

Asynchronous SCIb Communication Using the DTC Module

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# Introduction

This application note presents a sample program that performs SCI (serial communications interface) asynchronous serial communication using the Renesas MCU's DTC (data transfer controller) module.

# **Target Devices**

#### RX62T Group

Other members of the RX Family that have the same I/O registers (peripheral unit control registers) as the RX62T Group products can also use the code from this application note. Note, however, that since certain aspects of the functions used may be changed in other devices due to function additions or other differences, the documentation for the device used must be checked carefully before using this code. When using this code in an end product or other application, its operation must be tested and evaluated thoroughly.

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### 1. Specifications

The code presented in this application note performs serial communication (transmission and reception) by performing data transfers between RAM and the SCI (serial communications interface) module using the data transfer controller (DTC). Figure 1 presents an overview of this asynchronous serial data transmission and reception that uses the DTC.

- 1. This sample program uses the SCI channel 0 and the DTC module.
- 2. An 8-bit length, one stop bit, no parity bit communication format is used.
- 3. For the transmit operation, the DTC is activated by the transmit data empty interrupt request, and it transfers the transmit data, which is prepared in advance from an arbitrary transfer source to the SCI transmit data register (TDR).
- 4. For the transmit operation, the DTC is activated by the receive data full interrupt request, and it transfers the receive data from the SCI receive data register (RDR) to an arbitrary transfer destination that is prepared in advance.
- 5. When the specified number of transfers have been performed, these operations are reinitialized.

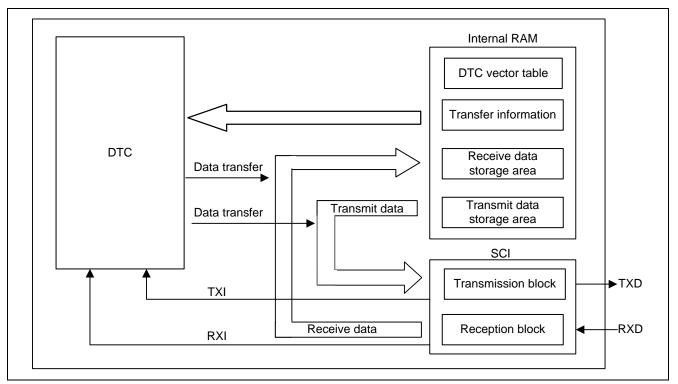


Figure 1 Overview of Asynchronous Serial Data Transmission/Reception Using the DTC



# 2. Operation Confirmation Environment

Table 1 lists the environment required for confirming master operation.

#### Table 1 Operation Confirmation Environment

ltem	Description
Microcontroller used	R5F562TAADFP(RX62T Group)
Operating frequency	Main clock: 12.5 MHz
	System clock(ICLK):100 MHz
	Peripheral module clock(PCLK):50 MHz
Operating voltage	5.0 V
Integrated development	Renesas Electronics Corporation
environment	High-performance Embedded Workshop Version 4.09.01.007
C compiler	Renesas Electronics Corporation
	RX Standard Toolchain (V1.2.1.0)
	Compiler options
	-cpu=rx600 -output=obj="\$(CONFIGDIR)\\$(FILELEAF).obj" -debug
	-section=L=C -nologo
iodefine.h version	Version 2.0
emulator	E1
Endian order	Little Endian, Big Endian
Operating mode	single-chip mode
Processor mode	User mode
Sample code version	Version 1.01
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit for RX62T (R0K5562T0S000BE)



### 3. Functions Used

- Clock generation circuit
- Low power consumption functions
- Interrupt control unit (ICU)
- Serial communication interface (SCI)
- Data transfer controller (DTC)

See the RX62T Group User's Manual: Hardware for detailed information.

### 4. Operation

### 4.1 **Operation Mode Settings**

In the sample program, mode pins are set to MD1 = 1, MD0 = 1 to select single-chip mode as the operating mode and the ROME bit in system control register 0 (SYSCR0) is set to 1 to enable the on-chip ROM.

Table 2 lists the operating mode settings used in the sample program.

#### Table 2 Operating Mode Settings

Mode Pin SYSCR0 R		SYSCR0 Register		
MD1	MD0	ROME	Operating Mode	On-Chip ROM
1	1	1	Single-chip mode	Enabled
	المما منات مط	time of the DOME hit in the		DO DOME 1 as it is not

Note: The initial setting of the ROME bit in the SYSCR0 register is SYSCR0.ROME = 1, so it is not necessary for the sample program to make settings to the SYSCR0 register.

