

## ISL70100SEH, ISL73100SEH

### Total Dose Test Report

### Introduction

This document reports the results of the Low Dose Rate (LDR) and High Dose Rate (HDR) total dose testing and subsequent high temperature biased annealing of the ISL70100SEH and ISL73100SEH (ISL7x100SEH) current sense amplifiers. The tests were conducted to provide an assessment of the total dose hardness of the part and to provide an estimate of dose rate, bias or anneal sensitivity. Parts were irradiated biased and unbiased at LDR and HDR. The ISL70100SEH is rated at 100krad(Si) at HDR (50 – 300rad(Si)/s) and at 75krad(Si) at LDR (0.01rad(Si)/s). The ISL73100SEH is rated at 75krad(Si) at LDR (0.01rad(Si)/s). Both part types are acceptance tested on a lot-by-lot basis to these limits.

### Related Literature

For a full list of related documents, visit our website:

- [ISL70100SEH](#), [ISL73100SEH](#) device pages
- MIL-STD-883 Test Method 1019

### Product Description

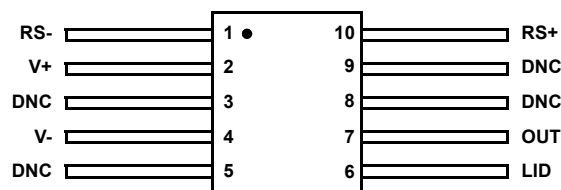
The ISL7x100SEH are radiation hardened 40V current sense amplifiers built on the proprietary PR40 SOI process and have a wide power supply range that starts at 2.7V and goes up to 40V. The common-mode input range is independent of the supply voltage and extends from -0.3V to 40.0V, making them ideal to use in both high-side and low-side applications.

The ISL7x100SEH are transconductance amplifiers that monitor current through an external sense resistor and output a current proportional to the sensed voltage. The overall gain is adjustable with a single resistor from output to ground.

These amplifiers have an extremely low offset voltage and input bias currents making them ideal for precision applications. They have a bandwidth of 500kHz with a slew rate of 500 $\mu$ A/ $\mu$ s, making them useful for current feedback in telemetry applications. When the parts are powered down ( $V+ = V- = 0V$ ), the sense pins (RS+, RS-) are high impedance to avoid loading the monitored circuit.

The parts are available in a hermetically sealed 10 Ld ceramic flat-pack package or die form and operate across the full-range military temperature of -55°C to +125°C.

The pinout for the ISL7x100SEH is shown in [Figure 1](#) with the pin descriptions shown in [Table 1](#).



**Figure 1. ISL7x100SEH Package and Pin Configuration**

**Table 1. ISL7x100SEH Pin Descriptions**

Pin Number	Pin Name	Description
1	RS-	Negative sense input of current sense amplifier
2	V+	Positive power supply
3	DNC	Do not connect, leave floating. This pin leaks to V-
4	V-	Negative power supply

**Table 1. ISL7x100SEH Pin Descriptions (Continued)**

Pin Number	Pin Name	Description
5	DNC	Do not connect, leave floating. This pin leaks to V-
6	LID	Electrically connected to the lid, connect this pin to V- to avoid floating metal
7	OUT	Scaled output of the input differential (current out for ADJ version and voltage out for fixed)
8	DNC	Do not connect, leave floating. This pin leaks to V-
9	DNC	Do not connect, leave floating. This pin leaks to V-
10	RS+	Positive sense input of current sense amplifier

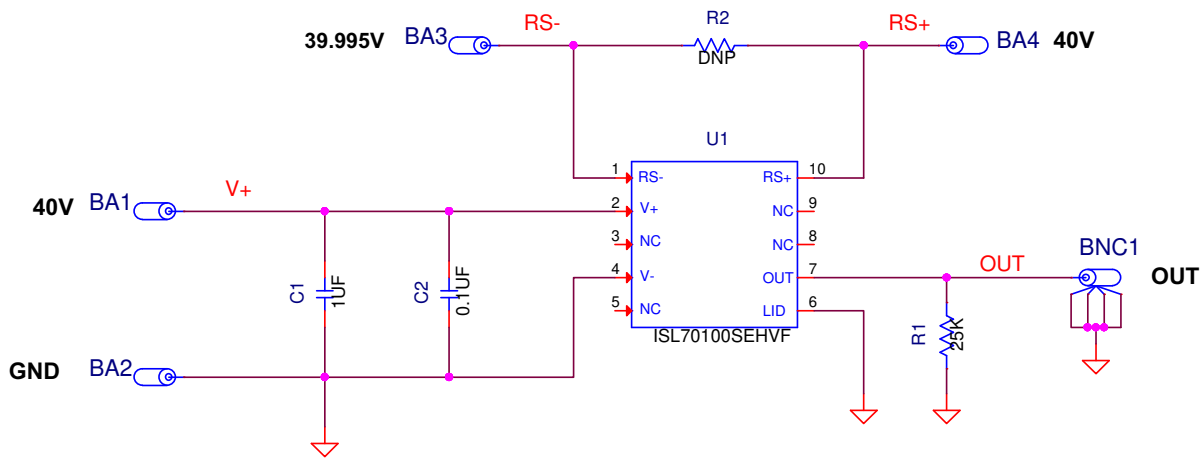
## 1. Test Description

### 1.1 Irradiation Facilities

HDR testing was performed at 187.2rad(Si)/s using a Gammacell 220 commercial irradiator located in the Palm Bay, Florida Renesas facility. LDR testing was performed at 0.01rad(Si)/s using the Renesas Palm Bay Hopewell Designs N40 panoramic commercial irradiator. Both irradiators use PbAl spectrum hardening filters to shield the test board and devices under test against low energy secondary gamma radiation. Biased irradiation and annealing were performed on all samples following irradiation at 100°C for 168 hours in a small temperature chamber.

### 1.2 Test Fixturing

Figure 2 shows the configurations used for biased irradiation at both dose rates.



**Figure 2. ISL7x100SEH TID Bias Schematic**

### 1.3 Characterization Equipment and Procedures

All electrical testing was performed at room temperature outside the irradiator, using production Automated Test Equipment (ATE) with data logging at each downpoint.

### 1.4 Experimental Matrix

Irradiation was performed following the guidelines of MIL-STD-883 Test Method 1019. The experimental matrix consisted of 12 samples irradiated at LDR under bias, 12 samples irradiated at LDR with all pins grounded, bias, 6 samples irradiated at HDR under bias, and 6 samples irradiated at HDR with all pins grounded. At anneal all samples were biased. Two control units were used.

The ISL7x100SEH samples were drawn from wafer lot XHA0LB. All samples were packaged in a 10 Ld hermetic flatpack (package code K10.A). Samples were processed through the standard burn-in cycle before irradiation.

## 1.5 Downpoints

Downpoints for the LDR tests were 0, 10, 30, 50, 75, and 100krad(Si). Downpoints for the HDR tests were 0, 30, 50, 75, 100, and 150krad(Si). All irradiations were followed by a 168-hour high temperature anneal at 100°C under bias, as described in [Experimental Matrix](#).

## 2. Test Results

### 2.1 Attributes Data

Total dose testing of the ISL7x100SEH is complete. All tested parameters passed the post-irradiation SMD limits. [Table 2](#) summarizes the results.

**Table 2. ISL7x100SEH Total Dose Test Attributes Data**

Dose Rate (rad(Si)/s)	Condition	Sample Size	Downpoint	Pass ( <a href="#">Note 1</a> )	Fail
0.01	Biased ( <a href="#">Figure 2</a> )	12	Pre-irradiation	12	
			10krad(Si)	12	0
			30krad(Si)	12	0
			50krad(Si)	12	0
			75krad(Si)	12	0
			100krad(Si)	12	0
			Anneal	12	0
0.01	GND	12	Pre-irradiation	12	
			10krad(Si)	12	0
			30krad(Si)	12	0
			50krad(Si)	12	0
			75krad(Si)	12	0
			100krad(Si)	12	0
			Anneal	12	0
187.2	Biased ( <a href="#">Figure 2</a> )	6	Pre-irradiation	6	
			30krad(Si)	6	0
			50krad(Si)	6	0
			75krad(Si)	6	0
			100krad(Si)	6	0
			150krad(Si)	6	0
			Anneal	6	0
187.2	GND	6	Pre-irradiation	6	
			30krad(Si)	6	0
			50krad(Si)	6	0
			75krad(Si)	6	0
			100krad(Si)	6	0
			150krad(Si)	6	0
			Anneal	6	0

**Note:**

1. Pass indicates a sample that passes all post-irradiation SMD limits.

## 2.2 Key Parameter Variables Data

The plots in [Figures 3](#) through [45](#) show the TID response of selected SMD parameters listed in [Table 3](#). The plots show the average tested values of the key parameters as a function of total dose for both conditions, biased and GND at HDR and LDR. For example, the legend that includes LDR\_Bias indicates the average LDR response for biased samples. PA\_L on the graphs stands for Post-Anneal Low Dose and PA\_H represents the Post-Anneal High Dose results. The plots also include error bars at each datapoint, representing the minimum and maximum measured values of the samples; however, in some plots the error bars are not visible due to their values compared to the scale of the graph.

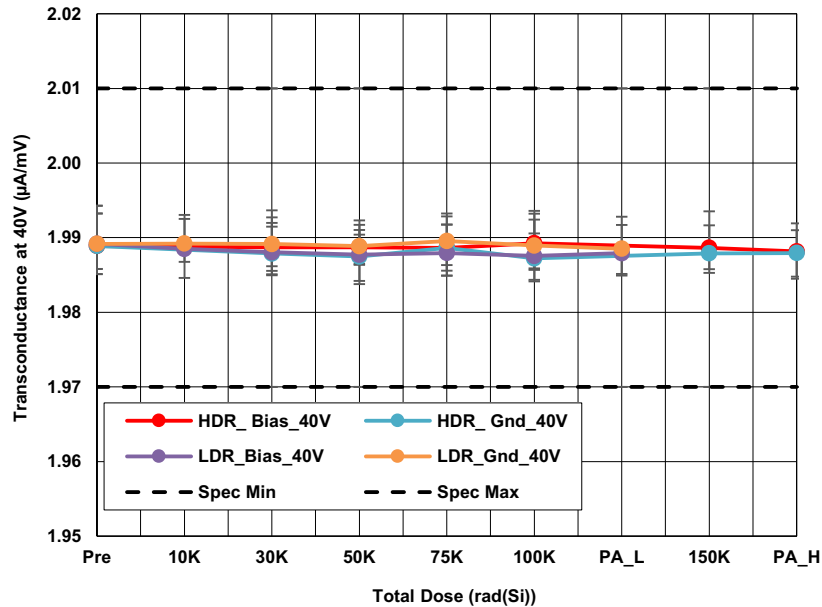


Figure 3. ISL7x100SEH transconductance ( $g_m$ ) with  $V_+ = 40V$ ,  $V_{RS+} = 40V$ , and  $V_{SEN} = 25mV$  to  $150mV$ , as a function of total dose irradiation at LDR and HDR. The post-irradiation SMD limits are  $1.970\mu A/mV$  minimum and  $2.010\mu A/mV$  maximum.

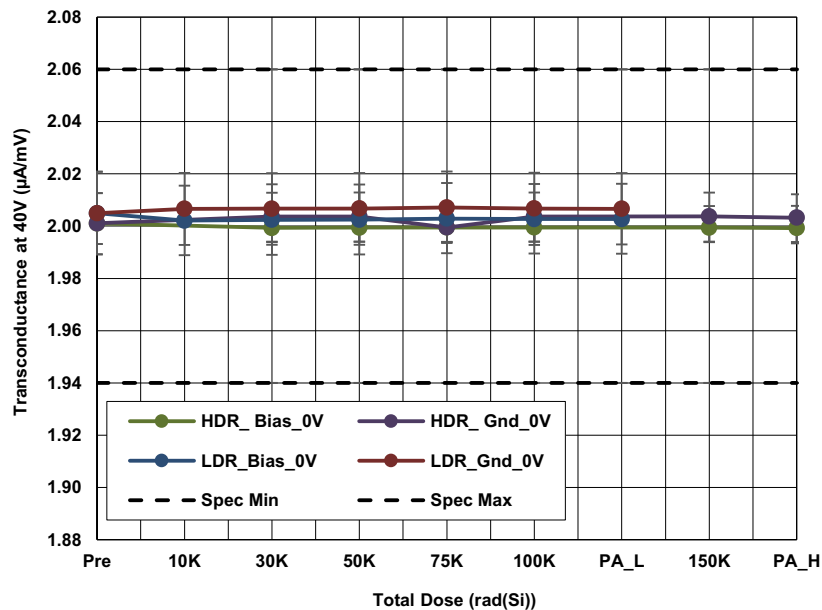


Figure 4. ISL7x100SEH transconductance ( $g_m$ ) with  $V_+ = 40V$ ,  $V_{RS+} = 0V$ , and  $V_{SEN} = 25mV$  to  $150mV$ , as a function of total dose irradiation at LDR and HDR. The post-irradiation SMD limits are  $1.940\mu A/mV$  minimum and  $2.060\mu A/mV$  maximum.

