-bit address mode.
Callback function for Communication device(x) (x = 0 - 15)	comms_i2c_user_callbac k(x) (x = 0 - 15)	Specify the name of the user callback function.  When using r_ fs1015_rx, specify rm_ fs1015_callback(y) (y = 0).

## 5.2.3 RL78 Family

Settings can be modified by changing the values of the constants defined in the \r\_config\r\_comms\_i2c\_rl\_config.h file in the project tree of the sample project.

Table 5-6 Communication Driver Settings for RL78 Family

定数名	設定値	説明
Configurations		
COMMS_I2C_CFG_PARA M_CHECKING_ENABLE	0	Enable (1) or disable (0) the parameter check processing. When "1" is selected, the project is
	1	built so that the generated code includes the parameter check processing.
COMMS_I2C_CFG_BUS_N	1	Specify the number of communication bus lines that can be
UM_MAX	2	connected.
	3	
	4	
	5	
COMMS_I2C_CFG_DEVIC	1	Specify the number of I2C devices
E_NUM_MAX	2	can be connected.
	3	
	4	
	5	
COMMS_I2C_CFG_BUS(x)	COMMS_DRIVER_I2C	Specify the I2C type to be used for
_DRIVER_TYPE (x = 0 - 4)	COMMS_DRIVER_SAU_I2C	the communication bus.
COMMS_I2C_CFG_DEVIC E(x)_BUS_CH (x = 0 - 4)	g_comms_i2c_bus(x)_extended_cf g (x = 0 - 4)	Specify the I2C bus configuration to be used for the communication bus.
COMMS_I2C_CFG_DEVIC E(x)_SLAVE_ADDR (x = 0 - 4)	0x50	Specify the slave address of the device to be connected to the communication bus. When using rm_fs1015, specify 0x50.
COMMS_I2C_CFG_DEVIC E(x)_CALLBACK (x = 0 - 4)	comms_i2c_user_callback(x) (x = 0 - 4)	Specify the name of the user callback function.  When using rm_fs1015, specify rm_fs1015_callback(y) (y = 0).

# 5.3 I2C Driver Settings

# 5.3.1 RA Family

Select the r\_iic\_master or r\_sci\_i2c stack in the "Stack" tabbed page of the FSP Configurator, and the configurable items are shown in the "Properties" tabbed page.

Table 5-7 r\_iic\_master Settings for RA Family

Configurable Item	Value	Description	
Common			
Parameter Checking	Default (BSP)	Enable or disable the parameter check	
	Enabled	processing. When "Enabled" is selected, the project is built	
	Disabled	so that the generated code includes the parameter check processing.	
DTC on Transmission and	Enabled	Specify whether to use the DTC for transmission and reception.	
Reception	Disabled	апа тесериоп.	
10-bit slave	Enabled	Specify whether to support 10-bit addressing for the slave address.	
addressing	Disabled	When using rm_fs1015, select "Disabled".	
Module g_i2c_m	naster0 I2C Master Drive	er on r_iic_master	
Name	g_i2c_master0	Specify the name of the module.	
Channel	0	Specify the channel number to be used.	
Rate	Standard	Specify the baud rate.	
	Fast-mode	When using rm_fs1015, select "Standard" or "Fast-mode".	
	Fast-mode plus		
Rise Time (ns)	120	Specify the SCL rise time according to the specifications of the target board to be used.	
Fall Time (ns)	120	Specify the SCL fall time according to the specifications of the target board to be used.	
Duty Cycle (%)	50	Specify the SCL duty cycle.	
Slave Address	0x00	This item specifies the slave address of the device to be connected but the user does not need to make this setting because rm_comms_i2c overwrites it.	
Address Mode	7-Bit	This item specifies the salve address mode for the device to be connected but the user does	
	10-Bit	not need to make this setting because rm_comms_i2c overwrites it.	
Timeout Mode	Short Mode	Specify the time of I2C bus timeout.	
	Long Mode		
Callback	rm_comms_i2c_callback	The name of the user callback function is automatically specified by rm_comms_i2c.	

Interrupt Priority	Priority 0 (highest)	Specify the interrupt priority level of the I2C bus
Level	Priority 1	driver.
	Priority 2	
	Priority 3	
	Priority 4	
	Priority 5	
	Priority 6	
	Priority 7	
	Priority 8	
	Priority 9	
	Priority 10	
	Priority 11	
	Priority 12	
	Priority 13	
	Priority 14	
	Priority 15	
Pins	·	
SDA	Pxxx	The pin numbers to be used by the driver are
SCL	Pxxx	displayed Use the "Pins" tabbed page to modify the pin configuration.

Table 5-8 r\_sci\_i2c Settings for RA Family

Configurable Item	Value	Description
Common	'	
Parameter Checking	Default (BSP)	Enable or disable the parameter check
	Enabled	processing. When "Enabled" is selected, the project is built
	Disabled	so that the generated code includes the parameter check processing.
DTC on	Enabled	Specify whether to use the DTC for transmission
Transmission and Reception	Disabled	and reception.
10-bit slave	Enabled	Specify whether to support 10-bit addressing for
addressing	Disabled	the slave address. When using rm_fs1015, select "Disabled".
Module q i2c0 I	2C Master Driver on r_s	
Name	g_i2c0	Specify the name of the module.
Channel	0	For an RTOS project, specify the time of semaphore timeout.
Slave Address	0x00	This item specifies the slave address of the device to be connected but the user does not need to make this setting because rm_comms_i2c overwrites it.
Address Mode	7-Bit	This item specifies the salve address mode for
	10-bit	the device to be connected but the user does not need to make this setting because rm_comms_i2c overwrites it.
Rate	Standard	Specify the baud rate.
	Fast-mode	Select "Standard" or "Fast-mode".
	Fast-mode plus	
SDA Output Delay (nano seconds)	300	Specify the SDA output delay time.
Noise filter setting	Use clock signal divided by 1 with noise filter	Specify the noise filter to be used for input signals.
	Use clock signal divided by 2 with noise filter	
	Use clock signal divided by 4 with noise filter	
	Use clock signal divided by 8 with noise filter	
Bit Rate Modulation	Enable	Enable or disable the bit rate modulation
Callback	Disable rm_comms_i2c_callback	function.  The name of the user callback function is automatically specified by rm_comms_i2c.

Interrupt Priority	Priority 0 (highest)	Specify the interrupt priority level of the I2C bus
Level	Priority 1	driver.
	Priority 2	-
	Priority 3	-
	Priority 4	-
	Priority 5	-
	Priority 6	_
	Priority 7	_
	Priority 8	
	Priority 9	
	Priority 10	
	Priority 11	
	Priority 12	
	Priority 13	
	Priority 14	
	Priority 15	
RX Interrupt Priority	Priority 0 (highest)	When using the DTC, specify the priority level of
Level [Only used when DTC is	Priority 1	the reception interrupt.
enabled]	Priority 2	
	Priority 3	
	Priority 4	
	Priority 5	
	Priority 6	
	Priority 7	
	Priority 8	
	Priority 9	
	Priority 10	
	Priority 11	
	Priority 12	
	Priority 13	
	Priority 14	
	Priority 15	
	Disabled	
Pins		
SDA	Pxxx	The pin numbers to be used by the driver are displayed
SCL	Pxxx	Use the "Pins" tabbed page to modify the pin configuration.

## 5.3.2 RX Family

Select the r\_riic\_rx or r\_sci\_iic\_rx component in the "Component" tabbed page of the Smart Configurator, and the configurable items are shown in the "Configure" panel.

