

## R32C/100 Series

Using DMAC II in Single Transfer Mode

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### **Abstract**

This document describes the method for performing single transfer by activating DMAC II in the R32C/100 Series.

## **Products**

MCUs: R32C/116 Group, R32C/117 Group, and R32C/118 Group

When using this application note with other Renesas MCUs, careful evaluation is recommended after making modifications to comply with the alternate MCU.

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# 1. Specifications

When an INT0 interrupt request is generated, DMAC II is activated, and data is transferred from memory to memory.

Table 1.1 lists the Peripheral Functions and Their Applications. Figure 1.1 shows a Usage Example.

Table 1.1 Peripheral Functions and Their Applications

| Peripheral Function | Application                           |
|---------------------|---------------------------------------|
| DMAC II             | Memory-to-memory transfer             |
| INT0 interrupt      | Trigger for DMAC II                   |
| Timer A (timer A1)  | Wait for PLL oscillation to stabilize |

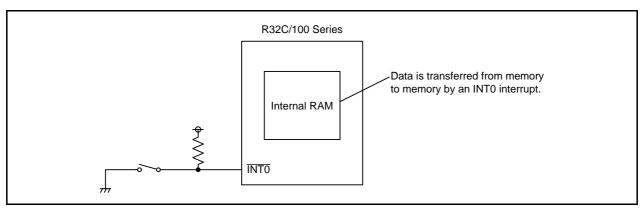


Figure 1.1 Usage Example

# 2. Operation Confirmation Conditions

The sample code accompanying this application note has been run and confirmed under the conditions below.

**Table 2.1 Operation Confirmation Conditions** 

| Item                               | Contents   |  |
|------------------------------------|--|--|
| MCU used                           | R5F64189DFD (R32C/118 Group)   |  |
| Operating frequencies              | Main clock: 16 MHz PLL clock: 100 MHz Base clock: 50 MHz CPU clock: 50 MHz Peripheral bus clock: 25 MHz Peripheral function clock source: 25 MHz                                     |  |
| Operating voltage                  | 5 V  |  |
| Integrated development environment | Renesas Electronics Corporation High-performance Embedded Workshop Version 4.07 Renesas Electronics Corporation R32C/100 Series C Compiler V.1.02 Release 01                         |  |
| C compiler                         | Compile options -D_STACKSIZE_=0X300 -D_ISTACKSIZE_=0X300 -DVECTOR_ADR=0x0FFFFBDC -c -finfo -dir "\$(CONFIGDIR)" (Default setting is used in the integrated development environment.) |  |
| Operating mode                     | Single-chip mode   |  |
| Sample code version                | Version 1.00   |  |
| Board used                         | Renesas Starter Kit for R32C/118 (product name: R0K564189S000BE)   |  |

# 3. Reference Application Note

The application note associated with this application note is listed below. Refer to the following application note for additional information.

• R32C/100 Series Configuring PLL Mode (REJ05B1221-0100)

## 4. Hardware

#### 4.1 Pin Used

Table 4.1 lists the Pin Used and Its Function.

Table 4.1 Pin Used and Its Function

| Pin Name  | I/O   | Function                               |
|-----------|-------|--|
| P8_2/INT0 | Input | DMAC II trigger (INT0 interrupt) input |

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### 5. Software

## 5.1 Operation Overview

When an interrupt request is generated with interrupt request level 7, DMAC II is activated to perform memory-to-memory transfer. In this application note, the INTO interrupt is set to interrupt request level 7.

#### (1) DMAC II initial settings

Set the DMAC II index and a trigger for DMAC II. Also set the INTO pin and INTO interrupt control register to use the INTO interrupt as a trigger for DMAC II.