### 4.2 Clock Settings

The evaluation board used for this application note includes a 12.5 MHz crystal oscillator.

Therefore this application note uses the following settings for the system clock (ICLK) and the peripheral module clock (PCLK):  $8 \times (100 \text{ MHz})$  and  $4 \times (50 \text{ MHz})$ .

### 4.3 Endian Mode Setting

The sample program presented in this application note supports both big- and little-endian mode. Table 3 lists the hardware endian mode settings of the master device.

#### Table 3 Endian Mode Settings (Hardware)

MDE pin	Endian
0	Little endian
1	Big endian



Table 4 lists the endian settings used in the compiler options.

Table 4	Endian	Mode \$	Settings	(Compiler	Options)
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MCU Option	Endian					
endian = little	Little endian					
endian = big	Big endian					

Note: Set the MDE pin to match the endian mode selected as a compiler option.

### 4.4 Bit Order Settings

The program in this application note supports both right and left as the bit order. Table 5 lists the bit order settings in the microcontroller option in the compiler options.

#### Table 5 Bit Order Settings (Compiler Options)

MCU Option	Bit Order
bit_order = right	Bit field members are allocated in order starting with the low-order bit. (Default)
bit_order = left	Bit field members are allocated in order starting with the high-order bit.

Notes: 1. In this application note, bit fields are used in the I/O register definitions file (iodefine.h). In the I/O register definitions file, "left" is specified with the #pragma bit\_order extension, and the bit field members are allocated in order starting with the high-order bit.

2. If both the bit\_order compiler option and the #pragma bit\_order extension are specified, the #pragma bit\_order extension specification takes precedence. Thus the bit fields defined in the I/O register definitions file will be allocated in order starting with the high-order bit, regardless of the compiler options bit\_order specification.

### 4.5 SCI Settings

Table 6 lists the SCI communication function settings used in this sample program.

#### Table 6 SCI Settings and Conditions

Channel Used	SCI 0
Communication mode	Asynchronous serial communication mode
Interrupts	Receive error interrupt (ERI)
	Receive data full interrupt (RXI)
	Transmit data empty interrupt (TXI)
	Transmit complete interrupt (TEI)
Communication speed	38,400 bps (PCLK = 50 MHz)
Data length	8-bit data
Stop bits	1 stop bit
Parity	None



# 4.6 DTC Settings

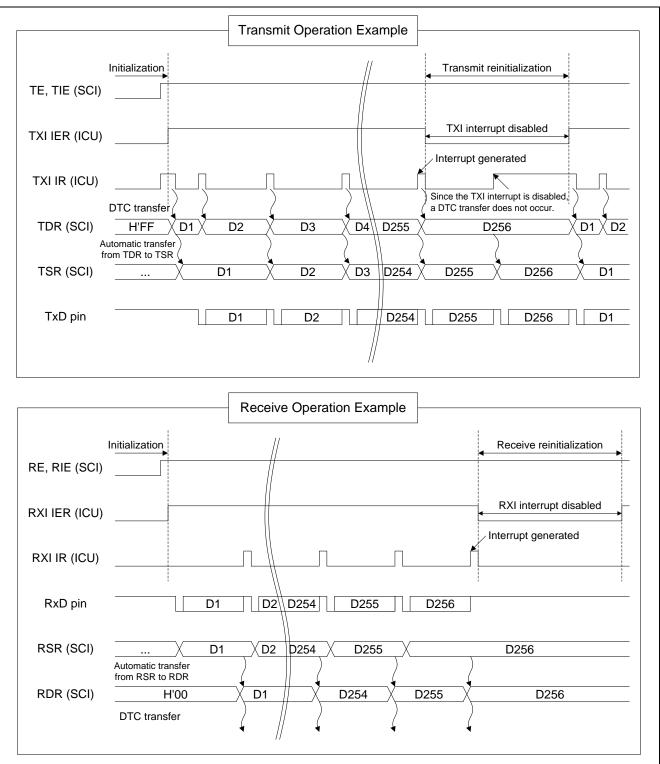
Table 7 lists the DTC transfer conditions used in this sample program.