Table 5-9 r\_riic\_rx Settings for RX Family

Configurable Item	Value	Description
Configurations		
Set parameter checking enable	System Default Not Include	Enable or disable the parameter check processing. When "Include" is selected, the project is built so that the generated code includes the parameter check processing.
MCU supported channels for CHx (x = 0 - 2)	Not supported Supported	Specify whether to support the operation of channel x.
CHx RIIC bps(kbps) (x = 0 - 2) Digital filter for CHx	400 Not	Specify the baud rate. Set to 400 or a smaller value. Specify the digital filter for input signals.
(x = 0 - 2)	One IIC phi Two IIC phi Three IIC phi Four IIC phi	Specify the digital litter for input signals.
Setting port setting processing	Not include port setting Include port setting	Specify whether to include the pin function settings in the code to be generated.
Master arbitration lost detection function for CHx $(x = 0 - 2)$	Unused Used	Specify whether to use the master arbitration lost detection function.
Address y format for CHx $(x = 0 - 2, y = 0 - 2)$	Not 7 bit address format 10 bit address format	This item specifies the slave address mode for slave address y but the user does not need to make this setting because rm_comms_i2c overwrites it.
Slave Address y for CHx $(x = 0 - 2, y = 0 - 2)$	0x0025	This item specifies slave address y but the user does not need to make this setting because rm_comms_i2c overwrites it.
General call address for CHx	Unused Used	Specify whether to use the general call function.
CHx RXI INT Priority Level (x = 0 – 2)	Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 Level 4 Level 5 Level 6 Level 7 Level 8 Level 9 Level 10 Level 11 Level 12 Level 13 Level 14 Level 15 (highest)	Specify the priority level of the reception interrupt.

CHx RXI INT Priority	Level 1	Specify the priority level of the transmission
Level	Level 2	interrupt.
(x = 0 - 2)	Level 3	
	Level 4	
	Level 5	
	Level 6	
	Level 7	
	Level 8	
	Level 9	
	Level 10	
	Level 11	
	Level 12	
	Level 13	
	Level 14	
	Level 15 (highest)	
CHx EEI INT Priority	Level 1	Specify the priority level of the error interrupt.
Level	Level 2	1 ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '
(x = 0 - 2)	Level 3	
<u>'</u>	Level 4	
	Level 5	
	Level 6	
	Level 7	
	Level 8	
	Level 9	
	Level 10	
	Level 11	
	Level 12	
	Level 13	
	Level 14	
	Level 15 (highest)	
CHx TEI INT Priority	Level 1	Specify the priority level of the transmission end
Level	Level 2	interrupt.
(x = 0 - 2)	Level 3	interrupt.
(x = 0 2)	Level 4	
	Level 5	
	Level 6	
	Level 7	
	Level 8	
	Level 9	
	Level 10	
	Level 11	
	Level 12	
	Level 13	
	Level 14	1
	Level 15 (highest)	
Timeout function for CHx	Unused	Specify whether to use the timeout function.
(x = 0 - 2)	Used	opeony whether to use the timeout fulletion.
Timeout detection time	Long mode	Specify the time for timeout detection.
for CHx	Short mode	opeony the time for timeout detection.
(x = 0 - 2)	SHOIT HIOGE	
Count up during low	Unused	Specify whether to increment the count for
period of timeout	Used	detecting a timeout while SCL is at the low level.
detection for CHx		
(x = 0 - 2)		
Count up during high	Unused	Specify whether to increment the count for
period of timeout	Used	detecting a timeout while SCL is at the high level.
detection for CHx $(x = 0 - 2)$		
(^ - 0 - 2)		

Set Counter of checking bus busy	1000	Specify the count to detect the bus busy state.			
Resources					
SDAx Pins	Checked	Specify the pins to be used. Select the checkboxes for the desired pins.			
SCLx Pins	Checked				

	Table 5-10 r_sci_iic_rx	Settings for RX Family
Configurable Item	Value	Description
Configurations		
Set parameter	System Default	Enable or disable the parameter check processing.
checking enable	Not	When "Include" is selected, the project is built so
	Include	that the generated code includes the parameter
		check processing.
MCU supported	Not supported	Specify whether to support the operation of channel
channels for CHx	Supported	X.
(x = 0 - 12) SCI IIC bitrate (bps)	384000	Specify the baud rate.
for CHx	384000	Set to 384000 or a smaller value.
(x = 0 - 12)		Cot to 004000 of a simulativalact.
Interrupt Priority for	Level 1	Specify the interrupt priority level.
CHx	Level 2	
(x = 0 - 12)	Level 3	
	Level 4	
	Level 5	
	Level 6	
	Level 7	
	Level 8	
	Level 9	
	Level 10	
	Level 11	
	Level 12	
	Level 13	
	Level 14	
	Level 15 (highest)	
Digital noise filter	Disable	Specify whether to use the digital noise filter.
(NFEN bit) for CHx	Enable	
(x = 0 - 12) Noise Filter Setting	The clock divided by 1	Specify the function of the digital noise filter.
Register (NFCS bit)	The clock divided by 1  The clock divided by 2	Specify the function of the digital hoise litter.
for CHx	The clock divided by 4	
(x = 0 - 12)	The clock divided by 8	
I2C Mode Register 1	18	Specify the number of SDA output delay cycles.
(IICDL bit) for CHx	10	opeony the number of object delay cycles.
(x = 0 - 12)		
Software bus busy	1000	Specify the count to detect the bus busy state.
check counter		
Setting port setting	Not include port setting	Specify whether to include the pin function settings
processing	Include port setting	in the code to be generated.
Resources		
SSDAx Pins	Checked	Specify the pins to be used.
SSCLx Pins	Checked	Select the checkboxes for the desired pins.
	l	

# 5.3.3 RL78 Family

Select "Serial" from the peripheral functions in the Code Generator, and the configurable items are shown in the "Peripheral Functions" tabbed page.

Table 5-11 Serial Settings for RL78 Family

Configurable Item	Value	Description
SAUx		
Channel		
Channel x	Unused	Specify the communication function of the
	UARTxx	channel to be used.
	CSIxx	When using r_fs1015, select IICxx.
	IICxx	
IICxx		
Transfer rate	1000000	Specify the baud rate.
Transfer and intermed	High	When using rm_fs1015, specify 100000.  Specify the priority level of the transfer end
Transfer end interrupt priority (INTIICxx)	Level1	interrupt.
priority (ii v iii oxx)	Level2	
	Low	
Master transmission	Checked	Specify whether to use the call back function
end	Checked	when master transmission ends.
Master reception end	Checked	Specify whether to use the call back function
madia radapilan ana	Grisched	when master reception ends.
Master error	Checked	Specify whether to use the call back function
		when a communication error occurs.
IICAx		
Transfer mode		
Transfer mode	Unused	Specify the communication function of the
	Single master	channel to be used.
	Slave	Select "Single master".
Setting		·
Clock mode setting	fCLK	Specify the clock for counting.
· ·	fCLK/2	· ,
Address	16	Specify the local address.
Operation mode	Standard	Specify the operating mode.
setting	Fast mode/Fast mode plus	, , , , ,
Transfer clock (fSCL)	100000	Specify the baud rate.
, ,		Set to 400000 or a smaller value.
Communication end	High	Specify the priority level of the communication
interrupt priority	Level1	end interrupt.
(INTIICAx)	Level2	
	Low	
Master transmission end	Checked	Specify whether to use the call back function when master transmission ends.
Master reception end	Checked	Specify whether to use the call back function when master reception ends.
Master error	Checked	Specify whether to use the call back function when a communication error occurs.
Generated stop condition in master transmission/reception end callback function	Checked	Specify whether to generate a stop condition in a callback.  Deselect the checkbox.