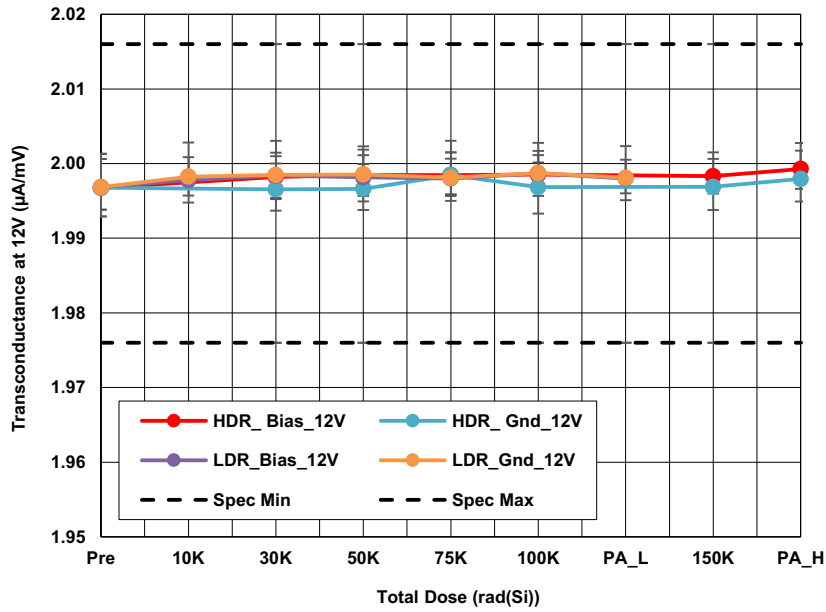


Figure 5. ISL7x100SEH transconductance ( $g_m$ ) with  $V_+ = 12V$ ,  $V_{RS+} = 12V$ , and  $V_{SEN} = 25mV$  to  $150mV$ , as a function of total dose irradiation at LDR and HDR. The post-irradiation SMD limits are  $1.976\mu A/mV$  minimum and  $2.016\mu A/mV$  maximum.

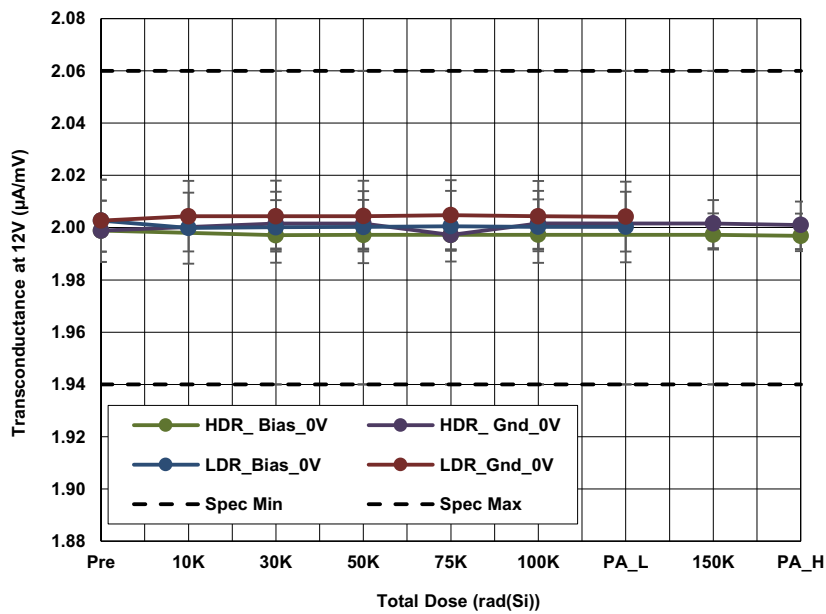


Figure 6. ISL7x100SEH transconductance ( $g_m$ ) with  $V_+ = 12V$ ,  $V_{RS+} = 0V$ , and  $V_{SEN} = 25mV$  to  $150mV$ , as a function of total dose irradiation at LDR and HDR. The post-irradiation SMD limits are  $1.940\mu A/mV$  minimum and  $2.060\mu A/mV$  maximum.

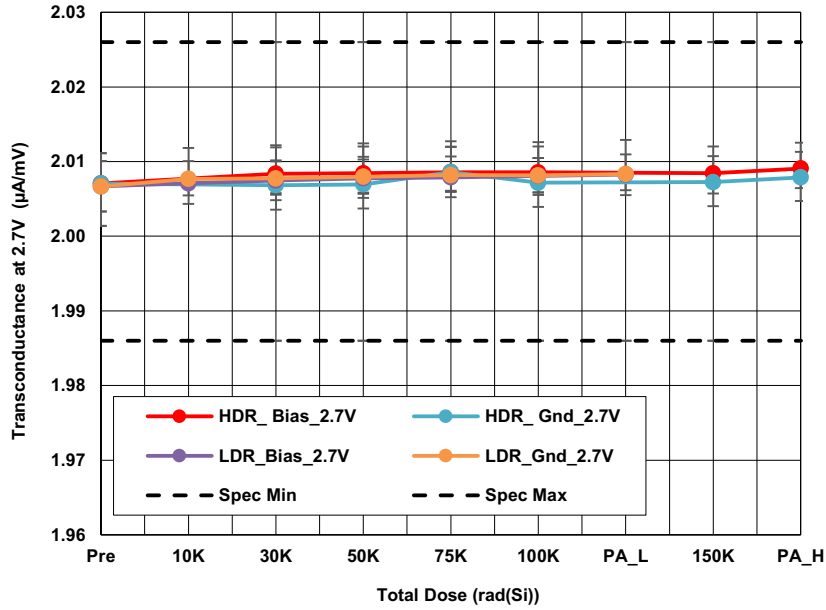


Figure 7. ISL7x100SEH transconductance ( $g_m$ ) with  $V_+ = 2.7V$ ,  $V_{RS+} = 2.7V$ , and  $V_{SEN} = 25mV$  to  $150mV$ , as a function of total dose irradiation at LDR and HDR. The post-irradiation SMD limits are  $1.986\mu A/mV$  minimum and  $2.026\mu A/mV$  maximum.

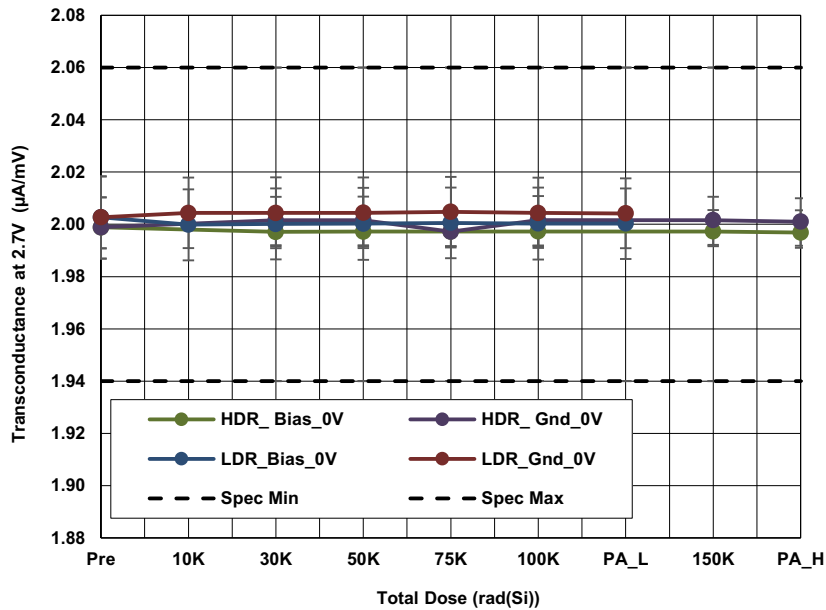


Figure 8. ISL7x100SEH transconductance ( $g_m$ ) with  $V_+ = 2.7V$ ,  $V_{RS+} = 0V$ , and  $V_{SEN} = 25mV$  to  $150mV$ , as a function of total dose irradiation at LDR and HDR. The post-irradiation SMD limits are  $1.940\mu A/mV$  minimum and  $2.060\mu A/mV$  maximum.

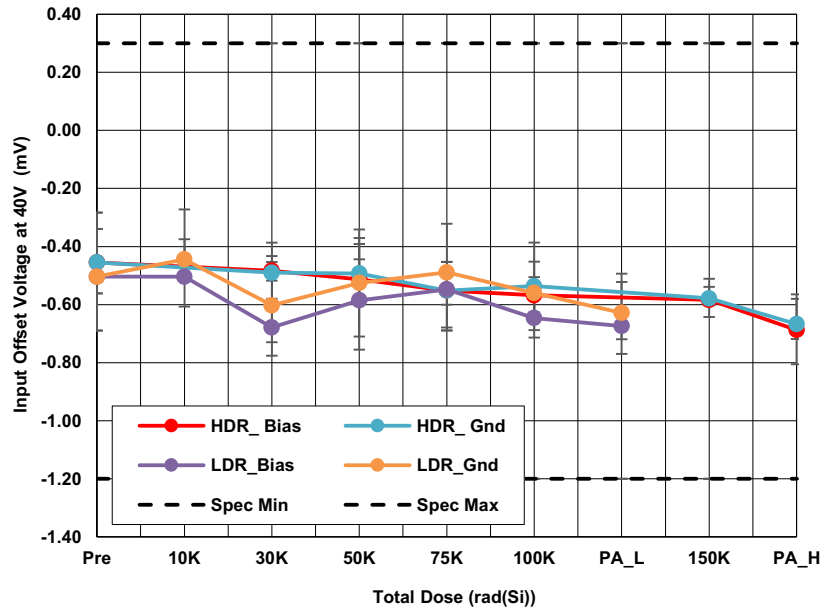


Figure 9. ISL7x100SEH input offset voltage ( $V_{OS}$ ) with  $V_+ = 40V$ ,  $V_{RS+} = 40V$  and  $V_{SEN} = 5mV$ , as a function of total dose irradiation at LDR and HDR. The post-irradiation SMD limits are  $-1200\mu V$  minimum and  $300\mu V$  maximum.

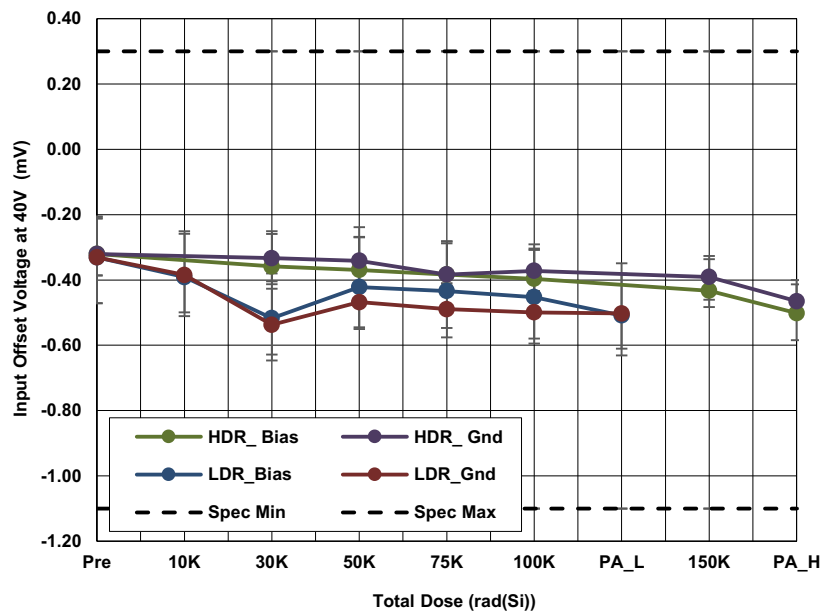


Figure 10. ISL7x100SEH input offset voltage ( $V_{OS}$ ) with  $V_+ = 40V$ ,  $V_{RS+} = 0V$  and  $V_{SEN} = 5mV$ , as a function of total dose irradiation at LDR and HDR. The post-irradiation SMD limits are  $-1100\mu V$  minimum and  $300\mu V$  maximum.

