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# SH7450 Group, SH7451 Group

Using the DRI in Special Mode

### Abstract

This document describes the sample code using Direct RAM Input Interface (hereinafter, DRI) of the SH7450 Group and SH7451 Group (hereinafter, the SH7450).

The feature of the sample code is described below.

• Use DRI in special mode to acquire video data output from a camera module.

### Products

SH7450 Group, SH7451 Group

When using this application note with other Renesas MCUs, careful evaluation is recommended after making modifications to comply with the alternate MCU.



### Contents

1.	Spe	ecific	ations	. 3
2.	Ор	erati	on Confirmation Conditions	. 5
3.	Ref	ferer	nce Application Notes	. 5
4.	Ha	rdwa	re	6
2	4.1	Har	dware Configuration	6
2	4.2	Pin	s Used	. 6
5.	Sof	ftwar	е	7
5	5.1	Ope	eration Overview	7
5	5.2	Cor	nstants	11
5	5.3	Var	iables	11
5	5.4	Fur	nctions	11
5	5.5	Fur	oction Specifications	12
5	5.6		wcharts	14
	5.6	5.1	Main Processing	14
	5.6	5.2	DRI0 Initial Setting	15
	5.6	5.3	DRI0 Data Acquisition Start	16
	5.6	5.4	Processing Executed at DIN0 Event (Vertical Synchronizing Signal) Detection Interrupt .	
	5.6	6.5	Processing at DRI0 Transfer Counter Interrupt	19
6.	Sar	mple	Code	20
7.	Ret	ferer	nce Documents	20



### 1. Specifications

Use DRI in special mode to acquire video data output from a camera module. The required image data is acquired by specifying the target data area. Table 1.1 lists the Peripheral Function and Its Application, Figure 1.1 shows a Waveform of a Camera Module, and Figure 1.2 shows a Target Area for Acquiring Image Data.

Table 1.1	Peripheral	Function and Its Application
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Peripheral Function	Application
DRI	Acquire video data (parallel data) output from a camera module without stopping CPU operation to write to SHwyRAM integrated in the SH7450.

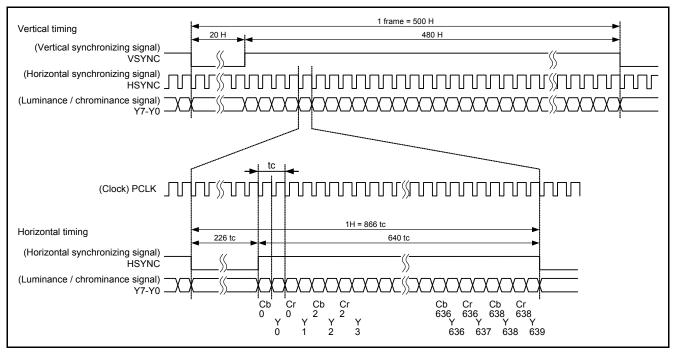


Figure 1.1 Waveform of a Camera Module



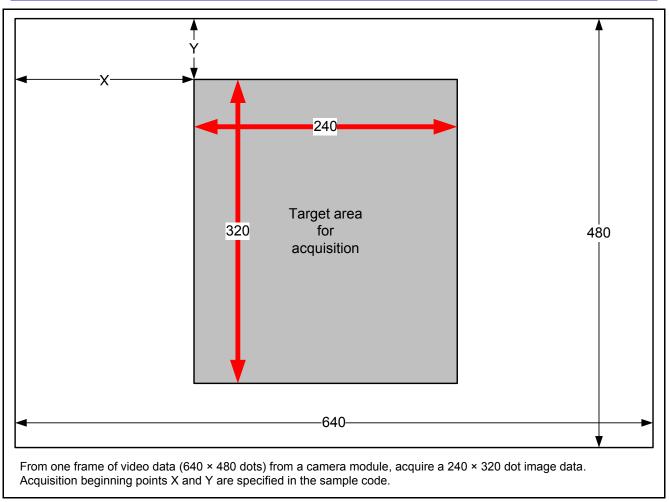


Figure 1.2 Target Area for Acquiring Image Data



### 2. Operation Confirmation Conditions

The sample code accompanying this application note has been run and confirmed under the conditions below.