Condition	SCI Transmit DTC Transfer Conditions (TXI0)	SCI Receive DTC Transfer Conditions (RXI0)
Transfer information	Full address mode	Full address mode
Transfer mode	Normal transfer mode	Normal transfer mode
Transfer count	256	256
Transfer data	Size: byte	Size: byte
	Data content: 256 bytes with values from H'00 to H'FF	Data content: An arbitrary 256 bytes of data
Transfer source	Internal RAM	Receive data register (SCI0.RDR)
Transfer destination	Transmit data register (SCI0.TDR)	Internal RAM
Transfer source address	The transfer source address is incremented after the transfer	The transfer source is fixed
Transfer	The transfer destination is fixed	The transfer destination address is
destination		incremented after the transfer
address		
Start event	Started on the SCI transmit data empty interrupt	Started on the SCI receive data full interrupt
Interrupts	An interrupt is enabled to the CPU after the specified data transfer completes.	An interrupt is enabled to the CPU after the specified data transfer completes.



# 4.7 Operation Timing

Figure 2 shows the timing of the operations performed by this sample program.



#### Figure 2 Operation Timing

Note: Note that when the DTC module is used in combination with communication functions in the RX62T Group microcontroller, if the next transfer request occurs before the IR flag is cleared automatically, the transfer request will be lost.

See section 11.7, Usage Notes, in the RX62T Group User's Manual - Hardware for details.

### 5. Software

### 5.1 Constants

Table 8 lists the constants used in the sample code.

#### Table 8 Constants

Constant Name	Set Value	Usage
TXD_MAX	256	DTC transfer count

### 5.2 Structures and Unions

Figure 3 shows the structures and unions used in the sample program.

```
#pragma bit order left
#pragma unpack
struct st dtc full{
union{
   unsigned long LONG;
   struct{
        unsigned long MRA_MD :2; /* MRA.MD bits */
unsigned long MRA_SZ :2; /* MRA.SZ bits */
unsigned long MRA_SM :2; /* MRA.SM bits */
        unsigned long
                                   :2;
        unsigned long MRB_CHNE :1; /* MRB.CHNE bit */
        unsigned long MRB_CHNS :1; /* MRB.CHNS bit */
        unsigned long MRB_DISEL :1; /* MRB.DISEL bit */
        unsigned long MRB DTS :1; /* MRB.DTS bit */
        unsigned long MRB DM :2; /* MRB.DM bits */
        unsigned long
                                   :2;
        unsigned long
                                    :16;
      }BIT;
     }MR;
     void * SAR; /* SAR register */
     void * DAR; /* DAR register */
     struct{
        unsigned long CRA:16; /* CRA register */
        unsigned long CRB:16; /* CRB register */
     }CR;
   };
#pragma bit order
#pragma packoption
```

Figure 3 Structures and Unions Used in the Sample Code (DTC Transfer Information)

Note: The DTC transfer information alignment count is stipulated to be 4 by the "#pragma unpack" statement.



# 5.3 Variables

Table 9 lists the variables used in the sample program.

#### Table 9 Variables

Туре	Variable	Usage	Functions
unsigned char	recvBuff[BUF_SIZE]	Array variable that holds the serial receive data	main, dtc_init, int_sci_rxi0
unsigned char	trnsBuff[BUF_SIZE]	Array variable that holds the serial transmit data	dtc_init, int_sci_tei0
st_dtc_full	dtc_rx	Structure variable that holds the DTC transfer information for SCI reception	dtc_init, int_sci_rxi0
st_dtc_full	dtc_tx	Structure variable that holds the DTC transfer information for SCI transmission	dtc_init, int_sci_tei0
void*	dtc_table[256]	DTC vector table that allocates addresses for the dtc_rx/dtc_tx DTC transfer information (The start address is set to 0x00000000.)	dtc_init

### 5.4 Functions

Table 10 lists the functions used in this application note's sample program.

#### **Table 10 Functions**

Operation	
Initialization, clock settings, and clearing the module stop state	
Main processing	
ICU initialization and setting the interrupt levels	
SCI initialization, transfer clock DTC settings	
DTC initialization, transfer information setup, DTC vector base register setting,	
and enabling DTC activation	
Transfer interrupt	
Transmit complete interrupt	
Receive interrupt	
Receive error interrupt	



### 5.5 Processing Flow

Figures 4 to 12 show the processing flow of the sample program.

