

RL78/G11

R01AN3616EJ0100 Rev. 1.00 Feb. 3, 2017

Battery Voltage Monitoring IAR

Introduction

This application note describes how to implement voltage monitoring during battery charging with a comparator function.

Target Device

RL78/G11

When applying the sample program covered in this application note to another microcomputer, modify the program according to the specifications for the target microcomputer and conduct an extensive evaluation of the modified program.

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1. Specifications

1.1 Approaches to Monitoring Battery Voltage in Hardware

The RL78/G11 contains a comparator that can be used to compare the externally input voltage against a reference input voltage and output the result as an INTFO signal.

As shown in the basic configuration of figure. 1.1, a signal that is the monitored input voltage approximately divided in half by resistance is connected to the non-inverted input of the comparator, while the reference voltage generated by the D/A converter is input to the inverted input of the comparator.

If the monitored input voltage is larger than the reference voltage, the comparator output becomes 1. When the INTFO function is used to perform external output with negative logic, the LED is lit.

Peripheral Function	Usage
A/D converter	Measures a power supply voltage (8-bit precision)
D/A converter	Generates a reference voltage (2 V) to be compared with a monitored voltage
IVCMP0	Provides analog signal input
INTFO	Used to drive the LED
TMKB0	Provides PWM output to control charging

Table 1.1 Peripheral Functions and Their Usage

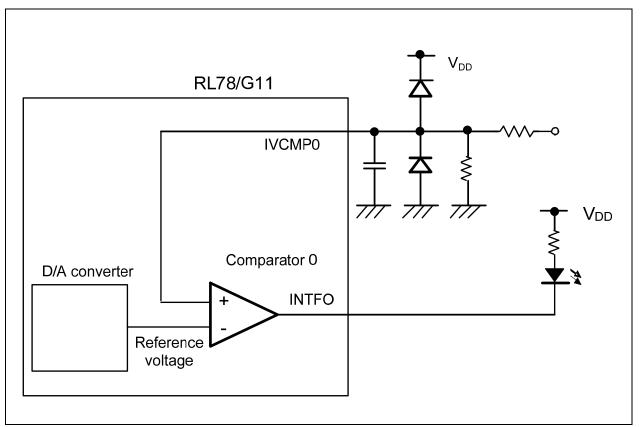


Figure 1.1 Basic Configuration

1.2 Generation of the Reference Voltage

The reference voltage (2V) is generated by the D/A converter. This application note can be used in a wide range of power source voltages (2.4V to 5.5V), and thus the setting of the D/A converter depends on the power source voltage.

A/D conversion is performed on an internal reference voltage (1.45V typ.), and the conversion result is used to obtain the V_{DD} voltage. Then, the D/A conversion value setting register 0 (DACS0) is set so that the output of the D/A converter is the reference voltage (2V).

The internal reference voltage has 8 bits of precision, and the result of the A/D conversion (SAR) is as follows:

$$SAR = (1.45 / V_{DD}) \times 256$$

The output voltage of the D/A converter (VANO0) is expressed by the following formula:

$$VANO0 = V_{DD} x (DACS0 / 256)$$

The following is the setting for the D/A converter to output 2V:

$$DACS0 = 2 \times SAR / 1.45$$

1.3 Output of Comparison Result

The comparison result is output to the INTFO pin. In this application note, by connecting an LED to the INTFO pin, the LED is made to light when the voltage exceeds the monitored voltage.

2. Conditions for Confirming Operations

The sample code operations described in this application note are confirmed under the following conditions.

Table 2.1 Conditions for Confirming Operations

Item	Description			
Microcontroller used	RL78/G11 (R5F1056A)			
Operating frequency	- High-speed on-chip oscillator (HOCO) clock: 16 MHz			
	- CPU/peripheral hardware clock: 16 MHz			
Operating voltage	3.3 V (Operation is possible within 2.4 V to 5.5 V)			
	LVD operation (V _{LVD}): Reset mode 2.45 V			
Integrated development environment (IAR)	IAR Embedded Workbench IDE V7.4.1.4268 from IAR Systems.			
C compiler (IAR)	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RL78 V2.21.1.1833 from IAR Systems.			

Note: The latest version should be downloaded and evaluated before usage.

3. Related Application Notes

The application notes related to this application note are listed below for reference.

RL78/G11 Battery Voltage Monitoring CC-RL (R01AN3416E) Application Note

4. Hardware Descriptions

4.1 Hardware Configuration Example

Figure 4.1 shows an example of the hardware configuration described in this application note.

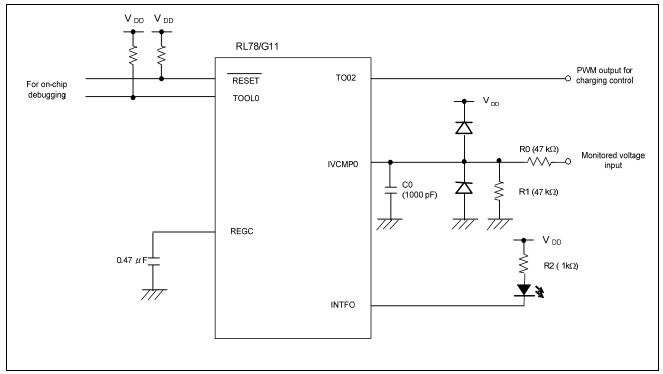


Figure 4.1 Hardware Configuration

- Cautions: 1. This circuit diagram is simplified in order to show a summary of connections. When actually creating the circuit, pin processing and the like should be optimized and the circuit designed so as to satisfy the required electrical characteristics (input-only ports should be each connected to V_{DD} or V_{SS} via a resistor).
 - 2. V_{DD} should be made equal to or higher than the reset release voltage (V_{LVD}) set using LVD.

4.2 List of Pins Used

Table 4.1 lists the pins used and their functions.

Table 4.1 Pins Used and Their Functions

Pin Name	I/O	Function
P22/ANI2/PGAI/VCMP0	Input	Monitored voltage input
P56/ANI22/KR2/SCK00/SCL00/SO11/INTP10/(TO03) /(INTFO)/SCLA1	Output	Output for LED1 control
P30/ANI21?KR1/TI00/TO01/INTP3/SCK11/SCL11/(TxD0) /PCLBUZ0/TKB01/SDAA0	Output	PWM output for charging control

5. Software Descriptions

5.1 Operation Summary

In this application note a comparator is used to compare an externally input voltage against a reference input voltage and to output the result as an INTFO signal.