Table 2.1	Operation	Confirmation	Conditions
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ltem	Contents
MCU used	SH7450 Group, SH7451 Group
Operating frequencies	Input clock frequency: 20 MHz
	CPU clock (lck): 240 MHz
	SHwy clock (SHck): 80 MHz
	Peripheral clock (Pck): 40 MHz
	Peripheral A clock (PAck): 80 MHz
Operating voltages	PVcc = Vcc = PLLVcc = AVcc = 3.3 V, Vdd = 1.5 V
Integrated development	Renesas Electronics Corporation
environment	High-performance Embedded Workshop Version 4.09.01.007 (HEW)
C compiler	Renesas Electronics Corporation
	C/C++ Compiler Package for SuperH RISC engine Family V.9.04 Release 01
	Compile options
	-cpu=sh4a -object="\$(CONFIGDIR)\\$(FILELEAF).obj" -debug -gbr=auto
	-chgincpath -errorpath -global_volatile=0 -opt_range=all -infinite_loop=0 -del_vacant_loop=0 -struct_alloc=1 -nologo
	(Default setting is used in the integrated development environment.)
Operating mode	Single-chip mode
Sample code version	Version 1.00
Board used	SH7450 evaluation board
	(Product Nos. :R0K474504C000BR/R0K474504C010BR)
Device used	AR camera board (product No.: M3T-M32RUT-ARV2)*

Note: This product is no longer in production.

### 3. Reference Application Notes

For additional information associated with this document, refer to the following application notes.

- SH7450 Group, SH7451 Group, Register Definition Header File (R01AN0190EJ)
- SH7450 Group, SH7451 Group, Data Communication Using the DRO and DRI (R01AN0587EJ)



#### 4. Hardware

### 4.1 Hardware Configuration

Figure 4.1 shows an Example of Connecting a Camera Module to the MCU.

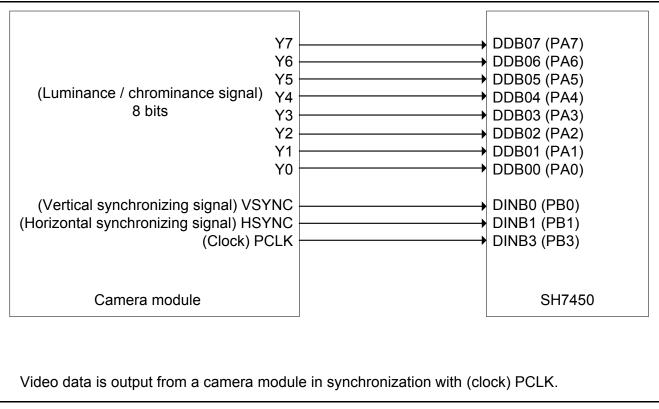


Figure 4.1 Example of Connecting a Camera Module to the MCU

### 4.2 Pins Used

Table 4.1 lists the Pins Used and Their Functions.

#### Table 4.1 Pins Used and Their Functions

Pin Name	I/O	Function
PA7/DDB07 to PA0/DDB00	Input	Image data
PB3/DINB3	Input	Data synchronizing signal (clock)
PB1/DINB1	Input	Horizontal synchronizing signal
PB0/DINB0	Input	Vertical synchronizing signal



### 5. Software

### 5.1 Operation Overview

In the sample code, the DRI operates in special mode which allows faster data acquisition. The minimum data acquisition period is 25 ns when special mode is on and 43.75 ns when the mode is off. An area of image data specified in the sample code is acquired from one frame of video data using decimation control function of the DEC counter. The function thin out unnecessary data to allow selective data acquisition. Figure 5.1 shows an Operation Timing Diagram.