Settings for the DMAC II index are as follows:

- Transfer size: 8 bitsTransfer types: Memory
- Source addressing: Increment
- Destination addressing: Fixed
- Calculation transfer: Not used
- Transfer mode: Single transfer
- Transfer complete interrupt: Not used
- · Chained transfer: Not used
- Number of transfers (COUNT): Five times
- Source address (SADR): Start address of source data (400h)
- Destination address (DADR): Destination address (1000h)

#### (2) When the INT0 interrupt is generated

When the INT0 interrupt is generated, data set in the DMAC II index is transferred from the source address (SADR) to the destination address (DADR). After the data is transferred, 1 is subtracted from the transfer count (COUNT) and 1 is added to SADR. (1)

When COUNT becomes 0, even if the INT0 interrupt is generated, DMA II transfer is not performed.

#### Note:

1. When the transfer size is 8 bits. When the transfer size is 16 bits, 2 is added.

Figure 5.1 shows a DMA II Transfer Operation Example.

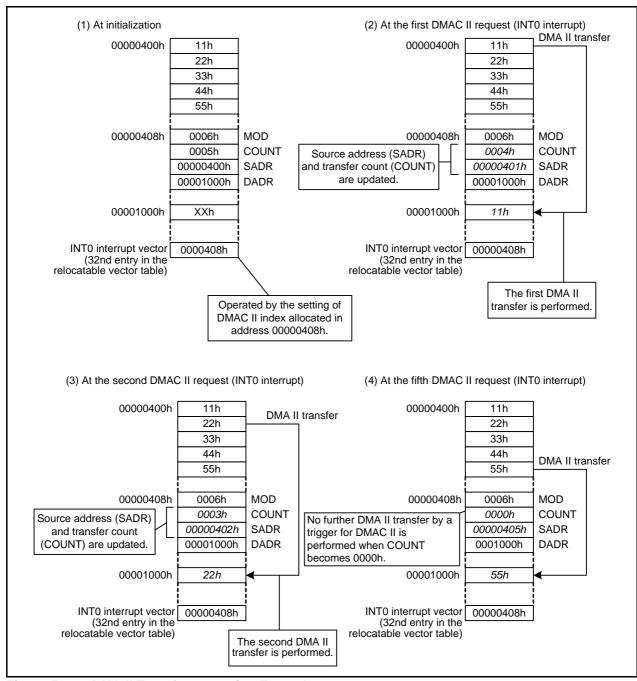


Figure 5.1 DMA II Transfer Operation Example

#### 5.2 Invariable Table

Table 5.1 lists the Invariables Used in the Sample Code.

Table 5.1 Invariables Used in the Sample Code

| Invariable Name | Setting Value | Contents                   |
|-----------------|---------------|----------------------------|
| DEST_ADDRESS    | 1000h         | DMA II destination address |
| TRANS_COUNT     | 5             | Number of DMA II transfers |

### 5.3 Structure/Union List

Figure 5.2 shows the Structure/Union Used in the Sample Code.

```
// DMAC II index
struct{
   union {
     struct{
                                           // Transfer size select bit
        char
                size:1;
                                           // Transfer source select bit
        char
                imm:1
               upds:1;
                                           // Source addressing select bit
        char
                                           // Destination addressing select bit
        char
                updd:1;
        char
                                            // Calculation transfer select bit
                oper:1;
        char
               brst:1;
                                           // Burst transfer select bit
                                           // Transfer complete interrupt select bit // Chained transfer select bit
        char
               inte:1;
        char
               chain:1:
        char
               reserve:7:
        char
                                           // Multiple transfer select bit
               mult:1;
     }mod_bit;
      unsigned short mod_word;
   }mod;
   unsigned short count:
                                            // transfer counter
   unsigned char far *sadr;
                                            // source address
unsigned char far *dadr; }dm_index;
                                            // destination address
```

Figure 5.2 Structure/Union Used in the Sample Code

Set the starting address of the DMAC II index to the interrupt vector for the DMAC II triggerable peripheral interrupt source.

In this application note, the INT0 interrupt is used as a trigger for DMAC II.

Figure 5.3 shows a setting example of the asm function in a C language program.

```
asm( " .rvector 31, _dm_index" ); // Define DMAC II Index (Software Interrupt Number 31)
```

Figure 5.3 Setting Example for the Starting Address of the DMAC II Index to the Interrupt Vector

## 5.4 Variable Table

Table 5.2 lists the Global Variables.