If the monitored input voltage exceeds the reference voltage, the comparator outputs 1, and when the INTFO function is used to perform external output with negative logic, the LED is lit.

- (1) The comparator compares the reference voltage generated by the D/A converter and the external monitored voltage input IVCMP0, and the result is output as an INTFO signal.
- (2) When IVCMP0 exceeds the reference voltage, the INTFO outputs 0 and the LED is lit.
- (3) The TKBO1 provides PWM output for charging control.

5.2 List of Option Byte Settings

Table 5.1 shows the settings of the option bytes.

Table 5.1 Option Byte Settings

Address	Setting Value	Description
000C0H	11101111B	Watchdog timer is stopped.
		(Counting stopped after a reset release)
000C1H	00111111B	LVD reset mode; 2.45 V (2.4 V to 5.5 V)
000C2H	11101010B	HS mode; High-speed on-chip oscillator: 16 MHz
000C3H	10000100B	On-chip debugging is enabled.

5.3 List of Functions

Table 5.2 lists functions.

Table 5.2 Functions

Function Name	Summary
R_ADC_Set_OperationOn	Enables A/D voltage comparator operation
R_ADC_Start	Starts A/D conversion.
R_ADC_Stop	Stops A/D conversion.
R_COMP0_Start	Comparator 0 start processing
R_DAC0_Start	Starts D/A conversion
R_TMR_KB0_Start	Starts timer KB0 operation

5.4 Function Specifications

The following gives the specifications of the functions used in the sample code.

[Function name] R_ADC_Set_OperationOn

Summary Enables A/D voltage comparator operation.

Header r_cg_adc.h, r_cg_userdefine.h

Declaration void R_ ADC_Set_OperationOn(void)

Description Enables A/D voltage comparator operation.

Arguments None

Arguments None
Return values None
Remarks None

[Function name]R_ADC_Start

Summary Starts A/D conversion.

Header r_cg_adc.h, r_cg_userdefine.h
Declaration void R_ ADC_Start(void)
Description Starts A/D conversion.

Arguments None
Return values None
Remarks None

[Function name] R ADC Stop

Summary Stops A/D conversion.

Header r_cg_adc.h, r_cg_userdefine.h

Declaration void R_ ADC_Stop(void)

Description Stops A/D conversion.

Arguments None
Return values None
Remarks None

[Function name] R COMP1 Start

Summary Starts comparator operation.

Header r_cg_comp.h, r_cg_userdefine.h

Declaration void R_ COMP1_Start(void)

Description Starts comparator operation.

Arguments None
Return values None
Remarks None

[Function name]R_DAC0_Start

Summary Starts D/A conversion.

Header r_cg_dac.h, r_cg_userdefine.h

Declaration void R_ DAC0_Start(void)

Description Starts D/A conversion.

Arguments None

Arguments None
Return values None
Remarks None

[Function name]R_TMR_KB0_Start

Summary Starts timer KB0 operation.

Header r_cg_tmkb.h, r_cg_userdefine.h

Declaration void R_ TMR_KB0_Start(void)

Description Starts timer KB0 operation.

Arguments None
Return values None
Remarks None

5.5 Flowcharts

Figure 5.1 shows the overall flow of the process described in this application note.

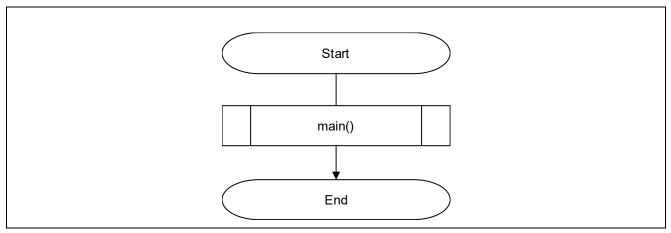


Figure 5.1 Overall Flow

Note: The start-up routine is executed before and after the initial setting function.

5.5.1 Initial Setting Function

Figure 5.2 shows the flowchart of the initial setting function.

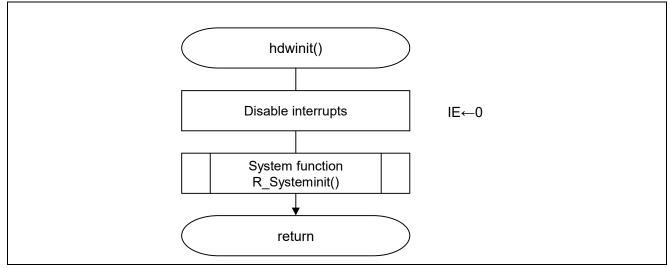


Figure 5.2 Initial Setting Function

5.5.2 System Function

Figure 5.3 shows the flowchart of the system function.

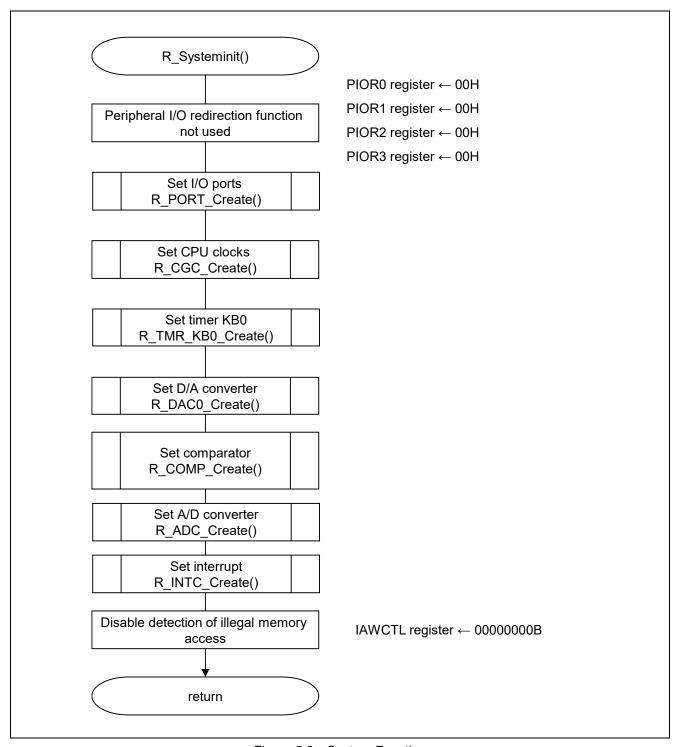


Figure 5.3 System Function

5.5.3 Setting I/O Ports

Figure 5.4 shows the flowchart for setting the I/O ports.