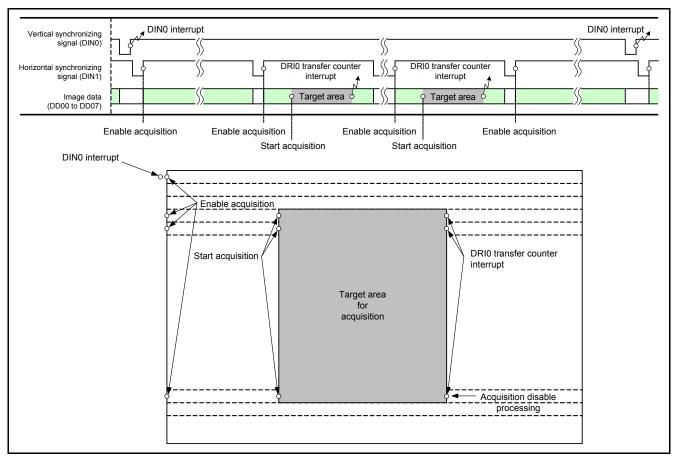


Figure 5.1 Operation Timing Diagram



Table 5.1 describes the Event Counter Settings and Operation Overview.

	DEC0	DEC1	DEC2	DEC3
Count enable factor	DIN0 (vertical	DIN1 (horizontal	DIN1 (horizontal	DEC2 underflow
	synchronizing signal)	synchronizing signal)	synchronizing signal)	
Count event	DIN1 (horizontal	DIN3 (data synchronizing	Acquisition event*	DIN3 (data synchronizing
	synchronizing signal)	signal)		signal)
Counter initial value	Unnecessary line count	Unnecessary pixel count	Effective pixel count in	Underflow value (H'ffff)
Reload value	beginning at the vertical	beginning at the	one line	Unnecessary pixel count
	synchronizing signal	horizontal synchronizing		in one line after effective
		signal		pixels are acquired
Operation overview	Counts DIN1 event	Counts DIN3 event (data	Counts acquisition event	Counts DIN3 event (data
	(horizontal synchronizing	synchronizing signal:	(effective pixel count)	synchronizing signal:
	signal: line count) from	pixel count) from the	when such event is	pixel count) from the pixel
	the beginning of one	beginning of one line and	generated and	after data acquisition end
	frame and underflows at	underflows at the pixel	underflows at data	point and underflows at
	the data acquisition start	before the data	acquisition end point.	the end of one line.
	line.	acquisition start point.		

Table 5.1 Event Counter Settings and Operation Overview

Note: This is an internal event signal of the SH7450. It is generated from DIN3 (data synchronizing signal) to output to an event detection block when acquisition condition is satisfied.

Figure 5.2 shows a Timing Diagram of DRI Data Acquisition (one frame is simplified to a four-line configuration). In this example, the target areas for acquisition are set in the second and third lines of one frame with four lines. In the sample code, the decimation control function enables acquisition only when counters DEC0, DEC1, and DEC3 all underflow. Under these circumstances, the next DIN3 (data synchronizing signal) event detected is effective as an acquisition event. In the diagram, the underflow state of each counter is highlighted in red.



Data acquisition operations are described below.

- (1) The rising edge of DIN0 (vertical synchronizing signal) generates a DIN0 interrupt request and the DEC0 counter is enabled. The DRI0 transfer counter interrupt request is enabled during DIN0 interrupt processing.
- (2) With the rising edge of DIN1 (horizontal synchronizing signal), counters DEC1 and DEC2 are enabled and data acquisition is enabled. However, data acquisition does not begin at this point since the condition required to execute decimation control for data acquisition is not yet satisfied.
- (3) The DEC0 counter counts DIN1 (horizontal synchronizing signal) inputs and underflows at the data acquisition start line. The DEC1 counter counts DIN3 (data synchronizing signal) inputs, i.e., pixels until the acquisition start point and underflows at the pixel before that point. The underflow value for the DEC3 counter is determined at the initial setting.
- (4) Data acquisition using the decimation control function is enabled when counters DEC0, DEC1, and DEC3 all underflow. Under these circumstances, the next DIN3 (data synchronizing signal) event detected is effective as an acquisition event which triggers the DEC2 counter to acquire data.
- (5) The DEC2 counter counts pixels in the target area of one line. The DEC2 counter and the DRI transfer counter underflow at the end of the target area and a DRI0 transfer counter interrupt is generated. The DEC3 counter is enabled when the DEC2 counter underflows.
- (6) The DEC3 counter counts unnecessary pixels in one line and underflows at the end of the line.
- (7) The remaining effective lines are counted during DRI0 transfer counter interrupt processing. After acquisition of all data in the target area, DRI data acquisition is disabled to complete the acquisition process.