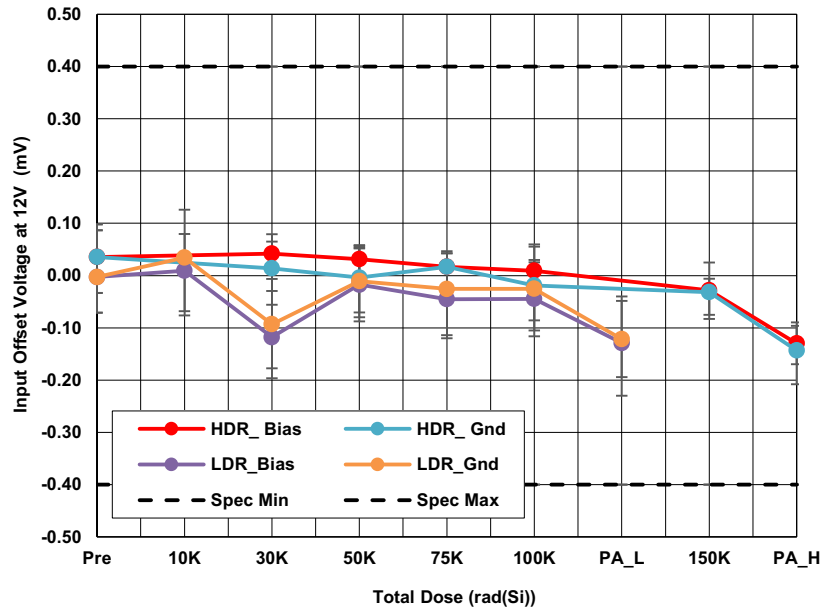


Figure 11. ISL7x100SEH input offset voltage ( $V_{OS}$ ) with  $V_+ = 12V$ ,  $V_{RS+} = 12V$  and  $V_{SEN} = 5mV$ , as a function of total dose irradiation at LDR and HDR. The post-irradiation SMD limits are  $-400\mu V$  minimum and  $400\mu V$  maximum.

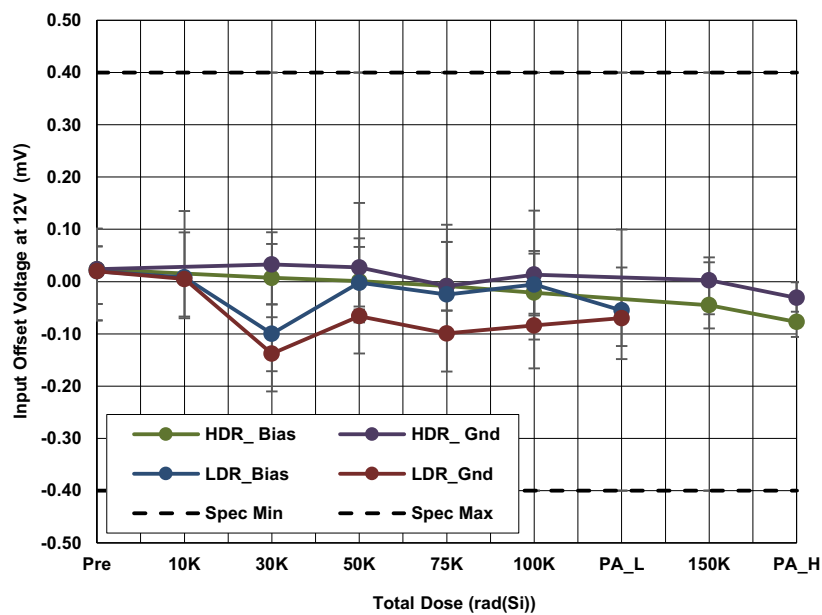


Figure 12. ISL7x100SEH input offset voltage ( $V_{OS}$ ) with  $V_+ = 12V$ ,  $V_{RS+} = 0V$  and  $V_{SEN} = 5mV$ , as a function of total dose irradiation at LDR and HDR. The post-irradiation SMD limits are  $-400\mu V$  minimum and  $400\mu V$  maximum.



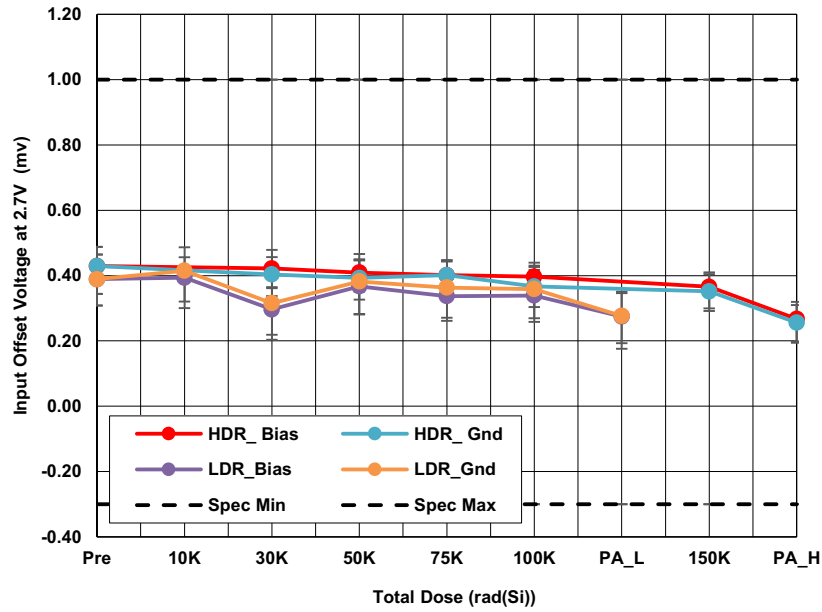


Figure 13. ISL7x100SEH input offset voltage ( $V_{OS}$ ) with  $V_+ = 2.7V$ ,  $V_{RS+} = 2.7V$  and  $V_{SEN} = 5mV$ , as a function of total dose irradiation at LDR and HDR. The post-irradiation SMD limits are  $-300\mu V$  minimum and  $1000\mu V$  maximum.

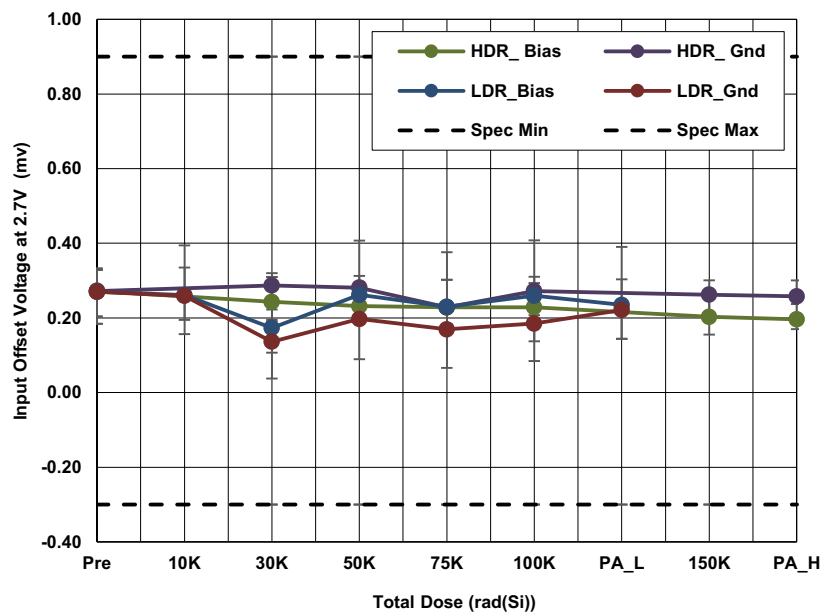


Figure 14. ISL7x100SEH input offset voltage ( $V_{OS}$ ) with  $V_+ = 2.7V$ ,  $V_{RS+} = 0V$  and  $V_{SEN} = 5mV$ , as a function of total dose irradiation at LDR and HDR. The post-irradiation SMD limits are  $-300\mu V$  minimum and  $900\mu V$  maximum.

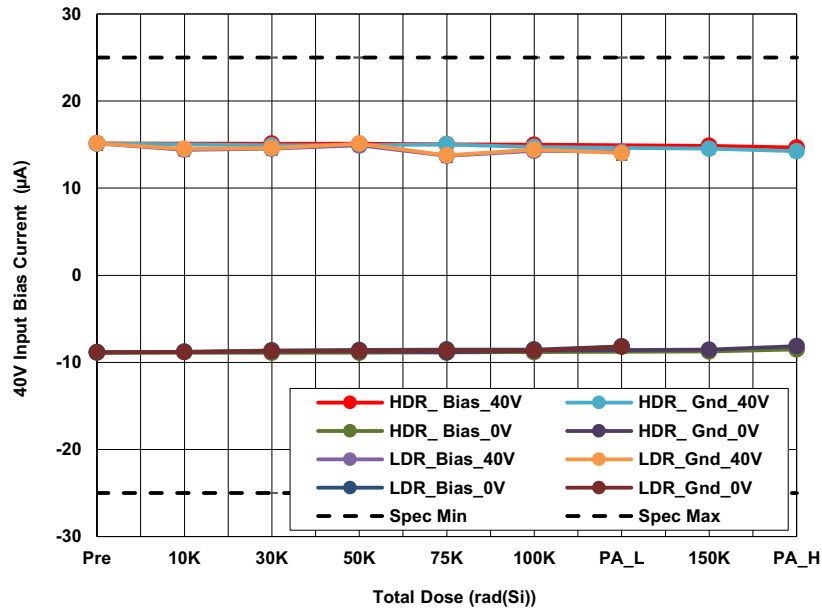


Figure 15. ISL7x100SEH positive input bias current ( $I_{BIAS+}$ ) with  $V_+ = 40V$ ,  $V_{SEN} = 0mV$  and  $V_{RS+} = 40V$  and  $V_{RS+} = 0V$ , as a function of total dose irradiation at LDR and HDR. The post-irradiation SMD limits are  $25\mu A$  maximum for  $V_{RS+} = 40V$  and  $-25\mu A$  minimum for  $V_{RS+} = 0V$ .

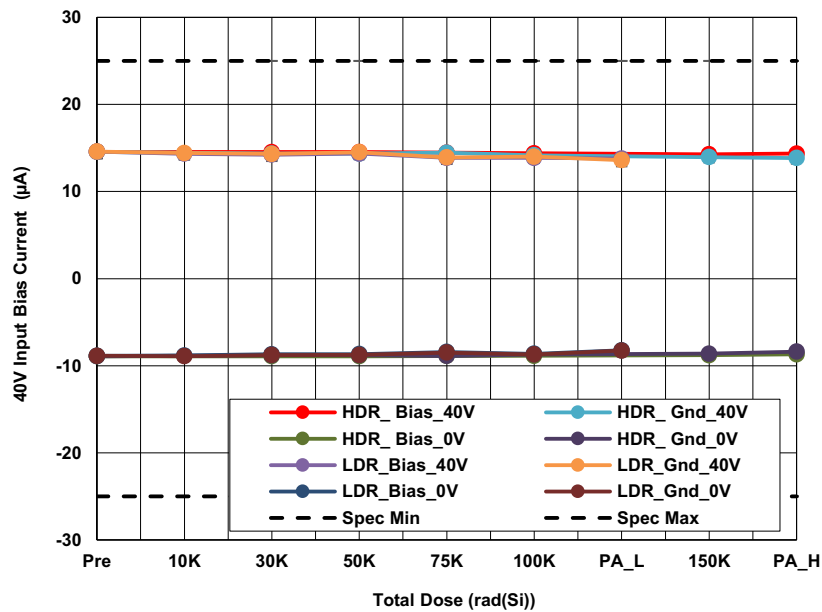


Figure 16. ISL7x100SEH negative input bias current ( $I_{BIAS-}$ ) with  $V_+ = 40V$ ,  $V_{SEN} = 0mV$  and  $V_{RS+} = 40V$  and  $V_{RS+} = 0V$ , as a function of total dose irradiation at LDR and HDR. The post-irradiation SMD limits are  $25\mu A$  maximum for  $V_{RS+} = 40V$  and  $-25\mu A$  minimum for  $V_{RS+} = 0V$ .

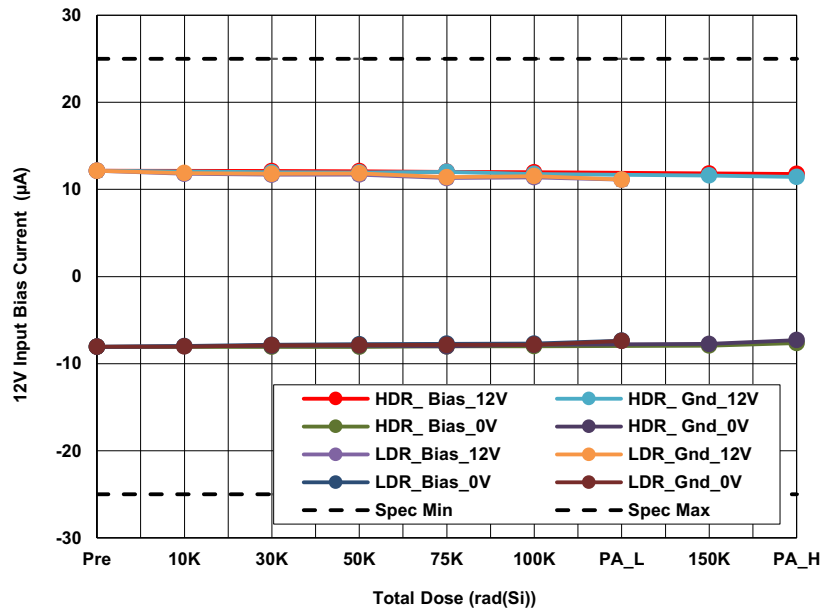


Figure 17. ISL7x100SEH positive input bias current ( $I_{BIAS+}$ ) with  $V_+ = 12V$ ,  $V_{SEN} = 0mV$  and  $V_{RS+} = 12V$  and  $V_{RS+} = 0V$ , as a function of total dose irradiation at LDR and HDR. The post-irradiation SMD limits are  $25\mu A$  maximum for  $V_{RS+} = 12V$  and  $-25\mu A$  minimum for  $V_{RS+} = 0V$ .