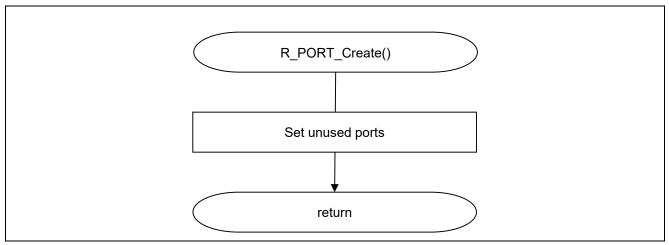


Figure 5.4 Setting I/O Ports

Note: For settings of unused ports, refer to the RL78/G11 User's Manual: Hardware.

Caution: Unused ports should be designed so that the electrical characteristics are satisfied by appropriately treating the pertinent pins. Separately connect unused input-only ports to V_{DD} or V_{SS} via a resistor.

5.5.4 Setting CPU Clocks

Figure 5.5 shows the flowchart for setting the CPU clocks.

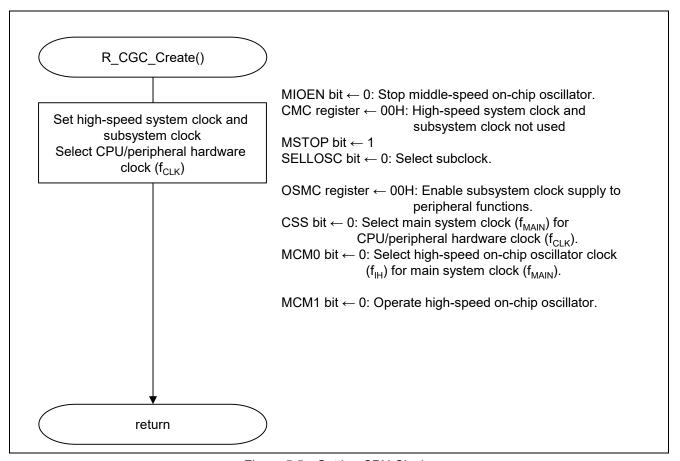


Figure 5.5 Setting CPU Clocks

5.5.5 Setting Comparator

Figure 5.6 shows the flowchart for setting the comparator.

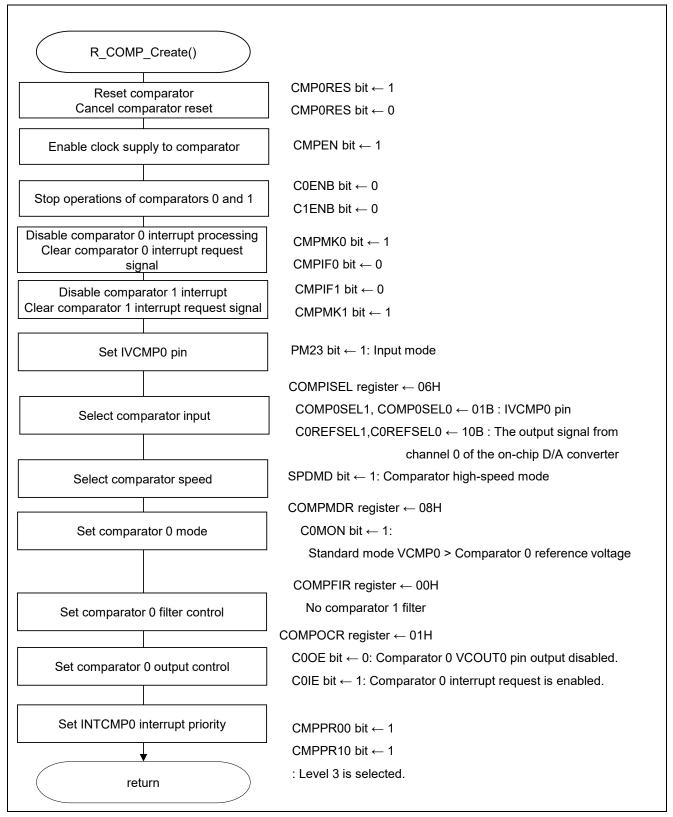


Figure 5.6 Setting Comparator

Starting clock supply to comparator

- Peripheral enable register 1 (PER1)
Start supplying clock to the A/D converter.

Symbol: PER1

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
DACEN	0	CMPEN	0	DTCEN	PGA0EN	0	0
х	0	1	0	х	х	0	0

Bit 5

CMPEN	Control of comparator input clock
0	Stops input clock supply.
1	Enables input clock supply.

Setting comparator operation

- Comparator mode setting register (COMPMDR) Enable comparator operation.

Symbol: COMPMDR

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
C1MON	C1VRF	C1WDE	C1ENB	C0MON	C0VRF	C0WDE	C0ENB
х	х	х	0	х	Х	х	0

Bit 4

C1ENB	Comparator 1 operation enable			
0	Comparator 1 operation disabled			
1	Comparator 1 operation enabled			

Bit 0

C0ENB	Comparator 0 operation enable
0	Comparator 0 operation disabled
1	Comparator 0 operation enabled

Setting comparator interrupt

- Interrupt request flag register (IF2L) Clear the interrupt request flag.
- Interrupt mask flag register (MK2L) Disable the interrupt processing.

Symbol: IF2L

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
FLIF	IICAIF1	TMKBIF0	ITIF01	ITIF00	DOCIF	CMPIF1	CMPIF0
х	х	х	х	х	х	0	0

Bits 0 and 1

CMPIF0,1	Interrupt request flag					
0	o interrupt request signal is generated					
1	Interrupt request is generated, interrupt request status					

Symbol: MK2L

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	FLMK	IICAMK1	TMKBMK0	ITMK01	ITMK00	DOCMK	CMPMK1	СМРМК0
ĺ	х	х	х	х	х	х	1	1

Bits 0 and 1

CMPMK0,1	Interrupt servicing control
0	Interrupt servicing enabled
1	Interrupt servicing disabled

Setting comparator peripheral reset

- Peripheral reset control register (PRR1) Control comparator peripheral resets.