#### 6. Guide for Changing the Target Device

Use the following procedures to change the target device to a new one and run a sample project on the new device.

Before switching to a new device, import the original sample project for the current device to the workspace.

## 6.1 RA Sample Project

Use the following procedures to modify a sample project.

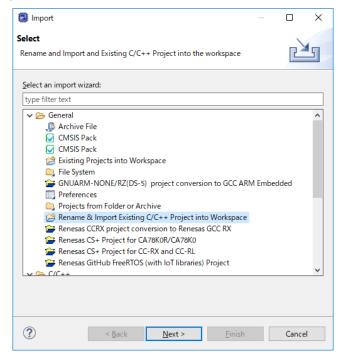
This section describes an example of modifying the sample project "FS1015\_RA6M4\_NonOS" so that it can be used on the EK-RA2E1 board.

The description of PMOD1 is the procedure when using a board to which "OptionType6A" is applied.

#### 6.1.1 Importing the Sample Project

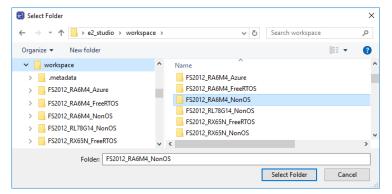
Select [Import] from the menu.

The "Import" window will appear. Select "Rename & Import Existing C/C++ Project into Workspace" in the window and press the [Next] button.

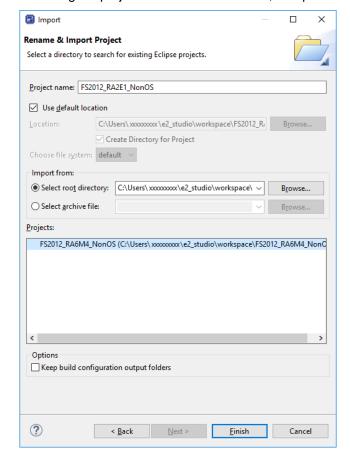


Press the [Browse] button to open the "Select Folder" window.

Select the folder of the original project for the current device from a list of imported sample projects and press the [Select Folder] button.



Enter the project name, select the original project for the current device, and press the [Finish] button



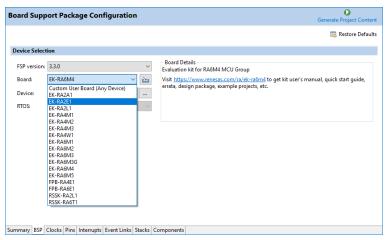
#### 6.1.2 Modifying Settings of the FSP Configurator

Double-click on "Configuratorn.xml" in the project tree to open the FSP Configurator.

Change the settings of "Board" and "Device" in the "BSP" tabbed page.

When selecting a Renesas board, modify the "Board" setting only.

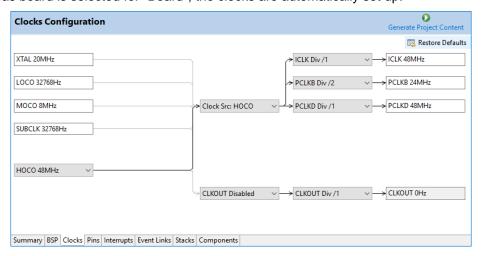
When selecting a board provided from other companies, change the "Board" setting to "Custom User Board (Any Device)" and then change the "Device" setting to the new device to be used.



Set up the clocks in the "Clocks" tabbed page.

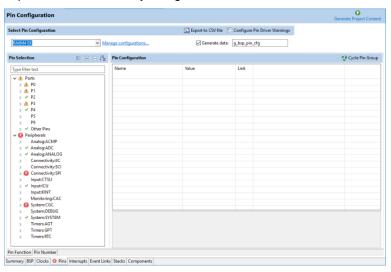
When "Custom User Board (Any Device)" is selected for "Board", set up the clocks according to the specifications of the target board to be used.

When a Renesas board is selected for "Board", the clocks are automatically set up.

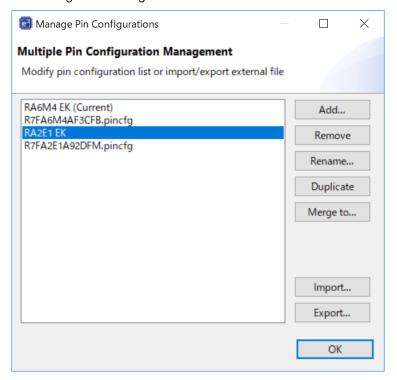


In the "Pins" tabbed page, modify the pin configuration according to the specifications of the target board to be used.

When using a Renesas board, change the selection for "Select Pin Configuration" from "RA6M4 EK" to the target board; appropriate pins are automatically assigned.



If the desired board is not displayed in the drop-down list for "Select Pin Configuration", click on [Manage Configuration] to open the "Manage Pin Configuration" window and select the desired board in the window.



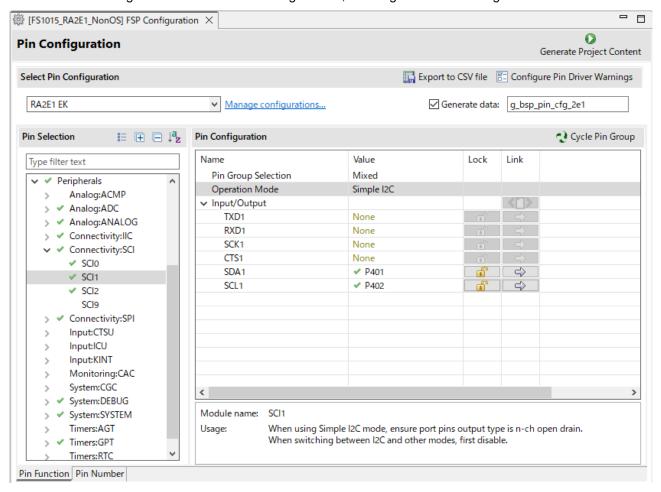
However, the "Select Pin Configuration" assignment will apply the SPI communication pin settings that support PMOD Type 2A on the EK-RA2E1 board.

This sample software uses PMOD Type 6A, therefore it is necessary to change the I2C communication pin settings that support PMOD Type 6A.

SCI2 is assigned to PMOD1 and SCI1 to PMOD2 on the EK-RA2E1 board.

I2C communication is assigned to P301 and P302 on PMOD1(OptionType6A), and it is assigned to P401 and P402 on PMOD2.

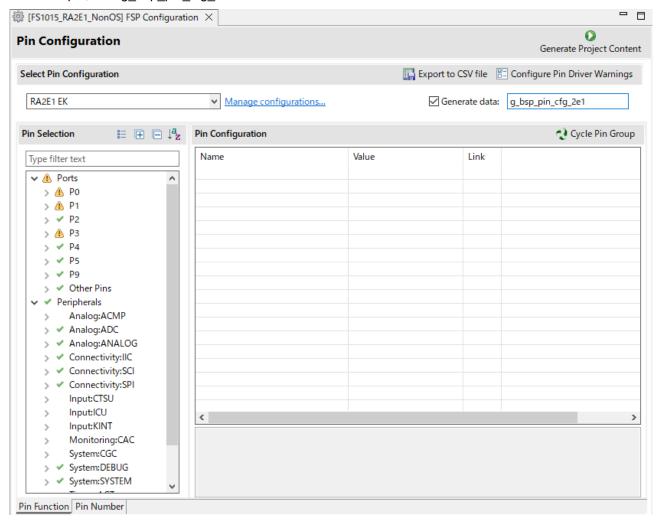
After automatic assignment of "Select Pin Configuration", reconfigure in "Pin Configuration".