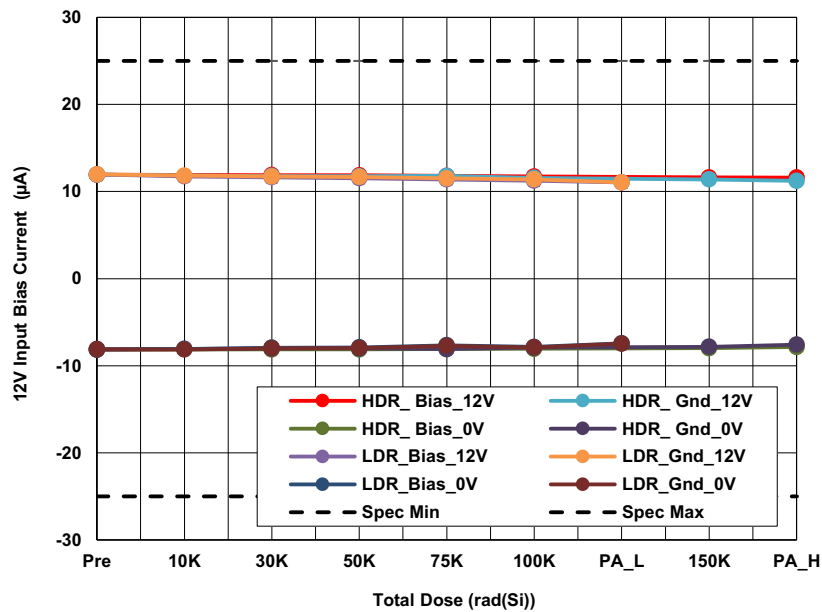


Figure 18. ISL7x100SEH negative input bias current ( $I_{BIAS-}$ ) with  $V_+ = 12V$ ,  $V_{SEN} = 0mV$  and  $V_{RS+} = 12V$  and  $V_{RS+} = 0V$ , as a function of total dose irradiation at LDR and HDR. The post-irradiation SMD limits are  $25\mu A$  maximum for  $V_{RS+} = 12V$  and  $-25\mu A$  minimum for  $V_{RS+} = 0V$ .

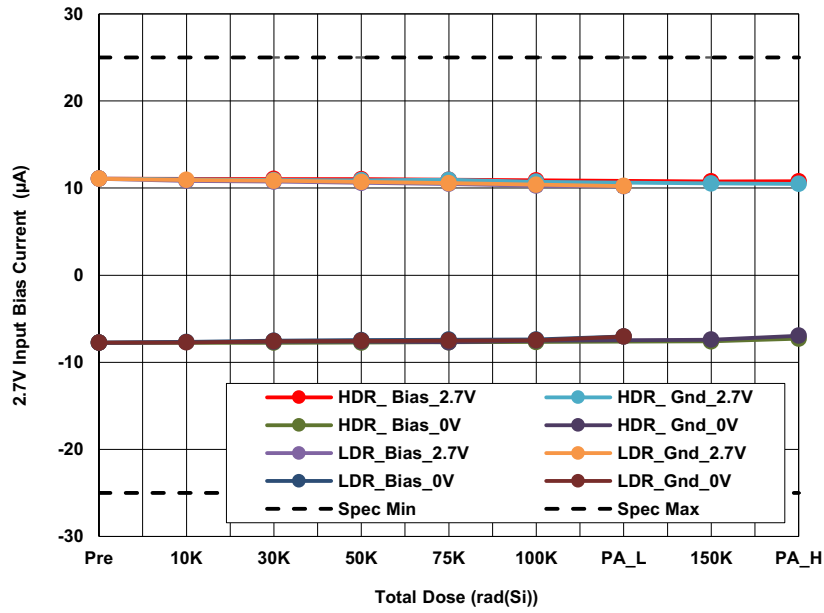


Figure 19. ISL7x100SEH positive input bias current ( $I_{BIAS+}$ ) with  $V_+ = 2.7V$ ,  $V_{SEN} = 0mV$  and  $V_{RS+} = 2.7V$  and  $V_{RS+} = 0V$ , as a function of total dose irradiation at LDR and HDR. The post-irradiation SMD limits are  $25\mu A$  maximum for  $V_{RS+} = 2.7V$  and  $-25\mu A$  minimum for  $V_{RS+} = 0V$ .

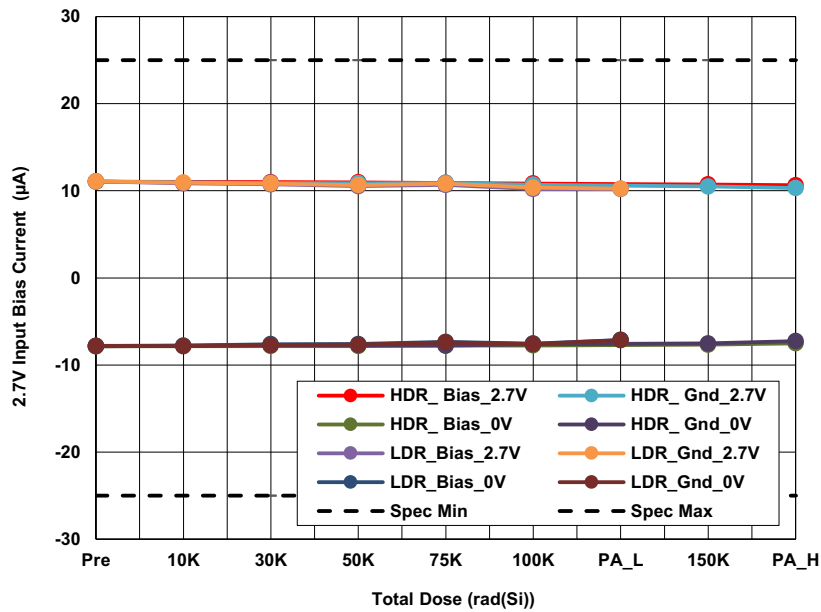


Figure 20. ISL7x100SEH negative input bias current ( $I_{BIAS-}$ ) with  $V_+ = 2.7V$ ,  $V_{SEN} = 0mV$  and  $V_{RS+} = 2.7V$  and  $V_{RS+} = 0V$ , as a function of total dose irradiation at LDR and HDR. The post-irradiation SMD limits are  $25\mu A$  maximum for  $V_{RS+} = 2.7V$  and  $-25\mu A$  minimum for  $V_{RS+} = 0V$ .

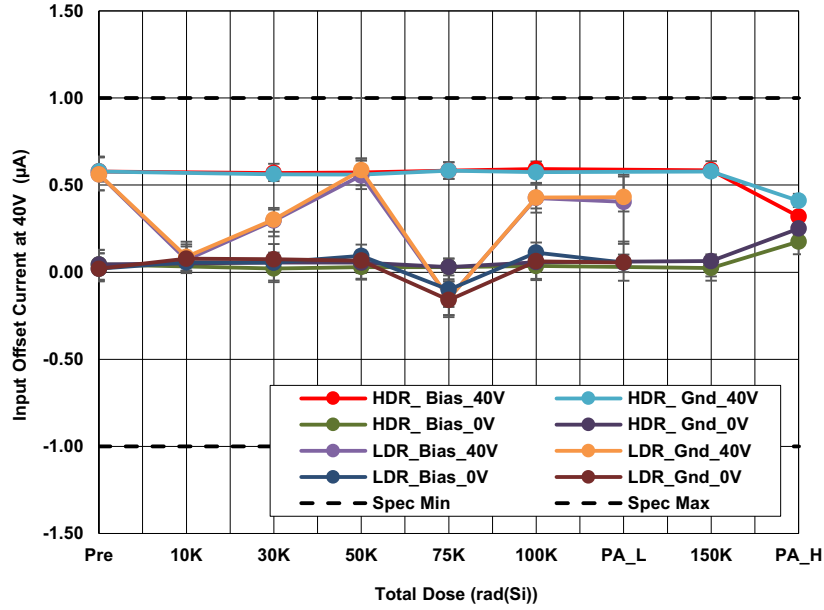


Figure 21. ISL7x100SEH input offset current ( $I_{OS}$ ) with  $V_+ = 40V$ ,  $V_{SEN} = 0mV$  and  $V_{RS+} = 40V$  and  $V_{RS+} = 0V$ , as a function of total dose irradiation at LDR and HDR. The post-irradiation SMD limits are  $-1\mu A$  minimum and  $1\mu A$  maximum.

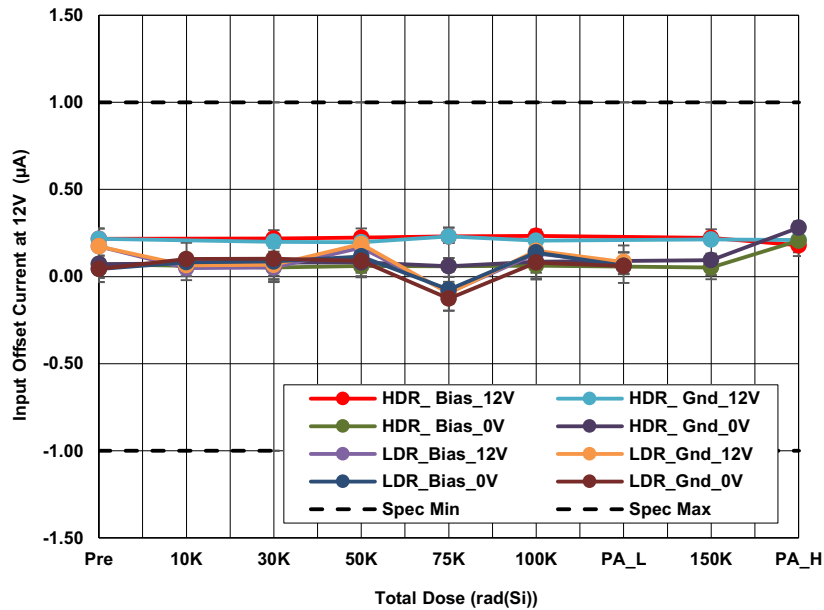


Figure 22. ISL7x100SEH input offset current ( $I_{OS}$ ) with  $V_+ = 12V$ ,  $V_{SEN} = 0mV$  and  $V_{RS+} = 12V$  and  $V_{RS+} = 0V$ , as a function of total dose irradiation at LDR and HDR. The post-irradiation SMD limits are  $-1\mu A$  minimum and  $1\mu A$  maximum.

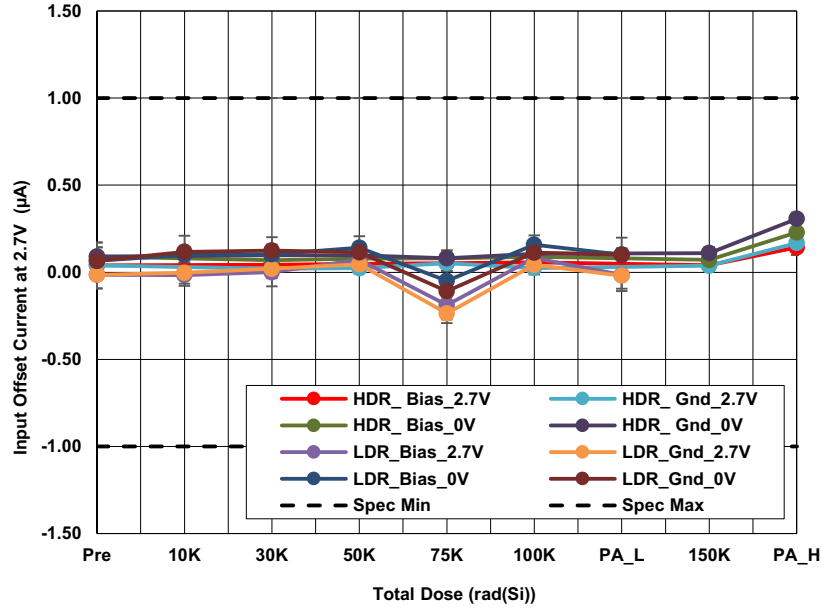


Figure 23. ISL7x100SEH input offset current ( $I_{OS}$ ) with  $V_+ = 2.7V$ ,  $V_{SEN} = 0mV$  and  $V_{RS+} = 2.7V$  and  $V_{RS+} = 0V$ , as a function of total dose irradiation at LDR and HDR. The post-irradiation SMD limits are  $-1\mu A$  minimum and  $1\mu A$  maximum.