Symbol: PRR1

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
DACRES	0	CMPRES	0	0	PGA0RES	0	0
х	0	0/1	0	0	х	0	0

Bit 5

CMPRES	Peripheral reset control on each peripheral hardware
0	Peripheral reset release
1	Peripheral reset state

5.5.6 Setting D/A Converter

Figure 5.7 shows the flowchart for setting the D/A converter.

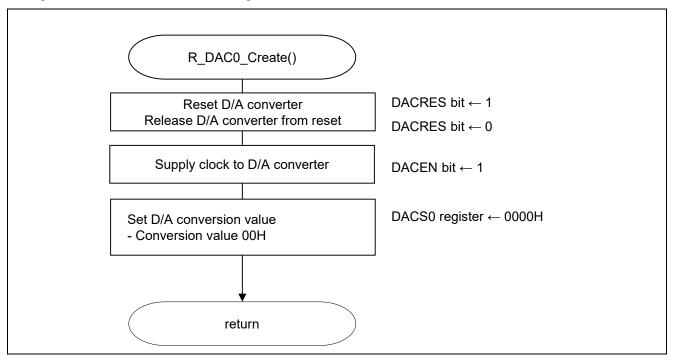


Figure 5.7 Setting D/A Converter

Setting peripheral reset of D/A converter

- Peripheral reset control register (PRR1) Control reset of the D/A converter.

Symbol: PRR1

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
DACRES	0	CMPRES	0	0	PGA0RES	0	0
0/1	0	Х	0	0	х	0	0

Bit 7

DACRES	Reset control of D/A converter
0	D/A converter reset release
1	D/A converter reset state

Starting clock supply to D/A converter

- Peripheral enable register 1 (PER1)
Start supplying clock to the D/A converter.

Symbol: PER1

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
DACEN	0	CMPEN	0	DTCEN	PGA0EN	0	0
1	0	х	0	х	х	0	0

Bit 0

DACEN	Control of D/A converter input clock					
0	Stops input clock supply.					
1	Supplies input clock.					

Setting D/A conversion value

- D/A conversion value setting register 0 (DACS0)
Set the analog voltage value to be output to the D/A converter pins.

Symbol: DACS0

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DACS07	DACS06	DACS05	DACS04	DACA03	DACS02	DACS01	DACS00
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

5.5.7 Setting A/D Converter

Figure 5.8 shows the flowchart for setting the A/D converter.

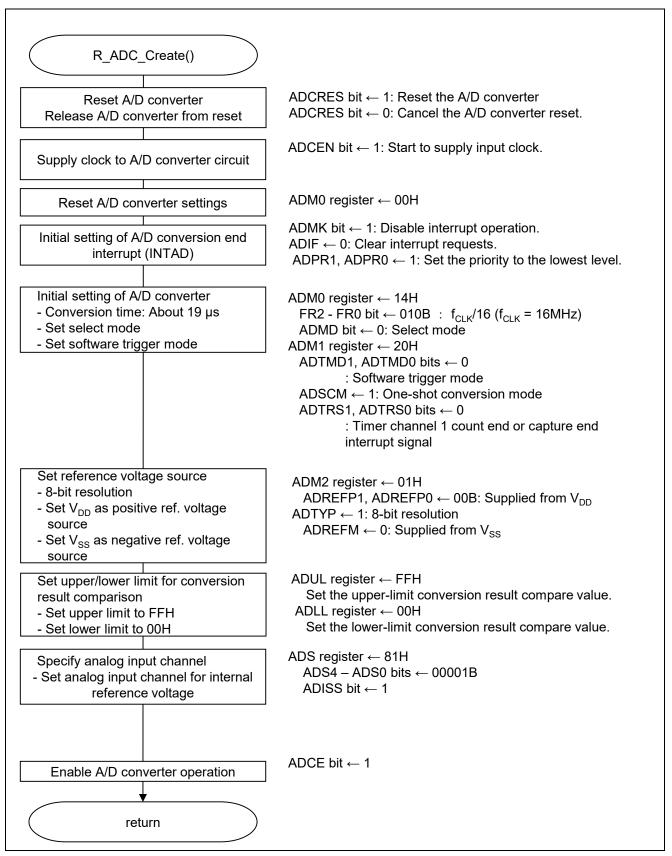


Figure 5.8 Setting A/D Converter

Controlling reset of A/D converter

- Peripheral reset control register 0 (PRR0)

Control reset of the A/D converter.

Symbol: PRR0

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	IICA1RES	ADCRES	IICA0RES	0	SAU0RES	0	TAU0RES
0	Х	1/0	Х	0	Х	0	Х

Bit 5

ADCRES	Reset control of A/D converter
0	A/D converter reset release
1	A/D converter reset state

Starting clock supply to A/D

- Peripheral enable register 0 (PER0)

Start supplying clock to the A/D converter.

Symbol: PER0

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	0	IICA1EN	ADCEN	IICA0EN	0	SAU0EN	0	TAU0EN
Ì	0	х	1	х	0	х	0	х

Bit 5

ADCEN	Control of A/D converter input clock supply						
0	Stops input clock supply.						
1	Enables input clock supply.						

Setting A/D conversion time and operation mode

A/D converter mode register 0 (ADM0)
 Control the A/D conversion operation.
 Set the A/D conversion channel select mode.