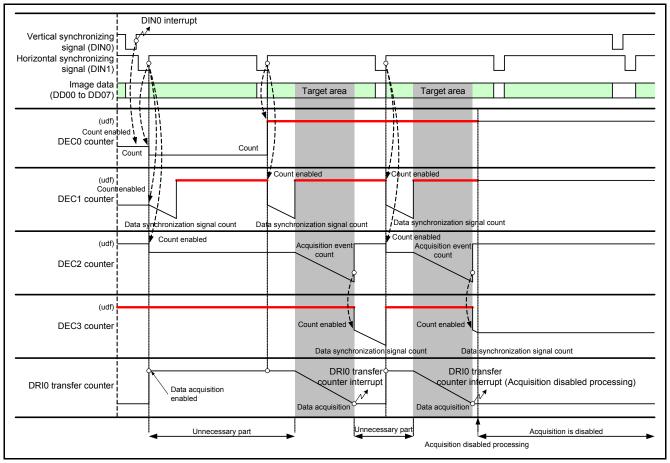


Figure 5.2 Timing Diagram of DRI Data Acquisition (one frame is simplified to a four-line configuration)



### SH7450 Group, SH7451 Group

Figure 5.3 shows the Event Counters, Variable, and Their Count Values Used to Specify the Target Area. Note that the actual count values are decremented by one because the event counters DEC increment the setting values by one.

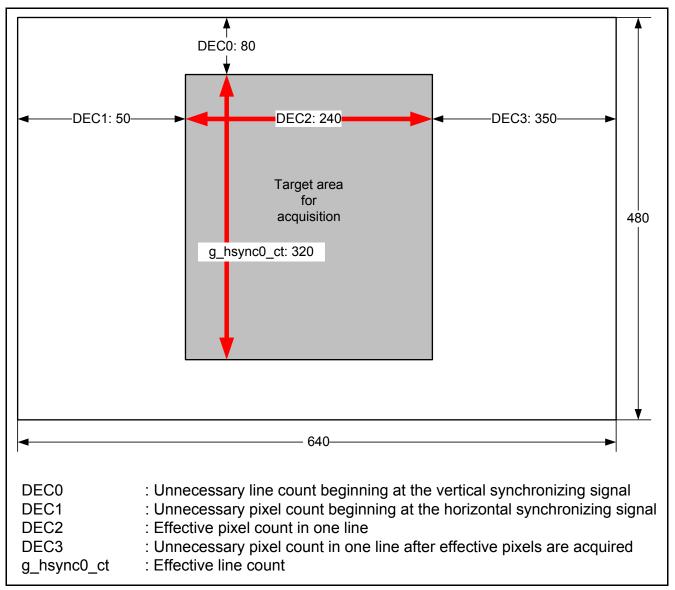


Figure 5.3 Event Counters, Variable, and Their Count Values Used to Specify the Target Area



### 5.2 Constants

Table 5.2 lists the Constants Used in the Sample Code.

#### Table 5.2 Constants Used in the Sample Code

Constant Name	Setting Value	Contents
SENSOR_WIDTH	640	Pixel count of the video data output from a camera module
SENSOR_HEIGHT	480	Line count of the video data output from a camera module
PICT_WIDTH	240	Effective pixel count to be acquired by the DRI
PICT_HEIGHT	320	Effective line count to be acquired by the DRI
V_START_POS	80	The line where acquisition by the DRI begins
H_START_POS	50	The pixel where acquisition by the DRI begins
CAP_NOT_END	0	Data acquisition not completed
CAP_END	1	Data acquisition completed

### 5.3 Variables

Table 5.3 lists the Global Variables.

#### Table 5.3 Global Variables

Туре	Variable Name	Contents	Function Used
unsigned short g_hsync0_ct		HSYNC counter.	dri0_start,
		Indicates remaining effective line count.	dri0_tr_counter_int
signed long	g_dri0_cap_eflag	Indicates acquisition state as	main, dri0_start,
		0: Acquisition not completed	dri0_tr_counter_int
		1: Acquisition completed	

#### 5.4 Functions

Table 5.4 lists the Functions.