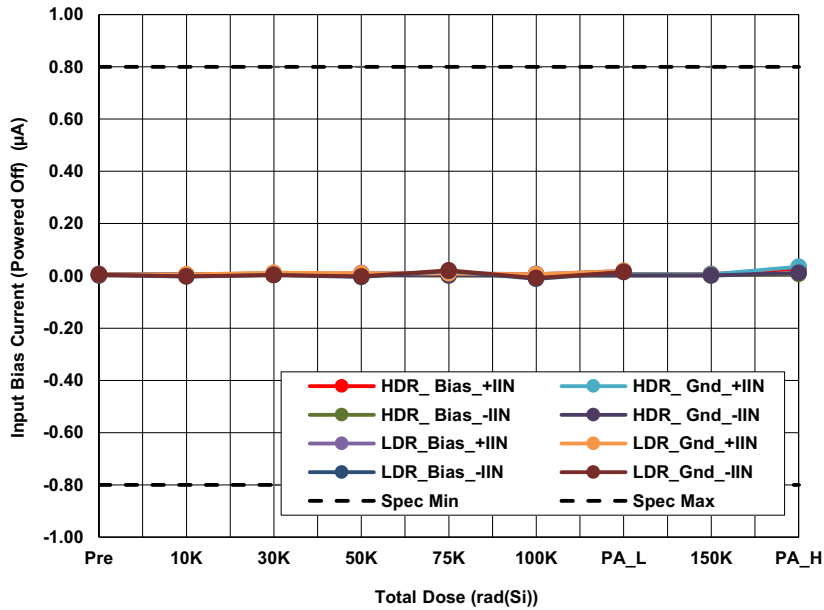


Figure 24. ISL7x100SEH input bias current (powered off) ( $I_{OFF}$ ) with  $V_+ = V_{SEN} = 0V$ , and  $V_{RS+} = 40V, 12.7V$  and  $2.7V$ , as a function of total dose irradiation at LDR and HDR. The post-irradiation SMD limits are  $-0.8\mu A$  minimum and  $0.8\mu A$  maximum.

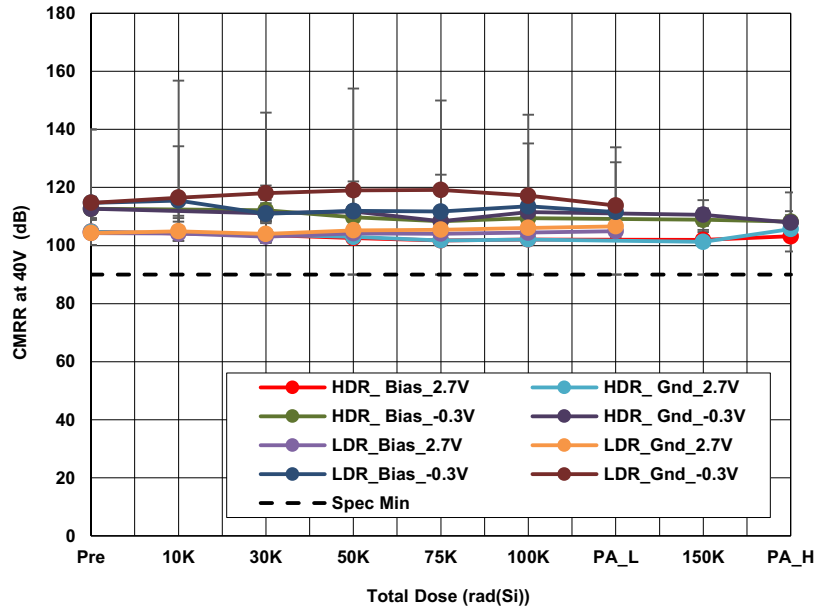


Figure 25. ISL7x100SEH Common-Mode Rejection Ratio (CMRR) with  $V_+ = 40V$ ,  $V_{SEN} = 5mV$ ,  $V_{RS+} = 2.7V$  to  $40V$  and  $-0.3V$  to  $40V$ , as a function of total dose irradiation at LDR and HDR. The post-irradiation SMD limit is 90dB minimum.

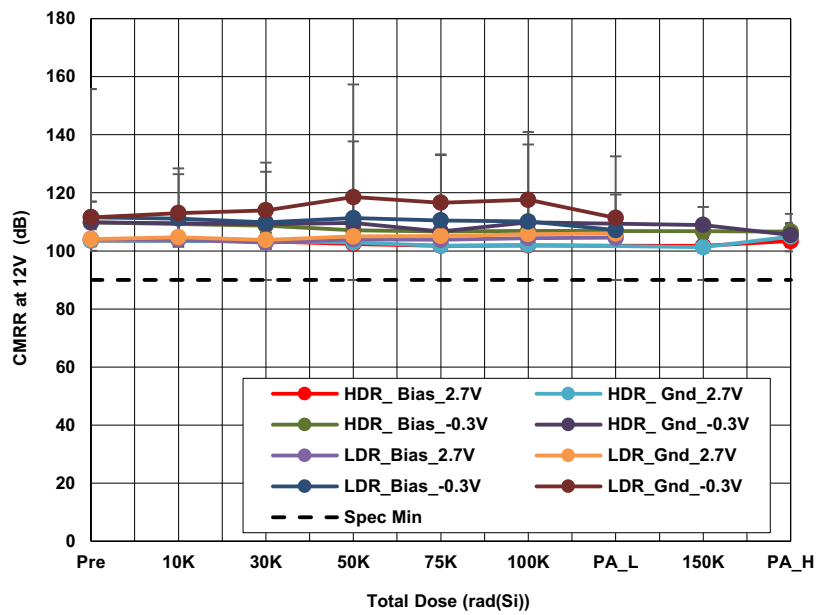


Figure 26. ISL7x100SEH Common-Mode Rejection Ratio (CMRR) with  $V_+ = 12V$ ,  $V_{SEN} = 5mV$ ,  $V_{RS+} = 2.7V$  to  $40V$  and  $-0.3V$  to  $40V$ , as a function of total dose irradiation at LDR and HDR. The post-irradiation SMD limit is 90dB minimum.

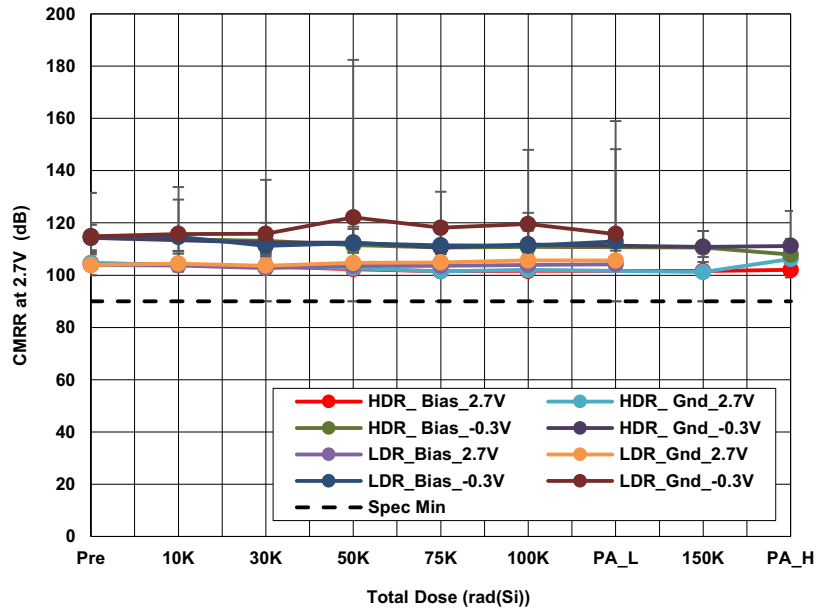


Figure 27. ISL7x100SEH Common-Mode Rejection Ratio (CMRR) with  $V_+ = 2.7V$ ,  $V_{SEN} = 5mV$ ,  $V_{RS+} = 2.7V$  to  $40V$  and  $-0.3V$  to  $40V$ , as a function of total dose irradiation at LDR and HDR. The post-irradiation SMD limit is 90dB minimum.

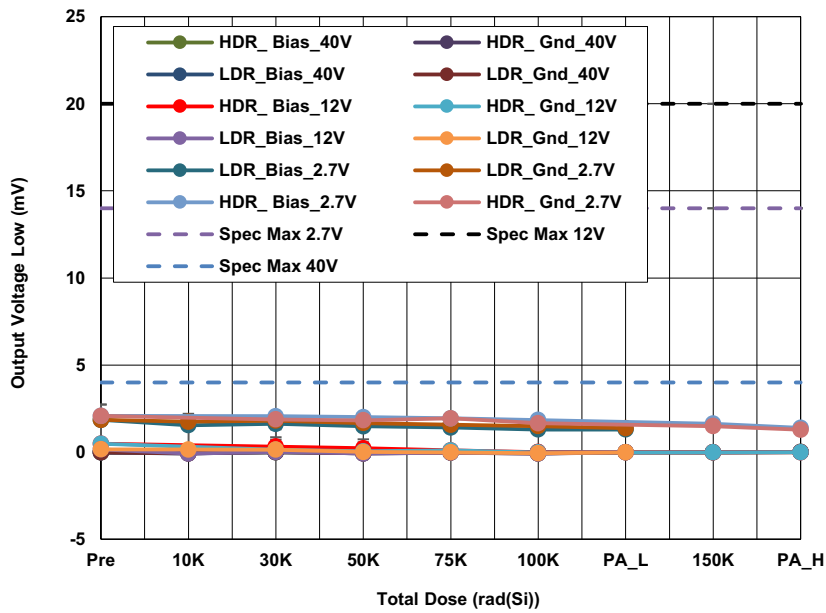


Figure 28. ISL7x100SEH minimum output voltage ( $V_{OL}$ ) with  $V_+ = 40V$ ,  $12V$ , and  $2.7V$  and  $V_{SEN} = 0V$ , as a function of total dose irradiation at LDR and HDR. The post-irradiation SMD limits are 4mV maximum for  $V_+ = 40V$ , 14mV maximum for  $V_+ = 2.7V$  and 20mV maximum for  $V_+ = 12V$ .



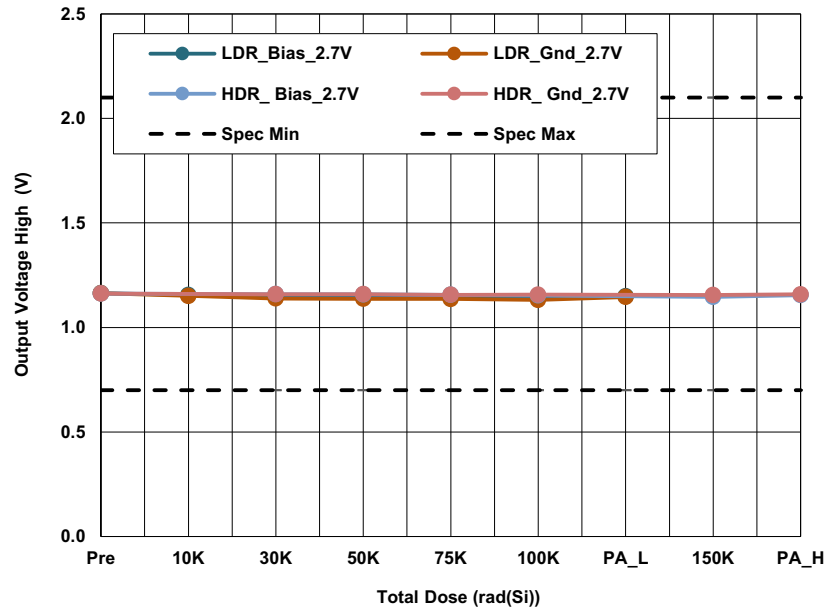


Figure 29. ISL7x100SEH maximum output voltage ( $V_{OH}$ ) with  $V_+ = 2.7V$  ( $V_{SEN} = 27mV$ ),  $A_V = 100$ , as a function of total dose irradiation at LDR and HDR. The post-irradiation SMD limits are 0.7V minimum and 2.1V maximum.

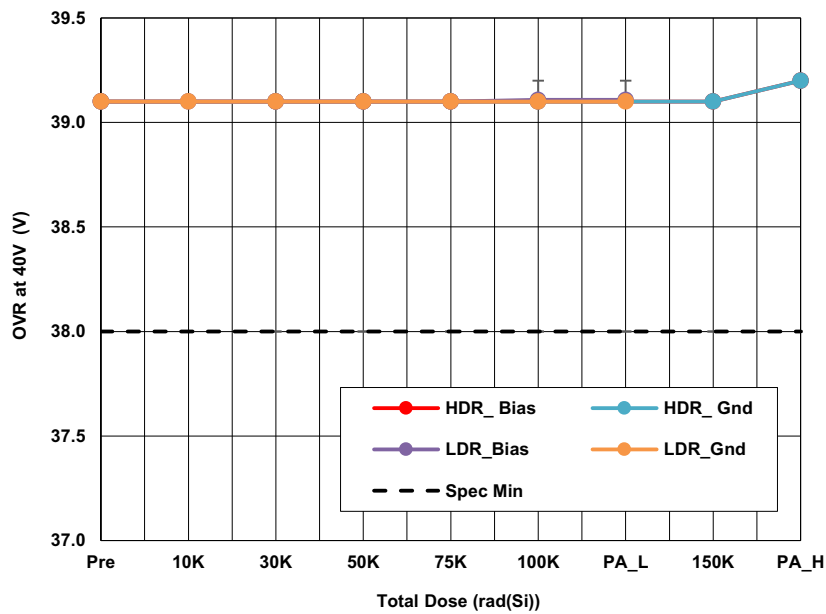


Figure 30. ISL7x100SEH maximum linear output voltage range (OVR) with  $V_+ = 40V$ ,  $V_{SEN} = 150mV$ , and  $R_L = OPEN$ , as a function of total dose irradiation at LDR and HDR. The post-irradiation SMD limit is 38.0V minimum.