To enable generation of pin settings, check [Generate data] check-box and enter a desired name in the text field.

The entered name is linked to the pin configuration, therefore must use a unique name that does not duplicate with other pin configurations.

In our example, it is "g\_bsp\_pin\_cfg\_2e1".



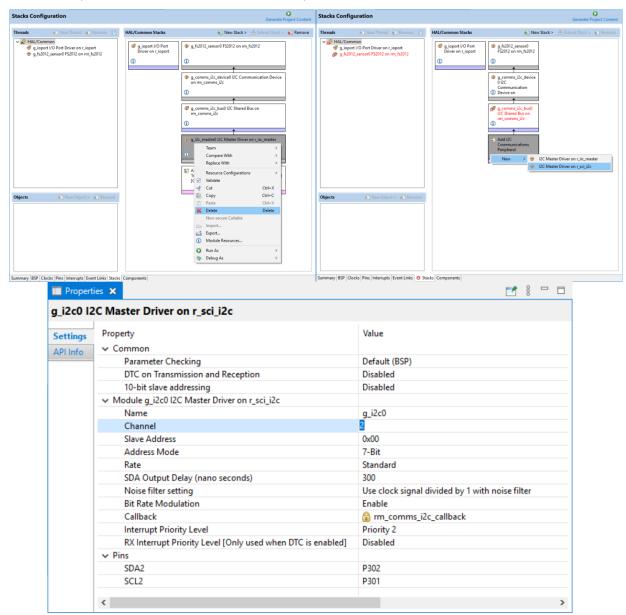
Modify the configuration of individual components in the "Stacks" tabbed page.

Modify the settings of r\_iic\_master or r\_sci\_i2c according to the specifications of the target board.

To use the pins of the IIC, delete the "I2C Master Driver on r\_sci\_i2c" stack and then add the "I2C Master Driver on r\_iic\_mster" stack.

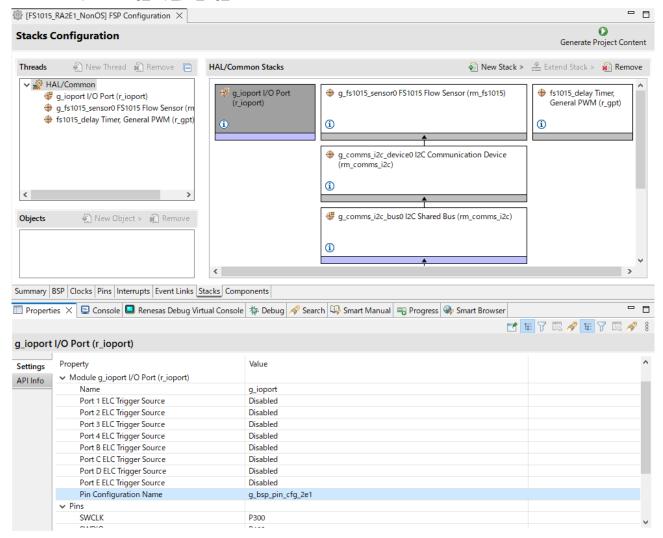
SCI2 is assigned to PMOD1 and SCI1 is assigned to PMOD2 on the EK-RA2E1 board.

To use PMOD1, set "Channel" to "2". To use PMOD2, set to "1".



Enter the pin configuration name to use in "Pin Configuration Name" of "g\_ioport I/O Port".

In our example, it is "g\_bsp\_pin\_cfg\_2e1".



If an error is displayed in other stacks, modify the specified item according to the displayed error.

Press [Generate Project Content] to generate files.

Build the project.

Select [Debug Configurations] from the menu and modify the debugger settings according to the specifications of the emulator to be connected to the target board.

#### 6.1.3 Changing toolchain setting

If you want to use a toolchain other than the GCC ARM Embedded toolchain, copy RA\_FS1015.c (Non-OS) or fs1015\_sensor\_thread\_entry.c, sensor\_thread\_common.c, and sensor\_thread\_common.c (FreeRTOS, Azure) from this project to create a new project.

# 6.2 RX Sample Project

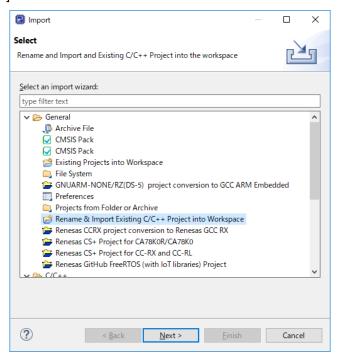
Use the following procedures to modify a sample project.

This section describes an example of modifying the sample project "FS1015\_RX65N\_NonOS" so that it can be used on the RSKRX231 board.

#### 6.2.1 Importing the Sample Project

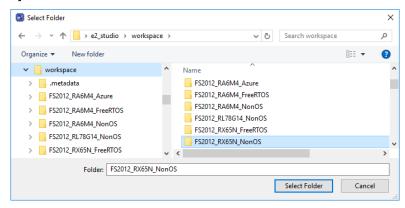
Select [Import] from the menu.

The "Import" window will appear. Select "Rename & Import Existing C/C++ Project into Workspace" in the window and press the [Next] button.

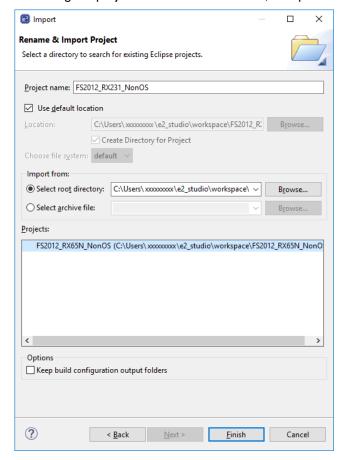


Press the [Browse] button to open the "Select Folder" window.

Select the folder of the original project for the current device from a list of imported sample projects and press the [Select Folder] button.

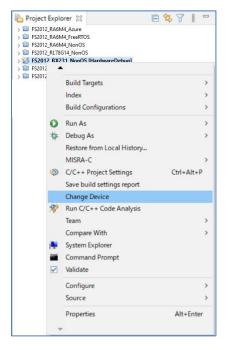


Enter the project name, select the original project for the current device, and press the [Finish] button.

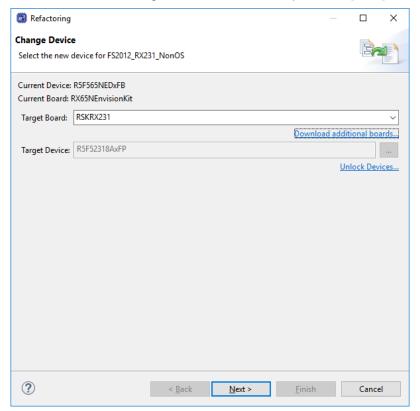


# 6.2.2 Changing the Device

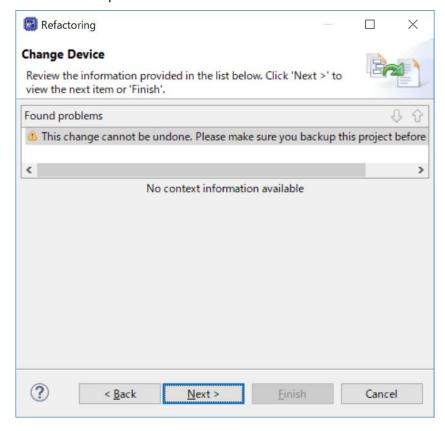
Select the imported project from the project tree and right-click on int to open the context menu. Select "Change Device" from the menu.