Symbol: ADM0

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ADCS	ADMD	FR2	FR1	FR0	LV1	LV0	ADCE
Х	0	0	1	0	1	0	х

Bit 6

ADMD	Specification of A/D conversion channel selection mode					
0	Select mode					
1	Scan mode					

Symbol: ADM0

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ADCS	ADMD	FR2	FR1	FR0	LV1	LV0	ADCE
х	0	0	1	0	1	0	Х

Bits 5 to 1

		ADM0	ı		Mode	Conv	No. of conv		Conversion time selection				
FR2	FR1	FR0	LV1	LV0		clock (f _{AD})	clock (Sampling clock)	Conv time	f _{CLK} = 1MHz	f _{CLK} = 4MHz	f _{CLK} = 8MHz	f _{CLK} = 16MHz	f _{CLK} = 24MHz
0	0	0	1	0	Low- voltage	f _{CLK} /64	19 f _{AD} (No. of	1216/f _{CLK}	Setting prohibited	Setting prohibited	Setting prohibited	76µs	50.667µs
0	0	1			1	f _{CLK} /32	Sampling	608/f _{CLK}			76µs	38µs	25.333µs
0	1	0				f _{CLK} /16	clock:	304f _{CLK}		76µs	38µs	19µs	12.667µs
0	1	1				f _{CLK} /8	7 f _{AD})	152/f _{CLK}		38µs	19µs	9.5µs	6.333µs
1	0	0				f _{CLK} /6		114/f _{CLK}		28.5µs	14.25µs	7.125µs	4.75µs
1	0	1				f _{CLK} /5		76/f _{CLK}	95µs	23.75µs	11.875µs	5.938µs	3.958µs
1	1	0				f _{CLK} /4		86/f _{CLK}	76µs	19µs	9.5µs	4.75µs	3.167µs
1	1	1				f _{CLK} /2		38/f _{CLK}	38µs	9.5µs	4.75µs	2.375µs	Setting prohibited
0	0	0	1	1	Low- voltage	f _{CLK} /64	17 f _{AD} (No. of	1088/f _{CLK}	Setting prohibited	Setting prohibited	Setting prohibited	68µs	45.333µs
0	0	1			2	f _{CLK} /32	Sampling	544/f _{CLK}			68µs	34µs	22.667µs
0	1	0				f _{CLK} /16	clock :	272/f _{CLK}		68µs	34µs	17µs	11.333µs
0	1	1				f _{CLK} /8	5 f _{AD})	136/f _{CLK}		34µs	17µs	8.5µs	5.667µs
1	0	0				f _{CLK} /6		102/f _{CLK}		25.5µs	12.75µs	6.375µs	4.25µs
1	0	1				f _{CLK} /5		85/f _{CLK}	85µs	21.25µs	10.625µs	5.3125µs	3.542µs
1	1	0				f _{CLK} /4		68/f _{CLK}	68µs	17µs	8.5µs	4.25µs	2.833µs
1	1	1				f _{CLK} /2		34/f _{CLK}	34µs	8.5µs	4.25µs	2.125µs	Setting prohibited

Setting A/D conversion trigger mode

A/D converter mode register 1 (ADM1)
 Select the A/D conversion trigger mode.
 Specify the A/D conversion operation mode
 Select the hardware trigger signal.

Symbol: ADM1

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ADTMD1	ADTMD0	ADSCM	0	0	0	ADTRS1	ADTRS0
0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0

Bits 7 and 6

ADTMD1	ADTMD0	Selection of A/D conversion trigger mode				
0	X	oftware trigger mode				
1	0	Hardware trigger no-wait mode				
1	1	Hardware trigger wait mode				

Bit 5

ADSCM	Specification of A/D conversion mode						
0	Sequential conversion mode						
1	One-shot conversion mode						

Bits 1 and 0

ADTRS1	ADTRS0	Selection of hardware trigger signal					
0	0	End of timer channel 1 count or capture interrupt signal (INTTM01)					
0	1	Event signal selected by ELC					
1	0	Real-time clock 2 interrupt signal (INTRTC)					
1	1	12-bit interval timer interrupt signal (INTIT)					

Setting reference voltage source

- A/D converter mode register 2 (ADM2)

Select the A/D converter positive-side reference voltage source.

Select the A/D converter negative-side reference voltage source.

Check the conversion result upper-limit/lower-limit value

Set SNOOZE mode.

Select A/D conversion resolution.

Symbol: ADM2

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ADREFP1	ADREFP0	ADREFM	0	ADRCK	AWC	0	ADTYP
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

Bits 7 and 6

ADREFP1	ADREFP0	Selection of + side reference voltage source of A/D converter				
0	0	Supplied from V _{DD}				
0	1	Supplied from AV _{REFP} /ANI				
1	0	Supplied from internal reference voltage (1.45 V)				
1	1	Setting prohibited				

Bit 5

ADREFM	Selection of – side reference voltage source of A/D converter						
0	ipplied from V _{SS}						
1	Supplied from AV _{REFM} /ANI1						

Bit 3

ADRCK	Checking upper limit and lower limit conversion result values
	Interrupt signal (INTAD) is generated when the ADLL register ≤ the ADCR register ≤ the ADUL register.
1	Interrupt signal (INTAD) is generated when ADCR register < ADLL register, ADUL register < ADCR register.

Bit 2

AWC	Specification of SNOOZE mode						
0	o not use the SNOOZE mode function.						
1	Use the SNOOZE mode function.						

Bit 0

ADTYP	Selection of A/D conversion resolution						
0	10-bit resolution						
1	8-bit resolution						

Setting upper limit and lower limit values for conversion result comparison

- Conversion result comparison upper limit setting register (ADUL)
- Conversion result comparison lower limit setting register (ADLL)
 Set the upper limit and lower limit conversion result compare values.

Symbol: ADUL

1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
ADUL7	ADUL6	ADUL5	ADUL4	ADUL3	ADUL2	ADUL1	ADUL0
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

Symbol: ADLL

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ADLL7	ADLL6	ADLL5	ADLL4	ADLL3	ADLL2	ADLL1	ADLL0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Setting input channel

- Analog input channel specification register (ADS)
Specify the input channel of analog voltage to be converted.