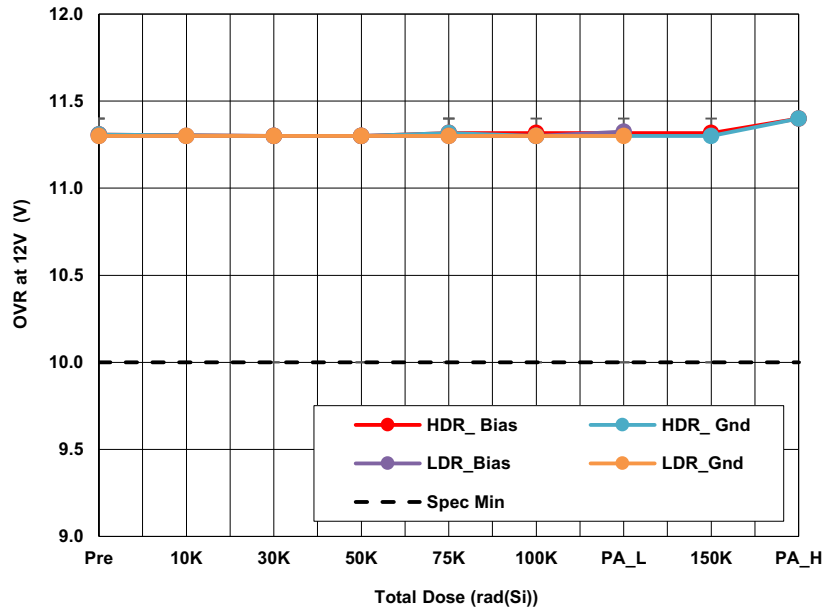


Figure 31. ISL7x100SEH maximum linear output voltage range (OVR) with  $V_+ = 12V$ ,  $V_{SEN} = 150mV$ , and  $R_L = OPEN$ , as a function of total dose irradiation at LDR and HDR. The post-irradiation SMD limit is 10.0V minimum.

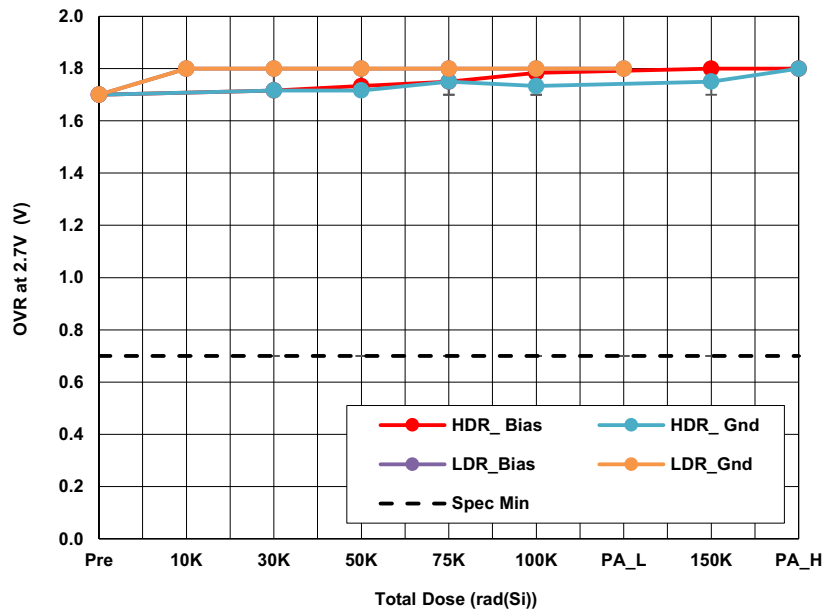


Figure 32. ISL7x100SEH maximum linear output voltage range (OVR) with  $V_+ = 2.7V$ ,  $V_{SEN} = 150mV$ , and  $R_L = OPEN$ , as a function of total dose irradiation at LDR and HDR. The post-irradiation SMD limit is 0.7V minimum.

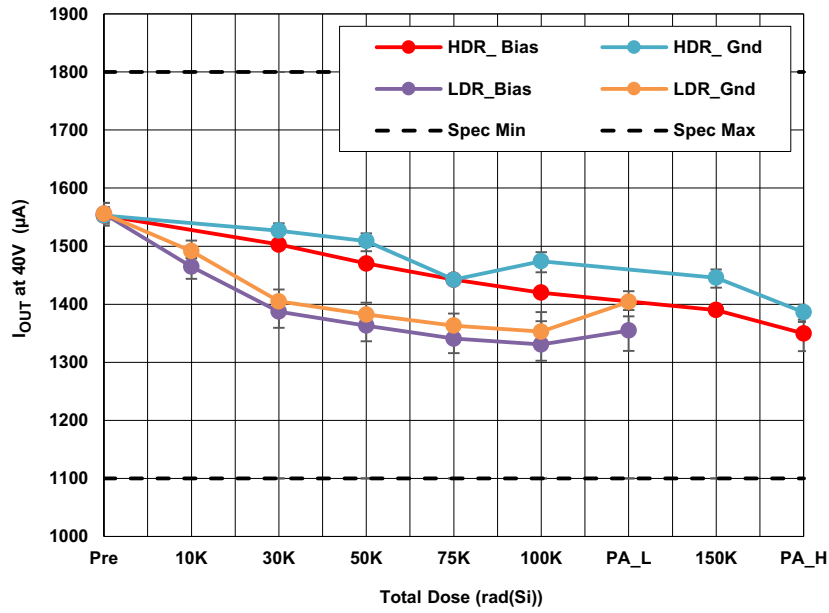


Figure 33. ISL7x100SEH maximum linear output current range ( $I_{OUT}$ ) with  $V_+ = 40V$  and  $R_{OUT} = 0\Omega$ , as a function of total dose irradiation at LDR and HDR. The post-irradiation SMD limits are  $1100\mu A$  minimum and  $1800\mu A$  maximum.

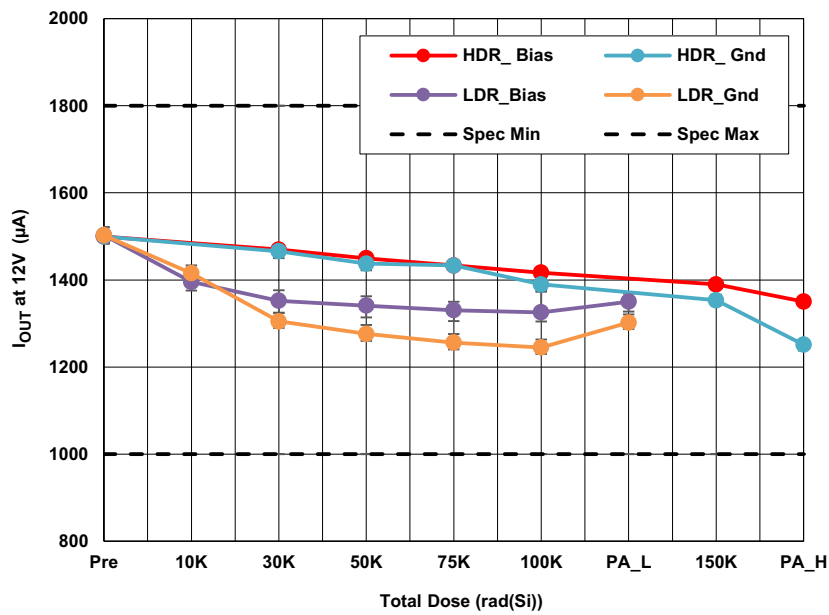


Figure 34. ISL7x100SEH maximum linear output current range ( $I_{OUT}$ ) with  $V_+ = 12V$  and  $R_{OUT} = 0\Omega$ , as a function of total dose irradiation at LDR and HDR. The post-irradiation SMD limits are  $1000\mu A$  minimum and  $1800\mu A$  maximum.

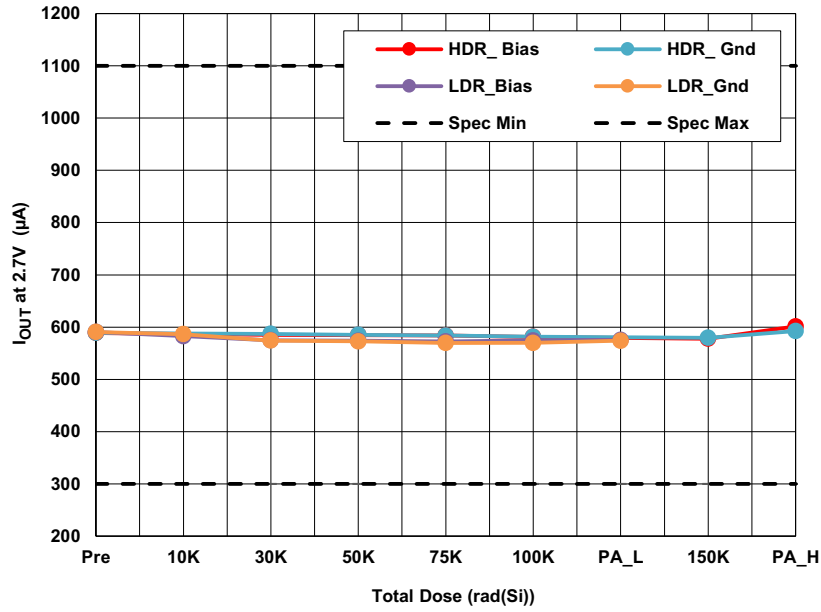


Figure 35. ISL7x100SEH maximum linear output current range ( $I_{OUT}$ ) with  $V_+ = 2.7V$  and  $R_{OUT} = 0\Omega$ , as a function of total dose irradiation at LDR and HDR. The post-irradiation SMD limits are  $300\mu A$  minimum and  $1100\mu A$  maximum.

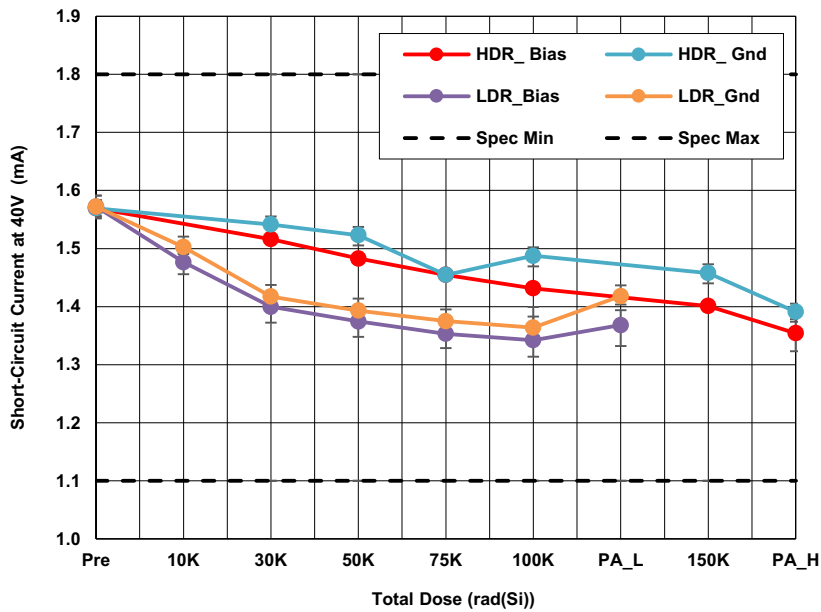


Figure 36. ISL7x100SEH short-circuit current ( $I_{SC}$ ) with  $V_+ = 40V$ ,  $V_{RS+} = 40V$ ,  $V_{RS-} = 0V$  and  $R_{OUT} = 0\Omega$ , as a function of total dose irradiation at LDR and HDR. The post-irradiation SMD limits are  $1100\mu A$  minimum and  $1800\mu A$  maximum.