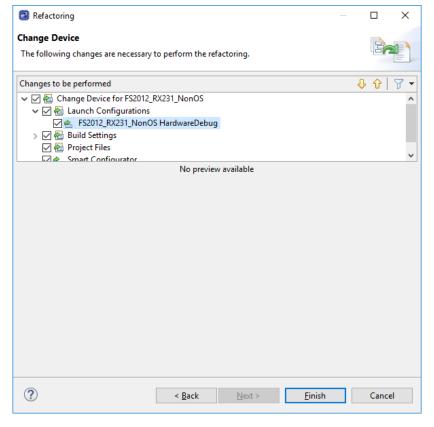
Select a desired board or device in the "Change Device" window and press the [Next] button.



If a warning message appears, read it and check if there is a problem in proceeding with the procedure. Press [Next] to move to the next step.

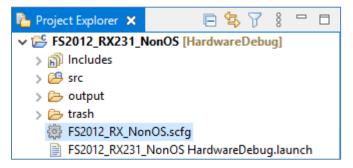


The changes you have made in the settings will be displayed. Press the [Finish] button to apply the changes to the project.

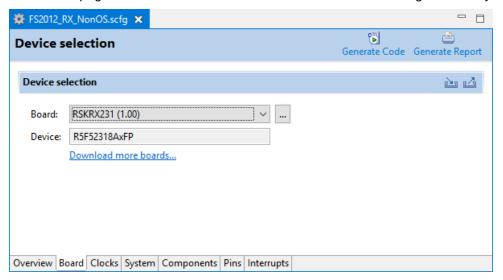


# 6.2.3 Modifying Settings of the Smart Configurator

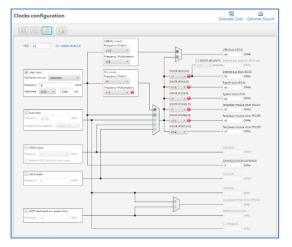
On the project tree, double-click on the .scfg file of the imported project in which the target device has been changed; the Smart Configurator window will open.

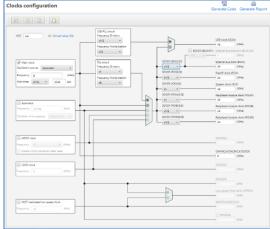


Select the "Board" tabbed page to check that the board and device have been changed correctly.



Set up the clocks in the "Clocks" tabbed page according to the specifications of the target board to be used.

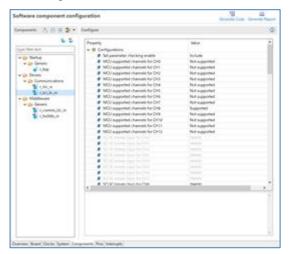


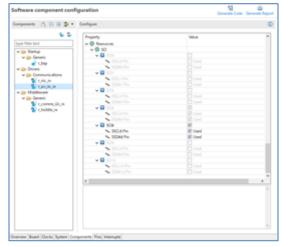


Modify the settings of individual components in the "Components" tabbed page according to the specifications of the target board.

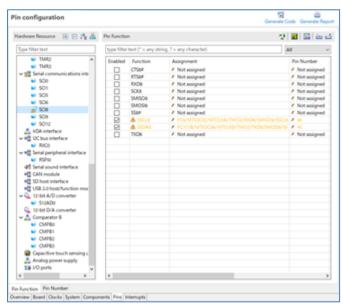
As SCI8 is assigned to PMOD on the RSK RX231 board, change the setting of "MCU supported channels for CH2" to "Not supported" and "MCU supported channels for CH8" to "Supported" in r\_sci\_iic\_rx.

Check the settings of "SSCL8 Pin" and "SSDA8 Pin" for "SCI8" under "Resources".





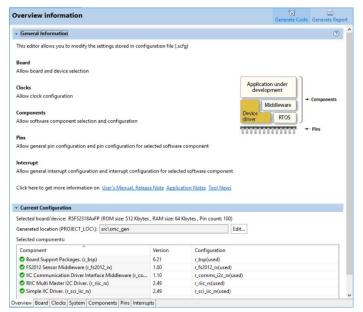
Open the "Pins" tabbed page and check that functions are assigned to the SCI8 pins in the "Pin function" panel.



As the use of PMOD Type 2A (extended SPI) is specified in the RSK RX231 board information, a warning message will appear when I2C is used, but this does not produce any problems.

To connect a sensor board, a board for converting PMOD Type 2A to PMOD Type 6A is necessary.

Press the [Generate Code] icon to generate code.



#### Build the project.

Select [Debug Configurations] from the menu and modify the debugger settings according to the specifications of the emulator to be connected to the target board.

# 6.2.4 Changing toolchain setting

If you want to use a toolchain other than the CC-RX toolchain, copy RA\_FS1015.c (Non-OS), or main.c and fs1015\_sensor\_thread\_entry.c (FreeRTOS), or fs1015\_sensor\_thread\_entry.c, sensor\_thread\_common.c, and sensor\_thread\_common.c (Azure) from this project to create a new project.

# 6.3 RL78 Sample Project

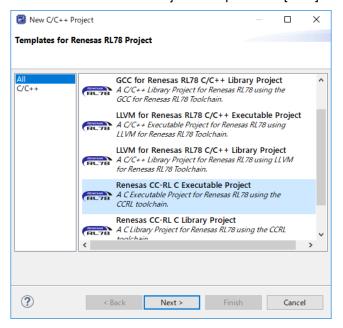
Changing the target device within the RL78 family requires creating a new project.

This section describes an example of creating a new project that can be used on the RSK RL78/G1G board.

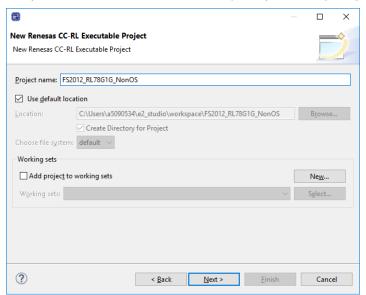
# 6.3.1 Creating a New Project

Select [File]  $\rightarrow$  [New]  $\rightarrow$  [Renesas C/C++ project]  $\rightarrow$  [Renesas RL78] from the menu.

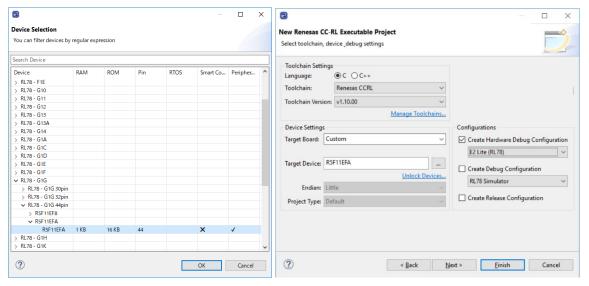
Select the template "Renesas CC-RL C Executable Project" and press the [Next] button.



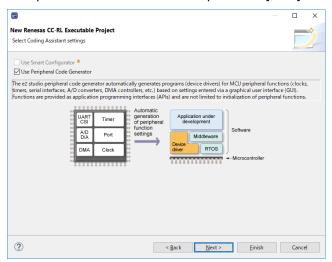
Enter the project name (example: "FS1015\_RL78G1G\_NonOS") and press the [Next] button.



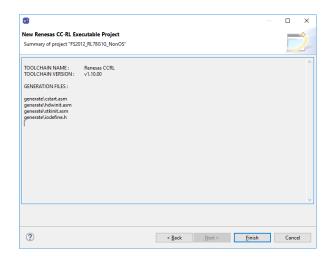
Change "Target Device" to a desired device (example: R5F11EFA) and press the [Next] button.