Table 5.2 Global Variables

| Type          | Variable Name | Contents   | Function Used |
|---------------|---------------|--|---------------|
| unsigned char | Idatali       | DMA II source data (11h, 22h, 33h, 44h, and 55h) | DMACII_init   |
| struct        | dm_index      | DMAC II index                                    | DMACII_init   |

## 5.5 Function Table

Table 5.3 lists the Functions.

Table 5.3 Functions

| Function Name | Outline                |
|---------------|------------------------|
| SetPLLClock   | PLL clock setting      |
| DMACII_init   | DMAC II initialization |

# 5.6 Function Specifications

The following tables list the sample code function specifications.

| SetPLLClock    |                                       |  |
|----------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| Outline        | PLL clock setting                     |  |
| Header         | None                                  |  |
| Declaration    | void SetPLLClock (void)               |  |
| Explanation    | Set each clock frequency in PLL mode. |  |
| Argument       | None                                  |  |
| Returned value | None                                  |  |
| Remark         |                                       |  |

| DMACII_init    |                         |  |  |
|----------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| Outline        | DMAC II initial setting |  |  |
| Header         | None                    |  |  |
| Declaration    | void DMACII_init (void) |  |  |
| Explanation    | Initialize DMAC II.     |  |  |
| Argument       | None                    |  |  |
| Returned value | None                    |  |  |
| Remark         |                         |  |  |

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### 5.7 Flowcharts

## 5.7.1 Main Processing

Figure 5.4 shows the Main Processing.

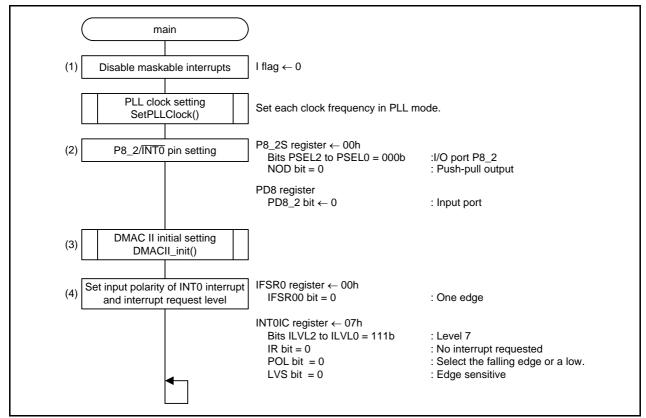


Figure 5.4 Main Processing

## 5.7.2 PLL Clock Setting

Figure 5.5 shows the PLL Clock Setting.

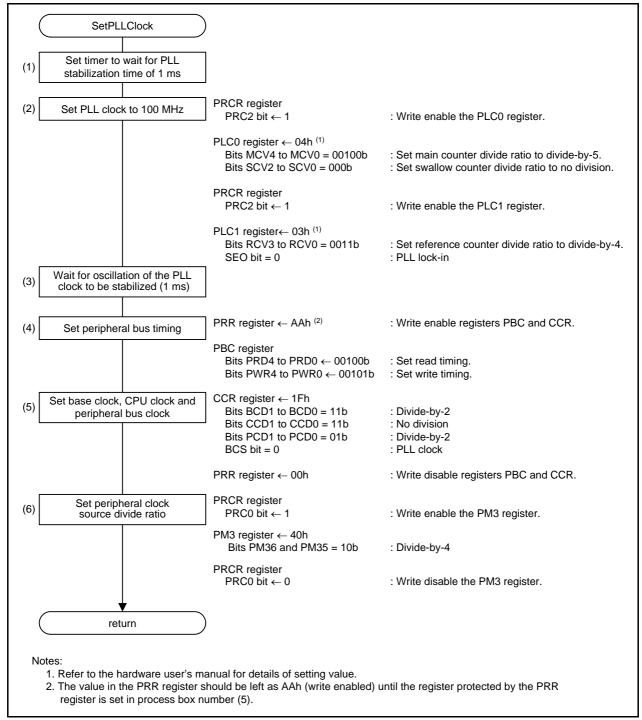


Figure 5.5 PLL Clock Setting

## 5.7.3 DMAC II Initial Setting

Figure 5.6 shows the DMAC II Initial Setting.