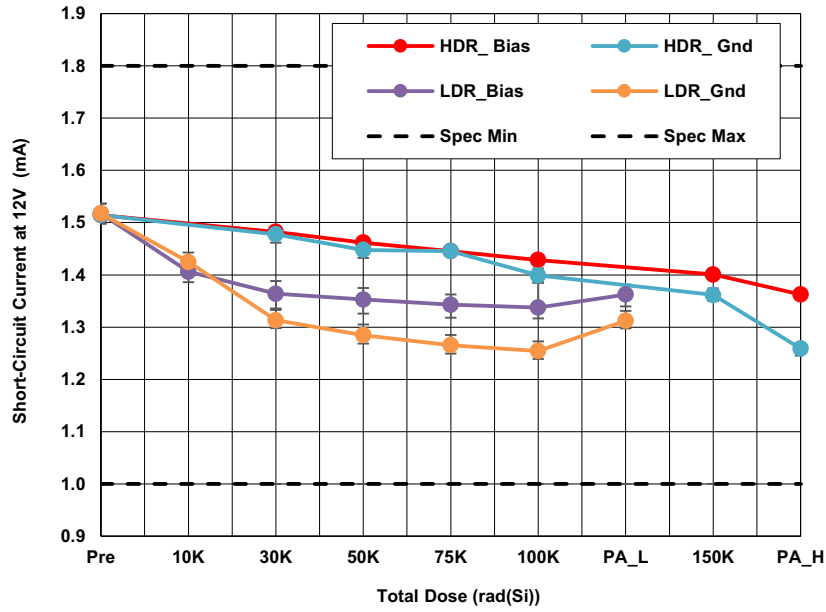


Figure 37. ISL7x100SEH short-circuit current ( $I_{SC}$ ) with  $V_+ = 12V$ ,  $V_{RS+} = 40V$ ,  $V_{RS-} = 0V$  and  $R_{OUT} = 0\Omega$ , as a function of total dose irradiation at LDR and HDR. The post-irradiation SMD limits are  $1000\mu A$  minimum and  $1800\mu A$  maximum.

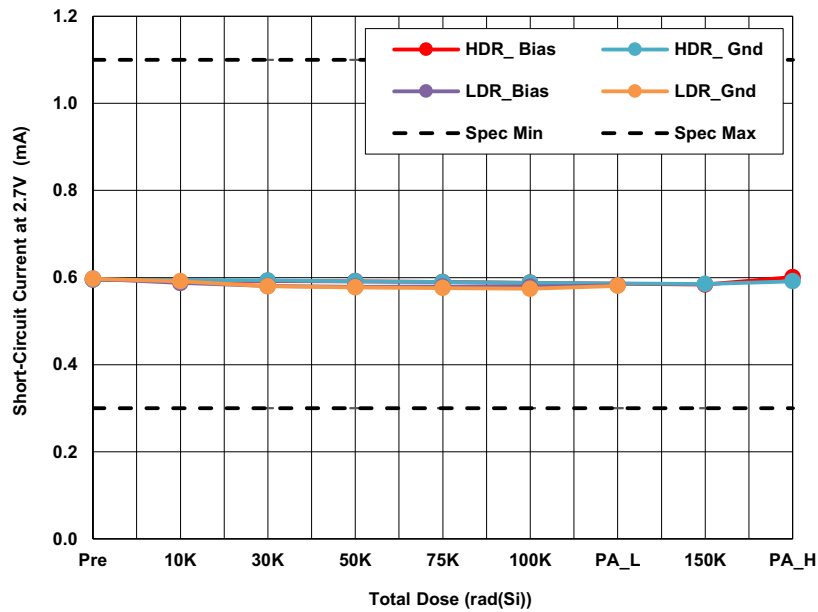


Figure 38. ISL7x100SEH short-circuit current ( $I_{SC}$ ) with  $V_+ = 2.7V$ ,  $V_{RS+} = 40V$ ,  $V_{RS-} = 0V$  and  $R_{OUT} = 0\Omega$ , as a function of total dose irradiation at LDR and HDR. The post-irradiation SMD limits are  $300\mu A$  minimum and  $1100\mu A$  maximum.

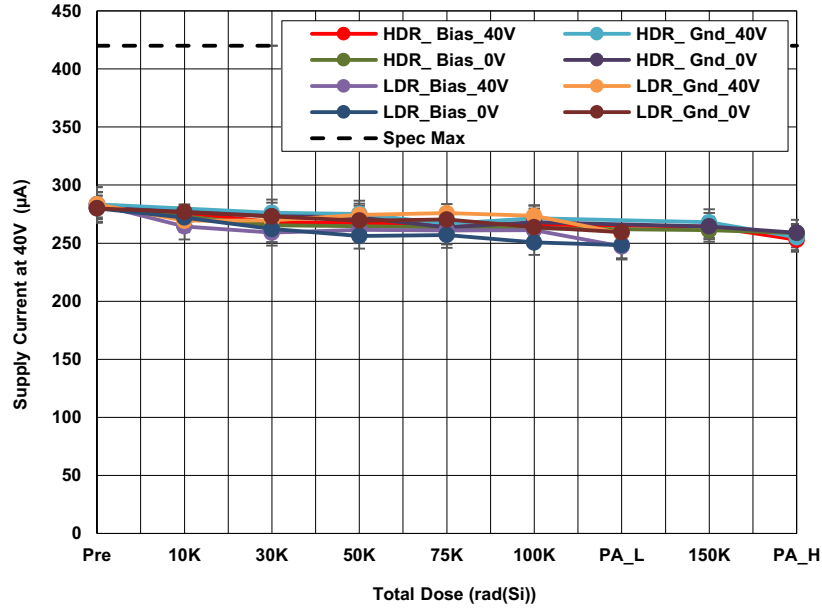


Figure 39. ISL7x100SEH supply current ( $I_+$ ) with  $V_+ = 40V$ ,  $V_{SEN} = 0V$ ,  $V_{RS+} = 40V$  and  $0V$ , as a function of total dose irradiation at LDR and HDR. The post-irradiation SMD limit is  $420\mu A$  maximum.

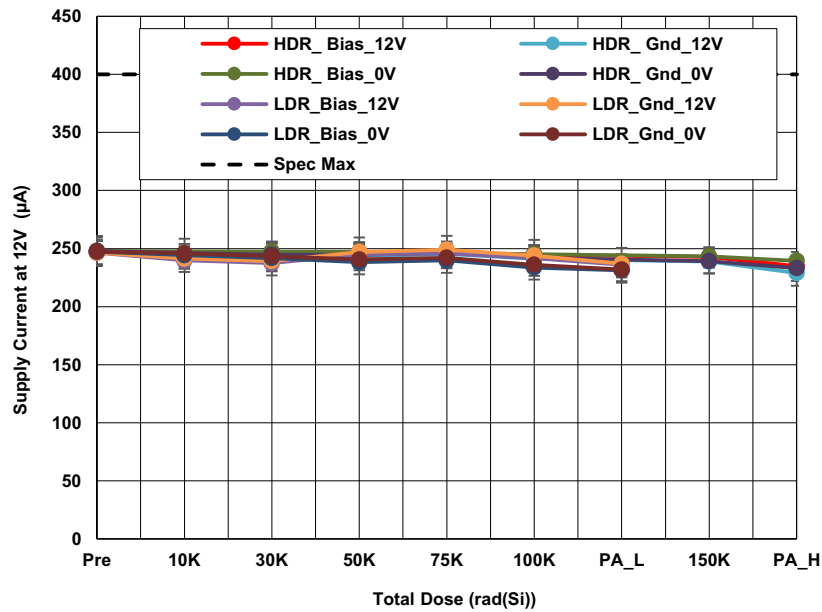


Figure 40. ISL7x100SEH supply current ( $I_+$ ) with  $V_+ = 12V$ ,  $V_{SEN} = 0V$ ,  $V_{RS+} = 12V$  and  $0V$ , as a function of total dose irradiation at LDR and HDR. The post-irradiation SMD limit is  $400\mu A$  maximum.

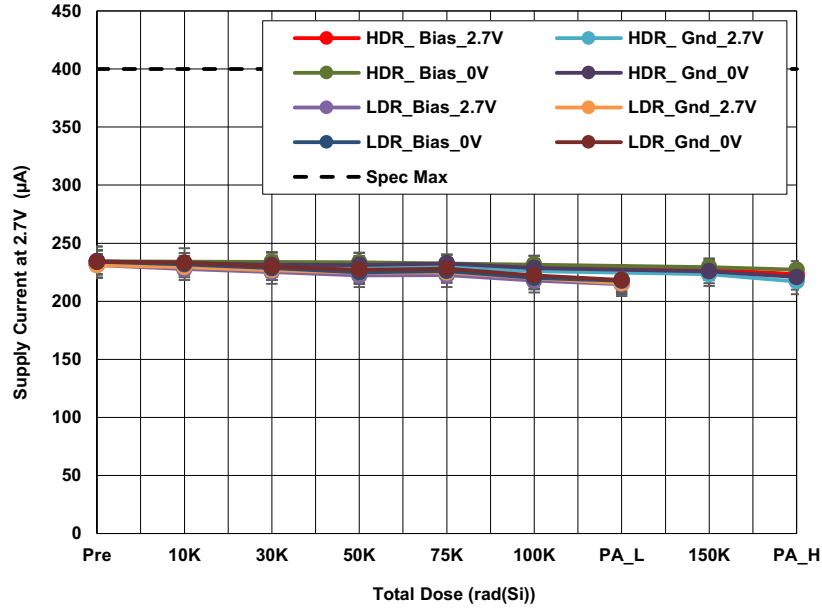


Figure 41. ISL7x100SEH supply current ( $I_{+}$ ) with  $V_{+} = 2.7V$ ,  $V_{SEN} = 0V$ ,  $V_{RS+} = 2.7V$  and  $0V$ , as a function of total dose irradiation at LDR and HDR. The post-irradiation SMD limit is  $400\mu A$  maximum.

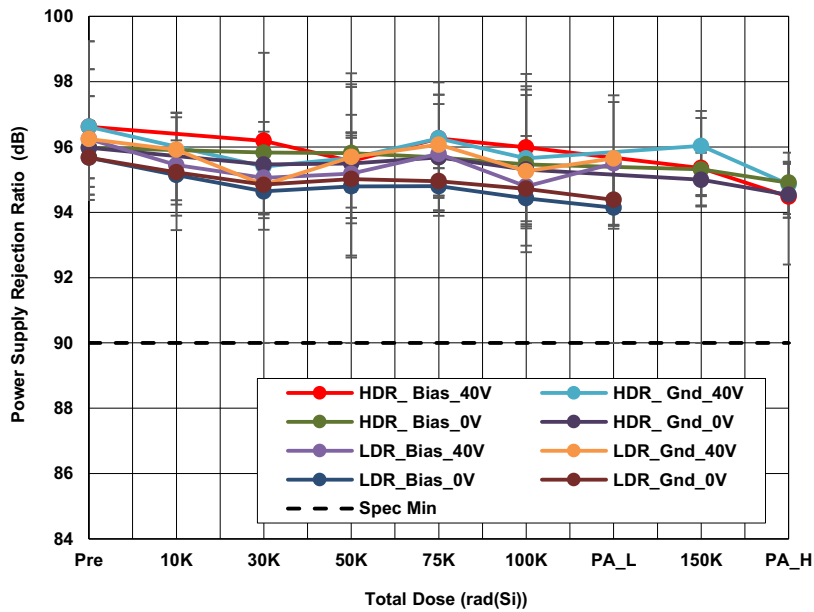


Figure 42. ISL7x100SEH power supply rejection ratio (PSRR) with  $V_{+} = 40V$ ,  $V_{RS+} = 0V$ ,  $40V$  and  $V_{SEN} = 5mV$  to  $150mV$ , as a function of total dose irradiation at LDR and HDR. The post-irradiation SMD limit is  $90dB$  minimum.

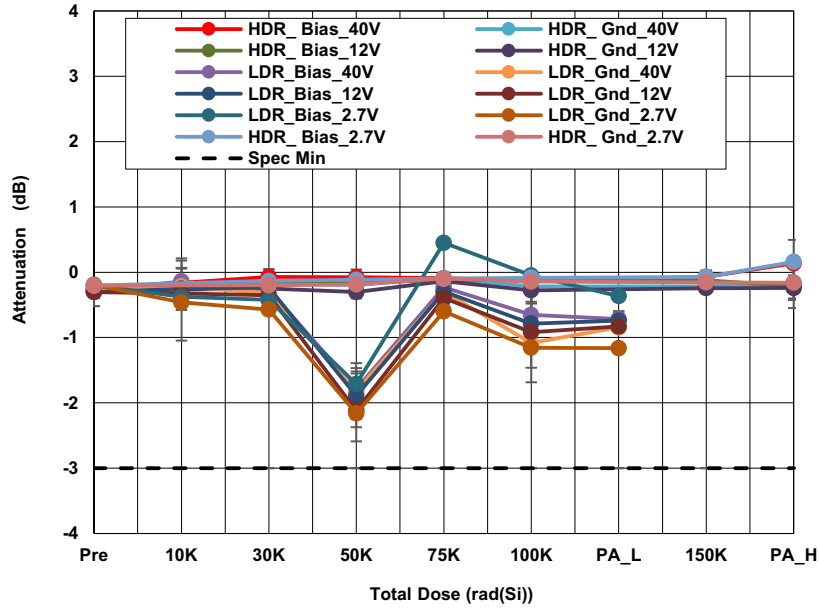


Figure 43. ISL7x100SEH 500kHz Attenuation ( $Att_{500kHz}$ ) with  $V+ = 40V, 12V, \text{ and } 2.7V, V_{SEN} = 5mV \text{ to } 150mV$ , as a function of total dose irradiation at LDR and HDR. The post-irradiation SMD limit is -3dB minimum.