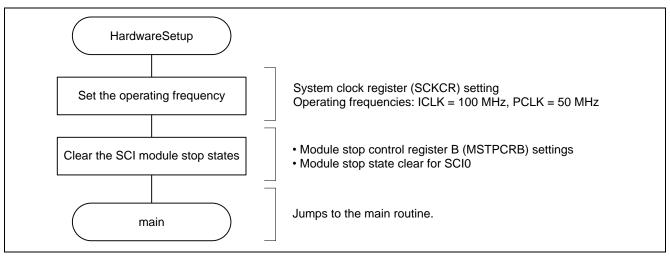
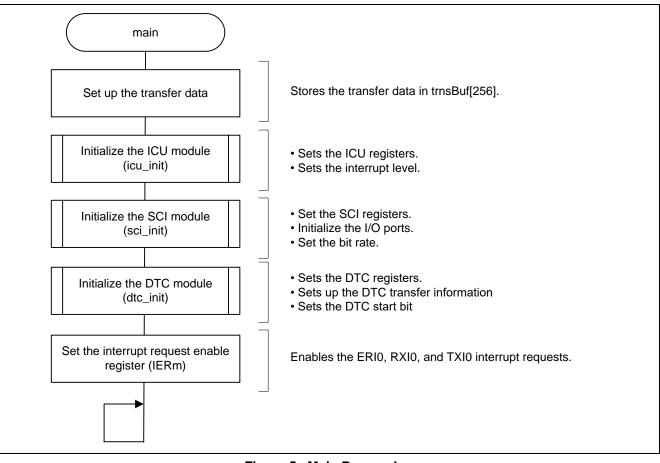
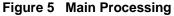
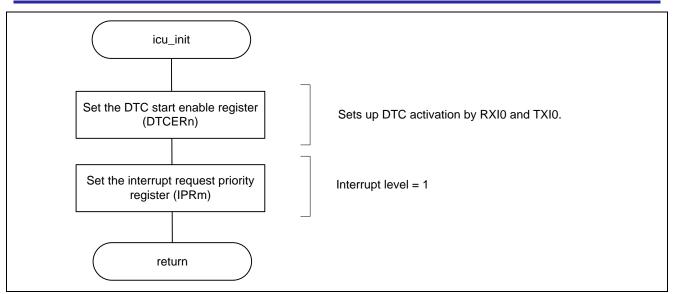