Symbol: ADS

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ADISS	0	0	ADS4	ADS3	ADS2	ADS1	ADS0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Bits 7, 4 to 0

ADISS	ADS4	ADS3	ADS2	ADS1	ADS0	Analog input channel	Input source
0	0	0	0	0	0	ANI0	P20/ANI0/AV _{REFP} pin
0	0	0	0	0	1	ANI1	P21/ANI1/AV _{REFM} pin
0	0	0	0	1	0	ANI2	P22/ANI2 pin
0	0	0	0	1	1	ANI3	P23/ANI3 pin
0	1	0	0	0	0	ANI16	P01/ANI16 pin
0	1	0	0	0	1	ANI17	P00/ANI17 pin
0	1	0	0	1	0	ANI18	P33/ANI18 pin
0	1	0	0	1	1	ANI19	P32/ANI19 pin
0	1	0	1	0	0	ANI20	P31/ANI20 pin
0	1	0	1	0	1	ANI21	P30/ANI21 pin
0	1	0	1	1	0	ANI22	P56/ANI22 pin
0	1	0	1	1	1	_	PGAOUT(PGA output)
1	0	0	0	0	0	_	Temperature sensor output voltage note1
1	0	0	0	0	1	_	Internal reference voltage (1.45V) note1
		上記	以外			設定禁止	

Note1: Operation is possible only in HS (high-speed main) mode.

Setting A/D conversion end interrupt

- Interrupt request flag register (IF1H)
- Clear interrupt request flags.

 Interrupt mask flag register (MK1H)

 Disable interrupt processing.

Symbol: IF1H

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
PIF11	PIF00	PIF9	PIF8	PIF7	KRIF	ITIF	ADIF
Х	х	х	Х	х	х	х	0

Bit 0

ADIF	Interrupt request flag				
0	lo interrupt request signal is generated				
1	Interrupt request is generated, interrupt request status				

Symbol: MK1H

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
PMK11	PMK10	PMK9	PMK8	PMK7	KRMK	TMKAMK	ADMK
х	х	х	х	х	х	х	1

Bit 0

ADMK	Interrupt servicing control						
0	Interrupt servicing enabled						
1	Interrupt servicing disabled						

5.5.8 Setting 16-Bit Timer KB0

Figure 5.9 shows the flowchart for setting the 16-bit timer KB0.

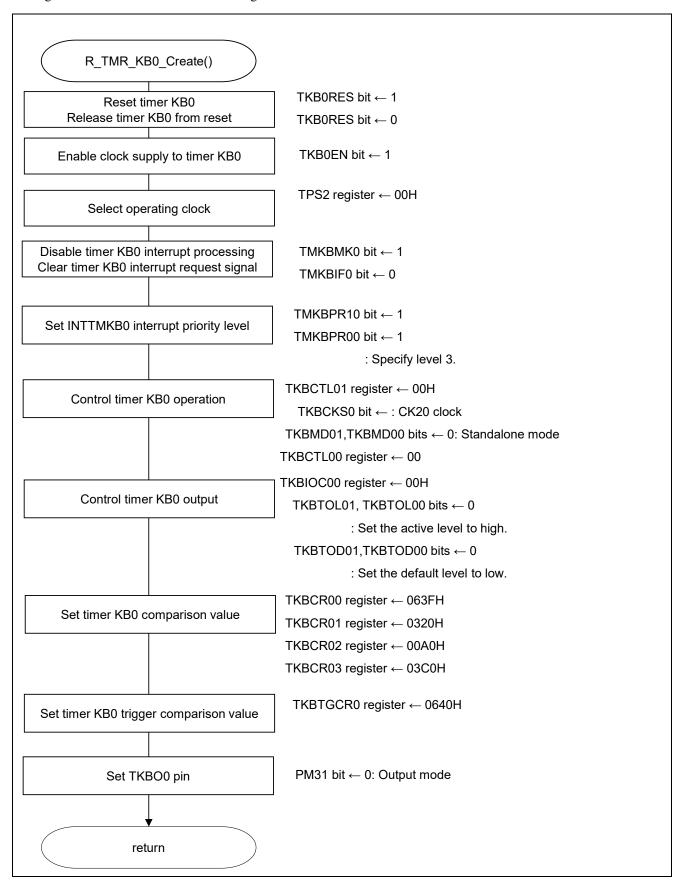


Figure 5.9 Setting 16-Bit Timer KB0

Controlling reset of timer KB0

- Peripheral reset control register 2 (PRR2) Control reset of the timer KB0.

Symbol: PRR2

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
TMKARES	0	DOCRES	0	0	0	0	TKB0RES
Х	0	Х	0	0	0	0	0/1

Bit 0

TKB0RES	Reset control of timer KB0
0	Timer KB0 reset release
1	Timer KB0 reset state

Starting clock supply to timer KB0

- Peripheral enable register 2 (PER2) Start supplying clock to the timer KB0.

Symbol: PER2

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
TMKAEN	0	DOCEN	0	0	0	0	TKB0EN
х	х	х	0	0	0	0	1

Bit 0

TKB0EN	Control of timer KB0 input clock supply					
0	Stops input clock supply.					
1	Enables input clock supply.					

Setting timer KB end interrupt

- Interrupt request flag register (IF2L)
- Clear interrupt request flags.

 Interrupt mask flag register (MK2L)

 Disable interrupt processing.

Symbol: IF2L

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
FLIF	IICAIF1	TMKBIF0	ITIF01	ITIF00	DOCIF	CMPIF1	CMPIF0
Х	Х	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	х

Bit 5

TMKBIF0	Interrupt request flag
0	No interrupt request signal is generated
1	Interrupt request is generated, interrupt request status

Symbol: MK2L

Ì	х	Х	1	х	х	х	х	х
	FLMK	IICAMK1	TMKBMK0	ITMK01	ITMK00	DOCMK	CMPMK1	СМРМК0
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

Bit 5

TMKBMK0	Interrupt servicing control				
0	Interrupt servicing enabled				
1	Interrupt servicing disabled				

5.5.9 Setting Interrupt

Figure 5.10 shows the flowchart for setting the Interrupt.