Select the checkbox for "Use Peripheral Code Generator" and press the [Next] button.

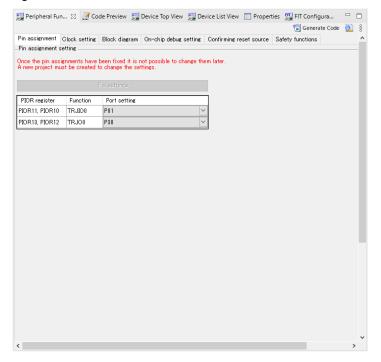


Press the [Finish] button.

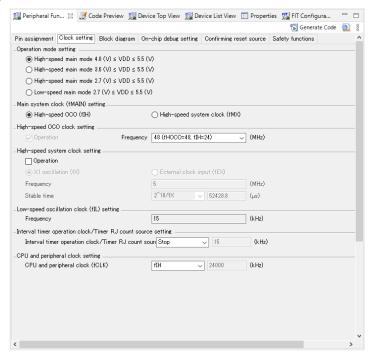


#### 6.3.2 Settings of the Code Generator

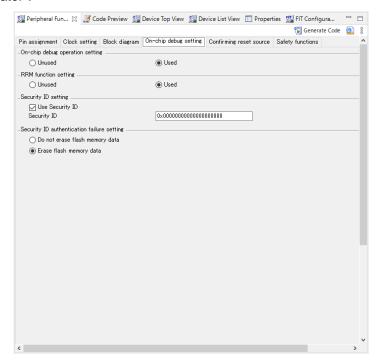
Modify the pin assignment in the "Pin assignment" tabbed page for "Common/Clock Generator" according to the specifications of the target board to be used.



Modify the clock settings in the "Clock setting" tabbed page for "Common/Clock Generator" according to the specifications of the target board.

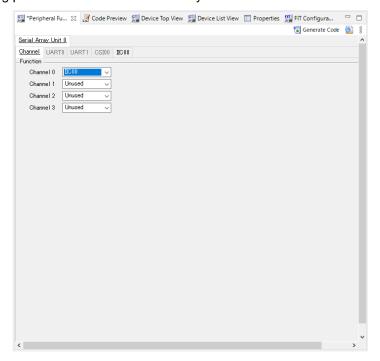


Select "Used" for "On-chip debug operation setting" in the "On-chip debug setting" tabbed page for "Common/Clock Generator".

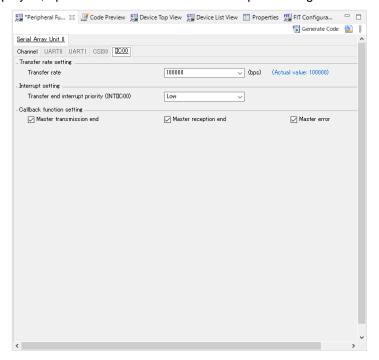


To use the serial array unit, set the channel assigned to PMOD on the target board to "IICxx" in the "Serial Array Unit" or "Serial" tabbed page.

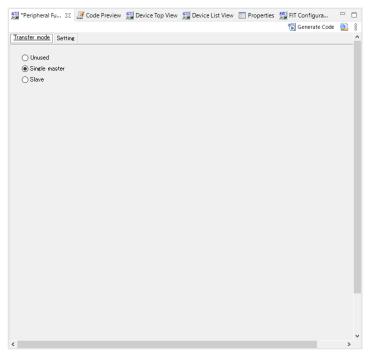
Note: The corresponding pin must be selected as N-ch by "Port".



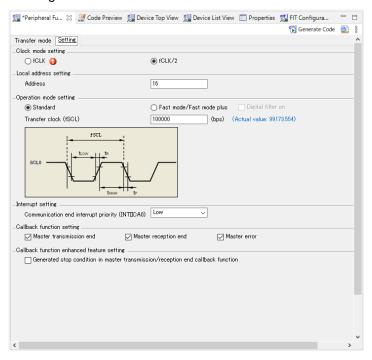
In the tabbed page for IICxx enabled in the serial array unit, set "Transfer rate" to 400000 or 100000, set "Transfer end interrupt priority" to a desired value, and enable all functions under "Callback function setting". Note: When using a serial array unit, the Nch open drain of the pin to be used is set automatically. If an error icon on the port was displayed, open the Ports tab and check the port settings.



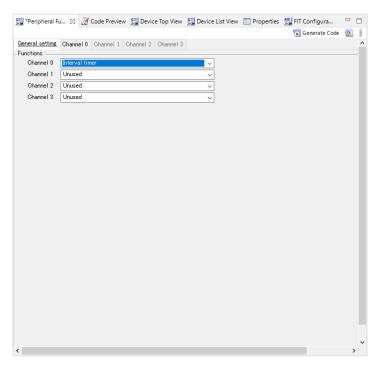
To use the serial interface IICA, select "Single master" in the "Transfer mode" tabbed page for the channel assigned to PMOD on the target board in the "Serial Interface IICA" or "Serial" setting window.



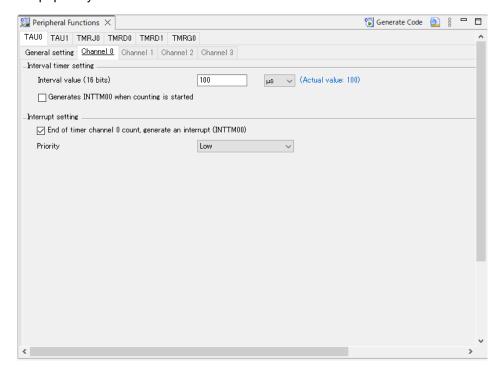
In the "Setting" tabbed page for the channel set to the single master, set "Operation mode setting" to either a combination of "Fast mode" and "400000" or a combination of "Standard" and 100000, set the interrupt priority to a desired level, enable all functions under "Callback function setting", and disable "Callback function enhanced feature setting".



On the [General setting] tabbed page for a desired channel of the timer array unit or a desired TAU of the timer, select "Interval timer" under "Functions".



In the page for the channel set to the interval timer, set "Interval value" to "100  $\mu$ s", enable timer interrupts, and set the interrupt priority to a desired level.



Press the [Code Generate] button to generate code.

#### 6.3.3 Modifying the Generated Code

Perhaps Code Generator output destination different from this sample software, because Code Generator version differs depending on the MCU used.

Open r\_cg\_sau\_user.c, r\_cg\_iica\_user.c, or r\_cg\_serial\_user.c and add the following code.

Definition for including r\_comms\_i2c\_if.h:

Addition of the rm\_comms\_i2c\_bus0\_callback() function to the callback function:

Specify the "false" parameter for the transmission and reception end callback functions and the "true" parameter for the error callback function.

```
/****************************
* Function Name: r iic00 callback master error
* Description : This function is a callback function when IIC00 master
err
* Arguments : flag -
                status flag
* Return Value : None
                    static void r iic00 callback master error(MD STATUS flag)
   /* Start user code. Do not edit comment generated here */
   rm_comms_i2c_bus0_callback(true);
   /* End user code. Do not edit comment generated here */
/************************
* Function Name: r iic00 callback master receiveend
* Description : This function is a callback function when IIC00 finishes
* Arguments : None
* Return Value : None
static void r iic00 callback master receiveend(void)
   /* Start user code. Do not edit comment generated here */
   rm_comms_i2c_bus0_callback(false);
   /* End user code. Do not edit comment generated here */
/****************************
* Function Name: r iic00 callback master sendend
* Description : This function is a callback function when IIC00 finishes
* Arguments : None
* Return Value : None
********************
static void r_iic00_callback_master_sendend(void)
   /* Start user code. Do not edit comment generated here */
   rm_comms_i2c_bus0_callback(false);
   /* End user code. Do not edit comment generated here */
}
```

Open t\_cg\_tau\_user.c or r\_cg\_timer\_user.c and add the following code.