Figure 4 Initialization Processing



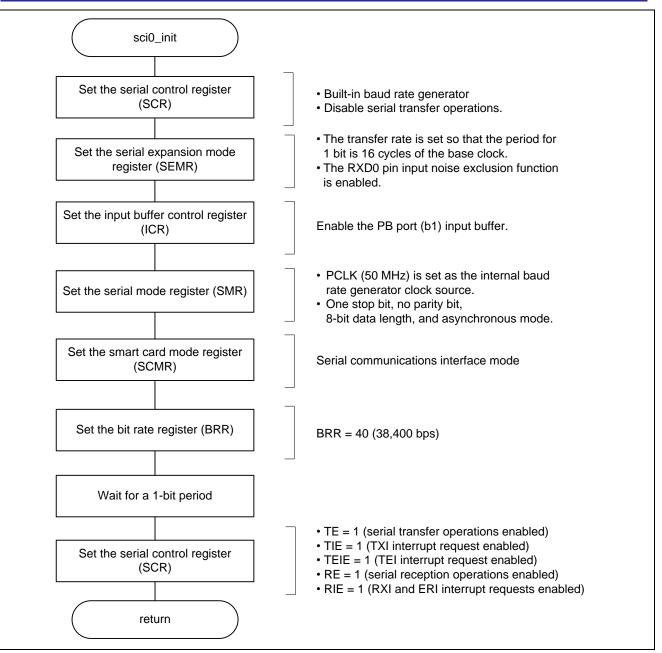






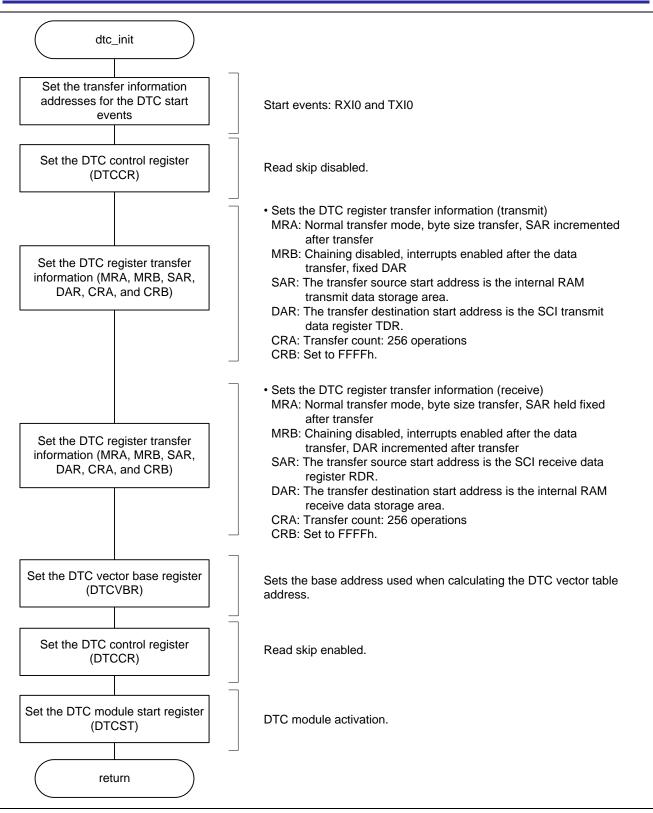












#### Figure 8 DTC Initialization



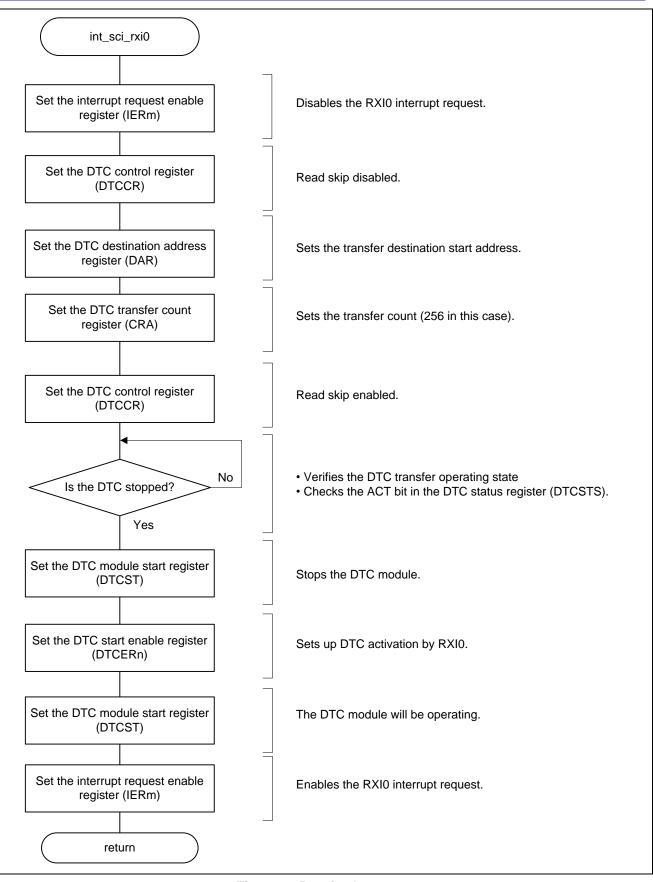


Figure 9 Receive Interrupt



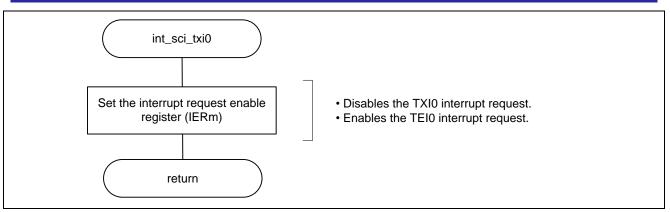


Figure 10 Transmit Interrupt



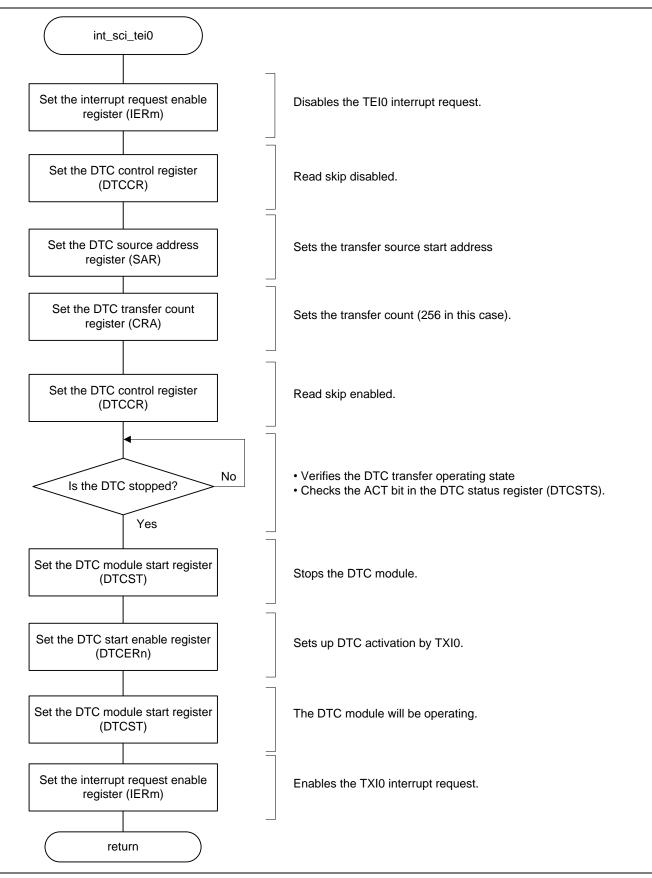


Figure 11 Transmit Complete Interrupt



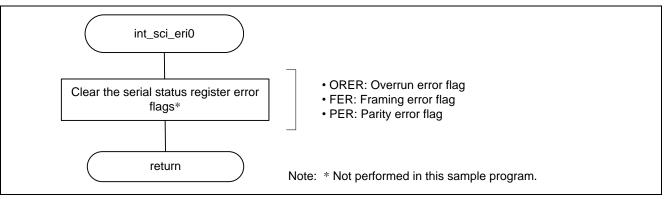


Figure 12 Receive Error Interrupt



### 6. Reference Documents

- Hardware Manual RX62T Group User's Manual: Hardware Rev.1.10 (The latest version can be downloaded from the Renesas Electronics Web site.)
- Software Manual RX Family User's Manual: Software Rev.1.00 (The latest version can be downloaded from the Renesas Electronics Web site.)
- Development Environment Manual Rev.1.01 RX Family C/C++ Compiler Package User's Manual (The latest version can be downloaded from the Renesas Electronics Web site.)
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# **Revision History**

Rev.	Date	Description	
		Page	Summary
1.00	Sep.27.11	_	First edition issued
1.01	Nov.01.18	3	Table 1 Operation Confirmation Environment changed

#### General Precautions in the Handling of Microprocessing Unit and Microcontroller Unit Products

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Handle unused pins in accordance with the directions given under Handling of Unused Pins in the manual.

- <sup>3</sup>⁄<sub>4</sub> The input pins of CMOS products are generally in the high-impedance state. In operation with an unused pin in the open-circuit state, extra electromagnetic noise is induced in the vicinity of LSI, an associated shoot-through current flows internally, and malfunctions occur due to the false recognition of the pin state as an input signal become possible. Unused pins should be handled as described under Handling of Unused Pins in the manual.
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The state of the product is undefined at the moment when power is supplied.

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- 3. Prohibition of Access to Reserved Addresses

Access to reserved addresses is prohibited.

- <sup>3</sup>⁄<sub>4</sub> The reserved addresses are provided for the possible future expansion of functions. Do not access these addresses; the correct operation of LSI is not guaranteed if they are accessed.
- 4. Clock Signals

After applying a reset, only release the reset line after the operating clock signal has become stable. When switching the clock signal during program execution, wait until the target clock signal has stabilized.

- When the clock signal is generated with an external resonator (or from an external oscillator) during a reset, ensure that the reset line is only released after full stabilization of the clock signal. Moreover, when switching to a clock signal produced with an external resonator (or by an external oscillator) while program execution is in progress, wait until the target clock signal is stable.
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