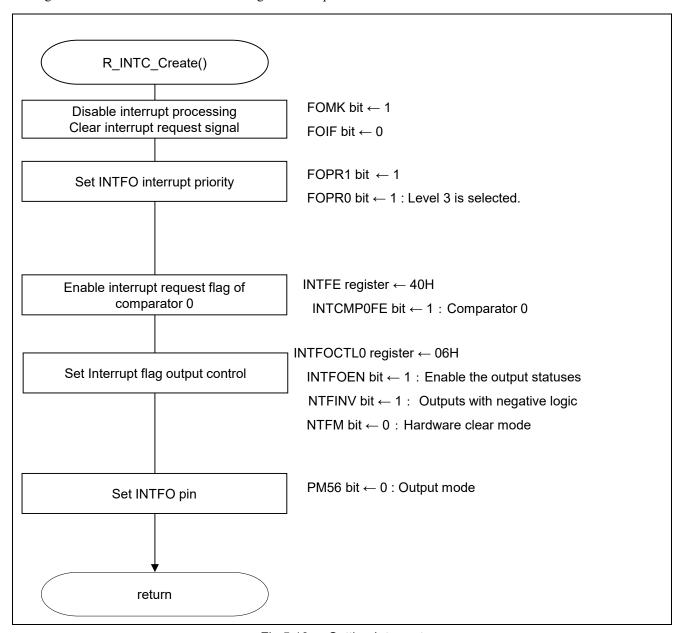


Fig 5.10 Setting Interrupt

Setting INTFO interrupt

- Interrupt request flag register (IF2H)
- Clear the interrupt request flag.

 Interrupt mask flag register (MK2H)
 Disable the interrupt processing.

Symbol: IF2H

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	FOIF
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Bit 0

FOIF	Interrupt request flag					
0	No interrupt request signal is generated					
1	Interrupt request is generated, interrupt request status					

Symbol: MK2H

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	FOMK
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Bit 0

FOMK	Interrupt servicing control				
0	Interrupt servicing enabled				
1	Interrupt servicing disabled				

Setting Interrupt flag control

- Interrupt flag enable register (INTFE) Set enable/disable of changing interrupt request flags. Interrupt flag output control register 0 (INTFOCTL0) Control output statuses of interrupt request flags.

Symbol: INTFE

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
INTCMP1FE	INTCMP0FE	INTDOCFE	INTTMKB0FE	INTIT01FE	INTIT00FE	INTITFE	INTADFE
0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0

Bit 6

INTCMO0FE	Selection of whether to enable or disable the changing interrupt request flag of comparator 0			
0	Disable the changing interrupt request flag			
1	Enable the changing interrupt request flag			

Symbol: INTFOCTL0

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	0	0	0	0	INTFOEN	INTFINV	INTFM
0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0

Bit 2

INTFOEN	Selection of whether enable or disable the output of statuses of interrupt request flags		
0	Disable the output statuses		
1	Enable the output statuses		

Bit 1

INTFINV	Select the logic of output status of interrupt request flags
0	Outputs with positive logic (non-inverted)
1	Outputs with negative logic (inverted)

Bit 0

INTFM	Select the output mode of status of interrupt request flags			
0	Hardware clear mode			
	The output is same as interrupt request signal and is not to be cleared by software			
1	Software clear mode			
	The output is only able to be cleared by software			
	The output is not able to be cleared by hardware			

5.5.10 Main Function

Figure 5.11 shows the flowchart for the main function.

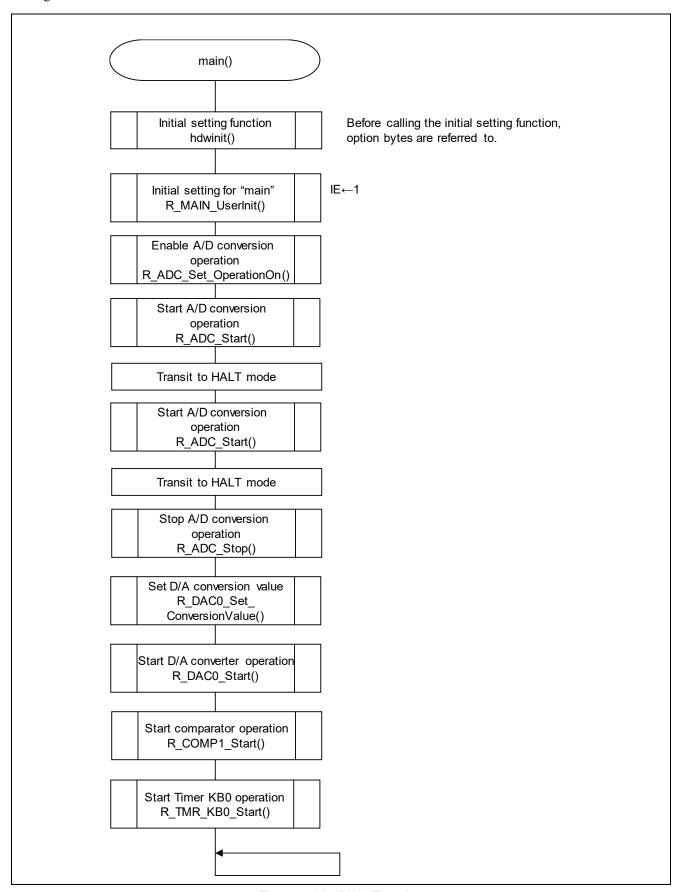


Figure 5.11 Main Function

5.5.11 Initial Setting for "main"

Figure 5.12 shows the flowchart of the initial setting for "main".

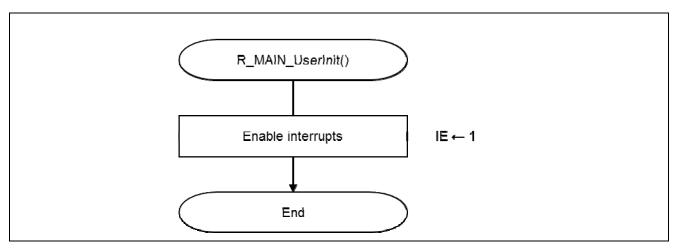


Figure 5.12 Initial Setting for "main"

5.5.12 A/D Converter Operation Start Function

Figure 5.13 shows the flowchart of the A/D converter operation start function.

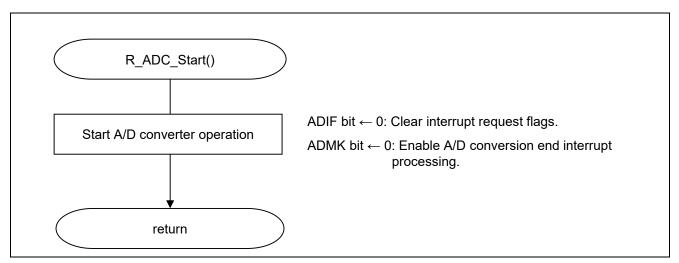


Figure 5.13 A/D Converter Operation Start Function

5.5.13 A/D Converter Operation Stop Function

Figure 5.14 shows the flowchart of the A/D converter operation stop function.