Declaration of external for the (sensor\_name)\_delay\_callback() function:

Addition of the call of the (sensor\_name)\_delay\_callback() function to the timer interrupt callback function:

Open t\_cg\_tau.c or r\_cg\_timer.c and add the following code.

Define the R\_TAU0\_Channel0\_Reset() function in the user code description part:

```
void R_TAU0_Channel0_Reset(void)
{
    /* function not supported by this module */
}
```

Open t\_cg\_tau.h or r\_cg\_timer.h and add the following code.

Declaration of prototype for the R\_TAU0\_Channel0\_Reset() function:

Open r\_cg\_main.c or r\_main.c and add the following code.

Declaration of prototype for each function:

Addition of the following code to the main() function:

```
/* Open the Bus */
    g_comms_i2c_bus0_quick_setup();

    /* Open FS1015 */
    g_fs1015_sensor0_quick_setup();

    while (1U)
    {
        start_fs1015_demo();
    }
}
```

Define of the g\_comms\_i2c\_bus0\_quick\_setup() function and the demo\_err() function:

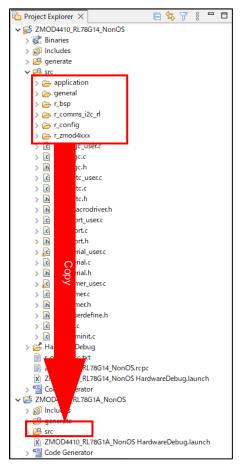
```
void g_comms_i2c_bus0_quick_setup(void)
{
    /* bus has been opened by startup process */
}

void demo_err(void)
{
    while(1)
    {
        // nothing
    }
}
```

#### 6.3.4 Modifying Sample Source Files

Right-click on the "application" "general" "r\_bsp" "r\_comms\_i2c\_rl" "r\_config" "r\_fs1015\_rl" folder in the project tree of the sample project "FS1015\_RL78G14\_NonOS" and select "Copy" from the context menu.

Then, right-click on the "src" folder in the newly created project and select "Paste" from the context menu to paste the copied files to the folder.



Open r\_comms\_i2c\_rl\_config.h in the r\_config folder and modify the values of the following definitions.

- COMMS\_I2C\_CFG\_BUSx\_DRIVER\_TYPE
- COMMS\_I2C\_CFG\_BUSx\_DRIVER\_CH

When channel 0 of the serial array unit is used:

```
/* SPECIFY DRIVER TYPE, CHANNEL NO. */
/* For Bus No.0 */
#define COMMS_I2C_CFG_BUSO_DRIVER_TYPE
Driver type of I2C Bus */
#define COMMS_I2C_CFG_BUSO_DRIVER_CH

(0) /* Channel No. */
```

When channel 0 of the serial interface IICA is used:

```
/* SPECIFY DRIVER TYPE, CHANNEL NO. */
/* For Bus No.0 */
#define COMMS_I2C_CFG_BUSO_DRIVER_TYPE (COMMS_DRIVER_I2C) /*
Driver type of I2C Bus */
#define COMMS_I2C_CFG_BUSO_DRIVER_CH (0) /* Channel No. */
```

For the other definitions, refer to section <u>5, Configuration Settings</u>.

When "serial array unit", "serial interface IICA", or "timer array unit" is used as a peripheral function name in the code generator, modify the sample source code as follows.

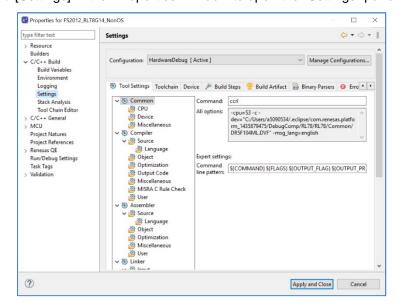
src/general/r\_smc\_entry.h

```
Modify "r_cg_serial.h" to "r_cg_sau.h" or "r_cg_iica.h":
```

Modify "r\_cg\_timer.h" to "r\_cg\_tau.h":

Open the "Properties" window for the project.

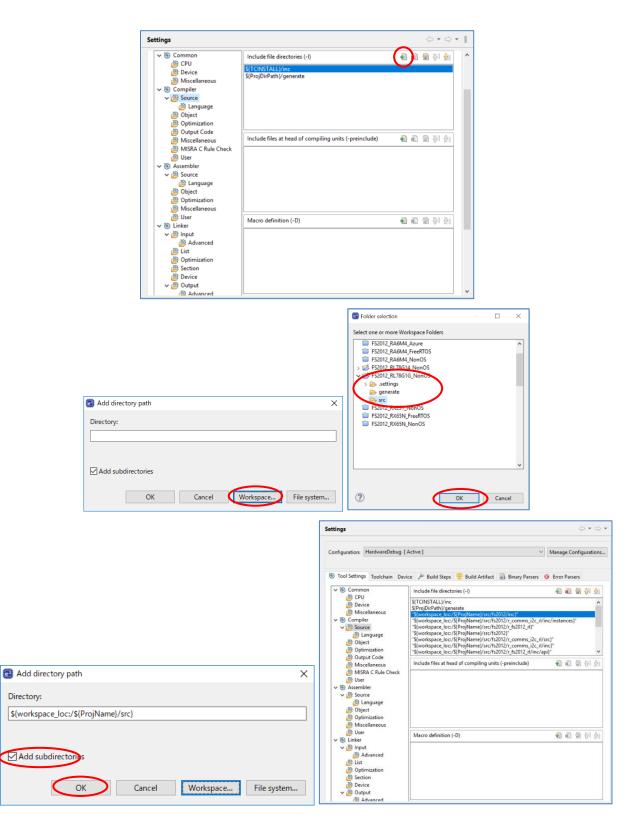
Select [C/C++ Build]  $\rightarrow$  [Settings] in the "Properties" window to open the "Settings" panel.



Select [Compiler]  $\rightarrow$  [Source] in the "Tool Settings" tabbed page and press the [Add] icon.

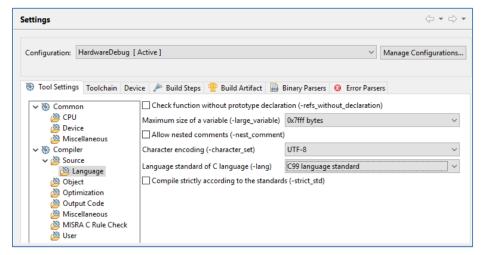
Press the [Workspace] button in the [Add directory path] dialog box and a list of projects will appear. Select the "src" folder for the newly created project in the list and press the [OK] button.

Select the checkbox for "Add subdirectories" and press the [OK] button.



Select [Compiler]  $\rightarrow$  [Source]  $\rightarrow$  [Language] in the "Tool Settings" tabbed page and change the setting of "Language standard of C language" to "C99 language standard".

Press the [Apply and Close] button to close the "Properties" window.