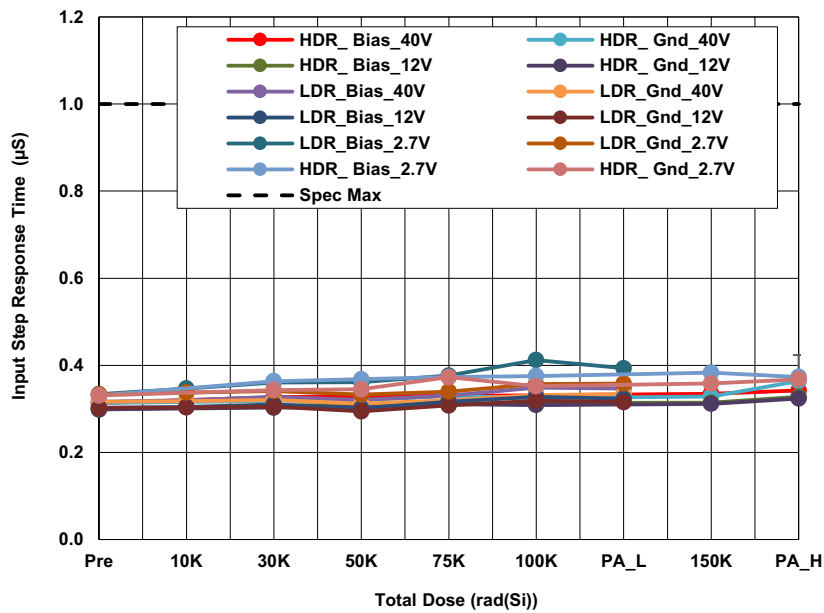


Figure 44. ISL7x100SEH input step response time ( $t_{RES}$ ) with  $V+ = 40V, 12V, \text{ and } 2.7V, V_{SEN} = 5mV \text{ to } 150mV$ , as a function of total dose irradiation at LDR and HDR. The post-irradiation SMD limit is  $1\mu s$  maximum.



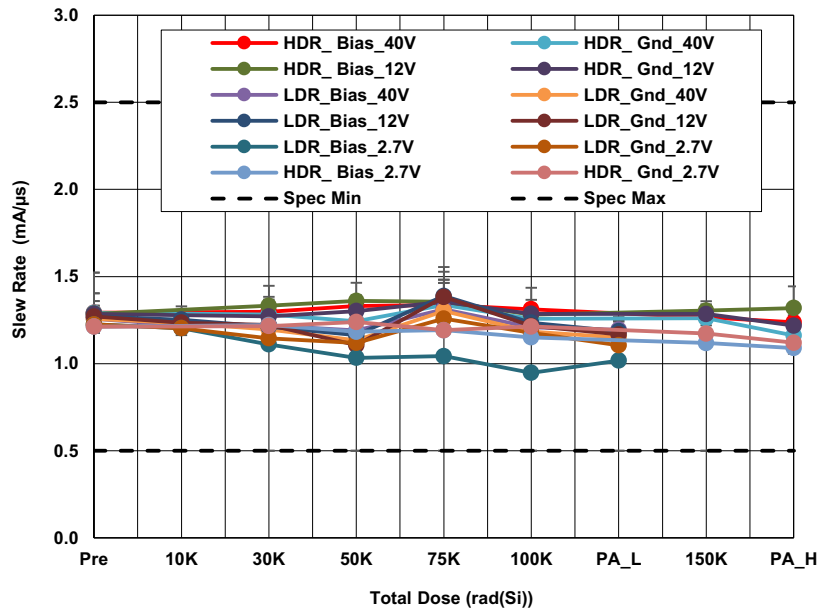


Figure 45. ISL7x100SEH slew rate (SR) with V+ = 40V, 12V, and 2.7V, VSEN = 5mV to 150mV, as a function of total dose irradiation at LDR and HDR. The post-irradiation SMD limits are 0.5mA/μs minimum and 2.5mA/μs maximum.

### 3. Discussion and Conclusion

The results of the LDR and HDR total dose test of the ISL7x100SEH radiation hardened 40V current sense amplifier are reported. Both irradiations were followed by a 168-hour anneal at 100°C under bias. All SMD parameters passed at all downpoints, but some showed some degradation. **Note:** Although the 12V and 40V V<sub>OH</sub> results were well within the limits, only the 2.7V V<sub>OH</sub> results were plotted.

The maximum linear output current range (I<sub>OUT</sub>), shown in [Figures 33](#) and [34](#), degrades significantly over irradiation at both dose rates, as does the short-circuit current (I<sub>SC</sub>), shown in [Figures 36](#) and [37](#). From these results, it is seen that those parameters in the PNP output driver degrade more at higher biases because the same degree of degradation is not seen at 2.7V but the current requirements are not as stringent either. Some minor anneal sensitivity is seen in some of those same graphs but have less than a 10% delta.

## 4. Appendices

### 4.1 Reported parameters

[Table 3](#) lists the key parameters that are considered indicative of part performance. These parameters are plotted in [Figures 3](#) through [45](#). All limits are taken from the ISL7x100SEH SMD.

**Table 3. ISL7x100SEH Key Total Dose SMD Parameters ( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )**

Figure	Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Low Limit	High Limit	Units
<a href="#">3</a>	Transconductance ( $V_{SEN} = 25\text{mV to } 150\text{mV}$ )	$g_m$	$V_+ = 40\text{V}, V_{RS+} = 40\text{V}$	1.970	2.010	$\mu\text{A/mV}$
<a href="#">4</a>			$V_+ = 40\text{V}, V_{RS+} = 0\text{V}$	1.940	2.060	$\mu\text{A/mV}$
<a href="#">5</a>			$V_+ = 12\text{V}, V_{RS+} = 12\text{V}$	1.976	2.016	$\mu\text{A/mV}$
<a href="#">6</a>			$V_+ = 12\text{V}, V_{RS+} = 0\text{V}$	1.940	2.060	$\mu\text{A/mV}$
<a href="#">7</a>			$V_+ = 2.7\text{V}, V_{RS+} = 2.7\text{V}$	1.986	2.026	$\mu\text{A/mV}$
<a href="#">8</a>			$V_+ = 2.7\text{V}, V_{RS+} = 0\text{V}$	1.940	2.060	$\mu\text{A/mV}$
<a href="#">9</a>	Input Offset Voltage ( $V_{SEN} = 5\text{mV}$ )	$V_{OS}$	$V_+ = 40\text{V}, V_{RS+} = 40\text{V}$	-1200	300	$\mu\text{V}$
<a href="#">10</a>			$V_+ = 40\text{V}, V_{RS+} = 0\text{V}$	-1100	300	$\mu\text{V}$
<a href="#">11</a>			$V_+ = 12\text{V}, V_{RS+} = 12\text{V}$	-400	400	$\mu\text{V}$
<a href="#">12</a>			$V_+ = 12\text{V}, V_{RS+} = 0\text{V}$	-400	400	$\mu\text{V}$
<a href="#">13</a>			$V_+ = 2.7\text{V}, V_{RS+} = 2.7\text{V}$	-300	1000	$\mu\text{V}$
<a href="#">14</a>			$V_+ = 2.7\text{V}, V_{RS+} = 0\text{V}$	-300	900	$\mu\text{V}$
<a href="#">15</a>	Input Bias Current ( $V_{SEN} = 0\text{mV}$ )	$I_{BIAS+}$	$V_+ = 40\text{V}, V_{RS+} = 40\text{V}, 0\text{V}$	-25	25	$\mu\text{A}$
<a href="#">16</a>		$I_{BIAS-}$				
<a href="#">17</a>		$I_{BIAS+}$	$V_+ = 12\text{V}, V_{RS+} = 12\text{V}, 0\text{V}$	-25	25	$\mu\text{A}$
<a href="#">18</a>		$I_{BIAS-}$				
<a href="#">19</a>		$I_{BIAS+}$	$V_+ = 2.7\text{V}, V_{RS+} = 2.7\text{V}, 0\text{V}$	-25	25	$\mu\text{A}$
<a href="#">20</a>		$I_{BIAS-}$				
<a href="#">21</a>	Input Offset Current ( $V_{SEN} = 0\text{mV}$ )	$I_{OS}$	$V_+ = 40\text{V}, V_{RS+} = 40\text{V}, 0\text{V}$	-1	1	$\mu\text{A}$
<a href="#">22</a>			$V_+ = 12\text{V}, V_{RS+} = 12\text{V}, 0\text{V}$	-1	1	$\mu\text{A}$
<a href="#">23</a>			$V_+ = 2.7\text{V}, V_{RS+} = 2.7\text{V}, 0\text{V}$	-1	1	$\mu\text{A}$
<a href="#">24</a>	Input Bias Current (powered off) ( $V_+ = V_{SEN} = 0\text{mV}$ )	$I_{OFF}$	$V_{RS+} = 40\text{V}, 12\text{V}, 2.7\text{V}$	-0.8	0.8	$\mu\text{A}$
<a href="#">25</a>	Common-Mode Rejection Ratio ( $V_{SEN} = 5\text{mV}$ , $V_{RS+} = 2.7\text{V to } V_+$ and $-0.3\text{V to } V_+$ )	CMRR	$V_+ = 40\text{V}$	90	-	dB
<a href="#">26</a>			$V_+ = 12\text{V}$	90	-	dB
<a href="#">27</a>			$V_+ = 2.7\text{V}$	90	-	dB
<a href="#">28</a>	Minimum Output Voltage ( $V_{SEN} = 0\text{mV}$ )	$V_{OL}$	$V_+ = 40\text{V}$	-	4	mV
			$V_+ = 12\text{V}$	-	20	mV
			$V_+ = 2.7\text{V}$	-	14	mV
<a href="#">29</a>	Maximum Output Voltage ( <b>Note:</b> Only $V_+ = 2.7\text{V}$ is plotted)	$V_{OH}$	$V_+ = 40\text{V}$ ( $V_{SEN} = 100\text{mV}$ , $A_V = 400$ )	38	39.4	V
			$V_+ = 12\text{V}$ ( $V_{SEN} = 120\text{mV}$ , $A_V = 100$ )	10	11.4	V
			$V_+ = 2.7\text{V}$ ( $V_{SEN} = 120\text{mV}$ , $A_V = 100$ )	0.7	2.1	V
<a href="#">30</a>	Maximum Linear Output Voltage Range ( $V_{SEN} = 150\text{mV}$ , $R_L = \text{OPEN}$ )	OVR	$V_+ = 40\text{V}$	38	-	V
<a href="#">31</a>			$V_+ = 12\text{V}$	10	-	V
<a href="#">32</a>			$V_+ = 2.7\text{V}$	0.7	-	V

**Table 3. ISL7x100SEH Key Total Dose SMD Parameters ( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ) (Continued)**

Figure	Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Low Limit	High Limit	Units
<a href="#">33</a>	Maximum Linear Output Current Range ( $R_{OUT} = 0\Omega$ )	$I_{OUT}$	$V_+ = 40V$	1200	1800	$\mu A$
<a href="#">34</a>			$V_+ = 12V$	1000	1800	$\mu A$
<a href="#">35</a>			$V_+ = 2.7V$	300	1100	$\mu A$
<a href="#">36</a>	Short-Circuit Current ( $R_{OUT} = 0\Omega$ )	$I_{SC}$	$V_+ = 40V, V_{RS+} = 40V, 0V$	1200	1800	$\mu A$
<a href="#">37</a>			$V_+ = 12V, V_{RS+} = 12V, 0V$	1000	1800	$\mu A$
<a href="#">38</a>			$V_+ = 2.7V, V_{RS+} = 2.7V, 0V$	300	1100	$\mu A$
<a href="#">39</a>	Supply Current ( $V_{SEN} = 0mV$ )	$I_+$	$V_+ = 40V, V_{RS+} = 40V, 0V$	-	420	$\mu A$
<a href="#">40</a>			$V_+ = 12V, V_{RS+} = 12V, 0V$	-	400	$\mu A$
<a href="#">41</a>			$V_+ = 2.7V, V_{RS+} = 2.7V, 0V$	-	400	$\mu A$
<a href="#">42</a>	Power supply rejection ratio ( $V_{SEN} = 5mV$ to $150mV$ )	PSRR	$V_+ = 40V, V_{RS+} = 0V, 40V$	90	-	dB
<a href="#">43</a>	500kHz Attenuation	$Att_{500kHz}$	$V_+ = 40V, 12V, 2.7V$	-3	-	dB
<a href="#">44</a>	Input Step Response Time ( $V_{SEN} = 5mV$ to $150mV$ )	$t_{RES}$	$V_+ = 40V, 12V, 2.7V$	-	1	$\mu s$
<a href="#">45</a>	Slew Rate ( $V_{SEN} = 5mV$ to $150mV$ )	SR	$V_+ = 40V, 12V, 2.7V$	0.5	2.5	$mA/\mu s$

## 5. Revision History

Rev.	Date	Description
1.00	Jun.29.20	Initial release

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