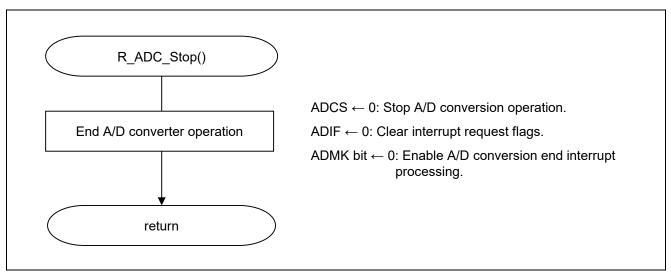


Figure 5.14 A/D Converter Operation Stop Function

5.5.14 A/D Converter Operation Enable Function

Figure 5.15 shows the flowchart of the A/D converter operation enable function.

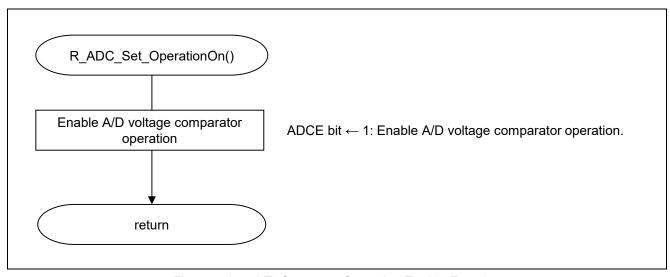


Figure 5.15 A/D Converter Operation Enable Function

5.5.15 D/A Converter Operation Start Function

Figure 5.16 shows the flowchart of the D/A conversion start function.

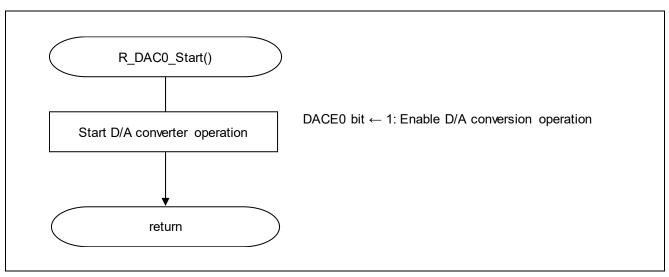


Figure 5.16 D/A Converter Operation Start Function

5.5.16 Comparator 0 Operation Start Function

Figure 5.17 shows the flowchart for the comparator 0 operation start function.

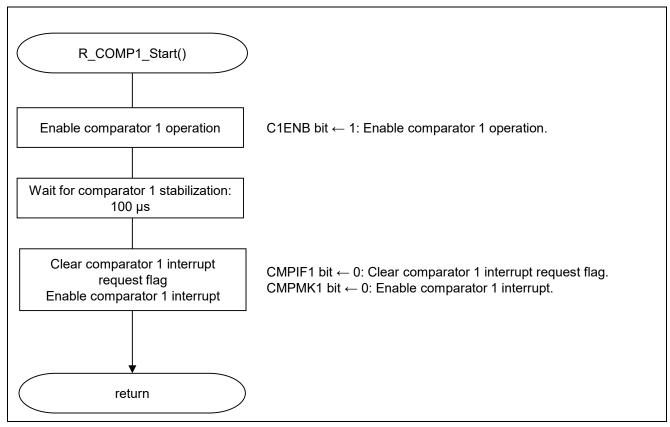


Figure 5.17 Comparator 0 Operation Start Function

5.5.17 Timer KB0 Operation Start Function

Figure 5.18 shows the flowchart of the Timer KB0 operation start function.

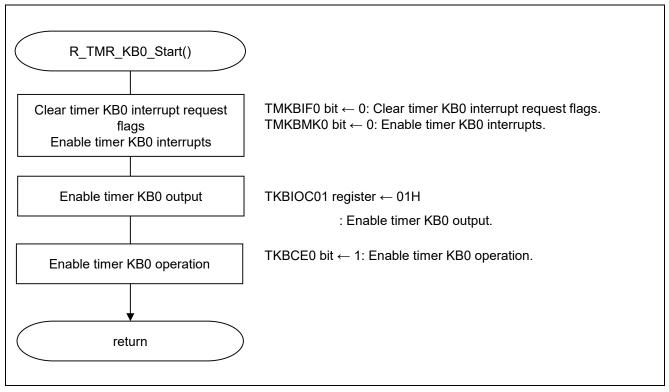


Figure 5.18 Timer KB0 Operation Start Function

5.5.18 D/A Conversion value set Function

Figure 5.19 shows the flowchart of the D/A conversion value set function.

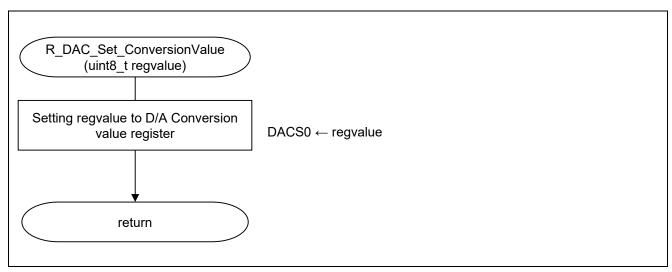


Figure 5.19 D/A Conversion value set Function

6. Sample Code

The user can get the sample code from the Renesas Electronics website.

7. Reference Documents

RL78/G11 User's Manual: Hardware (R01UH0637E)

RL78 Family User's Manual: Software (R01US0015E)

(Get the latest version from the Renesas Electronics website.)

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Davisian History	RL78/G11		
Revision History	Battery Voltage Monitoring IAR		

Rev.	Date	Revision Contents		
Nev.		Page	Description	
1.00	Feb. 3, 2017	_	First edition issued	

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34 The input pins of CMOS products are generally in the high-impedance state. In operation with an unused pin in the open-circuit state, extra electromagnetic noise is induced in the vicinity of LSI, an associated shoot-through current flows internally, and malfunctions occur due to the false recognition of the pin state as an input signal become possible. Unused pins should be handled as described under Handling of Unused Pins in the manual.

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(Rev.3.0-1 November 2016)



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