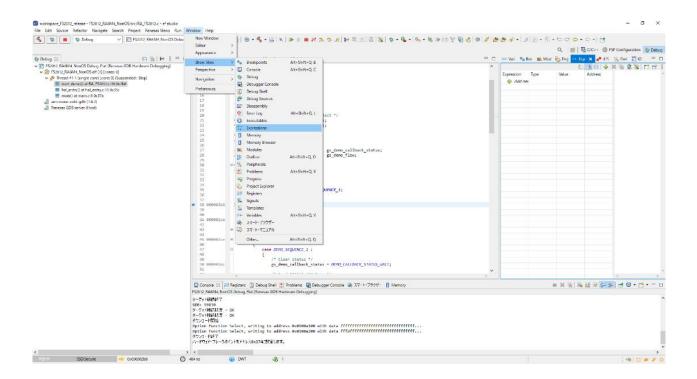
#### Build the project.

Select [Debug Configurations] from the menu and modify the debugger settings according to the specifications of the emulator to be connected to the target board.

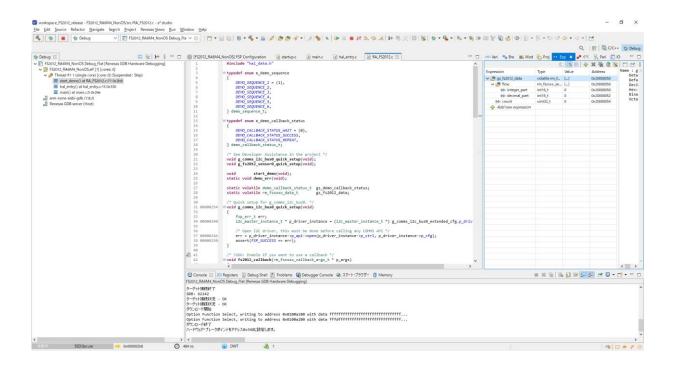
# 7. Viewing Flow Data

Use the following procedure to view flow data in real time.

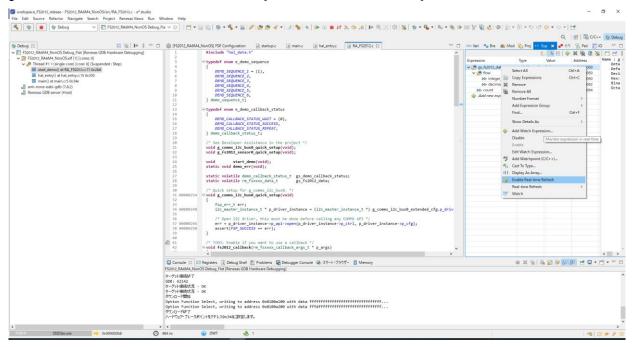
After executing debugging, select [Window]  $\rightarrow$  [Show View]  $\rightarrow$  [Expressions] to open the [Expressions] tabbed page.



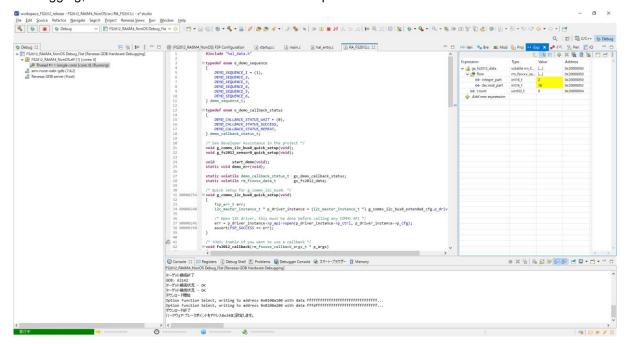
Click on [Add new expression] on the [Expressions] tabbed page and add "gs\_fs1015\_data".



Right-click on the added variables and select [Enable Real-time Refresh].



Start debugging, and the values of the variables will be updated in real time.



# Revision History

		Description	
Rev.	Date	Page	Summary
1.00	June 30, 2022	-	First Release
1.01	March 3, 2023	-	Updated environments for RL78
1.02	March 29, 2023	-	Updated: Environments for RA, RX, RL78, RZ
			Updated: Main Processing Flow of Sample Software
			Updated: Guide for Changing the Target Device
1.03	September 7, 2023	-	Updated: Guide for Changing the Target Device
			Deleted: RE01 items

# General Precautions in the Handling of Microprocessing Unit and Microcontroller Unit Products

The following usage notes are applicable to all Microprocessing unit and Microcontroller unit products from Renesas. For detailed usage notes on the products covered by this document, refer to the relevant sections of the document as well as any technical updates that have been issued for the products.

1. Precaution against Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)

A strong electrical field, when exposed to a CMOS device, can cause destruction of the gate oxide and ultimately degrade the device operation. Steps must be taken to stop the generation of static electricity as much as possible, and quickly dissipate it when it occurs. Environmental control must be adequate. When it is dry, a humidifier should be used. This is recommended to avoid using insulators that can easily build up static electricity. Semiconductor devices must be stored and transported in an anti-static container, static shielding bag or conductive material. All test and measurement tools including work benches and floors must be grounded. The operator must also be grounded using a wrist strap. Semiconductor devices must not be touched with bare hands. Similar precautions must be taken for printed circuit boards with mounted semiconductor devices.

Processing at power-on

The state of the product is undefined at the time when power is supplied. The states of internal circuits in the LSI are indeterminate and the states of register settings and pins are undefined at the time when power is supplied. In a finished product where the reset signal is applied to the external reset pin, the states of pins are not guaranteed from the time when power is supplied until the reset process is completed. In a similar way, the states of pins in a product that is reset by an on-chip power-on reset function are not guaranteed from the time when power is supplied until the power reaches the level at which resetting is specified.

3. Input of signal during power-off state

Do not input signals or an I/O pull-up power supply while the device is powered off. The current injection that results from input of such a signal or I/O pull-up power supply may cause malfunction and the abnormal current that passes in the device at this time may cause degradation of internal elements. Follow the guideline for input signal during power-off state as described in your product documentation.

4. Handling of unused pins

Handle unused pins in accordance with the directions given under handling of unused pins in the manual. The input pins of CMOS products are generally in the high-impedance state. In operation with an unused pin in the open-circuit state, extra electromagnetic noise is induced in the vicinity of the LSI, an associated shoot-through current flows internally, and malfunctions occur due to the false recognition of the pin state as an input signal become possible

5. Clock signals

After applying a reset, only release the reset line after the operating clock signal becomes stable. When switching the clock signal during program execution, wait until the target clock signal is stabilized. When the clock signal is generated with an external resonator or from an external oscillator during a reset, ensure that the reset line is only released after full stabilization of the clock signal. Additionally, when switching to a clock signal produced with an external resonator or by an external oscillator while program execution is in progress, wait until the target clock signal is stable.

6. Voltage application waveform at input pin

Waveform distortion due to input noise or a reflected wave may cause malfunction. If the input of the CMOS device stays in the area between  $V_{IL}$  (Max.) and  $V_{IH}$  (Min.) due to noise, for example, the device may malfunction. Take care to prevent chattering noise from entering the device when the input level is fixed, and also in the transition period when the input level passes through the area between  $V_{IL}$  (Max.) and  $V_{IH}$  (Min.).

7. Prohibition of access to reserved addresses

Access to reserved addresses is prohibited. The reserved addresses are provided for possible future expansion of functions. Do not access these addresses as the correct operation of the LSI is not guaranteed.

8. Differences between products

Before changing from one product to another, for example to a product with a different part number, confirm that the change will not lead to problems. The characteristics of a microprocessing unit or microcontroller unit products in the same group but having a different part number might differ in terms of internal memory capacity, layout pattern, and other factors, which can affect the ranges of electrical characteristics, such as characteristic values, operating margins, immunity to noise, and amount of radiated noise. When changing to a product with a different part number, implement a system-evaluation test for the given product.

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(Rev.5.0-1 October 2020)

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