#### Table 5.4 Functions

Function Name	Outline
main	Main processing
dri0_init	DRI0 initial setting
dri0_start	Start data acquisition by DRI0
dri0_vsync_int	Processing executed at DIN0 event (vertical synchronizing signal) detection interrupt
dri0_tr_counter_int	Processing executed at DRI0 transfer counter interrupt



# 5.5 Function Specifications

The following tables list the sample code function specifications.

Main				
Outline	Main processing			
Header	dri.h, typedefine.h			
Declaration	void main(void)			
Description	Acquire video data (parallel data) output from a camera module without stopping CPU operation using DRI0 to write data to SHwyRAM.			
Arguments	None			
<b>Returned Value</b>	None			

dri0_init	
Outline	DRI0 initial setting
Header	machine.h, typedefine.h, iodefine.h
Declaration	void dri0_init(void)
Description	Set the ports and interrupt controller (INTC) and initialize the DRI0 register.
Arguments	None
Returned Value	None

dri0_start				
Outline	Start data acquisition by DRI0			
Header	dri.h, typedefine.h, iodefine.h			
Declaration	void dri0_start(unsigned long *dst, unsigned short offset_x, unsigned short offset_y)			
Description	Set DRI0 to acquire video data Set event detection method for	output from a camera module selectively. DRI0 to start data acquisition.		
Arguments	<ul><li>unsigned long *dst</li><li>unsigned short offset_x</li></ul>	<ul> <li>SHwyRAM address for storing DRI0 output data</li> <li>Unnecessary pixel count beginning at the horizontal synchronizing signal</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>unsigned short offset_y</li> </ul>	: Unnecessary line count beginning at the vertical synchronizing signal		
Returned Value	None			

dri0_vsync_int	
Outline	Interrupt function: Processing executed at DIN0 event (vertical synchronizing signal) detection interrupt
Header	iodefine.h
Declaration	void dri0_vsync_int(void)
Description	Clear the DRI0 interrupt request status. Enable the DRI0 transfer counter interrupt request.
Arguments	None
Returned Value	None



dri0_tr_counter_int		
Outline	Interrupt function: Processing executed at DRI transfer counter interrupt	
Header	typedefine.h, iodefine.h	
Declaration	void dri0_tr_counter_int(void)	
Description	Clear the DRI0 transfer interrupt request status and decrement the HSYNC counter by one. When the HSYNC counter is 0, DRI0 is set to event detection "input disabled", data acquisition "disabled", interrupt request "masked", and acquisition status "acquisition completed".	
Arguments	None	
Returned Value	None	



### 5.6 Flowcharts

### 5.6.1 Main Processing

Figure 5.4 shows the Main Processing.

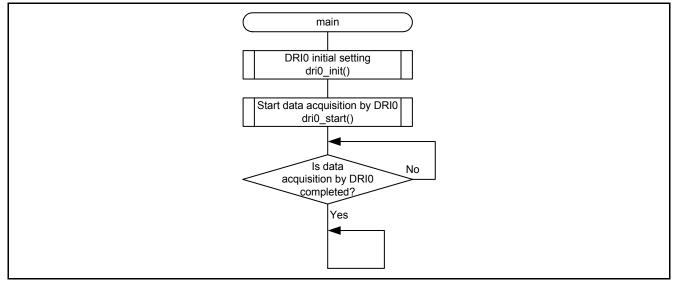
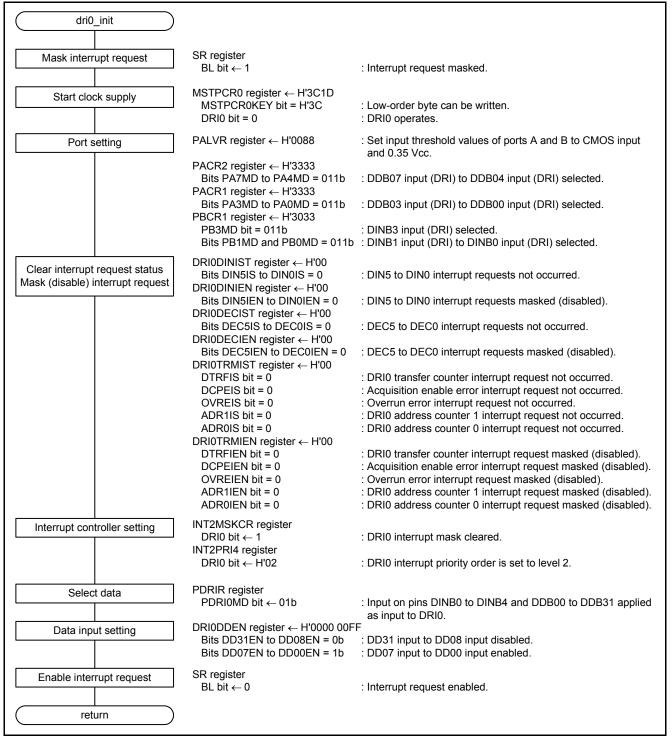