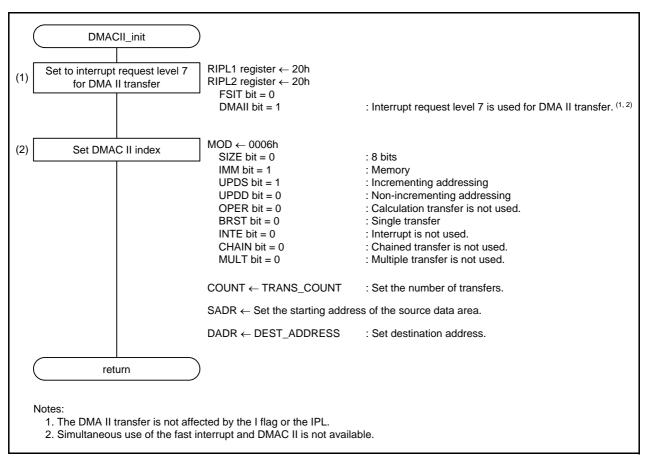


Figure 5.6 DMAC II Initial Setting

# 6. Sample Code

Sample code can be downloaded from the Renesas Electronics website.

### 7. Reference Documents

R32C/116 Group User's Manual: Hardware Rev.1.10 R32C/117 Group User's Manual: Hardware Rev.1.10 R32C/118 Group User's Manual: Hardware Rev.1.10

The latest versions can be downloaded from the Renesas Electronics website.

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C Compiler Manual R32C/100 Series C Compiler Package V.1.02 C Compiler User's Manual Rev.2.00

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# 8. Website and Support

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|------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Revision History | Using DMAC II in Single Transfer Mode |

| Rev.  | Date          |      | Description          |
|-------|---------------|------|----------------------|
| IXEV. | Date          | Page | Summary              |
| 1.00  | Dec. 28, 2010 | _    | First edition issued |

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### General Precautions in the Handling of MPU/MCU Products

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### 1. Handling of Unused Pins

Handle unused pins in accord with the directions given under Handling of Unused Pins in the manual.

The input pins of CMOS products are generally in the high-impedance state. In operation with an unused pin in the open-circuit state, extra electromagnetic noise is induced in the vicinity of LSI, an associated shoot-through current flows internally, and malfunctions occur due to the false recognition of the pin state as an input signal become possible. Unused pins should be handled as described under Handling of Unused Pins in the manual.

#### 2. Processing at Power-on

The state of the product is undefined at the moment when power is supplied.

 The states of internal circuits in the LSI are indeterminate and the states of register settings and pins are undefined at the moment when power is supplied.

In a finished product where the reset signal is applied to the external reset pin, the states of pins are not guaranteed from the moment when power is supplied until the reset process is completed.

In a similar way, the states of pins in a product that is reset by an on-chip power-on reset function are not guaranteed from the moment when power is supplied until the power reaches the level at which resetting has been specified.

#### 3. Prohibition of Access to Reserved Addresses

Access to reserved addresses is prohibited.

 The reserved addresses are provided for the possible future expansion of functions. Do not access these addresses; the correct operation of LSI is not guaranteed if they are accessed.

#### 4. Clock Signals

After applying a reset, only release the reset line after the operating clock signal has become stable. When switching the clock signal during program execution, wait until the target clock signal has stabilized.

— When the clock signal is generated with an external resonator (or from an external oscillator) during a reset, ensure that the reset line is only released after full stabilization of the clock signal. Moreover, when switching to a clock signal produced with an external resonator (or by an external oscillator) while program execution is in progress, wait until the target clock signal is stable.

#### 5. Differences between Products

Before changing from one product to another, i.e. to one with a different part number, confirm that the change will not lead to problems.

— The characteristics of MPU/MCU in the same group but having different part numbers may differ because of the differences in internal memory capacity and layout pattern. When changing to products of different part numbers, implement a system-evaluation test for each of the products.

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