Figure 5.4 Main Processing



#### 5.6.2 DRI0 Initial Setting

Figure 5.5 shows the DRI0 Initial Setting.







#### 5.6.3 DRI0 Data Acquisition Start

Figure 5.6 and Figure 5.7 show the DRI0 Data Acquisition Start.

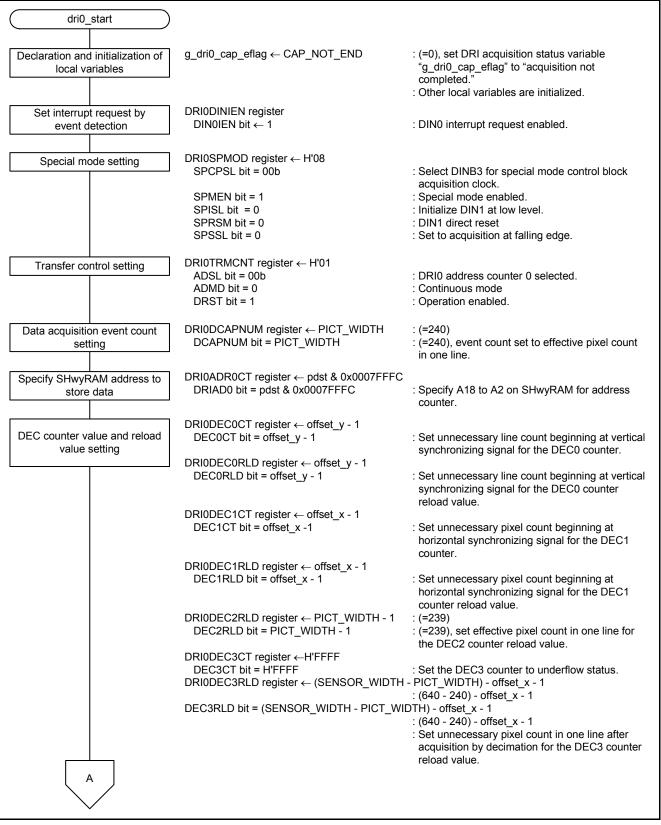
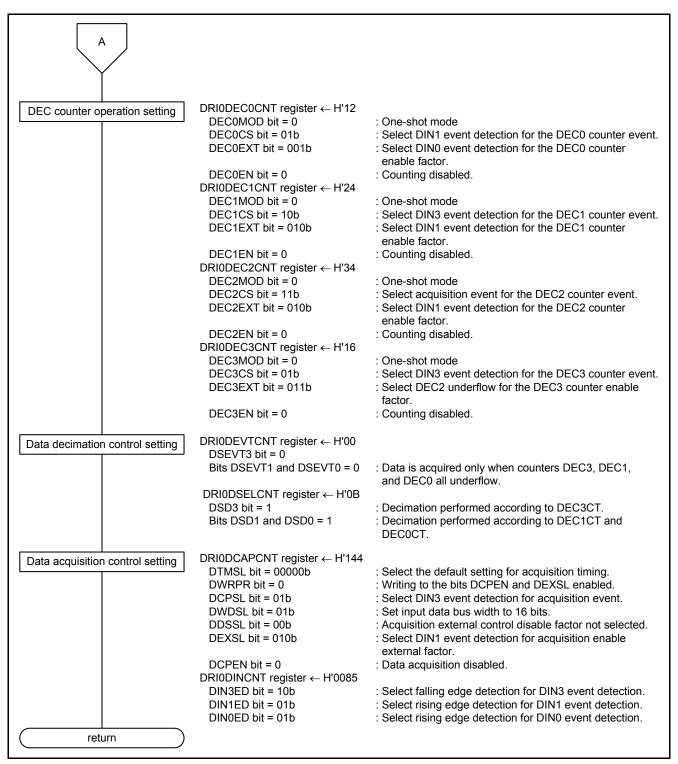
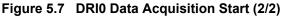


Figure 5.6 DRI0 Data Acquisition Start (1/2)







#### 5.6.4 Processing Executed at DIN0 Event (Vertical Synchronizing Signal) Detection Interrupt

Figure 5.8 shows the Processing Executed at DIN0 Event (Vertical Synchronizing Signal) Detection Interrupt.

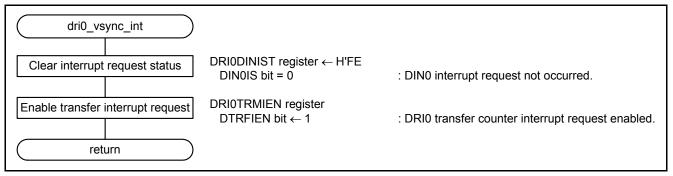


Figure 5.8 Processing Executed at DIN0 Event (Vertical Synchronizing Signal) Detection Interrupt



#### 5.6.5 Processing at DRI0 Transfer Counter Interrupt

Figure 5.9 shows the Processing at DRI0 Transfer Counter Interrupt.

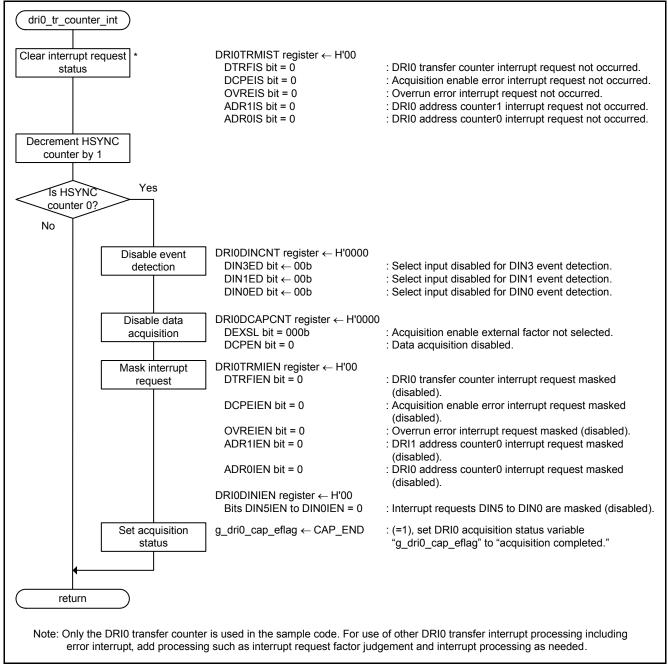


Figure 5.9 Processing at DRI0 Transfer Counter Interrupt



### 6. Sample Code

Sample code can be downloaded from the Renesas Electronics website.

### 7. Reference Documents

User's Manual: Hardware SH7450 Group, SH7451 Group User's Manual: Hardware Rev.1.10 The latest version can be downloaded from the Renesas Electronics website.

Technical Update/Technical News The latest information can be downloaded from the Renesas Electronics website.

User's Manual: Development Tools

SuperH<sup>TM</sup> RISC engine C/C++ Compiler, Assembler, Optimizing Linkage Editor Compiler Package V.9.04 User's Manual Rev.1.01 The latest version can be downloaded from the Renesas Electronics website.

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### SH7450 Group, SH7451 Group Application Note Using the DRI in Special Mode

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- 2. Processing at Power-on

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